



DIR-620

Wireless N300 Router with 3G/CDMA/LTE Support and USB Port

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CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

Contents and Audience

This manual describes the router DIR-620 and explains how to configure and operate it.

This manual is intended for users familiar with basic networking concepts, who create an in-home local area network, and system administrators, who install and configure networks in offices.

Conventions

Example	Description
text	The body text of the manual.
<i>Before You Begin</i>	A reference to a chapter or section of this manual.
<i>“Quick Installation Guide”</i>	A reference to a document.
Change	A name of a menu, menu item, control (field, checkbox, drop-down list, button, etc.).
192.168.0.1	Data that you should enter in the specified field.
 <u>Information</u>	An important note.

Document Structure

Chapter 1 describes the purpose and structure of the document.

Chapter 2 gives an overview of the router's hardware and software features, describes its appearance and the package contents.

Chapter 3 explains how to install the router DIR-620 and configure a PC in order to access its web-based interface.

Chapter 4 describes all pages of the web-based interface in detail.

Chapter 5 includes safety instructions and tips for networking and connecting additional equipment.

Chapter 6 introduces abbreviations and acronyms used in this manual.

CHAPTER 2. OVERVIEW

General Information

The DIR-620 device is a multifunction wireless router supporting LTE, 3G GSM and CDMA with a built-in switch. It provides a fast and simple way to create a wireless and wired network at home or in an office.

The router is equipped with a USB port for connecting a USB modem¹, which can be used to establish connection to the Internet. In addition, to the USB port of the router you can connect a USB storage device, which will be used as a network drive, or a printer.

Also you are able to connect the multifunction wireless router DIR-620 to a cable or DSL modem or to a private Ethernet line and use a high-speed Internet connection to successfully fulfill a wide range of professional tasks. The built-in 4-port switch enables you to connect Ethernet-enabled computers, game consoles, and other devices to your network.

Using the DIR-620 device, you are able to quickly create a wireless network at home or in your office, which lets your relatives or employees connect to your wireless network virtually anywhere (within the operational range of your wireless network). The router can operate as a base station for connecting wireless devices of the standards 802.11b, 802.11g, and 802.11n (at the rate up to 300Mbps).

The router supports multiple functions for the wireless interface: several security standards (WEP, WPA/WPA2), MAC address filtering, WPS, WMM.

In addition, the device is equipped with a button for switching the Wi-Fi network off/on. If needed, for example, when you leave home, you can easily switch the router's WLAN by pressing the button, and devices connected to the LAN ports of the router will stay online.

The wireless router DIR-620 includes a built-in firewall. The advanced security functions minimize threats of hacker attacks, prevent unwanted intrusions to your network, and block access to unwanted websites for users of your LAN.

You can configure the settings of the wireless router DIR-620 via the user-friendly web-based interface (the interface is available in several languages).

Now you can simply update the firmware: the router itself finds approved firmware on D-Link update server and notifies when ready to install it.

¹ Not included in the delivery package. D-Link does not guarantee compatibility with all USB modems. For the list of supported USB modems, see the *Specifications** section, page 7.

Specifications*

Hardware	
Interfaces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 10/100BASE-TX WAN port · 4 10/100BASE-TX LAN ports · USB 2.0 port
LEDs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · POWER · WPS · INTERNET · WLAN · 4 LAN LEDs · USB
Buttons	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · ON/OFF button to power on/power off · RESET button to restore factory default settings · WPS button to set up secure wireless connection and enable/disable wireless network
Antenna	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Two internal omnidirectional antennas (2.5dBi gain)
MIMO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 2 x 2
Power connector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Power input connector (DC)

Software	
WAN connection types	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · LTE · 3G · PPPoE · IPv6 PPPoE · PPPoE Dual Stack · Static IP / Dynamic IP · Static IPv6 / Dynamic IPv6 · PPPoE + Static IP · PPPoE + Dynamic IP · PPTP/L2TP + Static IP · PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP
Network functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Support of IEEE 802.1X for Internet connection · DHCP server/relay · DHCPv6 server (Stateful/Stateless), IPv6 prefix delegation · DNS relay · Support of DNSv6 AAAA records · Dynamic DNS · Static IP routing · Static IPv6 routing · IGMP Proxy · RIP · Support of UPnP IGD · Support of VLAN · WAN ping respond · Support of SIP · Support of RTSP · Channel reservation

* The device features are subject to change without notice. For the latest versions of the firmware and relevant documentation, visit www.dlink.ru.

Software	
Firewall functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Network Address Translation (NAT) · Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) · IP filters · IPv6 filters · MAC filter · URL filter · DMZ · Prevention of ARP and DDoS attacks · Virtual servers · Built-in Yandex.DNS web content filtering service
VPN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IPSec/PPTP/L2TP/PPPoE pass-through
USB interface functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · USB modem Auto connection to available type of supported network (4G/3G/2G)² Enabling/disabling PIN code check, changing PIN code³ · USB storage File browser Print server Access to storage via accounts Built-in Samba server Built-in FTP server Built-in DLNA server Built-in Transmission torrent client; uploading/downloading files from/to USB storage
Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Local and remote access to settings through TELNET/WEB (HTTP/HTTPS) · Multilingual web-based interface for configuration and management · Notification on connection problems and auto redirect to settings · Firmware update via web-based interface · Automatic notification on new firmware version · Saving/restoring configuration to/from file · Support of remote logging · Automatic synchronization of system time with NTP server and manual time/date setup · Ping function · Traceroute utility · TR-069 client

Wireless Module Parameters	
Standards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IEEE 802.11b/g/n
Frequency range	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 2400 ~ 2483.5MHz
Wireless connection security	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · WEP · WPA/WPA2 (Personal/Enterprise) · MAC filter · WPS (PBC/PIN)
Advanced functions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Support of client mode · WMM (Wi-Fi QoS) · Managing connected stations · Advanced settings
Wireless connection rate	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · IEEE 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, and 11Mbps · IEEE 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54Mbps · IEEE 802.11n: from 6.5 to 300Mbps (from MCS0 to MCS15)

² For LTE and GSM USB modems.

³ For GSM USB modems only.

Wireless Module Parameters	
<p>Transmitter output power</p> <p><i>The maximum value of the transmitter output power depends upon the radio frequency regulations applied in your country</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 802.11b (typical at room temperature 25 °C) 17dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 1, 2, 5.5, 11Mbps · 802.11g (typical at room temperature 25 °C) 14dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54Mbps · 802.11n (typical at room temperature 25 °C) HT20 14dBm (+/-1.5dB) at MCS0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12/13/14/15 HT40 14dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS0/1/2/3/4/5/6/7/8/9/10/11/12/13/14/15
<p>Receiver sensitivity</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 802.11b (typical at PER = 8% (1000-byte PDUs) at room temperature 25 °C) -84dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 1Mbps -82dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 2Mbps -80dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 5.5Mbps -78dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 11Mbps · 802.11g (typical at PER = 10% (1000-byte PDUs) at room temperature 25 °C) -84dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 6Mbps -83dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 9Mbps -81dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 12Mbps -79dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 18Mbps -76dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 24Mbps -72dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 36Mbps -68dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 48Mbps -67dBm (+/-1.5dB) at 54Mbps · 802.11n (typical at PER = 10% (1000-byte PDUs)) HT20 -84dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS0/8 -81dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS1/9 -79dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS2/10 -76dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS3/11 -72dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS4/12 -68dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS5/13 -67dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS6/14 -66dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS7/15 HT40 -81dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS0/8 -78dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS1/9 -76dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS2/10 -73dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS3/11 -69dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS4/12 -65dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS5/13 -64dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS6/14 -63dBm (+/-1dB) at MCS7/15
<p>Modulation schemes</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 802.11b: DQPSK, DBPSK, DSSS, CCK · 802.11g: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM with OFDM · 802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM with OFDM

Physical Parameters	
<p>Dimensions</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 160 x 120 x 59 mm (6.3 x 4.7 x 2.3 in)
<p>Weight</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · 200 g (0.44 lb)

Operating Environment	
Power	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Output: 12V DC, 1A
Temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Operating: from 0 to 40 °C · Storage: from -20 to 65 °C
Humidity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Operating: from 10% to 90% (non-condensing) · Storage: from 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Supported USB modems ⁴	
GSM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Alcatel X500 · D-Link DWM-152C1 · D-Link DWM-156A6 · D-Link DWM-156A7 · D-Link DWM-156C1 · D-Link DWM-157B1 · D-Link DWM-157B1 (Velcom) · D-Link DWM-158D1 · Huawei E150 · Huawei E1550 · Huawei E156G · Huawei E160G · Huawei E169G · Huawei E171 · Huawei E173 (Megafon) · Huawei E220 · Huawei E352 (Megafon) · Huawei E367 (3G mode) · Huawei E392 (3G mode) · ZTE MF112 · ZTE MF192 · ZTE MF626 · ZTE MF627 · ZTE MF652 · ZTE MF667 · ZTE MF668 · ZTE MF752
CDMA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Airplus MCD-650 · Airplus MCD-800 · AnyDATA ADU-300A · AnyDATA ADU-500A · AnyDATA ADU-510A · Huawei EC306 · ZTE AC5710 · ZTE AC5730

⁴ The manufacturer does not guarantee proper operation of the router with every modification of the firmware of USB modems.

Supported USB modems

LTE

- Huawei E3131
- Huawei E3272
- Huawei E367
- Huawei E392
- Megafon M100-1
- Megafon M100-3
- Megafon M100-4
- Megafon M150-1
- MTS 824F
- Yota LU-150
- Yota WLTUBA-107
- ZTE MF823
- ZTE MF827

Product Appearance

Front Panel



Figure 1. Front panel view.

LED	Mode	Description
POWER	<i>Solid green</i>	The router is powered on.
	<i>No light</i>	The router is powered off.
WPS	<i>Blinking green</i>	Attempting to add a wireless device via the WPS function.
	<i>No light</i>	The WPS function is not in use.
INTERNET	<i>Solid green</i>	The Internet connection is on.
	<i>Blinking green</i>	The WAN interface is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	<i>No light</i>	The cable is not connected.

LED	Mode	Description
WLAN	<i>Solid green</i>	The router's WLAN is on.
	<i>Blinking green</i>	The WLAN interface is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	<i>No light</i>	The router's WLAN is off.
LAN 1-4	<i>Solid green</i>	A device (computer) is connected to the relevant port, the connection is on.
	<i>Blinking green</i>	The LAN port is active (upstream or downstream traffic).
	<i>No light</i>	The cable is not connected to the relevant port.
USB	<i>Solid green</i>	A USB device is connected to the router's USB port.
	<i>No light</i>	No USB device.

Side Panel



Figure 2. Side panel view.

Name	Description
WPS	<p>A button to enable/disable the router's wireless network and to quickly add wireless devices to the router's WLAN (the WPS function).</p> <p>To enable/disable the router's wireless network: with the device turned on, press the button, hold for 7 seconds, and then release it.</p> <p>To use the WPS function: with the device turned on, push the button, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The WPS LED should start blinking.</p>
USB	<p>A port for connecting a USB device (modem, storage, printer).</p>

Back Panel



Figure 3. Back panel view.

Port	Description
LAN 1-4	4 Ethernet ports to connect computers or network devices.
INTERNET	A port to connect to a cable or DSL modem or to a private Ethernet line (it is recommended to use the cable included in the delivery package).
RESET	A button to restore the factory default settings. To restore the factory defaults, push the button (with the device turned on), hold it for 10 seconds, and then release the button.
12VDC IN	Power connector.
ON/OFF	A button to turn the router on/off.

The device is also equipped with built-in Wi-Fi antennas.

Delivery Package

The following should be included:

- Router DIR-620
- Power adapter DC 12V/1A
- Ethernet cable (CAT 5E)
- “***Quick Installation Guide***” (brochure).

The “***User Manual***” and “***Quick Installation Guide***” documents are available on D-Link website (see www.dlink.ru).



Using a power supply with a different voltage rating than the one included will cause damage and void the warranty for this product.

CHAPTER 3. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

Before You Begin

Please, read this manual prior to installing the device. Make sure that you have all the necessary information and equipment.

Operating System

Configuration of the multifunction wireless router DIR-620 supporting LTE, 3G GSM and CDMA with a built-in switch (hereinafter referred to as “the router”) is performed via the built-in web-based interface. The web-based interface is available from any operating system that supports a web browser.

Web Browser

The following web browsers are recommended:

- Apple Safari 5 and later
- Google Chrome 5 and later
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 8 and later
- Mozilla Firefox 5 and later
- Opera 10 and later.

For successful operation, JavaScript should be enabled on the web browser. Make sure that JavaScript has not been disabled by other software (such as virus protection or web user security packages) running on your computer.

Wired or Wireless NIC (Ethernet or Wi-Fi Adapter)

Any computer that uses the router should be equipped with an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter (NIC). If your computer is not equipped with such a device, install an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter prior to using the router.

Wireless Connection

Wireless workstations from your network should be equipped with a wireless 802.11b, g, or n NIC (Wi-Fi adapter). In addition, you should specify the values of SSID, channel number and security settings defined in the web-based interface of the router for all these wireless workstations.

USB Modem

To connect to an LTE, 3G GSM or CDMA network, you should use a USB modem. Connect it to the USB port of the router, then access the web-based interface of the router, and you will be able to configure a connection to the Internet⁵.

Your USB modem should be equipped with an active identification card (SIM or R-UIM) of your operator.



Some operators require subscribers to activate their USB modems prior to using them. Please, refer to connection guidelines provided by your operator when concluding the agreement or placed on its website.

For LTE and CDMA USB modems, it is required to disable the PIN code check on the identification card prior to connecting the USB modem to the router.

⁵ Contact your operator to get information on the service coverage and fees.

Connecting to PC

PC with Ethernet Adapter

1. Make sure that your PC is powered off.
2. Connect an Ethernet cable between any of LAN ports located on the back panel of the router and the Ethernet port of your PC.
3. To connect via an LTE, 3G GSM or CDMA network: connect your USB modem to the USB port⁶ located on the left side panel of the router.

! If you need to connect or change a USB modem to another one when the router is powered on, power off the router, connect the modem to the USB port, and power on the router.

4. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
5. Turn on the router by pressing the **ON/OFF** button on its back panel.
6. Turn on your PC and wait until your operating system is completely loaded.

Obtaining IP Address Automatically in OS Windows XP

1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel > Network and Internet Connections > Network Connections** window.
2. In the **Network Connections** window, right-click the relevant **Local Area Connection** icon and select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.

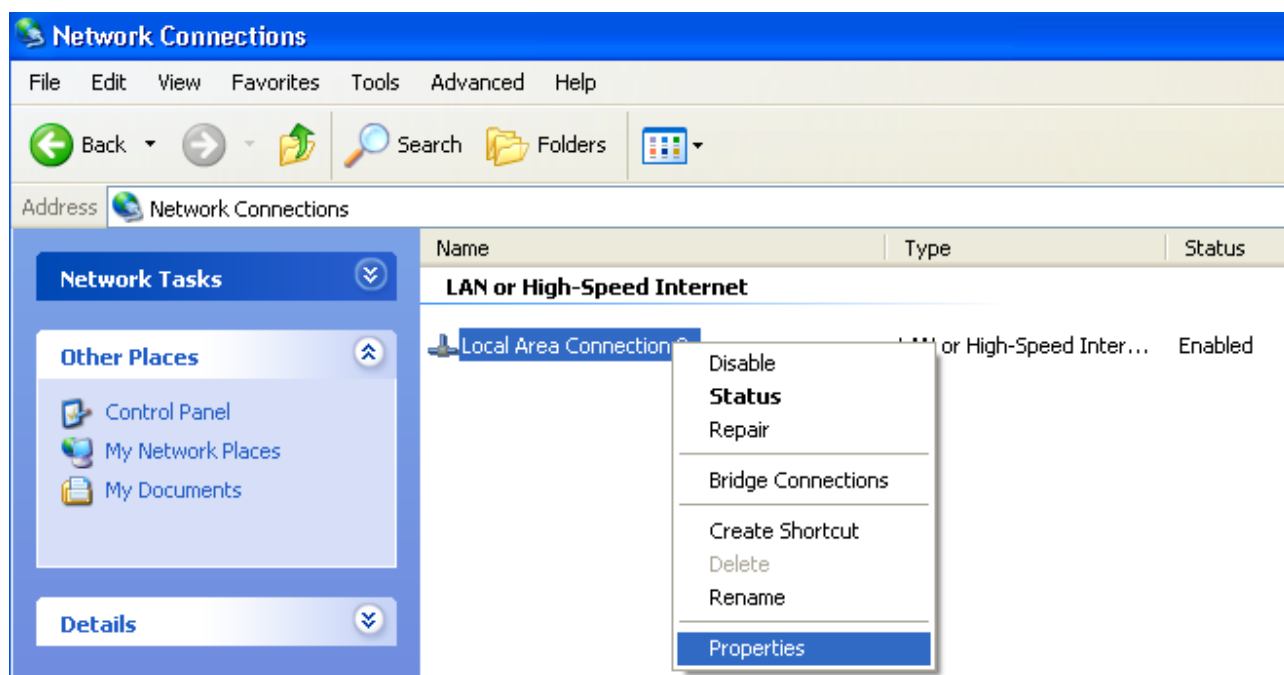


Figure 4. The **Network Connections** window.

⁶ It is recommended to use a USB extension cable to connect a USB modem to the router.

3. In the **Local Area Connection Properties** window, on the **General** tab, select the **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** line. Click the **Properties** button.

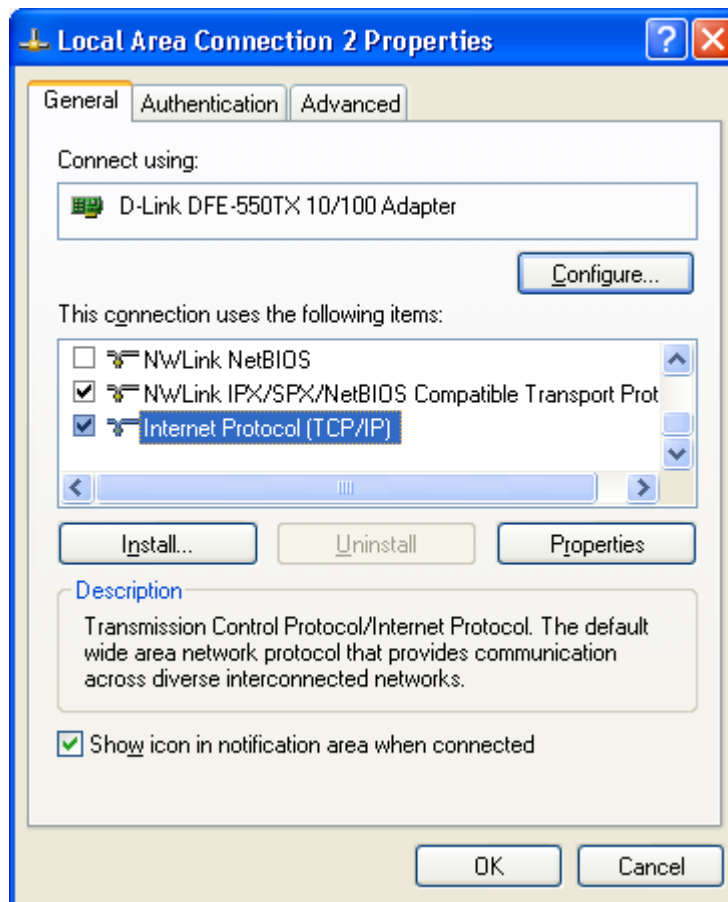


Figure 5. The **Local Area Connection Properties** window.

4. Select the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio buttons. Click the **OK** button.

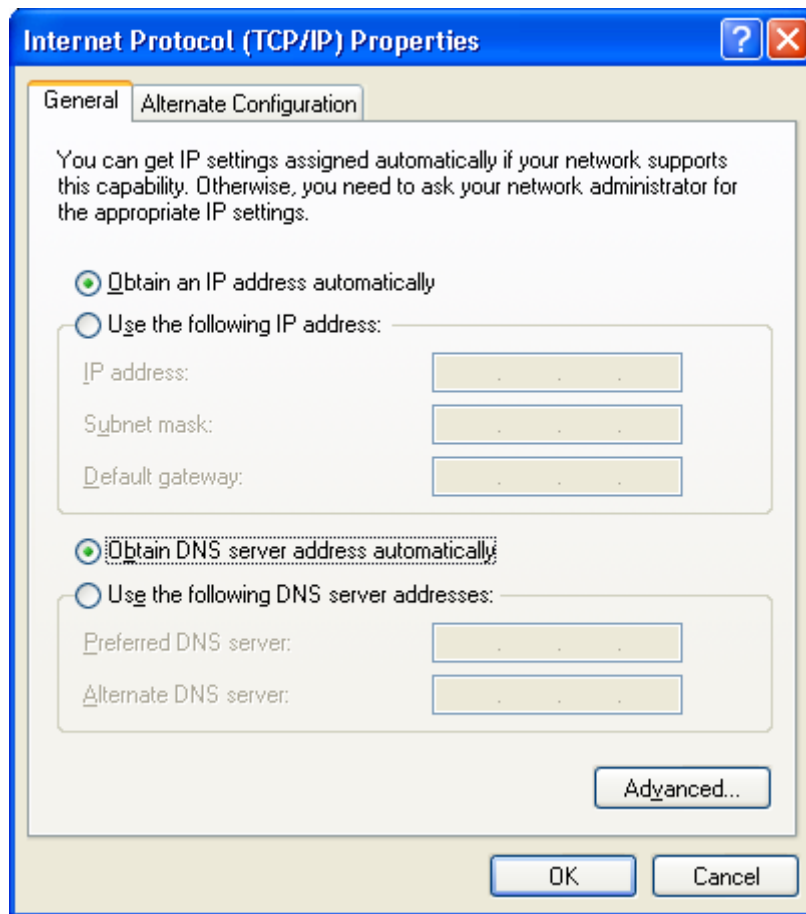


Figure 6. The **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties** window.

5. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.

Now your computer is configured to obtain an IP address automatically.

Obtaining IP Address Automatically in OS Windows 7

1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel** window.
2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)

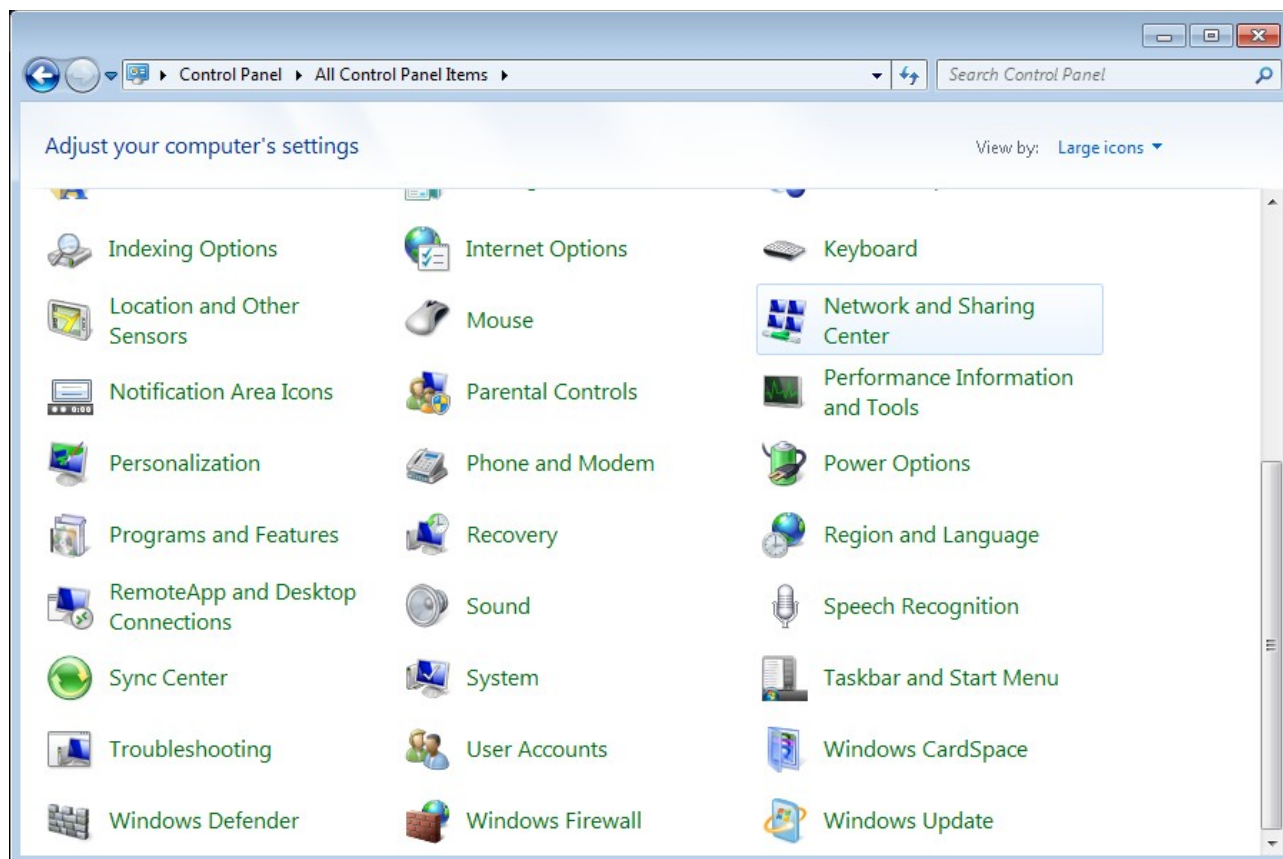


Figure 7. The **Control Panel** window.

3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.

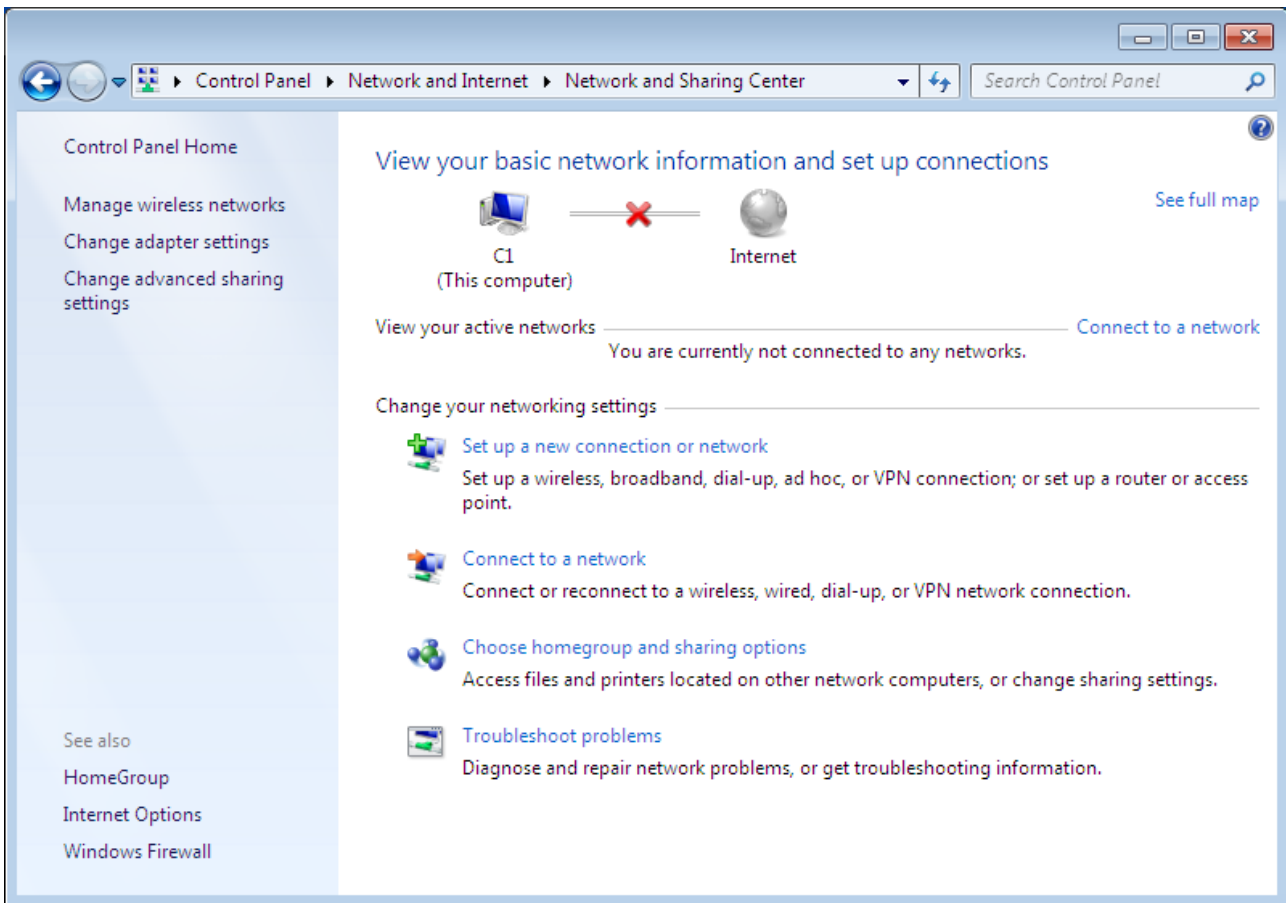


Figure 8. The **Network and Sharing Center** window.

4. In the opened window, right-click the relevant **Local Area Connection** icon and select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.

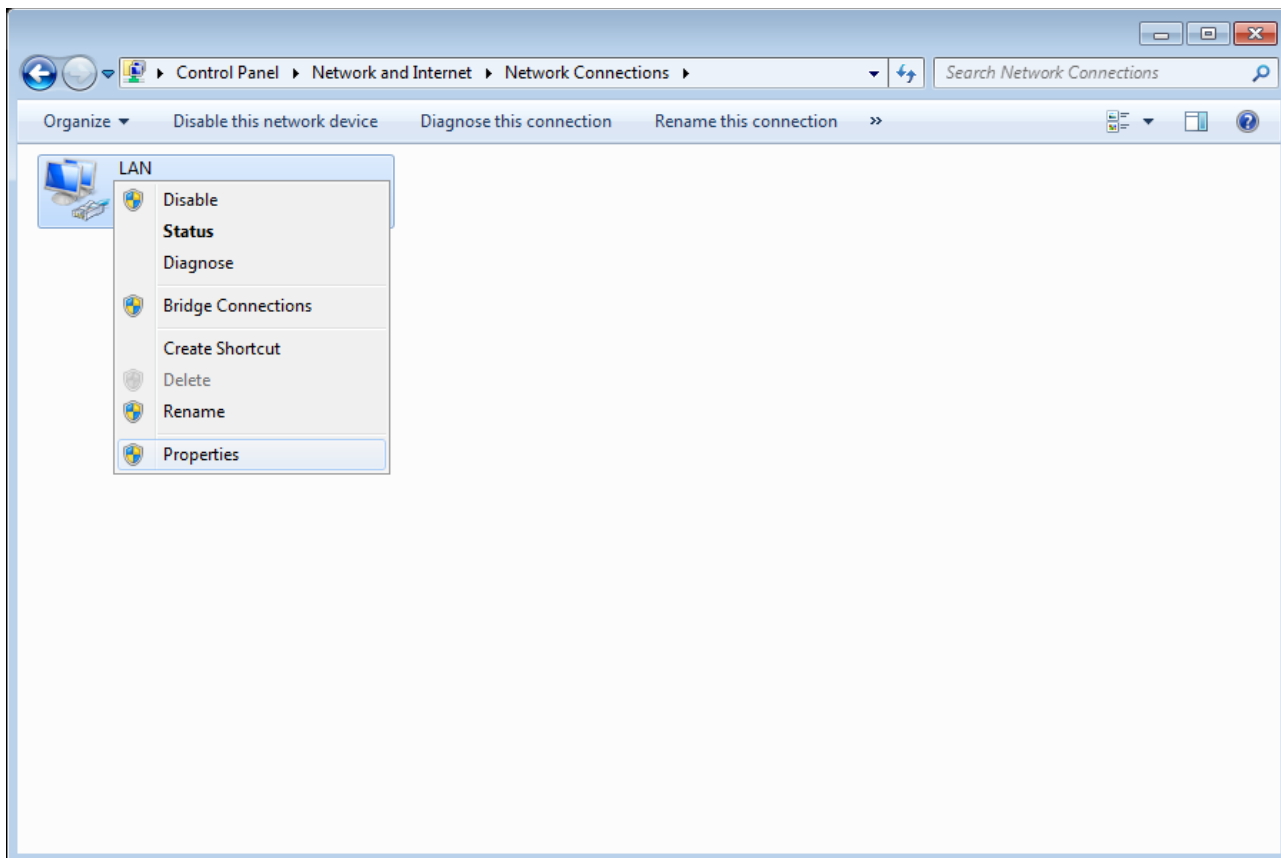


Figure 9. The **Network Connections** window.

5. In the **Local Area Connection Properties** window, on the **Networking** tab, select the **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** line. Click the **Properties** button.

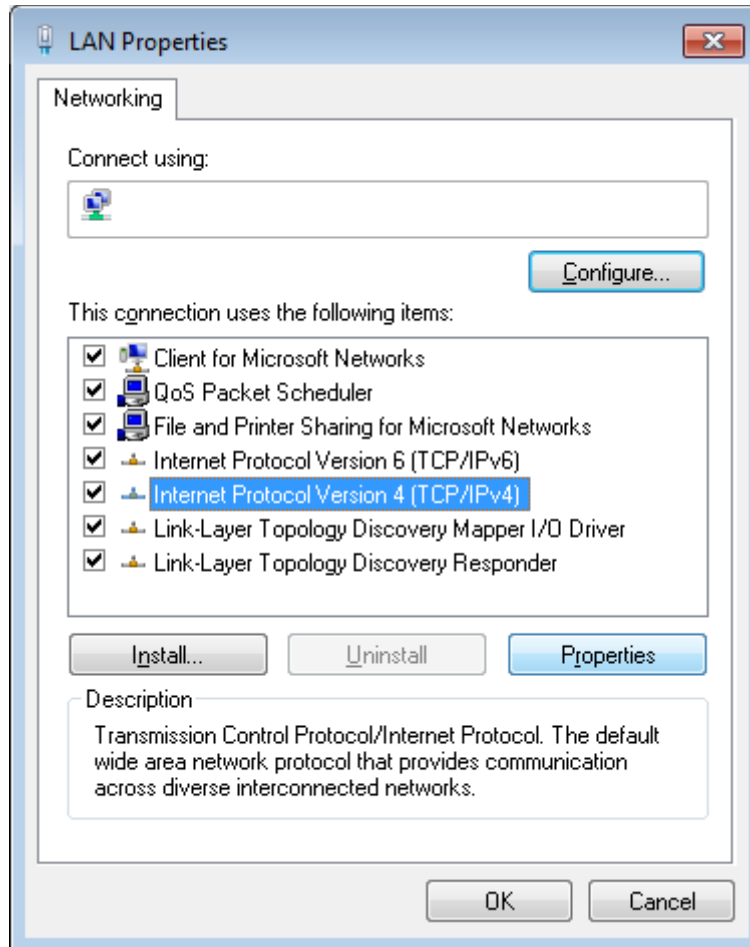


Figure 10. The **Local Area Connection Properties** window.

6. Select the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio buttons. Click the **OK** button.

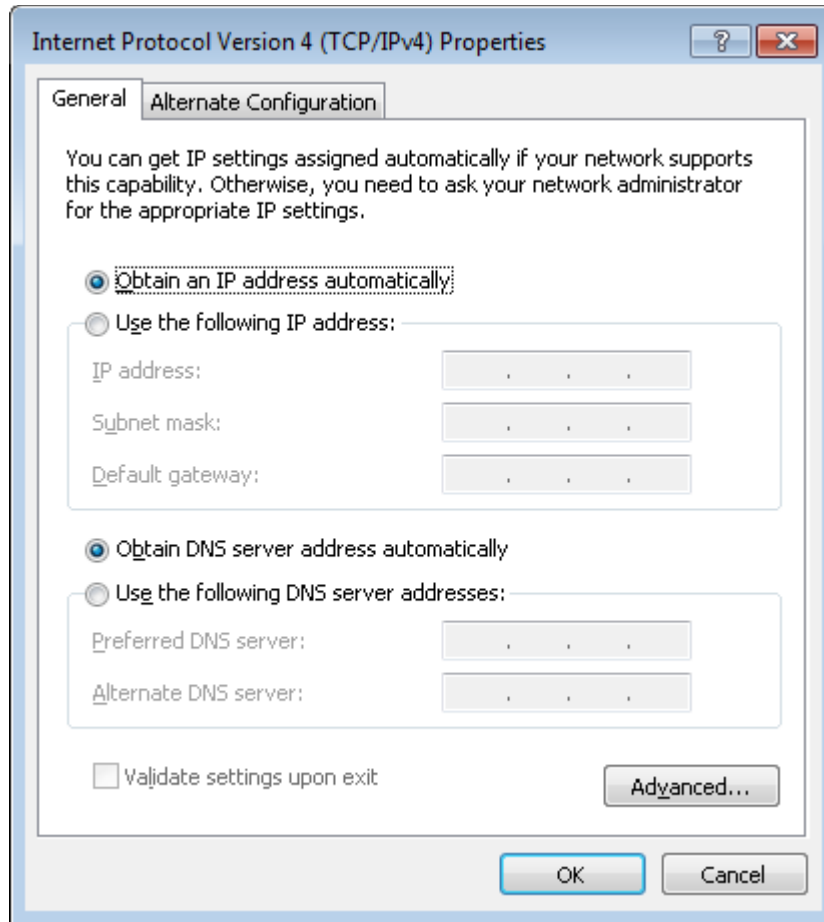


Figure 11. The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window.

7. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.

Now your computer is configured to obtain an IP address automatically.

PC with Wi-Fi Adapter

1. To connect via an LTE, 3G GSM or CDMA network: connect your USB modem to the USB port⁷ located on the left side panel of the router.

! If you need to connect or change a USB modem to another one when the router is powered on, power off the device, connect the modem to the USB port, and power on the router.

2. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
3. Turn on the router by pressing the **ON/OFF** button on its back panel.
4. Turn on your PC and wait until your operating system is completely loaded.
5. Turn on your Wi-Fi adapter. As a rule, modern notebooks with built-in wireless NICs are equipped with a button or switch that turns on/off the wireless adapter (refer to your PC documents). If your PC is equipped with a pluggable wireless NIC, install the software provided with your Wi-Fi adapter.

⁷ It is recommended to use a USB extension cable to connect a USB modem to the router.

Configuring Wi-Fi Adapter in OS Windows XP

1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel > Network and Internet Connections > Network Connections** window.
2. Select the icon of the wireless network connection and make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on.

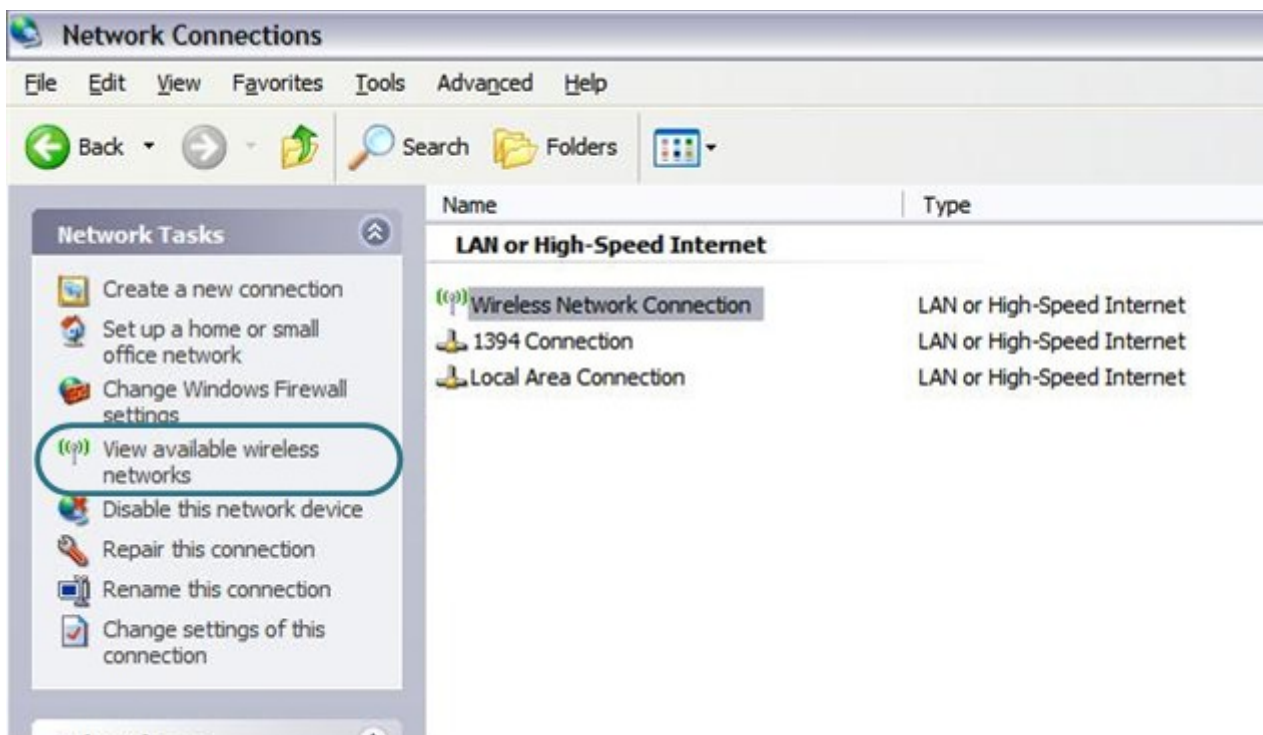


Figure 12. The **Network Connections** window.

3. Search for available wireless networks.
4. In the opened **Wireless Network Connection** window, select the wireless network **DIR-620** and click the **Connect** button.
5. In the opened window, enter the network key (see WPS PIN on the barcode label on the bottom panel of the device) in the **Network key** and **Confirm network key** fields and click the **Connect** button.

After that the **Wireless Network Connection Status** window appears.

! If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, note that immediately after changing the wireless default settings of the router you will need to reconfigure the wireless connection using the newly specified settings.

Configuring Wi-Fi Adapter in OS Windows 7

1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel** window.
2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)

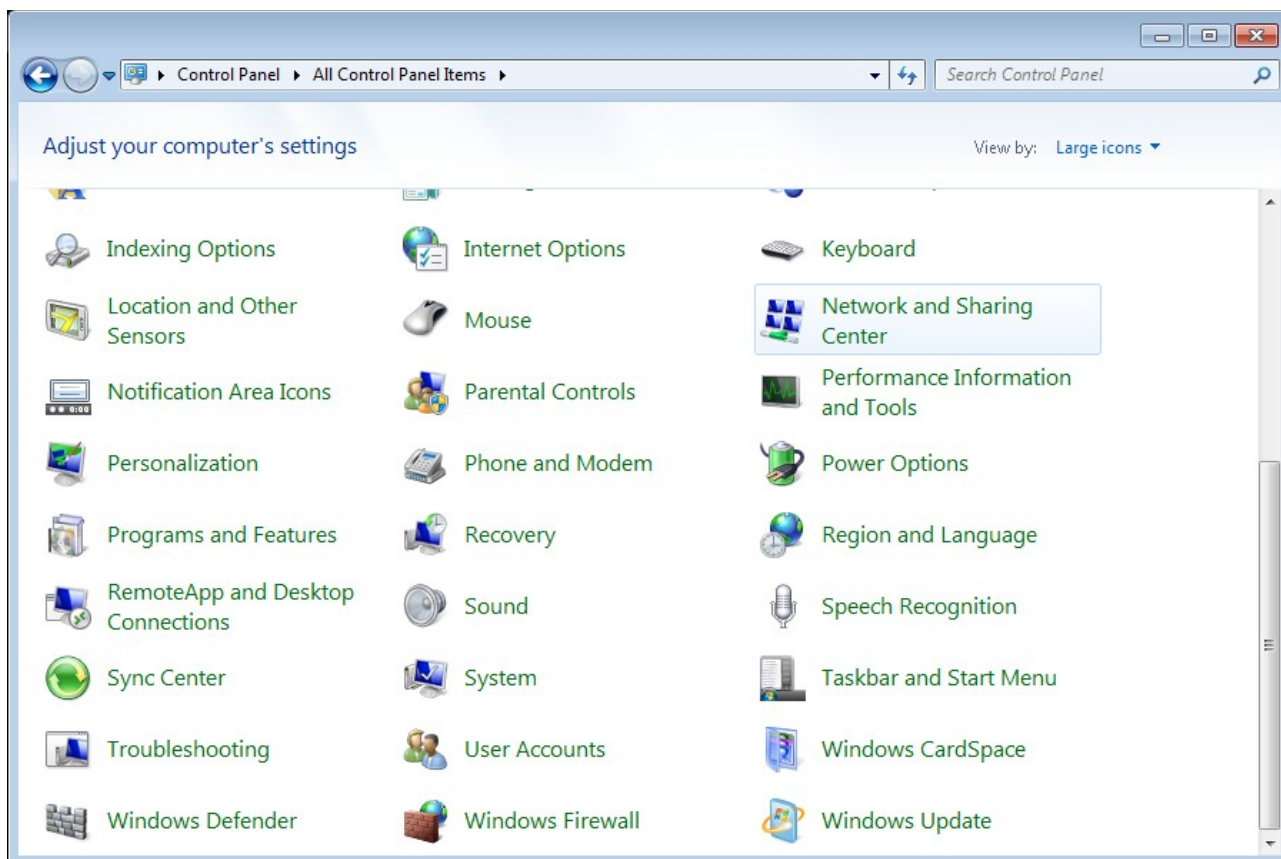


Figure 13. The **Control Panel** window.

3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.
4. In the opened window, select the icon of the wireless network connection and make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on.
5. To open the list of available wireless networks, select the icon of the wireless network connection and click the **Connect To** button or left-click the network icon in the notification area located on the right side of the taskbar.

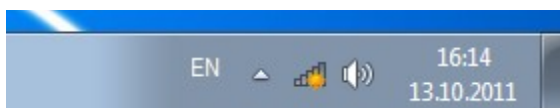


Figure 14. The notification area of the taskbar.

- In the opened window, in the list of available wireless networks, select the wireless network **DIR-620** and click the **Connect** button.

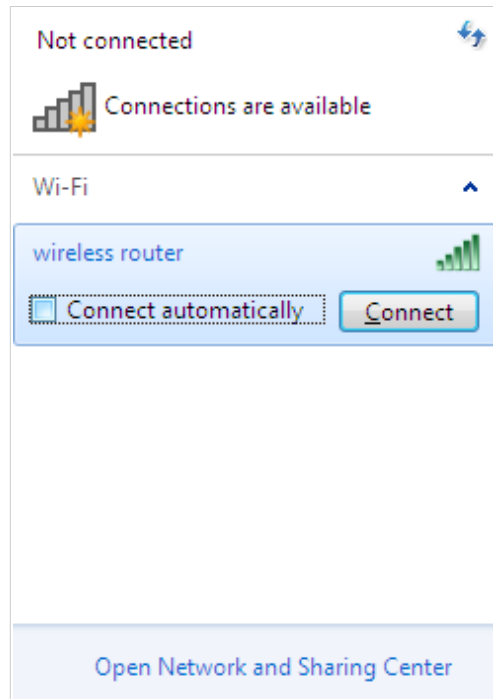


Figure 15. The list of available networks.

- In the opened window, enter the network key (see WPS PIN on the barcode label on the bottom panel of the device) in the **Security key** field and click the **OK** button.
- Wait for about 20-30 seconds. After the connection is established, the network icon will be displayed as the signal level scale.

! If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, note that immediately after changing the wireless default settings of the router you will need to reconfigure the wireless connection using the newly specified settings.

Connecting to Web-based Interface

When you have configured your computer, you can access the web-based interface and configure needed parameters (create a WAN connection, change the parameters of the wireless network, specify the settings of the firewall, etc.).

Start a web browser (see the *Before You Begin* section, page 17). In the address bar of the web browser, enter the IP address of the router (by default, the following IP address is specified: **192.168.0.1**). Press the **Enter** key.



Figure 16. Connecting to the web-based interface of the DIR-620 device.



If the error “The page cannot be displayed” (or “Unable to display the page”/“Could not connect to remote server”) occurs upon connecting to the web-based interface of the router, make sure that you have properly connected the router to your computer.

After the first access to the web-based interface you need to change the default administrator password. Enter the new password in the **Password** and **Confirmation** fields. You may set any password except **admin**. Use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard. Then click the **Apply** button.

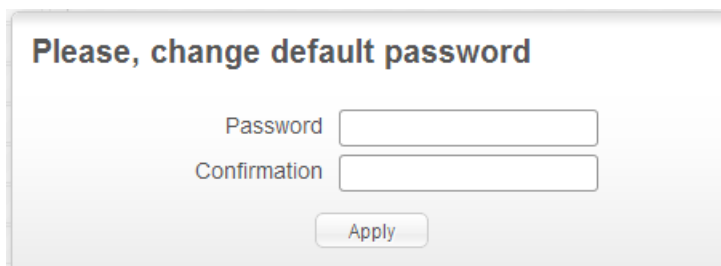
A screenshot of a web form titled "Please, change default password". The form contains two input fields: "Password" and "Confirmation". Below the input fields is an "Apply" button.

Figure 17. The page for changing the default administrator password.



Remember or write down the new password for the administrator account. In case of losing the new password, you can access the settings of the router only after restoring the factory default settings via the hardware **RESET** button. This procedure wipes out all settings that you have configured for your router.

When the web-based interface is accessed the next time and after, the login page opens. Enter the username (**admin**) in the **Login** field and the password you specified in the **Password** field, then click the **Enter** button.



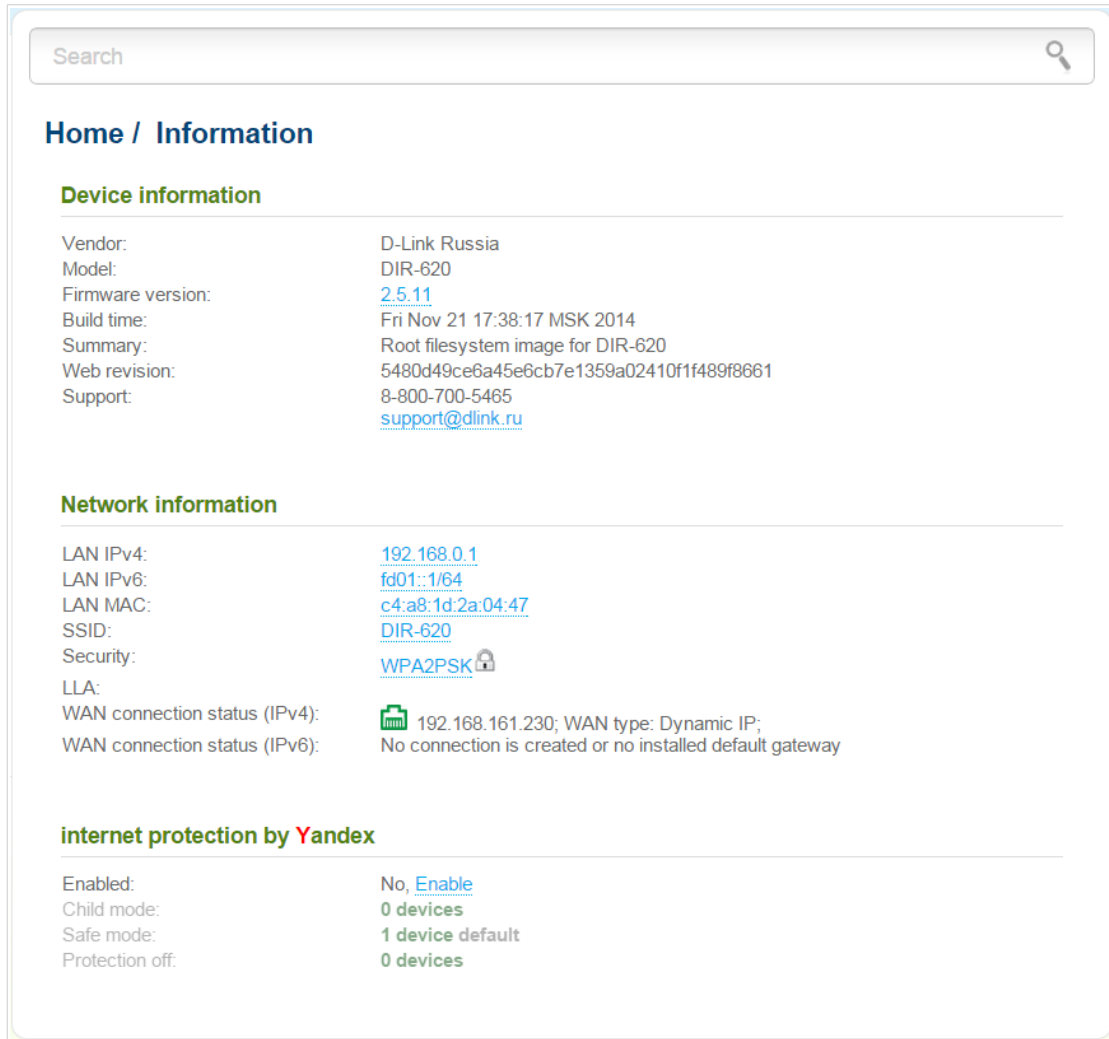
The image shows a web-based login interface for a D-Link device. At the top, there is a grey header bar with the text "D-LINK DEVICE" in blue. Below the header, the page contains two input fields. The first is labeled "Login" and the second is labeled "Password". Below these fields are two buttons: "Clear" and "Enter".

Figure 18. The login page.

Web-based Interface Structure



General Information Page

After successful registration the **Home / Information** page opens.



The screenshot displays the 'Home / Information' page of the DIR-620 web-based interface. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the page title 'Home / Information' is shown. The page is divided into three main sections: 'Device information', 'Network information', and 'internet protection by Yandex'. Each section contains a list of key-value pairs representing system and network details.

Device information	
Vendor:	D-Link Russia
Model:	DIR-620
Firmware version:	2.5.11
Build time:	Fri Nov 21 17:38:17 MSK 2014
Summary:	Root filesystem image for DIR-620
Web revision:	5480d49ce6a45e6cb7e1359a02410f1f489f8661
Support:	8-800-700-5465 support@dlink.ru

Network information	
LAN IPv4:	192.168.0.1
LAN IPv6:	fd01::1/64
LAN MAC:	c4:a8:1d:2a:04:47
SSID:	DIR-620
Security:	WPA2PSK 
LLA:	
WAN connection status (IPv4):	 192.168.161.230; WAN type: Dynamic IP;
WAN connection status (IPv6):	No connection is created or no installed default gateway

internet protection by Yandex	
Enabled:	No, Enable
Child mode:	0 devices
Safe mode:	1 device default
Protection off:	0 devices

Figure 19. The general information page.

The web-based interface of the router is multilingual. If you need to select another language for the web-based interface, place the mouse pointer over the **English** caption in the top part of the page and select a language from the menu displayed.

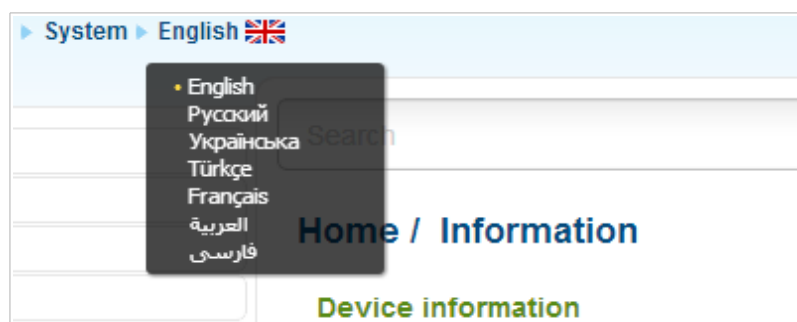


Figure 20. Changing the language of the web-based interface.

The **Home / Information** page displays general information on the router and its software. From the page you can quickly get to some pages of the web-based interface.

To upgrade the firmware of the router, left-click the current firmware version (the right column of the **Firmware version** line) and follow the dialog box appeared.

To contact the technical support group (to send an e-mail), left-click the support e-mail address (the right column of the **Support** line). After clicking the line, the e-mail client window for sending a new letter to the specified address opens.

To edit the router's local interface parameters, left-click the IPv4, IPv6, or MAC address of the local interface (the right column of the lines **LAN IPv4**, **LAN IPv6**, or **LAN MAC** correspondingly). After clicking the line, the page for editing the LAN interface opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *LAN* section, page 126).

To configure the router's WLAN basic parameters, left-click the SSID of the WLAN (the right column of the **SSID** line). After clicking the line, the **Wi-Fi / Basic settings** page opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *Basic Settings* section, page 132).

To configure security settings of the WLAN, left-click the network authentication type (the right column of the **Security** line). After clicking the line, the **Wi-Fi / Security settings** page opens (for the detailed description of the page, see the *Security Settings* section, page 134).

To proceed to the page for configuring the Yandex.DNS web content filtering service, left-click the name of the **internet protection by Yandex** section. Also you can enable/disable the service or change the default mode directly from the general information page.

Menu Sections

To configure the router use the menu in the left part of the page.

The **Monitoring** section provides an interactive scheme which illustrates the router's settings and the LAN structure.

In the **Home** section you can run the needed Wizard.

To configure connection to the Internet, go to the **Click'n'Connect** page (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Click'n'Connect* section, page 43).

To configure the router's wireless network, go to the **Wireless network settings wizard** page (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Wireless Network Settings Wizard* section, page 70).

To configure access from the Internet to a web server located in your LAN, go to the **Virtual server settings wizard** page (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *Virtual Server Settings Wizard* section, page 76).

To configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box, go to the **IPTV settings wizard** page (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the *IPTV Settings Wizard* section, page 78).

The pages of the **Status** section display data on the current state of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Status* section, page 79).

The pages of the **Net** section are designed for configuring basic parameters of the LAN interface of the router and creating a connection to the Internet (for the description of the pages, see the *Net* section, page 85).

The pages of the **Wi-Fi** section are designed for specifying all needed settings of the router's wireless network (for the description of the pages, see the *Wi-Fi* section, page 132).

The pages of the **Advanced** section are designed for configuring additional parameters of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Advanced* section, page 154).

The pages of the **Firewall** section are designed for configuring the firewall of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Firewall* section, page 172).

The pages of the **3G/LTE modem** section are designed to operate the connected LTE, 3G GSM or CDMA USB modem (for the description of the pages, see the *3G/LTE Modem* section, page 181).

The pages of the **USB storage** section are designed to operate the connected USB storage (for the description of the pages, see the *USB Storage* section, page 185).

The pages of the **Transmission** section are designed for configuration of the built-in Transmission torrent client and management of downloading process (for the description of the pages, see the *Transmission* section, page 192).

The pages of the **Control** section are designed for creating restrictions on access to the Internet (for the description of the page, see the *Control* section, page 195).

The pages of the **Yandex.DNS** section are designed for configuring the Yandex.DNS web content filtering service (for the description of the pages, see the *Yandex.DNS* section, page 197).

The pages of the **System** section provide functions for managing the internal system of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *System* section, page 200).

Also you can find a specific page via search. To do this, enter the name of the page, wholly or partly, in the search bar in the top part of the web-based interface page, and then select a needed link in the search results.

Notifications and System Drop-down Menu

The router's web-based interface displays the notifications in the top right part of the page.

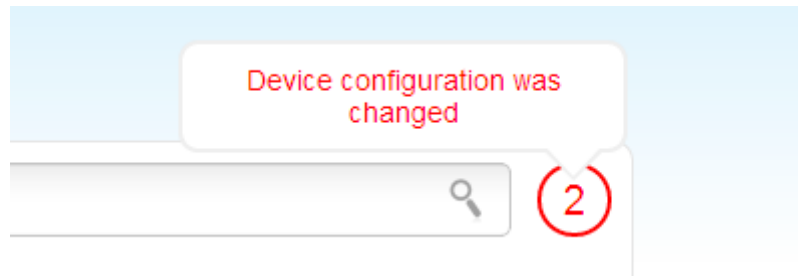


Figure 21. The web-based interface notifications.

Click the icon displaying the number of notifications to view the complete list and click the relevant link.

! Note that you should regularly save the changes of the router's settings to the non-volatile memory.

You can save the router's settings via the menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption in the top left part of the page. Also the **System** menu allows you to reboot the device, create and load the configuration backup, restore the factory defaults, update the firmware, disable/enable the WLAN, and safely remove the USB storage connected to the router.

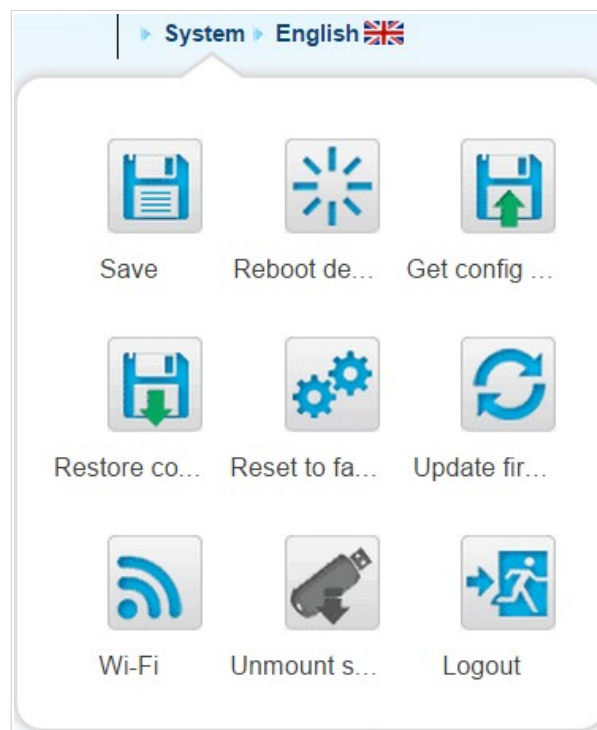











Figure 22. The **System** menu in the top part of the page.

Control	Description
 Save	<p>Click the icon to save new settings to the non-volatile memory.</p> <p>Also you can save the device's parameters via the Save button on the System / Configuration page.</p>
 Reboot device	<p>Click the icon to reboot the device. All unsaved changes will be lost after the device's reboot.</p>
 Get config backup	<p>Click the icon to save the configuration (all settings of the router) to your PC. The configuration backup will be stored in the download location of your web browser.</p> <p>Also you can create the configuration backup via the Backup button on the System / Configuration page.</p>
 Restore config	<p>Click the icon to go to the System / Configuration page.</p>
 Reset to factory	<p>Click the icon to restore the factory default settings. Also you can restore the factory defaults via the Factory button on the System / Configuration page.</p> <p>Also you can restore the factory default settings via the hardware RESET button. The button is located on the back panel of the router next to the power connector. Push the button (with the router powered on) and hold for 10 seconds. Then release the button.</p>
 Update firmware	<p>Click the icon to update the firmware of the router.</p> <p>Also you can update the firmware on the System / Firmware upgrade page.</p>
 Wi-Fi	<p>Click the icon to disable or enable the device's WLAN.</p> <p>Also you can disable/enable the router's WLAN on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings page.</p>
 Unmount storage	<p>Click the icon to safely disconnect the USB storage.</p> <p>Also you can safely disconnect the USB storage on the USB storage / Information page.</p>

Control	Description
 Logout	Click the icon to exit the web-based interface.

CHAPTER 4. CONFIGURING VIA WEB-BASED INTERFACE

Monitoring

The page displays an interactive scheme which illustrates the router's settings and the LAN structure.

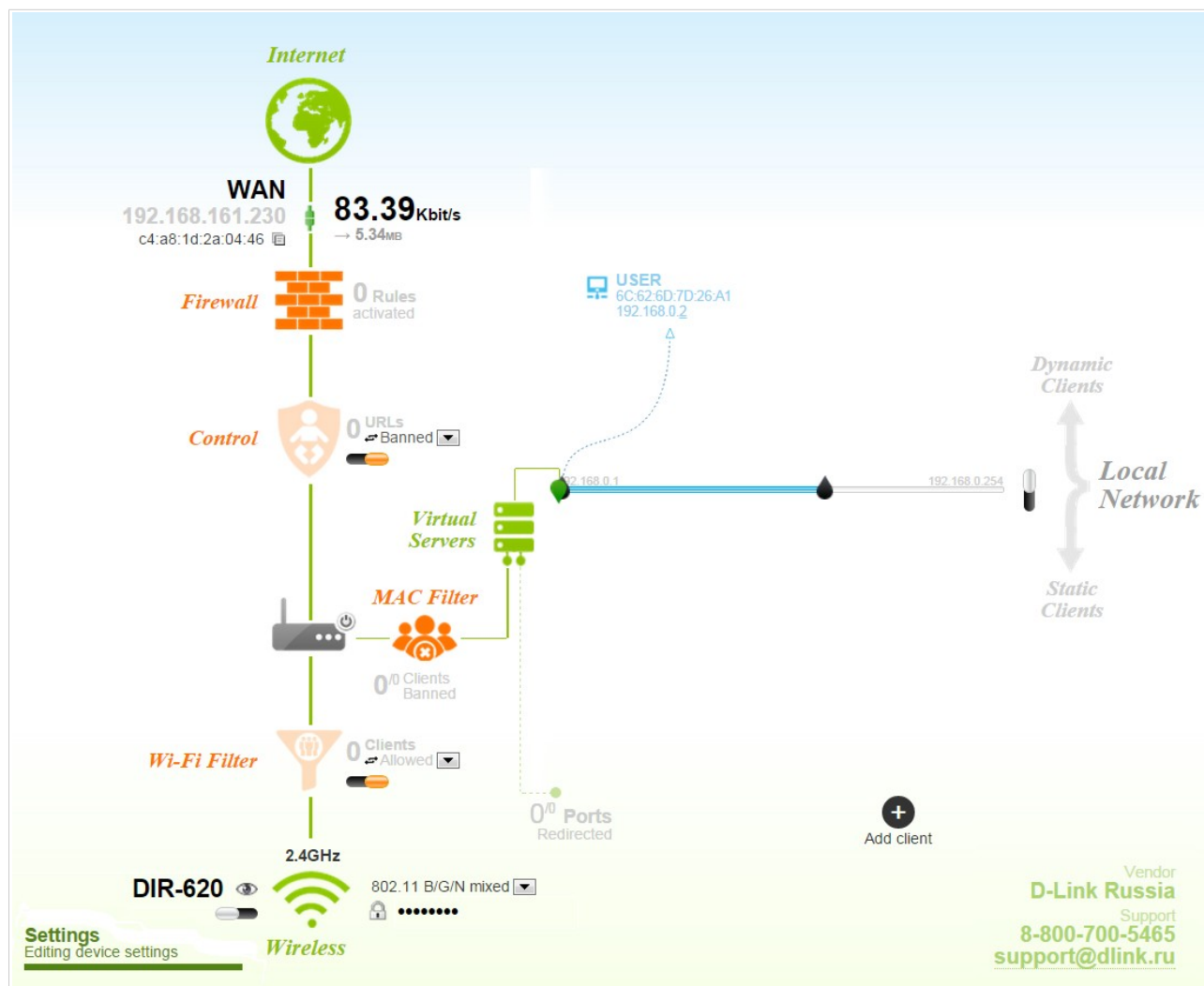
















Figure 23. The *Monitoring* page.

Also you can modify the basic parameters of the router on the **Monitoring** page. To access the router's advanced settings, click the **Editing device settings** link in the bottom left corner of the page. For the detailed description of all the router's functions, see the relevant section of this manual.

The interactive scheme displays the following elements:

Control	Description
 <p>Internet</p>	<p>The Internet element displays information on the active connection. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to switch to another connection, remove existing connections, or add new ones.</p> <p>If the Ethernet cable provided by your ISP is connected to the WAN port of the router, to the left, the name of the active connection, received or specified IP address, and the MAC address of this connection are displayed. You can change the MAC address in the editing mode or clone the MAC address of a connected device by placing the mouse pointer over the Clone MAC address icon ().</p> <p>To the right, the approximate data transfer rate and the total value of the received data are displayed.</p>
 <p>Firewall</p>	<p>The Firewall element displays the number of the IP filter active rules. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to view the list of the IP filter rules, remove existing rules, add new ones, or quickly switch the filtering mode for a rule.</p>
 <p>Control</p>	<p>The Control element displays the number of blocked/allowed web sites. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to view the list of web sites, remove existing entries, or add new ones.</p> <p>Use the Enable/Disable URL-filter switch () to enable or disable the URL filter.</p> <p>Use the drop-down list to the right of the element to quickly change the operating mode: block access to web sites from the list or allow access to web sites from the list.</p>
 <p>Device</p>	<p>The Device element displays the layout of your device. Place the mouse pointer over the top right corner of this icon to display the system menu which helps you to reboot the device, save the configuration, restore the factory default settings, update the firmware, exit the web-based interface.</p>
 <p>MAC Filter</p>	<p>The MAC Filter element displays the total number of clients to which the filtering rules are applied and the number of blocked clients. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to view the list of filtered clients, remove existing clients, add new ones, or quickly switch the filtering mode for a client.</p>

Control	Description
 <p>Virtual Servers</p>	<p>The Virtual Servers element is designed for redirecting incoming traffic to a specific IP address in the LAN. It displays the total number of rules for redirecting traffic and the number of rules active in this specific LAN. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to view the list of all rules for redirecting traffic, remove existing rules, or add new ones.</p>
 <p>DHCP</p>	<p>The DHCP element is a scale where the range of the DHCP server addresses is placed. Dynamic clients receive IP addresses from this range.</p> <p>Use the Enable/Disable DHCP Server switch () to enable or disable DHCP server. If you want to change the range, enter a value from the keyboard in the editing mode or move the sliders. In the editing mode, you can specify the subnet mask.</p>
 <p>Dynamic Clients</p>	<p>The Dynamic Clients area displays all connected dynamic clients. An icon of a client displays the name of a device, its MAC address, and received IP address. The list of actions available for each client is displayed when the mouse pointer is over an icon. If you want to assign the current IP address to the MAC address of the client, drag and drop its icon to the static clients area.</p>
 <p>Static Clients</p>	<p>The Static Clients area displays all static clients. An icon of a client displays the name of a device, its MAC address, and received IP address. The list of actions available for each client is displayed when the mouse pointer is over an icon. If you want to break the binding between the MAC address of the client and its current IP address, drag and drop its icon to the dynamic clients area. Use the Add client button to add static clients.</p>

Control	Description
 <p>Wireless</p>	<p>The Wireless element displays information on Wi-Fi module operation. To the left, the name of the access point is displayed. You can change it in the editing mode.</p> <p>Use the Hide Access Point switch (👁️/🚫) to forbid or allow other users to see your wireless network.</p> <p>Use the Enable/Disable Wireless switch (🔘) to enable or disable your wireless network.</p> <p>To the right, the standards of devices which can connect to the access point are displayed. You can select other standards from the drop-down list.</p> <p>Use the Enable/Disable password protection switch (🔒/🔓) to modify security settings of your wireless network. If you want to view or change the password, switch to the editing mode of the relevant field.</p>
 <p>Wireless (Client Mode)</p>	<p>The Wireless (Client Mode) element displays operation of Wi-Fi module in the client mode. To the right of the graphical representation of another access point, its name and MAC address are displayed.</p> <p>Use the Disable client mode switch (🔘) to disable the client mode.</p>
 <p>Wi-Fi Filter</p>	<p>The Wi-Fi Filter element displays the number of MAC addresses specified in the MAC filter. The element is unavailable when the Wi-Fi module is in the client mode. Place the mouse pointer over the icon to view the list of MAC addresses, remove existing addresses, or add new ones.</p> <p>Use the Enable/Disable Wi-Fi filter switch (🔘) to enable or disable the Wi-Fi filter.</p> <p>Use the drop-down list to the right of the element to quickly change the mode of the filter (allow or forbid access to your wireless network).</p>

In this section, you can contact the technical support group (to send an e-mail). To do this, left-click the support e-mail address in the bottom right corner of the page. After clicking the line, the e-mail client window for sending a new letter to the specified address opens.

Click'n'Connect

To configure connection to the Internet, click the **Click'n'Connect** link in the **Home** section.

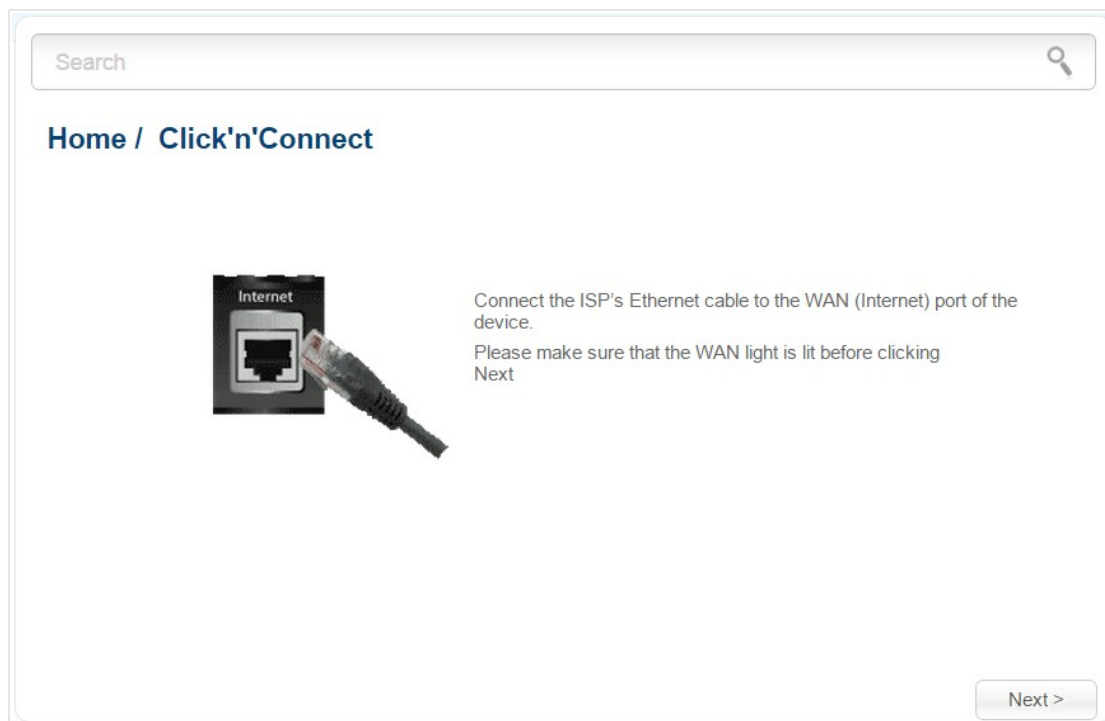


Figure 24. Configuring connection to the Internet.

Connect the Ethernet cable provided by your ISP to the WAN port of the router. Verify the relevant LED (the **INTERNET** LED should be on).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

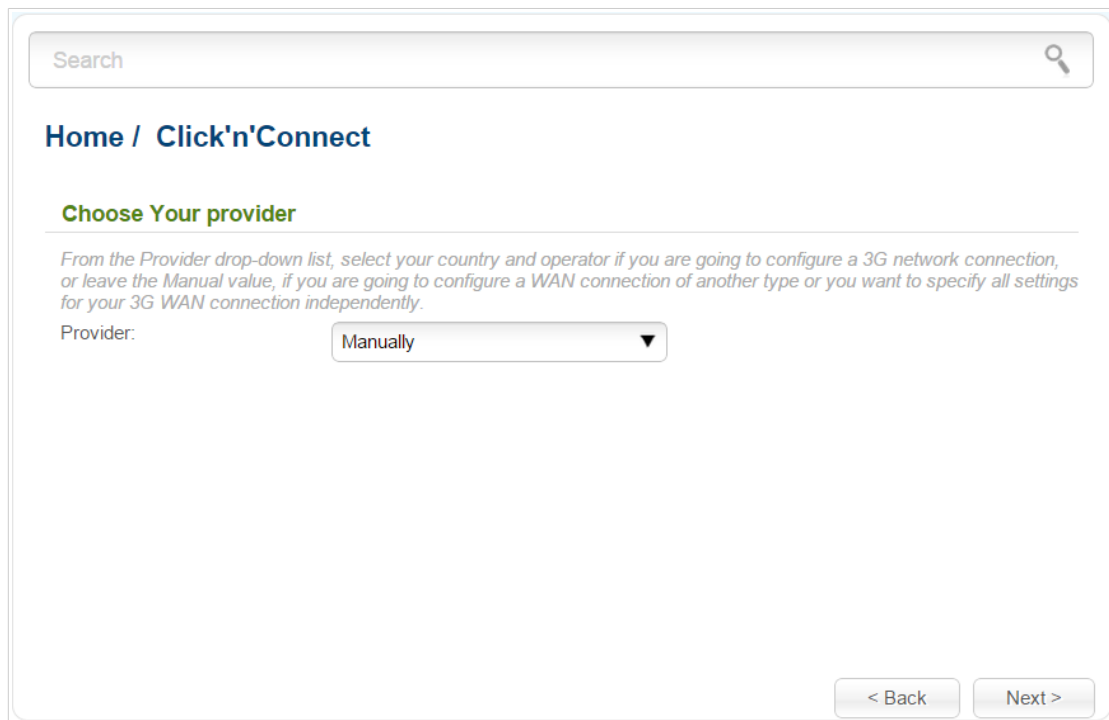


Figure 25. The page for selecting a 3G network operator.

On the opened page, from the **Provider** drop-down list, select your country and operator if you are going to configure a 3G network connection, or leave the **Manually** value, if you are going to configure a wired, LTE WAN connection or you want to specify all settings for your 3G WAN connection independently.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

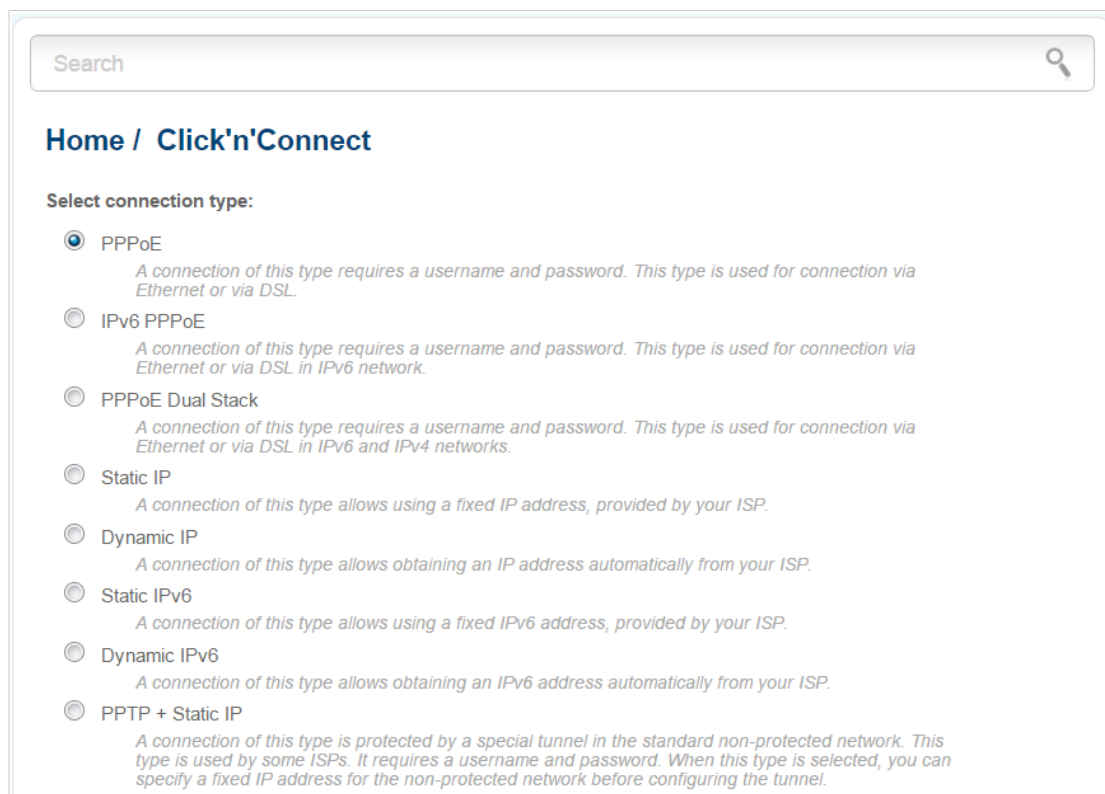


Figure 26. The page for selecting the connection type.

On the opened page, select the needed choice of the radio button and click the **Next** button.

Creating WAN Connection

PPPoE Connection

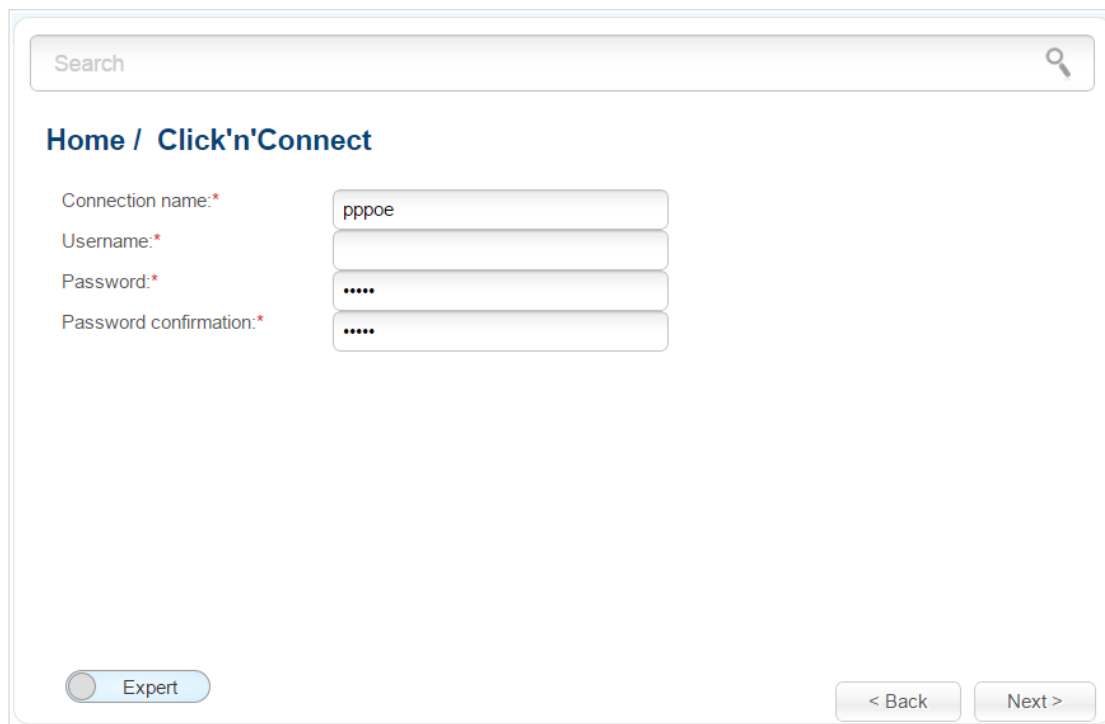


Figure 27. Configuring PPPoE WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPPoE WAN Connection* section, page 86).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

IPv6 PPPoE or PPPoE Dual Stack Connection

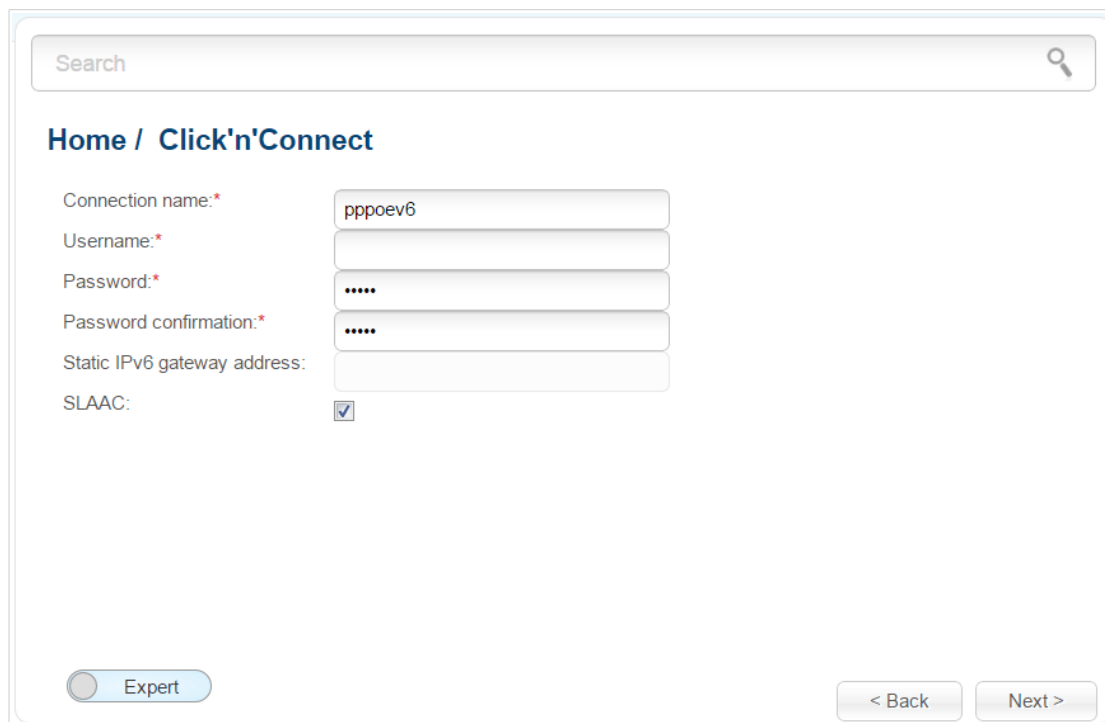


Figure 28. Configuring IPv6 PPPoE WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

If you need to specify the gateway address manually, deselect the **SLAAC** checkbox and fill in the **Static IPv6 gateway address** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating IPv6 PPPoE or PPPoE Dual Stack WAN Connection* section, page 91).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

Static IP Connection

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a Static IP connection. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the breadcrumb 'Home / Click'n'Connect' is displayed. The main configuration area includes five input fields: 'Connection name:*' (containing 'static'), 'IP Address:*', 'Netmask:*', 'Gateway IP address:*', and 'Primary DNS server:*'. Below these fields is a section titled 'Authorization via 802.1x protocol' with a checkbox labeled 'Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:'. At the bottom left, there is a radio button labeled 'Expert'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: '< Back' and 'Next >'. The interface is clean and uses a light blue and white color scheme.

Figure 29. Configuring Static IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

Fill in the **IP Address** and **Netmask** fields.

In the **Gateway IP address** field, enter the IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

In the **Primary DNS server** field, enter the address of the primary DNS server.

If your wired ISP uses authorization via the 802.1x protocol, in the **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section, select the **Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol** checkbox and fill in the fields of the section in accordance with data provided by your ISP.

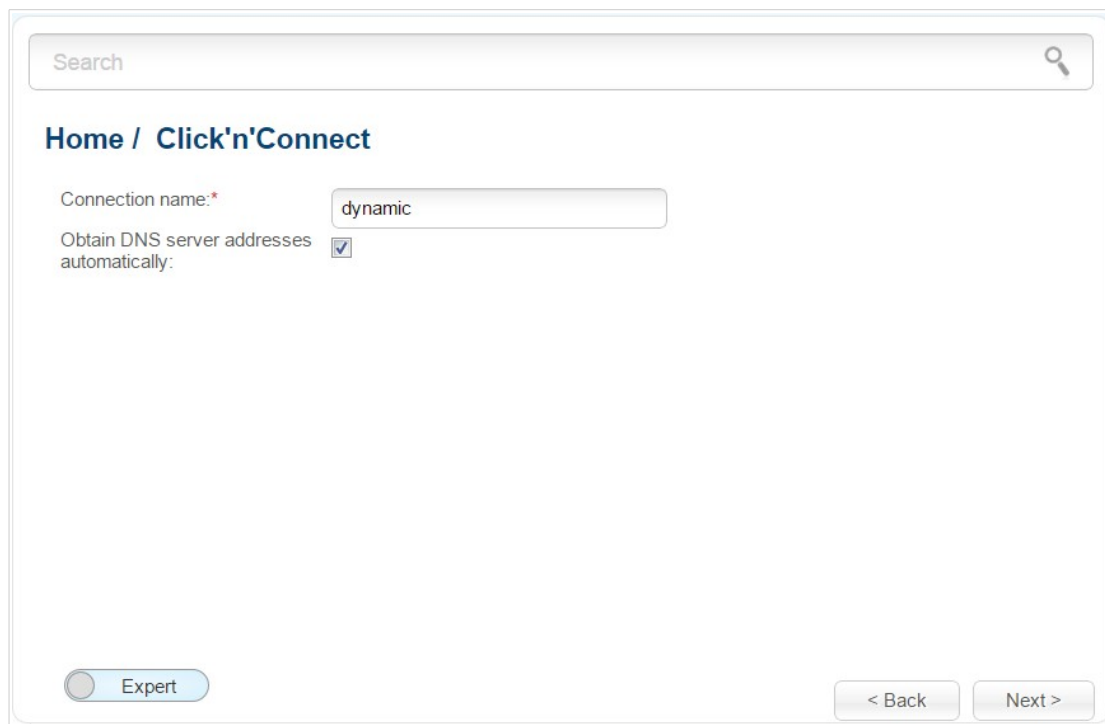
As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating Static IP or Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 97).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

Dynamic IP Connection



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a Dynamic IP connection. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Click'n'Connect" is displayed. The main configuration area includes a "Connection name:" label with a red asterisk, followed by a text input field containing the word "dynamic". Below this is a checkbox labeled "Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:" which is currently checked. At the bottom left, there is a toggle switch labeled "Expert" that is currently turned off. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 30. Configuring Dynamic IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server addresses automatically** checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

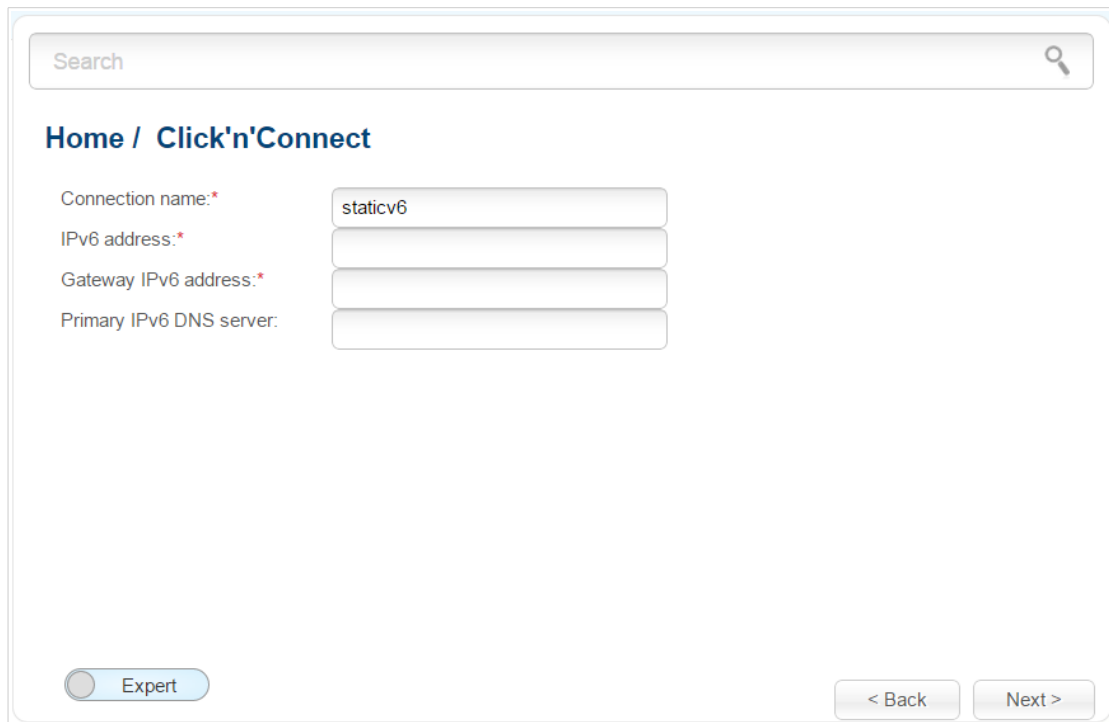
As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating Static IP or Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 97).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

Static IPv6 Connection



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for a Static IPv6 Connection. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Click'n'Connect" is displayed. The main configuration area contains four input fields: "Connection name:*" with the value "staticv6", "IPv6 address:*", "Gateway IPv6 address:*", and "Primary IPv6 DNS server:". At the bottom left, there is a radio button labeled "Expert" which is currently unselected. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 31. Configuring Static IPv6 WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

Fill in the **IPv6 address** and **Gateway IPv6 address** fields.

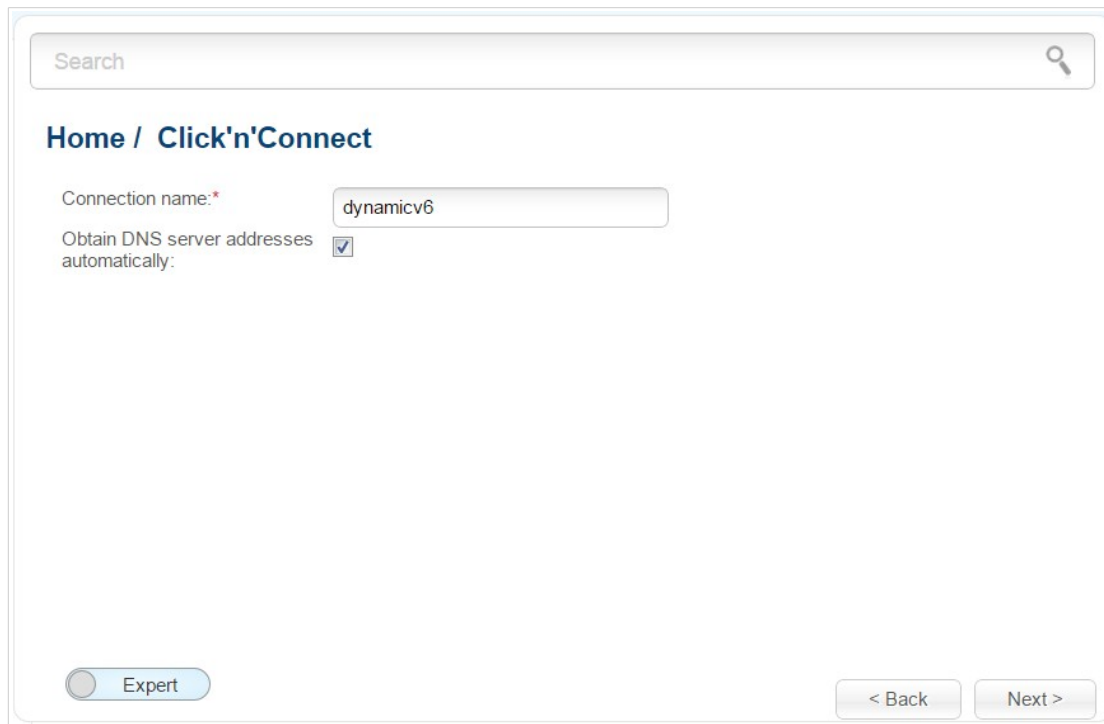
As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating Static IPv6 or Dynamic IPv6 WAN Connection* section, page 102).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

Dynamic IPv6 Connection



Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

Connection name:*

Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 32. Configuring Dynamic IPv6 WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server addresses automatically** checkbox and fill in the **Static primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating Static IPv6 or Dynamic IPv6 WAN Connection* section, page 102).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

PPPoE + Static IP Connection

Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

IP Address:* 192.168.161.230
Netmask:* 255.255.255.0
Gateway IP address:* 192.168.161.1
Primary DNS server:* 192.168.161.140

Authorization via 802.1x protocol

Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 33. Configuring PPPoE + Static IP WAN connection.

Fill in the **IP Address** and **Netmask** fields.

In the **Gateway IP address** field, enter the IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

In the **Primary DNS server** field, enter the address of the primary DNS server.

If your wired ISP uses authorization via the 802.1x protocol, in the **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section, select the **Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol** checkbox and fill in the fields of the section in accordance with data provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough at this step to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 106).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

If needed, enter the IP addresses of the ISP's local resources.

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration page for a router. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the page title is "Home / Click'n'Connect". The main heading is "IP addresses of your ISP's local resources" in green text. Underneath, a sub-heading reads "Here the wizard can add IP addresses of your ISP's local resources." followed by a list of ten input fields labeled "IP address 1:" through "IP address 10:". At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 34. Configuring PPPoE + Static IP WAN connection.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

Connection name:* pppoe

Username:*

Password:*

Password confirmation:*

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 35. Configuring PPPoE + Static IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the **Creating PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN Connection** section, page 106).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the **Checking Internet Availability** section, page 64).

PPPoE + Dynamic IP Connection

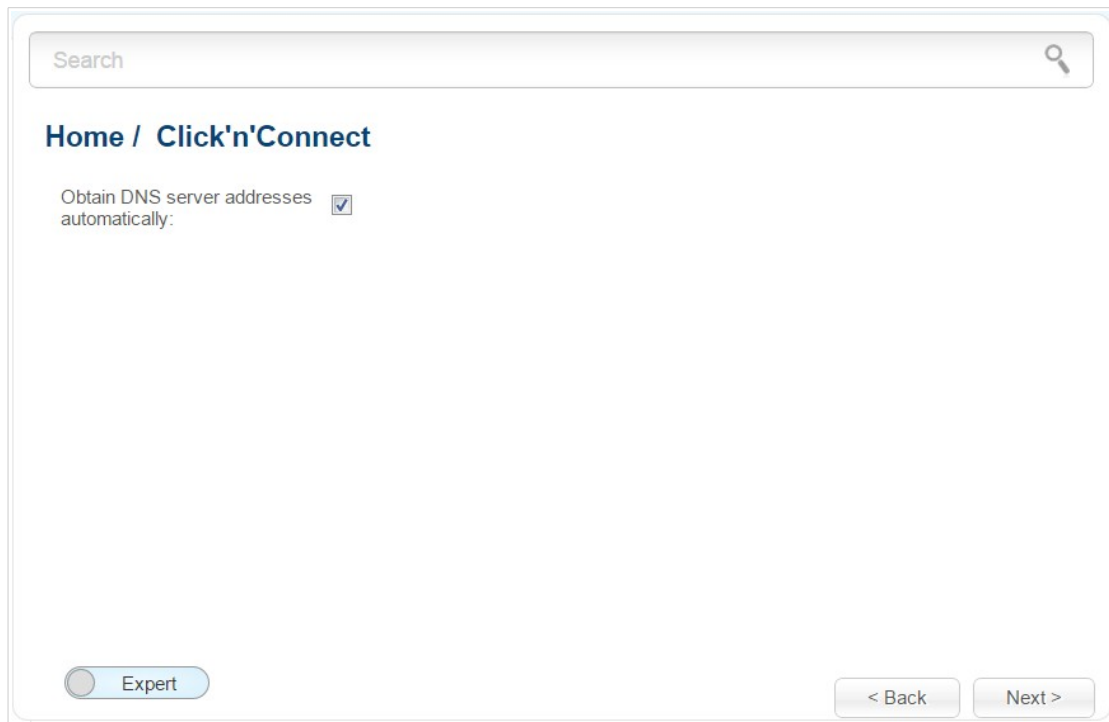


Figure 36. Configuring PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server addresses automatically** checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough at this step to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 106).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

Connection name:* pppoe

Username:*

Password:*

Password confirmation:*

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 37. Configuring PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the **Creating PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN Connection** section, page 106).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the **Checking Internet Availability** section, page 64).

PPTP + Static IP or L2TP + Static IP Connection

Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

IP Address:* 192.168.161.230

Netmask:* 255.255.255.0

Gateway IP address:* 192.168.161.1

Primary DNS server:* 192.168.161.140

Authorization via 802.1x protocol

Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 38. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

Fill in the **IP Address** and **Netmask** fields.

In the **Gateway IP address** field, enter the IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.

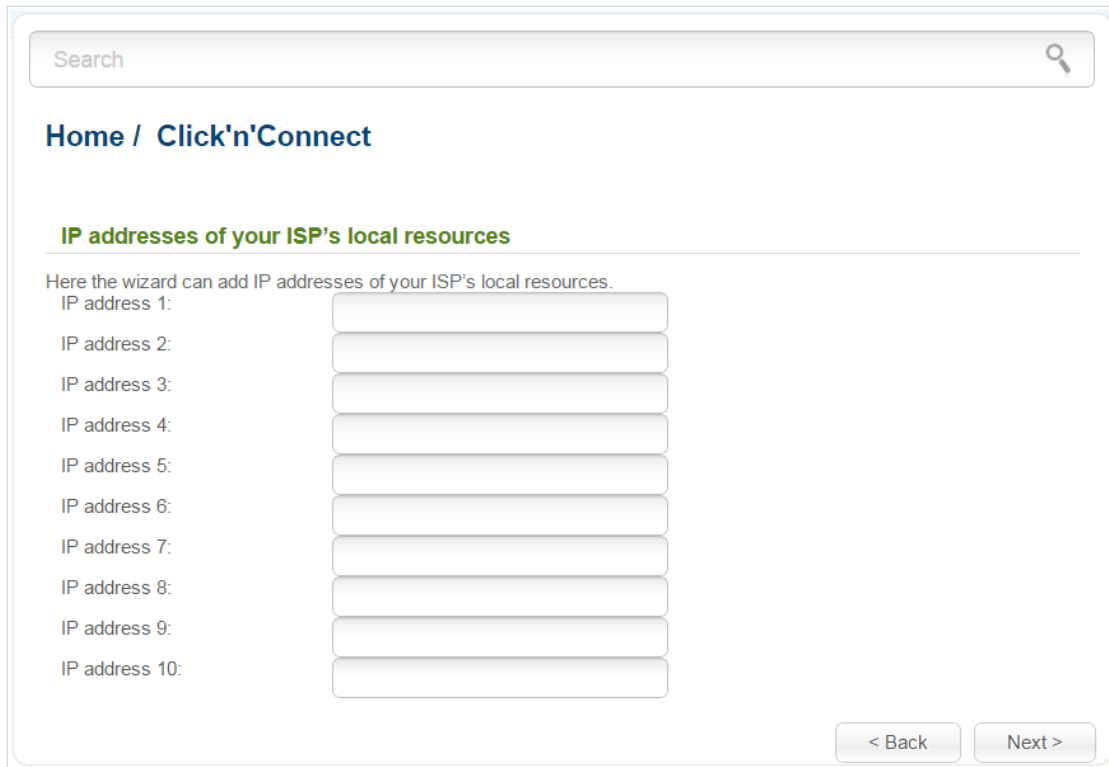
In the **Primary DNS server** field, enter the address of the primary DNS server.

If your wired ISP uses authorization via the 802.1x protocol, in the **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section, select the **Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol** checkbox and fill in the fields of the section in accordance with data provided by your ISP.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a non-protected connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPTP/L2TP + Static IP or PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 113).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

If needed, enter the IP addresses of the ISP's local resources.



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Click'n'Connect" is displayed. The main heading is "IP addresses of your ISP's local resources" in green. Underneath, a sub-heading reads "Here the wizard can add IP addresses of your ISP's local resources." followed by a list of ten input fields labeled "IP address 1:" through "IP address 10:". At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 39. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

Connection name:* statpptp

Username:*

Password:*

Password confirmation:*

VPN server address:*

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 40. Configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a protected connection (the VPN tunnel). If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPTP/L2TP + Static IP or PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 113).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

PPTP + Dynamic IP or L2TP + Dynamic IP Connection

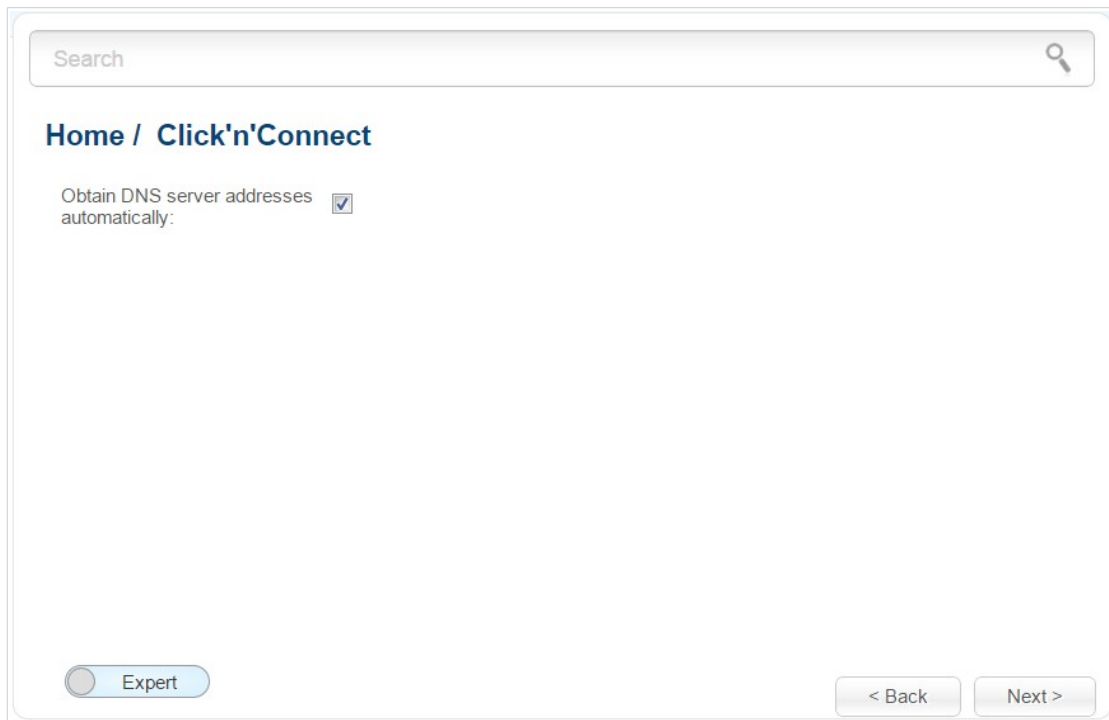


Figure 41. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server addresses automatically** checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a non-protected connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPTP/L2TP + Static IP or PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 113).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

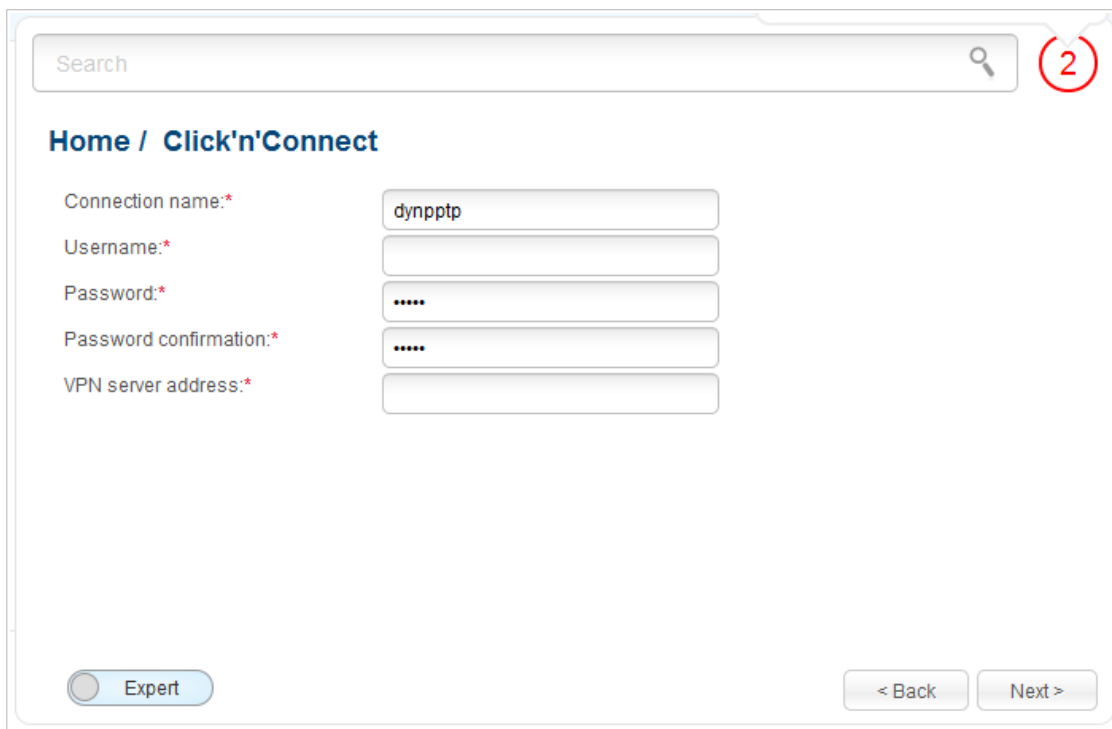


Figure 42. Configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your ISP.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a protected connection (the VPN tunnel). If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating PPTP/L2TP + Static IP or PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection* section, page 113).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

3G Connection

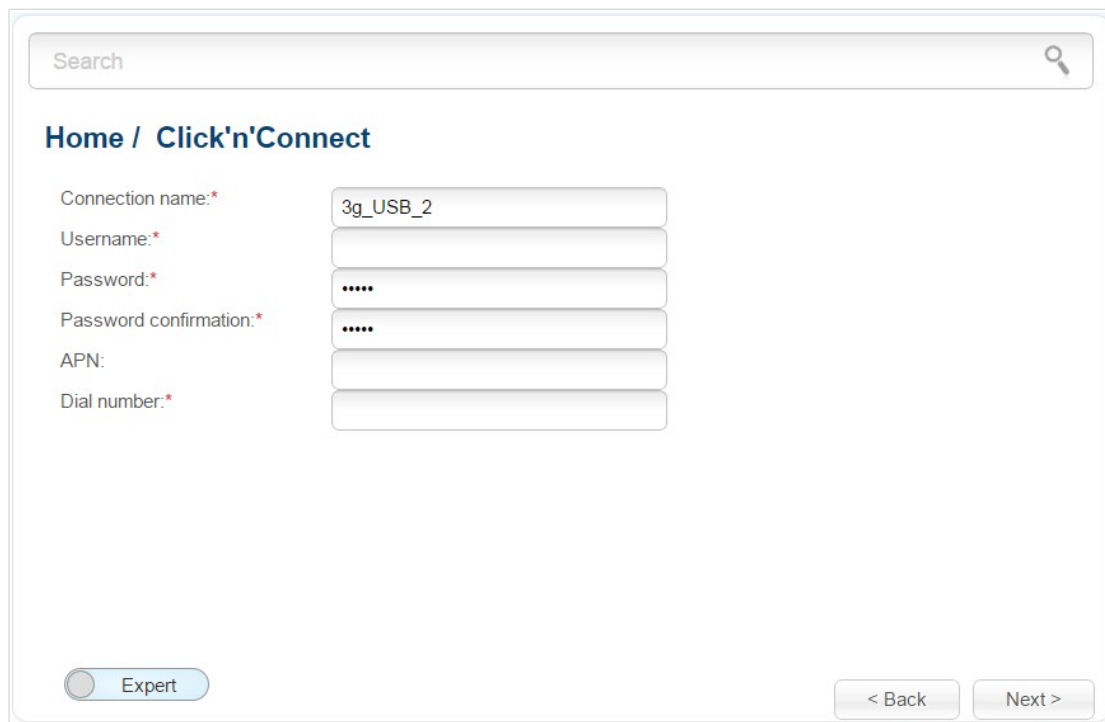


Figure 43. Configuring 3G WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

In the **Username** field, enter your login, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password provided by your 3G operator.

In the **APN** field (for GSM USB modems only), enter the access point name, and in the **Dial number** field, enter the number dialed to connect to the authorization server of the operator.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the *Creating 3G WAN Connection* section, page 120).

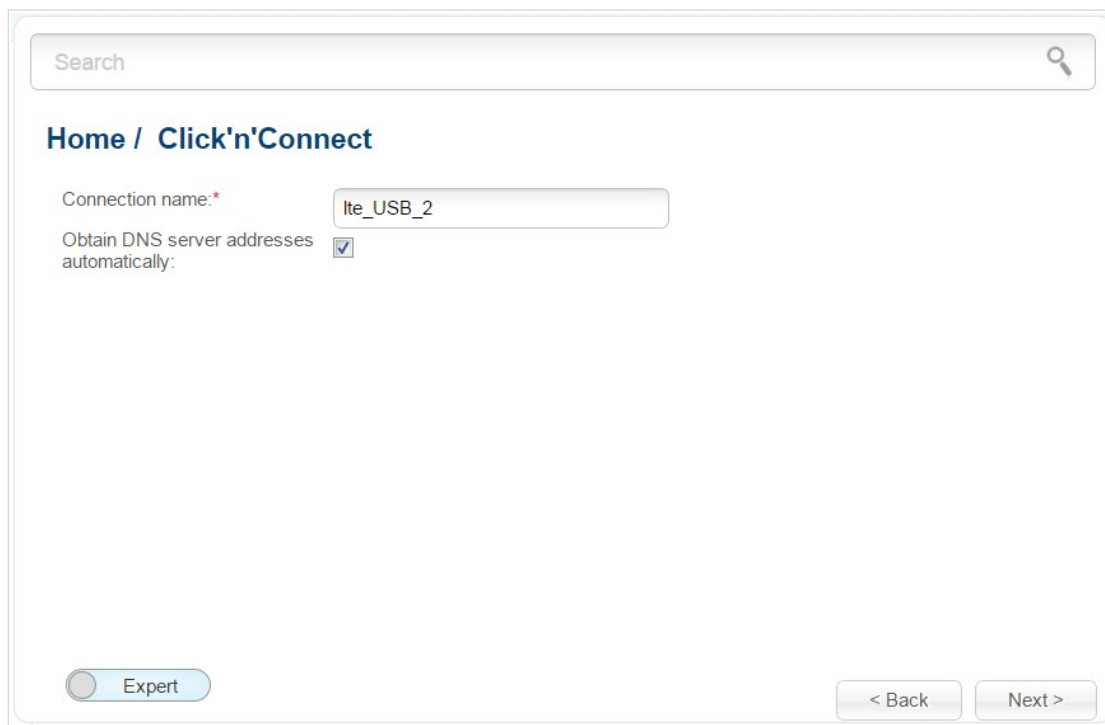
Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the *Checking Internet Availability* section, page 64).

LTE Connection

! For the USB modem Megafon M100-1, please reboot the router after finishing the Wizard.



Search

Home / Click'n'Connect

Connection name:*

Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:

Expert

< Back Next >

Figure 44. Configuring LTE WAN connection.

In the **Connection name** field, specify a name for the connection for easier identification.

If your ISP has provided the addresses of the DNS servers, deselect the **Obtain DNS server addresses automatically** checkbox and fill in the **Primary DNS server** field.

As a rule, the specified settings are enough to configure a connection of the selected type. If you need to specify additional settings, open the expert settings mode. To do this, use the switch in the bottom left corner of the page (for a detailed description of all the connection's parameters, see the **Creating LTE WAN Connection** section, page 123).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After that the page displaying all specified settings opens. Click the **Apply** button to create the connection or the **Back** button to specify other settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens (see the **Checking Internet Availability** section, page 64).

Checking Internet Availability

On the page, you can check the WAN connection you have created.

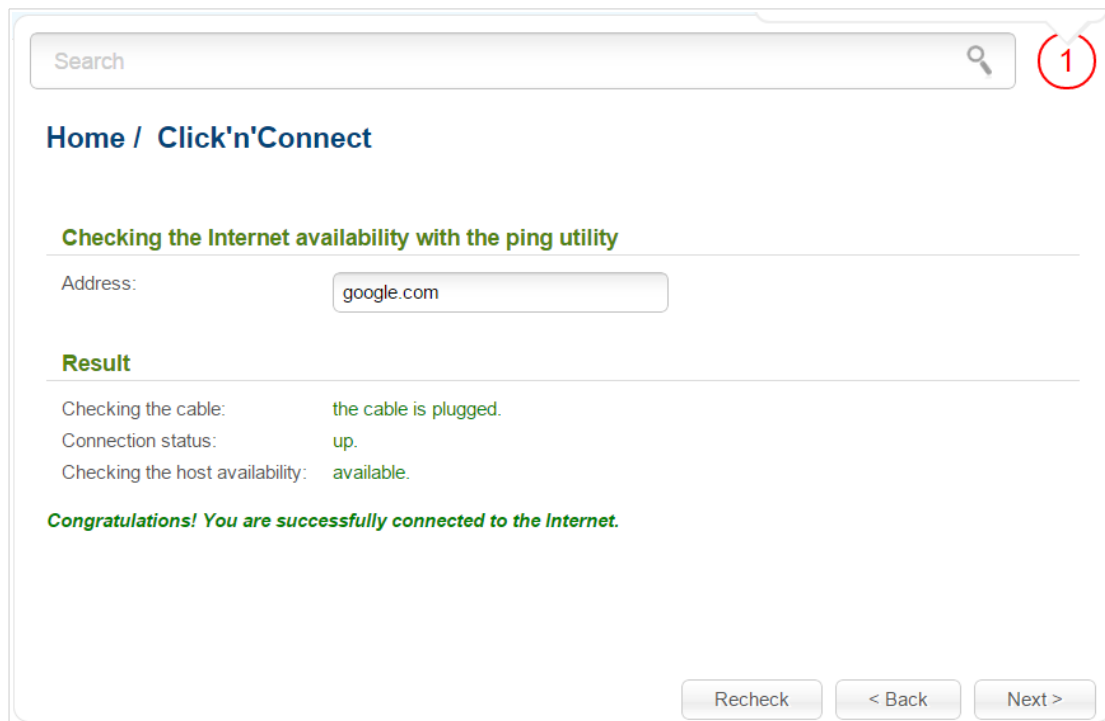


Figure 45. Checking the Internet availability.

In the **Result** section, the status of the WAN connection and possible causes of malfunctions are displayed. To recheck the status of the WAN connection, enter the IP address or name of a host in the **Address** field or leave the value specified by default (**google.com**). Then click the **Recheck** button.

Click the **Back** button to specify other settings.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After clicking the **Next** button, the page for configuring the Yandex.DNS service opens (see the *Configuring Yandex.DNS Service* section, page 65).

Configuring Yandex.DNS Service

On the page, you can enable the Yandex.DNS service and configure its operating mode.

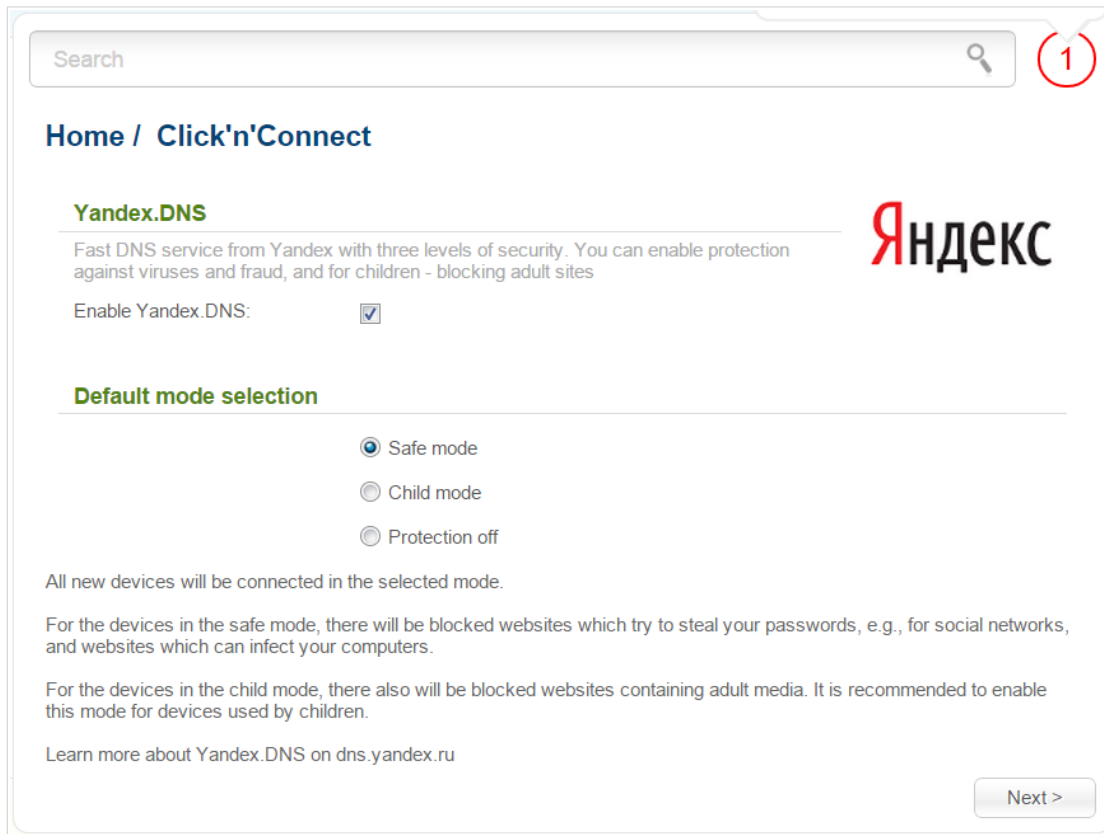


Figure 46. Configuring the Yandex.DNS service.

To enable the Yandex.DNS service, select the **Enable Yandex.DNS** checkbox. Then select the needed choice of the radio button to configure filtering for all devices of the router's network:

- **Safe mode:** when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites;
- **Child mode:** when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites and blocks access to adult content;
- **Protection off:** when this value is selected, the service provides the DNS server with no restrictions on access to unsafe web sites.

If you are not going to use the service, leave the **Enable Yandex.DNS** checkbox unselected.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

After clicking the **Next** button, the page for configuring wireless connection opens (see the *Configuring Wireless Connection* section, page 66).

Configuring Wireless Connection

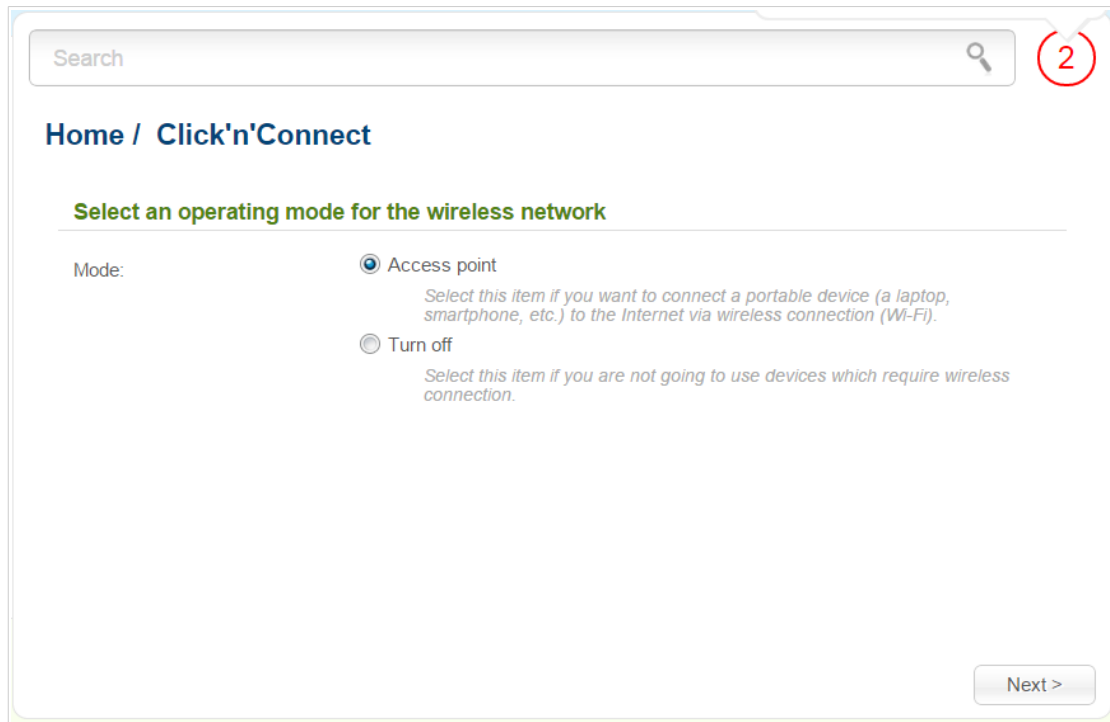


Figure 47. Selecting the operating mode for the wireless network.

If you are not going to use the wireless connection, select the **Turn off** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button and then click the **Apply** button on the opened page. After clicking the button, the page for configuring the router to use an IPTV set-top box opens (see the *Configuring IPTV* section, page 69).

If you want to connect portable devices to the Internet via wireless connection, select the **Access point** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button.

On the opened page, in the **SSID** field, specify a new name for the network (use digits and Latin characters).

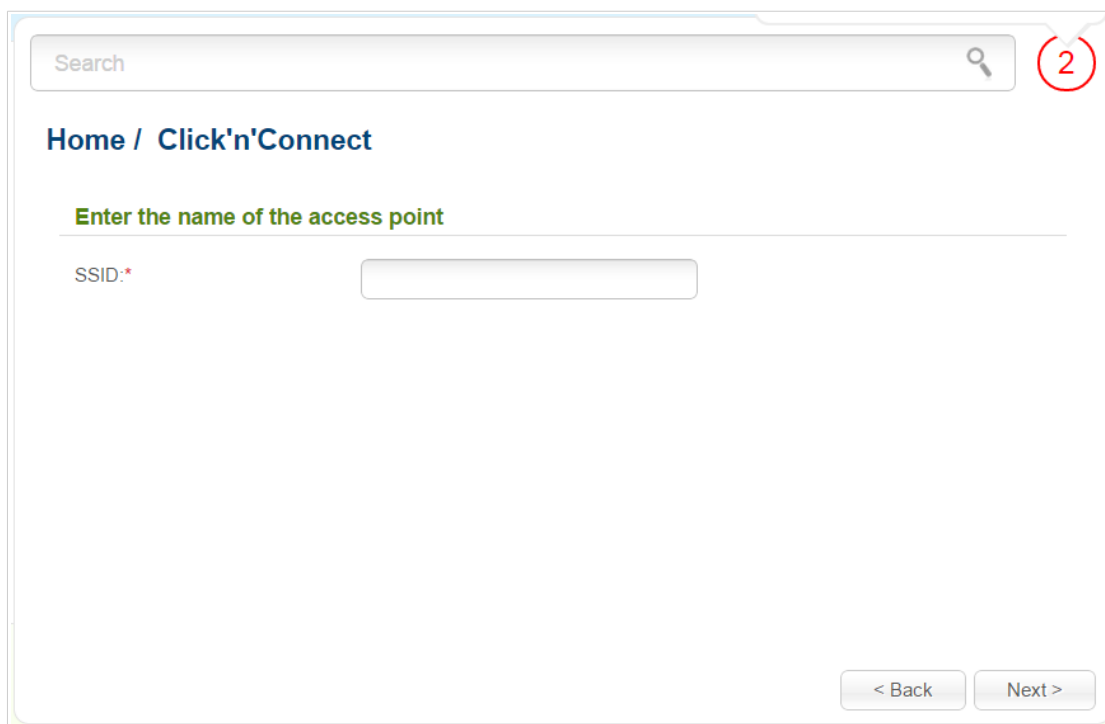


Figure 48. Changing the name of the wireless LAN.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

Select the **Protected** value from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list and enter a key (a password that will be used to access your wireless network) in the **Network key** field. Use digits and Latin characters. After applying this setting, the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is specified for the router's WLAN.

When the **Open** value is selected, the **Network key** field is unavailable. After applying this setting, the **Open** authentication type with no encryption is specified for the router's WLAN.

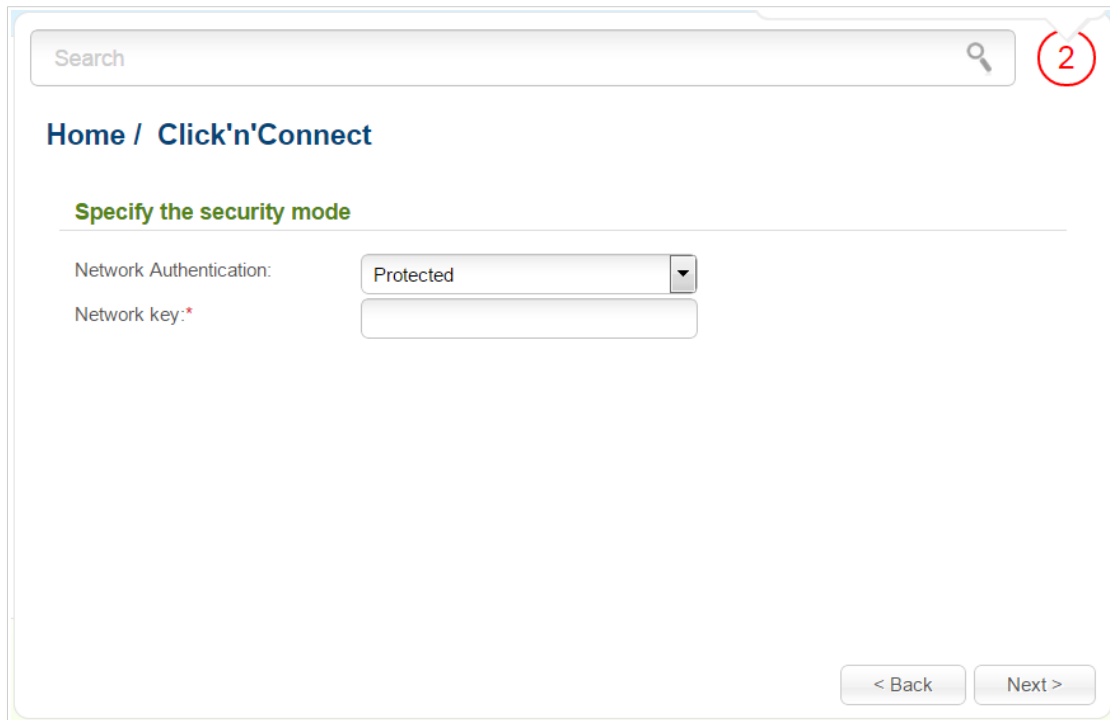
The image shows a screenshot of a web-based configuration interface. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Click'n'Connect" is displayed. The main section is titled "Specify the security mode" in green. Under this title, there are two fields: "Network Authentication:" with a dropdown menu currently showing "Protected", and "Network key:*" with an empty text input field. At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >". A red circle with the number "2" is overlaid on the top right corner of the interface.

Figure 49. Selecting a security mode for the wireless network.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, the specified settings are displayed. Make sure that they are correct and then click the **Apply** button. After clicking the button, the page for configuring the router to use an IPTV set-top box opens (see the *Configuring IPTV* section, page 69).

Configuring IPTV

On the page, you can configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box.

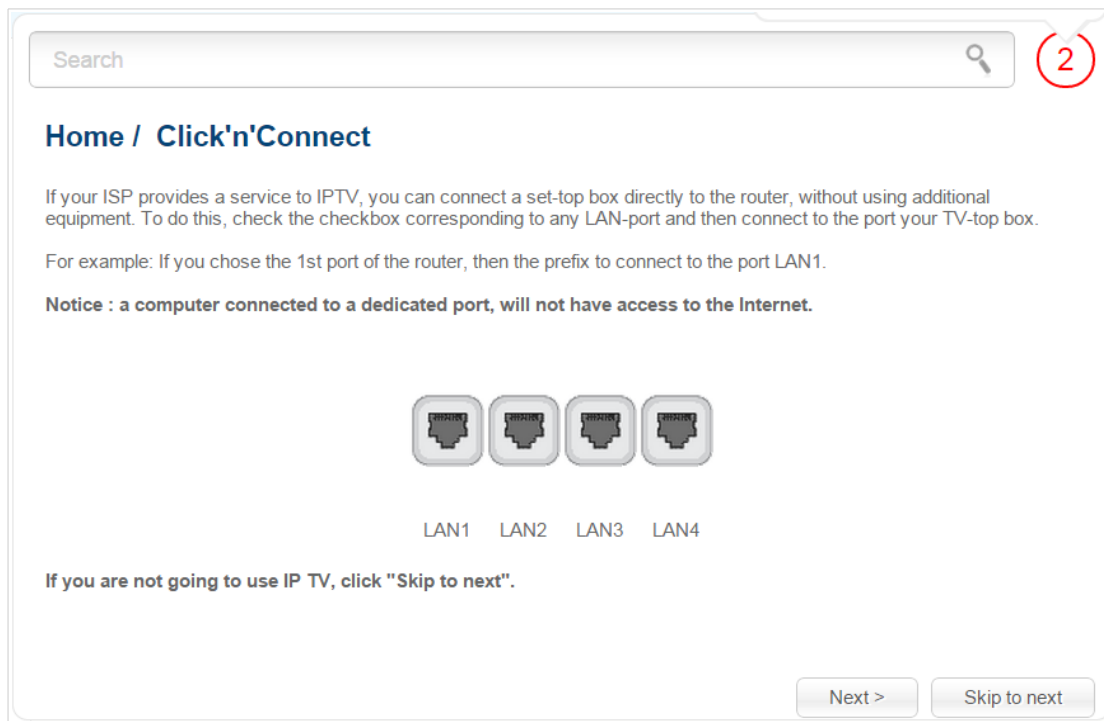


Figure 50. Selecting a LAN port to connect an IPTV set-top box.

On the opened page, select the LAN port of the router to which you will connect your IPTV set-top box.

If in the future you need to disconnect your IPTV set-top box from the specified LAN port and connect to it a computer, start the **IPTV settings wizard** (for the detailed description of the Wizard, see the ***IPTV Settings Wizard*** section, page 78).

If for accessing the Internet and IPTV services your ISP uses virtual local area networks with identifiers (VLAN ID), to configure access to the IPTV service, proceed to the **Advanced / VLAN** page, create a group of ports with the required value of the **VLAN ID** parameter, the **Bridge** type, and the port to which the set-top box will be connected (see the ***VLAN*** section, page 155, for a detailed description of the elements from the page).

Click the **Next** button to continue.

Click the **Skip to next** button in order not to apply the IPTV settings.

Click the **Apply** button to save the specified settings.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the **Home / Information** page opens.

Wireless Network Settings Wizard

To specify all needed settings for your wireless network, click the **Wireless network settings wizard** link in the **Home** section.

Search

Home / Wireless network settings wizard

Select an operating mode for the wireless network

Mode:

- Access point
Select this item if you want to connect a portable device (a laptop, smartphone, etc.) to the Internet via wireless connection (Wi-Fi)
- Client
Connect to the existing wireless network as a client
- Turn off
Select this item if you are not going to use devices which require wireless connection

Next >

Figure 51. The page for selecting the operating mode for the wireless network.

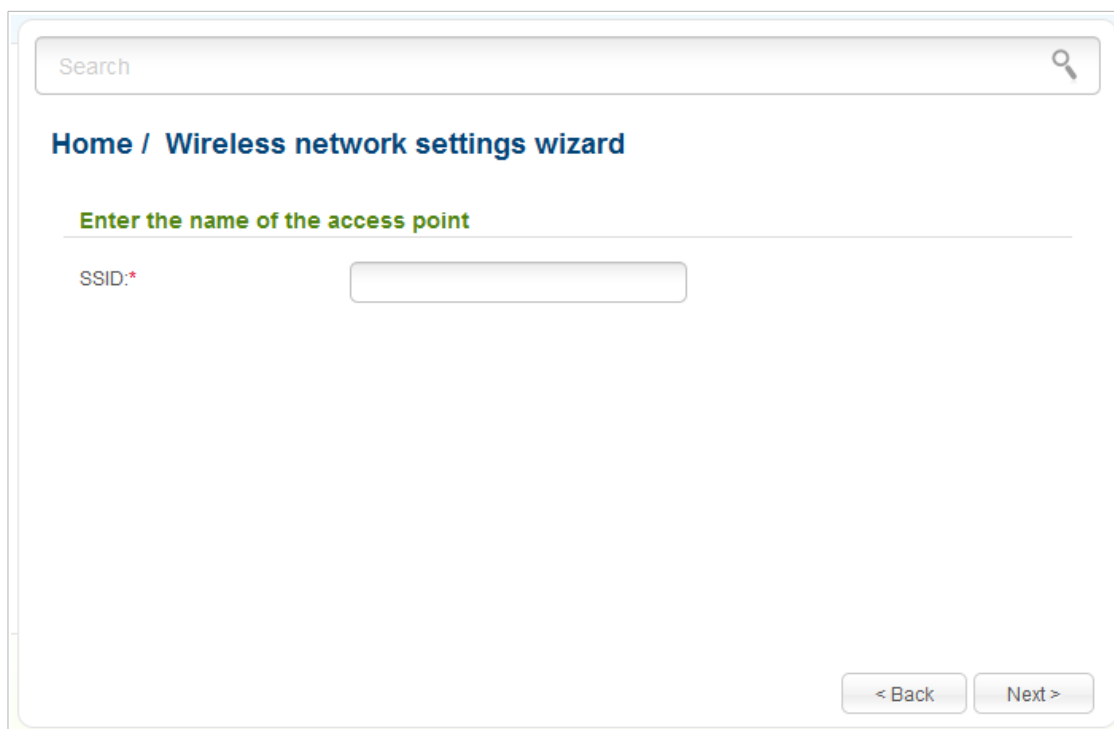
If you are not going to use the wireless connection, select the **Turn off** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button and then click the **Apply** button on the opened page. After clicking the button, the **Home / Information** page opens.

If you want to connect portable devices to the Internet via wireless connection, select the **Access point** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button.

If you want to configure the router as a client to connect to a wireless access point, select the **Client** choice of the **Mode** radio button. Click the **Next** button.

Access Point Mode

On the opened page, in the **SSID** field, specify a new name for the network (use digits and Latin characters).



The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Wireless network settings wizard" is displayed. A green heading "Enter the name of the access point" is followed by a horizontal line. Underneath, the label "SSID:" is positioned to the left of an empty text input field. At the bottom right of the form, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 52. Page for changing the name of the wireless LAN.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

Select the **Protected** value from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list and enter a key (a password that will be used to access your wireless network) in the **Network key** field. Use digits and Latin characters. After applying this setting, the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is specified for the router's WLAN.

When the **Open** value is selected, the **Network key** field is unavailable. After applying this setting, the **Open** authentication type with no encryption is specified for the router's WLAN.

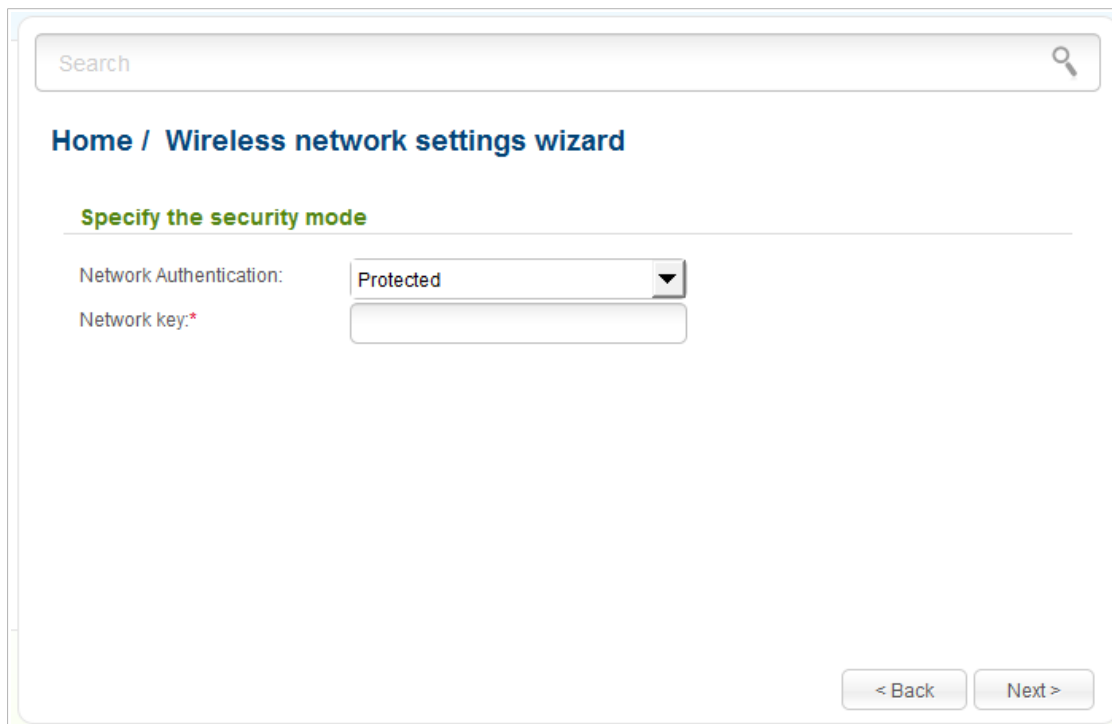


Figure 53. Page for selecting a security mode for the wireless network.

Click the **Next** button to continue.

On the next page, the specified settings are displayed. Make sure that they are correct and then click the **Apply** button. After clicking the button, the **Home / Information** page opens.

Client Mode

On the opened page, click the **Search** button.

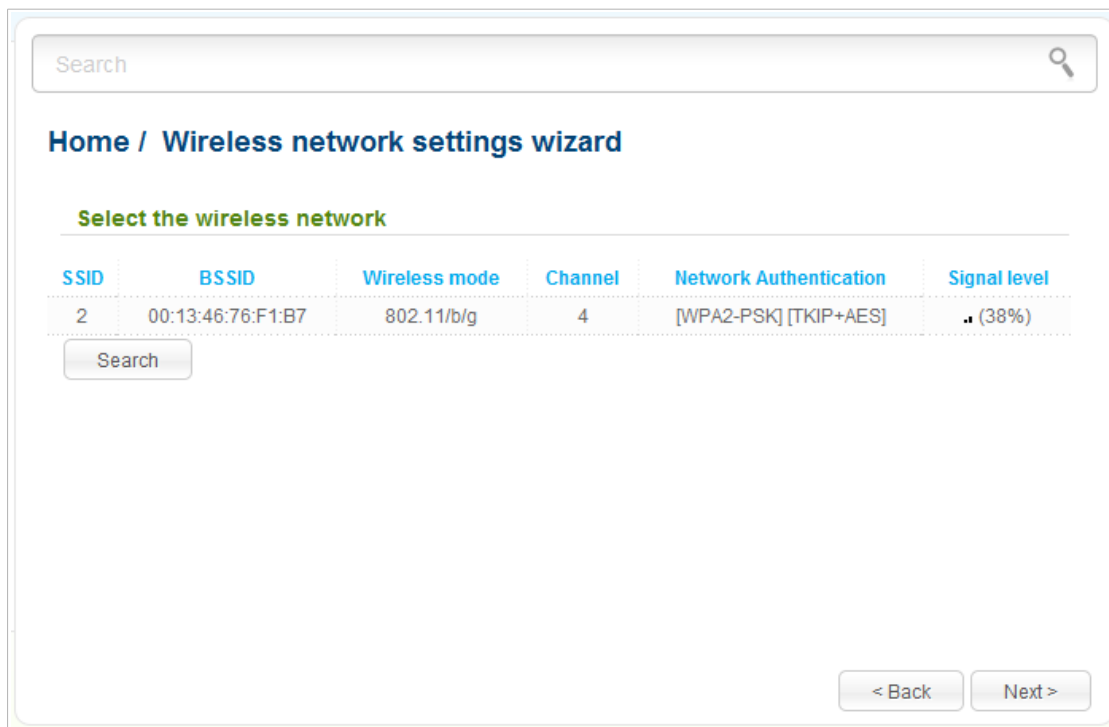
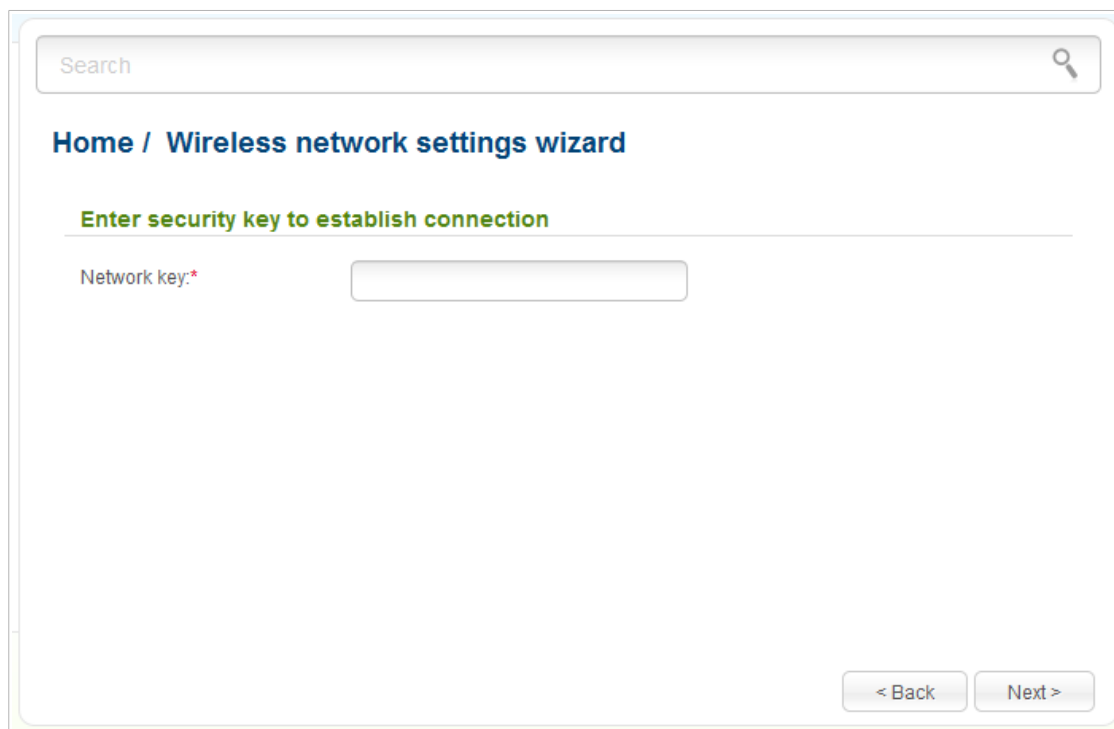


Figure 54. The page for selecting a network to connect.

Select the network to which you want to connect and click the **Next** button.



The screenshot shows a web-based interface for configuring a wireless network. At the top, there is a search bar with the word "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the breadcrumb "Home / Wireless network settings wizard" is displayed. A green heading reads "Enter security key to establish connection". Underneath, the label "Network key:" is followed by an asterisk and a text input field. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: "< Back" and "Next >".

Figure 55. The page for entering the password for connection to the wireless network.

If you need a password to connect to the selected network, enter the password in the **Network key** field and click the **Next** button.

On the next page, you can specify an individual name (SSID) and security settings for the router or disable the router's wireless network broadcast.

Search

Home / Wireless network settings wizard

Broadcasting their network

Enable:

SSID:*

Specify the security mode

Network Authentication: Protected

Network key:*

< Back Next >

Figure 56. The page for changing the settings of the wireless local area network.

If you want to use the router's wireless network to connect devices, leave the **Enable** checkbox selected. Then, if needed, specify another name for the network in the **SSID** field (use digits and Latin characters).

It is strongly recommended to configure the secure wireless network of DIR-620. To do this, select the **Protected** value from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list and enter a key (a password that will be used to access your wireless network) in the **Network key** field. Use digits and Latin characters. After applying this setting, the **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is specified for the router's WLAN. Click the **Next** button.

On the next page, the parameters of the network to which you want to connect, the entered password, and the settings of the wireless network of the router are displayed. Make sure that the specified settings are correct and then click the **Apply** button. After that, the wireless channel of DIR-620 will switch to the channel of the wireless access point to which you have connected.

After configuring the device as a client, you need to create a WAN connection with relevant parameters for the **WiFiClient** interface.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the **Home / Information** page opens.

Virtual Server Settings Wizard

To create a virtual server for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the LAN, click the **Virtual server settings wizard** link in the **Home** section.

Figure 57. The page for adding a virtual server.

On the opened page, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Template	Select a virtual server template from the drop-down list, or select Custom to specify all parameters of the new virtual server manually.
Name	Enter a name for the virtual server for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Interface	Select a WAN connection to which this virtual server will be assigned.
Protocol	A protocol that will be used by the new virtual server. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Public port (begin)/ Public port (end)	A port of the router from which traffic is directed to the IP address specified in the Private IP field. Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Public port (begin) field and leave the Public port (end) field blank.

Parameter	Description
Private port (begin)/ Private port (end)	A port of the IP address specified in the Private IP field to which traffic is directed from the Public port . Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Private port (begin) field and leave the Private port (end) field blank.
Private IP	Enter the IP address of the server from the local area network. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Remote IP	Enter the IP address of the server from the external network.
Enable NAT Loopback	If the checkbox is selected, users of the router's LAN can access the server, which IP address is specified in the Private IP field, using the router's external IP address as the server's IP address. If a DDNS service is configured on the Advanced / DDNS page, the users can access the server via the router's domain name.

When needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

IPTV Settings Wizard

To configure the router to use an IPTV set-top box, click the **IPTV settings wizard** link in the **Home** section.

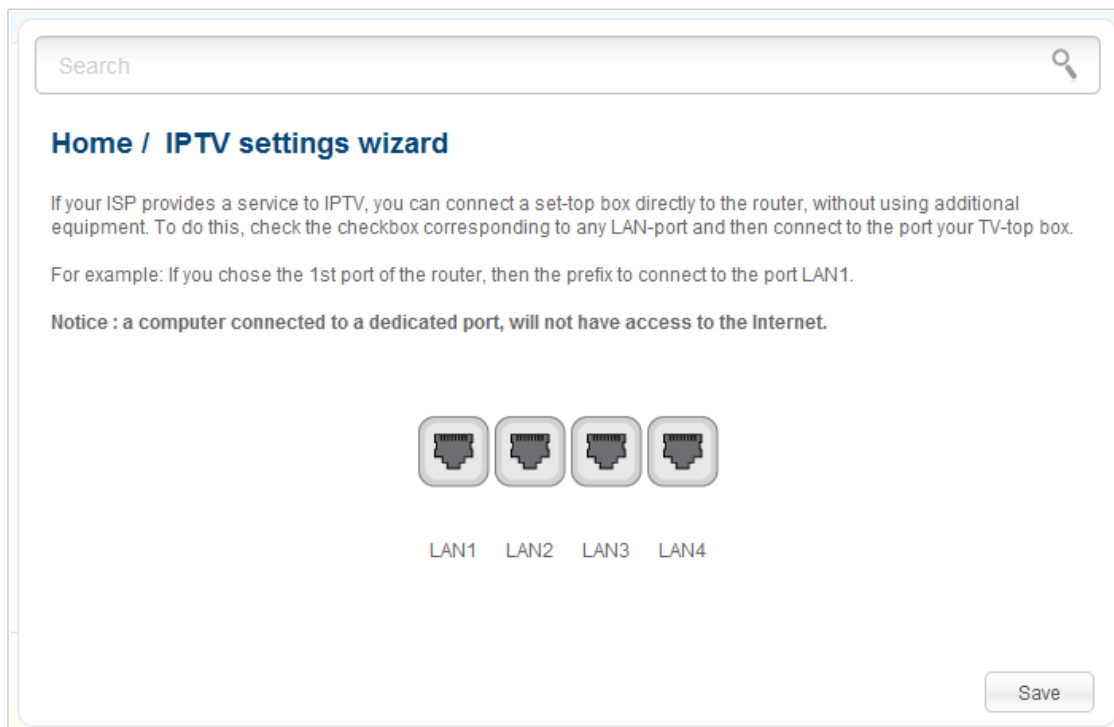


Figure 58. The page for selecting a LAN port to connect an IPTV set-top box.

On the opened page, select the LAN port of the router to which you will connect your IPTV set-top box and click the **Save** button. After clicking the button, the **Home / Information** page opens.

If in the future you need to disconnect your IPTV set-top box from the specified LAN port and connect to it a computer, on the current page deselect the LAN port and click the **Save** button.

If for accessing the Internet and IPTV services your ISP uses virtual local area networks with identifiers (VLAN ID), to configure access to the IPTV service, proceed to the **Advanced / VLAN** page, create a group of ports with the required value of the **VLAN ID** parameter, the **Bridge** type, and the port to which the set-top box will be connected (see the *VLAN* section, page 155, for a detailed description of the elements from the page).

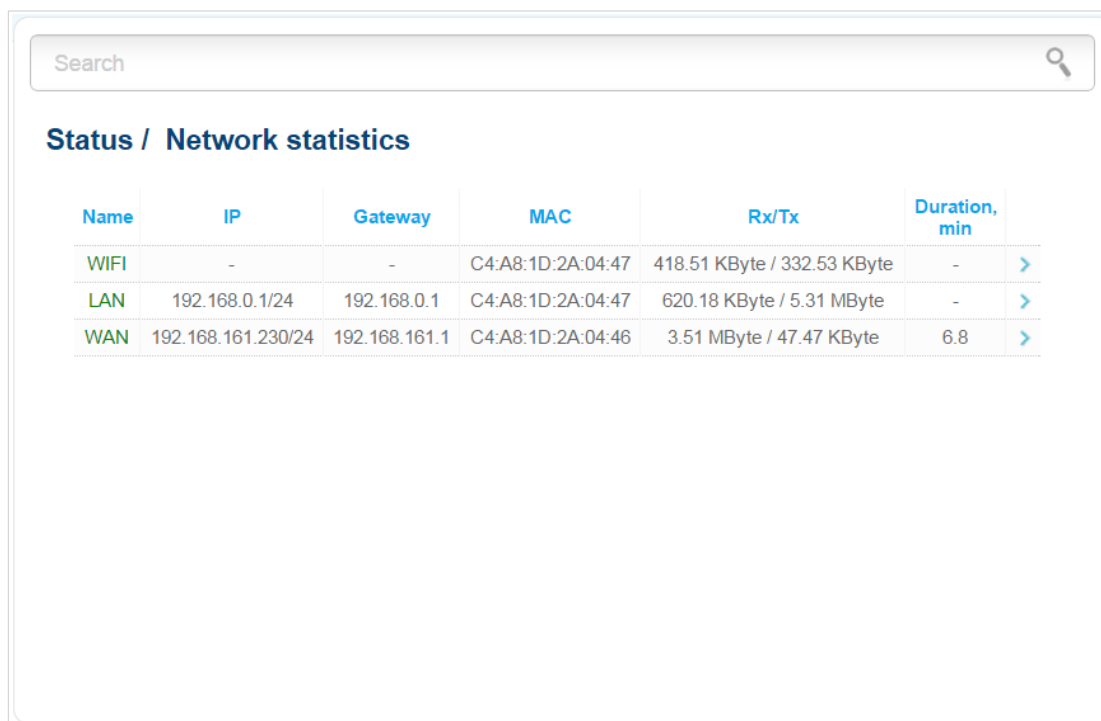
Status

The pages of this section display data on the current state of the router:

- network statistics
- IP addresses leased by the DHCP server
- the routing table
- data on devices connected to the router's network and its web-based interface
- active sessions
- addresses of active multicast groups.

Network Statistics

On the **Status / Network statistics** page, you can view statistics for all connections existing in the system (WAN connections, LAN, WLAN). For each connection the following data are displayed: name and state (when the connection is on, its name is highlighted in green, when the connection is off, its name is highlighted in red), IP address and subnet mask, gateway (if the connection is established), MAC address, MTU value, and volume of data received and transmitted (with increase of the volume the units of measurement are changed automatically: byte, Kbyte, Mbyte, Gbyte).



The screenshot shows the 'Status / Network statistics' page. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the title 'Status / Network statistics' is displayed. A table follows with the following data:

Name	IP	Gateway	MAC	Rx/Tx	Duration, min	
WIFI	-	-	C4:A8:1D:2A:04:47	418.51 KByte / 332.53 KByte	-	>
LAN	192.168.0.1/24	192.168.0.1	C4:A8:1D:2A:04:47	620.18 KByte / 5.31 MByte	-	>
WAN	192.168.161.230/24	192.168.161.1	C4:A8:1D:2A:04:46	3.51 MByte / 47.47 KByte	6.8	>

Figure 59. The **Status / Network statistics** page.

DHCP

The **Status / DHCP** page displays the information on computers that have been identified by hostnames and MAC addresses and have got IP addresses from the DHCP server of the device, as well as the IP address expiration periods (the lease time).



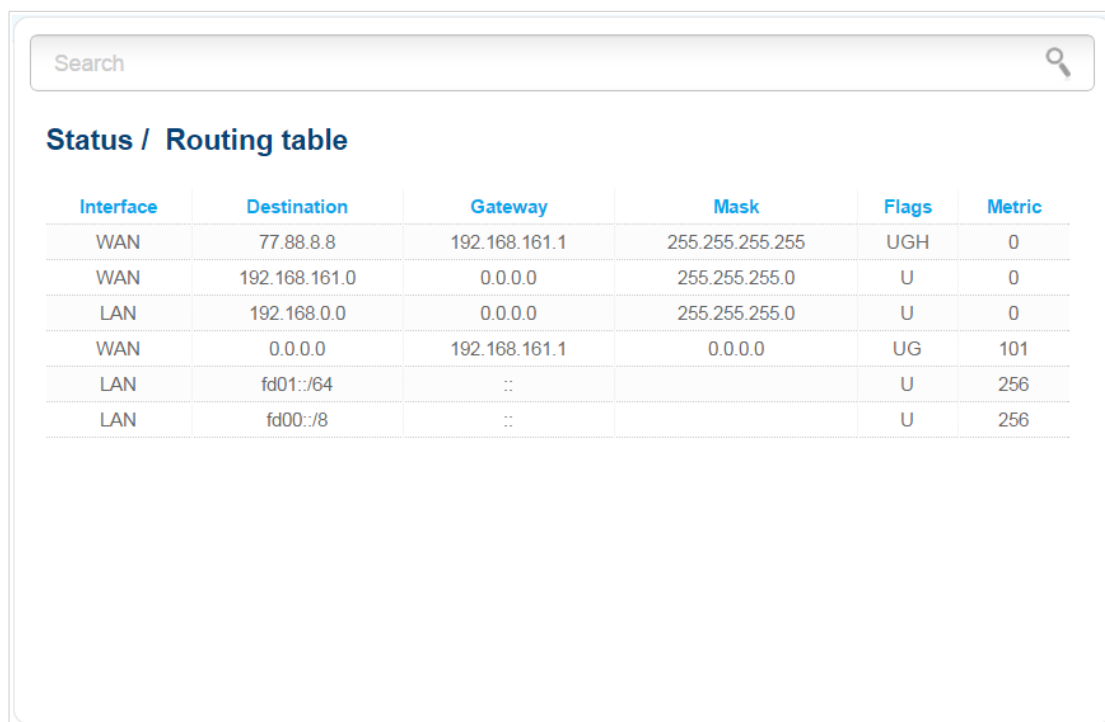
The screenshot shows a web interface for the Status / DHCP page. At the top, there is a search bar with the placeholder text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the page title "Status / DHCP" is displayed in a bold blue font. Underneath the title is a table with four columns: "Hostname", "IP address", "MAC address", and "Expires". The table contains two rows of data. The first row shows a hostname of "USER", an IP address of "192.168.0.2", a MAC address of "6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1", and an expiration time of "23h 48m 12s". The second row shows a hostname of "USER", an IP address of "fd01::cb43:73d:1261:da23", a MAC address of "6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1", and an expiration time of "4m 49s".

Hostname	IP address	MAC address	Expires
USER	192.168.0.2	6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1	23h 48m 12s
USER	fd01::cb43:73d:1261:da23	6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1	4m 49s

Figure 60. The **Status / DHCP** page.

Routing Table

The **Status / Routing table** page displays the information on routes. The table contains destination IP addresses, gateways, subnet masks, and other data.



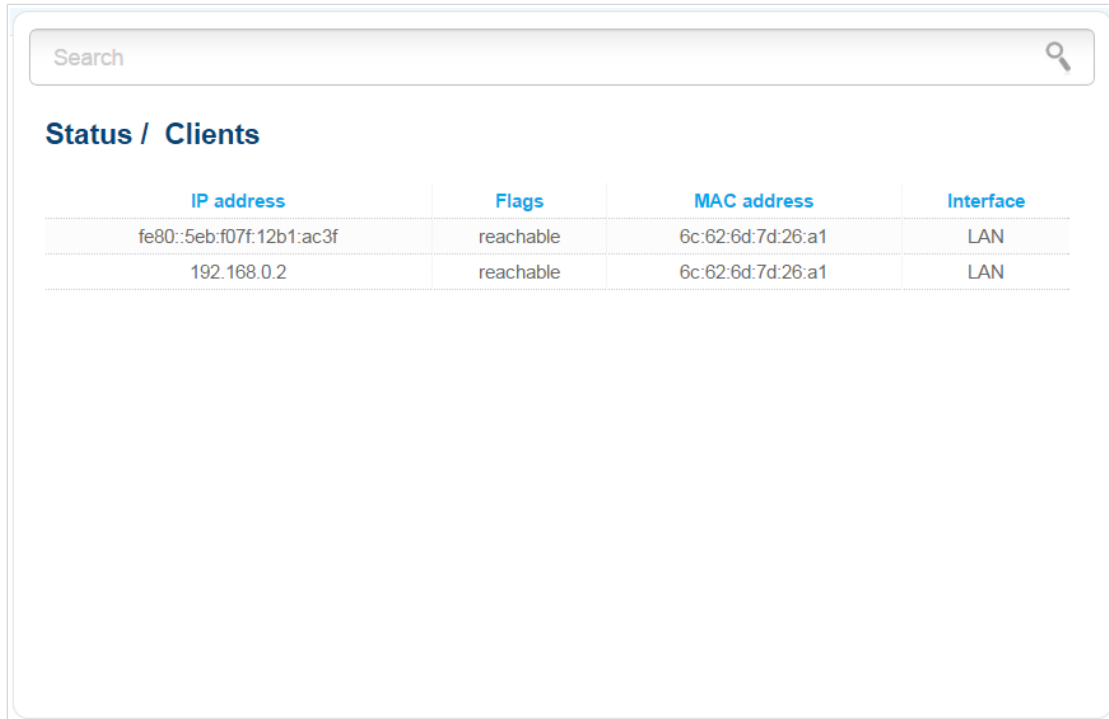
The screenshot shows a web interface for the Status / Routing table. At the top, there is a search bar with the text "Search" and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar, the title "Status / Routing table" is displayed. The main content is a table with the following data:

Interface	Destination	Gateway	Mask	Flags	Metric
WAN	77.88.8.8	192.168.161.1	255.255.255.255	UGH	0
WAN	192.168.161.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0
LAN	192.168.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0
WAN	0.0.0.0	192.168.161.1	0.0.0.0	UG	101
LAN	fd01::/64	::		U	256
LAN	fd00::/8	::		U	256

Figure 61. The **Status / Routing table** page.

Clients

On the **Status / Clients** page, you can view the list of devices connected to the router and devices accessing its web-based interface.



The screenshot shows the 'Status / Clients' page with a search bar at the top. Below the search bar, the title 'Status / Clients' is displayed. A table lists connected devices with the following columns: IP address, Flags, MAC address, and Interface. Two devices are listed, both with the flag 'reachable' and connected to the LAN interface.

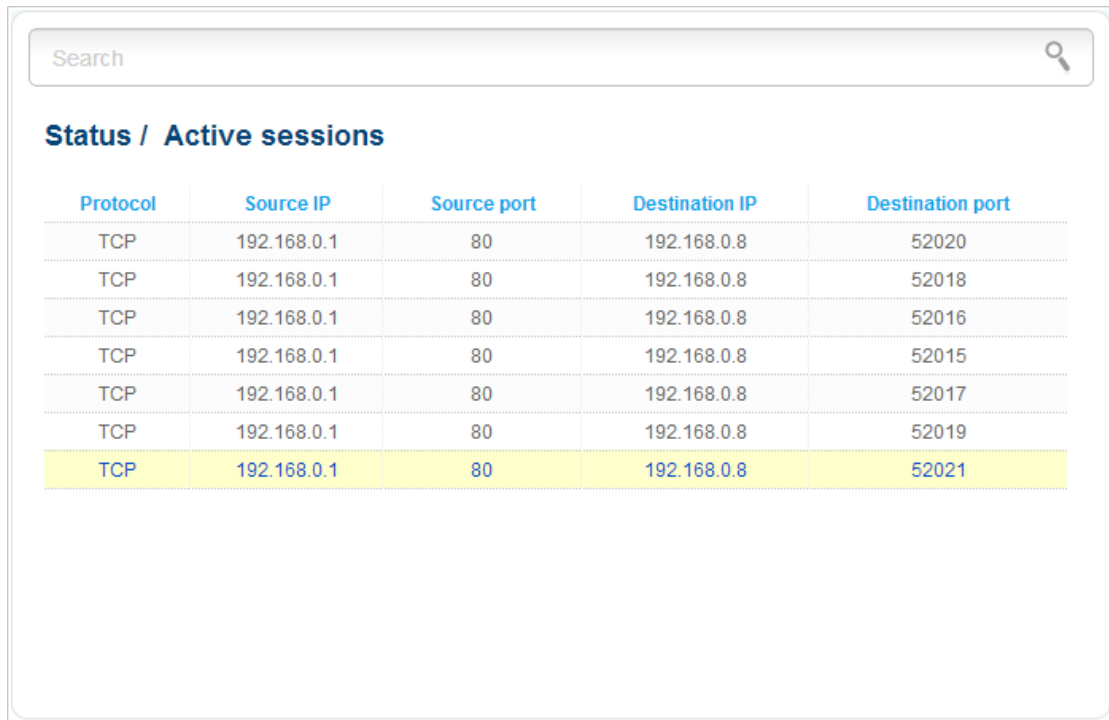
IP address	Flags	MAC address	Interface
fe80::5eb:f07f:12b1:ac3f	reachable	6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1	LAN
192.168.0.2	reachable	6c:62:6d:7d:26:a1	LAN

Figure 62. The **Status / Clients** page.

For each device the following data are displayed: the IP address, the MAC address, and the interface to which the device is connected.

Active Sessions

On the **Status / Active sessions** page, you can view information on current sessions in the router's network. For each session the following data are displayed: a protocol for network packet transmission, a source IP address and port, a destination IP address and port.



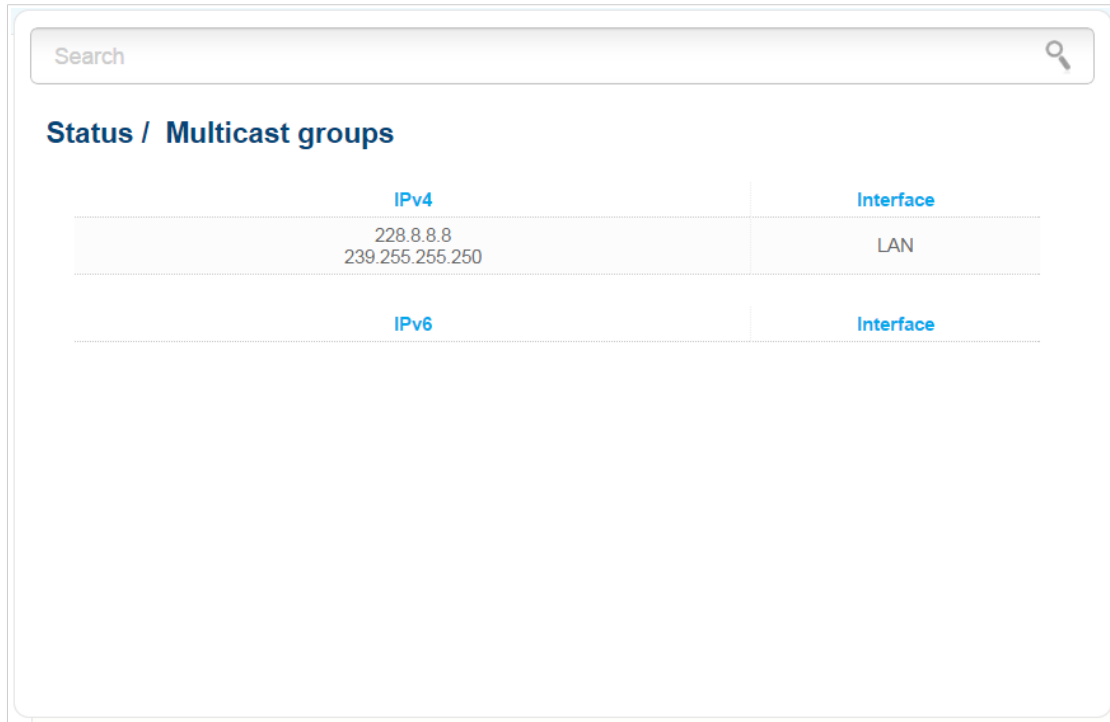
The screenshot shows a web interface for 'Status / Active sessions'. At the top is a search bar with the text 'Search' and a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar is the title 'Status / Active sessions'. Underneath is a table with five columns: Protocol, Source IP, Source port, Destination IP, and Destination port. The table contains seven rows of data, with the last row highlighted in yellow.

Protocol	Source IP	Source port	Destination IP	Destination port
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52020
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52018
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52016
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52015
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52017
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52019
TCP	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.8	52021

Figure 63. The **Status / Active sessions** page.

Multicast groups

The **Status / Multicast groups** page displays addresses of active multicast groups (including IPTV channels and groups for transferring service information) to which the device is subscribed, and the interface through which the device is subscribed.



The screenshot shows a web interface for 'Status / Multicast groups'. At the top is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon. Below the search bar is the title 'Status / Multicast groups'. The main content is a table with two columns: 'IPv4' and 'Interface'. The 'IPv4' column contains the addresses '228.8.8.8' and '239.255.255.250'. The 'Interface' column contains the value 'LAN'. Below the table, there are two more column headers: 'IPv6' and 'Interface', but they are currently empty.

IPv4	Interface
228.8.8.8	LAN
239.255.255.250	
IPv6	Interface

Figure 64. The **Status / Multicast groups** page.

Net

In this menu you can configure basic parameters of the router's local area network and configure connection to the Internet (a WAN connection).

WAN

On the **Net / WAN** page, you can create and edit connections used by the router.

By default, a **Dynamic IP** connection is configured in the system. It is assigned to the WAN port of the router. You can edit this connection or delete it.

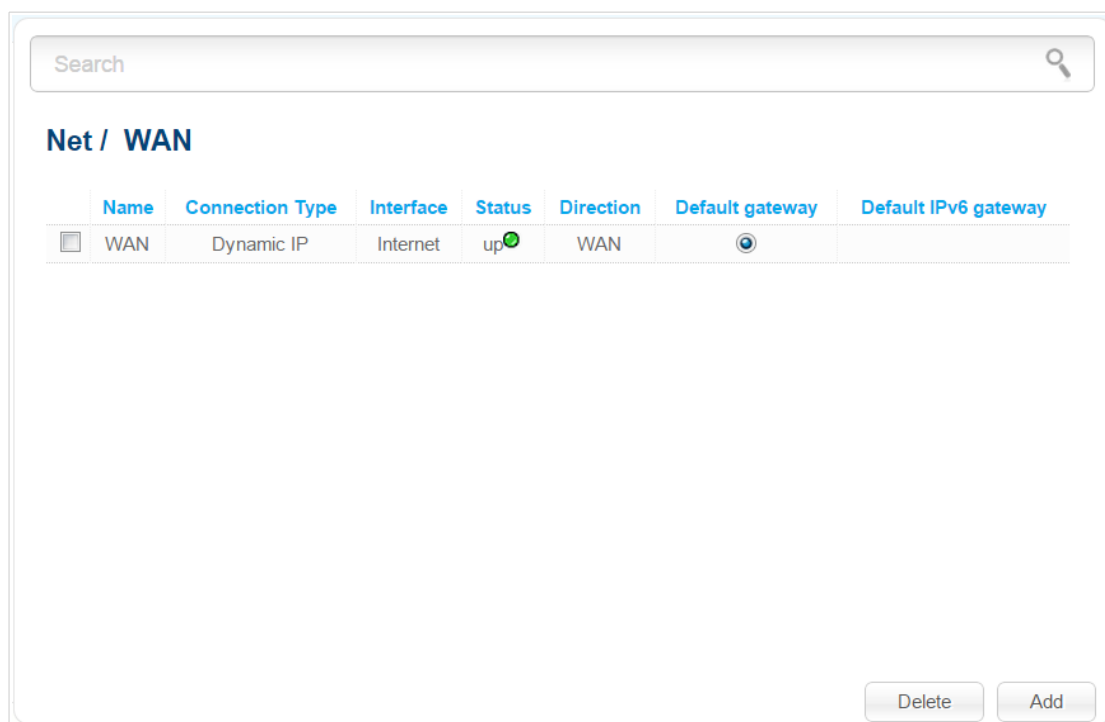


Figure 65. The **Net / WAN** page.

To create a new connection, click the **Add** button. On the page displayed, specify the relevant values.

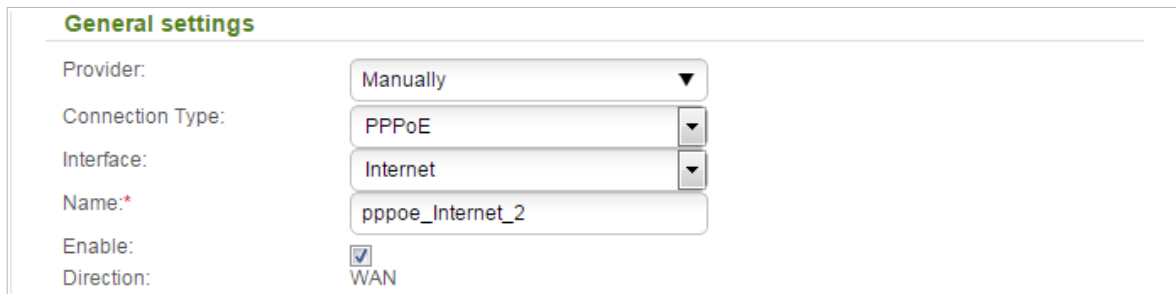
To edit an existing connection, left-click the relevant line in the table. On the page displayed, change the parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a connection, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Also you can remove a connection on the editing page.

To use one of existing WAN connections as a default gateway, select the choice of the **Default gateway** radio button located in the line corresponding to this connection.

Creating PPPoE WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPPoE type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the **PPPoE** value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: PPPoE

Interface: Internet

Name*: pppoe_Internet_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 66. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Ethernet

MTU:



MAC:  

Figure 67. The page for creating a new PPPoE connection. The Ethernet section.



Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

Figure 68. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
PPP	
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.

Parameter	Description
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.

Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Enable IGMP Multicast:

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

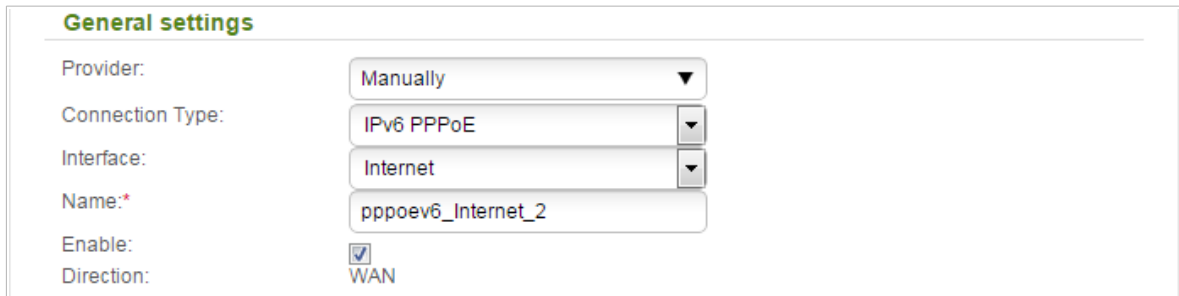
Figure 69. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating IPv6 PPPoE or PPPoE Dual Stack WAN Connection

To create a connection of the IPv6 PPPoE or PPPoE Dual Stack type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: IPv6 PPPoE

Interface: Internet

Name*: pppoev6_Internet_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 70. The page for creating a new IPv6 PPPoE connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Ethernet

MTU:



MAC:  

Figure 71. The page for creating a new IPv6 PPPoE connection. The Ethernet section.



Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

Figure 72. The page for creating a new IPv6 PPPoE connection. The PPP section.

Parameter	Description
PPP	
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled.

Parameter	Description
Static IP Address	<p>For the PPPoE Dual Stack type only.</p> <p>Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.</p>

IPv6

Get IPv6:

Figure 73. The page for creating a new P_v6 PPPoE connection. The IPv6 section.

Parameter	Description
IPv6	
Get IPv6	Select a method for IPv6 address assignment from the drop-down list or leave the Automatically value.

IPv6 gateway

SLAAC:

Static IPv6 gateway address:

Figure 74. The page for creating a new P_v6 PPPoE connection. The IPv6 gateway section.

Parameter	Description
IPv6 gateway	
SLAAC	Select the checkbox to automatically assign the IPv6 gateway address with help of SLAAC (<i>Stateless Address Autoconfiguration</i>).
Static IPv6 gateway address	The static address of the IPv6 gateway. The field is available for editing, if the SLAAC checkbox is not selected.



IPv6 DNS addresses

Obtain DNS server addresses automatically:

Static primary DNS server:

Static secondary DNS server:

PPP debug:

Figure 75. The page for creating a new Pv6 PPPoE connection. The IPv6 DNS addresses section.

Parameter	Description
IPv6 DNS addresses	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of IPv6 DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Static primary DNS server and Static secondary DNS server fields are not available for editing.
Static primary DNS server/Static secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.

Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Firewall:

Ping:

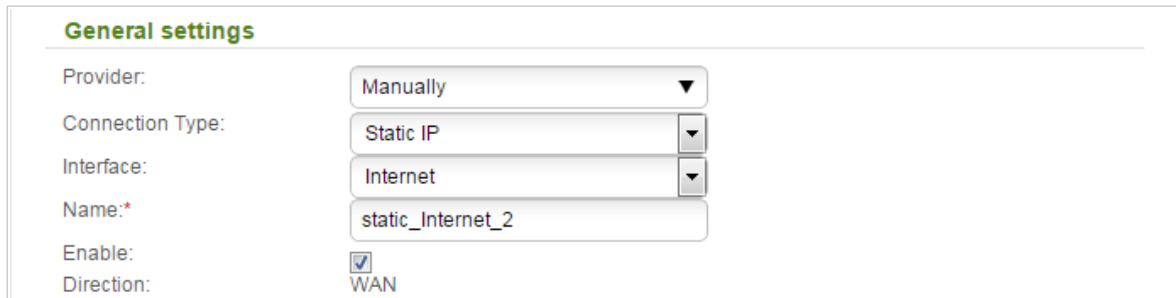
Figure 76. The page for creating a new Pv6 PPPoE connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	<i>For the PPPoE Dual Stack type only.</i> Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	<i>For the PPPoE Dual Stack type only.</i> Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating Static IP or Dynamic IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Static IP or Dynamic IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.





The screenshot shows the 'General settings' section of a web interface. It contains the following fields and values:

- Provider: Manually (dropdown menu)
- Connection Type: Static IP (dropdown menu)
- Interface: Internet (dropdown menu)
- Name*: static_Internet_2 (text input)
- Enable: (checkbox)
- Direction: WAN (radio button)

Figure 77. The page for creating a new **Static IP** connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Figure 78. The page for creating a new **Static IP** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

IP

IP Address:*

Netmask:*

Gateway IP address:*

Primary DNS server:*

Secondary DNS server:

Figure 79. The page for creating a new **Static IP** connection. The **IP** section.

Parameter	Description
IP	
<i>For Static IP type</i>	
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
<i>For Dynamic IP type</i>	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>
Hostname	A name of the router specified by your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>

Authorization via 802.1x protocol

Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:

Authentication method:

Username:

Password:

Figure 80. The page for creating a new **Static IP** connection. The **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section.

Parameter	Description
Authorization via 802.1x protocol	
Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol	Select the checkbox to allow authorization in the ISP's network via the 802.1x protocol.
Authentication method	Select a needed authentication method from the drop-down list.
Username	Enter the username provided by your ISP.
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP.

Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Enable IGMP Multicast:

NAT:

firewall:

Ping:

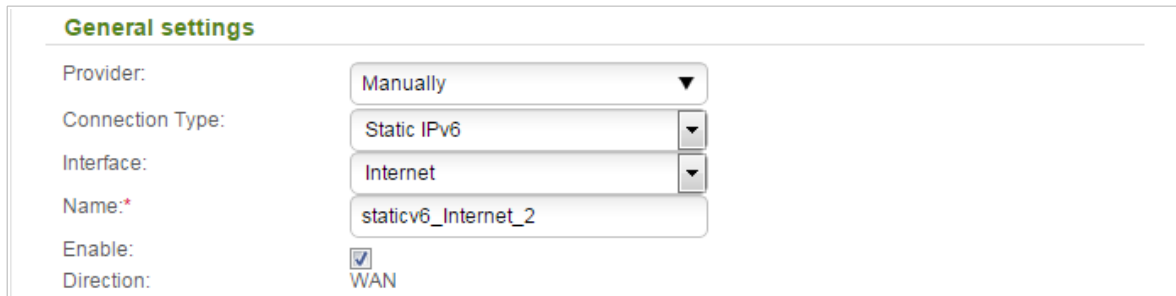
Figure 81. The page for creating a new **Static IP** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating Static IPv6 or Dynamic IPv6 WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Static IPv6 or Dynamic IPv6 type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: Static IPv6

Interface: Internet

Name*: staticv6_Internet_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 82. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Ethernet

MTU:





MAC:  

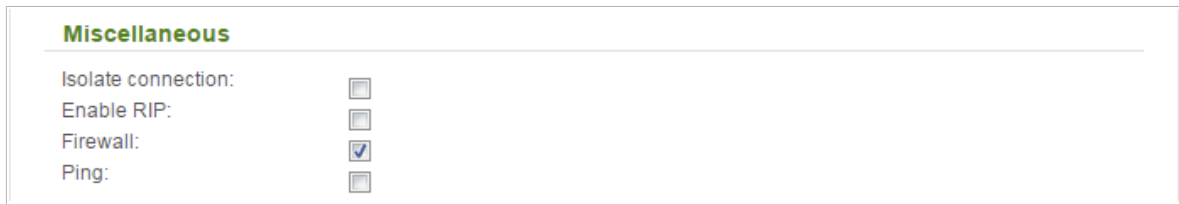
Figure 83. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring a Static IPv6 connection. It features a section titled 'IP' with four input fields: 'IPv6 address:*', 'Gateway IPv6 address:*', 'Primary IPv6 DNS server:', and 'Secondary IPv6 DNS server:'. Each field is represented by a rectangular text box.

Figure 84. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **IP** section.

Parameter	Description
IP	
<i>For Static IPv6 type</i>	
IPv6 address	Enter an IPv6 address for this WAN connection.
Gateway IPv6 address	Enter an IPv6 address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary IPv6 DNS server/Secondary IPv6 DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.
<i>For Dynamic IPv6 type</i>	
Get IPv6	Select a method for IPv6 address assignment from the drop-down list or leave the Automatically value.
Gateway by SLAAC	Select the checkbox to automatically assign the IPv6 gateway address with help of SLAAC (<i>Stateless Address Autoconfiguration</i>).
Static IPv6 gateway address	The static address of the IPv6 gateway. The field is available for editing, if the Gateway by SLAAC checkbox is not selected.
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of IPv6 DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Static primary DNS server and Static secondary DNS server fields are not available for editing.
Static primary DNS server/Static secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.



Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Firewall:

Ping:

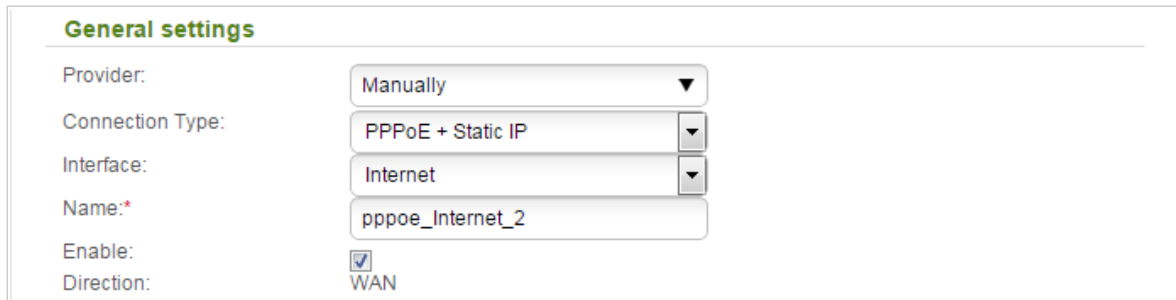
Figure 85. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPPoE + Static IP or PPPoE + Dynamic IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: PPPoE + Static IP

Interface: Internet

Name*: pppoe_Internet_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 86. The page for creating a new PPPoE + Static IP connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Ethernet

MTU:





MAC:  

Figure 87. The page for creating a new **PPPoE + Static IP** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

IP

IP Address:*

Netmask:*

Gateway IP address:*

Primary DNS server:*

Secondary DNS server:

Figure 88. The page for creating a new PPPoE + Static IP connection. The IP section.

Parameter	Description
IP	
<i>For PPPoE + Static IP type</i>	
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
<i>For PPPoE + Dynamic IP type</i>	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>
Hostname	A name of the router specified by your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>

Authorization via 802.1x protocol

Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:

Authentication method:

Username:

Password:

Figure 89. The page for creating a new **PPPoE + Static IP** connection. The **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section.

Parameter	Description
Authorization via 802.1x protocol	
Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol	Select the checkbox to allow authorization in the ISP's network via the 802.1x protocol.
Authentication method	Select a needed authentication method from the drop-down list.
Username	Enter the username provided by your ISP.
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP.

Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Enable IGMP Multicast:

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

Figure 90. The page for creating a new **PPPoE + Static IP** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous (for IP section)	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

Figure 91. The page for creating a new **PPPoE + Static IP** connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
PPP	
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.

Parameter	Description
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.

Miscellaneous

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Enable IGMP Multicast:

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

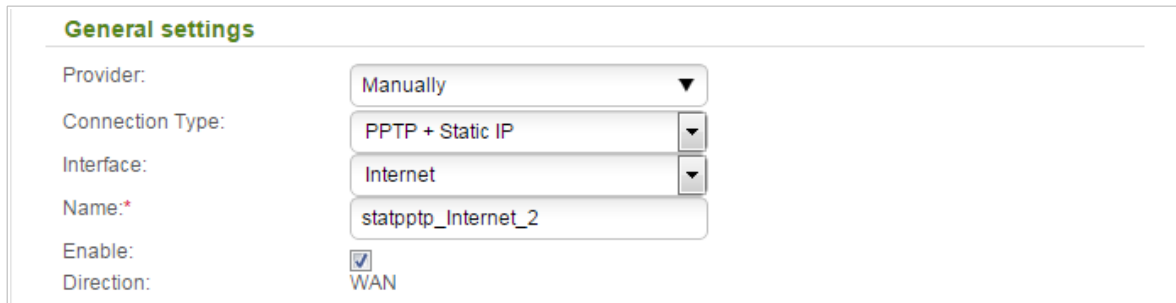
Figure 92. The page for creating a new **PPPoE + Static IP** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous (for PPP section)	
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating PPTP/L2TP + Static IP or PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPTP + Static IP, L2TP + Static IP, PPTP + Dynamic IP, or L2TP + Dynamic IP type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: PPTP + Static IP

Interface: Internet

Name*: statppt_Internet_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 93. The page for creating a new **PPTP + Static IP** connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	A physical or virtual interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Ethernet

MTU:





MAC:  

Figure 94. The page for creating a new **PPTP + Static IP** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
Ethernet	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
MAC	<p>A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.</p> <p>You can click the Clone MAC address of your computer icon () to set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface.</p> <p>Also you can set the address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>You can click the Restore default MAC address icon () to set the router's MAC address.</p>

IP

IP Address:*

Netmask:*

Gateway IP address:*

Primary DNS server:*

Secondary DNS server:

Figure 95. The page for creating a new **PPTP + Static IP** connection. The **IP** section.

Parameter	Description
IP	
<i>For PPTP + Static IP and L2TP + Static IP types</i>	
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
<i>For PPTP + Dynamic IP and L2TP + Dynamic IP types</i>	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>
Hostname	A name of the router specified by your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>

Authorization via 802.1x protocol

Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol:

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

Enable IGMP Multicast:

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

Figure 96. The page for creating a new **PPTP + Static IP** connection. The **Authorization via 802.1x protocol** section.

Parameter	Description
Authorization via 802.1x protocol	
Authorization in the ISP's network via 802.1x protocol	Select the checkbox to allow authorization in the ISP's network via the 802.1x protocol.
Authentication method	Select a needed authentication method from the drop-down list.
Username	Enter the username provided by your ISP.
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP.
Isolate connection	When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.
Enable RIP	Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.
Enable IGMP Multicast	Select the checkbox to allow multicast traffic from the external network (e.g. video streaming) to be received.
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

VPN

Connect automatically:

Username:*

Without authorization:

Password:*

Password confirmation:*

VPN server address:*

Encryption: No encrypt ▼

Authentication algorithm: AUTO ▼

MTU:*

Keep Alive:

LCP interval (sec):*

LCP fails:*

Extra options:

Dial on demand:

Static IP Address:

PPP debug:

IP received:

Isolate connection:

Enable RIP:

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

Figure 97. The page for creating a new PPTP + Static IP connection. The VPN section.

Parameter	Description
VPN	
Connect automatically	Select the checkbox to enable auto-start of the connection upon the boot-up of the router.
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

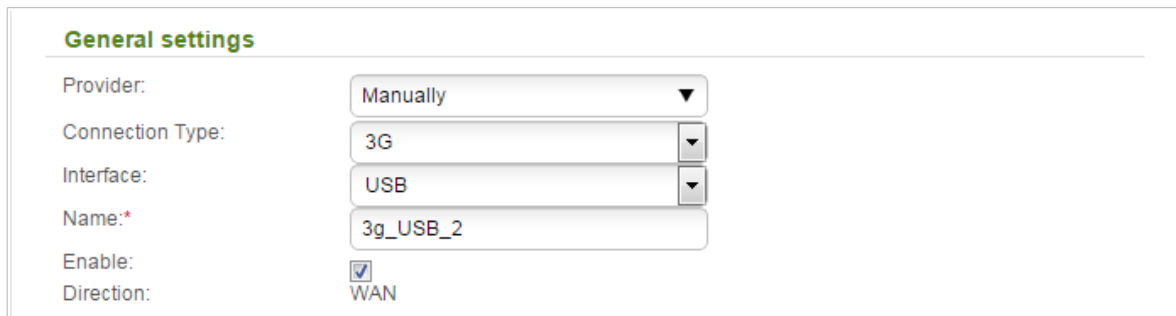
Parameter	Description
Encryption	<p>Select a method of MPPE encryption.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • No encrypt: MPPE encryption is not applied. • MPPE 40/128 bit: MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied. • MPPE 40 bit: MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied. • MPPE 128 bit: MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied. <p>MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP, MS-CHAP-V2, or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication algorithm drop-down list.</p>
Authentication algorithm	<p>Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.</p>
MTU	<p>The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.</p>
Keep Alive	<p>Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.</p>
Extra options	<p>Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional.</i></p>
Dial on demand	<p>Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.</p>
Static IP Address	<p>Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.</p>
PPP debug	<p>Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.</p>
IP received	<p>The IP address assigned by the ISP.</p>
Isolate connection	<p>When the checkbox is selected, the router uses an alternate routing table for this connection. Select the checkbox only when your ISP requires this.</p>
Enable RIP	<p>Select the checkbox to allow using RIP for this connection.</p>

Parameter	Description
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating 3G WAN Connection

If the PIN code check is enabled for the SIM card inserted into your USB modem, then prior to creating a 3G WAN connection, proceed to the **3G/LTE modem / PIN** menu and enter the PIN code on the page displayed (see the *3G/LTE Modem* section, page 181). Then proceed to the **Net / WAN** page, click the **Add** button, and select the **3G** value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: 3G

Interface: USB

Name*: 3g_USB_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 98. The page for creating a new 3G connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	To automatically specify all settings required to connect to the Internet, select your country and operator from the drop-down list. To specify all settings independently, leave the Manually value.
Interface	Select the USB value.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

Figure 99. The page for creating a new 3G connection. The **USB modem** section.

Parameter	Description
USB modem	
Mode	The value of the field specifies the type of the network to which the router connects. Leave the auto value to let the router connect automatically to an available type of network, or select a needed value from the drop-down list. <i>For GSM USB modems only.</i>

Figure 100. The page for creating a new 3G connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
PPP	
Username	A username (login) to connect to the network of the operator.
Without authorization	Select the checkbox if your operator does not require authorization.
Password	A password to connect to the network of the operator.
Password confirmation	The confirmation of the entered password (to avoid mistypes).
APN	An access point name. <i>For GSM USB modems only.</i>

Parameter	Description
Dial number	A number dialed to connect to the authorization server of the operator.
Authentication algorithm	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the AUTO value.
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface. <i>Optional.</i>
Keep Alive	Select the checkbox if you want the router to keep you connected to the network of your operator even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. When the checkbox is selected, the LCP interval and LCP fails fields are available. Specify the required values.
Extra options	In the field, you can specify additional data for encryption or authentication. <i>Optional.</i>
Dial on demand	Select the checkbox if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the Maximum idle time field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
PPP debug	Select the checkbox if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.

Miscellaneous

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

Figure 101. The page for creating a new 3G connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

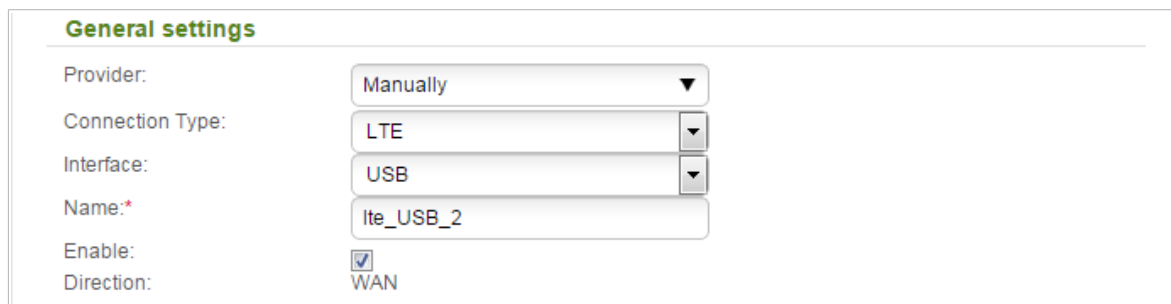
Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

Creating LTE WAN Connection

! For the USB modem Megafon M100-1, please reboot the router after creating the WAN connection.

To create a connection of the LTE type, click the **Add** button on the **Net / WAN** page. On the opened page, select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.



General settings

Provider: Manually

Connection Type: LTE

Interface: USB

Name:* lte_USB_2

Enable:

Direction: WAN

Figure 102. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **General settings** section.

Parameter	Description
General settings	
Provider	Leave the Manually value.
Interface	Select the USB value.
Name	A name for connection for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to enable the connection.
Direction	The direction of this connection.

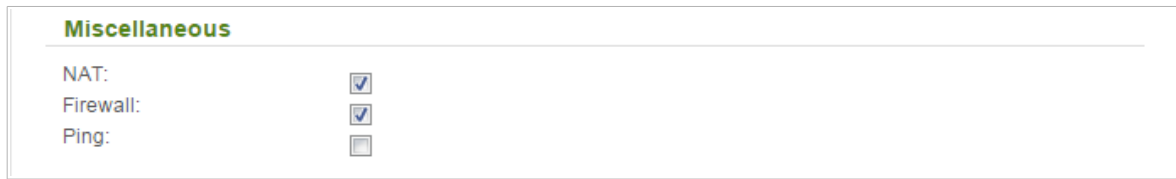
Figure 103. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **USB modem** section.

Parameter	Description
USB modem	
Mode	The value of the field specifies the type of the network to which the router connects. Leave the auto value to let the router connect automatically to an available type of network, or select a needed value from the drop-down list. ⁸
APN	An access point name.

Figure 104. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **IP** section.

Parameter	Description
IP	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Select the checkbox to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. If the checkbox is selected, the Primary DNS server and Secondary DNS server fields are not displayed.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>
Hostname	A name of the router specified by your ISP. <i>Optional.</i>

⁸ Some LTE USB modems do not support network type selection and work in the **auto** mode regardless of the value selected from the drop-down list.



Miscellaneous

NAT:

Firewall:

Ping:

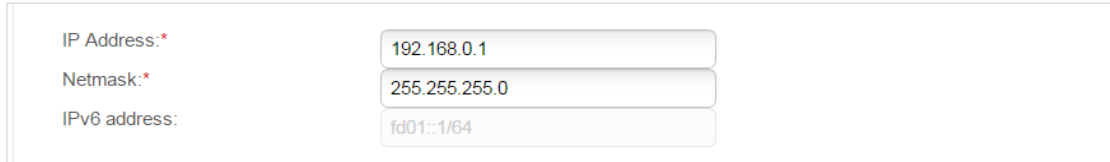
Figure 105. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
NAT	Select the checkbox if you want one WAN IP address to be used for all computers of your LAN.
Firewall	Select the checkbox to enable protection against ARP and DDoS attacks.
Ping	Select the checkbox to allow the router to answer ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended not to select this checkbox.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

LAN

To configure the router's local interface, proceed to the **Net / LAN** page.



The screenshot shows a configuration form with three rows. The first row is 'IP Address:*' with a text input field containing '192.168.0.1'. The second row is 'Netmask:*' with a text input field containing '255.255.255.0'. The third row is 'IPv6 address:' with a text input field containing 'fd01::1/64'.

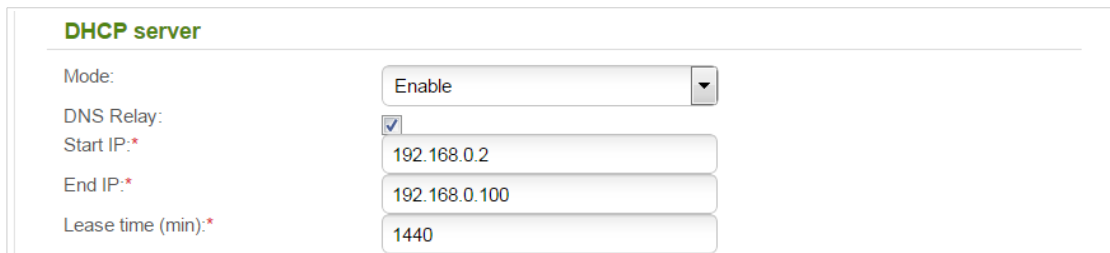
Figure 106. Basic settings of the local interface.

If needed, edit the basic settings of the local interface.

Parameter	Description
IP Address	The IP address of the router in the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: 192.168.0.1 .
Netmask	The mask of the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: 255.255.255.0 .
IPv6 address	The IPv6 address of the router in the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: fd01::1/64 . The field is available for editing, if the DHCP PD checkbox is not selected.

When needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

In the **DHCP server** section, you can configure the built-in DHCP server of the router.



The screenshot shows the 'DHCP server' section. It includes a 'Mode:' dropdown menu set to 'Enable', a 'DNS Relay:' checkbox that is checked, a 'Start IP:*' text input field with '192.168.0.2', an 'End IP:*' text input field with '192.168.0.100', and a 'Lease time (min):*' text input field with '1440'.

Figure 107. The section for configuring the DHCP server.

Parameter	Description
Mode	<p>An operating mode of the router's DHCP server.</p> <p>Enable: the router assigns IP addresses to clients automatically in accordance with the specified parameters. When this value is selected, the DNS Relay, Start IP, End IP, and the Lease time fields are displayed on the page.</p> <p>Disable: the router's DHCP server is disabled, clients' IP addresses are assigned manually.</p> <p>Relay: an external DHCP server is used to assign IP addresses to clients. When this value is selected, the External DHCP server IP field is displayed on the page.</p>
DNS Relay	<p>Select the checkbox so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address of the router as the DNS server address.</p> <p>Deselect the checkbox so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address transmitted by the ISP as the DNS server address.</p>
Start IP	<p>The start IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.</p>
End IP	<p>The end IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.</p>
Lease time	<p>The lifetime of IP addresses leased by the DHCP server. At the end of this period the leased IP address is revoked and can be distributed to another device, unless the previous device has confirmed the need to keep the address.</p>
External DHCP server IP	<p>The IP address of the external DHCP server which assigns IP addresses to the router's clients.</p>

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

In the **IPv6 DHCP server** section, you can enable the DHCPv6 server of the router and select its operating mode.

Figure 108. The section for configuring the DHCPv6 server.

Parameter	Description
Enable DHCPv6 Server	Select the checkbox to enable the DHCPv6 server of the router. When the checkbox is selected, the State mode drop-down list and the Leased Time field are displayed on the page.
DHCP PD	Select the checkbox to activate the Prefix Delegation function. When the checkbox is selected, the router requests a prefix to configure IPv6 addresses for clients of the LAN from a delegating router.
State mode	Select an operating mode of the DHCPv6 server from the drop-down list. Stateless: clients themselves configure IPv6 addresses using the prefix. Stateful: clients receive IPv6 addresses from the range specified in the Start interface IP and End interface IP fields.
Start interface IP	The start IPv6 address of the address pool used by the DHCPv6 server to distribute addresses to clients.
End interface IP	The end IPv6 address of the address pool used by the DHCPv6 server to distribute addresses to clients.
Leased Time	The lifetime of IPv6 addresses leased by the DHCPv6 server. The field is available for editing, if the DHCP PD checkbox is not selected.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Apply** button.

In the **Static DHCP** section, you can specify MAC address and IP address pairs (set a fixed IPv4 address in the local area network for a device with a certain MAC address). The router assigns IP addresses in accordance with the specified pairs only when the DHCP server is enabled (in the **DHCP server** section, in the **Mode** drop-down list, the **Enable** value is selected).

	IP*	MAC	Host
<input type="checkbox"/>			

Figure 109. The section for creating MAC-IP pairs.

To create a MAC-IP pair, click the **Add** button. In the **IP** field, enter an IPv4 address which will be assigned to the device from the LAN, then in the **MAC** field, enter the MAC address of this device. In the **Host** field, specify a network name of the device for easier identification (*optional*).

Also you can create a MAC-IP pair for a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant value from the **Known IP/MAC addresses** drop-down list (the **IP** and **MAC** fields will be filled in automatically).

When all needed MAC-IP pairs are specified, click the **Apply** button.

Existing MAC-IP pairs are displayed in the table of the **Static DHCP** section. To remove a pair, select the checkbox in the relevant line in the table and click the **Remove** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

Reservation WAN

On the **Net / Reservation WAN** page, you can enable the WAN backup function, which provides you with uninterrupted access to the Internet. When your main connection breaks down, the router activates the backup connection; and when the main channel is recovered, the router switches to it and disconnects the reserve one.

Figure 110. The **Net / Reservation WAN** page.

To activate the backup function, on the **Net / WAN** page, create the main and the reserve WAN connections. After that proceed to the **Net / Reservation WAN** page, select the **Enable reservation** checkbox, and specify the needed values in the fields displayed on the page.

Parameter	Description
Basic connection	From the drop-down list, select a WAN connection which will be used as the main one.
Backup connection	From the drop-down list, select a WAN connection which will be used as the reserve one.
Test host	An IP address that the router will check for availability via ICMP ping mechanism.
Check interval	A time period (in seconds) between attempts to check the status of the main connection. By default, the value 10 is specified.
Timeout check	A time period (in seconds) for an attempt to check the status of the main connection. At the end of this period the router's internal system makes a decision to enable/disable the reserve channel. By default, the value 3 is specified.

Parameter	Description
Number of inspections of active connection	A number of requests that will be sent in order to analyze the status of the main connection when the connection is active (the router uses the main connection as a default gateway).
Number of inspections of inactive connection	A number of requests that will be sent in order to analyze the status of the main connection when the connection is inactive (the router uses the reserve connection as a default gateway).

When all needed settings are configured, click the **Save** button.

Wi-Fi

In this menu you can specify all needed settings for your wireless network.

Basic Settings

On the **Wi-Fi / Basic settings** page, you can enable your wireless local area network (WLAN) and configure its basic parameters.

Wi-Fi / Basic settings

Enable Wireless:

Broadcast wireless network:
ⓘ This function allows you to enable or disable broadcasting wireless network without disconnecting the radio router. Can be used in conjunction with a "Client Wi-Fi"

MBSSID:

BSSID:

Hide Access Point:
ⓘ Wireless network name (SSID) will not appear in the list of available wireless networks with customers. Go to a hidden network, you can connect to manually specify the SSID of the access point.

SSID:*

Country:

Channel:

Wireless mode:
ⓘ When changing mode from "B"/"G" on any of the modes with "N" is recommended to re-tune security!

Max Associated Clients:*
ⓘ 0 - unlimited

Figure 111. Basic settings of the wireless LAN.

Parameter	Description
Enable Wireless	The checkbox enables Wi-Fi connections. If you want to disable your WLAN, deselect the checkbox.
Broadcast wireless network	If the checkbox is not selected, devices cannot connect to the router's WLAN. Upon that the router can connect to another access point as a wireless client.
BSSID	The unique identifier for your Wi-Fi network. You cannot change the value of this parameter, it is determined in the device's internal settings

Parameter	Description
Hide Access Point	If the checkbox is selected, other users cannot see your Wi-Fi network. (It is recommended not to select this checkbox in order to simplify initial configuration of your WLAN.)
SSID	A name for the WLAN. By default, the value DIR-620 is specified. It is recommended to specify another name for the network upon initial configuration (use digits and Latin characters).
Country	The country you are in. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Channel	The wireless channel number. When the auto value is selected, the router itself chooses the channel with the least interference.
Wireless mode	Operating mode of the wireless network of the router. This parameter defines standards of the devices that will be able to use your wireless network. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Max Associated Clients	The maximum number of devices connected to the wireless network of the router. When the value 0 is specified, the device does not limit the number of connected clients.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Security Settings

On the **Wi-Fi / Security settings** page, you can modify security settings of the WLAN.

The screenshot displays the 'Wi-Fi / Security settings' page. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the page title 'Wi-Fi / Security settings' is shown. The settings are organized into two sections. The first section, 'Network Authentication', includes a dropdown menu set to 'WPA2-PSK', a text input field for 'Encryption Key PSK*' containing '92928701', and a checkbox for 'WPA2 Pre-authentication' which is unchecked. The second section, 'WPA Encryption settings', includes a dropdown menu for 'WPA Encryption' set to 'AES' and a text input field for 'WPA renewal:*' containing '3600'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom right of the settings area.

Figure 112. The default security settings.

By default, the **WPA2-PSK** network authentication type is specified for the WLAN. WPS PIN from the barcode label is used as the network key.

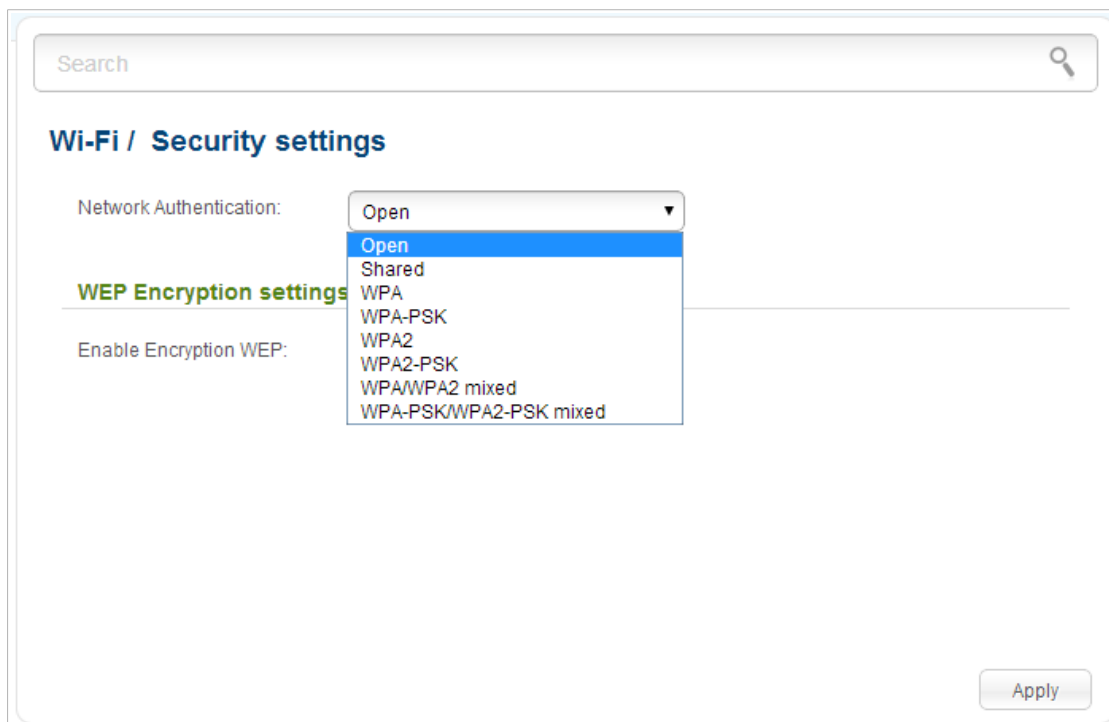


Figure 113. Network authentication types supported by the router.

The router supports the following authentication types:

Authentication type	Description
Open	Open authentication (with WEP encryption for wireless network modes not supporting 802.11n devices).
Shared	Shared key authentication with WEP encryption. This authentication type is not available when on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings page, in the Wireless mode drop-down list, a mode supporting 802.11n devices is selected.
WPA	WPA-based authentication using a RADIUS server.
WPA-PSK	WPA-based authentication using a PSK.
WPA2	WPA2-based authentication using a RADIUS server.
WPA2-PSK	WPA2-based authentication using a PSK.
WPA/WPA2 mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the WPA authentication type and devices using the WPA2 authentication type can connect to the WLAN of the router.
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the WPA-PSK authentication type and devices using the WPA2-PSK authentication type can connect to the WLAN of the router.

! The **WPA**, **WPA2**, and **WPA/WPA2 mixed** authentication types require a **RADIUS server**.

When the **Open** or **Shared** value is selected, the **WEP Encryption settings** section is displayed (the section is unavailable for the wireless network operating modes which support the standard 802.11n):

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring Wi-Fi security. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the section is titled "Wi-Fi / Security settings". Under "Network Authentication:", a dropdown menu is set to "Open". Below this, the "WEP Encryption settings" section is expanded. It includes a checkbox for "Enable Encryption WEP:" which is checked. "Default Key ID:" is set to "2". "Encryption Key WEP as HEX:" is unchecked. "WEP key length:" is set to "64bit". There are four input fields for "Encryption Key WEP (1)*", "Encryption Key WEP (2)*", "Encryption Key WEP (3)*", and "Encryption Key WEP (4)*". An "Apply" button is located at the bottom right of the settings area.

Figure 114. The **Open** value is selected from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Enable Encryption WEP	The checkbox activating WEP encryption. When the checkbox is selected, the Default Key ID field, the Encryption Key WEP as HEX checkbox, the WEP key length drop-down list, and four Encryption Key WEP fields are displayed on the page. For the Shared authentication type the checkbox is always selected.
Default Key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.
Encryption Key WEP as HEX	Select the checkbox to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.
WEP key length	The length of WEP encryption key. Select the value 64bit to specify keys containing 5 ASCII symbols or 10 HEX symbols. Select the value 128bit to specify keys containing 13 ASCII symbols or 26 HEX symbols.
Encryption Key WEP (1-4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the Default Key ID drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields.

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** value is selected, the **WPA Encryption settings** section is displayed:

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring Wi-Fi security. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the section is titled "Wi-Fi / Security settings". Under "Network Authentication:", a dropdown menu is set to "WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed". Below that is a text input field for "Encryption Key PSK:*". Under "WPA2 Pre-authentication:", there is an unchecked checkbox. A sub-section titled "WPA Encryption settings" is separated by a horizontal line. Under "WPA Encryption:", a dropdown menu is set to "AES". Below that is a text input field for "WPA renewal:*" with the value "3600". An "Apply" button is located at the bottom right of the settings area.

Figure 115. The **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** value is selected from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Encryption Key PSK	A key for WPA encryption. The key can contain digits and/or Latin characters.
WPA2 Pre-authentication	The checkbox activating preliminary authentication (displayed only for the WPA2-PSK and WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed authentication types).
WPA Encryption	An encryption method: TKIP , AES , or TKIP+AES . For the wireless network operating modes which support 802.11n standard (see the value of the Wireless mode drop-down list on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings page), the AES value is only available.
WPA renewal	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value 0 is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.

When the **WPA**, **WPA2**, or **WPA/WPA2 mixed** value is selected, the **RADIUS settings** and **WPA Encryption settings** sections are available:

The screenshot shows the 'Wi-Fi / Security settings' page. At the top, there is a search bar. Below it, the 'Network Authentication' dropdown menu is set to 'WPA/WPA2 mixed'. The 'WPA2 Pre-authentication' checkbox is unchecked. The 'RADIUS settings' section contains three input fields: 'IP address:*' with the value '192.168.0.254', 'Port:*' with the value '1812', and 'RADIUS encryption key:*' which is empty. The 'WPA Encryption settings' section contains two input fields: 'WPA Encryption:' with a dropdown menu set to 'AES', and 'WPA renewal:*' with the value '3600'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom right of the settings area.

Figure 116. The **WPA/WPA2 mixed** value is selected from the **Network Authentication** drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
WPA2 Pre-authentication	The checkbox activating preliminary authentication (displayed only for the WPA2 and WPA/WPA2 mixed authentication types).
IP address	The IP address of the RADIUS server.
Port	A port of the RADIUS server.
RADIUS encryption key	The password which the router uses for communication with the RADIUS server (the value of this parameter is specified in the RADIUS server settings).
WPA Encryption	An encryption method: TKIP , AES , or TKIP+AES .
WPA renewal	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value 0 is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

MAC Filter

On pages of the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter** section, you can define a set of MAC addresses of devices which will be allowed to access the WLAN, or define MAC addresses of devices which will not be allowed to access the WLAN.

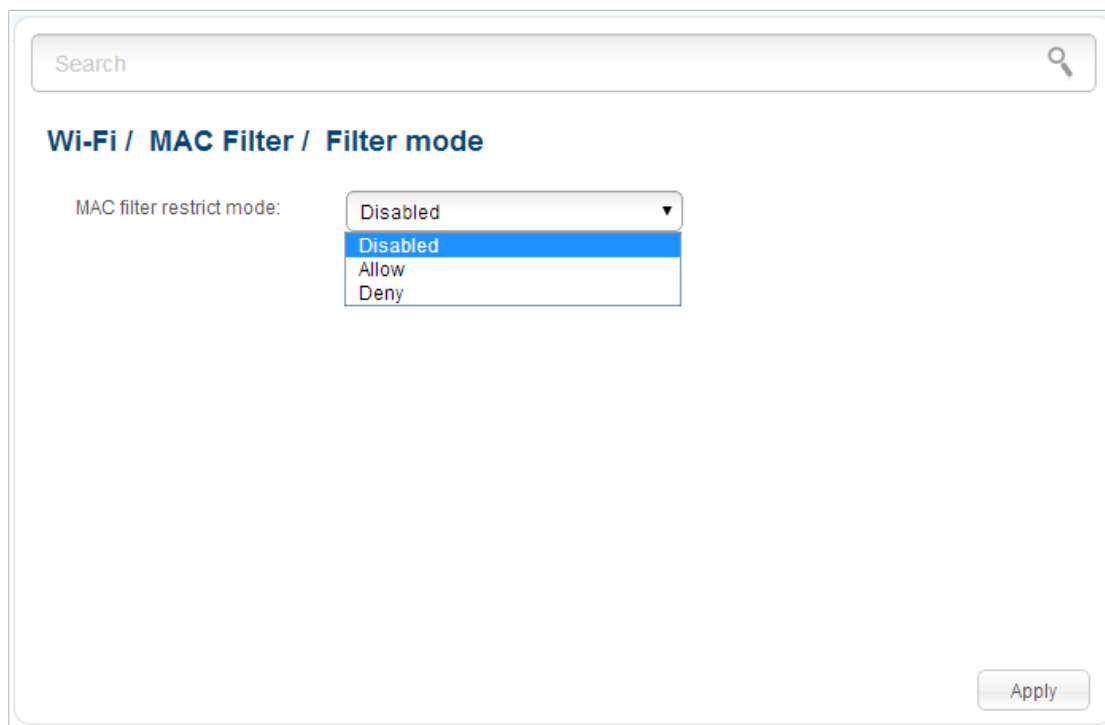


Figure 117. The page for configuring the MAC filter for the wireless network.

By default, MAC filtering is not active (the **Disabled** value is selected from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list on the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter / Filter mode** page).

To open your wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter / MAC addresses** page and to close the wireless network for all other devices, select the **Allow** value from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To close your wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter / MAC addresses** page, select the **Deny** value from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To add a MAC address to which the selected filtering mode will be applied, proceed to the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter / MAC addresses** page.

Search

Wi-Fi / MAC Filter / MAC addresses

MAC address list

You can add, edit and delete addresses here

Known IP/MAC addresses:

MAC address*

Figure 118. The page for adding a MAC address.

Click the **Add** button and enter an address in the field displayed. Also you can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the **Known IP/MAC addresses** drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically). Then click the **Apply** button.

To remove a MAC address from the list of MAC addresses, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant MAC address and click the **Delete** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

List of Wi-Fi Clients

On the **Wi-Fi / List of Wi-Fi clients** page, you can view the list of wireless clients connected to the router.

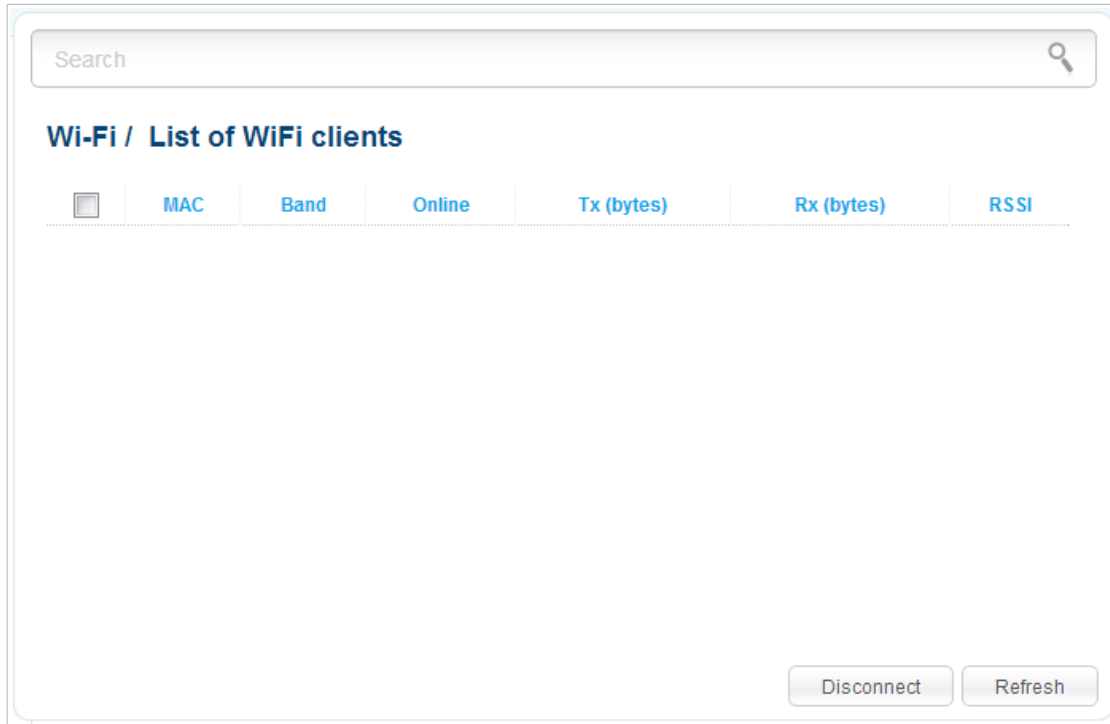


Figure 119. The list of the wireless clients.

If you want to disconnect a wireless device from your WLAN, select the checkbox in the line containing the relevant MAC address, and click the **Disconnect** button.

To view the latest data on the devices connected to the WLAN, click the **Refresh** button.

WPS

On the **Wi-Fi / WPS** page, you can enable the function for secure configuration of the WLAN and select a method used to easily add wireless devices to the WLAN.

The WPS function helps to configure the protected wireless network automatically. Devices connecting to the wireless network via the WPS function must support the WPS function.

! Before using the function you need to configure one of the following authentication types: **Open with no encryption, WPA2-PSK, or WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** with the **AES** encryption method (on the **Wi-Fi / Security settings** page). When other security settings are specified, controls of the **Wi-Fi / WPS** page are not available.

Search

Wi-Fi / WPS

Enable/Disable WPS

WPS Enable:

Apply

Information

Default PIN code:	92928701
WPS Status:	Configured
SSID:	DIR-620
Network Authentication:	WPA2-PSK
Encryption:	AES
Encryption key:	92928701

Refresh Reset to unconfigured

Connection

WPS Method: PBC

Connect

Figure 120. The page for configuring the WPS function.

To activate the WPS function, select the **WPS Enable** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. When the checkbox is selected, the **Information** and **Connection** sections are available on the page.

Parameter	Description
Default PIN code	The PIN code of the router. This parameter is used when connecting the router to a registrar to set the parameters of the WPS function.
WPS Status	The state of the WPS function: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configured (all needed settings are specified; these settings will be used upon establishing the wireless connection) • Unconfigured (after activating the WPS function, the SSID and the encryption key will be configured automatically, the network authentication type will be changed to WPA2-PSK).
SSID	The name of the router's WLAN.
Network Authentication	The network authentication type specified for the WLAN.
Encryption	The encryption type specified for the WLAN.
Encryption key	The encryption key specified for the WLAN.
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the data on the page.
Reset to unconfigured	Click the button to reset the parameters of the WPS function.
WPS Method	A method of the WPS function. Select a value from the drop-down list. PIN : Connecting the device via the PIN code. PBC : Connecting the device via the push button (actual or virtual).
PIN Code	The PIN code of the WPS-enabled device that needs to be connected to the wireless network of the router. The field is displayed only when the PIN value is selected from the WPS Method drop-down list.
Connect	Click the button to connect the wireless device to the router's WLAN via the WPS function.

Using WPS Function via Web-based Interface

To add a wireless device via the PIN method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:

1. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
2. Click the **Apply** button.
3. Select the **PIN** value from the **WPS Method** drop-down list.
4. Select the PIN method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
5. Click the relevant button in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
6. Right after that, enter the PIN code specified on the cover of the wireless device or in its software in the **PIN Code** field.
7. Click the **Connect** button in the web-based interface of the router.


To add a wireless device via the PBC method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:


1. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
2. Click the **Apply** button.
3. Select the **PBC** value from the **WPS Method** drop-down list.
4. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
5. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
6. Click the **Connect** button in the web-based interface of the router.

Using WPS Function without Web-based Interface

You can add a wireless device to the router's WLAN without accessing the web-based interface of the router. To do this, you need to configure the following router's settings:

1. Specify corresponding security settings for the wireless network of the router.
2. Select the **WPS Enable** checkbox.
3. Click the **Apply** button.

4. Save the settings and close the web-based interface (click the icon  (**Save**) in the menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption in the top left part of

the page, then click the icon  (**Logout**)).

Later you will be able to add wireless devices to the WLAN by pressing the **WPS** button of the router.

1. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
2. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
3. Press the **WPS** button of the router, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The **WPS** LED will start blinking.

Additional Settings

On the **Wi-Fi / Additional settings** page, you can define additional parameters for the WLAN of the router.

! Changing parameters presented on this page may negatively affect your WLAN!

Figure 121. Additional settings of the WLAN.

The following fields are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
Station Keep Alive	The time interval (in seconds) between keep alive checks of wireless devices from your WLAN. When the value 0 is specified, the checking is disabled.
Beacon Period	The time interval (in milliseconds) between packets sent to synchronize the wireless network.
RTS Threshold	The minimum size (in bites) of a packet for which an RTS frame is transmitted.
Frag Threshold	The maximum size (in bites) of a non-fragmented packet. Larger packets are fragmented (divided).
DTIM Period	The time period (in seconds) between sending a DTIM (a message notifying on broadcast or multicast transmission) and data transmission.

Parameter	Description
TX Power	The transmit power (in percentage terms) of the router.
Drop multicast	Select the checkbox to disable multicasting for the router's WLAN. Deselect the checkbox to enable multicasting from WAN connections for which the Enable IGMP Multicast checkbox is selected.
Bandwidth	The channel bandwidth for 802.11n devices. 20MHz : 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz channels. 40MHz : 802.11n devices operate at 40MHz channels. 20/40MHz - : 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz and 40MHz channels (the channel is combined with the previous adjacent channel). 20/40MHz + : 802.11n devices operate at 20MHz and 40MHz channels (the channel is combined with the next adjacent channel).
Short GI	Guard interval (in nanoseconds). This parameter defines the interval between symbols transmitted when the router is communicating to wireless devices. Enable : the router uses the 400 ns short guard interval. For the wireless network operating modes which support 802.11n standard only (see the value of the Wireless mode drop-down list on the Wi-Fi / Basic settings page). Disable : the router uses the 800 ns standard guard interval.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

WMM

On the **Wi-Fi / WMM** page, you can enable the Wi-Fi Multimedia function.

The WMM function implements the QoS features for Wi-Fi networks. It helps to improve the quality of data transfer over Wi-Fi networks by prioritizing different types of traffic.

To enable the function, select the **WMM** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

Search

Wi-Fi / WMM

WMM:

Parameters of Access Point

AC	Aifsn (1~15)*	CWMin	CWMax	Txop*	ACM	Ack
AC_BK	7	1	1023	0	Off	Off
AC_BE	3	15	63	0	Off	Off
AC_VI	1	7	15	94	Off	Off
AC_VO	1	3	7	47	Off	Off

Parameters of Station

AC	Aifsn (1~15)*	CWMin	CWMax	Txop*	ACM
AC_BK	7	15	1023	0	Off
AC_BE	3	15	1023	0	Off
AC_VI	2	7	15	94	Off
AC_VO	2	3	7	47	Off

Apply

Figure 122. The page for configuring the WMM function.

! All needed settings for the WMM function are specified in the device's system. It is recommended not to change the default values.

The WMM function allows assigning priorities for four Access Categories (AC):

- **AC_BK** (*Background*), low priority traffic (print jobs, file downloads, etc.).
- **AC_BE** (*Best Effort*), traffic from legacy devices or devices/applications that do not support QoS.
- **AC_VI** (*Video*).
- **AC_VO** (*Voice*).

Parameters of the Access Categories are defined for both the router itself (in the **Parameters of Access Point** section) and wireless devices connected to it (in the **Parameters of Station** section).

For every Access Category the following fields are available:

Parameter	Description
Aifsn	<i>Arbitrary Inter-Frame Space Number.</i> This parameter influences time delays for the relevant Access Category. The lower the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
CWMin/CWMax	<i>Contention Window Minimum/Contention Window Maximum.</i> Both fields influence time delays for the relevant Access Category. The CWMax field value should not be lower, than the CWMin field value. The lower the difference between the CWMax field value and the CWMin field value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
Txop	<i>Transmission Opportunity.</i> The higher the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
ACM	<i>Admission Control Mandatory.</i> If on, prevents from using the relevant Access Category.
Ack	<i>Acknowledgment.</i> Answering response requests while transmitting. Displayed only in the Parameters of Access Point section. If off, the router answers requests. If on, the router does not answer requests.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Client

On the **Wi-Fi / Client** page, you can configure the router as a client to connect to a wireless access point.

As a rule, the client mode is used to connect to a WISP network. All parameters specified on this page should be provided by your WISP.

Search

Wi-Fi / Client

Enable client:

Broadcast wireless network:

Select the wireless network

SSID	BSSID	Wireless mode	Channel	Network Authentication	Signal level
DIR-825	94:DE:80:BF:39:A3	802.11/b/g	1	[Open net]	▬ (44%)
DIR-806A	70:62:B8:23:F7:51	802.11/b/g	13	[Open net]	▬ (40%)
2	00:13:46:76:F1:B7	802.11/b/g	4	[WPA2-PSK] [TKIP+AES]	▬ (40%)
TR-069 TEST	00:90:4C:01:60:00	802.11b/g/n	13	[Open net]	▬ (12%)
DIR-620	00:0C:43:30:52:98	802.11b/g/n	1	[Open net]	▬ (8%)

Search

Wireless network settings

SSID:

BSSID:

Network Authentication:

WEP Encryption settings

Enable Encryption WEP:

Apply

Figure 123. The page for configuring the client mode.

To configure the router as a client, select the **Enable client** checkbox. When the checkbox is selected, the following fields are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Broadcast wireless network	If the checkbox is not selected, devices cannot connect to the router's WLAN. Upon that the router can connect to another access point as a wireless client.
Wireless network settings	
SSID	The name of the network to which the router connects.
BSSID	The unique identifier of the network to which the router connects.
Network Authentication	The authentication type of the network to which the router connects.

When the **Open** or **Shared** authentication type is selected, the following fields are available:

Parameter	Description
Enable Encryption WEP	The checkbox activating WEP encryption. When the checkbox is selected, the Default Key ID field, the Encryption Key WEP as HEX checkbox, the WEP key length drop-down list, and four Encryption Key WEP fields are displayed on the page. For the Shared authentication type the checkbox is always selected.
Default Key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.
Encryption Key WEP as HEX	Select the checkbox to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.
WEP key length	The length of WEP encryption key. Select the value 64bit to specify keys containing 5 ASCII symbols or 10 HEX symbols. Select the value 128bit to specify keys containing 13 ASCII symbols or 26 HEX symbols.
Encryption Key WEP (1-4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the Default Key ID drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields.

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is selected, the following fields are available:

Parameter	Description
Encryption Key PSK	A key for WPA encryption. The key can contain digits and/or Latin characters.
WPA Encryption	An encryption method: TKIP , AES , or TKIP+AES .

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

In addition, when the **Enable client** checkbox is selected, the list of available wireless networks is displayed on the page.

To view the latest data on the available wireless networks, click the **Search** button.

To connect to a wireless network from the list, select the needed network. Upon that the relevant values are automatically inserted in the **SSID**, **BSSID**, and **Network Authentication** fields.

For the **Open** authentication type with no encryption, click the **Apply** button.

For the **Open** authentication type with encryption and the **Shared** authentication type, select a needed value from the **Default Key ID** drop-down list. If needed, select the **Encryption Key WEP as HEX** checkbox to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption. Then select a needed value in the **WEP key length** drop-down list, fill in 4 **Encryption Key WEP** fields, and click the **Apply** button.

For the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication types, fill in the **Encryption Key PSK** field and click the **Apply** button.

After clicking the **Apply** button, the wireless channel of DIR-620 will switch to the channel of the wireless access point to which you have connected.

If the router is connected to the selected network successfully, the green indicator appears to the right of the network's SSID in the table.

After configuring the device as a client, you need to create a WAN connection with relevant parameters for the **WiFiClient** interface.

Advanced

In this menu you can configure advanced settings of the router:

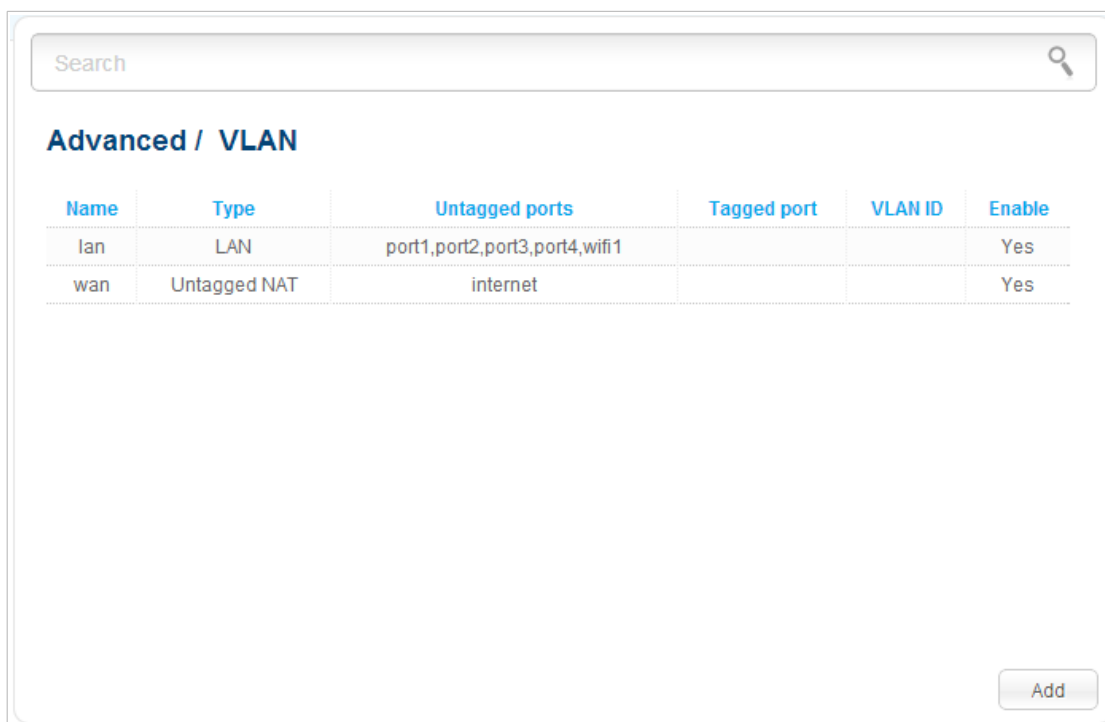
- create groups of ports for VLANs
- enable the UPnP IGD protocol
- configure notifications on the reason of the Internet connection failure
- configure a DDNS service
- define static routes
- create rules for remote access to the web-based interface
- allow the router to use IGMP, SIP, RTSP, and enable the PPPoE pass through function
- configure TR-069 client.

VLAN

On the **Advanced / VLAN** page, you can create and edit groups of ports for virtual networks (VLANs).

By default, 2 groups are created in the router's system:

- **lan**: it includes ports 1-4. You cannot delete this group.
- **wan**: for the WAN interface; it includes the **INTERNET** port. You can edit or delete this group.



Name	Type	Untagged ports	Tagged port	VLAN ID	Enable
lan	LAN	port1,port2,port3,port4,wifi1			Yes
wan	Untagged NAT	internet			Yes

Figure 124. The **Advanced / VLAN** page.

If you want to create a group including LAN ports of the router, first delete relevant records from the **lan** group on this page. To do this, select the **lan** group, deselect the needed checkbox located to the left of the relevant port, and click the **Save** button.

To create a new group for VLAN, click the **Add** button.

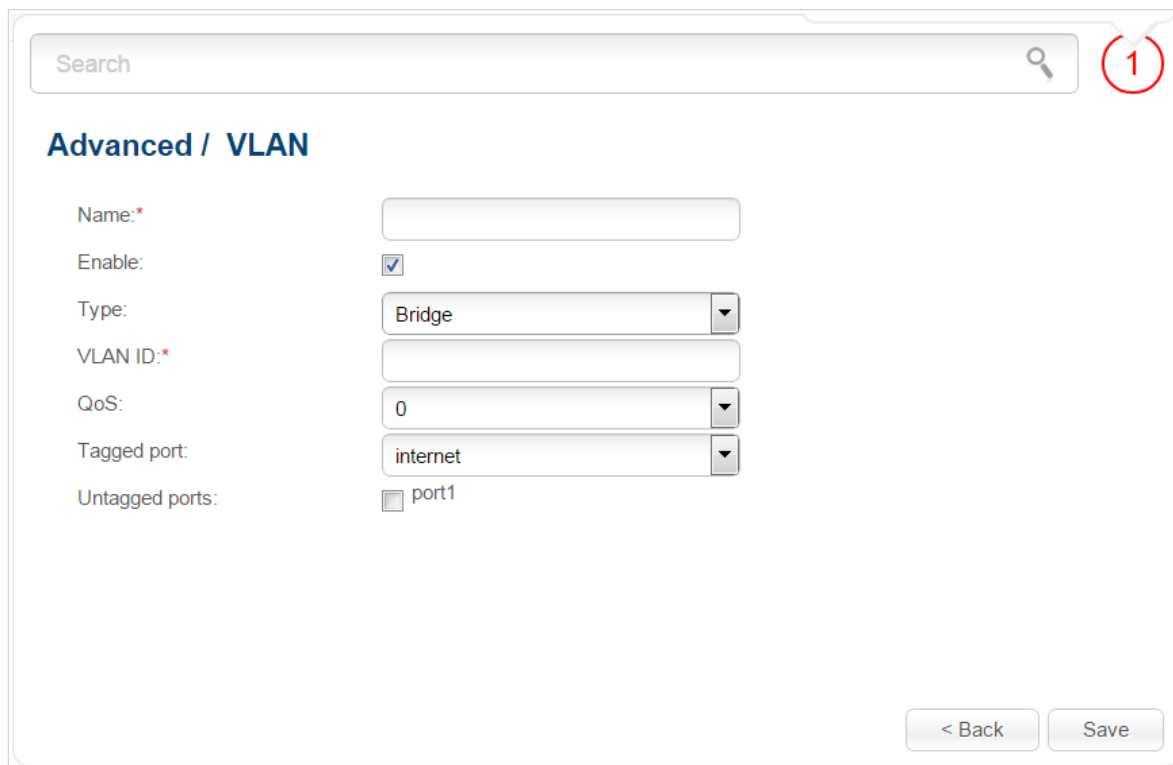


Figure 125. The page for adding a group of ports for VLAN.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	A name for the port for easier identification.
Enable	Select the checkbox to allow using this group of ports.
Type	<p>The type of the VLAN.</p> <p>Untagged NAT. The group of this type is an external connection with address translation. It is mostly used to transmit untagged traffic. When this value is selected, the VLAN ID field and the QOS, Tagged port drop-down lists are not displayed.</p> <p>Tagged NAT. The group of this type is an external connection with address translation. It is mostly used to connect to the Internet. Later the VLAN which identifier is specified in the VLAN ID field is used to create a WAN connection (on the Net / WAN page). When this value is selected, the Untagged ports section is not displayed.</p> <p>Bridge. The group of this type is a transparent connection between an internal port and an external connection. It is mostly used to connect IPTV set-top boxes.</p>
VLAN ID	An identifier of the VLAN to which this group of ports will be assigned.

Parameter	Description
QoS	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted.
Tagged port	From the list, select an available value to assign it to this group.
Untagged ports	The section includes the ports that can be added to the group. To add a port to the group, select the needed checkbox located to the left of the relevant port. To remove a port from the group, deselect the needed checkbox located to the left of the relevant port.

Click the **Save** button.

To edit or remove an existing group, select the relevant group on the **Advanced / VLAN** page. On the page displayed, change the parameters and click the **Save** button, or click the **Delete** button.

UPnP IGD

On the **Advanced / UPnP IGD** page, you can enable the UPnP IGD protocol. The router uses the UPnP IGD protocol for automatic configuration of its parameters for network applications requiring an incoming connection to the router.



Figure 126. The **Advanced / UPnP IGD** page.

If you want to manually specify all parameters needed for network applications, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

If you want to enable the UPnP IGD protocol in the router, select the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

When the protocol is enabled, the router's parameters configured automatically are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Protocol	A protocol for network packet transmission.
IP	The IP address of a client from the local area network.
Private port	A port of a client's IP address to which traffic is directed from a public port of the router.
Public port	A public port of the router from which traffic is directed to a client's IP address.
Comments	Information transmitted by a client's network application.

Redirect

On the **Advanced / Redirect** page, you can enable notifications on the reason of the Internet connection failure. Notifications will be displayed in the browser window when a user is attempting to open a web site on the Internet.

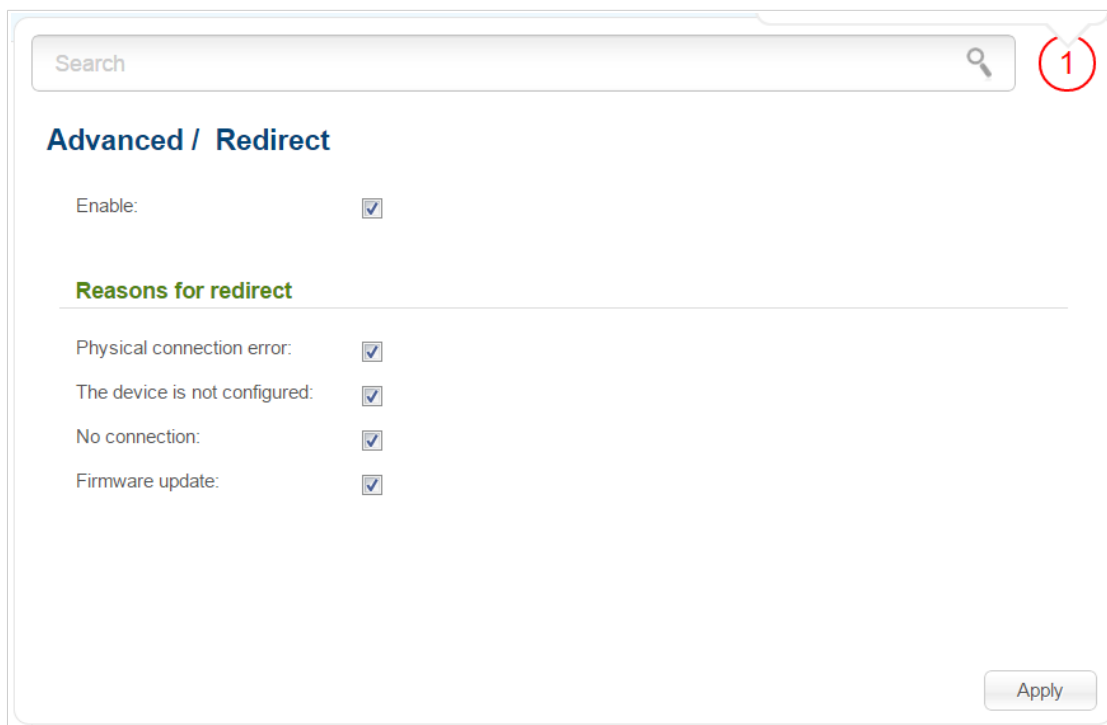


Figure 127. The **Advanced / Redirect** page.

To configure notifications, select the **Enable** checkbox. Then select needed checkboxes in the **Reasons for redirect** section.

Parameter	Description
Reasons for redirect	
Physical connection error	Notifications in case of physical connection problems (the ISP's cable is not connected, an additional device needed to access the Internet is not connected).
The device is not configured	Notifications in case when the device works with default settings.
No connection	Notifications in case of problems of the connection used as the default gateway (authorization error, the IPS's server does not respond, etc.).
Firmware update	Notifications in case of update of the device's firmware.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To disable notifications, deselect the **Enable** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

DDNS

On the **Advanced / DDNS** page, you can define parameters of the DDNS service, which allows associating a domain name with dynamic IP addresses.

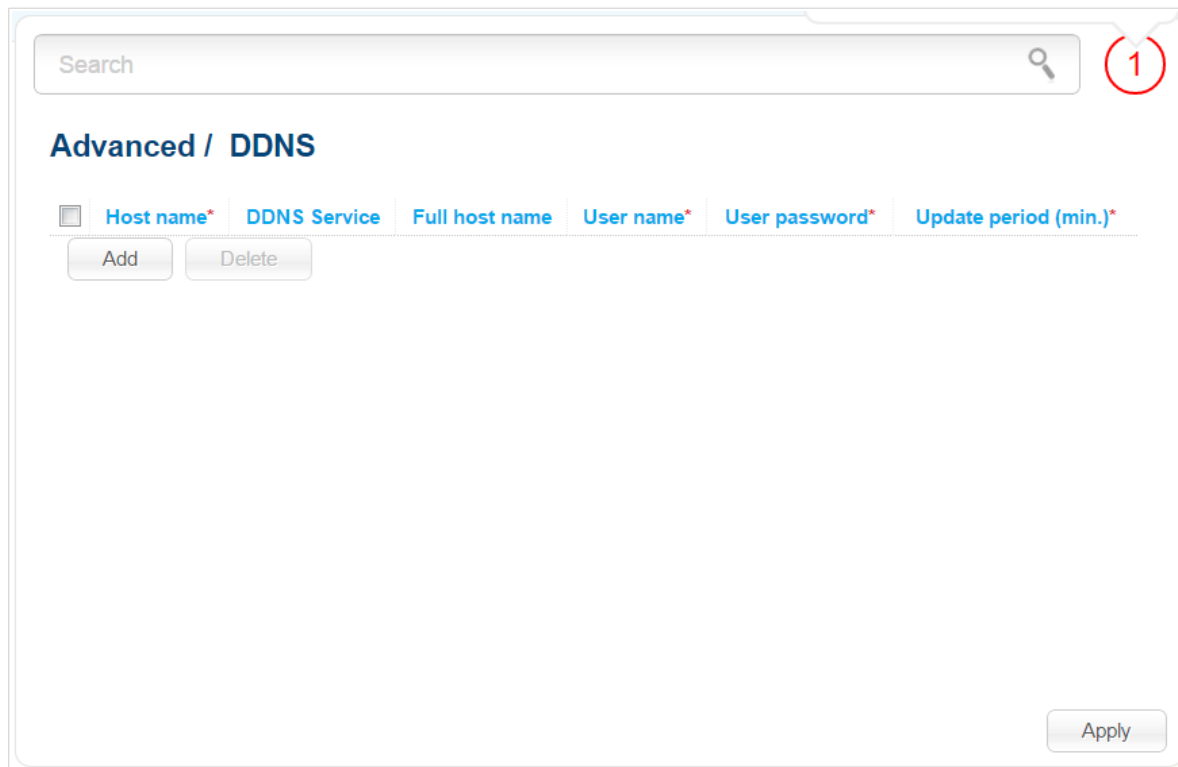


Figure 128. The **Advanced / DDNS** page.

To add a new DDNS service, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Host name	The part of the domain name specified by a user while registering at a DDNS provider.
DDNS Service	Select a DDNS provider from the drop-down list.
Full host name	The domain name registered at your DDNS provider. The field will be filled in automatically.
User name	The username to authorize for your DDNS provider.
User password	The password to authorize for your DDNS provider.
Update period	An interval (in minutes) between sending data on the router's external IP address to the relevant DDNS service.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit parameters of the existing DDNS service, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing DDNS service, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

Routing

On the **Advanced / Routing** page, you can add static routes (routes for networks that are not connected directly to the device but are available through the interfaces of the device) into the system.

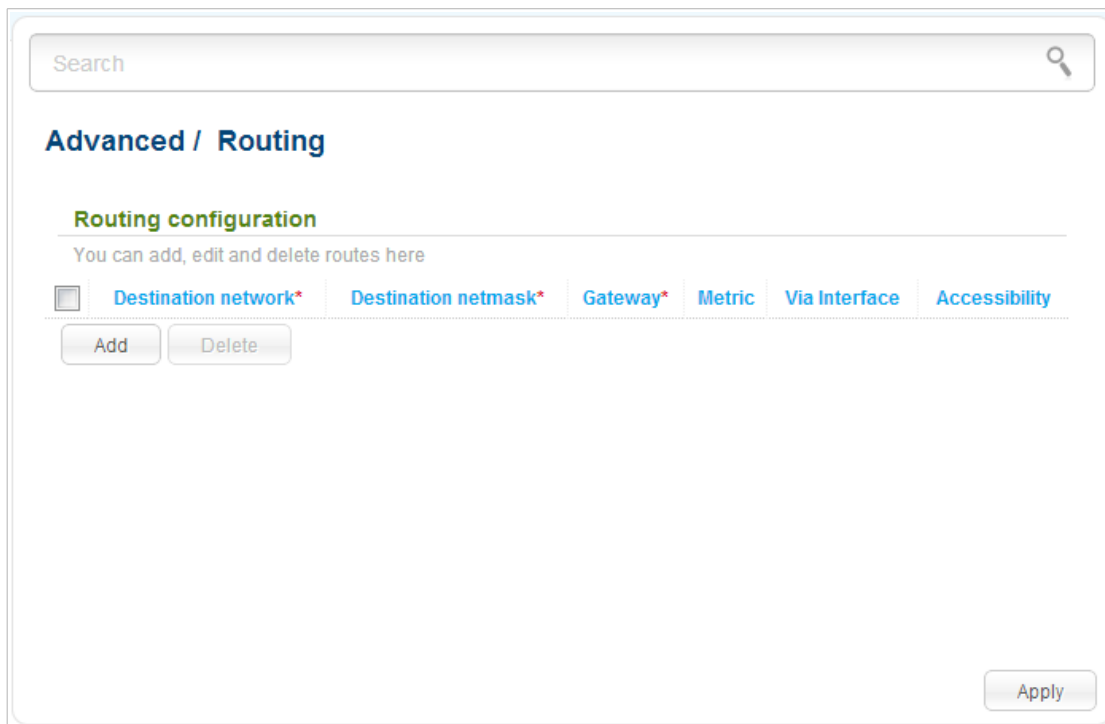


Figure 129. The **Advanced / Routing** page.

To create a new route, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Destination network	A destination network to which this route is assigned.
Destination netmask	The destination network mask.
Gateway	An IP address through which the destination network can be accessed. The field is available when the <Auto> value is selected from the Via Interface drop-down list of this line.
Metric	A metric for the route. The lower the value, the higher is the route priority. <i>Optional.</i>
Via Interface	Select an interface through which the destination network can be accessed from the drop-down list. If you have selected the <Auto> value of this drop-down list, the router itself sets the interface on the basis of data on connected networks.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit an existing route, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing route, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

IPv6 Routing

On the **Advanced / IPv6 routing** page, you can add static routes (routes for networks that are not connected directly to the device but are available through the interfaces of the device) into the system.

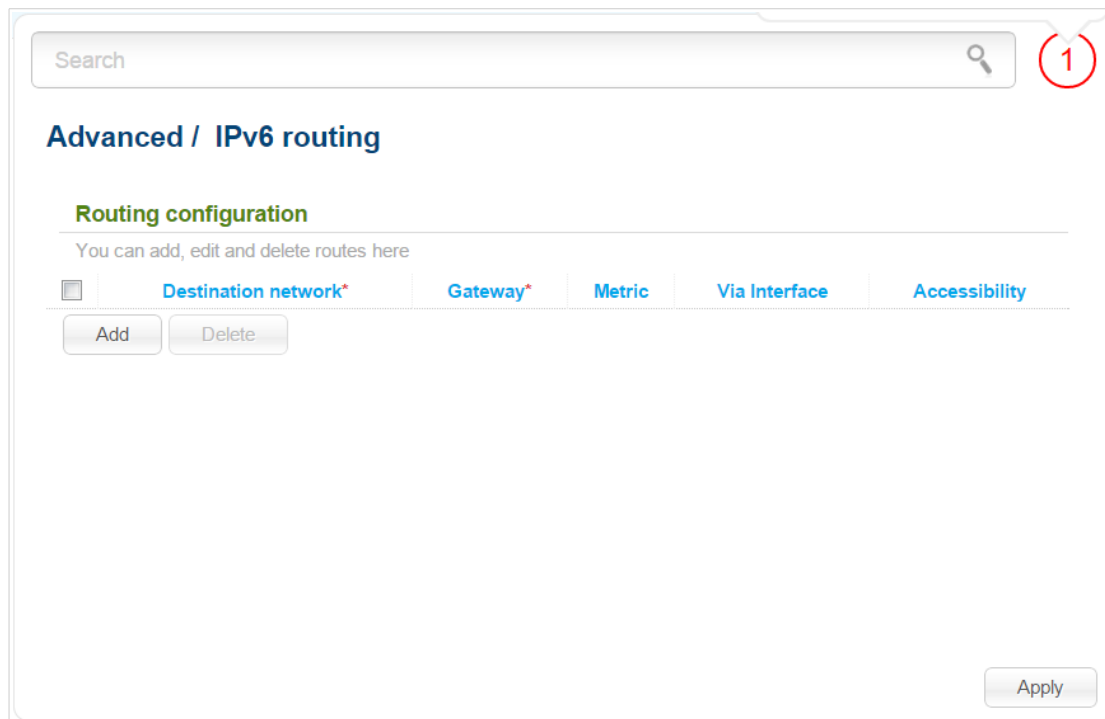


Figure 130. The **Advanced / IPv6 routing** page.

To create a new route, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Destination network	A destination network to which this route is assigned. You can specify an IPv6 address (2001:db8:1234::1) or an IPv6 address with a prefix (2001:db8:1234::/64).
Gateway	An IPv6 address through which the destination network can be accessed. The field is available when the <Auto> value is selected from the Via Interface drop-down list of this line.
Metric	A metric for the route. The lower the value, the higher is the route priority. <i>Optional.</i>
Via Interface	Select an interface through which the destination network can be accessed from the drop-down list. If you have selected the <Auto> value of this drop-down list, the router itself sets the interface on the basis of data on connected networks.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit an existing route, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove an existing route, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Apply** button.

Remote Access to Device

On the **Advanced / Remote access to device** page, you can configure access to the web-based interface of the router. By default, the access from external networks to the router is closed. If you need to allow access to the router from the external network, create relevant rules.

Figure 131. The **Advanced / Remote access to device** page.

To create a new rule for the IPv4-based network, click the **Add** button in the **Remote access configuration IPv4** section. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
IP address	A host or a subnet to which the rule is applied.
Mask	The mask of the subnet.
Public port	An external port of the router. You can specify only one port.
Protocol	The protocol available for remote management of the router.

To create a new rule for the IPv6-based network, click the **Add** button in the **Remote access configuration IPv6** section. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
IP address	A host or a subnet to which the rule is applied.
Protocol	The protocol available for remote management of the router.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for remote access, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule for remote access, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button in the relevant section. Then click the **Apply** button.

Miscellaneous

On the **Advanced / Miscellaneous** page, you can enable IGMP, SIP, RTSP, and the PPPoE pass through function for the router.

IGMP is used for managing multicast traffic (transferring data to a group of destinations). This protocol allows using network resources for some applications, e.g., for streaming video, more efficiently.

SIP is used for creating, modifying, and terminating communication sessions. This protocol allows telephone calls via the Internet.

RTSP is used for real-time streaming multimedia data delivery. This protocol allows some applications to receive streaming audio/video from the Internet.

The PPPoE pass through function allows PPPoE clients of computers from your LAN to connect to the Internet through PPPoE connections of the router.

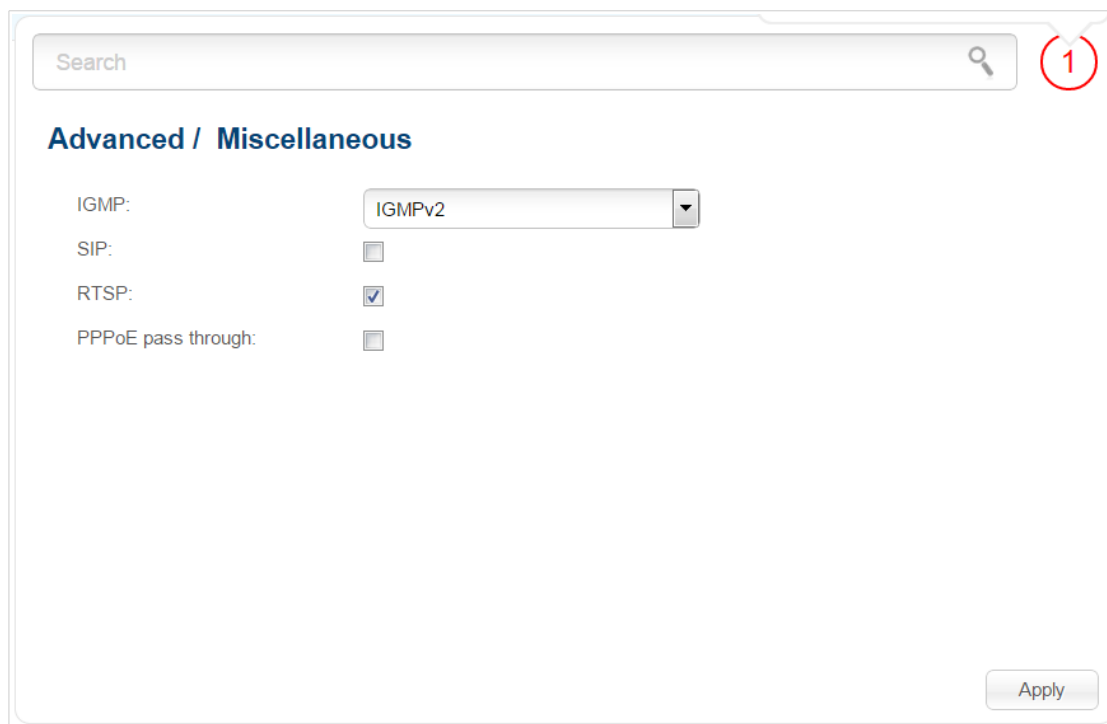


Figure 132. The **Advanced / Miscellaneous** page.

To enable IGMP, select a version of IGMP from the **IGMP** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows using the IGMP Proxy function for all WAN connections for which the **Enable IGMP Multicast** checkbox is selected.

To disable IGMP, select the **Off** value from the **IGMP** drop-down list and click the **Apply** button.

To enable SIP, select the **SIP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows using the SIP ALG function. This function allows VoIP traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router.⁹

⁹ On the **Net / WAN** page, create a WAN connection, on the **Advanced / Miscellaneous** page, select the **SIP** checkbox, connect the phone cable between a LAN port of the router and the IP phone. Specify SIP parameters on the IP phone and configure it to obtain an IP address automatically (as DHCP client).

To disable the SIP ALG function, deselect the **SIP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

To enable RTSP, select the **RTSP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button. Such a setting allows managing media stream: fast forward streaming audio/video, pause and start it.

To disable RTSP, deselect the **RTSP** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

To enable the PPPoE pass through function, select the **PPPoE pass through** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

To disable the PPPoE pass through function, deselect the **PPPoE pass through** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

TR-069 Client

On the **Advanced / TR-069 Client** page, you can configure the router for communication with a remote Auto Configuration Server (ACS).

The TR-069 client is used for remote monitoring and management of the device.

Search

Advanced / TR-069 Client

TR-069 Client

On the **TR-069 Client** page, you can configure the router for communication with a remote Auto Configuration Server (ACS).

Interface:

Enable TR-069 Client:

Inform settings

Enable:

Interval:

Auto Configuration Server settings

URL address:

User name:

Password:

ConnectionRequest Settings

User name:

Password:

Request port:

Request path:

Apply

Figure 133. The page for configuring the TR-069 client.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Interface	The interface which the router uses for communication with the ACS. Leave the automatic value to let the device select the interface basing on the routing table or select another value if required by your ISP.

Parameter	Description
Enable TR-069 Client	Select the checkbox to enable the TR-069 client.
Inform settings	
Enable	Select the checkbox so the router may send reports (data on the device and network statistics) to the ACS.
Interval	Specify the time period (in seconds) between sending reports.
Auto Configuration Server settings	
URL address	The URL address of the ACS provided by the ISP.
User name	The username to connect to the ACS. The username can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.
Password	The password to connect to the ACS. The password can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.
ConnectionRequest Settings	
User name	The username used by the ACS to transfer a connection request to the router. The username can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.
Password	The password used by the ACS. The password can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and characters available on the keyboard.
Request port	The port used by the ACS. By default, the port 8999 is specified.
Request path	The path used by the ACS.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **Apply** button.

Firewall

In this menu you can configure the firewall of the router:

- add rules for IP filtering
- create virtual servers
- define a DMZ
- configure the MAC filter.

IP Filters

On the **Firewall / IP filters** page, you can create new rules for filtering IP packets and edit or remove existing rules.

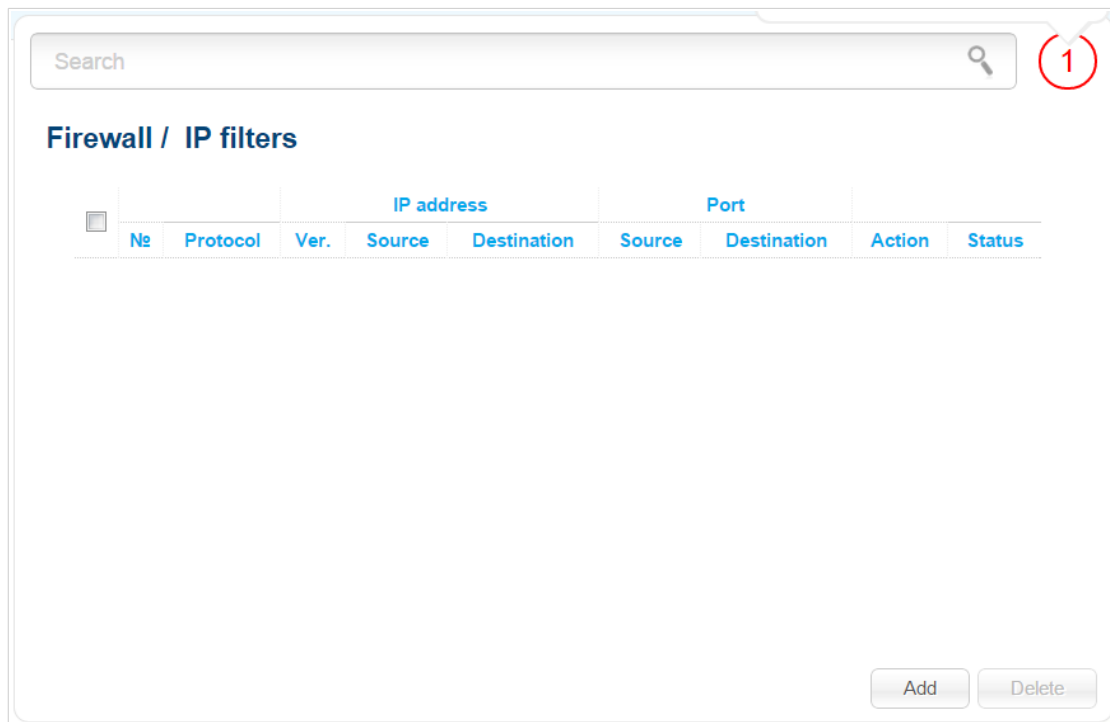




Figure 134. The **Firewall / IP filters** page.

To create a new rule, click the **Add** button.

Figure 135. The page for adding a rule for IP filtering.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
General	
Protocol	A protocol for network packet transmission. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Action	Select an action for the rule. Allow: Allows packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule. Deny: Denies packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule.
Activate	If the checkbox is selected, the rule is enabled. Deselect the checkbox to disable the rule.
IP version	An IP version to which the rule will be applied. Select the relevant value from the drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
IP Addresses	
Source IP address	<p>The source host/subnet IP address.</p> <p>To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant IP address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>If you want to specify a range of IP addresses, click the icon  (Range) and enter the starting and ending addresses in the left and right fields correspondingly.</p>
Destination IP address	<p>The destination host/subnet IP address.</p> <p>To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant IP address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).</p> <p>If you want to specify a range of IP addresses, click the icon  (Range) and enter the starting and ending addresses in the left and right fields correspondingly.</p>
Ports	
Source port	A port of the source IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.
Destination port	A port of the destination IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.

Click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for IP filtering, click the link to the relevant rule. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Also you can remove a rule on the editing page.

Virtual Servers

On the **Firewall / Virtual servers** page, you can create virtual servers for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the local area network.

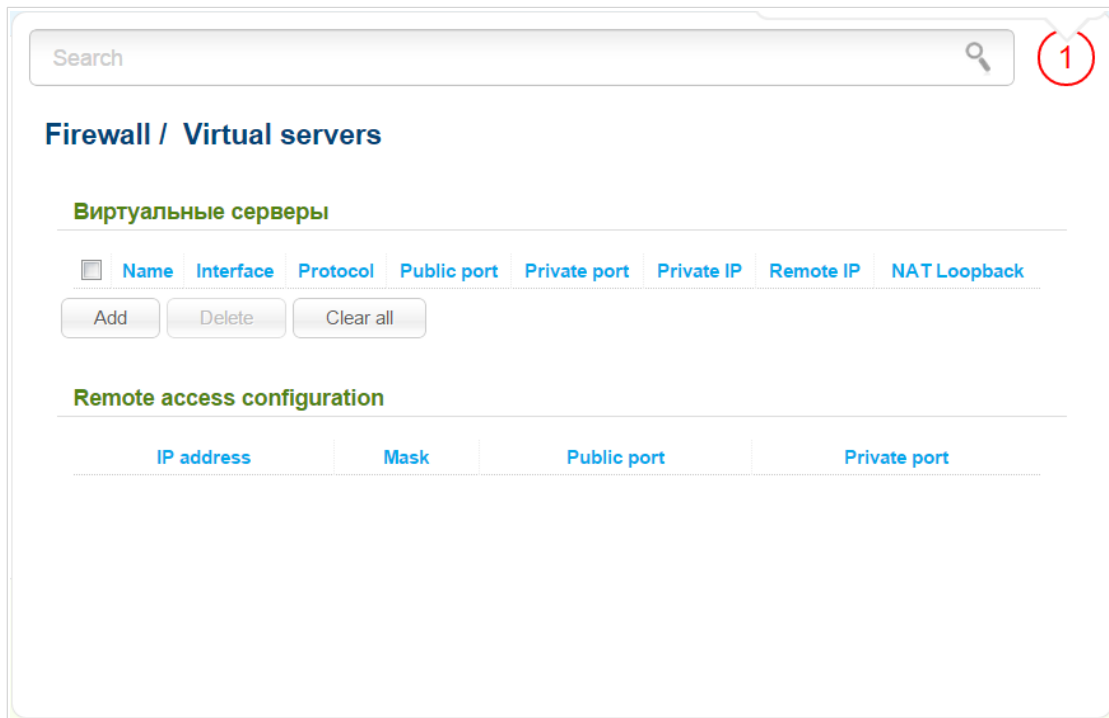


Figure 136. The **Firewall / Virtual servers** page.

To create a new virtual server, click the **Add** button.

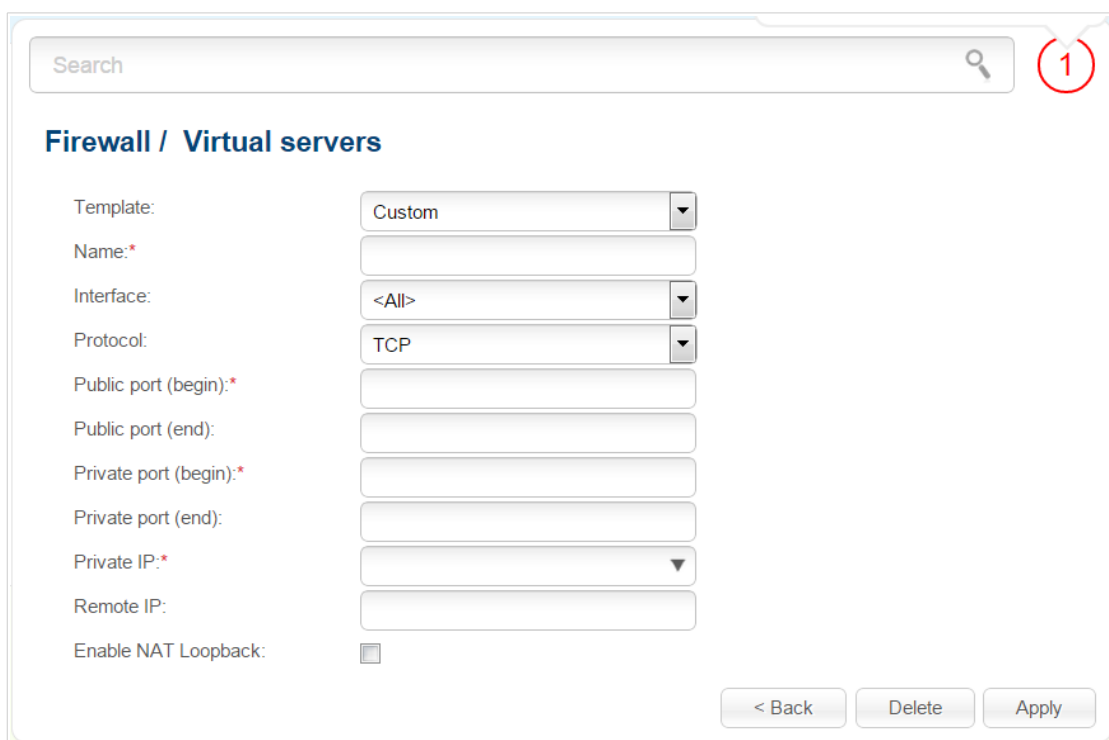


Figure 137. The page for adding a virtual server.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Template	Select a virtual server template from the drop-down list, or select Custom to specify all parameters of the new virtual server manually.
Name	A name for the virtual server for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Interface	A WAN connection to which this virtual server will be assigned.
Protocol	A protocol that will be used by the new virtual server. Select a value from the drop-down list.
Public port (begin)/ Public port (end)	A port of the router from which traffic is directed to the IP address specified in the Private IP field. Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Public port (begin) field and leave the Public port (end) field blank.
Private port (begin)/ Private port (end)	A port of the IP address specified in the Private IP field to which traffic is directed from the Public port . Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the Private port (begin) field and leave the Private port (end) field blank.
Private IP	The IP address of the server from the local area network. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Remote IP	The IP address of the server from the external network.
Enable NAT Loopback	If the checkbox is selected, users of the router's LAN can access the server, which IP address is specified in the Private IP field, using the router's external IP address as the server's IP address. If a DDNS service is configured on the Advanced / DDNS page, the users can access the server via the router's domain name.

Click the **Apply** button.

To edit the parameters of an existing server, select the relevant server in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a server, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Also you can remove a server on the editing page.

To remove all servers from this page, click the **Clear all** button.

In the **Remote access configuration** section, rules created on the **Advanced / Remote access to device** page are displayed. If after creating virtual servers you need to edit rules for remote access, you can quickly get to the **Advanced / Remote access to device** page by clicking the link to the relevant rule.

DMZ

A DMZ is a host or network segment located “between” internal (local) and external (global) networks. In the router, the DMZ implements the capability to transfer a request coming to a port of the DSL router from the external network to a specified host of the internal network.

On the **Firewall / DMZ** page you can specify the IP address of the DMZ host.

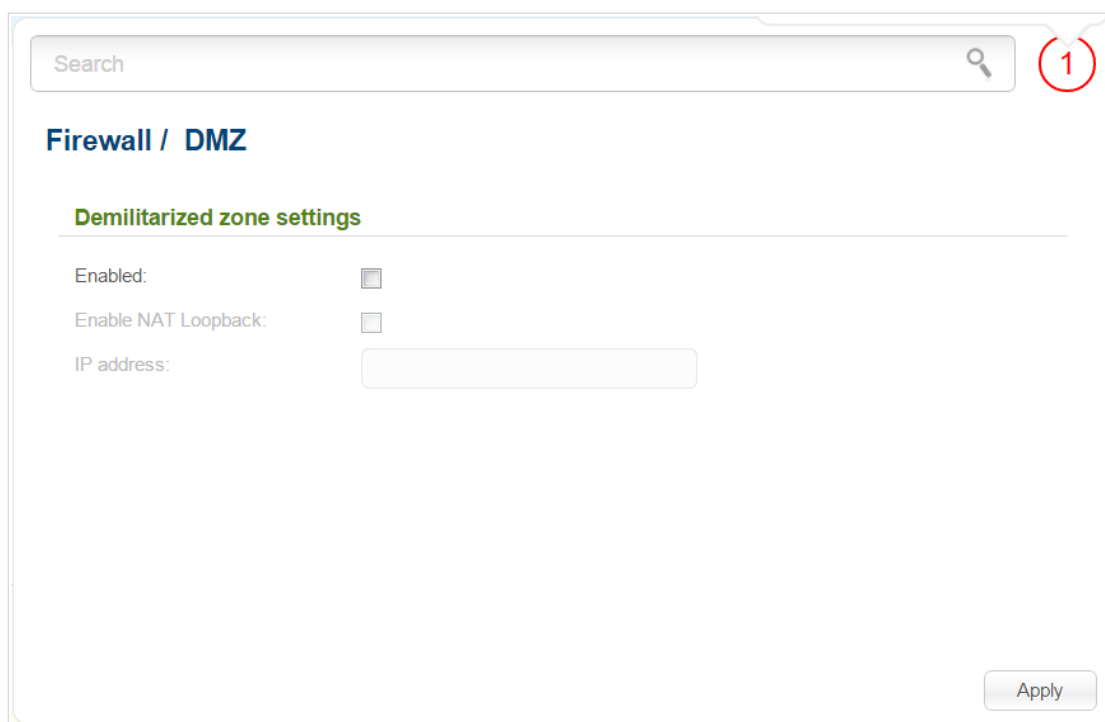


Figure 138. The **Firewall / DMZ** page.

To enable the DMZ, select the **Enabled** checkbox.

Enter the IP address of a host from your network in the **IP address** field. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

If you want users of the router's LAN to access the host using the router's external IP address, select the **Enable NAT Loopback** checkbox. If a DDNS service is configured on the **Advanced / DDNS** page, also the users can access the host via the router's domain name.

Click the **Apply** button.

Note that when the DMZ is enabled, all traffic coming to a port of the WAN interface of the router is directed to the same port of the specified IP address. Also note that virtual servers have higher priority than the DMZ host. In other words, if there has been created a virtual server that directs traffic from external port 80 to a port of the device from the router's local network, then entering **http://router_WAN_IP** in the address bar, users of the external network are directed to the specified port and IP address configured for the virtual server, but not to port 80 of the device with the IP address specified on the **Firewall / DMZ** page.

To disable the DMZ, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

MAC Filter

On the **Firewall / MAC filter** page, you can configure MAC-address-based filtering for computers of the router's LAN.

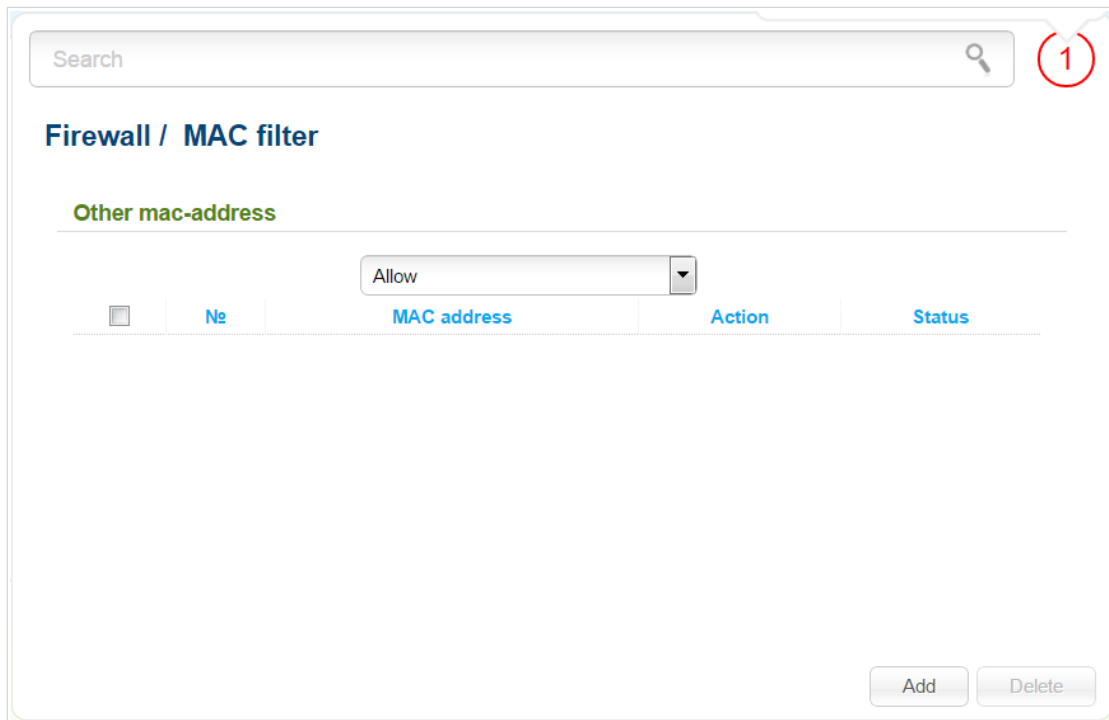


Figure 139. The **Firewall / MAC filter** page.

Select the needed action from the drop-down list to configure filtering for all devices of the router's network:

- **Allow:** Allows access to the router's network and to the Internet for devices (the value is specified by default);
- **Deny:** Blocks access to the router's network for devices.

If you need to specify a filtering mode for each device separately, create relevant rules. To do this, click the **Add** button.

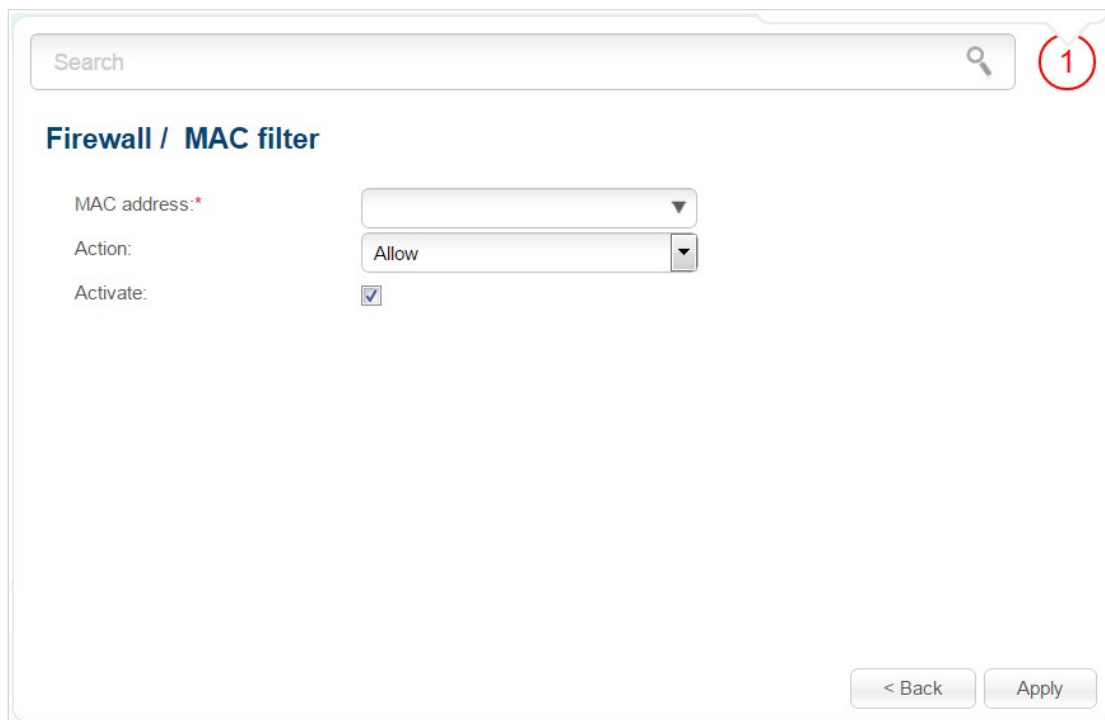


Figure 140. The page for adding a rule for the MAC filter.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
MAC address	The MAC address of a device from the router's LAN. You can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Action	Select an action for the rule. Deny: Blocks access to the router's network for the device with the specified MAC address. Allow: Allows access to the router's network and to the Internet for the device with the specified MAC address when the rules on the Firewall / IP filters page block access for this device.
Activate	If the checkbox is selected, the rule is enabled. Deselect the checkbox to disable the rule.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

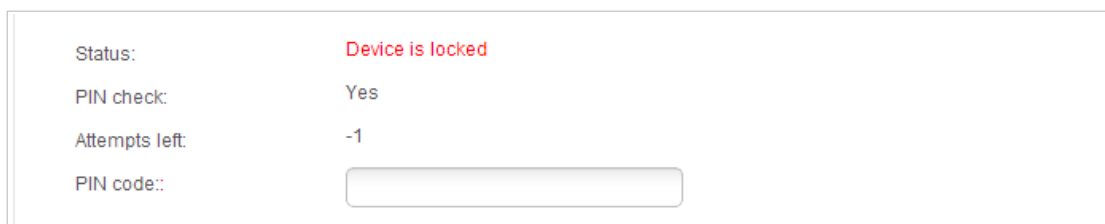
To edit a rule for filtering, click the link to the relevant rule. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Also you can remove a rule on the editing page.

3G/LTE Modem

This menu is designed to operate USB modems.

If the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into your USB modem is not disabled, proceed to the **3G/LTE modem / PIN** section. On the opened page, enter the PIN code in the **PIN code** field and click the **Enter** button¹⁰.



Status:	Device is locked
PIN check:	Yes
Attempts left:	-1
PIN code::	<input type="text"/>

Figure 141. The page for checking the PIN code.

If the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into your USB modem is disabled, an active WAN connection will be automatically created on the **Net / WAN** page when connecting a USB modem to the router¹¹.

Some USB modems¹² have an IP address from the subnet which coincides with the router's local subnet. In this case, the relevant notification will be displayed in the web-based interface. For proper operation of a USB modem, proceed to the **Net / LAN** page and change the value of the **IP Address** field (for example, specify the **192 . 168 . 2 . 1** value). Wait until the router is rebooted.

10 For GSM USB modems only. For LTE and CDMA USB modems, it is required to disable the PIN code check on the identification card prior to connecting the USB modem to the router.

11 For LTE and GSM USB modems only.

12 For Huawei E3272, ZTE MF823, ZTE MF827 USB modems only.

Information

On the **3G/LTE modem / Information** page, you can view data on the USB modem connected to the router.

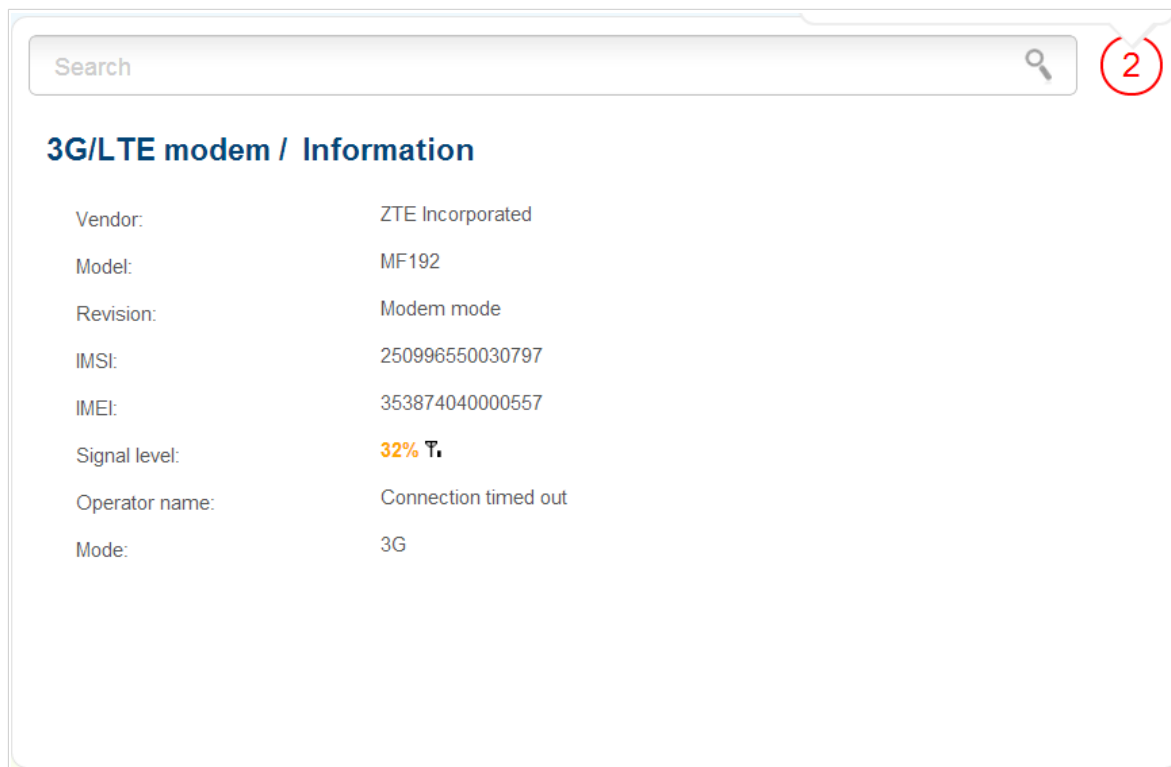


Figure 142. The **3G/LTE modem / Information** page.

When a USB modem is connected to the router, the following data are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Vendor	The manufacturer of your USB modem.
Model	The alphanumeric code of the model of your USB modem.
Revision	The revision of the firmware of your USB modem.
IMSI	The code stored in the SIM card inserted to your USB modem.
IMEI	The code stored in the memory of the USB modem.
Signal level	The signal level at the input of the modem's receiver. The zero signal level shows that you are out of the coverage area of the selected operator's network.
Operator name	When the needed network is available, the name of the operator is displayed in this field.
Mode	A type of the network to which the USB modem is connected.

PIN

On pages of the **3G/LTE modem / PIN** section, you can change the PIN code of the identification card inserted into your USB modem, disable or enable the check of the PIN code.

! The operations presented in this section are not available for LTE and CDMA USB modems.

On the **3G/LTE modem / PIN / PIN code management** page, the current state of the identification card inserted into your USB modem is displayed in the **Status** field. If the PIN code is entered incorrectly or the PIN code is not entered when the PIN code check is enabled, the **Device is locked** value is displayed in the **Status** field. If the PIN code is entered correctly or the PIN check is disabled, the **Device is unlocked** value is displayed in the **Status** field.

If the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into your USB modem is not disabled, the **Yes** value is displayed in the **PIN check** field. If the PIN check is disabled, the **No** value is displayed in the **PIN check** field.

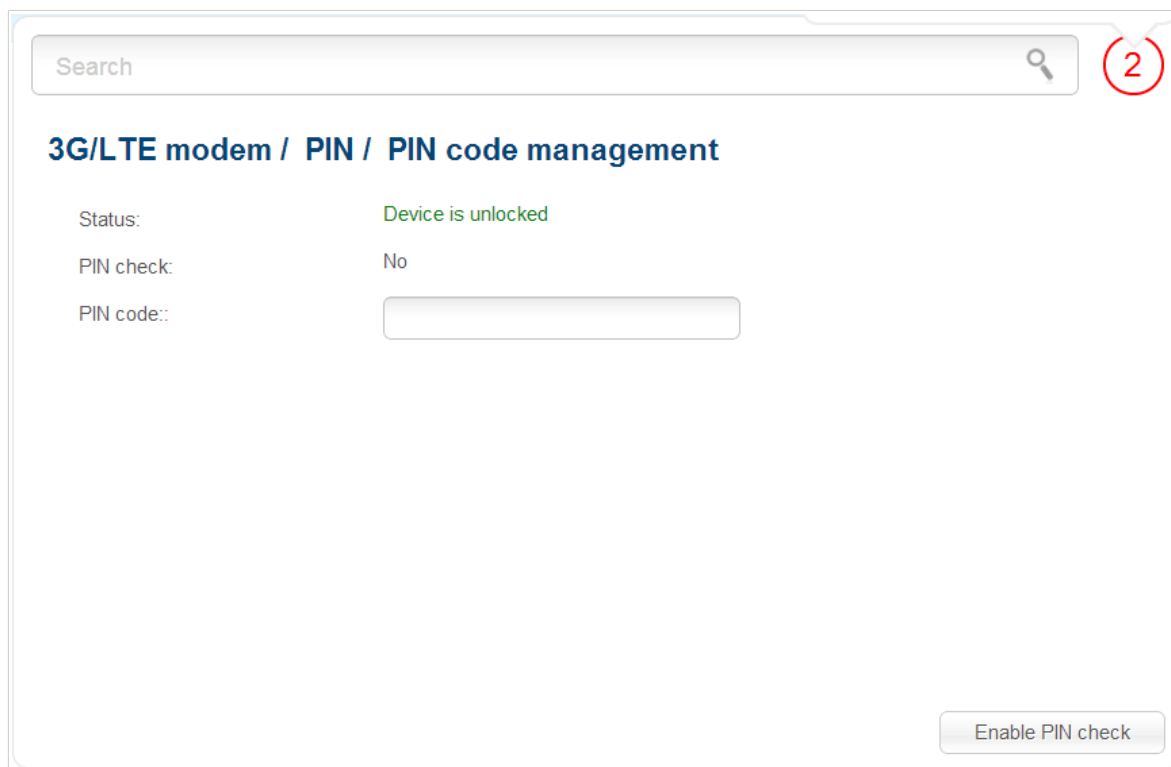


Figure 143. The **3G/LTE modem / PIN / PIN code management** page.

To disable the PIN code check, enter the current PIN code in the **PIN code** field and click the **Disable PIN check** button (the button is displayed if the PIN code check is enabled).

To enable the PIN code check, enter the PIN code, used before disabling the check, in the **PIN code** field and click the **Enable PIN check** button (the button is displayed if the PIN code check is disabled).

To change the PIN code, enable the PIN code check on the **3G/LTE modem / PIN / PIN code management** page and proceed to the **3G/LTE modem / PIN / Changing PIN code** page.

Search

3G/LTE modem / PIN / Changing PIN code

Status: Device is unlocked

PIN check: No

PIN code::

New PIN code:*

New PIN code confirmation:*

Apply

Figure 144. The **3G/LTE modem / PIN / Changing PIN code** page.

Enter the current code in the **PIN code** field, then enter a new code in the **New PIN code** and **New PIN code confirmation** fields and click the **Apply** button.

If upon one of the operations described above you have entered an incorrect value in the **PIN code** field three times (the number of remaining attempts is displayed in the **Attempts left** field), the identification card inserted into your USB modem is blocked.

For further use of the card, enter the PUK code in the relevant field, and then specify a new PIN code for your SIM card in the **New PIN code** field. Click the **Enter** button.

USB Storage

This menu is designed to operate USB storages. Here you can do the following:

- view data on the connected USB storage
- view content of the connected USB storage
- configure the router as a print server
- configure SMB-based access to the USB storage
- enable the built-in FTP server of the router
- enable the built-in DLNA server of the router.

Information

On the **USB storage / Information** page, you can view data on the USB storage connected to the router.

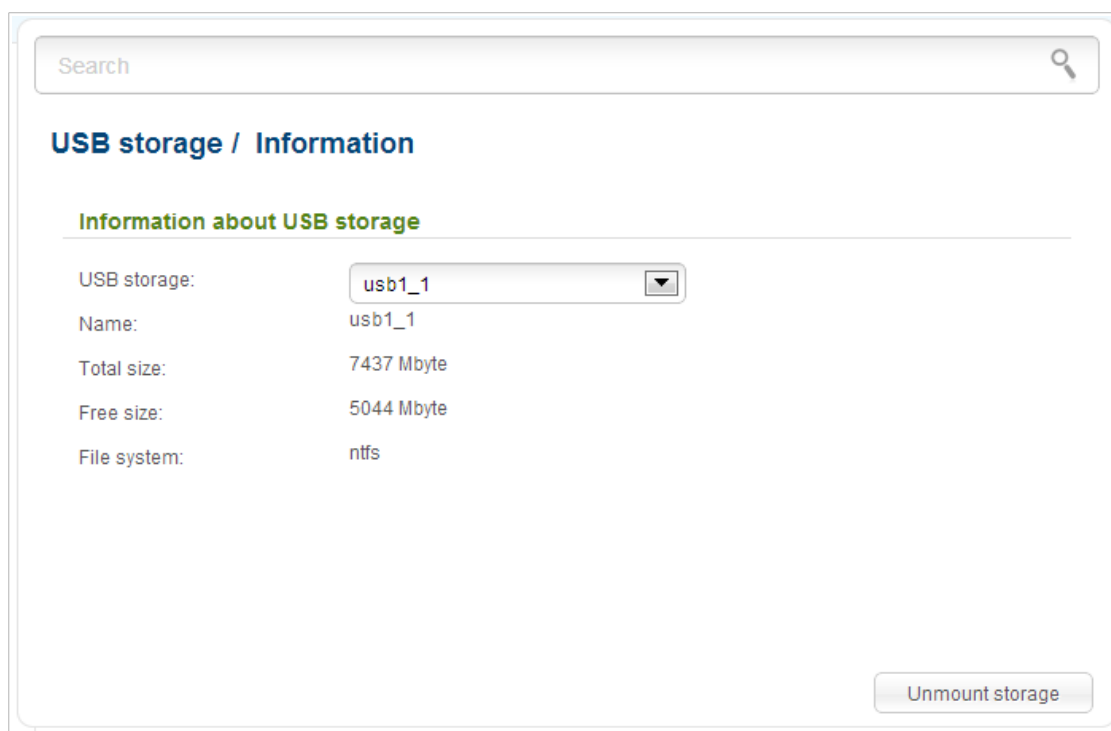


Figure 145. The **USB storage / Information** page.

The following data are presented on the page: the name, total and free space of the storage, and the type of its file system (supported file systems: FAT16/32, NTFS, and ext2/3).

If the USB storage is divided into volumes, several values are displayed in the **USB storage** drop-down list. Select the needed value to view data on the volume (partition) of the USB storage.

To safely disconnect the USB storage, click the **Unmount storage** button. When the **Disconnected** value is displayed on the page, remove the storage from the router.

To disconnect one volume of the storage, select the needed value from the **USB storage** drop-down list and click the **Unmount volume** button.

Filebrowser

On the **USB storage / Filebrowser** page, you can view the content of your USB storage connected to the router and remove separate folders and files from the USB storage.

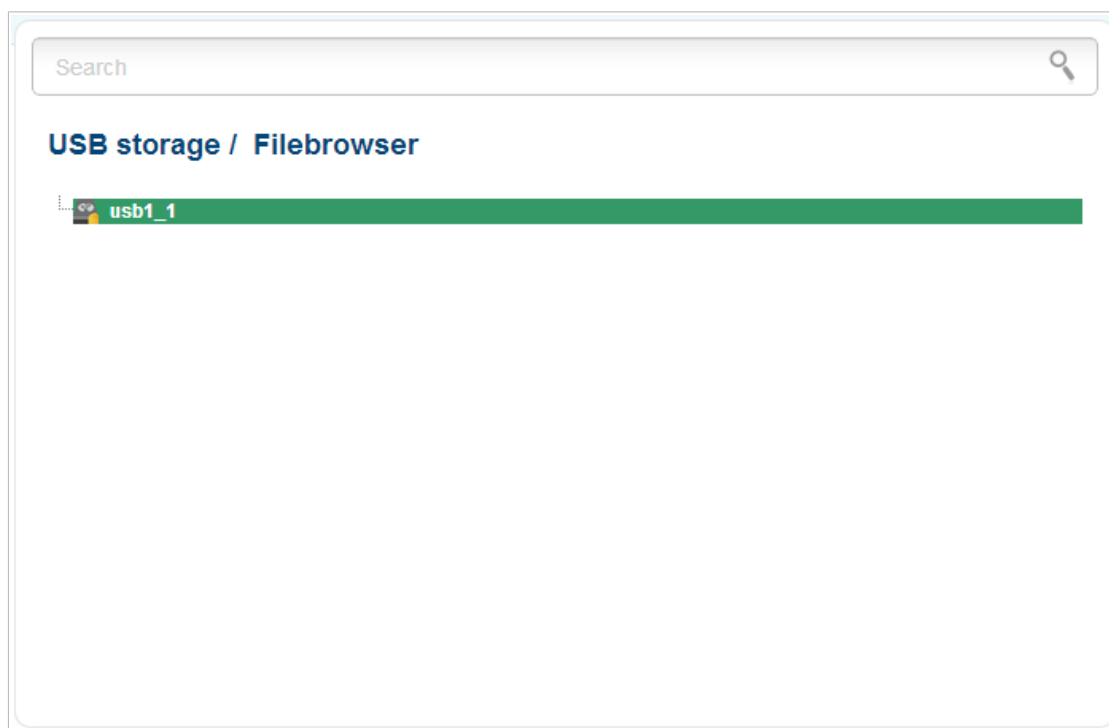


Figure 146. The **USB storage / Filebrowser** page.

To view the content of the USB storage, double-click the icon of the storage or storage partition. The list of folders and files will be displayed on the page.

To proceed to a folder, select it in the directory structure on the left part of the page and double-click the line corresponding to this folder.

To refresh the folder contents, right-click the line corresponding to this folder, and select the **Refresh** value in the menu displayed.

To remove a folder or file, right-click the line corresponding to this folder or file, and select the **Delete** value in the menu displayed.

Print Server

On the **USB storage / Print-server** page, you can configure the router as a print server. Being configured in this way, the router will allow your LAN users to share the printer connected to the USB port of the router.

To connect a printer to the router, power off both devices. Connect printer to the USB port of the router, power on the printer, then power on the router.

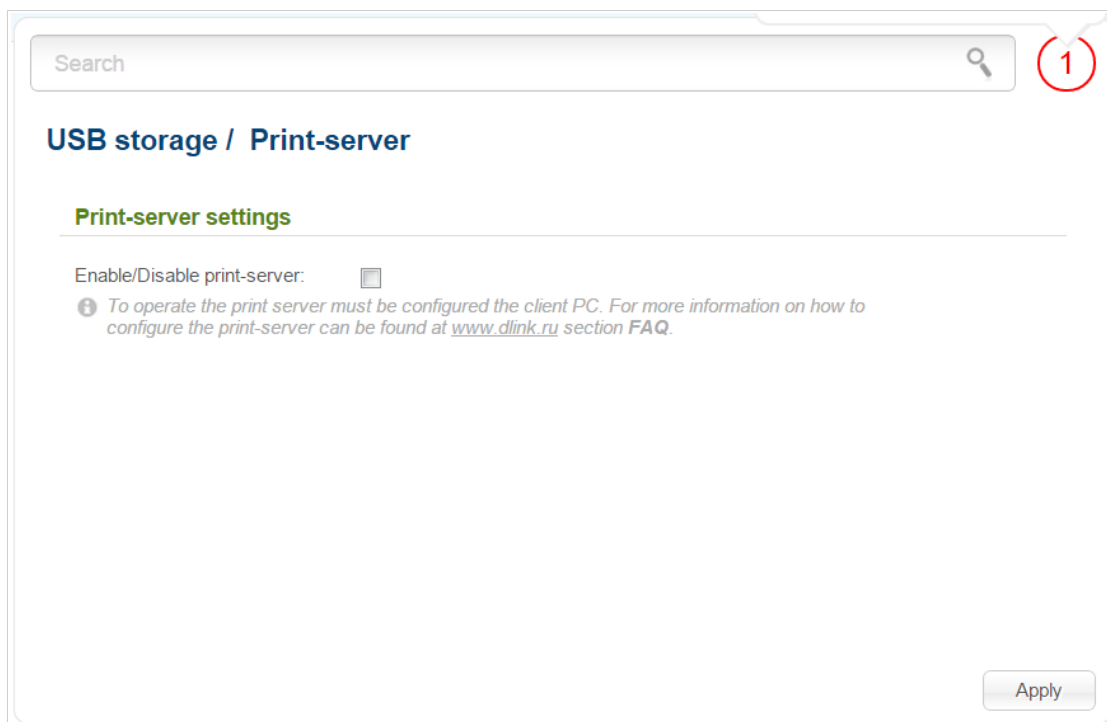


Figure 147. The **USB storage / Print-server** page.

To configure the router as a print server, select the **Enable/Disable print-server** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

If you don't want to use the router as a print server, deselect the **Enable/Disable print-server** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

Samba

On the **USB storage / Samba** page, you can enable the built-in Samba server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

Search

USB storage / Samba

Configuring a Samba Server

On the **Samba page**, you can enable the built-in Samba server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

USB storage: Connected

Enable:

Anonymous login:

i If the checkbox **Anonymous Login** is removed, to access the content USB-drive will need to create users. After applying the parameters specified on this page, go to "**System / User USB**" and create the necessary accounts.

Work group:

Short description:

NetBIOS:

Apply

Figure 148. The **USB storage / Samba** page.

You can enable the Samba server only when a USB storage is connected to the router (in this case, the **Connected** value is displayed in the **USB storage** field). To enable the Samba server, select the **Enable** checkbox.

The **Anonymous login** checkbox enables anonymous access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN. By default, the checkbox is selected.

If you want to provide authorized access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, deselect the checkbox. After applying the parameters on this page, proceed to the **System / USB users** page and create needed accounts.

In the **Workgroup** field, leave the value specified by default (**WORKGROUP**) or specify a new name of a workgroup which participants will have access to the content of the USB storage.

In the **NetBIOS** field, specify a new name of the USB storage for identification in your LAN. Use digits and/or Latin characters.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To disable the built-in Samba server of the router, deselect the **Enable** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

FTP

On the **USB storage / FTP** page, you can enable the built-in FTP server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

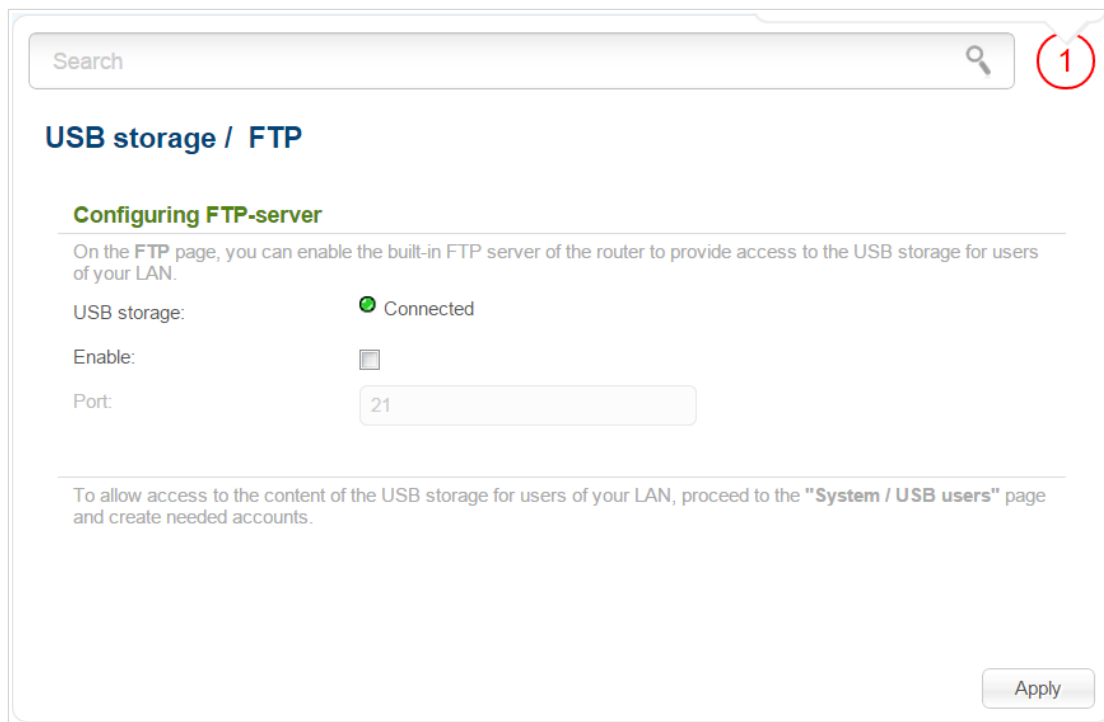


Figure 149. The **USB storage / FTP** page.

You can enable the FTP server only when a USB storage is connected to the router (in this case, the **Connected** value is displayed in the **USB storage** field). Select the **Enable** checkbox; if needed, change the router's port used by the FTP server in the **Port** field (by default, the standard port **21** is specified). Then click the **Apply** button.

To allow access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, proceed to the **System / USB users** page and create needed accounts.

To disable the built-in FTP server of the router, deselect the **Enable** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

DLNA

On the **USB storage / DLNA** page, you can enable the built-in DLNA server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

The built-in media server allows DLNA certified devices of your LAN to play multimedia content of the USB storage. Multimedia content can be played only when a USB storage is connected to the router.

Search

USB storage / DLNA

DLNA

On the **DLNA** page, you can enable the built-in DLNA server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.
The built-in media server allows DLNA certified devices of your LAN to play multimedia content of the USB storage. Multimedia content can be played only when a USB storage is connected to the router.

Main

Enabled:

Update interval:

DLNA server name:

Media folders

	Path*	Type
<input type="checkbox"/>		

Add

Reset Apply

Figure 150. The **USB storage / DLNA** page.

To enable the DLNA server, select the **Enabled** checkbox.

In the **Update interval** field, specify the time period (in seconds), at the end of which the media server updates the file list of the USB storage, or leave the value specified by default (**900**). The minimal value you can specify is 60 seconds.

In the **DLNA server name** field, specify a new name of the DLNA server for easier identification in your LAN or leave the value specified by default (**D-Link DLNA Server**). Use digits and/or Latin characters.

To allow access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, click the **Add** button. In the line displayed, locate a folder. To do this, click the button located to the right of the **Path** field (the button is available if the **Path** field is selected). In the opened window, double-click the icon of the storage or storage partition, select the needed folder in the directory structure, and click the **Open** button.

For each folder you can define the type of files which will be available for users of your LAN. To do this, select the needed type of files from the **Type** drop-down list. To share all files of a folder, select the **All** value from the **Type** drop-down list.

To undo the last changes, click the **Reset** button.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To remove a folder from the list, select the checkbox in the line containing the relevant folder and click the **Apply** button.

To disable the built-in DLNA server of the router, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

Transmission

In this menu you can configure the built-in Transmission torrent client and manage distributing and downloading processes.

Transmission Settings

On the **Transmission / Transmission settings** page, you can configure all needed settings for the built-in Transmission client.

Search

Transmission / Transmission settings

Transmission settings

Using the web-based interface of the built-in Transmission torrent client you can manage the process of downloading files to the USB storage connected to the router.

Enabled:

Port:*

Torrents directory:*

USB-storage path:

Web-interface port:*

Open files limit:*

Peer limit:*

Authorization:

User name:

Password:

Web-interface page: <http://192.168.0.1:9091>

Apply

Figure 151. The **Transmission / Transmission settings** page.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Enabled	Select the checkbox to activate the Transmission client.
Port	The router's port which will be used by the Transmission client.
Torrents directory	The folder on the USB storage where files of the Transmission client will be stored.
USB-storage path	The name of the USB storage in the file system of the router. If the USB storage is divided into volumes, several values are displayed in the drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Web-interface port	The port on which the web-based interface of the Transmission client is available.
Open files limit	The maximum number of files which clients can download simultaneously.
Peer limit	The maximum number of the service users from which you can download files.
Authorization	Select the checkbox if you want the Transmission client to request for username and password when accessing its web-based interface. Then fill in the User name and Password fields.
User name	The username to access the web-based interface of the Transmission client.
Password	The password to access the web-based interface of the Transmission client.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

In the **Web-interface page** field, the address of the web-based interface of the Transmission client is displayed. To access the web-based interface of the Transmission client, click the link.

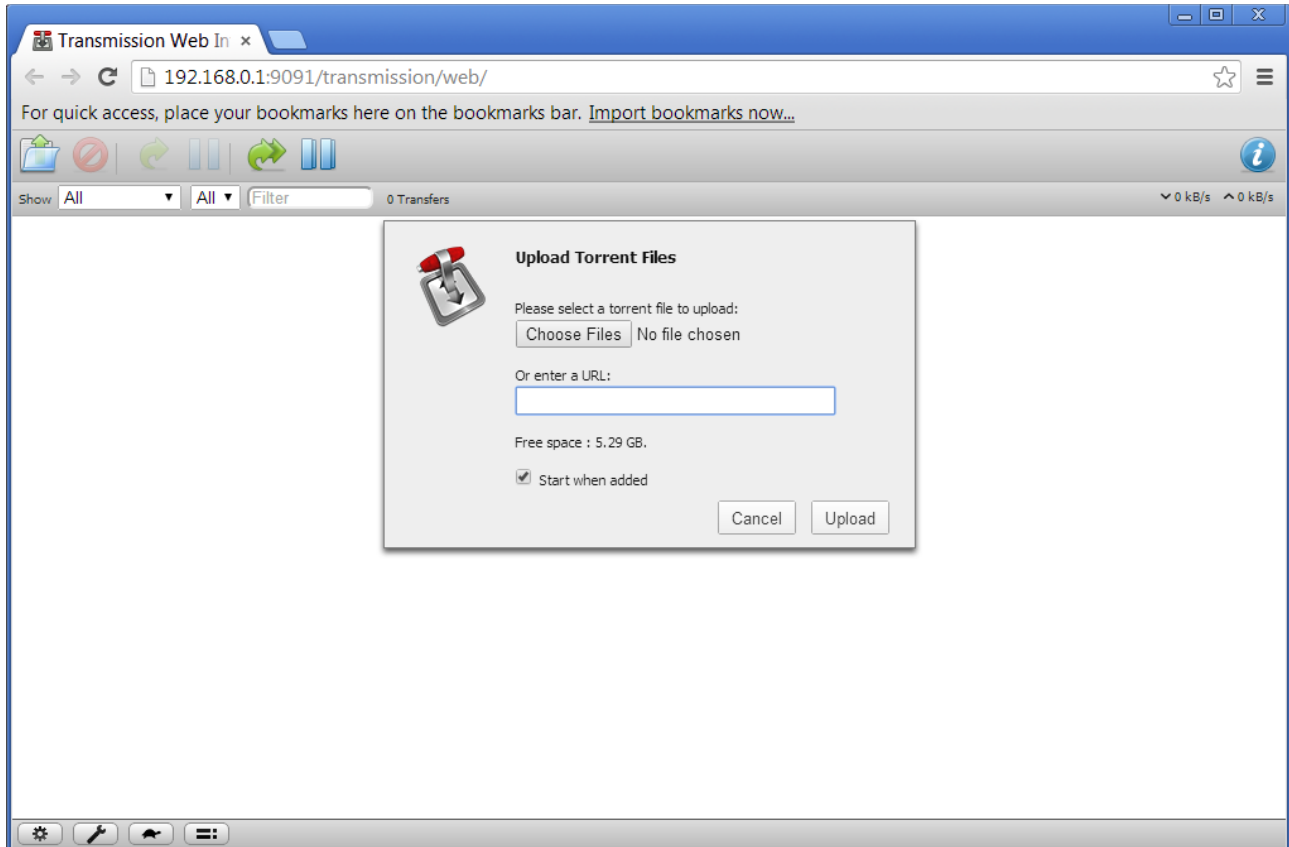





Figure 152. The web-based interface of the Transmission torrent client.


Using the web-based interface of the built-in Transmission torrent client you can manage the process of downloading files to the USB storage connected to the router.

To add a new torrent file, click the button  (**Open Torrent**) and select a file stored on your PC. Click the button **Upload** in the dialog box appeared.

To stop downloading of a file, select it in the list and click the button  (**Pause Selected Torrents**).

To resume downloading of a file, select it in the list and click the button  (**Start Selected Torrents**).

To view data on a file, select it in the list and click the button  (**Toggle Inspector**).

To remove a file presented on the page, select it in the list and click the button  (**Remove Selected Torrents**).

Control

This menu is designed to create restrictions on access to certain web sites.

URL Filter

On the pages of the **Control / URL filter** section, you can specify restrictions on access to certain web sites.

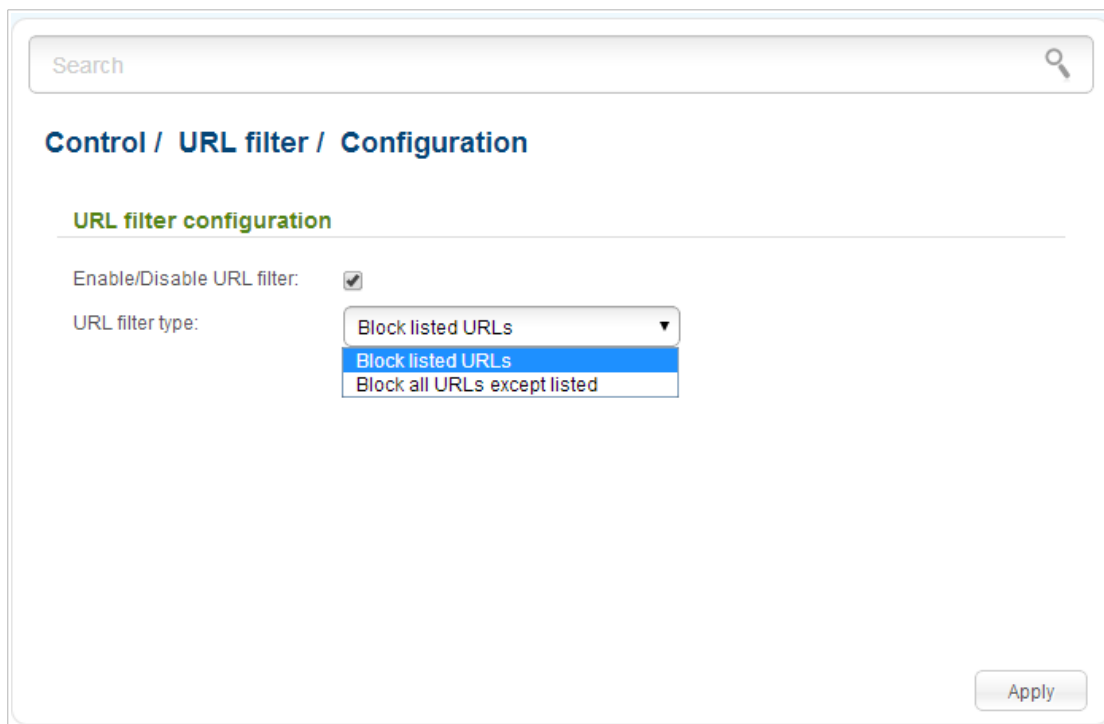


Figure 153. The **Control / URL filter / Configuration** page.

To enable the URL filter, select the **Enable/Disable URL filter** checkbox on the **Control / URL filter / Configuration** page, then select a needed mode from the **URL filter type** drop-down list:

- **Block listed URLs:** when this value is selected, the router blocks access to all addresses specified on the **Control / URL filter / Configuration** page;
- **Block all URLs except listed:** when this value is selected, the router allows access to addresses specified on the **Control / URL filter / Configuration** page and blocks access to all other web sites.

Click the **Apply** button.

To specify URL addresses to which the selected filtering will be applied, go to the **Control / URL filter / URL addresses** page.

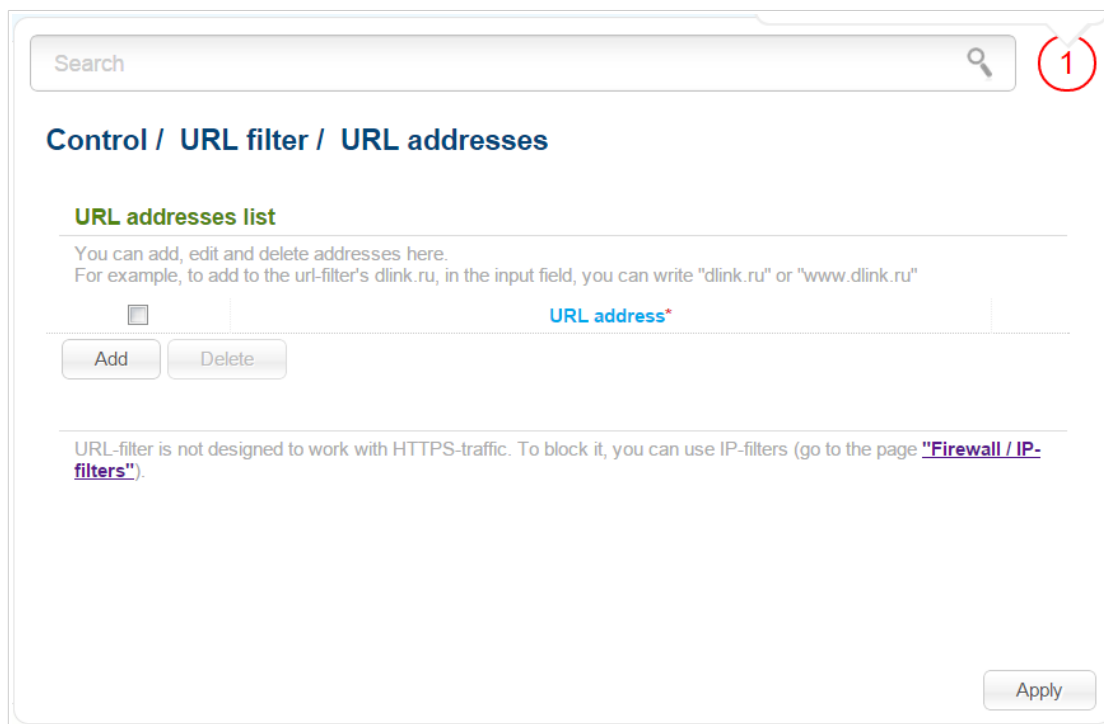


Figure 154. The **Control / URL filter / URL addresses** page.

Click the **Add** button and enter an address in the field displayed. Then click the **Apply** button.

To remove an address from the list of URL addresses, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant URL address and click the **Delete** button. Then click the **Apply** button.

Yandex.DNS

This menu is designed to configure the Yandex.DNS service.

Yandex.DNS is a web content filtering service which provides the DNS server, protect a computer against malicious web sites, and block access to adult web sites. Click the **About yandex.DNS** link in the **Yandex.DNS** section to get detailed information on the service.

Internet Protection Settings

On the pages of the **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings** section, you can enable the Yandex.DNS service and configure its operating mode.

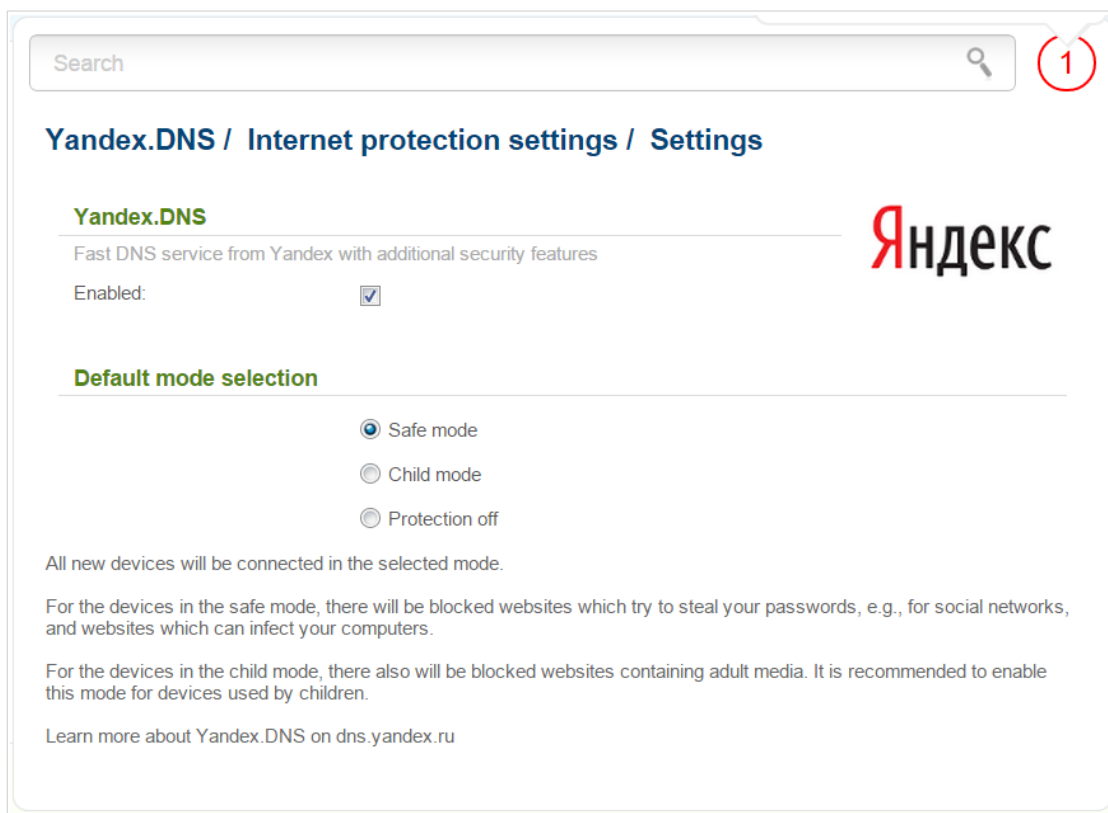


Figure 155. The **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Settings** page.

To enable the Yandex.DNS service, select the **Enabled** checkbox on the **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Settings** page.

When the checkbox is selected, the **Default mode selection** section is displayed on the page. Select the needed choice of the radio button to configure filtering for all devices of the router's network:

- **Safe mode:** when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites;
- **Child mode:** when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites and blocks access to adult content;
- **Protection off:** when this value is selected, the service provides the DNS server with no restrictions on access to unsafe web sites.

Also the selected filtering mode will be applied to all devices newly connected to the router's network.

If you need to specify a filtering mode for each device separately, create relevant rules. To do this, go to the **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Devices** page.

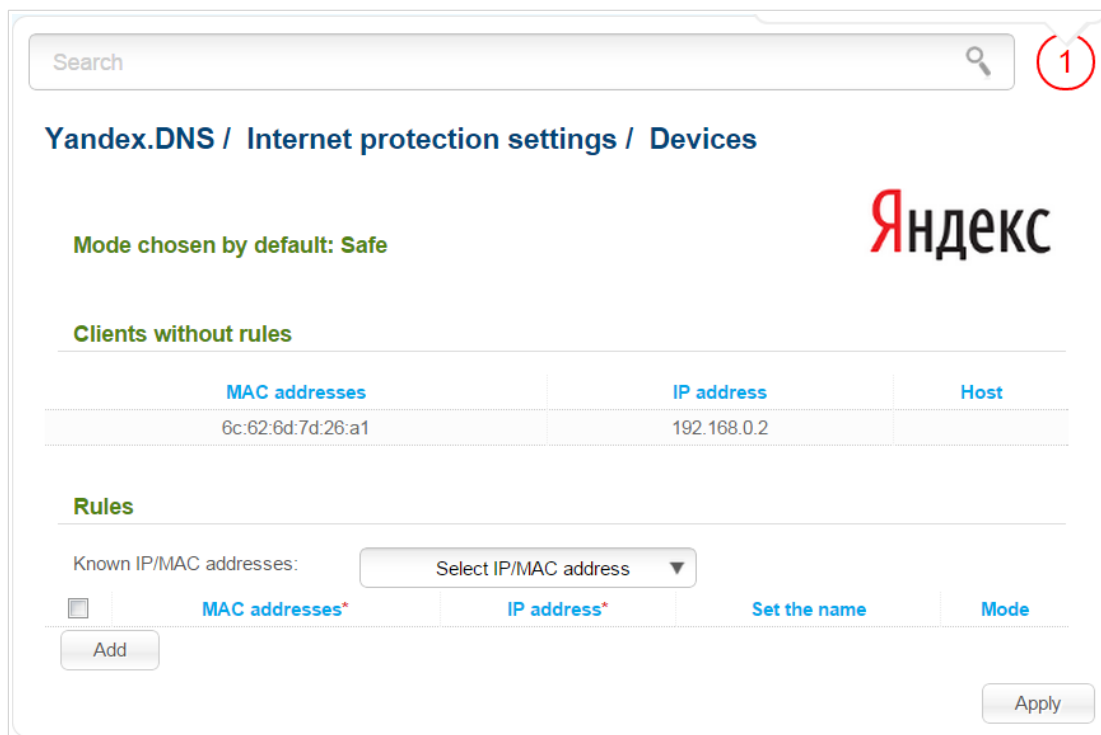


Figure 156. The **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Devices** page.

On the opened page, in the **Clients without rules** section, the devices which filtering mode is specified on the **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Settings** page are displayed. The name of the mode is displayed in the **Mode chosen by default** section.

To create¹³ a new filtering rule for a device, click the **Add** button in the **Rules** section. In the line displayed, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
MAC addresses	The MAC address of a device from the router's LAN. You can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the Known IP/MAC addresses drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
IP address	The IP address of a device from the router's LAN. You can enter the IP address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the Known IP/MAC addresses drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Set the name	Enter a name for the rule for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Mode	Select an operating mode of the Yandex.DNS service for this rule. Child: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites and blocks access to adult content. Safe: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites. Protection off: when this value is selected, the service provides the DNS server with no restrictions on access to unsafe web sites.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To edit a rule for filtering, select a needed field in the relevant line of the table, change its value, and click the **Apply** button.

To remove a rule for filtering, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant rule and click the **Apply** button.

To disable the Yandex.DNS service, deselect the **Enabled** checkbox on the **Yandex.DNS / Internet protection settings / Settings** page.

¹³ When a new rule for filtering is created, a MAC address and IP address pair is displayed on the **Net / LAN** page. The created pair will be deleted with the relevant rule.

System

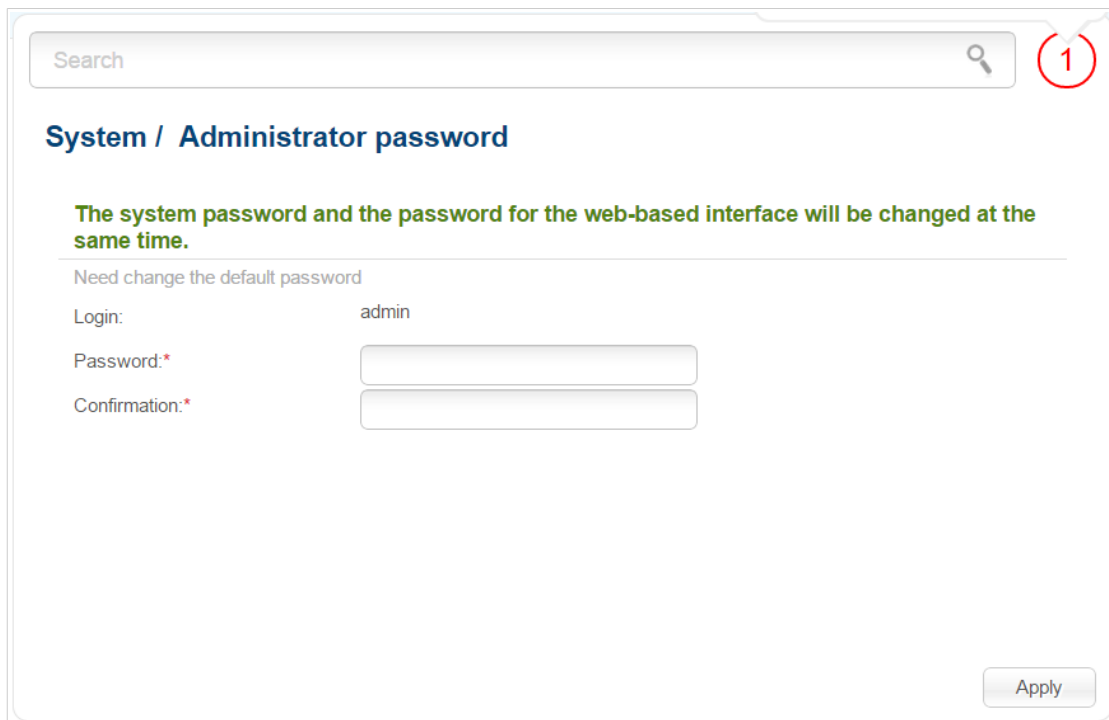
In this menu you can do the following:

- change the password used to access the router's settings
- save the current settings to the non-volatile memory
- reboot the router
- create a backup of the router's configuration
- restore the router's configuration from a previously saved file
- restore the factory default settings
- view the system log
- update the firmware of the router
- configure automatic notification on new firmware version
- configure automatic synchronization of the system time or manually configure the date and time for the router
- check availability of a host on the Internet through the web-based interface of the router
- trace the route to a host
- allow or forbid access to the router via TELNET
- create accounts for users to allow access to the content of the USB storage.

Administrator Password

On the **System / Administrator password** page, you can change the password for the administrator account used to access the web-based interface of the router and to access the device settings via TELNET.

- ! For security reasons, it is strongly recommended to change the administrator password upon initial configuration of the router.



Search

System / Administrator password

The system password and the password for the web-based interface will be changed at the same time.

Need change the default password

Login: admin

Password:*

Confirmation:*

Apply

Figure 157. The page for modifying the administrator password.

Enter the new password in the **Password** and **Confirmation** fields and click the **Apply** button.

Configuration

On the **System / Configuration** page, you can reboot the device, save the changed settings to the non-volatile memory, restore the factory defaults, backup the current configuration, or restore the router's configuration from a previously created file.

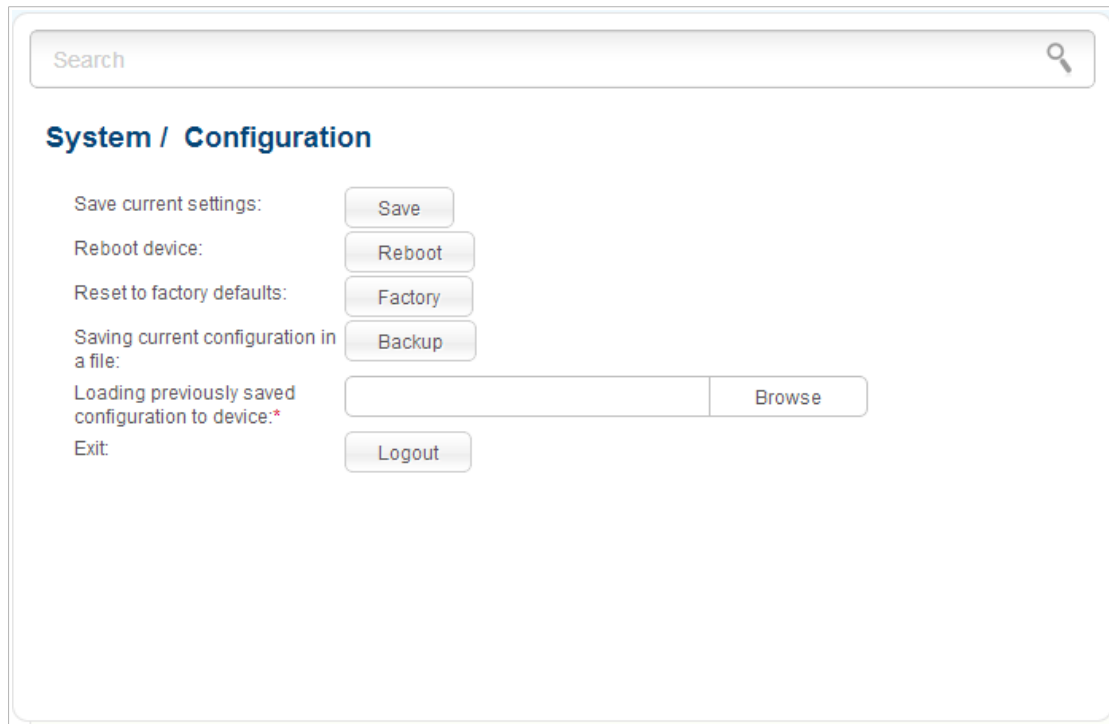


Figure 158. The **System / Configuration** page.

The following buttons are available on the page:

Control	Description
Save	Click the button to save settings to the non-volatile memory. Please, save settings every time you change the router's parameters. Otherwise the changes will be lost upon hardware reboot of the router.
Reboot	Click the button to reboot the device. All unsaved changes will be lost after the device's reboot.
Factory	Click the button to restore the factory default settings. Also you can restore the factory defaults via the hardware RESET button (see the <i>Back Panel</i> section, page 15).
Backup	Click the button to save the configuration (all settings of the router) to your PC. The configuration backup will be stored in the download location of your web browser.
Browse	Click the button and follow the dialog box appeared to select a previously saved configuration file (all settings of the router) located on your PC and upload it.
Logout	Click the button to exit the web-based interface.

Actions of the **Save**, **Reboot**, **Factory**, **Backup**, and **Logout** buttons also can be performed via the top-page menu displayed when the mouse pointer is over the **System** caption.

System Log

On the **System / System log / Configuration** page, you can set the system log options and configure sending the system log to a remote host.

Figure 159. The **System / System log / Configuration** page.

To enable logging of the system events, select the **Logging** checkbox. Then specify the needed parameters.

Control	Description
Logging type	<p>Select a type of logging from the drop-down list.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local: the system log is stored in the router's memory (and displayed on the System / System log / Log page). When this value is selected, the Server and Port fields are not displayed. • Remote: the system log is sent to the remote host specified in the Server field. • Local and remote: the system log is stored in the router's memory (and displayed on the System / System log / Log page) and sent to the remote host specified in the Server field.
Logging level	Select a type of messages and alerts/notifications to be logged.
Server	The IP or URL address of the host from the local or global network, to which the system log will be sent.

Control	Description
Port	A port of the host specified in the Server field. By default, the value 514 is specified.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **Apply** button.

To disable logging of the system events, deselect the **Logging** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

On the **System / System log / Log** page, the events specified in the **Logging level** list are displayed.

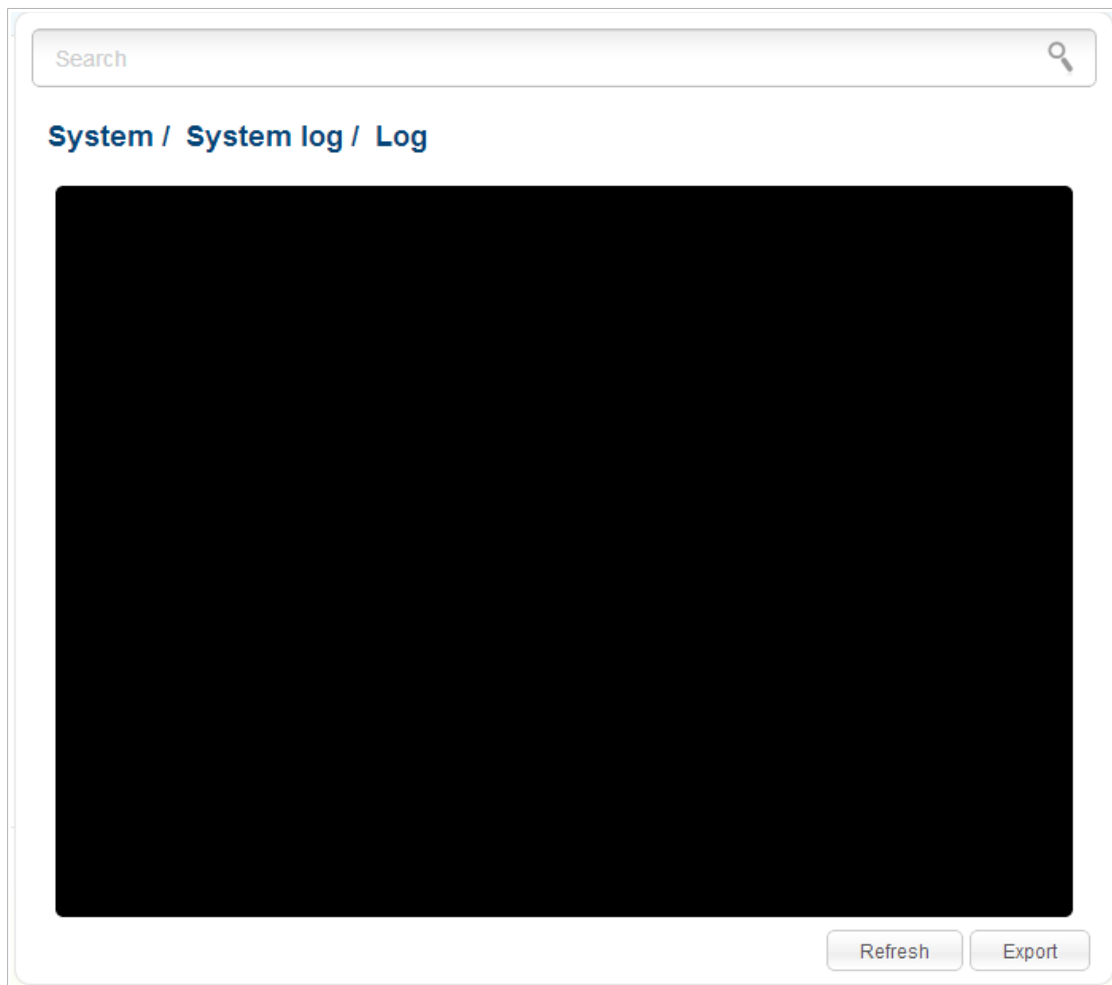


Figure 160. The **System / System log / Log** page.

To view the latest system events, click the **Refresh** button.

To save the system log to your PC, click the **Export** button and follow the dialog box appeared.

Firmware Upgrade

On the **System / Firmware upgrade** page, you can upgrade the firmware of the router and configure the automatic check for updates of the router's firmware.

! Upgrade the firmware only when the router is connected to your PC via a wired connection.

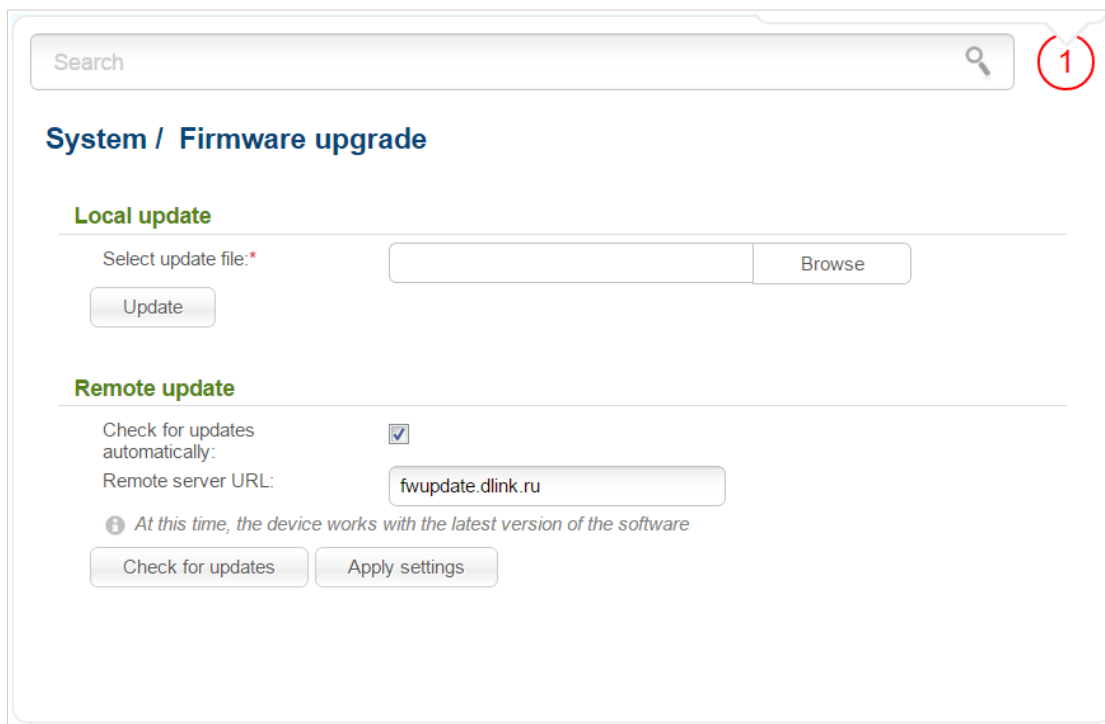


Figure 161. The **System / Firmware upgrade** page.

The current version of the router's firmware is displayed next the D-Link logo in the top left corner of the page.

By default, the automatic check for the router's firmware updates is enabled. If a firmware update is available, a notification will be displayed in the top right corner of the page.

To disable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote update** section, deselect the **Check for updates automatically** checkbox and click the **Apply settings** button.

To enable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote update** section, select the **Check for updates automatically** checkbox and click the **Apply settings** button. By default, in the **Remote server URL** field, the D-Link update server address (**fwupdate.dlink.ru**) is specified.

You can upgrade the firmware of the router locally (from the hard drive of your PC) or remotely (from the update server).

Local Update

! Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware upgrade is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router locally, follow the next steps:

1. Download a new version of the firmware from www.dlink.ru.
2. Click the **Browse** button on the **System / Firmware upgrade** page to locate the new firmware file.
3. Click the **Update** button to upgrade the firmware of the router.
4. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
5. Log into the web-based interface using the login (**admin**) and the current password.

After the upgrade is completed, the new version of the firmware will be displayed in the top left corner of the page.

If after updating the firmware the router doesn't work correctly, please restore the factory default settings. To do this, place the mouse pointer over the **System** caption in the top left corner of the



page and click the **(Reset to factory)** icon. Wait until the router is rebooted.

Remote Update

! Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware upgrade is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router remotely, follow the next steps:

1. On the **System / Firmware upgrade** page, in the **Remote update** section, click the **Check for updates** button to check if a newer firmware version exists.
2. Click the **OK** button in the window displayed to upgrade the firmware of the router. Also you can upgrade the firmware of the router by clicking the **Remote update** button (the button is displayed if a newer version of the firmware is available).
3. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
4. Log into the web-based interface using the login (**admin**) and the current password.

After the upgrade is completed, the new version of the firmware will be displayed in the top left corner of the page.

If after updating the firmware the router doesn't work correctly, please restore the factory default settings. To do this, place the mouse pointer over the **System** caption in the top left corner of the



page and click the **(Reset to factory)** icon. Wait until the router is rebooted.

System Time

On the **System / System time** page, you can manually set the time and date of the router or configure automatic synchronization of the system time with a time server on the Internet.

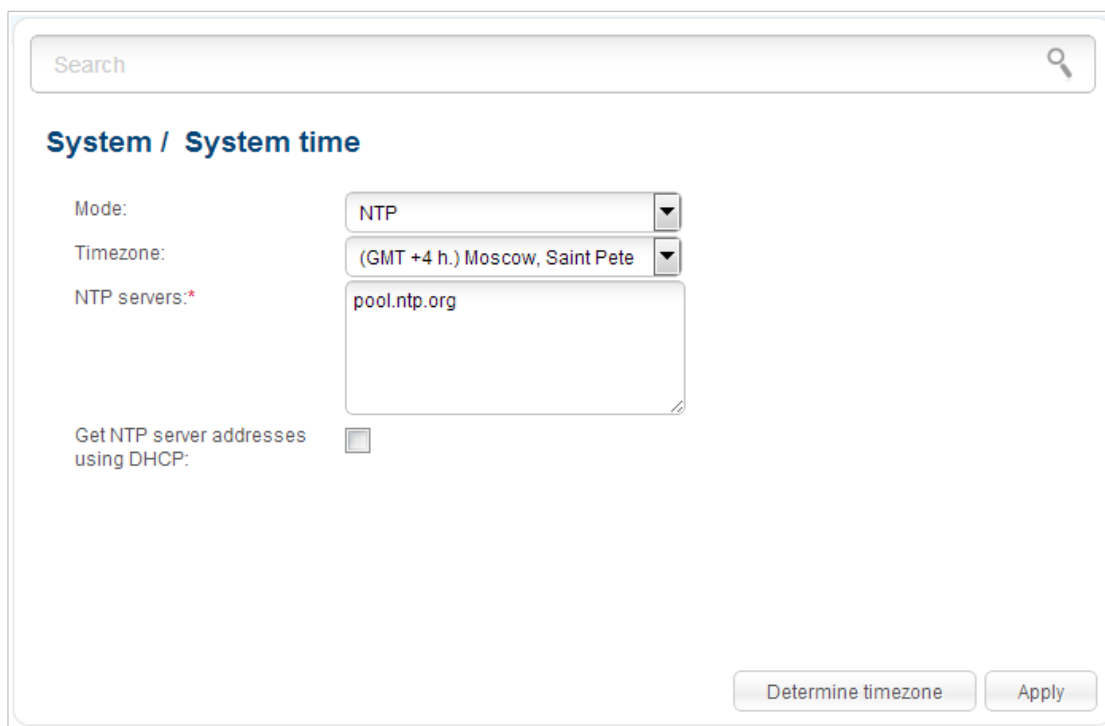


Figure 162. The **System / System time** page.

To set the system time manually, select the **Manual** value from the **Mode** drop-down list and set the time and date in the fields displayed. Then click the **Apply** button.

To enable automatic synchronization with a time server, follow the next steps:

1. Select the **NTP** value from the **Mode** drop-down list.
2. Select your time zone from the drop-down list. To set the time zone in accordance with the settings of your operating system, click the **Determine timezone** button in the bottom right corner of the page.
3. Specify the needed NTP server in the **NTP servers** field or leave the server specified by default.
4. Click the **Apply** button.

In some cases NTP servers addresses are provided by your ISP. In this case, you need to select the **Get NTP server addresses using DHCP** checkbox. Contact your ISP to clarify if this checkbox needs to be enabled. If the **Get NTP server addresses using DHCP** checkbox is selected, the **NTP servers** field is not available.



When the router is powered off or rebooted, the system time is reset to the default value. If you have set automatic synchronization for the system time, the internal clock of the device will be configured after connecting to the Internet. If you have set the system time manually, you need to set the time and date again (see above).

Ping

On the **System / Ping** page, you can check availability of a host from the local or global network via the Ping utility.

The Ping utility sends echo requests to a specified host and receives echo replies.

Search

System / Ping

Host:*

Count of packets:

IPv6:

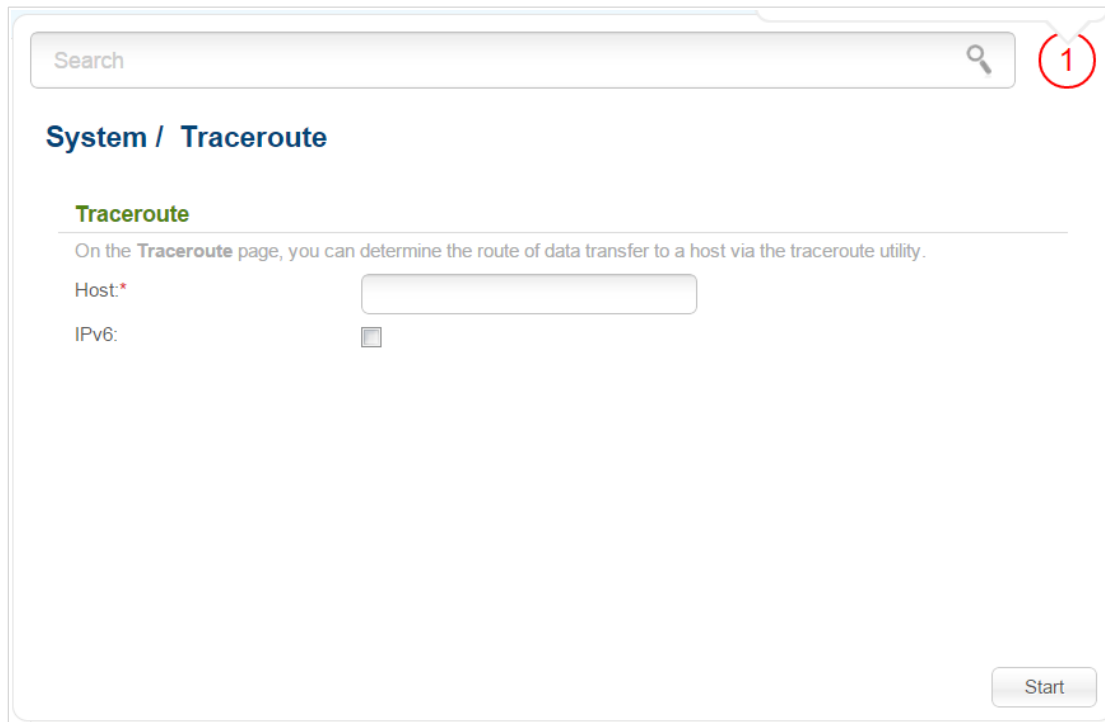
Start

Figure 163. The **System / Ping** page.

To check availability of a host, enter the IP address or name of this host in the **Host** field, and select a number of requests that will be sent in order to check its availability from the **Count of packets** drop-down list. If availability check should be performed with IPv6, select the relevant checkbox. Click the **Start** button. After a while, the results will be displayed on the page.

Traceroute

On the **System / Traceroute** page, you can determine the route of data transfer to a host via the traceroute utility.



Search

System / Traceroute

Traceroute

On the **Traceroute** page, you can determine the route of data transfer to a host via the traceroute utility.

Host:*

IPv6:

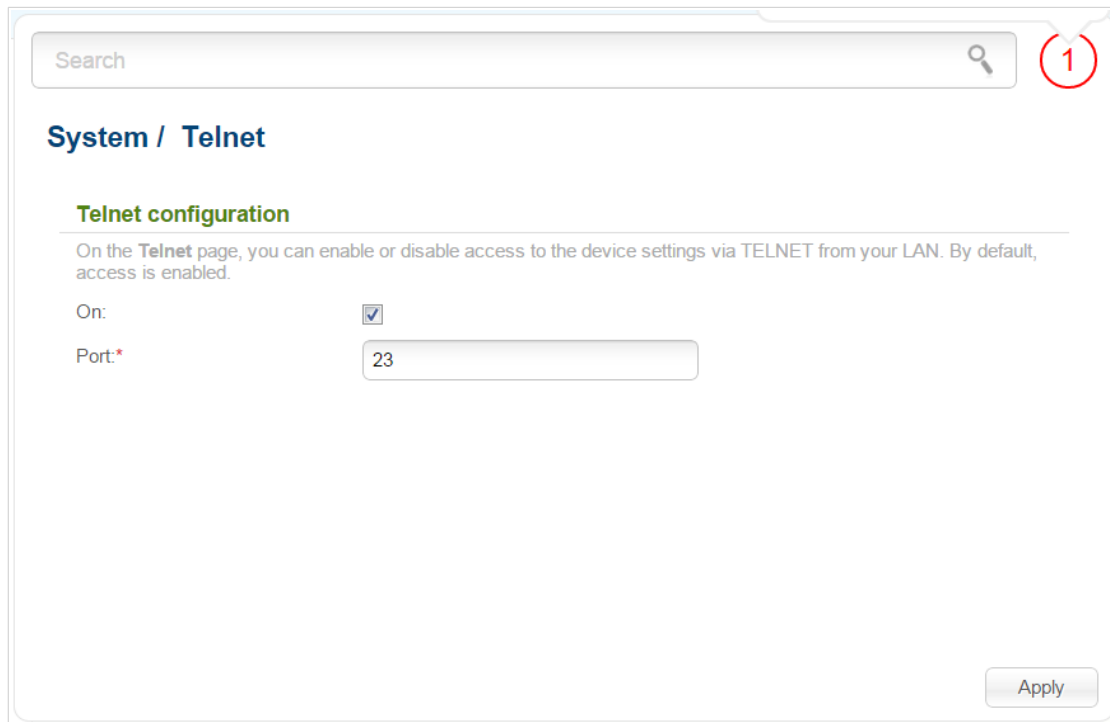
Start

Figure 164. The **System / Traceroute** page.

To determine the route, enter the name or IP address of a host in the **Host** field. If the route should be determined using IPv6, select the relevant checkbox. Click the **Start** button. After a while, the results will be displayed on the page.

Telnet

On the **System / Telnet** page, you can enable or disable access to the device settings via TELNET from your LAN. By default, access is enabled.



Search

System / Telnet

Telnet configuration

On the **Telnet** page, you can enable or disable access to the device settings via TELNET from your LAN. By default, access is enabled.

On:

Port:*

Apply

Figure 165. The **System / Telnet** page.

To disable access via TELNET, deselect the **On** checkbox and click the **Apply** button.

To enable access via TELNET again, select the **On** checkbox. In the **Port** field, enter the number of the router's port through which access will be allowed (by default, the port **23** is specified). Then click the **Apply** button.

USB Users

On the **System / USB users** page, you can create user accounts to provide access to data on the USB storage connected to the router.

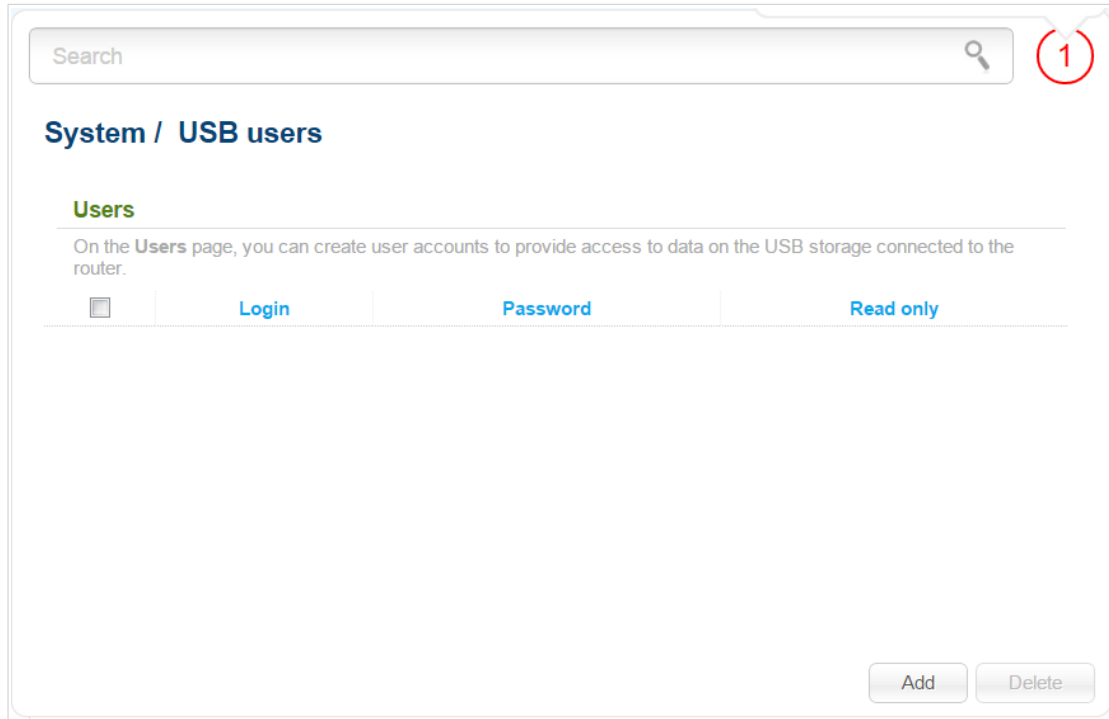


Figure 166. The **System / USB users** page.

To create a new user account, click the **Add** button.

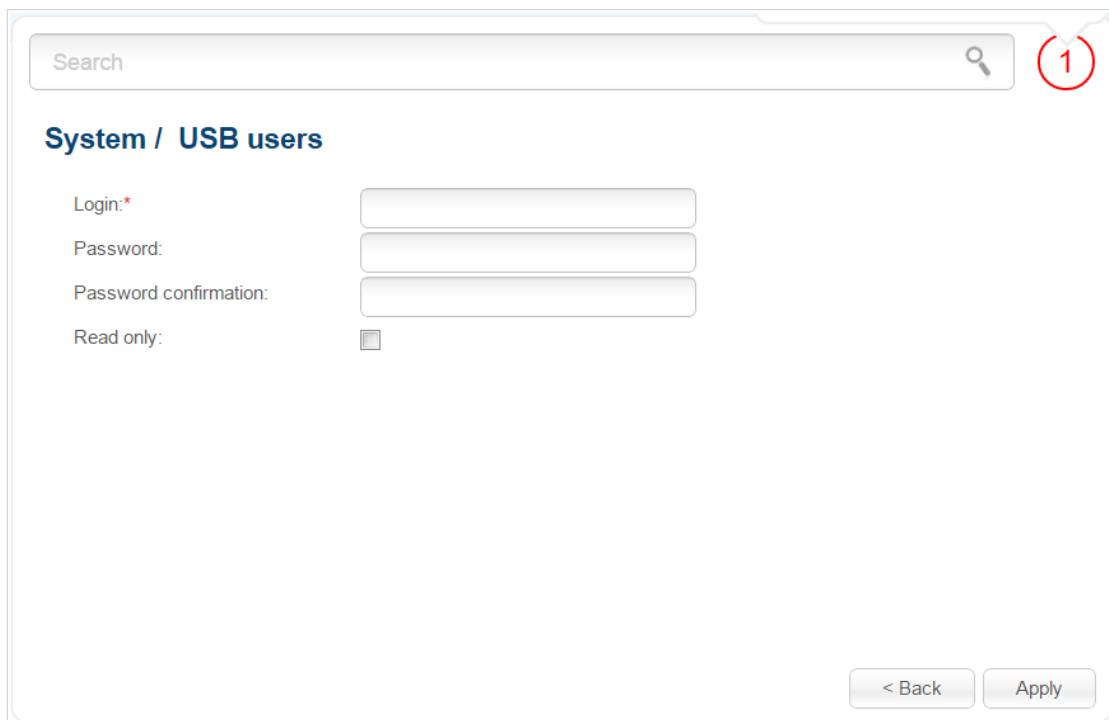


Figure 167. The page for adding a user.

On the opened page, in the **Login** field, specify a username, and in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields – the password for the account. You can use letters of the Latin alphabet (uppercase and/or lowercase) and digits.

! You cannot create accounts with the following usernames: **ftp**, **admin**, **support**, **user**, **nobody**.

To change the password of an account, select the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, enter a new value in the **Password** and **Password confirmation** fields, then click the **Apply** button.

To remove an account, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **Delete** button. Also you can remove an account on the editing page.

To remove all accounts from this page, click the **Clear all** button (the button is displayed if at least one account exists).

CHAPTER 5. OPERATION GUIDELINES

Safety Instructions

Place your router on a flat horizontal surface or mount the router on the wall (the mounting holes are located on the back panel of the device). Make sure that the router is provided with sufficient ventilation.

To prevent overheating, do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the router.

Plug the router into a surge protector to reduce the risk of damage from power surges and lightning strikes.

Operate the router only from an electrical outlet with the correct power source as indicated on the adapter.

Do not open the cover of the router. Otherwise any warranty will be invalidated.

Unplug the equipment before dusting and cleaning. Use a damp cloth to clean the equipment. Do not use liquid/aerosol cleaners or magnetic/static cleaning devices.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The DIR-620 device lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF noise in your home or office. To maximize your wireless range, follow the guidelines below.

1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the DIR-620 device and other network devices to a minimum – each wall or ceiling can reduce your wireless network range by 3-90 feet (1-30 meters).
2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. Place your devices so that the signal travels straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
3. Building materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on your wireless range. Try to position your router, access points, and computers so that the signal passes through drywalls or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
4. Keep your router away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
5. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones or X-10 equipment (wireless devices such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. Note, that the base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use.

Connecting to Cable or DSL Modem

If you need to connect the router to a cable or DSL modem, do the following.

1. Place the router in an open location in the supposed center of your wireless network. Do not plug the power adapter into the router.
2. Turn off your PC.
3. Unplug the Ethernet cable (that connects your PC to your modem) from your computer and place it into the **INTERNET** port of your router.
4. Plug another Ethernet cable into one of the four LAN ports on the router. Plug the other end into the Ethernet port of your PC.
5. Turn on your modem. Wait until the modem is booted (about 30 seconds).
6. Plug the power adapter to the router and connect to an electrical outlet or power strip. Wait until the router is booted (about 30 seconds).
7. Turn on your PC.
8. Verify the LEDs of the router. The following LEDs should be on: **POWER**, **LAN** (of the relevant Ethernet port), and **INTERNET**. If not, make sure that your computer, modem, and router are powered on and the relevant cables are connected correctly.

CHAPTER 6. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

3G	Third Generation
AC	Access Category
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
BSSID	Basic Service Set Identifier
CDMA	Code Division Multiple Access
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name System
DDoS	Distributed Denial of Service
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DMZ	DeMilitarized Zone
DNS	Domain Name System
DTIM	Delivery Traffic Indication Message
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
IGD	Internet Gateway Device
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IMSI	International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
ISP	Internet Service Provider
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LCP	Link Control Protocol
LTE	Long Term Evolution
MAC	Media Access Control

MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit
NAT	Network Address Translation
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing
PBC	Push Button Configuration
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PPPoE	Point-to-point protocol over Ethernet
PPTP	Point-to-point tunneling protocol
PSK	Pre-shared key
PUK	PIN Unlock Key
QoS	Quality of Service
R-UIM	Removable User Identity Module
RADIUS	Remote Authentication in Dial-In User Service
RIP	Routing Information Protocol
RTS	Request To Send
RTSP	Real Time Streaming Protocol
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module
SMB	Server Message Block
SSID	Service Set Identifier
TKIP	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UPnP	Universal Plug and Play
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WAN	Wide Area Network

WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
Wi-Fi	Wireless Fidelity
WISP	Wireless Internet Service Provider
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WMM	Wi-Fi Multimedia
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access
WPS	Wi-Fi Protected Setup