

User Manual



DIR-615

Wireless N300 Router

November 2013

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CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

Contents and Audience

This manual describes the router DIR-615 and explains how to configure and operate it.

This manual is intended for users familiar with basic networking concepts, who create an in-home local area network, and system administrators, who install and configure networks in offices.

Conventions

Example	Description	
text	The body text of the manual.	
Before You Begin	A reference to a chapter or section of this manual.	
"Quick Installation Guide"	A reference to a document.	
Change	A name of a menu, menu item, control (field, checkbox, drop-down list, button, etc.).	
192.168.0.1	Data that you should enter in the specified field.	
Information	An important note.	

Document Structure

Chapter 1 describes the purpose and structure of the document.

Chapter 2 gives an overview of the router's hardware and software features, describes its appearance and the package contents.

Chapter 3 explains how to install the router DIR-615 and configure a PC in order to access its webbased interface.

Chapter 4 describes all pages of the web-based interface in detail.

Chapter 5 includes safety instructions and tips for networking and connecting additional equipment.

Chapter 6 introduces abbreviations and acronyms used in this manual.

CHAPTER 2. OVERVIEW

General Information

The DIR-615 device is a wireless router with a built-in 4-port switch. It provides a fast and simple way to create a wireless and wired network at home or in an office.

You are able to connect the wireless router DIR-615 to a cable or DSL modem or to a private Ethernet line and use a high-speed Internet connection to successfully fulfill a wide range of professional tasks. The built-in 4-port switch enables you to connect Ethernet-enabled computers, game consoles, and other devices to your network.

Using the DIR-615 device, you are able to quickly create a wireless network at home or in your office, which lets your relatives or employees connect to your wireless network virtually anywhere (within the operational range of your wireless network). The router can operate as an access point for connecting wireless devices of the standards 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n (at the rate up to 300Mbps).

The router supports multiple functions for the wireless interface: several security standards (WEP, WPA/WPA2), MAC address filtering, WPS, WMM.

The wireless router DIR-615 includes a built-in firewall. The advanced security functions minimize threats of hacker attacks and prevent unwanted intrusions to your network, and block access to unwanted websites for users of your LAN.

You can configure the settings of the wireless router DIR-615 via the user-friendly web-based interface (the interface is available in several languages).

Now you can simply update the firmware: the router itself finds approved firmware on D-Link update server and notifies when ready to install it.

Specifications^{*}

Hardware

WAN Interface

• 1 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet port for cable or DSL modem or private Ethernet line

LAN Interface

• 4 10/100BASE-TX Ethernet ports

WLAN Interface

- IEEE 802.11n (up to 300Mbps)
- IEEE 802.11b/g

Frequency Range

- 802.11b
 - $\circ~2400 \sim 2483.5 MHz$ ISM band
- 802.11g
 - $\circ~~2400 \sim 2483.5 MHz$ ISM band
- 802.11n
 - $\circ~~2400 \sim 2483{,}5MHz$ ISM band
 - HT20: 2412~2472MHz
 - HT40: 2422~2462MHz

Data Rate

- 802.11b
 - 11, 5.5, 2, and 1Mbps
- 802.11g
 54, 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, 9, and 6Mbps
- 802.11n
 - 6.5~300Mbps (MCS0 ~ MCS15)

Modulation Schemes

- 802.11b: DQPSK, DBPSK, DSSS, CCK
- 802.11g: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM with OFDM
- 802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM with OFDM

^{*} The device features are subject to change without notice. For the latest versions of the firmware and relevant documentation, visit <u>www.dlink.ru</u>.

Receiver Sensitivity

- 802.11b (typical at PER = 8% (1000-byte PDUs) at room temperature 25 °C)
 - -84dBm at 1Mbps
 - -84dBm at 2Mbps
 - -82dBm at 5.5Mbps
 - -79dBm at 11Mbps
- 802.11g (typical at PER = 10% (1000-byte PDUs) at room temperature 25 °C)
 - -82dBm at 6Mbps
 - -81dBm at 9Mbps
 - -79dBm at 12Mbps
 - -77dBm at 18Mbps
 - -74dBm at 24Mbps
 - -70dBm at 36Mbps
 - -66dBm at 48Mbps
 - -65dBm at 54Mbps
- 802.11n (typical at PER = 10% (1000-byte PDUs) at room temperature 25 °C)
 - HT20
 - -82dBm at MCS0
 - -79dBm at MCS1
 - -77dBm at MCS2
 - -74dBm at MCS3
 - \circ $\,$ -70dBm at MCS4 $\,$
 - -66dBm at MCS5
 - -65dBm at MCS6
 - -64dBm at MCS7
 - HT40
 - -79dBm at MCS0
 - -76dBm at MCS1
 - -74dBm at MCS2
 - -71dBm at MCS3
 - -67dBm at MCS4
 - -63dBm at MCS5
 - -62dBm at MCS6
 - -61dBm at MCS7

Transmitter Output Power

The maximum value of the transmitter output power depends upon the radio frequency regulations applied in your country

- 802.11b (typical at room temperature 25 °C)
 - 17dBm (+/-1dB) at 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps
- 802.11g (typical at room temperature 25 °C)
 - 16dBm (+/-1dB) at 6Mbps
 - 16dBm (+/-1dB) at 9Mbps
 - 15dBm (+/-1dB) at 12Mbps
 - 15dBm (+/-1dB) at 18Mbps
 - 15dBm (+/-1dB) at 24Mbps
 - 15dBm (+/-1dB) at 36Mbps
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at 48Mbps
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at 54Mbps
- 802.11n (typical at room temperature 25 °C)
 - HT20
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS0
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS1
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS2
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS3
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS4
 - \circ 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS5
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS6
 - 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS7
 - HT40
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS0
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS1
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS2
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS3
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS4
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS5
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS6
 - 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS7
 13dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS7

Software

Network Functions

- WAN connection types
 - PPPoE
 - Static IP
 - Dynamic IP
 - PPTP/L2TP
 - PPTP/L2TP + Static IP
 - PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP
- DHCP server/client/relay
- DNS relay
- VPN pass-through (PPTP/L2TP)
- Dynamic DNS
- Static IP routing
- Remote management
- Network statistics for each interface
- IGMP Proxy
- RIP
- UPnP
- Support of VLAN
- TR-069 client
- WAN ping respond
- Support of SIP
- Support of RTSP

Wireless Connection

- Supported security settings
 - WEP
 - WPA/WPA2 Personal
 - WPA/WPA2 Enterprise
- MAC filter
- PIN and PBC methods of WPS
- WMM (Wi-Fi QoS)
- Advanced settings

Firewall Functions

- Network Address Translation (NAT)
- Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)
- IP filters
- MAC filter
- DMZ
- Prevention of ARP and DDoS attacks
- Virtual servers

Configuration and Management

- Multilingual web-based interface for configuration and management
- Access via TELNET
- Firmware update via web-based interface
- Automatic notification on new firmware version
- Saving/restoring configuration to/from file
- Support of remote logging
- Automatic synchronization of system time with NTP server and manual time/date setup
- Ping function
- Traceroute utility

Physical and Environmental

LEDs

- POWER
- WPS
- INTERNET
- WLAN
- 4 LAN LEDs

Power

• External power adapter DC 5V/1A

Buttons

- Power on/off button
- Reset to Factory Defaults button
- WPS button

Operating Temperature

• From 0 to 40 °C (from 32 to 104 °F)

Storage Temperature

• From -20 to 65 °C (from -4 to 149 °F)

Operating Humidity

• From 10% to 90% non-condensing

Storage Humidity

• From 5% to 95% non-condensing

Product Appearance

Front Panel



Figure	1.	Front panel	view.
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LED	Mode	Description
POWER	Solid green	The router is powered on.
FOWER	No light	The router is powered off.
WPS	Blinking green	Attempting to add a wireless device via the WPS function.
	No light	The WPS function is not in use.
	Solid green	The Internet connection is on.
INTERNET	Blinking green	The WAN interface is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	No light	The cable is not connected.

LED	Mode	Description
	Solid green	The router's WLAN is on.
WLAN	Blinking green	The WLAN interface is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	No light	The router's WLAN is off.
Solid green		A device (computer) is connected to the relevant port, the connection is on.
LAN 1-4	Blinking green	The LAN port is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	No light	The cable is not connected to the relevant port.



Figure 2. Side panel view.

Name	Description
	A button to quickly add wireless devices to the router's WLAN (the WPS function).
WPS	To use the WPS function: push the button, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The WPS LED starts blinking.

Back Panel



Figure 3. Back panel view.

Port	Description
LAN 1-4	4 Ethernet ports to connect computers or network devices.
INTERNET	A port to connect to a cable or DSL modem or to a private Ethernet line (it is recommended to use the cable included in the delivery package).
RESET	A button to restore the factory default settings. To restore the factory defaults, push the button (with the device turned on), hold it for 10 seconds, and then release the button.
12VDC IN	Power connector.
ON/OFF	A button to turn the router on/off.

The device is also equipped with built-in Wi-Fi antennas.

Delivery Package

The following should be included:

- Wireless router DIR-615
- Power adapter DC 5V/1A
- Ethernet cable (CAT 5E)
- "Quick Installation Guide" (brochure).

The "*User Manual*" and "*Quick Installation Guide*" documents in Russian and English are available on D-Link website (see <u>ftp.dlink.ru/pub/Router/DIR-615/Description/RevR/</u>).

Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

CHAPTER 3. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

Before You Begin

Please, read this manual prior to installing the device. Make sure that you have all the necessary information and equipment.

Operating System

Configuration of the wireless router DIR-615 with a built-in 4-port switch (hereinafter referred to as "the router") is performed via the built-in web-based interface. The web-based interface is available from any operating system that supports a web browser.

Web Browser

The following web browsers are recommended:

- Apple Safari 5 and later
- Google Chrome 5 and later
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 7 and later
- Mozilla Firefox 5 and later
- Opera 10 and later.

For successful operation, JavaScript should be enabled on the web browser. Make sure that JavaScript has not been disabled by other software (such as virus protection or web user security packages) running on your computer.

Wired or Wireless NIC (Ethernet or Wi-Fi Adapter)

Any computer that uses the router should be equipped with an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter (NIC). If your computer is not equipped with such a device, install an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter prior to using the router.

Wireless Connection

Wireless workstations from your network should be equipped with a wireless 802.11b, g, or n NIC (Wi-Fi adapter). In addition, you should specify the values of SSID, channel number and security settings defined in the web-based interface of the router for all these wireless workstations.

Connecting to PC

PC with Ethernet Adapter

- 1. Make sure that your PC is powered off.
- 2. Connect an Ethernet cable between any of LAN ports located on the back panel of the router and the Ethernet port of your PC.
- 3. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
- 4. Turn on the router by pressing the **ON/OFF** button on its back panel.
- 5. Turn on your PC and wait until your operating system is completely loaded.

Obtaining IP Address Automatically in OS Windows XP

- 1. Click the Start button and proceed to the Control Panel > Network and Internet Connections > Network Connections window.
- 2. In the **Network Connections** window, right-click the relevant **Local Area Connection** icon and select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.

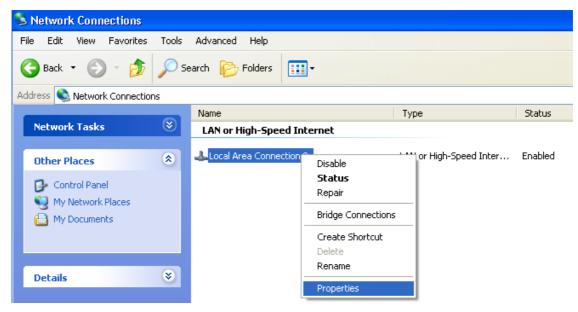


Figure 4. The Network Connections window.

3. In the Local Area Connection Properties window, on the General tab, select the Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) line. Click the Properties button.

🕹 Local Area Connection 2 Properties 🛛 🔹 💽		
General Authentication Advanced		
Connect using:		
B D-Link DFE-550TX 10/100 Adapter		
<u>C</u> onfigure		
This connection uses the following items:		
WLink NetBIOS		
NWLink IPX/SPX/NetBIOS Compatible Transport Prot Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)		
Description		
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		
Show icon in notification area when connected		
OK Cancel		

Figure 5. The Local Area Connection Properties window.

4. Select the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio buttons. Click the **OK** button.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🕐 🔀		
General Alternate Configuration			
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address automatical,	y		
Use the following IP address: —			
IP address:	· · · ·		
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:			
Default gateway:			
Obtain DNS server address automatically			
OUse the following DNS server add	Iresses:		
Preferred DNS server:			
Alternate DNS server:			
	Ad <u>v</u> anced		
	OK Cancel		

Figure 6. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window.

5. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.

Now your computer is configured to obtain an IP address automatically.

Obtaining IP Address Automatically in OS Windows 7

- 1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel** window.
- 2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)

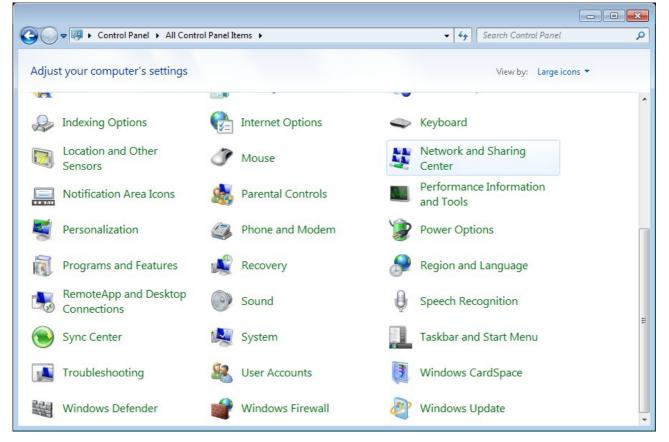


Figure 7. The Control Panel window.

3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.

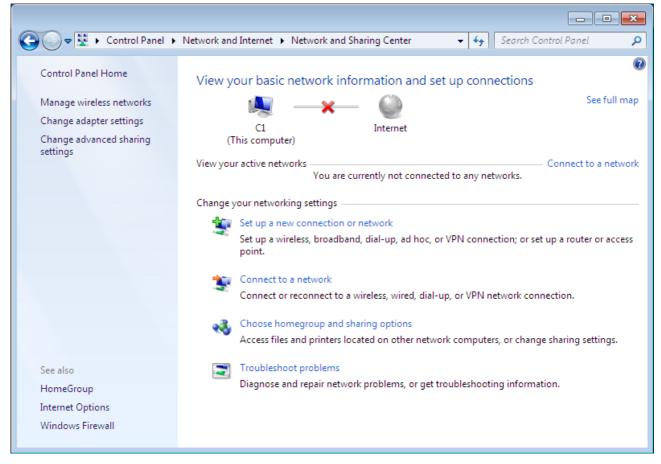


Figure 8. The Network and Sharing Center window.

4. In the opened window, right-click the relevant **Local Area Connection** icon and select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.

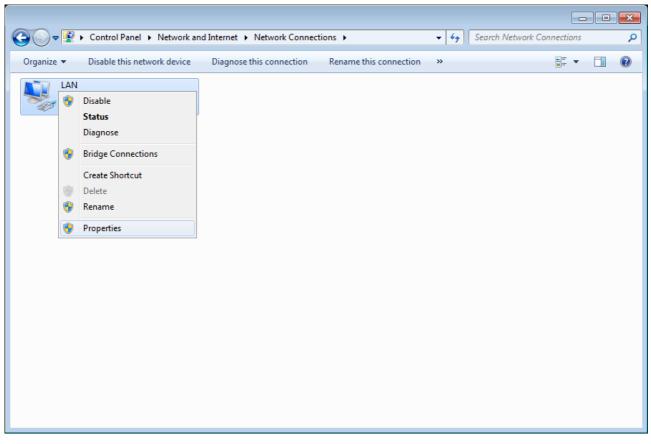


Figure 9. The Network Connections window.

5. In the Local Area Connection Properties window, on the Networking tab, select the Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) line. Click the Properties button.

📮 LAN Properties		
Networking		
Connect using:		
2		
<u>C</u> onfigure		
This connection uses the following items:		
 Client for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper I/O Driver Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder 		
Install Uninstall Properties		
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.		
OK Cancel		

Figure 10. The Local Area Connection Properties window.

6. Select the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio buttons. Click the **OK** button.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties			
General Alternate Configuration				
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.				
Obtain an IP address automatical	Ι <u>ν</u>			
O Use the following IP address:				
IP address:				
Sybnet mask:				
Default gateway:				
Obtain DNS server address autor	Obtain DNS server address automatically			
OUSe the following DNS server add	Iresses:			
Preferred DNS server:	· · · · ·			
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·			
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced			
	OK Cancel			

Figure 11. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window.

7. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.

Now your computer is configured to obtain an IP address automatically.

PC with Wi-Fi Adapter

- 1. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
- 2. Turn on the router by pressing the ON/OFF button on its back panel.
- 3. Turn on your PC and wait until your operating system is completely loaded.
- 4. Turn on your Wi-Fi adapter. As a rule, modern notebooks with built-in wireless NICs are equipped with a button or switch that turns on/off the wireless adapter (refer to your PC documents). If your PC is equipped with a pluggable wireless NIC, install the software provided with your Wi-Fi adapter.

Configuring Wi-Fi Adapter in OS Windows XP

- 1. Click the Start button and proceed to the Control Panel > Network and Internet Connections > Network Connections window.
- 2. Select the icon of the wireless network connection and make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on.

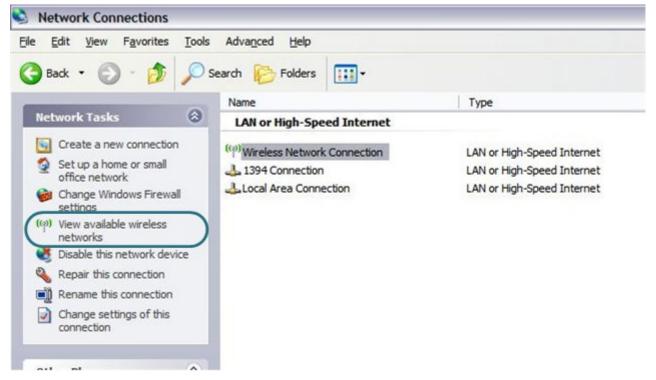


Figure 12. The Network Connections window.

3. Search for available wireless networks.

In the opened Wireless Network Connection window, select the wireless network DIR 615 and click the Connect button.

After that the Wireless Network Connection Status window appears.

If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, note that immediately after changing the wireless default settings of the router you will need to reconfigure the wireless connection using the newly specified settings.

Configuring Wi-Fi Adapter in OS Windows 7

- 1. Click the Start button and proceed to the Control Panel window.
- 2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)

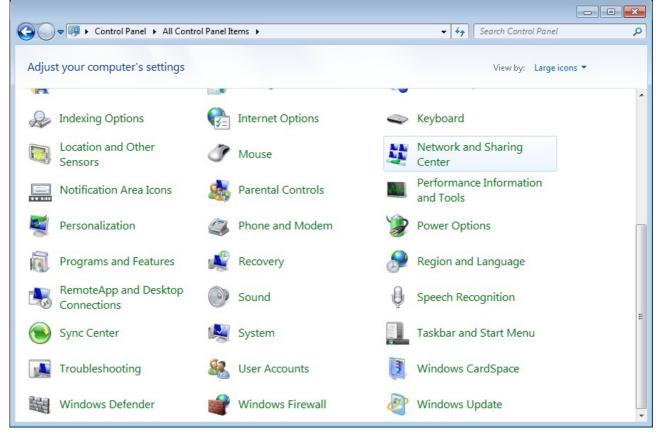


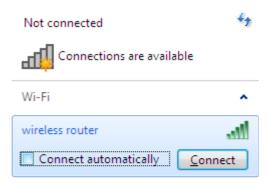
Figure 13. The **Control Panel** window.

- 3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.
- 4. In the opened window, select the icon of the wireless network connection and make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on.
- 5. To open the list of available wireless networks, select the icon of the wireless network connection and click the **Connect To** button or left-click the network icon in the notification area located on the right side of the taskbar.



Figure 14. The notification area of the taskbar.

6. In the opened window, in the list of available wireless networks, select the wireless network **DIR-615** and click the **Connect** button.



Open Network and Sharing Center

Figure 15. The list of available networks.

- 7. Wait for about 20-30 seconds. After the connection is established, the network icon will be displayed as the signal level scale.
- If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, note that immediately after changing the wireless default settings of the router you will need to reconfigure the wireless connection using the newly specified settings.

Connecting to Web-based Interface

When you have configured your computer, you can access the web-based interface and configure needed parameters (create a WAN connection, change the parameters of the wireless network, specify the settings of the firewall, etc.).

- 1. Start a web browser (see the *Before You Begin* section, page 16).
- 2. In the address bar of the web browser, enter the IP address of the router (by default, the following IP address is specified: **192.168.0.1**). Press the **Enter** key.



Figure 16. Connecting to the web-based interface of the DIR-615 device.

3. On the opened page, enter the username and password for the administrator account in the **Login** and **Password** fields correspondingly (by default, the following username and password are specified: admin, admin). Then click the **Enter** link.

Authorization	
Login admin	
Password	
	Enter Clear

Figure 17. The login page.

If the error "*The page cannot be displayed*" (or "*Unable to display the page*"/"*Could not*. *connect to remote server*") occurs upon connecting to the web-based interface of the router, make sure that you have properly connected the router to your computer. Right after the first access to the web-based interface you are forwarded to the page for changing the administrator password specified by default.

Administrator password		×
System password setting up		
Password		
Confirmation		
	Apply	Cancel

Figure 18. The page for changing the default administrator password.

Enter a new password in the **Password** and **Confirmation** fields (you may use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard), then click the **Apply** link.

Remember or write down the new password for the administrator account. In case of losing

- the new password, you can access the settings of the router only after restoring the factory
- default settings via the hardware **RESET** button. This procedure wipes out all settings that you have configured for your router.

Web-based Interface Structure

After successful registration the router's quick settings page opens.

Quick search		٩
Wi-Fi Wireless network settings wizard	Device information Model: Firmware version: Build time: Vendor: Support: Summary:	DIR-615 2.0.9 Fri Sep 6 17:27:54 MSK 2013 D-Link Russia support@dink.ru Root filesystem image for DIR-615
Firewall Virtual server settings wizard	Web revision: Network information LAN IP: LAN MAC: SSID: WAN connection status:	79373dd376b8d8e5d572b2a90f4772a64daf665c 192168.0.1 00:E0:4C:81:86:88 615 9 192.168.161.234; WAN type: Dynamic IP.
IF-LV IPTV settings wizard		
		Quick settings Advanced settings Search

Figure 19. The quick settings page.

The web-based interface of the router is multilingual. Select a needed language from the menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **Language** caption. You can change the language of the web-based interface in any menu item.



Figure 20. Changing the language of the web-based interface.

After selecting the language, the notification on unsaved changes will be displayed. Click the **Save**

icon (\square) to save the current language of the web-based interface as the default language.

The quick settings page displays general information on the router and its software (the version and the date of the firmware, the IP address of the device, the name of the WLAN, etc.).

On the quick settings page you can run a needed Wizard, quickly get to some pages of the webbased interface, search for a specific page, or switch to the advanced settings section.

To upgrade the firmware of the router, left-click the current firmware version (the right column of the **Firmware version** line). After clicking the line, the **System / Firmware upgrade** page opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *Firmware Upgrade* section, page 162).

To contact the technical support group (to send an e-mail), left-click the support e-mail address (the right column of the **Support** line). After clicking the line, the e-mail client window for sending a new letter to the specified address opens.

To edit the router's local interface parameters, left-click the IP or MAC address of the local interface (the right column of the **LAN IP** line or **LAN MAC** line correspondingly). After clicking the line, the page for editing the LAN interface opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *LAN* section, page 111).

To configure the router's WLAN parameters, left-click the SSID of the WLAN (the right column of the **SSID** line). After clicking the line, the **Wi-Fi** / **Basic settings** page opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *Basic settings* section, page 114).

To configure connection to the Internet, click the **Click'n'Connect** link in the **Net** section (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Click'n'Connect* section, page 36).

To configure the router's wireless network, click the **Wireless network settings wizard** link in the **Wi-Fi** section (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Wireless Network Settings Wizard* section, page 75).

To configure access from the Internet to a web server located in your LAN, click the **Virtual server settings wizard** link in the **Firewall** section (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Virtual Server Settings Wizard* section, page 78).

To configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box, click the **IPTV settings wizard** link in the **IP-tv** section (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *IPTV Settings Wizard* section, page 80).

To configure all parameters of the router independently without the Wizards, click the **Advanced settings** link in the bottom right corner of the page.



Figure 21. The advanced settings page.

The pages of the **Status** section display data on the current state of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Status* section, page 81).

The pages of the **Net** section are designed for configuring basic parameters of the LAN interface of the router and creating a connection to the Internet (for the description of the pages, see the *Net* section, page 86).

The pages of the **Wi-Fi** section are designed for specifying all needed settings of the router's wireless network (for the description of the pages, see the *Wi-Fi* section, page 114). Also you can enable or disable the device's WLAN directly from the advanced settings page. To enable the

WLAN, select the **On** position (

) of the **Enable/Disable Wi-Fi** switch. To disable the

WLAN, select the **Off** position (of the **Enable/Disable Wi-Fi** switch.

The pages of the **Advanced** section are designed for configuring additional parameters of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Advanced* section, page 133).

The pages of the **Firewall** section are designed for configuring the firewall of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Firewall* section, page 147).

The pages of the **System** section provide functions for managing the internal system of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *System* section, page 156).

Also you can find a specific page via search. To do this, enter the name of the page, wholly or partly, in the search bar in the top part of the web-based interface page, and then select a needed link in the search results.

Quick search Server				٩
	Search results for "server" <u>DNS</u> (Advanced) On the DNS page, you can add DNS <u>server</u> s to the system. DNS <u>gervers</u> are used to determine the IP address from the name of a <u>server</u> in Intranets or the Internet (as a rule, they are specified by an ISP or assigned by a network administrator). <u>Virtual servers</u> (Firewall) On the Virtual <u>servers</u> page, you can create virtual <u>servers</u> for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the local area network. To create a new virtual <u>server</u> , click the Add button. <u>NTP client</u> (System) On the NTP client page, you can configure automatic synchronization of the system time with a time <u>server</u> on the Internet. <u>Virtual server settings wizard</u> (Firewall)			
		Quick settings	Advanced settings	Search

Figure 22. The page displaying the search results.

Saving and Restoring Settings

Note that you should regularly save the changes of the router's settings to the non-volatile memory.

The router's web-based interface displays the notification on unsaved changes at the top of the page.



Figure 23. The notification on unsaved changes.

Place the mouse pointer on the **Notifications** icon ($\begin{subarray}{c} \end{subarray}\end{subarray}$) to view the list of unsaved changes and click the relevant link.

You can save the router's settings via the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption.

1 ? •	System 🔻	•	Language 👻
	Reboot		
	Save&Reboot		
	Save		
	Backup	1	
	Factory		
	Logout		

Figure 24. The top-page menu.

Click the **Reboot** line if you have already saved the router's settings.

Click the **Save&Reboot** line to save new settings and immediately reboot the router.

Click the **Save** line to save new settings to the non-volatile memory and continue configuring the device. Also you can save the device's parameters via the **Save** button on the **System / Configuration** page.

Click the **Backup** line and follow the dialog box appeared to save the configuration (all settings of the router) to your PC. Also you can save the router's configuration to your PC via the **Backup** button on the **System / Configuration** page.

Click the **Factory** line to restore the factory default settings. Also you can restore the factory defaults via the **Factory** button on the **System / Configuration** page.

Also you can restore the factory default settings via the hardware **RESET** button. The button is located on the back panel of the router.

To restore the factory default settings, insert a small paperclip into the hole of the button (with the router **powered on**), push, and hold for 10 seconds.

Wait for about 30 seconds. Now you can access the web-based interface of the router using the default IP address, username and password.

When you have configured all needed settings, click the **Logout** line.

CHAPTER 4. CONFIGURING VIA WEB-BASED INTERFACE

Click'n'Connect

To configure connection to the Internet, click the **Click'n'Connect** link in the **Net** section.

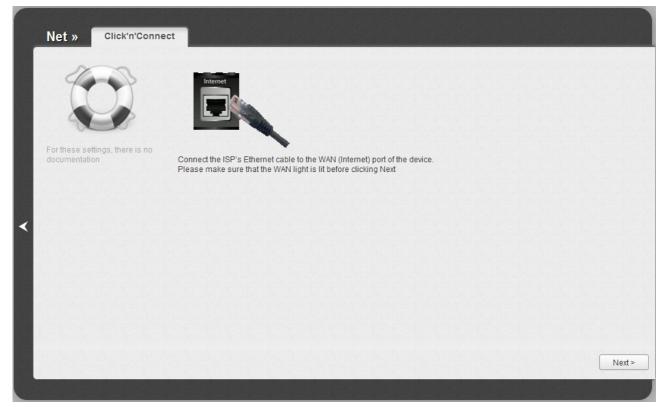


Figure 25. Configuring connection to the Internet.

Connect the Ethernet cable provided by your ISP to the WAN port of the router. Verify the relevant LED (the **INTERNET** LED should be on).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

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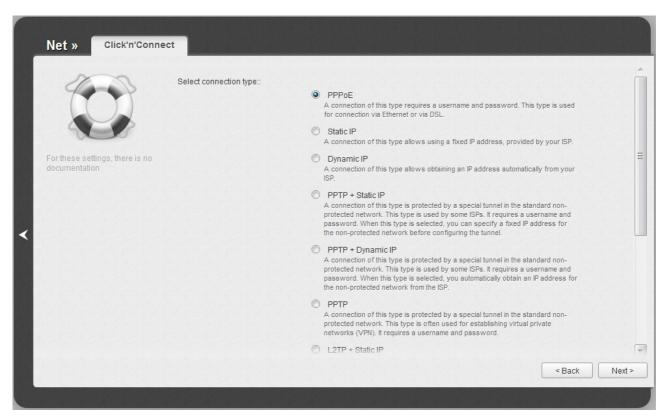


Figure 26. The page for selecting the connection type.

On the opened page, select the needed choice of the radio button and click the **Next** button.

Creating WAN Connection

PPPoE Connection

2003	Connection name.*	<pre>_ pppoe_Internet_2</pre>	
	Username.*		
	Password:*	2	
For these settings, there is no	Password confirmation:*	_	
documentation			

Figure 27. Configuring PPPoE WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

	Connection name:*	<pre></pre>		
	Ethernet			
	MTU: *	₹ 1500		
For these settings, there is no documentation	MAC:	2 00:E0:4C:81:86:89	• 🕃	
	PPP			
	Username.*	2		
	Without authorization:			
	Password:*	2		
	Password confirmation:*	2		
	Service name:	1		
	Authentication algorithm:	AUTO 🔻		
	MTU.*	1492		

Figure 28. Configuring PPPoE WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Connection name	A name for connection for easier identification.
	Ethernet
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. You can click the Clone MAC Address button ()) to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface. Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

Net » Click'n'Conne	ect		
200	PPP		
444	Username:*	2	
	Without authorization:		
	Password:*	2	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Password confirmation:*	Z	
documentation	Service name:	2	
	Authentication algorithm:	AUTO 🔻	E
	MTU:*	≥ 1492	
<	Keep Alive:		
	LCP interval (sec).*	2 30	
	LCP fails:*	23	
	Dial on demand:		
	PPP IP extension:		
	Static IP Address:		
	PPP debug		
	Expert		< Back Next >

Figure 29. Configuring PPPoE WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
	PPP
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.

Parameter	Description
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
PPPoE pass through	Select the checkbox if you want to allow PPPoE clients of computers from your LAN to connect to the Internet through this PPPoE connection of the router.

		. 30	
4-3	LCP fails:*	23	
	Dial on demand:		
	PPP IP extension:		
	Static IP Address:	1	
For these settings, there is no	PPP debug:		
documentation	PPPoE pass through:		
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	Enable IGMP Multicast:		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		

Figure 30. Configuring PPPoE WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The Miscellaneous section.

Parameter	Description
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

Static IP Connection

4-03	Connection name:*	✓ static_Internet_2	
	IP Address:*	L	
	Netmask.*		
	Gateway IP address:*	2	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Primary DNS server:*		

Figure 31. Configuring Static IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

Fill in the **IP Address** and **Netmask** fields.

In the **Gateway IP address** field, enter the IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

In the **Primary DNS server** field, enter the address of the primary DNS server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

	Connection name:*	<pre> static_Internet_2</pre>		
	Ethernet			
	MTU:*	<i>₹ 1500</i>		
For these settings, there is no documentation	MAC:	Ø0:E0:4C:81:86:89	▼ 🕃	
	IP			
	IP Address:*			
	Netmask:*	2		
	Gateway IP address:*	2		
	Primary DNS server.*			
	Secondary DNS server:	Z		
	Miscellaneous			

Figure 32. Configuring Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The Ethernet section.

Parameter	Description
Connection name	A name for connection for easier identification.
	Ethernet
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. You can click the Clone MAC Address button ()) to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface. Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the

	IP		
	IP Address:*	2	
	Netmask.*	2	
	Gateway IP address:*	2	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Primary DNS server:*		
	Secondary DNS server:		
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	Enable IGMP Multicast:		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		

Figure 33. Configuring Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description
	IP
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary DNS server/	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the
Secondary DNS server	relevant fields.
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.

Parameter	Description
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

Dynamic IP Connection

Net » Click'n'Conne	ct		
For these settings, there is no	Connection name:* Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:	<i>✓</i> dynamic_Internet_2 <i>✓</i>	
documentation			
	Brief		< Back Next >

Figure 34. Configuring Dynamic IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server** addresses automatically checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

AN	Connection name:*		_	
YARY		_ uyname_memet_z		
	Ethernet			
	MTU:*	1500		
For these settings, there is no documentation	MAC:	2 00:E0:4C:81:86:89	▼ 🕃	
	IP			
	Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:			
	Vendor ID:	Z		
	Miscellaneous			
	Enable RIP:			
	Enable IGMP Multicast:			
	NAT:			

Figure 35. Configuring Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Connection name	A name for connection for easier identification.
	Ethernet
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. You can click the Clone MAC Address button ()) to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface. Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

	MIU.	2 1500		
4-2	MAC:	2 00:E0:4C:81:86:89	▼ 🕃	
	IP			
For these settings, there is no	Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:			
documentation	Vendor ID:	Z		
	Miscellaneous			
	Enable RIP:			
	Enable IGMP Multicast:			
	NAT:			
	firewall:			
	Ping:			
	Expert			< Back Ne

Figure 36. Configuring Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description
	IP
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. Optional.
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.

Parameter	Description
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

PPTP or L2TP Connection

and	Connection name:*	pptp_2	
	Username:*	2	
	Password:*	1	
Frankrist and Marcal Marcal	Password confirmation:*	2	
For these settings, there is no documentation	VPN server address:*	2	

Figure 37. Configuring PPTP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password to connect to a remote server.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a protected connection (the VPN tunnel). If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

4	Connection name:*	<pre> pptp_2 </pre>	
	VPN		
	Connect automatically:		
For these settings, there is no documentation	Username:*	2	
uocumentation	Without authorization:		
	Password:*	2	
	Password confirmation:*	2	
	VPN server address:*	2	
	Encryption:	No encrypt 🔻	
	Authentication algorithm:	AUTO 🔻	
	MTU:*	1456	
	Keep Alive:		
	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	

Figure 38. Configuring PPTP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **VPN** section.

Parameter	Description	
Connection name	A name for connection for easier identification.	
VPN		
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.	
Username	A username (login) to access the server.	
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the server.	
Password	A password to access the server.	
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).	
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.	

Parameter	Description
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.
	• No encrypt : MPPE encryption is not applied.
	• MPPE 40/128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.
Encryption	• MPPE 40 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.
	• MPPE 128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP , MS-CHAP-V2 , or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to the server even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish the connection on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address for this connection.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
IP received	The assigned IP address.

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ma	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	
	LCP fails:*	23	
	Extra options:		
	Dial on demand:		
For these settings, there is no	Static IP Address:		
documentation	PPP debug:		
	IP received:		
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		

Figure 39. Configuring PPTP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The Miscellaneous section.

Parameter	Description
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

PPTP + Static IP or L2TP + Static IP Connection

Net » Click'n'Conn	ect		
4	IP Address:* Netmask:*	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway IP address:*	2 192.168.161.1	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Primary DNS server.*	2 192.168.161.140	
<			
			< Back Next>

Figure 40. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

Fill in the IP Address and Netmask fields.

In the **Gateway IP address** field, enter the IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

In the **Primary DNS server** field, enter the address of the primary DNS server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a non-protected connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

44	Ethernet		
	MTU:*	₫ 1500	
	MAC:	🖉 00:E0:4C:81:86:89 🔹 😴	
or these settings, there is no ocumentation	IP		
	IP Address.*	2 192.168.161.234	
	Netmask:*	255.255.255.0	
	Gateway IP address:*	2 192.168.161.1	
	Primary DNS server:*	2 192.168.161.140	
	Secondary DNS server:	28.8.8.8	
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		

Figure 41. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
	Ethernet
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. You can click the Clone MAC Address button ()) to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface. Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's
	LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

ans	IP		
	IP Address:*	2 192.168.161.234	
	Netmask.*	255.255.255.0	
For these settings, there is no	Gateway IP address:*	192.168.161.1	
documentation	Primary DNS server:*	192.168.161.140	
	Secondary DNS server:	28.8.8.8	
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	Enable IGMP Multicast		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		

Figure 42. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description	
	IP	
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.	
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.	
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.	
Primary DNS server/	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the	
Secondary DNS server	relevant fields.	
Miscellaneous		
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.	
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.	
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.	
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.	

Parameter	Description
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

If needed, enter the IP addresses of the ISP's local resources.

		your ISP's local resources	
	Here the wizard can ac	Id IP addresses of your ISP's local resources.	
	IP address 1:	2	
For these settings, there is no	IP address 2:	2	
documentation	IP address 3:	2	
	IP address 4:	2	
	IP address 5:	2	
	IP address 6:	2	
	IP address 7:	2	
	IP address 8:	2	
	IP address 9:	Z	
	IP address 10:		

Figure 43. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			
4-03	Connection name:*	<pre>/ statpptp_Internet_2</pre>	
	Username:*	2	
	Password:*	<b>/</b>	
For these settings, there is no	Password confirmation:*	2	
documentation	VPN server address:*	2	

Figure 44. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a protected connection (the VPN tunnel). If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

4	Connection name:*	<pre>statpptp_Internet_2</pre>	
	VPN		
	Connect automatically:	V	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Username:*	Z	
documentation	Without authorization:		
	Password:*	<b>Z</b> •••••	
	Password confirmation:*	2	
	VPN server address:*		
	Encryption:	No encrypt 🔹	
	Authentication algorithm:	AUTO 🔻	
	MTU:*	1456	
	Keep Alive:		
	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	

Figure 45. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **VPN** section.

Parameter	Description	
Connection name	A name for connection for easier identification.	
VPN		
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.	
UsernameA username (login) to access the Internet.		
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.	
Password         A password to access the Internet.		
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).	
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.	

Parameter	Description	
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.	
	• <b>No encrypt</b> : MPPE encryption is not applied.	
	• <b>MPPE 40/128 bit</b> : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.	
Encryption	• <b>MPPE 40 bit</b> : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.	
	• <b>MPPE 128 bit</b> : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.	
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the <b>MS-CHAP</b> , <b>MS-CHAP-V2</b> , or <b>AUTO</b> value is selected from the <b>Authentication algorithm</b> drop-down list.	
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the <b>AUTO</b> value.	
ΜΤυ	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.	
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the <b>LCP interval</b> and <b>LCP fails</b> fields are available. Specify the required values.	
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .	
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the <b>Maximum idle time</b> field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.	
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.	
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.	
IP received	The IP address assigned by the ISP.	

~~~~	MTU:*	2 1456	
4-4	Keep Alive:		
	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	
	LCP fails:*	23	
For these settings, there is no	Extra options:		
documentation	Dial on demand:		
	Static IP Address:		
	PPP debug:		
	IP received:		
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		
	Expert		< Back Nex

Figure 46. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Parameter Description		
Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.		
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.		
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.		
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.		

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

PPTP + Dynamic IP or L2TP + Dynamic IP Connection

	Net »	Click'n'Conne	ct			
			Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:	2		
	For these setti	ings, there is no				
	documentation					
<						
			Brief			< Back Next >

Figure 47. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server** addresses automatically checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a non-protected connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

ect			
Ethernet			
MTU:*	<i>₹ 1500</i>		
MAC:	00:E0:4C:81:86:89	▼ 🕃	
IP			
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:			
Vendor ID:			
Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP:			
Enable IGMP Multicast:			
NAT:			
firewall:			
Ping:			
Expert			< Back Next >
	MTU:* MAC: IP Obtain DNS server addresses automatically: Vendor ID: Miscellaneous Enable RIP: Enable IGMP Multicast: NAT: firewall: ping:	Ethernet MTU:* MTU:* MTU:* MAC: Dotain DNS server addresses automatically: Vendor ID: Miscellaneous Enable RIP: Enable RIP: Enable IGMP Multicast: NAT: firewall: Ping:	Ethernet MTU:* MTU:* MTU:* MAC: Ø0:E0:4C:81:86:89 Ø0:E0:4C:81:86:89 IP Obtain DNS server addresses automatically: Vendor ID: Imable RIP: Enable RIP: Enable IGMP Multicast: Imable IGMP Multicast:

Figure 48. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Parameter Description		
Ethernet			
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.		
MAC	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. You can click the Clone MAC Address button ()) to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface. Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).		

Net » Click'n'Conne	ect			
	MIU.	₹ 1500		
	MAC:	200:E0:4C:81:86:89	▼ 🕃	
	IP			
	Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:	V		
For these settings, there is no documentation	Vendor ID:	Z		
	Miscellaneous			
	Enable RIP:			=
	Enable IGMP Multicast:			
	NAT:			
	firewall:			
	Ping:			
	Expert			< Back Next >

Figure 49. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description			
IP				
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.			
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Inter addresses of the primary and secondary Division of the			
Vendor IDThe identifier of your ISP. Optional.				
	Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.			
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.			
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.			
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.			

Parameter	Description
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

Net » Click'n'Conn	ect		
	Connection name:*	<pre>// dynpptp_Internet_2</pre>	Î
	Username:* Password:*	2 2	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Password confirmation.* VPN server address.*	<u>_</u>	
			Ξ
<			
	Brief		
			< Back Next >

Figure 50. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a protected connection (the VPN tunnel). If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page.

400	Connection name:*	<pre>// dynpptp_Internet_2</pre>	
	VPN		
	Connect automatically:		
For these settings, there is no documentation	Username:*	2	
	Without authorization:		
	Password:*	2	
	Password confirmation:*	2	
	VPN server address:*	2	
	Encryption:	No encrypt 👻	
	Authentication algorithm:	AUTO 👻	
	MTU:*	<u> </u>	
	Keep Alive:	V	
	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	

Figure 51. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **VPN** section.

Parameter	Description
Connection name A name for connection for easier identification.	
	VPN
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password A password to access the Internet.	
Password confirmation The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes)	
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

Parameter	Description		
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.		
	• No encrypt : MPPE encryption is not applied.		
	• MPPE 40/128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.		
Encryption	• MPPE 40 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.		
	• MPPE 128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.		
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP , MS-CHAP-V2 , or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.		
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.		
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.		
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.		
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .		
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.		
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.		
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.		
IP received	The IP address assigned by the ISP.		

m	LCP interval (sec):*	2 30	
444	LCP fails.*	23	
	Extra options:	1	
	Dial on demand:		
For these settings, there is no	Static IP Address:	2	
documentation	PPP debug:		
	IP received:		
	Miscellaneous		
	Enable RIP:		
	NAT:		
	firewall:		
	Ping:		

Figure 52. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection. The expert settings mode. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description				
Miscellaneous					
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.				
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.				
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DD attacks.				
Ping	PingSelect the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reason it is recommended not to select this checkbox.				

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

Checking Internet Availability

On the page, you can check the WAN connection you have created.

Net » Click'n'Conne		ernet availability with the ping utility
	Address:	ℤ ya.ru
For these settings, there is no documentation	Result	
documentation	Checking the cable:	the cable is plugged.
	Connection status:	down.
<		o establish the connection. Wait for several minutes and click the Recheck p, you may have made errors when entering the connection parameters or
		Recheck < Back Next >

Figure 53. Checking the Internet availability.

In the **Result** section, the status of the WAN connection and possible causes of malfunctions are displayed. To recheck the status of the WAN connection, enter the IP address or name of a host in the **Address** field or leave the value specified by default (**ya.ru**). Then click the **Recheck** button.

Click the **Back** button to specify other settings.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After clicking the **Next** button, the page for configuring wireless connection opens (see the *Configuring Wireless Connection* section, page 71).

Configuring Wireless Connection

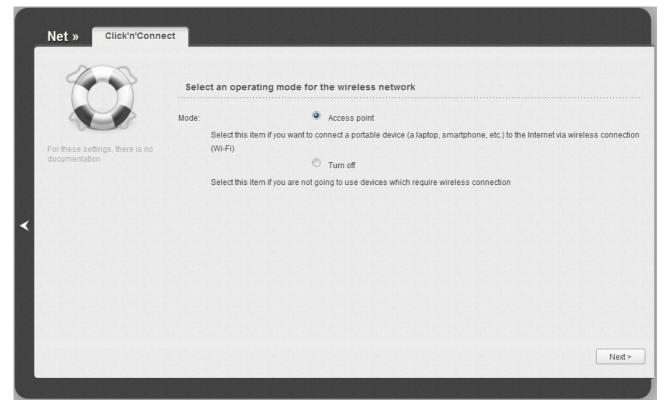


Figure 54. Selecting the operating mode for the wireless network.

If you are not going to use the wireless connection, select the **Turn off** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button and then click the **Apply** button on the opened page. After clicking the button, the page for configuring the router to use an IPTV set-top box opens (see the *Configuring IPTV* section, page 74).

If you want to connect portable devices to the Internet via wireless connection, select the **Access point** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button.

On the opened page, in the **SSID** field, specify a new name for the network (use digits and Latin characters).

Net » Click'n'Co	onnect				
	Enter the name	Enter the name of the access point			
	SSID:*	2			
For these settings, there is r documentation	10				
<					
				< Back Next >	

Figure 55. Changing the name of the wireless LAN.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

The default security settings do not provide sufficient protection for the WLAN. Please, specify your own security settings for the WLAN.

Select the **Protected** value from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list and enter a key (a password that will be used to access your wireless network) in the **Network key** field. Use digits and Latin characters. After applying this setting, the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is specified for the router's WLAN.

When the **Open** value is selected, the **Network key** field is unavailable. After applying this setting, the **Open** authentication type with no encryption is specified for the router's WLAN.

Net » Click'n'Conn	ect Specify the security mo	de	
For these settings, there is no documentation	Network Authentication: Network key:*	Protected	
<			
			< Back Next >

Figure 56. Selecting a security mode for the wireless network.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, the specified settings are displayed. Make sure that they are correct and then click the **Apply** button. After clicking the button, the page for configuring the router to use an IPTV settop box opens (see the *Configuring IPTV* section, page 74).

Configuring IPTV

On the page, you can configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box.



Figure 57. Selecting a LAN port to connect an IPTV set-top box.

On the opened page, select the LAN port of the router to which you will connect your IPTV set-top box.

If in the future you need to disconnect your IPTV set-top box from the specified LAN port and connect to it a computer, start the **IPTV settings wizard** (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *IPTV Settings Wizard* section, page 80).

If for accessing the Internet and IPTV services your ISP uses virtual local area networks with identifiers (VLAN ID), to configure access to the IPTV service, proceed to the **Advanced / VLAN** page, create a group of ports with the required value of the **VLAN ID** parameter, **Transparent** type, and the port to which the set-top box will be connected (see the *VLAN* section, page 134, for a detailed description of the elements from the page).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

Click the **Skip to next** button in order not to apply the IPTV settings.

Click the **Apply** button to save the specified settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the quick settings page opens.

Wireless Network Settings Wizard

To specify all needed settings for your wireless network, click the **Wireless network settings** wizard in the **Wi-Fi** section.

Wi-Fi » Wireless no	etwork se	ettings wizard
	Sele	ect an operating mode for the wireless network
	Mode:	Access point
For these settings, there is no		Select this item if you want to connect a portable device (a laptop, smartphone, etc.) to the Internet via wireless connection (Wi-Fi)
documentation		© Turn off
		Select this item if you are not going to use devices which require wireless connection
<		
		Next >

Figure 58. The page for selecting the operating mode for the wireless network.

If you are not going to use the wireless connection, select the **Turn off** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button and then click the **Apply** button on the opened page. After clicking the button, the quick settings page opens.

If you want to connect portable devices to the Internet via wireless connection, select the **Access point** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button.

On the opened page, in the **SSID** field, specify a new name for the network (use digits and Latin characters).

Wi-Fi » Wireless r	network settings wizard	1	
	Enter the name of	the access point	
	SSID:*	Z	
For these settings, there is no documentation			
<			
			< Back Next >

Figure 59. Page for changing the name of the wireless LAN.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

The default security settings do not provide sufficient protection for the WLAN. Please, specify your own security settings for the WLAN.

Select the **Protected** value from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list and enter a key (a password that will be used to access your wireless network) in the **Network key** field. Use digits and Latin characters. After applying this setting, the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is specified for the router's WLAN.

When the **Open** value is selected, the **Network key** field is unavailable. After applying this setting, the **Open** authentication type with no encryption is specified for the router's WLAN.

Wi-Fi » Wireless n	etwork settings wizard		
	Specify the security mo	de	
	Network Authentication: Network key: [*]	Protected v	
For these settings, there is no documentation			
•			
			< Back Next >

Figure 60. Page for selecting a security mode for the wireless network.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, the specified settings are displayed. Make sure that they are correct and then click the **Apply** button. After clicking the button, the quick settings page opens.

Virtual Server Settings Wizard

To create a virtual server for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the LAN, click the **Virtual server settings wizard** link in the **Firewall** section.

2A-D	Template:	Custom	•	
	Name:*	2		
	Interface:	<a11> -</a11>		
	Protocol:	TCP -		
or these settings, there is no	Public port (begin):*	2		
ocumentation .	Public port (end):	2		
	Private port (begin):*	2		
	Private port (end):	2		
	Private IP:*	1	•	
	Remote IP:	1		

Figure 61. The page for adding a virtual server.

On the opened page, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Template	Select a virtual server template from the drop-down list, or select Custom to specify all parameters of the new virtual server manually.
Name	Enter a name for the virtual server for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Interface	Select a WAN connection to which this virtual server will be assigned.
Protocol	A protocol that will be used by the new virtual server. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Public port (begin)/ Public port (end)	A port of the router from which traffic is directed to the IP address specified in the Private IP field. Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Public port (begin) field and leave the Public port (end) field blank.

Parameter	Description
Private port (begin)/ Private port (end)	A port of the IP address specified in the Private IP field to which traffic is directed from the Public port . Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Private port (begin) field and leave the Private port (end) field blank.
Private IP	Enter the IP address of the server from the local area network. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Remote IP	Enter the IP address of the server from the external network.

When needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button. After successful creation of the virtual server a notification appears. Click the **OK** button in the notification window, and then click

the **Back** icon (**S**) on the left side of the page to get back to the quick settings page.

IPTV Settings Wizard

To configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box, click the **IPTV settings wizard** link in the **IP-TV** section.

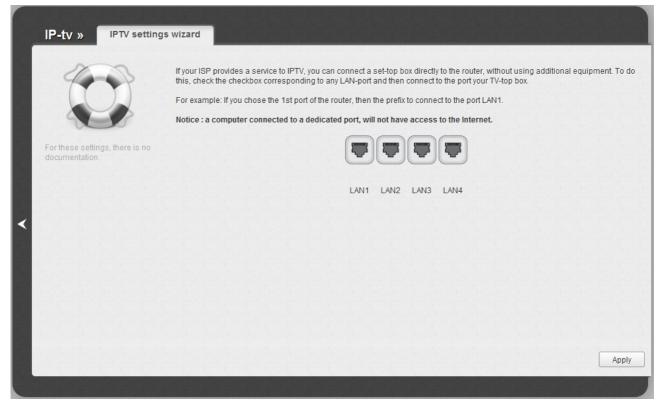


Figure 62. The page for selecting a LAN port to connect an IPTV set-top box.

On the opened page, select the LAN port of the router to which you will connect your IPTV set-top box and click the **Apply** button. After that you will get to the quick settings page.

If in the future you need to disconnect your IPTV set-top box from the specified LAN port and connect to it a computer, on the current page deselect the LAN port and click the **Apply** button.

If for accessing the Internet and IPTV services your ISP uses virtual local area networks with identifiers (VLAN ID), to configure access to the IPTV service, proceed to the **Advanced / VLAN** page, create a group of ports with the required value of the **VLAN ID** parameter, **Transparent** type, and the port to which the set-top box will be connected (see the *VLAN* section, page 134, for a detailed description of the elements from the page).

Status

The pages of this section display data on the current state of the router:

- network statistics
- IP addresses leased by the DHCP server
- the routing table
- data on devices connected to the router's network and its web-based interface
- active sessions.

Network Statistics

On the **Status / Network statistics** page, you can view statistics for all interfaces (connections) existing in the system. For each connection the following data are displayed: name and state (when the connection is on, its name is highlighted in green, when the connection is off, its name is highlighted in red), IP address and subnet mask, gateway (if the connection is established), MAC address, MTU value, and volume of data received and transmitted (with increase of the volume the units of measurement are changed automatically: byte, Kbyte, Mbyte, Gbyte).

Status » Network	statistics					
and	Name	IP	Gateway	MAC	мти	Rx/Tx
Y	WAN	192.168.161.234/24	192.168.161.1	00:E0:4C:81:86:89	1500	3.48 MB / 89.21 KB
	LAN	192.168.0.1/24		00:E0:4C:81:86:88		1.89 MB / 11.61 MB
on the Network statistics						
age, you can view statistics or all interfaces (connections) xisting in the system.						
Read more						

Figure 63. The Status / Network statistics page.

DHCP

The **Status / DHCP** page displays the information on computers that have been identified by hostnames and MAC addresses and have got IP addresses from the DHCP server of the device, as well as the IP address expiration periods (the lease time).

Status » DHCP				
	Hostname android-985b18f99556bc8a	IP address 192.168.0.244	MAC address 5c:e2:f4:ba:1c:f7	Expires 12hour, 34min, 13sec
The DHCP page displays the information on computers that have been identified by hostnames and MAC addresses and have got IP addresses from the DHCP server of the device, as well as the IP address expiration periods (the lease time).				
Read more				

Figure 64. The Status / DHCP page.

Routing Table

The **Status / Routing table** page displays the information on routes. The table contains destination IP addresses, gateways, subnet masks, and other data.

	Interface WAN	Destination 8.8.8.8	Gateway 192.168.161.1	Mask 255.255.255.255	Flags UGH	Metric 0 0
	WAN LAN	192.168.161.0 192.168.0.0	0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0 255.255.255.0	U	
	WAN	0.0.0.0	192.168.161.1	0.0.0.0	U UG	0 100
The Routing table page displays the information on routes. The table contains destination IP addresses, gateways, subnet masks, and other data.						
Read more						

Figure 65. The Status / Routing table page.

Clients

On the **Status / Clients** page, you can view the list of devices connected to the router and devices accessing its web-based interface.

Status » Clients	1				
and	IP address	Flags	MAC address	Interface	Use connection
	192.168.0.24	reachable	6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1	LAN	F
On the Clients page, you can view the list of devices connected to the router and devices accessing its web- based interface. For each device the following data are displayed: the IP address, the MAC address, and the interface to which the device is connected.					
Read more					

Figure 66. The Status / Clients page.

For each device the following data are displayed: the IP address, the MAC address, and the interface to which the device is connected.

Active Sessions

On the **Status / Active sessions** page, you can view information on current sessions in the router's network. For each session the following data are displayed: a protocol for network packet transmission, a source IP address and port, a destination IP address and port.

2AB	Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destination port
	ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.24	54872
For these settings, there is no documentation					

Figure 67. The Status / Active sessions page.

Net

In this menu you can configure basic parameters of the router's local area network and configure connection to the Internet (a WAN connection).

WAN

On the **Net / WAN** page, you can create and edit connections used by the router.

By default, the **WAN** connection is configured in the system. It is assigned to the **INTERNET** port of the router. You can edit this connection or delete it.

	Name WAN	Connection Type Dynamic IP	Interface Internet	Status up	Direction WAN	Default gateway
For these settings, there is no documentation						

Figure 68. The Net / WAN page.

To create a new connection, click the **Add** button. On the page displayed, specify the relevant values.

To edit an existing connection, left-click the relevant line in the table. On the page displayed, change the parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To delete an existing connection, left-click the relevant line in the table. On the page displayed, click the **Delete** button.

To use one of existing WAN connections as a default gateway, select the choice of the **Default** gateway radio button located in the line corresponding to this connection.

Creating PPPoE WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPPoE type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the **PPPoE** value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Connection Type:	PPPoE
Interface:	Internet 💌
Name:*	<pre>pppoe_Internet_2</pre>
Enable:	
Direction:	WAN
Ethernet	
NTU:*	≥ 1500
IAC:	1c:6f:65:83:b5:85

Figure 69. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings and Ethernet sections.

Parameter	Description			
General settings				
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.			
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.			
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.			
Direction	The direction of this connection.			
Ethernet				
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.			

MACmandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, end the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding t agreement.MACYou can click the Clone MAC Address button (Image: Second Seco	Parameter	Description
MAC MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MA address of the WAN interface.		A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.
Also you can set the address of a device connected to the route	MAC	MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC
LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from t drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).		Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

Username:*	1
Without authorization:	
Password:*	2
Password confirmation:*	2
Service name:	1
Authentication algorithm:	Αυτο
MTU:*	1492
Keep Alive:	
LCP interval (sec):*	2 30
LCP fails:*	<u>/</u> 3
Dial on demand:	
PPP IP extension:	
Static IP Address:	2
PPP debug:	
PPPoE pass through:	

Figure 70. The page for creating a new connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
	PPP
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
PPPoE pass through	Select the checkbox if you want to allow PPPoE clients of computers from your LAN to connect to the Internet through this PPPoE connection of the router.

Miscellaneous	 	 	
Enable RIP:			
Enable IGMP Multicast:			
NAT:			
firewall:			
Ping:			

Figure 71. The page for creating a new connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	r Description		
Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.		
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.		
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.		
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.		
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.		

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating Static IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Static IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the **Static IP** value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Connection Type:	Static IP
terface:	Internet 💌
Name:*	<pre>/ static_Internet_2</pre>
Enable:	
Direction:	WAN
Ethernet	
MTU:*	≥ 1500
MAC:	1c:6f:65:83:b5:85

Figure 72. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings and Ethernet sections.

Parameter	Description			
General settings				
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.			
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.			
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.			
Direction	The direction of this connection.			
Ethernet				
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.			

Parameter	Description
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.
MAC	You can click the Clone MAC Address button () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.
	Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
IP	
IP Address:*	

IP Address:*	2	
Netmask:*	1	
Gateway IP address:*	1	
Primary DNS server:*	1	
Secondary DNS server:	2	
Miscellaneous		
Enable RIP:		
Enable IGMP Multicast:		
NAT:		
firewall:		
Ping:		

Figure 73. The page for creating a new connection. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter Description				
IP				
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.			
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.			
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.			
Primary DNS server/	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the			
Secondary DNS server	relevant fields.			
	Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.			
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.			
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.			
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.			
Ping	PingSelect the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping reque from the external network through this connection. For secur reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.			

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating Dynamic IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Dynamic IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the **Dynamic IP** value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Connection Type:	Dynamic IP
terface:	Internet 💌
ne.*	<i>⊘ dynamic_Internet_2</i>
ble:	
rection:	WAN
Ethernet	
ГU: *	≥ 1500
.C:	1c:6f:65:83:b5:85

Figure 74. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings and Ethernet sections.

Parameter	Parameter Description			
	General settings			
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.			
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.			
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.			
Direction	Direction The direction of this connection.			
Ethernet				
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.			

Parameter	Description		
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.		
MAC	You can click the Clone MAC Address button () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.		
	Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).		
IP			
Obtain DNS server addresse	s 🔽		
automatically: Vendor ID:			
Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP:			
Enable IGMP Multicast:			
NAT:			
DOT.			
firewall:			

Figure 75. The page for creating a new connection. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter Description				
IP				
Obtain DNS server addresses automaticallySelect the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DI server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DI server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.				
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.			
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. Optional.			
	Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.			
Enable IGMP Multicast	cast Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.			
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.			
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDo attacks.			
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.			

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating PPTP or L2TP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPTP or L2TP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

General settings		
Connection Type:	PPTP	•
Interface:	auto 🔻	
Name:*	<pre> pptp_2 </pre>	
Enable:		
Direction:	WAN	

Figure 76. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings section.

Parameter	er Description	
	General settings	
Interface	Leave the auto value.	
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.	
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.	
Direction	The direction of this connection.	

VPN	
Connect automatically:	
Username:*	2
Without authorization:	
Password.*	2
Password confirmation:*	2
VPN server address:*	2
Encryption:	No encrypt 🔹
Authentication algorithm:	AUTO -
MTU:*	/ 1456
Keep Alive:	
Extra options:	2
Dial on demand:	
Static IP Address:	2
PPP debug:	
IP received:	

Figure 77. The page for creating a new connection. The **VPN** section.

Parameter Description				
	VPN			
Connect automatically Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon boot-up of the router.				
Username	A username (login) to access the server.			
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the server.			
Password	A password to access the server.			
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).			
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.			

Parameter	Description			
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.			
	• No encrypt : MPPE encryption is not applied.			
	• MPPE 40/128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.			
Encryption	• MPPE 40 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.			
	• MPPE 128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.			
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP-V2, or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.			
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.			
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.			
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to the server even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.			
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .			
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish the connection on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.			
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address for this connection.			
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.			
IP received	The assigned IP address.			

Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP:			
NAT:			
firewall:			
Ping:			

Figure 78. The page for creating a new connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	meter Description			
	Miscellaneous			
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.			
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.			
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.			
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.			

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating PPTP + Static IP or L2TP + Static IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPTP + Static IP or L2TP + Static IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

General settings	
Connection Type: PPTP + Static IP	-
Interface: Internet	
Name.*	
Enable:	
Direction: WAN	
Ethernet	
MTU:* 2500	
MAC: 1c:6f:65:83:b5:85	

Figure 79. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings and Ethernet sections.

Parameter	Description
	General settings
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.
	Ethernet
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.

Parameter	Description
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.
MAC	You can click the Clone MAC Address button () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.
	Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

IP Address:*	2	
Netmask:*	2	
Gateway IP address:*	2	
Primary DNS server:*	2	
Secondary DNS server:	2	
Miscellaneous		
Enable RIP:		
Enable RIP: Enable IGMP Multicast:		
Enable IGMP Multicast:		
Enable IGMP Multicast: NAT:		

Figure 80. The page for creating a new connection. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description
	IP
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

Parameter	Description
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.
VPN	
Connect automatically: Username:* Without authorization: Password:* Password confirmation:* VPN server address:* Encryption: Authentication algorithm: MTU:* Keep Alive: Extra options: Dial on demand: Static IP Address:	 ✓ ✓
PPP debug: IP received:	

Figure 81. The page for creating a new connection. The **VPN** section.

Parameter	Description
	VPN
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.
	• No encrypt : MPPE encryption is not applied.
	• MPPE 40/128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.
Encryption	• MPPE 40 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.
	• MPPE 128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP , MS-CHAP-V2 , or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
ΜΤυ	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.

Parameter	Description
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
IP received	The IP address assigned by the ISP.
Miscellaneous	
Enable RIP:	
NAT:	
firewall:	
Ping:	

Figure 82. The page for creating a new connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating PPTP + Dynamic IP or L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPTP + Dynamic IP or L2TP + Dynamic IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Connection Type:	PPTP + Dynamic IP 🔻
Interface:	Internet 🔻
Name:*	dynpptp_Internet_2
inable:	
irection:	WAN
Ethernet	
ITU:*	2 1500
IC:	2 1c:6f:65:83:b5:85

Figure 83. The page for creating a new connection. The General settings and Ethernet sections.

Parameter	Description
	General settings
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.
	Ethernet
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.

Parameter	Description
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, ent the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding t agreement.
MAC	You can click the Clone MAC Address button () to set to MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MA address of the WAN interface.
	Also you can set the address of a device connected to the route LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from t drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
IP	
Obtain DNS server addres	ses 🔽
automatically: Vendor ID:	
Miscellaneous	
Miscellaneous	
	_
Enable RIP:	_
Enable RIP: Enable IGMP Multicast:	

Figure 84. The page for creating a new connection. The **IP** and **Miscellaneous** sections.

Parameter	Description
	IP
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. Optional.

Parameter	Parameter Description	
	Miscellaneous	
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.	
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.	
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.	
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.	
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.	

VPN	
Connect automatically:	
Username:*	2
Without authorization:	
Password:*	Z
Password confirmation:*	2
VPN server address:*	2
Encryption:	No encrypt 👻
Authentication algorithm:	AUTO -
MTU:*	2 1456
Keep Alive:	
Extra options:	2
Dial on demand:	
Static IP Address:	2
PPP debug:	
IP received:	

Figure 85. The page for creating a new connection. The **VPN** section.

Parameter	Description
	VPN
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.
	Select a method of MPPE encryption.
	• No encrypt : MPPE encryption is not applied.
	• MPPE 40/128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.
Encryption	• MPPE 40 bit : MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.
	• MPPE 128 bit : MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.
	MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP , MS-CHAP-V2 , or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
ΜΤυ	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.

Parameter Description	
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
IP received	The IP address assigned by the ISP.
Miscellaneous	
Enable RIP:	
NAT:	
firewall:	
Ping:	

Figure 86. The page for creating a new connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
	Miscellaneous
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

LAN

To configure the router's local interface, proceed to the **Net / LAN** page.

IP Address:*	2 192.168.0.1	
Netmask:*	255.255.255.0	1

Figure 87. Basic settings of the local interface.

If needed, edit the basic settings of the local interface.

Parameter	Description	
IP Address	The IP address of the router in the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: 192.168.0.1 .	
Netmask	The mask of the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: 255.255.0 .	

When needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

In the **DHCP server** section, you can configure the built-in DHCP server of the router.

DHCP server	
Mode:	Enable 🔻
DNS Relay:	
Start IP:*	2 192.168.0.2
End IP:*	2 192.168.0.100
Lease time (min):*	₹ 86400

Figure 88. The section for configuring the DHCP server.

Parameter	Description
	An operating mode of the router's DHCP server.
Mode	Enable : the router assigns IP addresses to clients automatically in accordance with the specified parameters. When this value is selected, the DNS Relay , Start IP , End IP , and the Lease time fields are displayed on the page.
Mode	Disable : the router's DHCP server is disabled, clients' IP addresses are assigned manually.
	Relay : an external DHCP server is used to assign IP addresses to clients. When this value is selected, the External DHCP server IP field is displayed on the page.
	Select the checkbox so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address of the router as the DNS server address.
DNS Relay	Deselect the checkbox so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address transmitted by the ISP or specified on the Advanced / DNS page as the DNS server address.
Start IP	The start IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.
End IP	The end IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.
Lease time	The lifetime of IP addresses leased by the DHCP server. At the end of this period the leased IP address is revoked and can be distributed to another device, unless the previous device has confirmed the need to keep the address.
External DHCP server IP	The IP address of the external DHCP server which assigns IP addresses to the router's clients.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

In the **Static DHCP** section, you can specify MAC address and IP address pairs (set a fixed IP address in the local area network for a device with a certain MAC address). The router assigns IP addresses in accordance with the specified pairs only when the DHCP server is enabled (in the **DHCP server** section, in the **Mode** drop-down list, the **Enable** value is selected).

Known IP/MAC	Caddresses:	Select	IP/MAC address> ▼	
	IP*		MAC*	Host

Figure 89. The section for creating MAC-IP pairs.

To create a MAC-IP pair, click the **Add** button. In the **IP** field, enter an IP address which will be assigned to the device from the LAN, then in the **MAC** field, enter the MAC address of this device. In the **Host** field, specify a network name of the device for easier identification (*optional*).

Also you can create a MAC-IP pair for a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the **Known IP/MAC** addresses drop-down list (the **IP** and **MAC** fields will be filled in automatically).

When all needed MAC-IP pairs are specified, click the **Apply** button.

Existing MAC-IP pairs are displayed in the table of the **Static DHCP** section. To remove a pair, select the checkbox in the relevant line in the table and click the **Remove** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

Wi-Fi

In this menu you can specify all needed settings for your wireless network.

Basic settings

On the **Wi-Fi / Basic settings** page, you can enable your wireless local area network (WLAN) and configure its basic parameters.

	Wi-Fi » Basic settin	gs		
*	<image/> <text></text>	Enable Wireless: Hide Access Point: SSID:* Country: Channel: Wireless mode: When changing mod Max Associated Clients:* 0 - unlimited	DIR-615 RUSSIAN FEDERATION auto BO2.11 B/G/N mixed BO2.11 B/G/N mixed C 0	_
				Apply

Figure 90. Basic settings of the wireless LAN.

Parameter	Description
Enable Wireless	The checkbox enables Wi-Fi connections. If you want to disable your WLAN, deselect the checkbox.
Hide Access Point	If the checkbox is selected, other users cannot see your Wi-Fi network. (It is recommended not to select this checkbox in order to simplify initial configuration of your WLAN.)
SSIDA name for the WLAN. By default, the value DIR-615 is sIt is recommended to specify another name for the network initial configuration (use digits and Latin characters).	
Country	The country you are in. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Channel	The wireless channel number. When the auto value is selected, the router itself chooses the channel with the least interference.

Parameter	Description	
Wireless mode	Operating mode of the wireless network of the router. This parameter defines standards of the devices that will be able to use your wireless network. Select a value from the drop-down list.	
Max Associated Clients	The maximum number of devices connected to the wireless network of the router. When the value 0 is specified, the device does not limit the number of connected clients.	

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Security Settings

On the Wi-Fi / Security settings page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

4	Network Authentication:	Open	_	
	WEP Encryption setting	IS		
Here you can configure	Enable Encryption WEP:			
security of your WLAN.				

Figure 91. The default security settings.

By default, the **Open** network authentication type with no encryption is specified for the WLAN.

The default security settings do not provide sufficient protection for the WLAN. Please, specify your own security settings for the WLAN.

	Network Authentication:	Open	-	
		Open		
	WEP Encryption settings	Shared WPA		
	Enable Encryption WEP:	WPA-PSK		
Here you can configure security of your WLAN.		WPA2		
Read more		WPA2-PSK WPA/WPA2 mixed		
		WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed		

Figure 92. Network authentication types supported by the router.

The router supports the following authentication types:

Authentication type	Description
Open	Open authentication (with WEP encryption for wireless network modes not supporting 802.11n devices).
SharedShared key authentication with WEP encryption. This authenti type is not available when on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings pa the Wireless mode drop-down list, a mode supporting 80 devices is selected.	
WPA	WPA-based authentication using a RADIUS server.
WPA-PSK	WPA-based authentication using a PSK.
WPA2	WPA2-based authentication using a RADIUS server.
WPA2-PSK	WPA2-based authentication using a PSK.
WPA/WPA2 mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the WPA authentication type and devices using the WPA2 authentication type can connect to the WLAN of the router.

Authentication type	Description
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the WPA-PSK authentication type and devices using the WPA2-PSK authentication type can connect to the WLAN of the router.

The WPA, WPA2, and WPA/WPA2 mixed authentication types require a RADIUS server.

When the **Open** or **Shared** value is selected, the **WEP Encryption settings** section is displayed (the section is unavailable for the wireless network operating modes which support the standard 802.11n):

	Wi-Fi » Security set	ttings			
		Network Authentication: WEP Encryption settings	Open	_	
	Here you can configure	Enable Encryption WEP: Default Key ID:	 ✓ 3 ▼ 		
	security of your WLAN. <u>Read more</u>	Encryption Key WEP as HEX: Encryption Key WEP (1): [*]			
<		Encryption Key WEP (2):* Encryption Key WEP (3):*			
		Encryption Key WEP (4):*			
				Арр	ply

Figure 93. The **Open** value is selected from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Enable Encryption WEP	The checkbox activating WEP encryption. When the checkbox is selected, the Default Key ID field, the Encryption Key WEP as HEX checkbox, and four Encryption Key WEP fields are displayed on the page. For the Shared authentication type the checkbox is always selected.
Default Key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.

Parameter	Description
Encryption Key WEP as HEX	Select the checkbox to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.
Encryption Key WEP (1- 4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the Default Key ID drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields. You can specify keys containing 5 or 13 symbols (use digits and/or Latin characters). If the Encryption Key WEP as HEX checkbox is selected, you can specify only keys containing 10 symbols (the
	digits 0-9 and the characters A-F).

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** value is selected, the **WPA Encryption settings** section is displayed:

Wi-Fi » Security set	ttings		
	Network Authentication: Encryption Key PSK: [*] WPA2 Pre-authentication:	WPA2-PSK 76543210	_
Here you can configure security of your WLAN.	WPA Encryption settings		
Read more	WPA Encryption: WPA reneval:*	AES 3600	
< label{eq:states}			
			Apply

Figure 94. The WPA2-PSK value is selected from the Network Authentication drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Encryption Key PSK	A key for WPA encryption. The key can contain digits and/or Latin characters.
WPA2 Pre- authentication	The checkbox activating preliminary authentication (displayed only for the WPA2-PSK and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed authentication types).
WPA Encryption	An encryption method: TKIP , AES , or TKIP+AES . For the wireless network operating modes which support 802.11n standard (see the value of the Wireless mode drop-down list on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings page), the AES value is only available.
WPA renewal	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value 0 is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.

When the WPA, WPA2, or WPA/WPA2 mixed value is selected, the RADIUS settings and WPA Encryption settings sections are available:

	Network Authentication: WPA2 Pre-authentication: RADIUS settings	WPA2	_	
Here you can configure security of your WLAN.	IP address:*	2 192.168.0.254		
Read more	Port.*	1812		
	RADIUS encryption key:*	2 dlink		
	WPA Encryption setting	5		
	WPA Encryption:	AES 🕶		
	WPA reneval:*	2 3600		

Figure 95. The WPA2 value is selected from the Network Authentication drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
WPA2 Pre- authentication	The checkbox activating preliminary authentication (displayed only for the WPA2 and WPA/WPA2 mixed authentication types).
IP address	The IP address of the RADIUS server.
Port	A port of the RADIUS server.
RADIUS encryption key	The password which the router uses for communication with the RADIUS server (the value of this parameter is specified in the RADIUS server settings).
WPA Encryption	An encryption method: TKIP , AES , or TKIP+AES .
WPA renewal	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value 0 is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

MAC Filter

On the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter** page, you can define a set of MAC addresses of devices which will be allowed to access the WLAN, or define MAC addresses of devices which will not be allowed to access the WLAN.

	Wi-Fi »	Filter mode	MAC addresses		
			MAC filter restrict mode:	Disabled 💌	
	On the page you the MAC filter. T addresses of n cards is a very o of blocking conr unwanted users	he filter for MAC etwork interface convenient way nection of			
•					
					Apply

Figure 96. The MAC filter for the wireless network.

By default, MAC filtering is not active (the **Disabled** value is selected from the **MAC** filter restrict mode drop-down list on the Filter mode tab).

To open your wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on the **MAC** addresses tab and to close the wireless network for all other devices, select the **Allow** value from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To close your wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on the **MAC** addresses tab, select the **Deny** value from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To add a MAC address to which the selected filtering mode will be applied, proceed to the **MAC** addresses tab.

	Wi-Fi » Filter mode	MAC addresses		
		MAC address list		
		Known IP/MAC addresses:		
			MAC address*	
~	On the page you can configure the MAC filter. The filter for MAC addresses of network interface cards is a very convenient way of blocking connection of unwanted users to your LAN. <u>Read more</u>	Add		
				Apply

Figure 97. The tab for adding a MAC address.

Click the **Add** button and enter an address in the field displayed. Also you can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the **Known IP/MAC addresses** drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically). Then click the **Apply** button.

To remove a MAC address from the list of MAC addresses, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant MAC address and click the **Apply** button.

Station List

On the Wi-Fi / Station List page, you can view the list of wireless clients connected to the router.

	Wi-Fi »	Station List				
			MAC	Associated	Idle time	
	On the Station list p can view the list of devices connected router.	wireless				
<		Tredu more				
					[Refresh

Figure 98. The list of the wireless clients.

To view the latest data on the devices connected to the WLAN, click the **Refresh** button.

WPS

On the **Wi-Fi / WPS** page, you can enable the function for secure configuration of the WLAN and select a method used to easily add wireless devices to the WLAN.

The WPS function helps to configure the protected wireless network automatically. Devices connecting to the wireless network via the WPS function must support the WPS function.

Before using the function you need to configure one of the following authentication types: Open with no encryption, WPA2-PSK or WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed with the AES encryption method (on the Wi-Fi / Security settings page). When other security settings

are specified, controls of the tab on the Wi-Fi / WPS page are not available.

Wi-Fi » WPS				
	WPS Enable:	V		
	Information			
On the WPS page, you can	Default PIN code:	12345678		
enable the function for secure	WPS Status:	Configured		
configuration of the WLAN	SSID:	DIR-615		
Read more	Network Authentication:	OPEN		
	Encryption:	NONE		Ξ
	Encryption key:	76543210		
<	Generate PIN	Factory PIN		
	Connection			
	Connection status:	Idle		
	WPS Method:	PBC -		
	Connect			
				-
			이 가지 않는 것 같은 것 같	

Figure 99. The page for configuring the WPS function.

To activate the WPS function, select the **WPS Enable** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. When the checkbox is selected, the **Information** and **Connection** sections are available on the page.

Parameter	Description
Default PIN code	The PIN code of the router. This parameter is used when connecting the router to a registrar to set the parameters of the WPS function.
	The state of the WPS function:
	• Configured (all needed settings are specified; these settings will be used upon establishing the wireless connection)
WPS Status	• Unconfigured (after activating the WPS function, needed settings will be configured automatically: the MAC address of the wireless interface will be added to the SSID, the network authentication type will be changed to WPA2-PSK with a random encryption key).
SSID	The name of the router's WLAN.
Network Authentication	The network authentication type specified for the WLAN.
Encryption	The encryption type specified for the WLAN.
Encryption key	The encryption key specified for the WLAN.
Generate PIN	Click the button to generate a new PIN code for the router (a random eight-digit number).
Factory PIN	Click the button to restore the factory PIN code of the router.
	A method of the WPS function. Select a value from the drop-down list.
WPS Method	PIN : Connecting the device via the PIN code.
	PBC : Connecting the device via the push button (actual or virtual).
PIN Code	The PIN code of the WPS-enabled device that needs to be connected to the wireless network of the router.
	The field is displayed only when the PIN value is selected from the WPS Method drop-down list.
Connect	Click the button to connect the wireless device to the router's WLAN via the WPS function.

Using WPS Function via Web-based Interface

To add a wireless device via the PIN method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:

- 1. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
- 2. Click the **Apply** button.
- 3. Select the **PIN** value from the **WPS Method** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the PIN method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 5. Click the relevant button in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 6. Right after that, enter the PIN code specified on the cover of the wireless device or in its software in the **PIN Code** field.
- 7. Click the **Connect** button in the web-based interface of the router.

To add a wireless device via the PBC method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:

- 1. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
- 2. Click the **Apply** button.
- 3. Select the **PBC** value from the **WPS Method** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 5. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 6. Click the **Connect** button in the web-based interface of the router.

Using WPS Function without Web-based Interface

You can add a wireless device to the router's WLAN without accessing the web-based interface of the router. To do this, you need to configure the following router's settings:

- 1. Specify corresponding security settings for the wireless network of the router.
- 2. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
- 3. Click the **Apply** button.
- 4. Save the settings and close the web-based interface (click the **Save** line in the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption, then click the **Logout** line).

Later you will be able to add wireless devices to the WLAN by pressing the **WPS** button of the router.

- 1. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 2. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 3. Press the **WPS** button of the router, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The **WPS** LED starts blinking.

Additional Settings

On the **Wi-Fi / Additional settings** page, you can define additional parameters for the WLAN of the router.

Changing parameters presented on this page may negatively affect your WLAN!

<section-header> Wi-Fi » Additional st Image: Strain Strain</section-header>	Beacon Period.* RTS Threshold:* Frag Threshold:* DTIM Period.* TX Power:* Bandwidth: TX Preamble:	 100 2347 2346 1 100 20/40MHz - ▼ Short Preamble ▼ 	
			Арр

Figure 100. Additional settings of the WLAN.

The following fields are available on the page:

Parameter	Description					
Beacon Period	The time interval (in milliseconds) between packets sent to synchronize the wireless network.					
RTS Threshold	The minimum size (in bites) of a packet for which an RTS frame is transmitted.					
Frag Threshold	The maximum size (in bites) of a non-fragmented packet. Larger packets are fragmented (divided).					
DTIM Period	The time period (in seconds) between sending a DTIM (a message notifying on broadcast or multicast transmission) and data transmission.					
TX Power	The transmit power (in percentage terms) of the router.					

Parameter	Description
	The channel bandwidth for 802.11n devices.
	20MHz : 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz channels.
	40MHz : 802.11n devices operate at 40MHz channels.
Bandwidth	20/40MHz -: 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz and 40MHz channels (the channel is combined with the previous adjacent channel).
	20/40MHz + : 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz and 40MHz channels (the channel is combined with the next adjacent channel).
	This parameter defines the length of the CRC block sent by the router when communicating to wireless devices.
TX Preamble	Select a value from the drop-down list.
	Long Preamble.
	Short Preamble (this value is recommended for networks with high-volume traffic).

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

WMM

On the Wi-Fi / WMM page, you can enable the Wi-Fi Multimedia function.

The WMM function implements the QoS features for Wi-Fi networks. It helps to improve the quality of data transfer over Wi-Fi networks by prioritizing different types of traffic.

To enable the function, select the **WMM** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

	WMM: Paramet	₹ ters of Access Point					
	AC	Aifsn (1~15)*	CWMin	CWMax	Тхор*	ACM	Ack
On the WMM page, you can	AC_BK	7	15	1023	0	Off	Off
enable the Wi-Fi Multimedia	AC_BE	3	15	63	0	Off	Off
function. The WMM function implements the QoS features	AC_VI	1	7	15	3008	Off	Off
for Wi-Fi networks. It helps to	AC_VO	1	3	7	1504	Off	Off
improve the quality of data transfer over Wi-Fi networks by prioritizing different types of traffic.	Paramet	ters of Station					
To enable the function, select the WMM checkbox and click	AC	Aifsn (1~15)*	CWMin	CWMax	Тхо	p*	АСМ
the Change button. Attention!	AC_BK	7	15	1023	0		Off
All needed settings for the	AC_BE	3	15	1023	0		Off
WMM function are specified in the system. It is recommended	AC_VI	2	7	15	300	8	Off
not to change the default	AC_VO	2	3	7	150	4	Off
values. Read more							

Figure 101. The page for configuring the WMM function.

All needed settings for the WMM function are specified in the device's system. It is recommended not to change the default values.

The WMM function allows assigning priorities for four Access Categories (AC):

- AC_BK (*Background*), low priority traffic (print jobs, file downloads, etc.).
- **AC_BE** (*Best Effort*), traffic from legacy devices or devices/applications that do not support QoS.
- **AC_VI** (Video).
- AC_VO (Voice).

Parameters of the Access Categories are defined for both the router itself (in the **Parameters of Access Point** section) and wireless devices connected to it (in the **Parameters of Station** section).

For every Access Category the following fields are available:

Parameter	Description			
Aifsn	<i>Arbitrary Inter-Frame Space Number.</i> This parameter influences time delays for the relevant Access Category. The lower the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.			
CWMin/CWMax	<i>Contention Window Minimum/Contention Window Maximum.</i> Both fields influence time delays for the relevant Access Category. The CWMax field value should not be lower, than the CWMin field value. The lower the difference between the CWMax field value and the CWMin field value, the higher is the Access Category priority.			
Тхор	<i>Transmission Opportunity</i> . The higher the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.			
ACM	Admission Control Mandatory. If selected, prevents from using the relevant Access Category.			
Ack	Acknowledgment. Answering response requests while transmitting. Displayed only in the Parameters of Access Point section. If not selected, the router answers requests. If selected, the router does not answer requests.			

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Advanced

In this menu you can configure advanced settings of the router:

- create groups of ports for VLANs
- enable the UPnP function
- configure a DDNS service
- add name servers
- define static routes
- create rules for remote access to the web-based interface
- allow the router to use IGMP, SIP, and RTSP
- configure TR-069 client.

VLAN

On the **Advanced / VLAN** page, you can create and edit groups of ports for virtual networks (VLANs).

By default, 2 groups are created in the router's system:

- **lan**: it includes ports 1-4 and the wireless interface;
- wan: for the WAN interface; it includes the INTERNET port.

The **VLAN ID** parameter is not specified for both groups. Such a setting means that these groups of ports are not assigned to any VLAN.

		settings			
	Creating a	and editing VLANs			
	Name	Туре	Ports	VLAN ID	Enable
			port1 (U)		
On the VLAN page, you can	lan	Local	port2 (U) port3 (U)		Yes
create and edit groups of ports for virtual networks (VLANs). To			port4 (U)		
create a new group for VLAN, click the Add button.	wan	NAT	wifi1 (U) internet (U)		Yes

Figure 102. The Advanced / VLAN page.

To create a new group for VLAN, click the **Add** button.

- If you want to create a group including LAN ports or the wireless network of the router,
- first delete relevant records from the lan group on this page.

2000				
TTT	Main settings			
	Name:*	<i>≹lan</i>		
inte	Enable:			
On the VLAN page, you can create and edit groups of ports	Туре:	Local 🔫		
for virtual networks (VLANs). To create a new group for VLAN,		ay consist of untagged ports only.		
click the Add button.	VLAN ID:	[B		
Read more	Ports			
		a new port, select a free port from the drop-dov ed to another VLAN or it does not correspond to	vn list. If a port is not available in the list, it cannol the rules of the VLAN edited at the moment.	t be
	Port:	port1 🕶		
	QoS:	20		
	Tag:	untagged 🔻		
	Port	QoS	Tag	
	port1		U,	

Figure 103. The page for editing a group of ports for VLAN.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
	Main settings		
Name	A name for the port for easier identification.		
Enable Select the checkbox to allow using this group of ports.			
	The type of the VLAN which identifier is specified in the VLAN ID field.		
	Local . The group of this type is a channel used to connect local clients to the router. It is mostly used to connect different types of clients, which require separate connection settings.		
Туре	NAT . The group of this type is an external connection with address translation. It is mostly used to connect to the Internet. Later the VLAN which identifier is specified in the VLAN ID field is used to create a WAN connection (on the Net / WAN page).		
	Transparent . The group of this type is a transparent connection between an internal port and an external connection. It is mostly used to connect IPTV set-top boxes.		

Parameter	Description
VLAN ID	An identifier of the VLAN to which this group of ports will be assigned.
	Ports
Port	From the list, select an available value (a physical port of the router, the wireless interface) to assign it to this group. The port will be displayed in the table at the bottom of the page.
QoS	A priority tag for the traffic transmitted through the port highlighted in the table at the bottom of the page.
Тад	 Select a value for the port highlighted in the table at the bottom of the page: tagged, untagged.

Click the **Apply** button.

Click the **Delete port** button to delete the port highlighted in the table at the bottom of the page.

Click the **Delete VLAN** button to delete this group of ports form the system.

For further use of groups of ports for VLAN it is required to save the changed settings to

the non-volatile memory of the router and reboot it (click the **Save&Reboot** line in the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption).

UPnP

On the **Advanced / UPnP** page, you can enable and disable the UPnP function.

UPnP is a set of networking protocols designed for automatic configuration of network devices. The UPnP function performs automatic configuration of the device's parameters for network applications requiring an incoming connection to the router.

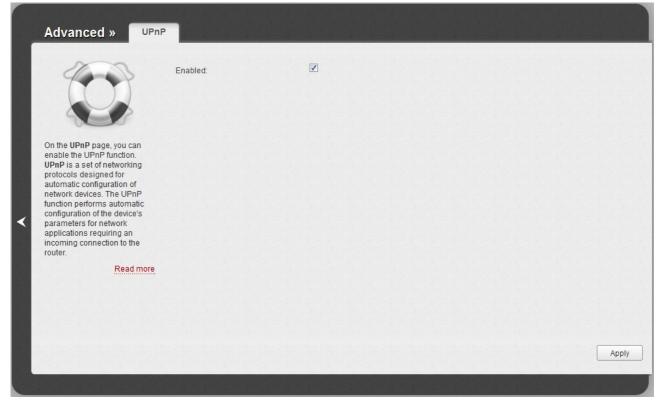


Figure 104. The Advanced / UPnP page.

If you want to manually specify all parameters needed for network applications, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

If you want to enable the UPnP function in the router, select the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

DDNS

On the **Advanced / DDNS** page, you can define parameters of the DDNS service, which allows associating a domain name with dynamic IP addresses.

Advanced » DDNS	6				
	Host name*	User name*	User password*	Update period (min.)*	
On the DDNS page, you can define parameters of the DDNS service, which allows associating a domain name with dynamic IP addresses. To add a new DDNS service, click the Add button.					
Read more					
					Ар
					Ab

Figure 105. The Advanced / DDNS page.

To add a new DDNS service, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
Host name	The domain name registered at your DDNS provider.		
User name	The username to authorize for your DDNS provider.		
User password	The password to authorize for your DDNS provider.		
Update period	An interval (in minutes) between sending data with the IP address of the interface specified in the field above to the relevant DDNS service.		

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit parameters of the existing DDNS service, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing DDNS service, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Apply** button.

DNS

On the **Advanced / DNS** page, you can add DNS servers to the system.

Advanced » DNS	DNS settings		
<image/>	Manual: Default route: Interface: Name servers:	 □ □	
			Apply

Figure 106. The Advanced / DNS page.

DNS servers are used to determine the IP address from the name of a server in Intranets or the Internet (as a rule, they are specified by an ISP or assigned by a network administrator).

The device performs the DNS relay function, i.e., it redirects the DNS requests of users to external DNS servers. You can specify the addresses of DNS servers manually on this page, or configure the router to obtain DNS servers addresses automatically from your ISP upon installing a connection.

When you use the built-in DHCP server, the network parameters (including DNS servers) are distributed to clients automatically.

If you want to configure automatic obtainment of DNS servers addresses, deselect the **Manual** checkbox, select a WAN connection which will be used to obtain addresses of DNS servers automatically from the **Interface** drop-down list or select the **Default route** checkbox, so that the router could use the connection set as the default gateway (on the **Net / WAN** page) to obtain DNS server addresses, and click the **Apply** button.

If you want to specify the DNS server manually, select the **Manual** checkbox and enter a DNS server address in the **Name servers** list. To specify several addresses, press the **Enter** key and enter a needed address in the next line. Then click the **Apply** button.

To remove a DNS server from the system, remove the relevant line from the **Name servers** field and click the **Apply** button.

Routing

On the **Advanced / Routing** page, you can add static routes (routes for networks that are not connected directly to the device but are available through the interfaces of the device) into the system.

Advanced »	Routing	Routing	configuration	e routes here				
A n he Routing page, you add static routes (routes (routes) from the diversity of the diversity in the routes of the device) in the route, click the Add buttor route, click the Add buttor Read	for device the nto ew	Desti	nation network*	Destination netmask*	Gateway*	Metric	Via Interface	Accessibility
								Apply

Figure 107. The Advanced / Routing page.

To create a new route, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Destination network	A destination network to which this route is assigned.	
Destination netmask	The destination network mask.	
GatewayAn IP address through which the destination network can The field is displayed when the <auto> value is selected Interface drop-down list.</auto>		
MetricA metric for the route. The lower the value, the higher priority. Optional.		
Via Interface	Select an interface through which the destination network can be accessed from the drop-down list. If you have selected the <auto></auto> value of this drop-down list, the router itself sets the interface on the basis of data on connected networks.	

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit an existing route, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing route, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Apply** button.

Remote Access

On the **Advanced / Remote access** page, you can configure access to the web-based interface of the router. By default, the access from external networks to the router is closed. If you need to allow access to the router from the external network, create relevant rules.

Advanced » Rem	note access Remote access configu	ration		
	Known IP/MAC addresses:	Select IP/MAC address		
<text></text>	IP address*	Mask*	Public port	Protocol
				Apply

Figure 108. The Advanced / Remote access page.

To create a new rule, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
IP address	A host or a subnet to which the rule is applied.	
Mask	The mask of the subnet.	
Public port	An external port of the router. You can specify only one port.	
Protocol	The protocol available for remote management of the router.	

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for remote access, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule for remote access, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Apply** button.

Miscellaneous

On the Advanced / Miscellaneous page, you can enable IGMP, SIP, and RTSP.

IGMP is used for managing multicast traffic (transferring data to a group of destinations). This protocol allows using network resources for some applications, e.g., for streaming video, more efficiently.

SIP is used for creating, modifying, and terminating communication sessions. This protocol allows telephone calls via the Internet.

RTSP is used for real-time streaming multimedia data delivery. This protocol allows some applications to receive streaming audio/video from the Internet.

Advanced »	Miscellaneous		
	IGMP: SIP: RTSP:	<i>IGMP</i> v2 ▼ □ ✓	
For these settings, there documentation	is no		
<			
			Apply

Figure 109. The Advanced / Miscellaneous page.

To enable IGMP, select a version of IGMP from the **IGMP** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows using the IGMP Proxy function for all WAN connections for which the **Enable IGMP Multicast** checkbox is selected.

To disable IGMP, select the **Off** value from the **IGMP** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To enable SIP, select the **SIP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows using the SIP ALG function. This function allows VoIP traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router.¹

To disable the SIP ALG function, deselect the **SIP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

¹ On the **Net / WAN** page, create a WAN connection, on the **Advanced / Miscellaneous** page, select the **SIP** checkbox, connect the phone cable between a LAN port of the router and the IP phone. Specify SIP parameters on the IP phone and configure it to obtain an IP address automatically (as DHCP client).

To enable RTSP, select the **RTSP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows managing media stream: fast forward streaming audio/video, pause and start it.

To disable RTSP, deselect the **RTSP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

TR-069 Client

On the **Advanced / TR-069 Client** page, you can configure the router for communication with a remote Auto Configuration Server (ACS).

The TR-069 client is used for remote monitoring and management of the device.

Advanced » TR-0	69 Client		
	Enable TR-069 Client:	V	Î
For these settings, there is no	Enable: Interval:	 ✓ ▲ 60 	
documentation	Auto Configuration Se	rver settings	=
	URL address:	/ http://acs.loc:8080/op	
	User name:	🔎 default	
	Password:	2	
	Connection settings		
	User name:	2	
	Password:	2	
			Apply

Figure 110. The page for configuring the TR-069 client.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description				
Enable TR-069 Client	Select the checkbox to enable the TR-069 client.				
	Inform settings				
Enable Select the checkbox so the router may send reports (data on the device and network statistics) to the ACS.					
Interval	Specify the time period (in seconds) between sending reports.				
	Auto Configuration Server settings				
URL address	The URL address of the ACS provided by the ISP.				
User name	The username to connect to the ACS. The username can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.				

Parameter Description				
Password The password to connect to the ACS. The password can digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and can available on the keyboard.				
Connection settings				
User nameThe username which the ACS uses to connect to the router. username can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase an lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.PasswordThe password which the ACS uses to connect to the router. password can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase an lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.				

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Firewall

In this menu you can configure the firewall of the router:

- add rules for IP filtering
- create virtual servers
- define a DMZ
- configure the MAC filter.

IP Filters

On the **Firewall / IP filters** page, you can create new rules for filtering IP packets and edit or remove existing rules.

and		IP address		Port		
	Name Protocol	Source	Destination	Source	Destination	Action
On the IP filters page, you can create new rules for filtering IP packets and edit or remove existing rules. To create a new rule, click the Add button.						
Read more						

Figure 111. The Firewall / IP filters page.

To create a new rule, click the **Add** button.

	Firewall » IP filters					
		General				Î
		Name:*	2	_		
		Protocol:	TCP/UDP -			
create packe	On the IP filters page, you can create new rules for filtering IP packets and edit or remove	Action:				Ξ
	existing rules. To create a new rule, click the Add button.	IP Addresses				
	Read more	You can specify a range o	f IP addresses, a single IP address	, or a subnet IP addres	ss (for example, 10.10.10.10/24).	
<		Source IP address:	1	• * •		
		Destination IP address:	l	▼ [№] 8		
		Ports				
		You can specify one port , colon (for example, 80:90	several ports separated by a comr).	na (for example, 80,90)), or a range of ports separated by	a
				_	< Back A	.pply
						hhià

Figure 112. The page for adding a rule for IP filtering.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description				
	General				
Name	A name for the rule for easier identification.				
Protocol	A protocol for network packet transmission. Select a value from the drop-down list.				
Action	Select an action for the rule. ACCEPT : Allows packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule.				
	DROP : Denies packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule.				
	IP Addresses				

Parameter	Description
	The source host/subnet IP address.
Source IP address	To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant IP address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
	If you want to specify a range of IP addresses, click the Range icon () and enter the starting and ending addresses in the left and right fields correspondingly.
	The destination host/subnet IP address.
Destination IP address	To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant IP address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
	If you want to specify a range of IP addresses, click the Range icon () and enter the starting and ending addresses in the left and right fields correspondingly.
	Ports
Source port	A port of the source IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.
Destination port	A port of the destination IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.

Click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for IP filtering, click the link to the relevant rule. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule for IP filtering, click the link to the relevant rule. On the opened page, click the **Delete** button.

To remove all rules from this page, click the **Clear all** button (the button is displayed if at least one rule exists).

Virtual Servers

On the **Firewall / Virtual servers** page, you can create virtual servers for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the local area network.

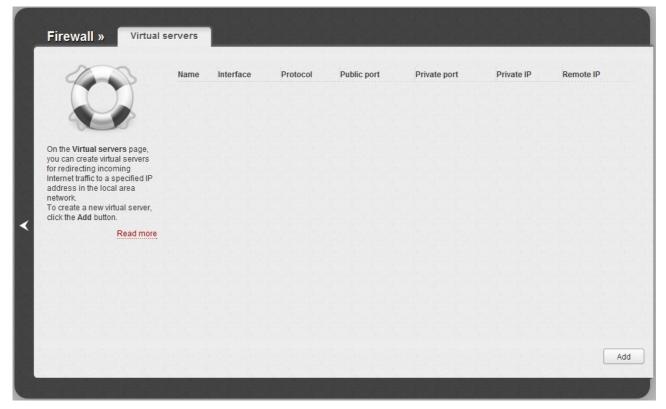


Figure 113. The Firewall / Virtual servers page.

To create a new virtual server, click the **Add** button.

2003	Template:	Custom	•	
	Name:*	2		
	Interface:	<a>		
	Protocol:	TCP -		
On the Virtual servers page, you can create virtual servers	Public port (begin):*	2		
for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP	Public port (end):	2		
address in the local area network.	Private port (begin):*	2	_	
To create a new virtual server,	Private port (end):	2		
click the Add button. Read more	Private IP:*	2	•	
	Remote IP:	2		

Figure 114. The page for adding a virtual server.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Template	Select a virtual server template from the drop-down list, or select Custom to specify all parameters of the new virtual server manually.
Name	A name for the virtual server for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Interface	A WAN connection to which this virtual server will be assigned.
Protocol	A protocol that will be used by the new virtual server. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Public port (begin)/ Public port (end)	A port of the router from which traffic is directed to the IP address specified in the Private IP field. Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Public port (begin) field and leave the Public port (end) field blank.
Private port (begin)/ Private port (end)	A port of the IP address specified in the Private IP field to which traffic is directed from the Public port . Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Private port (begin) field and leave the Private port (end) field blank.

Parameter	Description
Private IP	The IP address of the server from the local area network. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Remote IP	The IP address of the server from the external network.

Click the **Apply** button.

To edit the parameters of an existing server, follow the link with the name of the server. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing server, follow the link with the name of the server. On the opened page, click the **Delete** button.

To remove all servers from this page, click the **Clear all** button (the button is displayed if at least one server exists).

DMZ

A DMZ is a host or network segment located "between" internal (local) and external (global) networks. In the router, the DMZ implements the capability to transfer a request coming to a port of the router from the external network to a specified host of the internal network.

On the Firewall / DMZ page you can specify the IP address of the DMZ host.

	Firewall » DMZ			
		Demilitarized zone s	ettings	
~	A DMZ is a host or network segment located "between" internal (local) and external (global) networks. In the router, the DMZ implements the capability to transfer a request coming to a port of the router from the external network to a specified host of the internal network. On the DMZ page, you can specify the IP address of the DMZ host.	Enabled: /P address:		
	<u>Read more</u>			Apply

Figure 115. The Firewall / DMZ page.

To enable the DMZ, select the **Enabled** checkbox, enter the IP address of a host from your network in the **IP address** field, and click the **Apply** button.

Note that when the DMZ is enabled, all traffic coming to a port of the WAN interface of the router is directed to the same port of the specified IP address. Also note that virtual servers have higher priority than the DMZ host. In other words, if there has been created a virtual server that directs traffic from external port 80 to a port of the device from the router's local network, then entering http://router_WAN_IP in the address bar, users of the external network are directed to the specified port and IP address configured for the virtual server, but not to port 80 of the device with the IP address specified on the Firewall / DMZ page.

To disable the DMZ, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

MAC Filter

On the **Firewall / MAC filter** page, you can configure MAC-address-based filtering for computers of the router's LAN.

Firewall » MAC add	dresses				
	MAC filte	r configuration			
	You can	add, edit and delete	addresses here		
	Known IP/MA	C addresses:	∠ <select address="" ip="" mac=""></select>		
On the MAC filter page, you can configure MAC-address-		MAC addre	ss [*]	Action	
based filtering for computers of the router's LAN. To specify a new address for the MAC filter, click the Add button.	Add				
Read more					
					Apply

Figure 116. The Firewall / MAC filter page.

To specify a new address for the MAC filter, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
MAC address	The MAC address of a device from the router's LAN. You can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the Known IP/MAC addresses drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Action	 Select an action for the rule. Deny: Blocks access to the router's network for the device with the specified MAC address. Allow: Allows access to the router's network and to the Internet for the device with the specified MAC when the rules on the Firewall / IP filters page block access for this device.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for filtering, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule for filtering, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Apply** button.

System

In this menu you can do the following:

- change the password used to access the router's settings
- save the current settings to the non-volatile memory
- create a backup of the router's configuration
- restore the router's configuration from a previously saved file
- restore the factory default settings
- view the system log
- update the firmware of the router
- configure automatic notification on new firmware version
- configure automatic synchronization of the system time or manually configure the date and time for the router
- check availability of a host on the Internet through the web-based interface of the router
- trace the route to a host
- allow or forbid access to the router via TELNET.

Administrator Password

On the **System / Administrator password** page, you can change the password for the administrator account used to access the web-based interface of the router and to access the device settings via TELNET.

For security reasons, it is strongly recommended to change the administrator password upon initial configuration of the router.

System) » Administ	rator password	
2		The system password and time.	I the password for the web-based interface will be changed at the same
change the	bage, you can password for the or account used to web-based	Login: Password:* Confirmation:*	admin v

Figure 117. The page for modifying the administrator password.

Enter the new password in the **Password** and **Confirmation** fields and click the **Apply** button.

Configuration

On the **System / Configuration** page, you can save the changed settings to the non-volatile memory, restore the factory defaults, backup the current configuration, or restore the router's configuration from a previously created file.

System » Configura	tion			
<image/> <text><text></text></text>	Save current settings: Reset to factory defaults: Saving current configuration in a file: Loading previously saved configuration to device.*	JITY	Browse	

Figure 118. The System / Configuration page.

The following buttons are available on the page:

Control	Description
Save	Click the button to save settings to the non-volatile memory. Please, save settings every time you change the router's parameters. Otherwise the changes will be lost upon hardware reboot of the router.
FactoryClick the button to restore the factory default settings. Also you restore the factory defaults via the hardware RESET button (set Saving and Restoring Settings section, page 34).	
BackupClick the button and follow the dialog box appeared to sav configuration (all settings of the router) to your PC.	
Browse	Click the button and follow the dialog box appeared to select a previously saved configuration file (all settings of the router) located on your PC and upload it.

Actions of the **Save**, **Factory**, and **Backup** buttons also can be performed via the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption.

System Log

On the **System / System log** page, you can set the system log options and configure sending the system log to a remote host.

System » Configu	uration Log	
	Logging: Logging type: Logging level: Server:*	✓ Local and remote ▼ Informational messages ▼
On the System log page, you can set the system log options and configure sending the system log to a remote host. Read more	Port*	₽ 514
100000000		Apply

Figure 119. The System / System log page. The Configuration tab.

To enable logging of the system events, select the **Logging** checkbox on the **Configuration** tab. Then specify the needed parameters.

Control	Description	
	Select a type of logging from the drop-down list.	
	• Local: the system log is stored in the router's memory (and displayed on the Log tab). When this value is selected, the Server and Port fields are not displayed.	
Logging type	• Remote : the system log is sent to the remote host specified in the Server field.	
	• Local and remote: the system log is stored in the router's memory (and displayed on the Log tab) and sent to the remote host specified in the Server field.	
Logging level	Select a type of messages and alerts/notifications to be logged.	
Server	The IP or URL address of the host from the local or global network, to which the system log will be sent.	

Control	Description
Port	A port of the host specified in the Server field. By default, the value 514 is specified.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To disable logging of the system events, deselect the **Logging** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

On the Log tab, the events specified in the Logging level list are displayed.

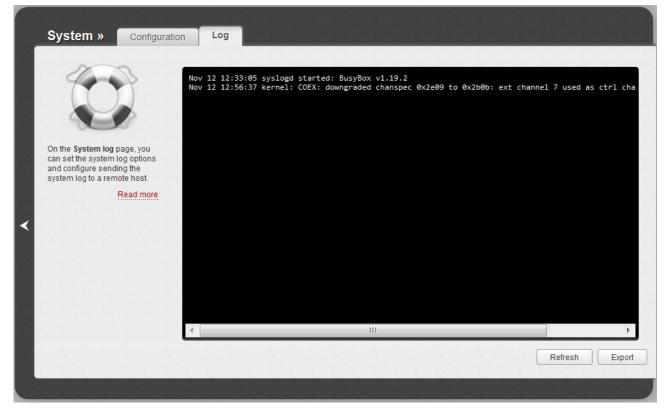


Figure 120. The System / System log page. The Log tab.

To view the latest system events, click the **Refresh** button.

To save the system log to your PC, click the **Export** button and follow the dialog box appeared.

Firmware Upgrade

On the **System / Firmware upgrade** page, you can upgrade the firmware of the router and configure the automatic check for updates of the router's firmware.

Upgrade the firmware only when the router is connected to your PC via a wired connection.

System » Firmware	upgrade		
	Local update		
	Select update file:*	t	Browse
On the Firmware upgrade page, you can upgrade the	Remote update		
firmware of the router.	Check for updates automatically:	V	
	Remote server URL:	/ fwupdate.dlink.ru	
		Check for updates	
			Update from file Apply settings

Figure 121. The System / Firmware upgrade page.

The current version of the router's firmware is displayed in the **Firmware version** field located next the D-Link logo in the top left corner of the page.

By default, the automatic check for the router's firmware updates is enabled. If a firmware update is available, a notification will be displayed in the top right corner of the page.

To disable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote update** section, deselect the **Check for updates automatically** checkbox and click the **Apply settings** button.

To enable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote update** section, select the **Check for updates automatically** checkbox and click the **Apply settings** button. By default, in the **Remote server URL** field, the D-Link update server address (**fwupdate.dlink.ru**) is specified.

You can upgrade the firmware of the router locally (from the hard drive of your PC) or remotely (from the update server).

Local Update

Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware upgrade is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router locally, follow the next steps:

- 1. Download a new version of the firmware from www.dlink.ru.
- 2. Click the Browse button on the System / Firmware upgrade page to locate the new firmware file.
- 3. Click the **Update from file** button to upgrade the firmware of the router.
- 4. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
- 5. Log into the web-based interface using the login (admin) and the current password.
- 6. Select the **Factory** line in the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the System caption.
- 7. Wait until the router is rebooted. Log into the web-based interface, using the default IP address, login and password (192.168.0.1, admin, admin).

After the upgrade is completed, the new version of the firmware will be displayed in the Firmware version field in the top left corner of the page.

Remote Update

Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware upgrade is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router remotely, follow the next steps:

- 1. On the **System / Firmware upgrade** page, in the **Remote update** section, click the **Check for updates** button to check if a newer firmware version exists.
- 2. Click the **OK** button in the window displayed to upgrade the firmware of the router. Also you can upgrade the firmware of the router by clicking the **Remote update** button in the bottom right corner of the page (the button is displayed if a newer version of the firmware is available).
- 3. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
- 4. Log into the web-based interface using the login (admin) and the current password.
- 5. Select the **Factory** line in the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption.
- 6. Wait until the router is rebooted. Log into the web-based interface, using the default IP address, login and password (**192.168.0.1**, **admin**, **admin**).

After the upgrade is completed, the new version of the firmware will be displayed in the **Firmware version** field in the top left corner of the page.

NTP Client

On the **System / NTP client** page, you can manually set the time and date of the router or configure automatic synchronization of the system time with a time server on the Internet.

System » NTP clie	nt		
	Mode: Timezone: (GMT) Coordii	NTP 💌	
<text></text>	NTP servers:*	<pre>/ ntpl.dLink.com ntp.dLink.com.tw</pre>	
		Determine timezone	Apply

Figure 122. The System / NTP client page.

To set the system time manually, select the **Manual** value from the **Mode** drop-down list and set the time and date in the fields displayed. Then click the **Apply** button.

To enable automatic synchronization with a time server, follow the next steps:

- 1. Select the **NTP** value from the **Mode** drop-down list.
- 2. Select your time zone from the drop-down list. To set the time zone in accordance with the settings of your operating system, click the **Determine timezone** button in the bottom right corner of the page.
- 3. Specify the needed NTP server in the **NTP servers** field or leave the server specified by default.
- 4. Click the **Apply** button.

When the router is powered off or rebooted, the system time is reset to the default value. If you have set automatic synchronization for the system time, the internal clock of the

<u>device will be configured after connecting to the Internet. If you have set the system time</u> manually, you need to set the time and date again (see above).

Ping

On the **System / Ping** page, you can check availability of a host from the local or global network via the Ping utility.

The Ping utility sends echo requests to a specified host and receives echo replies.

	System » Ping		
~	<image/> <text><text></text></text>	Ping Background ping status: Background ping: Host: Count of packets: Log:	

Figure 123. The System / Ping page.

To check availability of a host, enter the IP address or name of this host in the **Host** field, and select a number of requests that will be sent in order to check its availability from the **Count of packets** drop-down list. Click the **Start** button. The check results will be displayed in the **Log** field.

Also you can run the Ping function in the background mode. To do this, select the **Background ping** checkbox. Then enter the IP address or name of a host in the **Host** field and click the **Start** button. When this mode is selected, the **Count of packets** and **Log** fields are not displayed.

In the background mode, the Ping utility sends requests to the host specified in the **Host** field every 40 seconds. The **Background ping status** light shows the status of the Ping function (green light: the function is running, red light: the function is not running).

To stop running the Ping function in the background mode, deselect the **Background ping** checkbox, enter the IP address or name of a host in the **Host** field, and click the **Start** button.

Traceroute

On the **System / Traceroute** page, you can define the route of data transfer to a host via the traceroute utility.

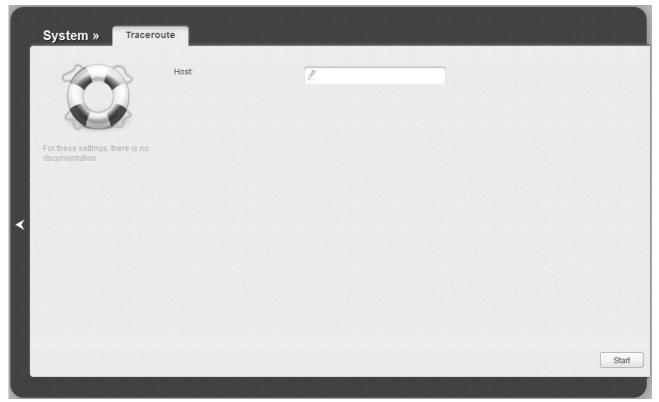


Figure 124. The System / Traceroute page.

To define the route, enter the name or IP address of a host in the **Host** field and click the **Start** button. After a while, the results will be displayed on the page.

Telnet

On the **System / Telnet** page, you can enable or disable access to the device settings via TELNET from your LAN. By default, access is enabled.

System »	Telnet		
4	Telnet configurat	ion	
	On: Port.*	✓✓✓	
On the Telnet page, y enable or disable act the device settings via from your LAN.	cess to		
	Read more		
			Apply

Figure 125. The **System / Telnet** page.

To disable access via TELNET, deselect the **On** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

To enable access via TELNET again, select the **On** checkbox. In the **Port** field, enter the number of the router's port through which access will be allowed (by default, the port **23** is specified). Then click the **Apply** button.

CHAPTER 5. OPERATION GUIDELINES

Safety Instructions

Place your router on a flat horizontal surface or mount the router on the wall (the mounting holes are located on the back panel of the device). Make sure that the router is provided with sufficient ventilation.

To prevent overheating, do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the router.

Plug the router into a surge protector to reduce the risk of damage from power surges and lightning strikes.

Operate the router only from an electrical outlet with the correct power source as indicated on the adapter.

Do not open the cover of the router. Otherwise any warranty will be invalidated.

Unplug the equipment before dusting and cleaning. Use a damp cloth to clean the equipment. Do not use liquid/aerosol cleaners or magnetic/static cleaning devices.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The DIR-615 device lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF noise in your home or office. To maximize your wireless range, follow the guidelines below.

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the DIR-615 device and other network devices to a minimum each wall or ceiling can reduce your wireless network range by 3-90 feet (1-30 meters).
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. Place your devices so that the signal travels straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Building materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on your wireless range. Try to position your router, access points, and computers so that the signal passes through drywalls or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- 4. Keep your router away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- 5. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones or X-10 equipment (wireless devices such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. Note, that the base transmits a signal even if the phone in not in use.

Connecting to Cable or DSL Modem

If you need to connect the router to a cable or DSL modem, do the following.

- 1. Place the router in an open location in the supposed center of your wireless network. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
- 2. Turn off your PC.
- 3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your PC to your modem) from your computer and place it into the **INTERNET** port of your router.
- 4. Plug another Ethernet cable into one of the four LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port of your PC.
- 5. Turn on your modem. Wait until the modem is booted (about 30 seconds).
- 6. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an electrical outlet or power strip. Wait until the router is booted (about 30 seconds).
- 7. Turn on your PC.
- 8. Verify the LEDs of the router. The following LEDs should be on: **POWER**, **LAN** (of the relevant Ethernet port), and **INTERNET**. If not, make sure that your computer, modem, and router are powered on and the relevant cables are connected correctly.

CHAPTER 6. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AC	Access Category
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
BSSID	Basic Service Set Identifier
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name System
DDoS	Distributed Denial of Service
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DMZ	DeMilitarized Zone
DNS	Domain Name System
DTIM	Delivery Traffic Indication Message
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
ISP	Internet Service Provider
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LCP	Link Control Protocol
MAC	Media Access Control
ΜΤυ	Maximum Transmission Unit
NAT	Network Address Translation
NTP	Network Time Protocol
PBC	Push Button Configuration
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PPPoE	Point-to-point protocol over Ethernet
РРТР	Point-to-point tunneling protocol
PSK	Pre-shared key

QoS	Quality of Service
RADIUS	Remote Authentication in Dial-In User Service
RIP	Routing Information Protocol
RTS	Request To Send
RTSP	Real Time Streaming Protocol
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SSID	Service Set Identifier
ΤΚΙΡ	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UPnP	Universal Plug and Play
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WAN	Wide Area Network
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
Wi-Fi	Wireless Fidelity
WISP	Wireless Internet Service Provider
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WMM	Wi-Fi Multimedia
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access
WPS	Wi-Fi Protected Setup