



## CLI Reference Guide

Product Model: DGS-3710 Series

Layer 2 Managed Gigabit Switch

Release 1.00



# Table of Contents

Chapter 1	Using Command Line Interface.....	1
Chapter 2	Basic Management Commands.....	8
Chapter 3	Basic IP Commands.....	32
Chapter 4	802.1X Commands.....	41
Chapter 5	Access Authentication Control (AAC) Commands.....	67
Chapter 6	Access Control List (ACL) Commands.....	87
Chapter 7	ARP Commands.....	114
Chapter 8	ARP Spoofing Prevention Commands.....	119
Chapter 9	Auto Config Commands.....	121
Chapter 10	BPDU Attack Protection Commands.....	123
Chapter 11	Cable Diagnostics Commands.....	128
Chapter 12	CFM Commands.....	130
Chapter 13	Command List History Commands.....	159
Chapter 14	Command Logging Command List.....	163
Chapter 15	Compound Authentication Commands.....	165
Chapter 16	Debug Software Command List.....	173
Chapter 17	DHCP Local Relay Commands.....	194
Chapter 18	DHCP Relay Commands.....	197
Chapter 19	DHCP Server Commands.....	212
Chapter 20	DHCPv6 Relay Command List.....	231
Chapter 21	Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) Commands.....	236
Chapter 22	DNS Relay Commands.....	242
Chapter 23	D-Link Unidirectional Link Detection (DULD) Commands.....	247
Chapter 24	Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Commands.....	249
Chapter 25	FDB Commands.....	260
Chapter 26	Filter Commands.....	268
Chapter 27	IGMP Snooping Commands.....	273
Chapter 28	IGMP Snooping Multicast (ISM) VLAN Commands.....	296
Chapter 29	IP Routing Commands.....	307
Chapter 30	IP-MAC-Port Binding (IMPB) Commands.....	312
Chapter 31	IPv6 NDP Commands.....	335
Chapter 32	Jumbo Frame Commands.....	339
Chapter 33	Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling (L2PT) Command List.....	341
Chapter 34	Limited Multicast IP Address Commands.....	346

Chapter 35	Link Aggregation Commands.....	355
Chapter 36	LLDP Commands.....	362
Chapter 37	Local Loopback Commands.....	385
Chapter 38	Loopback Detection Commands.....	388
Chapter 39	MAC-based Access Control Commands.....	394
Chapter 40	MAC Notification Commands.....	410
Chapter 41	Mirror Commands.....	415
Chapter 42	MLD Snooping Commands.....	418
Chapter 43	MLD Snooping Multicast (MSM) VLAN Commands.....	440
Chapter 44	Modify Banner and Prompt Commands.....	451
Chapter 45	MSTP commands.....	454
Chapter 46	Network Management Commands.....	467
Chapter 47	Network Monitoring Commands.....	482
Chapter 48	OAM Commands.....	504
Chapter 49	Packet Storm Commands.....	512
Chapter 50	Port Security Commands.....	517
Chapter 51	Power Saving Commands.....	525
Chapter 52	Protocol VLAN Commands.....	529
Chapter 53	QoS Commands.....	535
Chapter 54	Q-in-Q Command.....	555
Chapter 55	RSPAN Commands.....	563
Chapter 56	Safeguard Engine Commands.....	569
Chapter 57	sFlow Commands.....	571
Chapter 58	Simple RED Commands.....	583
Chapter 59	Single IP Management Commands.....	588
Chapter 60	SSH Commands.....	598
Chapter 61	SSL Commands.....	606
Chapter 62	SNMPv1/v2/v3 Commands.....	612
Chapter 63	Static MAC-based VLAN Commands.....	627
Chapter 64	Subnet VLAN Commands.....	630
Chapter 65	Switch Port Commands.....	636
Chapter 66	Synchronous Ethernet Commands.....	640
Chapter 67	System Severity Commands.....	642
Chapter 68	Tech Support Commands.....	644
Chapter 69	Time and SNTP Commands.....	646
Chapter 70	Traffic Segmentation Commands.....	653

Chapter 71	Utility Commands .....	655
Chapter 72	VLAN Commands.....	667
Chapter 73	Voice VLAN Commands .....	688
Chapter 74	Web-based Access Control (WAC) Commands .....	697
Appendix A	- Password Recovery Procedure.....	710
Appendix B	- System Log Entries .....	712
Appendix C	- Trap Entries.....	732
Appendix D	- RADIUS Attributes Assignment.....	737

# Chapter 1 Using Command Line Interface

The Switch can be managed through the Switch's serial port, Telnet, SNMP or the Web-based management agent. The Command Line Interface (CLI) can be used to configure and manage the Switch via the serial port or Telnet interfaces.

This manual provides a reference for all of the commands contained in the CLI. Every command will be introduced in terms of purpose, format, description, parameters, and examples. Configuration and management of the Switch via the Web-based management agent are discussed in the User Manual. For detailed information on installing hardware please also refer to the User Manual.

## 1-1 Accessing the Switch via the Serial Port

The Switch's serial port's default settings are as follows:

- 115200 baud
- no parity
- 8 data bits
- 1 stop bit

A computer running a terminal emulation program capable of emulating a VT-100 terminal and a serial port configured as above is then connected to the Switch's serial port via an RS-232 DB-9 cable. With the serial port properly connected to a management computer, the following message will be displayed, "**Press any key to login...**". After pressing any key on the keyboard, the following screen should be visible.

```
DGS-3710-12C Gigabit Ethernet Switch
Command Line Interface

Firmware: Build 1.00.029
Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.
UserName:admin
PassWord:****

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

Enter the UserName and Password here and press the **Enter** key, after each entry, to display the CLI input cursor – **DGS-3710-12C:admin#**. This is the command line where all commands are input.



**Note:** By default, there is one administrator account already created. The username for this default account is **admin** and the password is **1234**.

## 1-2 Setting the Switch's IP Address

Each Switch must be assigned its own IP Address, which is used for communication with an SNMP network manager or other TCP/IP application (for example BOOTP, TFTP). The Switch's default IP address is 10.90.90.90. You can change the default Switch IP address to meet the specification of your networking address scheme.

The Switch is also assigned a unique MAC address by the factory. This MAC address cannot be changed, and can be found on the initial boot console screen – shown below.

```

Boot Procedure                                                    V1.00.001
-----
Power On Self Test ..... 100 %

MAC Address      : F0-7D-68-25-CB-40
H/W Version     : A1

Please Wait, Loading V1.00.029 Runtime Image ..... 100 %

UART init ..... 100 %
Device Discovery ..... 100 %
Configuration init ..... 100 %
    
```

The Switch's MAC address can also be found in the Web management program on the Switch Information (Basic Settings) window on the Configuration menu.

The IP address for the Switch must be set before it can be managed with the Web-based manager. The Switch IP address can be automatically set using BOOTP or DHCP protocols, in which case the actual address assigned to the Switch must be known.

Starting at the command line prompt, enter the commands **config ipif System ipaddress xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/yyy.yyy.yyy.yyy**. Where the **x**'s represent the IP address to be assigned to the IP interface named **System** and the **y**'s represent the corresponding subnet mask.

Alternatively, you can enter **config ipif System ipaddress xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/z**. Where the **x**'s represent the IP address to be assigned to the IP interface named **System** and the **z** represents the corresponding number of subnets in CIDR notation.

The IP interface named **System** on the Switch can be assigned an IP address and subnet mask which can then be used to connect a management station to the Switch's Telnet or Web-based management agent

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ipif System ipaddress 10.90.90.1/8
Command: config ipif System ipaddress 10.90.90.1/8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
    
```

In the above example, the Switch was assigned an IP address of 10.90.90.1 with a subnet mask of 255.0.0.0. The system message **Success** indicates that the command was executed successfully. The Switch can now be configured and managed via Telnet, SNMP MIB browser and the CLI or via the Web-based management agent using the above IP address to connect to the Switch.

There are a number of helpful features included in the CLI. Entering the ? command will display a list of all of the top-level commands.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#?
Command: ?

Option                Description
-----
..                    go to parent directory
?                    Used to display all commands and specific command usage,
                    descriptions.
cable_diag           cable diagnostic
cfm
clear
config
create
debug
delete
disable
download
enable
login                Used to log in a user to the switch's console.
logout              Used to log out a user from the switch's console.
no                  Close IP-MAC Binding debug event and DHCP.
ping                Used to test the connectivity between network devices.
ping6
reboot              Used to restart the switch.
reconfig            Used to re-telnet to member.
CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

When entering a command without its required parameters, the CLI will prompt you with a **Next possible completions:** message.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config account
Command: config account
Next possible completions:

Option                Description
-----
<username>           The username is between 1 and 15 characters

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

In this case, the command **config account** was entered with the parameter **<username>**. The CLI will then prompt to enter the **<username>** with the message, **Next possible completions:**. Every

command in the CLI has this feature, and complex commands have several layers of parameter prompting.

In addition, after typing any given command plus one space, users can see all of the next possible sub-commands, in sequential order, by repeatedly pressing the **Tab** key.

To re-enter the previous command at the command prompt, press the up arrow cursor key. The previous command will appear at the command prompt.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config account
Command: config account
Next possible completions:

Option                Description
-----
<username>           The username is between 1 and 15 characters

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

In the above example, the command **config account** was entered without the required parameter **<username>**, the CLI returned the **Next possible completions: <username>** prompt. The up arrow cursor control key was pressed to re-enter the previous command (**config account**) at the command prompt. Now the appropriate username can be entered and the **config account** command re-executed.

If a command is entered, that is not recognized by the CLI, the top-level commands will be displayed under the **Available commands:** prompt.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#the
Available commands:

Option                Description
-----
..                    go to parent directory
?                    Used to display all commands and specific command usage,
                    descriptions.
cable_diag           cable diagnostic
cfm
clear
config
create
debug
delete
disable
download
enable
login                Used to log in a user to the switch's console.
logout              Used to log out a user from the switch's console.
no                  Close IP-MAC Binding debug event and DHCP.
ping                Used to test the connectivity between network devices.
ping6
```



```
reboot                Used to restart the switch.
reconfig              Used to re-telnet to member.
CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

The top-level commands consist of commands such as **show** or **config**. Most of these commands require one or more parameters to narrow the top-level command. This is equivalent to **show** what? or **config** what? Where the what? is the next parameter.

For example, entering the **show** command with no additional parameters, the CLI will then display all of the possible next parameters.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show
Command: show
Next possible completions:

Option                Description
-----
802.1p
802.1x
access_profile        Used to display current access list table.
account                Used to display user accounts.
accounting             Used to show accounting state
acct_client            Used to show RADIUS accounting client.
address_binding
arp_spoofing_prevention Show ARP spoofing prevention status.
arpentry               Used to display the ARP table.
attack_log             Show attack log messages.
auth_client            Used to show RADIUS authentication client.
auth_diagnostics       Used to show authentication diagnostics.
auth_session_statistics Used to show session statistics.
auth_statistics        Used to show authentication statistics.
authen
authen_enable          Used to show a user-defined or default or all method
                      lists for promoting user's privilege to Admin level
authen_login           Used to show a user-defined or default or all method
                      lists of authentication methods for user login

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

In the above example, all of the possible next parameters for the **show** command are displayed. At the next command prompt, the up arrow was used to re-enter the **show** command, followed by the **account** parameter. The CLI then displays the user accounts configured on the Switch.

### 1-3 Command Syntax Symbols

Syntax	Description
angle brackets < >	Encloses a variable or value. Users must specify the variable or value. For example, in the syntax <b>create ipif &lt;ipif_name 12&gt; {&lt;network_address&gt;} &lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b>

	<p><b>{state [enable   disable]}</b></p> <p>users must supply an IP interface name for <b>&lt;ipif_name 12&gt;</b> ,and a VLAN name for <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> when entering the command. DO NOT TYPE THE ANGLE BRACKETS.</p>
square brackets [ ]	<p>Encloses a required value or list of required arguments. Only one value or argument must be specified. For example, in the syntax</p> <p><b>create account [admin   operator   user] &lt;username 15&gt;</b></p> <p>users must specify either the admin-level, operator-level, or user-level account when entering the command. DO NOT TYPE THE SQUARE BRACKETS.</p>
vertical bar	<p>Separates mutually exclusive items in a list, one of which must be entered. For example, in the syntax</p> <p><b>create account [admin   operator   user] &lt;username 15&gt;</b></p> <p>users must specify either the admin, operator or user parameter in the command. DO NOT TYPE THE VERTICAL BAR.</p>
braces { }	<p>Encloses an optional value or a list of optional arguments. One or more values or arguments can be specified. For example, in the syntax</p> <p><b>reset {[config   system {default}]} {force_agree}</b></p> <p>users may choose configure or system in the command. DO NOT TYPE THE BRACES.</p>
parentheses ( )	<p>Indicates at least one or more of the values or arguments in the preceding syntax enclosed by braces must be specified. For example, in the syntax</p> <p><b>config dhcp_relay {hops &lt;value 1-16&gt;   time &lt;sec 0-65535&gt;} (1)</b></p> <p>users have the option to specify hops or time or both of them. The "(1)" following the set of braces indicates at least one argument or value within the braces must be specified. DO NOT TYPE THE PARENTHESES.</p>
ipif <ipif_name 12> metric <value 1-31>	<p><b>12</b> means the maximum length of the IP interface name.</p> <p><b>1-31</b> means the legal range of the metric value.</p>

#### 1-4 Line Editing Keys

Keys	Description
Delete	Delete character under cursor and shift remainder of line to left.
Backspace	Delete character to left of cursor and shift remainder of line to left.
CTRL+R	Toggle on and off. When toggled on, inserts text and shifts previous text to right.
Left Arrow	Move cursor to left.
Right Arrow	Move cursor to right

Tab	Help user to select appropriate token.
P or p	Display the previous page.
N or n or Space	Display the next page.
CTRL+C	Escape from displayed pages.
ESC	Escape from displayed pages.
Q or q	Escape from displayed pages.
R or r	refresh the displayed pages
A or a	Display the remaining pages. (The screen display will not pause again.)
Enter	Display the next line.

The screen display pauses when the show command output reaches the end of the page.

In the above example, all of the possible next parameters for the **show** command are displayed. At the next command prompt, the up arrow was used to re-enter the **show** command, followed by the **account** parameter. The CLI then displays the user accounts configured on the Switch.

# Chapter 2 Basic Management Commands

<b>create account</b> [admin   operator   user] <username 15>
<b>enable password encryption</b>
<b>disable password encryption</b>
<b>config account</b> <username> {encrypt [plain_text   sha_1] <password>}
<b>show account</b>
<b>delete account</b> <username>
<b>show session</b>
<b>show switch</b>
<b>show environment</b>
<b>config temperature</b> [trap   log] state [enable   disable]
<b>config temperature threshold</b> {high <temperature>   low <temperature>}(1)
<b>show serial_port</b>
<b>config serial_port</b> { baud_rate [ 9600   19200   38400   115200]   auto_logout [never   2_minutes   5_minutes   10_minutes   15_minutes]}(1)
<b>enable clipaging</b>
<b>disable clipaging</b>
<b>enable telnet</b> {<tcp_port_number 1-65535>}
<b>disable telnet</b>
<b>enable web</b> {<tcp_port_number 1-65535>}
<b>disable web</b>
<b>save</b> {[config <config_id 1-2>   log   all]}
<b>reboot</b> {force_agree}
<b>reset</b> {[config   system {default}]} {force_agree}
<b>login</b>
<b>logout</b>
<b>clear</b>
<b>config terminal width</b> [default   <value 80-200>]
<b>show terminal width</b>
<b>config external_alarm channel</b> <value 1-4> message <sentence 1-128>
<b>show external_alarm</b>
<b>show device_status</b>
<b>show current_alarm</b>

## 2-1 create account

### Description

This command creates user accounts. The username is between 1 and 15 characters, the password is between 0 and 15 characters. The number of accounts (including admin, operator, and user) is up to eight. By default, there is one administrator account already created. The username for this default account is **admin** and the password is **1234**.

### Format

```
create account [admin | operator |user] <username 15>
```

## Parameters

<b>admin</b> - Specifies the name of the admin account.
<b>operator</b> - Specifies the name of the operator account.
<b>user</b> - Specifies the name of the user account.
<b>&lt;username 15&gt;</b> - Specifies a username of up to 15 characters.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create the admin-level user "dlink":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create account admin dlink
Command: create account admin dlink

Enter a case-sensitive new password:****
Enter the new password again for confirmation:****
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To create the operator-level user "Sales":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin##create account operator Sales
Command: create account operator Sales

Enter a case-sensitive new password:****
Enter the new password again for confirmation:****
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To create the user-level user "System":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin##create account user System
Command: create account user System

Enter a case-sensitive new password:****
Enter the new password again for confirmation:****
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-2 enable password encryption

### Description

The user account configuration information will be stored in the configuration file, and can be applied to the system later. If the password encryption is enabled, the password will be in encrypted form when it is stored in the configuration file. When password encryption is disabled, the password will be in plain text form when it is stored in the configuration file. However, if the

created user account directly uses the encrypted password, the password will still be in the encrypted form.

### Format

**enable password encryption**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable password encryption:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable password encryption
Command: enable password encryption

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-3 disable password encryption

### Description

The user account configuration information will be stored in the configuration file, and can be applied to the system later. If the password encryption is enabled, the password will be in encrypted form when it is stored in the configuration file. When password encryption is disabled, the password will be in plain text form when it is stored in the configuration file. However, if the created user account directly uses the encrypted password, the password will still be in the encrypted form.

### Format

**disable password encryption**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable password encryption:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable password encryption
Command: disable password encryption

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-4 config account

### Description

When the password information is not specified in the command, the system will prompt the user to input the password interactively. For this case, the user can only input the plain text password.

If the password is present in the command, the user can select to input the password in the plain text form or in the encrypted form. The encryption algorithm is based on SHA-1.

### Format

**config account <username> {encrypt [plain\_text | sha\_1] <password>}**

### Parameters

---

**<username 15>** - Specifies the name of the account. The account must already be defined.

---

**encrypt** - (Optional) Specifies the encryption type, plain\_text or sha\_1.

**plain\_text** - Specifies the password in plain text form. For the plain text form, passwords must have a minimum of 0 and a maximum of 15 characters. The password is case-sensitive

**sha\_1** - Specifies the password in the SHA-1 encrypted form. For the encrypted form password, the length is fixed to 35 bytes long. The password is case-sensitive.

---

**<password>** - Specifies the password.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the user password of the “dlink” account:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config account dlink
Command: config account dlink

Enter a old password:****
Enter a case-sensitive new password:****
Enter the new password again for confirmation:****
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the user password of the “administrator” account:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config account administrator encrypt sha_1
*!&NWoZK3kTsExUV00Ywo1G5jlUKKv+toYg
Command: config account administrator encrypt sha_1
*!&NWoZK3kTsExUV00Ywo1G5jlUKKv+toYg
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-5 show account

### Description

This command is used to display user accounts that have been created.

### Format

**show account**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display accounts that have been created:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show account
Command: show account

Current Accounts:
Username          Access Level
-----
System           User
Sales            Operator
dlink            Admin

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-6 delete account

### Description

This command is used to delete an existing account.

### Format

**delete account <username>**



**Parameters**


---

**<username>** - Specifies the name of the user who will be deleted.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command. One active admin user must exist.

**Example**

To delete the user account "System":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete account System
Command: delete account System

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**2-7 show session****Description**

This command is used to display a list of current users which are logged in to CLI sessions.

**Format**

**show session**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To display accounts a list of currently logged-in users:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show session
Command: show session

  ID  Live Time      From                                     Level User
  ---  -
  8   00:09:59.090  Serial Port                             admin Anonymous

Total Entries: 1

CTRL+C ESC q Quit SPACE n Next Page p Previous Page r Refresh
```

## 2-8 show switch

### Description

This command is used to display the switch information.

### Format

**show switch**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the switch information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show switch
Command: show switch

Device Type           : DGS-3710-12C Gigabit Ethernet Switch
MAC Address           : F0-7D-68-25-CB-40
IP Address             : 10.90.90.90 (Manual)
VLAN Name              : default
Subnet Mask            : 255.0.0.0
Default Gateway        : 0.0.0.0
Boot PROM Version     : Build 1.00.001
Firmware Version      : Build 1.00.029
Hardware Version       : A1
Customer ID            : World-Wide
System Name            :
System Location        :
System Uptime          : 0 days, 1 hours, 35 minutes, 8 seconds
System Contact         :
Spanning Tree          : Disabled
GVRP                   : Disabled
IGMP Snooping          : Disabled
MLD Snooping           : Disabled
Telnet                 : Enabled (TCP 23)
Web                    : Enabled (TCP 80)
SNMP                   : Disabled
SSL Status             : Disabled
CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a All
```

## 2-9 show environment

**Description**

This command is used to display the device internal and external power and internal temperature status.

**Format**

**show environment**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the switch hardware status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show environment
Command: show environment

Left Fan 1           : Speed 0
Left Fan 2           : Speed 0
Left Fan 3           : Reserved
Current Temperature(Celsius) : 28
Fan High Temperature Threshold(Celsius) : 51
Fan Low Temperature Threshold(Celsius) : 40
High Warning Temperature Threshold(Celsius) : 70
Low Warning Temperature Threshold(Celsius) : 5

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
```

## 2-10 config temperature

**Description**

This command is used to configure the warning trap or log state of the system internal temperature.

**Format**

**config temperature [trap | log] state [enable | disable]**

**Parameters**


---

<b>trap</b>	- Specifies to configure the warning temperature trap.
<b>log</b>	- Specifies to configure the warning temperature log.
<b>state</b>	- Enable or disable either the trap or log state for a warning temperature event. The default

---

---

is enable.

**enable** - Enable either the trap or log state for a warning temperature event.

**disable** - Disable either the trap or log state for a warning temperature event.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To enable the warning temperature trap state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config temperature trap state enable
Command: config temperature trap state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable the warning temperature log state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config temperature log state enable
Command: config temperature log state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-11 config temperature threshold

### Description

This command is used to configure the warning temperature high threshold or low threshold. When temperature is above the high threshold or below the low threshold, SW will send alarm traps or keep the logs.

### Format

**config temperature threshold {high <temperature> | low <temperature>}(1)**

### Parameters

---

**high** - Specifies the high threshold value. The high threshold must bigger than the low threshold.

**<temperature>** - Specifies the high threshold value.

---

**low** - Specifies the low threshold value.

**<temperature>** - Specifies the low threshold value.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To configure the alarm temperature threshold high of 80:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config temperature threshold high 80
Command: config temperature threshold high 80

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-12 show serial\_port

### Description

This command is used to display the current console port setting.

### Format

**show serial\_port**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the console port setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show serial_port
Command: show serial_port

Baud Rate      : 115200
Data Bits      : 8
Parity Bits     : None
Stop Bits      : 1
Auto-Logout    : 10 mins

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-13 config serial\_port

### Description

This command is used to configure the serial bit rate that will be used to communicate with the management host and the auto logout time for idle connections.

## Format

**config serial\_port {baud\_rate [9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 115200] | auto\_logout [never | 2\_minutes | 5\_minutes | 10\_minutes | 15\_minutes]}(1)**

## Parameters

---

**baud\_rate** - Specifies the baud rate value. The default baud rate is 115200.

**9600** - Specifies a baud rate of 9600.

**19200** - Specifies a baud rate of 19200.

**38400** - Specifies a baud rate of 38400.

**115200** - Specifies a baud rate of 115200.

---

**auto\_logout** - Specifies the timeout value. The default timeout is 10\_minutes.

**never** - Specifies to never timeout.

**2\_minutes** - Specifies when the idle value is over 2 minutes, the device will auto logout.

**5\_minutes** - Specifies when the idle value over 5 minutes, the device will auto logout.

**10\_minutes** - Specifies when the idle value is over 10 minutes, the device will auto logout.

**15\_minutes** - Specifies when the idle value is over 15 minutes, the device will auto logout.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the baud rate:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config serial_port baud_rate 9600
Command: config serial_port baud_rate 9600

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-14 enable clipaging

### Description

This command is used to enable pausing of the screen display when show command output reaches the end of the page. The default setting is enabled.

### Format

**enable clipaging**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable pausing of the screen display when show command output reaches the end of the page:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable clipaging
Command: enable clipaging

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-15 disable clipaging

### Description

This command is used to disable pausing of the screen display when show command output reaches the end of the page. The default setting is enabled.

### Format

**disable clipaging**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable pausing of the screen display when show command output reaches the end of the page:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable clipaging
Command: disable clipaging

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-16 enable telnet

### Description

This command is used to enable Telnet and configure a port number. The default setting is enabled and the port number is 23.

### Format

**enable telnet {<tcp\_port\_number 1-65535>}**

## Parameters

**<tcp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP port number. TCP ports are numbered between 1 and 65535. The “well-known” TCP port for the Telnet protocol is 23.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable Telnet and configure a port number:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable telnet 23
Command: enable telnet 23

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-17 disable telnet

### Description

This command is used to disable Telnet.

### Format

**disable telnet**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable Telnet:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable telnet
Command: disable telnet

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 2-18 enable web

### Description

This command is used to enable Web UI and configure the port number. The default setting is enabled and the port number is 80.

### Format

**enable web {<tcp\_port\_number 1-65535>}**

### Parameters

---

**<tcp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP port number. TCP ports are numbered between 1 and 65535. The “well-know” TCP port for the Web protocol is 80.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable HTTP and configure port number:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable web 80
Command: enable web 80

Note: SSL will be disabled if web is enabled.
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-19 disable web

### Description

This command is used to disable Web UI.

### Format

**disable web**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To disable HTTP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable web
Command: disable web

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

2-20 save

**Description**

This command is used to save the current configuration or log in non-volatile RAM.

**Format**

**save** {[**config** <**config\_id** 1-2> | **log** | **all**]}

**Parameters**

**config** - (Optional) Specifies to save configuration.

**<config\_id 1-2>** - Enter the configuration ID used here. This value can either be 1 or 2.

**log** - (Optional) Specifies to save log.

**all** - (Optional) Specifies to save changes to currently active configuration and save logs.



**Note:** If no keyword is specified, all changes will be saved to bootup configuration file.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To save the current configuration to the bootup configuration file:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#save
Command: save

Saving all configurations to NV-RAM..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To save the current configuration to destination file, named 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#save config 1
Command: save config 1

Saving all configurations to NV-RAM..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To save a log to NV-RAM:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#save log
Command: save log

Saving all system logs to NV-RAM..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To save all the configurations and logs to NV-RAM:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#save all
Command: save all

Saving configuration and logs to NV-RAM..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-21 reboot

### Description

This command is used to restart the switch.

### Format

**reboot {force\_agree}**

### Parameters

---

**force\_agree** – (Optional) Specifies to immediately execute the reboot command without further confirmation.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator -level users can issue this command.

### Example

To restart the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#reboot
Command: reboot

Are you sure you want to proceed with the system reboot?(y/n)
Please wait, the switch is rebooting...
```

## 2-22 reset

### Description

This command is used to reset all switch parameters to the factory defaults.

### Format

**reset** **{[config | system {default}]} {force\_agree}**

### Parameters

---

**config** - (Optional) Specifies this keyword and all parameters are reset to default settings. However, the device will neither save nor reboot.

---

**system** - (Optional) Specifies this keyword and all parameters are reset to default settings. Then the switch will do factory reset, save, and reboot.

---

**default** - (Optional) Specifies that the System will reset to factory defaults.

---

**force\_agree** - (Optional) Specifies and the reset command will be executed immediately without further confirmation.

---



**Note:** If no keyword is specified, all parameters will be reset to default settings except IP address, user account, and history log, but the device will neither save nor reboot.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To reset all the switch parameters except the IP address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#reset
Command: reset

Are you sure to proceed with system reset except IP address?(y/n)
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To reset the system configuration settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#reset config
Command: reset config

Are you sure to proceed with system reset?(y/n)
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To reset all system parameters, save, and restart the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#reset system
Command: reset system

Are you sure to proceed with system reset, save and reboot?(y/n)
Loading factory default configuration... Done.
Saving all configuration to NV-RAM... Done.
Please wait, the switch is rebooting..
```

## 2-23 login

### Description

This command is used to log in to the switch.

### Format

**login**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To login to the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#login
Command: login

UserName:
```

## 2-24 logout

### Description

This command is used to log out of the switch.

## Format

**logout**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To logout of the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#logout
Command: logout

*****
* Logout *
*****

                DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
                Command Line Interface

                Firmware: Build 1.00.029
                Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.

Username:
```

2-25 clear

## Description

This command is used to clear the terminal screen.

## Format

**clear**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To clear the terminal screen:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear
Command: clear
```

## 2-26 config terminal width

### Description

This command is used to configure the terminal width.

### Format

**config terminal width [default | <value 80-200>]**

### Parameters

---

**default** - Specifies the default terminal width value.

**<value 80-200>** - Specifies a terminal width value between 80 and 200 characters. The default value is 80.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To configure the terminal width:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config terminal width 90
Command: config terminal width 90

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-27 show terminal width

### Description

This command is used to display the configuration of the current terminal width.

### Format

**show terminal width**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the configuration of the current terminal width:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show terminal width
Command: show terminal width

Global terminal width      : 80
Current terminal width    : 80

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-28 config external\_alarm channel

### Description

This command is used to configure the external alarm message for a channel. The alarm port is located outside of the switch. It is monitored via pre-defined connection channels, with each channel representing a specific alarm event. This command allows the user to define the alarm event associated with each channel.

### Format

**config external\_alarm channel <value 1-4> message <sentence 1-128>**

### Parameters

**channel** - Specifies which channel number to use.

**<value 1-4>** - Enter the channel number used here. This value must be between 1 and 4.

**message** - Specifies the alarm messages that will be displayed on the console, log and trap.

**<sentence 1-128>** - Enter the alarm message used here. This message can be up to 128 characters long.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the external alarm channel used to '1', with a user-defined message:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config external_alarm channel 1 message External Alarm: UPS
is exhausted!
Command: config external_alarm channel 1 message External Alarm: UPS is
exhausted!

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 2-29 show external\_alarm

**Description**

This command is used to display the external alarm settings.

**Format**

**show external\_alarm**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the external alarm setting and status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show external_alarm
Command: show external_alarm

Channel      Status      Alarm Message
-----
1           Normal      External Alarm: UPS is exhausted!
2           Normal      External Alarm: Back Fan is stopped!
3           Alarming    External Alarm: Power is low!
4           Normal      External Alarm: Device is over-heat!

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 2-30 show device\_status

**Description**

This command displays current status of power(s) and fan(s) on the system.

Within fan(s) status display, for example, there are three fans on the left of the switch, if three fans is working normally, there will display "OK" in the Left Fan field. If some fans work failed, such as fan 1,3 , there will only display the failed fans in the Left Fan field, such as "1,3 Fail".

In the same way, the Right Fan, Back Fan is same to Left Fan. Because there is only one CPU Fan, if it is working failed, display "Fail", otherwise display "OK".

**Format**

**show device\_status**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To show device status, the number 1, 2, 3 etc represent the fan number:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show device_status
Command: show device_status
```

FAN	RPM	MAX	MIN	Status	ErrCount
1	0	4265	0	Stop	0
2	0	4265	0	Stop	0

  

Sensor	degC	MAX	MIN	Threshold(Hi/Lo)	Status	ErrCount
T1	35	36	26	65/0	Normal	0

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

2-31 show current\_alarm

**Description**

This command displays the current alarm status of power and fans on the system.

**Format**

**show current\_alarm**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the current alarm status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show current_alarm
```

```
Command: show current_alarm
```

```
Ports
```

```
Link down: 1-12
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 3 Basic IP Commands

---

```

config ipif <ipif_name 12> [{ipaddress <network_address> | vlan <vlan_name 32> | state [enable |
  disable]} | bootp | dhcp | ipv6 [ipv6address <ipv6networkaddr> | state [enable | disable]] | ipv4
  state [enable | disable] | dhcpv6_client [enable | disable]]
create ipif <ipif_name 12> <network_address> <vlan_name 32> {state [enable | disable]}
delete ipif [<ipif_name 12> {ipv6address <ipv6networkaddr>} | all]
enable ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all]
disable ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all]
show ipif {<ipif_name 12>}
config out_band ipif {ipaddress <network_address> | state [enable | disable] | gateway
  <ipaddr>}
show out_band ipif
enable ipif ipv6 link local auto [<ipif_name 12> | all]
disable ipif ipv6 link local auto [<ipif_name 12> | all]
show ipif ipv6 link local auto {<ipif_name 12>}

```

---

### 3-1 config ipif

#### Description

Configure the parameters for an L3 interface. For IPv4, only the system interface can be specified for the way to get the IP address. If the mode is set to BOOTP or DHCP, then the IPv4 address will be obtained through the operation of protocols. The manual configuration of the IP address will be of no use. If the mode is configured to BOOTP or DHCP first, and then the user configures IP address later, the mode will be changed to manual configured mode. For IPv6, multiple addresses can be defined on the same L3 interface. For IPv4, multi-netting must be done by creation of a secondary interface.

#### Format

```

config ipif <ipif_name 12> [{ipaddress <network_address> | vlan <vlan_name 32> | state
[enable | disable]} | bootp | dhcp | ipv6 [ipv6address <ipv6networkaddr> | state [enable |
disable]] | ipv4 state [enable | disable] | dhcpv6_client [enable | disable]]

```

#### Parameters

---

```

<ipif_name 12> - The name of the IP interface.
ipaddress - (Optional) The IP address and netmask of the IP interface to be created.
  <network_address> - Specifies the address and mask information using the traditional format
  (for example, 10.1.2.3/255.0.0.0 or in CIDR format, 10.1.2.3/8).
vlan - (Optional) The name of the VLAN corresponding to the IP interface.
  <vlan_name 32> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
state - Enable or disable the IP interface.
  enable - Enable the IP interface.
  disable - Disable the IP interface.
bootp - Allows the selection of the BOOTP protocol for the assignment of an IP address to the
  switch's System IP interface.
dhcp - Allows the selection of the DHCP protocol for the assignment of an IP address to the
  switch's System.
ipv6 - The following are IPv6-related parameters.
  ipv6address - The IPv6 address and subnet prefix of the IPV6 address to be created.

```

---

---

**<ipv6networkaddr>** - The IPv6 address and subnet prefix of the IPv6 address to be created.

**state** - Enable or disable the IPv6 state of the IP interface.

**enable** - Enable the IPv6 state of the IP interface.

**disable** - Disable the IPv6 state of the IP interface.

---

**ipv4 state** - The state of the IPv4 interface.

**enable** - Enable the IPv4 state of the IP interface.

**disable** - Disable the IPv4 state of the IP interface.

---

**dhcpv6\_client** - Specifies the DHCPv6 client state of the interface.

**enable** - Specifies that the DHCPv6 client state of the interface will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the DHCPv6 client state of the interface will be disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the System IP interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ipif System vlan v1
Command: config ipif System vlan v1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 3-2 create ipif

### Description

This command is used to create an L3 interface. This interface can be configured with IPv4 or IPv6 addresses. Currently, it has a restriction: an interface can have only one IPv4 address defined. But it can have multiple IPv6 addresses defined. Configuration of IPv6 addresses must be done through the command **config ipif**.

### Format

**create ipif <ipif\_name 12> {<network\_address>} <vlan\_name 32> {state [enable | disable]}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the interface.

**<network\_address>** - (Optional) Specifies a host address and length of network mask.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN corresponding to the IP interface. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**state** - The state of the IP interface.

**enable** - Enable the state setting.

**disable** - Disable the state setting.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create an IP interface petrovic1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create ipif ip petrovic1
Command: create ipif ipif ip petrovic1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**3-3 delete ipif****Description**

This command is used to delete an interface or an IPv6 address.

**Format**

**delete ipif [<ipif\_name 12> {ipv6address <ipv6networkaddr>} | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - The name of the interface.  
**ipv6address** - (Optional) The IPv6 network address to be deleted.  
**<ipv6networkaddr>** - The IPv6 network address to be deleted.

---

**all** - All IP interfaces except the System IP interface will be deleted.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete interface petrovic1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete ipif petrovic1
Command: delete ipif petrovic1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**3-4 enable ipif****Description**

This command is used to enable the state for an IPIF. When the state is enabled, the IPv4 processing will be started when an IPv4 address is configured on the IPIF. The IPv6 processing will be started when an IPv6 address is explicitly configured on the IPIF.

**Format**

**enable ipif [<ipif\_name 12> | all]**

## Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - The name of the interface.

**all** - All of the IP interfaces.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable the state for interface petrovic1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable ipif petrovic1
Command: enable ipif petrovic1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 3-5 disable ipif

### Description

This command is used to disable the state of an interface.

### Format

**disable ipif [<ipif\_name 12> | all]**

## Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - The name of the interface.

**all** - All of the IP interfaces.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the state for an interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable ipif petrovic1
Command: disable ipif petrovic1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 3-6 show ipif

#### Description

This command is used to display IP interface settings.

#### Format

**show ipif {<ipif\_name 12>}**

#### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - (Optional) The name of the interface.

---

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display IP interface settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipif
Command: show ipif

IP Interface           : System
VLAN Name              : default
Interface Admin State  : Enabled
DHCPv6 Client State    : Disabled
Link Status            : LinkDown
IPv4 Address           : 10.90.90.90/8 (Manual) Primary
IPv4 State             : Enabled
IPv6 State             : Enabled

IP Interface           : mgmt_ipif
Status                 : Enable
IP Address             : 192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask            : 255.255.255.0
GateWay                : 0.0.0.0
Link Status            : LinkDown

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 3-7 config out\_band\_ipif

#### Description

This command is used to configure the out of band management port settings.



## Format

**config out\_band\_ipif {ipaddress <network\_address> | state [enable | disable] | gateway <ipaddr>} (1)**

## Parameters

---

<b>ipaddress</b> - Specifies the IP address of the interface. The parameter must include the mask.
<b>&lt;network_address&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the interface. The parameter must include the mask.
<b>state</b> - Specifies the interface status.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies to enable the interface.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies to disable the interface.
<b>gateway</b> - Specifies the gateway IP address of the out-of-band management network.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the gateway IP address.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the out-of-band management state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config out_band_ipif state disable
Command: config out_band_ipif state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 3-8 show out\_band\_ipif

### Description

This command is used to display the current configurations of special out-of-band management interfaces.

### Format

**show out\_band\_ipif**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the configuration of out-of-band management interfaces:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show out_band_ipif
Command: show out_band_ipif

Status           : Enable
IP Address        : 192.168.0.1
Subnet Mask       : 255.255.255.0
Gateway          : 0.0.0.0
Link Status       : LinkDown

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 3-9 enable ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto

#### Description

This command is used to enable the auto configuration of link local address when there are no IPv6 addresses explicitly configured. When an IPv6 address is explicitly configured, the link local address will be automatically configured, and the IPv6 processing will be started. When there is no IPv6 address explicitly configured, by default, link local address is not configured and the IPv6 processing will be disabled. By enabling this automatic configuration, the link local address will be automatically configured and IPv6 processing will be started.

#### Format

**enable ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto** [**<ipif\_name 12>** | **all**]

#### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - The name of the interface.

---

**all** - All of the IP interfaces.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable the automatic configuration of link local address for an interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto interface1
Command: enable ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto interface1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 3-10 disable ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto

#### Description

This command is used to disable the auto configuration of link local address when no IPv6 address is explicitly configured.

### Format

**disable ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto [<ipif\_name 12> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - The name of the interface.

**all** - All of the IP interfaces.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the automatic configuration of link local address for an interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto interface1
Command: disable ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto interface1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 3-11 show ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto

### Description

This command is used to display the link local address automatic configuration state.

### Format

**show ipif\_ipv6\_link\_local\_auto {<ipif\_name 12>}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - (Optional) The name of the interface.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the link local address automatic configuration state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto
Command: show ipif_ipv6_link_local_auto

  IPIF: System           Automatic Link Local Address: Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 4 802.1X Commands

<b>enable 802.1x</b>
<b>disable 802.1x</b>
<b>create 802.1x user</b> <username 15>
<b>delete 802.1x user</b> <username 15>
<b>show 802.1x user</b>
<b>config 802.1x auth_protocol</b> [local   radius_eap]
<b>show 802.1x</b> {[auth_state   auth_configuration] ports {<portlist>}}
<b>config 802.1x capability ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [authenticator   none]
<b>config 802.1x fwd_pdu ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [enable   disable]
<b>config 802.1x fwd_pdu system</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config 802.1x auth_parameter ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [default   {direction [both   in]   port_control [force_unauth   auto   force_auth]   quiet_period <sec 0-65535>   tx_period <sec 1-65535>   supp_timeout <sec 1-65535>   server_timeout <sec 1-65535>   max_req <value 1-10>   reauth_period <sec 1-65535>   max_users [<value 1-128>   no_limit]   enable_reauth [enable   disable]}(1)]
<b>config 802.1x auth_mode</b> [port_based   mac_based]
<b>config 802.1x authorization attributes radius</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config 802.1x init</b> [port_based ports [<portlist>   all]   mac_based [ports] [<portlist>   all] {mac_address <macaddr>}]
<b>config 802.1x max_users</b> [<value 1-1536>   no_limit]
<b>config 802.1x reauth</b> [port_based ports [<portlist>   all]   mac_based [ports] [<portlist>   all] {mac_address <macaddr>}]
<b>create 802.1x guest_vlan</b> <vlan_name 32>
<b>delete 802.1x guest_vlan</b> <vlan_name 32>
<b>config 802.1x guest_vlan ports</b> [<portlist>   all] state [enable   disable]
<b>show 802.1x guest_vlan</b>
<b>config radius add</b> <server_index 1-3> [<server_ip>   <ipv6addr>] key <passwd 32> [ default   {auth_port <udp_port_number 1-65535>   acct_port <udp_port_number 1-65535>   timeout <int 1-255>   retransmit <int 1-20>}(1)]
<b>config radius delete</b> <server_index 1-3>
<b>config radius</b> <server_index 1-3> {ipaddress [<server_ip>   <ipv6addr>]   key <passwd 32>   auth_port [<udp_port_number 1-65535>   default]   acct_port [<udp_port_number 1-65535>   default]   timeout [<int 1-255>   default]   retransmit [<int 1-20>   default]}(1)
<b>show radius</b>
<b>show auth_statistics</b> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>show auth_diagnostics</b> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>show auth_session_statistics</b> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>show auth_client</b>
<b>show acct_client</b>
<b>config accounting service</b> [network   shell   system] state [enable   disable]
<b>show accounting service</b>

4-1 enable 802.1x

### Description

This command is used to enable the 802.1X function.

### Format

**enable 802.1x**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the 802.1X function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable 802.1x
Command: enable 802.1x

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-2 disable 802.1x

### Description

This command is used to disable the 802.1X function.

### Format

**disable 802.1x**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the 802.1X function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable 802.1x
Command: disable 802.1x

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

#### 4-3 create 802.1x user

##### Description

This command is used to create an 802.1X user.

##### Format

**create 802.1x user <username 15>**

##### Parameters

---

**<username 15>** - Specifies to add a user name.

---

##### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

##### Example

To create a user named "ctsnow":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create 802.1x user ctsnow
Command: create 802.1x user ctsnow

Enter a case-sensitive new password:
Enter the new password again for confirmation:

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

#### 4-4 delete 802.1x user

##### Description

This command is used to delete a specified user.

##### Format

**delete 802.1x user <username 15>**

##### Parameters

---

**<username 15>** - Specifies to delete a user name.

---

##### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete the user named "Tiberius":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete 802.1x user Tiberius
Command: delete 802.1x user Tiberius

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 4-5 show 802.1x user

#### Description

This command is used to display 802.1X local user account information.

#### Format

**show 802.1x user**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display 802.1X user information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1x user
Command: show 802.1x user

Current Accounts:
Username          Password
-----          -
ctsnow           gallinari

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 4-6 config 802.1x auth\_protocol

#### Description

This command is used to configure the 802.1X authentication protocol.



## Format

**config 802.1x auth\_protocol [local | radius\_eap]**

## Parameters

---

**local** - Specify the authentication protocol as local.

---

**radius\_eap** - Specifies the authentication protocol as RADIUS EAP.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the 802.1X RADIUS EAP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x auth_protocol radius_eap
Command: config 802.1x auth_protocol radius_eap

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

4-7 show 802.1x

## Description

This command is used to display the 802.1X state or configurations.

## Format

**show 802.1x {[auth\_state | auth\_configuration] ports {<portlist>}}**

## Parameters

---

**auth\_state** - (Optional) Specifies to display the 802.1X authentication state of some or all ports.

---

**auth\_configuration** - (Optional) Specifies to display 802.1X configuration of some or all ports.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display 802.1X information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1x
Command: show 802.1x

802.1X                : Disabled
```

```

Authentication Mode      : None
Authentication Protocol  : RADIUS_EAP
Forward EAPOL PDU       : Disabled
Max User                 : 1536
RADIUS Authorization    : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
    
```

To display the 802.1x state for ports 1 to 5:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1x auth_state ports 1-5
Command: show 802.1x auth_state ports 1-5

Status:  A - Authorized; U - Unauthorized; (P): Port-Based 802.1X
Port  MAC Address          PAE State      Backend State  Status  VID  Priority
-----
1      00-00-00-00-00-01      Authenticated  Idle           A       4004  3
1      00-00-00-00-00-02      Authenticated  Idle           A       1234  -
1      00-00-00-00-00-03      Held           Fail           U       -     -
1      00-00-00-00-00-04      Authenticating Response  U       -     -
2      00-00-00-00-00-10(P)   Authenticating Request  U       -     -
3      00-00-00-00-00-20(P)   Connecting     Idle           U       -     -
4      00-00-00-00-00-21(P)   Held           Fail           U       -     -

Total Authorized Hosts   :2
Total Unauthorized Hosts :5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
    
```

To display the 802.1x configuration for port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1x auth_configuration ports 1
Command: show 802.1x auth_configuration ports 1

Port Number      : 1
Capability       : None
AdminCrlDir     : Both
OpenCrlDir      : Both
Port Control     : Auto
QuietPeriod     : 60   sec
TxPeriod        : 30   sec
SuppTimeout     : 30   sec
ServerTimeout   : 30   sec
MaxReq          : 2    times
ReAuthPeriod    : 3600 sec
ReAuthenticate  : Disabled
Forward EAPOL PDU On Port : Disabled
Max User On Port : 16

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
    
```

## 4-8 config 802.1x capability ports

**Description**

This command is used to configure port capability.

**Format**

**config 802.1x capability ports [<portlist> | all] [authenticator | none]**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**authenticator** - The port that wishes to enforce authentication before allowing access to services that are accessible via that port adopts the authenticator role.

**none** - Disable authentication on specified port.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure port capability for ports 1 to 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x capability ports 1-10 authenticator
Command: config 802.1x capability ports 1-10 authenticator

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-9 config 802.1x fwd\_pdu ports

**Description**

This command is used to configure the 802.1X PDU forwarding state on specific ports on the switch.

**Format**

**config 802.1x fwd\_pdu ports [<portlist> | all] [enable | disable]**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies all ports.

**enable** - Enable the 802.1X PDU forwarding state.

**disable** - Disable the 802.1X PDU forwarding state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the 802.1X PDU forwarding state on ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x fwd_pdu ports 1-2 enable
Command: config 802.1x fwd_pdu ports 1-2 enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-10 config 802.1x fwd\_pdu system

### Description

This command is used to configure the 802.1X PDU forwarding state.

### Format

**config 802.1x fwd\_pdu system [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable the 802.1X PDU forwarding state.  
**disable** - Disable the 802.1X PDU forwarding state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the 802.1X PDU forwarding state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x fwd_pdu system enable
Command: config 802.1x fwd_pdu system enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-11 config 802.1x auth\_parameter ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the parameters that control the operation of the authenticator associated with a port.

## Format

```
config 802.1x auth_parameter ports [<portlist> | all] [default | {direction [both | in] |
port_control [force_unauth | auto | force_auth] | quiet_period <sec 0-65535> | tx_period
<sec 1-65535> | supp_timeout <sec 1-65535> | server_timeout <sec 1-65535> | max_req
<value 1-10> | reauth_period <sec 1-65535> | max_users [<value 1-128> | no_limit] |
enable_reauth [enable | disable]}(1)]
```

## Parameters

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to configure all ports.
<b>default</b> - Set all parameters to the default value.
<b>direction</b> - (Optional) Set the direction of access control. <b>both</b> - For bidirectional access control. <b>in</b> - For ingress access control.
<b>port_control</b> - (Optional) Force a specific port to be unconditionally authorized or unauthorized by setting the parameter of port_control to be force_authorized or force_unauthorized. Besides, the controlled port will reflect the outcome of authentication if port_control is auto. <b>force_authorized</b> - The port transmits and receives normal traffic without 802.1X-based authentication of the client. <b>auto</b> - The port begins in the unauthorized state, and relays authentication messages between the client and the authentication server. <b>force_unauthorized</b> - The port will remain in the unauthorized state, ignoring all attempts by the client to authenticate.
<b>quiet_period</b> - (Optional) The initialization value of the quietWhile timer. The default value is 60 s and can be any value from 0 to 65535. <b>&lt;sec 0-65535&gt;</b> - The quiet period value must be between 0 and 65535 seconds.
<b>tx_period</b> - (Optional) The initialization value of the txWhen timer. The default value is 30 s and can be any value from 1 to 65535. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - The transmit period value must be between 1 and 65535 seconds.
<b>supp_timeout</b> - (Optional) The initialization value of the aWhile timer when timing out the supplicant. Its default value is 30 s and can be any value from 1 to 65535. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - The timeout value must be between 1 and 65535 seconds.
<b>server_timeout</b> - (Optional) The initialization value of the aWhile timer when timing out the authentication server. Its default value is 30 and can be any value from 1 to 65535. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - The server timeout value must be between 1 and 65535 seconds.
<b>max_req</b> - (Optional) The maximum number of times that the authentication PAE state machine will retransmit an EAP Request packet to the supplicant. Its default value is 2 and can be any number from 1 to 10. <b>&lt;value 1-10&gt;</b> - The maximum require number must be between 1 and 10.
<b>reauth_period</b> - (Optional) It's a non-zero number of seconds, which is used to be the re-authentication timer. The default value is 3600. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - The reauthentication period value must be between 1 and 65535 seconds.
<b>max_users</b> - (Optional) Set the maximum number of users between 1 and 128. <b>&lt;value 1-128&gt;</b> - The maximum users value must be between 1 and 128. <b>no_limit</b> - Set an unlimited number of users.
<b>enable_reauth</b> - (Optional) Enable or disable the re-authentication mechanism for a specific port. <b>enable</b> - Enable the re-authentication mechanism for a specific port. <b>disable</b> - Disable the re-authentication mechanism for a specific port.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the parameters that control the operation of the authenticator associated with a port:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config 802.1x auth_parameter ports 1-2 direction both
Command: config 802.1x auth_parameter ports 1-2 direction both

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-12 config 802.1x auth\_mode

### Description

This command is used to configure the authentication mode.

### Format

**config 802.1x auth\_mode [port\_based | mac\_based]**

### Parameters

- 
- port\_based** - Used to configure authentication in port-based mode.
  - mac\_based** - Used to configure authentication in MAC-based (host-based) mode.
- 

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the authentication mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x auth_mode port_based
Command: config 802.1x auth_mode port_based

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-13 config 802.1x authorization attributes radius

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the acceptance of an authorized configuration.

### Format

**config 802.1x authorization attributes radius [enable | disable]**

**Parameters**


---

**enable** - The authorization attributes such as VLAN, 802.1p default priority, and ACL assigned by the RADIUS server will be accepted if the global authorization status is enabled. The default state is enabled.

---

**disable** - The authorization attributes assigned by the RADIUS server will not be accepted.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the 802.1X state of acceptance of an authorized configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x authorization attributes radius enable
Command: config 802.1x authorization attributes radius enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-14 config 802.1x init

**Description**

This command is used to initialize the authentication state machine of some or all.

**Format**

**config 802.1x init [port\_based ports [<portlist> | all] | mac\_based [ports] [<portlist> | all] {mac\_address <macaddr>}]**

**Parameters**


---

**port\_based ports** - Used to configure authentication in port-based mode.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**mac\_based ports** - To configure authentication in host-based 802.1X mode.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**mac\_address** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address of the host.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To initialize the authentication state machine on all the ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config 802.1x init port_based ports all
Command: config 802.1x init port_based ports all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-15 config 802.1x max\_users

### Description

This command is used to configure the 802.1X maximum number of users of the system.

### Format

**config 802.1x max\_users [<value 1-1536> | no\_limit]**

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-1536>** - Enter the maximum number of users value here. This value must be between 1 and 1536.

---

**no\_limit** - Specifies an unlimited number of users.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the 802.1X maximum numbers of the system:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config 802.1x max_users 2
Command: config 802.1x max_users 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-16 config 802.1x reauth

### Description

This command is used to reauthenticate the device connected with the port. During the reauthentication period, the port status remains authorized until failed reauthentication.

### Format

**config 802.1x reauth [port\_based ports [<portlist> | all] | mac\_based [ports] [<portlist> | all] {mac\_address <macaddr>}]**



## Parameters

---

<b>port_based ports</b>	- The switch passes data based on its authenticated port.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>all</b>	- Specifies to configure all ports.
<b>mac_based ports</b>	- The switch passes data based on the MAC address of authenticated RADIUS client.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>all</b>	- Specifies to configure all ports.
<b>mac_address</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the MAC address of the authenticated RADIUS client.
<b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b>	- Enter the MAC address here.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To reauthenticate the device connected with the port:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config 802.1x reauth port_based ports all
Command: config 802.1x reauth port_based ports all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-17 create 802.1x guest\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to assign a static VLAN to be a guest VLAN. The specific VLAN which is assigned to a guest VLAN must already exist. The specific VLAN which is assigned to the guest VLAN can't be deleted.

### Format

**create 802.1x guest\_vlan <vlan\_name 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the static VLAN to be a guest VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To assign a static VLAN to be a guest VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create 802.1x guest_vlan guestVLAN
Command: create 802.1x guest_vlan guestVLAN
```

```
Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

#### 4-18 delete 802.1x guest\_vlan

##### Description

This command is used to delete a guest VLAN setting, but not to delete the static VLAN itself.

##### Format

**delete 802.1x guest\_vlan <vlan\_name 32>**

##### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the guest VLAN name.

---

##### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command. All ports which are enabled as guest VLAN will return to the original VLAN after the guest VLAN is deleted.

##### Example

To delete a guest VLAN configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete 802.1x guest_vlan guestVLAN
```

```
Command: delete 802.1x guest_vlan guestVLAN
```

```
Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

#### 4-19 config 802.1x guest\_vlan ports

##### Description

This command is used to configure a guest VLAN setting.

##### Format

**config 802.1x guest\_vlan ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

##### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**state** - Specifies the guest VLAN port state of the configured ports.

**enable** - Join the guest VLAN.

**disable** - Remove from guest VLAN.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command. If the specific port state is changed from the enabled state to the disabled state, this port will move to its original VLAN.

## Example

To configure a guest VLAN setting for ports 1 to 8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1x guest_vlan ports 1-8 state enable
Command: config 802.1x guest_vlan ports 1-8 state enable

Warning, The ports are moved to Guest VLAN.

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

4-20 show 802.1x guest\_vlan

## Description

This command is used to display guest VLAN information.

## Format

**show 802.1x guest\_vlan**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display guest VLAN information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1x guest_vlan
Command: show 802.1x guest_vlan

Guest Vlan Setting
-----
Guest VLAN : guest
Enabled Guest VLAN Ports : 1-10

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-21 config radius add

**Description**

This command is used to add a new RADIUS server. The server with a lower index has higher authenticative priority.

**Format**

```
config radius add <server_index 1-3> [<server_ip> | <ipv6addr>] key <passwd 32> [ default |
{auth_port <udp_port_number 1-65535> | acct_port <udp_port_number 1-65535> | timeout
<int 1-255> | retransmit <int 1-20>}(1)]
```

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;server_index 1-3&gt;</b> - Specifies the RADIUS server index.
<b>&lt;server_ip&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the RADIUS server.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the RADIUS server.
<b>key</b> - Specifies the key pre-negotiated between switch and the RADIUS server. It is used to encrypt user's authentication data before being transmitted over the Internet. The maximum length of the key is 32.
<b>&lt;passwd 32&gt;</b> - The maximum length of the password is 32 characters long.
<b>default</b> - Sets the auth_port to be 1812 and acct_port to be 1813.
<b>auth_port</b> - Specifies the UDP port number which is used to transmit RADIUS authentication data between the switch and the RADIUS server. The range is 1 to 65535.
<b>&lt;udp_port_number 1-65535&gt;</b> - The authentication port value must be between 1 and 65535.
<b>acct_port</b> - Specifies the UDP port number which is used to transmit RADIUS accounting statistics between the switch and the RADIUS server. The range is 1 to 65535.
<b>&lt;udp_port_number 1-65535&gt;</b> - The accounting statistics value must be between 1 and 65535.
<b>timeout</b> - Specifies the time, in seconds, for waiting server reply. The default value is 5 seconds.
<b>&lt;int 1-255&gt;</b> - The timeout value must be between 1 and 255.
<b>retransmit</b> - Specifies the count for re-transmit. The default value is 2.
<b>&lt;int 1-20&gt;</b> - The re-transmit value must be between 1 and 20.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add a new RADIUS server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config radius add 1 10.48.74.121 key dlink default
Command: config radius add 1 10.48.74.121 key dlink default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-22 config radius delete

**Description**

This command is used to delete a RADIUS server.

**Format**

**config radius delete <server\_index 1-3>**

**Parameters**


---

**<server\_index 1-3>** - Specifies the RADIUS server index. The range is from 1 to 3.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete a RADIUS server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config radius delete 1
Command: config radius delete 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-23 config radius

**Description**

This command is used to configure a RADIUS server.

**Format**

**config radius <server\_index 1-3> {ipaddress [<server\_ip> | <ipv6addr>] | key <passwd 32> | auth\_port [<udp\_port\_number 1-65535> | default] | acct\_port [<udp\_port\_number 1-65535> | default] | timeout [<int 1-255> | default] | retransmit [<int 1-20> | default]}(1)**

**Parameters**


---

**<server\_index 1-3>** - Specifies the RADIUS server index.

**ipaddress** - Specifies the IP address of the RADIUS server.

**<server\_ip>** - Enter the RADIUS server IP address here.

**<ipv6addr>** - Enter the RADIUS server IPv6 address here.

**key** - Specifies the key pre-negotiated between the switch and the RADIUS server. It is used to encrypt user's authentication data before being transmitted over the Internet. The maximum length of the key is 32.

**<passwd 32>** - Specifies the key pre-negotiated between the switch and the RADIUS server. It is used to encrypt user's authentication data before being transmitted over the Internet. The maximum length of the key is 32.

**auth\_port** - Specifies the UDP port number which is used to transmit RADIUS authentication data between the switch and the RADIUS server. The default is 1812.

**<udp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - The authentication port value must be between 1 and 65535.

**default** - Specifies to use the default value.

**acct\_port** - Specifies the UDP port number which is used to transmit RADIUS accounting statistics between the switch and the RADIUS server. The default is 1813.

---

---

**<udp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - The accounting statistics value must be between 1 and 65535.

**default** - Specifies to use the default value.

---

**timeout** - Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The default value is 5 seconds.

**<int 1-255>** - Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The timeout value must be between 1 and 255. The default value is 5 seconds.

**default** - Specifies to use the default value.

---

**retransmit** - Specifies the count for re-transmission. The default value is 2.

**<int 1-20>** - The re-transmit value must be between 1 and 20.

**default** - Specifies to use the default value.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a RADIUS server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config radius add 1 10.48.74.121 key dlink default
Command: config radius add 1 10.48.74.121 key dlink default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-24 show radius

### Description

This command is used to display RADIUS server configurations.

### Format

**show radius**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display RADIUS server configurations:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show radius
Command: show radius

Index 1
  IP Address      : 10.48.74.121
  Auth-Port      : 1812
  Acct-Port      : 1813
  Timeout        : 5
  Retransmit     : 2
  Key            : dlink

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 4-25 show auth\_statistics

### Description

This command is used to display authenticator statistics information

### Format

**show auth\_statistics {ports [<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.  
**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for the display.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display authenticator statistics information for port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show auth_statistics ports 1
Command: show auth_statistics ports 1

Port Number : 1

EapolFramesRx          0
EapolFramesTx          6
EapolStartFramesRx     0
EapolReqIdFramesTx     6
EapolLogoffFramesRx    0
EapolReqFramesTx       0
EapolRespIdFramesRx    0
EapolRespFramesRx      0

```

```

InvalidEapolFramesRx          0
EapLengthErrorFramesRx       0
LastEapolFrameVersion         0
LastEapolFrameSource          00-00-00-00-00-00
DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 4-26 show auth\_diagnostics

### Description

This command is used to display authenticator diagnostics information.

### Format

**show auth\_diagnostics {ports [<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

- 
- ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
  - <portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
  - all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for the display.
- 

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display authenticator diagnostics information for port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# show auth_diagnostics ports 1
Command: show auth_diagnostics ports 1

Port Number : 1

EntersConnecting                20
EapLogoffsWhileConnecting       0
EntersAuthenticating            0
SuccessWhileAuthenticating      0
TimeoutsWhileAuthenticating     0
FailWhileAuthenticating         0
ReauthsWhileAuthenticating      0
EapStartsWhileAuthenticating    0
EapLogoffWhileAuthenticating    0
ReauthsWhileAuthenticated       0
EapStartsWhileAuthenticated     0
EapLogoffWhileAuthenticated     0
BackendResponses                0
BackendAccessChallenges         0
BackendOtherRequestsToSupplicant 0
BackendNonNakResponsesFromSupplicant 0

```



BackendAuthSuccesses	0
BackendAuthFails	0
DGS-3710-12C:admin#	

## 4-27 show auth\_session\_statistics

### Description

This command is used to display authenticator session statistics information.

### Format

**show auth\_session\_statistics {ports [<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

- 
- ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
  - <portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
  - all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for the display.
- 

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display authenticator session statistics information for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show auth_session_statistics ports 1
Command: show auth_session_statistics ports 1

Port Number   : 1

SessionOctetsRx           0
SessionOctetsTx           0
SessionFramesRx           0
SessionFramesTx           0
SessionId
SessionAuthenticMethod    Remote Authentication Server
SessionTime               0
SessionTerminateCause     SupplicantLogoff
SessionUserName

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-28 show auth\_client

### Description

This command is used to display authentication client information.

**Format****show auth\_client****Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display authentication client information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show auth_client
Command: show auth_client

radiusAuthClient ==>
radiusAuthClientInvalidServerAddresses    0
radiusAuthClientIdentifier                 D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAuthServerIndex :1

radiusAuthServerAddress                    0.0.0.0
radiusAuthClientServerPortNumber          X
radiusAuthClientRoundTripTime             0
radiusAuthClientAccessRequests            0
radiusAuthClientAccessRetransmissions     0
radiusAuthClientAccessAccepts             0
radiusAuthClientAccessRejects             0
radiusAuthClientAccessChallenges          0
radiusAuthClientMalformedAccessResponses  0
radiusAuthClientBadAuthenticators         0
radiusAuthClientPendingRequests           0
radiusAuthClientTimeouts                  0
radiusAuthClientUnknownTypes              0
radiusAuthClientPacketsDropped            0

radiusAuthClient ==>
radiusAuthClientInvalidServerAddresses    0
radiusAuthClientIdentifier                 D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAuthServerIndex :2

radiusAuthServerAddress                    0.0.0.0
radiusAuthClientServerPortNumber          X
```

```

radiusAuthClientRoundTripTime      0
radiusAuthClientAccessRequests     0
radiusAuthClientAccessRetransmissions 0
radiusAuthClientAccessAccepts      0
radiusAuthClientAccessRejects      0
radiusAuthClientAccessChallenges   0
radiusAuthClientMalformedAccessResponses 0
radiusAuthClientBadAuthenticators  0
radiusAuthClientPendingRequests    0
radiusAuthClientTimeouts           0
radiusAuthClientUnknownTypes       0
radiusAuthClientPacketsDropped     0

radiusAuthClient ==>
radiusAuthClientInvalidServerAddresses 0
radiusAuthClientIdentifier           D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAuthServerIndex :3

radiusAuthServerAddress             0.0.0.0
radiusAuthClientServerPortNumber    X
radiusAuthClientRoundTripTime      0
radiusAuthClientAccessRequests     0
radiusAuthClientAccessRetransmissions 0
radiusAuthClientAccessAccepts      0
radiusAuthClientAccessRejects      0
radiusAuthClientAccessChallenges   0
radiusAuthClientMalformedAccessResponses 0
radiusAuthClientBadAuthenticators  0
radiusAuthClientPendingRequests    0
radiusAuthClientTimeouts           0
radiusAuthClientUnknownTypes       0
radiusAuthClientPacketsDropped     0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 4-29 show acct\_client

### Description

This command is used to display account client information

### Format

**show acct\_client**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display account client information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show acct_client
Command: show acct_client

radiusAcctClient ==>
radiusAcctClientInvalidServerAddresses    0
radiusAcctClientIdentifier                 D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAccServerIndex : 1

radiusAccServerAddress                     0.0.0.0
radiusAccClientServerPortNumber           X
radiusAccClientRoundTripTime              0
radiusAccClientRequests                    0
radiusAccClientRetransmissions             0
radiusAccClientResponses                   0
radiusAccClientMalformedResponses         0
radiusAccClientBadAuthenticators          0
radiusAccClientPendingRequests            0
radiusAccClientTimeouts                   0
radiusAccClientUnknownTypes               0
radiusAccClientPacketsDropped             0

radiusAcctClient ==>
radiusAcctClientInvalidServerAddresses    0
radiusAcctClientIdentifier                 D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAccServerIndex : 2

radiusAccServerAddress                     0.0.0.0
radiusAccClientServerPortNumber           X
radiusAccClientRoundTripTime              0
radiusAccClientRequests                    0
radiusAccClientRetransmissions             0
radiusAccClientResponses                   0
radiusAccClientMalformedResponses         0
radiusAccClientBadAuthenticators          0
radiusAccClientPendingRequests            0
radiusAccClientTimeouts                   0
radiusAccClientUnknownTypes               0
radiusAccClientPacketsDropped             0
```

```

radiusAcctClient ==>
radiusAcctClientInvalidServerAddresses    0
radiusAcctClientIdentifier                D-Link

radiusAuthServerEntry ==>
radiusAccServerIndex : 3

radiusAccServerAddress                    0.0.0.0
radiusAccClientServerPortNumber          X
radiusAccClientRoundTripTime             0
radiusAccClientRequests                  0
radiusAccClientRetransmissions           0
radiusAccClientResponses                  0
radiusAccClientMalformedResponses        0
radiusAccClientBadAuthenticators         0
radiusAccClientPendingRequests           0
radiusAccClientTimeouts                  0
radiusAccClientUnknownTypes              0
radiusAccClientPacketsDropped            0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 4-30 config accounting service

### Description

This command is used to configure the state of the specified RADIUS accounting service.

### Format

**config accounting service [network | shell | system] state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**network** - Specifies the accounting service for 802.1X port access control. By default, the service is disabled.

---

**shell** - Specifies the accounting service for shell events. When a user logs in or logs out of the switch (via the console, Telnet, or SSH) and when timeout occurs, accounting information will be collected and sent to the RADIUS server. By default, the service is disabled.

---

**system** - Specifies the accounting service for system events: reset and reboot. By default, the service is disabled.

---

**state** - Specifies the state of the accounting service.

**enable** - Enable the specified accounting service.

**disable** - Disable the specified accounting service.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the state of the RADIUS accounting service shell to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:config accounting service shell state enable
Command: config accounting service shell state enable

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 4-31 show accounting service

### Description

This command is used to display RADIUS accounting service information.

### Format

**show accounting service**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display accounting service information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show accounting service
Command: show accounting service

Accounting State
-----
Network : Disabled
Shell   : Disabled
System  : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 5 Access Authentication Control (AAC) Commands

<b>enable authen_policy</b>
<b>disable authen_policy</b>
<b>show authen_policy</b>
<b>create authen_login method_list_name</b> <string 15>
<b>config authen_login</b> [default   method_list_name <string 15>] method {tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius   server_group <string 15>   local   none}(1)
<b>delete authen_login method_list_name</b> <string 15>
<b>show authen_login</b> [default   method_list_name <string 15>   all]
<b>create authen_enable method_list_name</b> <string 15>
<b>config authen_enable</b> [default   method_list_name <string 15>] method {tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius   server_group <string 15>   local_enable   none}(1)
<b>delete authen_enable method_list_name</b> <string 15>
<b>show authen_enable</b> [default   method_list_name <string 15>   all]
<b>config authen application</b> [console   telnet   ssh   http   all] [login   enable] [default   method_list_name <string 15>]
<b>show authen application</b>
<b>create authen server_group</b> <string 15>
<b>config authen server_group</b> [tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius   <string 15>] [add   delete] server_host <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius]
<b>delete authen server_group</b> <string 15>
<b>show authen server_group</b> {<string 15>}
<b>create authen server_host</b> <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius] {port <int 1-65535>   key [<key_string 254>   none]   timeout <int 1-255>   retransmit <int 1-20>}
<b>config authen server_host</b> <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius] {port <int 1-65535>   key [<key_string 254>   none]   timeout <int 1-255>   retransmit <int 1-20>}(1)
<b>delete authen server_host</b> <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs   xtacacs   tacacs+   radius]
<b>show authen server_host</b>
<b>config authen parameter response_timeout</b> <int 0-255>
<b>config authen parameter attempt</b> <int 1-255>
<b>show authen parameter</b>
<b>enable admin</b>
<b>config admin local_enable</b>

## 5-1 enable authen\_policy

### Description

This command is used to enable system access authentication policy. When enabled, the device will adopt the login authentication method list to authenticate the user for login, and adopt the enable authentication method list to authenticate the enable password for promoting the user's privilege to Administrator level.

### Format

**enable authen\_policy**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable system access authentication policy:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable authen_policy
Command: enable authen_policy

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-2 disable authen\_policy

### Description

This command is used to disable system access authentication policy. When authentication is disabled, the device will adopt to the local user account database to authenticate the user for login.

### Format

**disable authen\_policy**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable system access authentication policy:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable authen_policy
Command: disable authen_policy

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



### 5-3 show authen\_policy

#### Description

This command is used to display whether system access authentication policy is enabled or disabled.

#### Format

**show authen\_policy**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To display system access authentication policy:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen_policy
Command: show authen_policy

Authentication Policy : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 5-4 create authen\_login method\_list\_name

#### Description

This command is used to create a user-defined method list of authentication methods for user login. The maximum supported number of the login method lists is eight.

#### Format

**create authen\_login method\_list\_name <string 15>**

#### Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list name.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To create a user-defined method list for user login:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create authen_login method_list_name login_list_1
Command: create authen_login method_list_name login_list_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-5 config authen\_login

### Description

This command is used to configure a user-defined or default method list of authentication methods for user login. The sequence of methods will affect the authentication result. For example, if the sequence is TACACS+ first, then TACACS and local, when a user tries to login, the authentication request will be sent to the first server host in the TACACS+ built-in server group. If the first server host in the TACACS+ group is missing, the authentication request will be sent to the second server host in the TACACS+ group, and so on. If all server hosts in the TACACS+ group are missing, the authentication request will be sent to the first server host in the TACACS group. If all server hosts in a TACACS group are missing, the local account database in the device is used to authenticate this user. When a user logs in to the device successfully while using methods like TACACS/XTACACS/TACACS+/RADIUS built-in or user-defined server groups or none, the "user" privilege level is assigned only. If a user wants to get admin privilege level, the user must use the "enable admin" command to promote his privilege level. But when the local method is used, the privilege level will depend on this account privilege level stored in the local device.

### Format

```
config authen_login [default | method_list_name <string 15>] method {tacacs | xtacacs |
tacacs+ | radius | server_group <string 15> | local | none}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

<b>default</b>	– Specifies the default method list of authentication methods.
<b>method_list_name</b>	- Specifies the user-defined method list of authentication methods.
<b>&lt;string 15&gt;</b>	- Specifies the user-defined method list of authentication methods. The method list name can be up to 15 characters long.
<b>method</b>	- Choose the desired authentication method:
<b>tacacs</b>	- Specifies authentication by the built-in server group TACACS.
<b>xtacacs</b>	- Specifies authentication by the built-in server group XTACACS.
<b>tacacs+</b>	- Specifies authentication by the built-in server group TACACS+.
<b>radius</b>	- Specifies authentication by the built-in server group RADIUS.
<b>server_group</b>	- Specifies authentication by the user-defined server group.
<b>&lt;string 15&gt;</b>	- Specifies authentication by the user-defined server group. The server group value can be up to 15 characters long.
<b>local</b>	- Specifies authentication by local user account database in the device.
<b>none</b>	- Specifies no authentication.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a user-defined method list for user login:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen_login method_list_name login_list_1 method
tacacs+ tacacs local
Command: config authen_login method_list_name login_list_1 method tacacs+
tacacs local

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-6 delete authen\_login method\_list\_name

### Description

This command is used to delete a user-defined method list of authentication methods for user login.

### Format

**delete authen\_login method\_list\_name <string 15>**

### Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list name.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a user-defined method list for user login:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete authen_login method_list_name login_list_1
Command: delete authen_login method_list_name login_list_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-7 show authen\_login

### Description

This command is used to display the method list of authentication methods for user login.

### Format

**show authen\_login [default | method\_list\_name <string 15> | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**default** – Specifies to display the default method list for user login.

**method\_list\_name** - Specifies the user-defined method list for user login.

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list for user login. The method list name can be up to 15 characters long.

---

**all** – Specifies to display all method lists for user login.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To display a user-defined method list for user login:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen_login method_list_name login_list_1
Command: show authen_login method_list_name login_list_1

Method List Name  Priority  Method Name      Comment
-----
login_list_1     1         tacacs+          Built-in Group
                  2         tacacs           Built-in Group
                  3         mix_1            User-defined Group
                  4         local            Keyword

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**5-8 create authen\_enable method\_list\_name****Description**

This command is used to create a user-defined method list of authentication methods for promoting a user's privilege to Admin level. The maximum supported number of the enable method lists is eight.

**Format**

**create authen\_enable method\_list\_name <string 15>**

**Parameters**


---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list name.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create a user-defined method list for promoting a user's privilege to Admin level:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1
Command: create authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-9 config authen\_enable

### Description

This command is used to configure a user-defined or default method list of authentication methods for promoting a user's privilege to Admin level. The sequence of methods will effect the authentication result. For example, if the sequence is TACACS+ first, then TACACS and local\_enable, when a user tries to promote a user's privilege to Admin level, the authentication request will be sent to the first server host in the TACACS+ built-in server group. If the first server host in the TACACS+ group is missing, the authentication request will be sent to the second server host in the TACACS+ group, and so on. If all server hosts in the TACACS+ group are missing, the authentication request will be sent to the first server host in the TACACS group. If all server hosts in the TACACS group are missing, the local enable password in the device is used to authenticate this user's password. The local enable password in the device can be configured by the CLI command **config admin local\_enable**.

### Format

```
config authen_enable [default | method_list_name <string 15>] method {tacacs | xtacacs |
tacacs+ | radius | server_group <string 15> | local_enable | none}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**default** - Specifies the default method list of authentication methods.

**method\_list\_name** - Specifies the user-defined method list of authentication methods.

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list of authentication methods. The method list name can be up to 15 characters long.

---

**method** - Choose the desired authentication method:

**tacacs** - Specifies authentication by the built-in server group TACACS.

**xtacacs** - Specifies authentication by the built-in server group XTACACS.

**tacacs+** - Specifies authentication by the built-in server group TACACS+.

**radius** - Specifies authentication by the built-in server group RADIUS.

**server\_group** - Specifies authentication by the user-defined server group.

**<string 15>** - Specifies authentication by the user-defined server group. The server group value can be up to 15 characters long.

**local\_enable** - Specifies authentication by local enable password in the device.

**none** - Specifies no authentication.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure a user-defined method list for promoting a user's privilege to Admin level:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1 method
tacacs+ tacacs local_enable
Command: config authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1 method tacacs+
tacacs local_enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-10 delete authen\_enable method\_list\_name

### Description

This command is used to delete a user-defined method list of authentication methods for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level.

### Format

**delete authen\_enable method\_list\_name <string 15>**

### Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list name.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a user-defined method list for promoting a user's privilege to Admin level:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1
Command: delete authen_enable method_list_name enable_list_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-11 show authen\_enable

### Description

This command is used to display the method list of authentication methods for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level.

### Format

**show authen\_enable [default | method\_list\_name <string 15> | all]**

## Parameters

---

**default** - Specifies to display the default method list for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level.

---

**method\_list\_name** - Specifies the user-defined method list for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level.

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list for a promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level . The method list name value can be up to 15 characters long.

---

**all** - Specifies to display all method lists for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display all method lists for promoting a user's privilege to Administrator level:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen_enable all
Command: show authen_enable all

Method List Name  Priority  Method Name      Comment
-----
default           1        local_enable     Keyword
enable_list_1    1        tacacs+          Built-in Group
                  2        tacacs           Built-in Group
                  3        mix_1            User-defined Group
                  4        loca_enable      Keyword

enable_list_2    1        tacacs+          Built-in Group
                  2        radius           Built-in Group

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-12 config authen application

### Description

This command is used to configure login or enable method list for all or the specified application.

### Format

**config authen application [console | telnet | ssh | http | all] [login | enable] [default | method\_list\_name <string 15>]**

## Parameters

---

**console** - Specifies an application: console.

**telnet** - Specifies an application: Telnet.

**ssh** - Specifies an application: SSH.

**http** - Specifies an application: Web.

**all** - Specifies all applications: console, Telnet, SSH, and Web.

---

---

**login** - Specifies the method list of authentication methods for user login.  
**enable** - Specifies the method list of authentication methods for promoting user privilege to Administrator level.  
**default** - Specifies the default method list.  
**method\_list\_name** - Specifies the user-defined method list name.  
**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined method list name. The method list name value can be up to 15 characters long.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the login method list for Telnet:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen application telnet login method_list_name
login_list_1
Command: config authen application telnet login method_list_name login_list_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-13 show authen application

### Description

This command is used to display the login/enable method list for all applications.

### Format

**show authen application**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the login and enable method list for all applications:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen application
Command: show authen application

Application      Login Method List      Enable Method List
-----
Console          default                 default
Telnet           login_list_1           default
```



SSH	default	default
HTTP	default	default
DGS-3710-12C:admin#		

## 5-14 create authen server\_group

### Description

This command is used to create a user-defined authentication server group. The maximum supported number of server groups including built-in server groups is eight. Each group consists of eight server hosts as maximum.

### Format

**create authen server\_group <string 15>**

### Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined server group name.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a user-defined authentication server group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create authen server_group mix_1
Command: create authen server_group mix_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-15 config authen server\_group

### Description

This command is used to add or remove an authentication server host to or from the specified server group. Built-in server group tacacs, xtacacs, tacacs+, and RADIUS accept the server host with the same protocol only, but user-defined server group can accept server hosts with different protocols. The server host must be created first by using the CLI command **create authen server\_host**.

### Format

**config authen server\_group [tacacs | xtacacs | tacacs+ | radius | <string 15>] [add | delete] server\_host <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs | xtacacs | tacacs+ | radius]**

## Parameters

---

**tacacs** - Specifies the built-in server group TACACS.  
**xtacacs** - Specifies the built-in server group XTACACS.  
**tacacs+** - Specifies the built-in server group TACACS+.  
**radius** - Specifies the built-in server group RADIUS.  
**<string 15>** - Specifies a user-defined server group.

---

**add** - Specifies to add a server host to a server group.  
**delete** - Specifies to remove a server host from a server group.

---

**server\_host** - Specifies the server host's IP address.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the server host's IP address.

---

**protocol** - Specifies the server host's type of authentication protocol.  
**tacacs** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS.  
**xtacacs** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol XTACACS.  
**tacacs+** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS+.  
**radius** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol RADIUS.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add an authentication server host to a server group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen server_group mix_1 add server_host 10.1.1.222
protocol tacacs+
Command: config authen server_group mix_1 add server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol
tacacs+

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-16 delete authen server\_group

### Description

This command is used to delete a user-defined authentication server group.

### Format

**delete authen server\_group <string 15>**

## Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - Specifies the user-defined server group name.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a user-defined authentication server group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete authen server_group mix_1
Command: delete authen server_group mix_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-17 show authen server\_group

### Description

This command is used to display the authentication server groups.

### Format

**show authen server\_group {<string 15>}**

### Parameters

---

**<string 15>** - (Optional) Specifies the built-in or user-defined server group name.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display all authentication server groups:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen server_group
Command: show authen server_group

Group Name          IP Address          Protocol
-----
mix_1               10.1.1.222         TACACS+
radius              10.1.1.224         RADIUS
tacacs              10.1.1.225         TACACS
tacacs+             10.1.1.226         TACACS+
xtacacs             10.1.1.227         XTACACS

Total Entries : 5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-18 create authen server\_host

### Description

This command is used to create an authentication server host. When an authentication server host is created, the IP address and protocol are the index. That means more than one authentication protocol service can be run on the same physical host. The maximum supported number of server hosts is 16.

## Format

**create authen server\_host <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs | xtacacs | tacacs+ | radius] {port <int 1-65535> | key [<key\_string 254> | none] | timeout <int 1-255> | retransmit <int 1-20>}**

## Parameters

---

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the server host's IP address.
<b>protocol</b> - Specifies the server host's type of authentication protocol.
<b>tacacs</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS.
<b>xtacacs</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol XTACACS.
<b>tacacs+</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS+.
<b>radius</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol RADIUS.
<b>port</b> - (Optional) Specifies the port number of the authentication protocol for the server host. The default value for TACACS/XTACACS/TACACS+ is 49. The default value for RADIUS is 1812.
<b>&lt;int 1-65535&gt;</b> - Specifies the port number of the authentication protocol for the server host. The default value for TACACS/XTACACS/TACACS+ is 49. The default value for RADIUS is 1812. The port number must be between 1 and 65535.
<b>key</b> - (Optional) Specifies the key for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication.
<b>&lt;key_string 254&gt;</b> - Specifies the key for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication. If the value is null, no encryption will apply. This value is meaningless for TACACS and XTACACS.
<b>none</b> - No encryption for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication. This value is meaningless for TACACS and XTACACS.
<b>timeout</b> - (Optional) Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The default value is 5 seconds.
<b>&lt;int 1-255&gt;</b> - Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The default value is 5 seconds. The timeout value must be between 1 and 255 seconds.
<b>retransmit</b> - (Optional) Specifies the count for re-transmit. This value is meaningless for TACACS+. The default value is 2.
<b>&lt;int 1-20&gt;</b> - Specifies the count for re-transmit. This value is meaningless for TACACS+. The default value is 2. The re-transmit value must be between 1 and 20.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a TACACS+ authentication server host with a listening port number of 15555 and a timeout value of 10 seconds:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+ port
15555 timeout 10

Command: create authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+ port 15555
timeout 10

Key is empty for TACACS+ or RADIUS.

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-19 config authen server\_host

**Description**

This command is used to configure an authentication server host.

**Format**

**config authen server\_host <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs | xtacacs | tacacs+ | radius] {port <int 1-65535> | key [<key\_string 254> | none] | timeout <int 1-255> | retransmit <int 1-20>}(1)**

**Parameters**


---

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the server host's IP address.
<b>protocol</b> - Specifies the server host's type of authentication protocol. <b>tacacs</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS. <b>xtacacs</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol XTACACS. <b>tacacs+</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS+. <b>radius</b> - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol RADIUS.
<b>port</b> - Specifies the port number of the authentication protocol for the server host. The default value for TACACS/XTACACS/TACACS+ is 49. The default value for RADIUS is 1812. <b>&lt;int 1-65535&gt;</b> - Specifies the port number of the authentication protocol for the server host. The default value for TACACS/XTACACS/TACACS+ is 49. The default value for RADIUS is 1812. The port number must be between 1 and 65535.
<b>key</b> - Specifies the key for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication. <b>&lt;key_string 254&gt;</b> - Specifies the key for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication. If the value is null, no encryption will apply. This value is meaningless for TACACS and XTACACS. <b>none</b> - Specifies no encryption for TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication. This value is meaningless for TACACS and XTACACS.
<b>timeout</b> - Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The default value is 5 seconds. <b>&lt;int 1-255&gt;</b> - Specifies the time in seconds for waiting for a server reply. The default value is 5 seconds. The timeout value must be between 1 and 255 seconds.
<b>retransmit</b> - Specifies the count for re-transmit. This value is meaningless for TACACS+. The default value is 2. <b>&lt;int 1-20&gt;</b> - Specifies the count for re-transmit. This value is meaningless for TACACS+. The default value is 2. The re-transmit value must be between 1 and 20.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure a TACACS+ authentication server host's key value:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+ key
"This is a secret"
Command: config authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+ key "This is a
secret"

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-20 delete authen server\_host

### Description

This command is used to delete an authentication server host.

### Format

**delete authen server\_host <ipaddr> protocol [tacacs | xtacacs | tacacs+ | radius]**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the server host's IP address.

**protocol** - Specifies the server host's type of authentication protocol.

**tacacs** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS.

**xtacacs** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol XTACACS.

**tacacs+** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol TACACS+.

**radius** - Specifies the server host's authentication protocol RADIUS.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete an authentication server host:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+
Command: delete authen server_host 10.1.1.222 protocol tacacs+

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-21 show authen server\_host

### Description

This command is used to display authentication server hosts.

### Format

**show authen server\_host**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To display all authentication server hosts:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authen server_host
Command: show authen server_host

IP Address          Protocol  Port    Timeout  Retransmit  Key
-----
-
10.1.1.222          TACACS+  15555  10       -----   This is a secret

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-22 config authen parameter response\_timeout

**Description**

This command is used to configure the amount of time waiting for user to input on Console, Telnet, SSH, and HTTP applications.

**Format**

**config authen parameter response\_timeout <int 0-255>**

**Parameters**


---

**<int 0-255>** - Specifies the amount of time for user input on the Console, Telnet, SSH, or HTTP interface. 0 means there is no time out. The default value is 30 seconds.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure 60 seconds for user to input:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen parameter response_timeout 60
Command: config authen parameter response_timeout 60

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-23 config authen parameter attempt

**Description**

This command is used to configure the maximum attempts for users trying to login or promote the privilege on Console, Telnet, SSH or HTTP applications. If the failure value is exceeded, connection or access will be locked.

### Format

**config authen parameter attempt <int 1-255>**

### Parameters

---

**<int 1-255>** - Specifies the amount of attempts for users trying to login or promote the privilege on Console, Telnet, SSH, or HTTP interface. The default value is 3.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the maximum attempts for users trying to login or promote the privilege to be 9:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authen parameter attempt 9
Command: config authen parameter attempt 9

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-24 show authen parameter

### Description

This command is used to display the authentication parameters.

### Format

**show authen parameter**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the authentication parameters:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show authen parameter
Command: show authen parameter

Response Timeout : 60 seconds
User Attempts    : 9

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-25 enable admin

### Description

This command is used to promote the "user" privilege level to "admin" level. When the user enters this command, the authentication method TACACS, XTACAS, TACACS+, user-defined server groups, local enable, or none will be used to authenticate the user. Because TACACS, XTACACS and RADIUS don't support the enable function by themselves, if a user wants to use either one of these three protocols to enable authentication, the user must create a special account on the server host first, which has a username enable and then configure its password as the enable password to support the "enable" function. This command cannot be used when authentication policy is disabled.

### Format

**enable admin**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To enable administrator lever privilege:

```
DGS-3710-12C:user#enable admin
PassWord: *****

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 5-26 config admin local\_enable

### Description

This command is used to configure the local enable password for the enable command. When the user chooses the local\_enable method to promote the privilege level, the enable password of the local device is needed.

## Format

**config admin local\_enable**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the administrator password:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config admin local_enable
Command: config admin local_enable

Enter the old password:
Enter the case-sensitive new password:*****
Enter the new password again for confirmation:*****
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 6 Access Control List (ACL) Commands

---

**create access\_profile profile\_id** <value 1-12> profile\_name <name 1-32> [ethernet {vlan {<hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_mac <macmask> | destination\_mac <macmask> | 802.1p | ethernet\_type}(1) | ip {vlan {<hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_ip\_mask <netmask> | destination\_ip\_mask <netmask> | dscp | [icmp {type | code} | igmp {type} | tcp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | flag\_mask [all | {urg | ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | protocol\_id\_mask <hex 0x0-0xff> {user\_define\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}}(1) | packet\_content\_mask {offset\_chunk\_1 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_2 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_3 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_4 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 {{{class | flowlabel | [tcp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | udp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}} | source\_ipv6\_mask <ipv6mask> | destination\_ipv6\_mask <ipv6mask>}}}(1)]

---

**delete access\_profile** [profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32> | all]

---

**config access\_profile** [profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32>] [add access\_id [auto\_assign | <value 1-128>] [ethernet {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>] {mask <hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_mac <macaddr> {mask <macmask>} | destination\_mac <macaddr> {mask <macmask>} | 802.1p <value 0-7> | ethernet\_type <hex 0x0-0xffff>}(1) | ip {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>] {mask <hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_ip <ipaddr> {mask <netmask>} | destination\_ip <ipaddr> {mask <netmask>} | dscp <value 0-63> | [icmp {type <value 0-255> | code <value 0-255>} | igmp {type <value 0-255>} | tcp {src\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | flag [all | {urg | ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}} | protocol\_id <value 0-255> {user\_define <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}}(1) | packet\_content {offset\_chunk\_1 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_2 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_3 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_chunk\_4 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 {{{class <value 0-255> | flowlabel <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | [tcp {src\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | udp {src\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst\_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}} | source\_ipv6 <ipv6addr> {mask <ipv6mask>} | destination\_ipv6 <ipv6addr> {mask <ipv6mask>}}}(1) [port [<portlist> | all] | vlan\_based [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>] [permit {priority <value 0-7> {replace\_priority} | [replace\_dscp\_with <value 0-63> | replace\_tos\_precedence\_with <value 0-7>] | counter [enable | disable]} | mirror | deny] {time\_range <range\_name 32>} | delete access\_id <value 1-128>]

---

**show access\_profile** {[profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32>]}

---

**config time\_range** <range\_name 32> [hours start\_time <time hh:mm:ss> end\_time <time hh:mm:ss> weekdays <daylist> | delete]

---

**show time\_range**

---

**show current\_config access\_profile**

---

**delete cpu\_access\_profile** [profile\_id <value 1-5> | all]

---

**create cpu\_access\_profile profile\_id** <value 1-5> [ethernet {vlan | source\_mac <macmask> | destination\_mac <macmask> | 802.1p | ethernet\_type}(1) | ip {vlan | source\_ip\_mask <netmask> | destination\_ip\_mask <netmask> | dscp | [icmp {type | code} | igmp {type} | tcp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | flag\_mask [all | {urg | ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst\_port\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | protocol\_id\_mask <hex 0x0-0xff> {user\_define\_mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}}(1) | packet\_content\_mask {offset\_0-15 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_16-31 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset\_32-47 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}

---

```
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_48-63 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_64-79 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 {{class | flowlabel} | source_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask> |
destination_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask>}}(1)]
```

```
config cpu access_profile profile_id <value 1-5> [add access_id <value 1-100> [ethernet {[vlan
<vlan_name 32> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] | source_mac <macaddr> | destination_mac
<macaddr> | 802.1p <value 0-7> | ethernet_type <hex 0x0-0xffff>} (1)| ip {[vlan <vlan_name
32> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] | source_ip <ipaddr> | destination_ip <ipaddr> | dscp <value 0-
63> | [icmp {type <value 0-255> | code <value 0-255>} | igmp {type <value 0-255>} | tcp
{src_port <value 0-65535> | dst_port <value 0-65535> | flag [all | {urg | ack | psh | rst | syn |
fin}]} | udp {src_port <value 0-65535> | dst_port <value 0-65535>} | protocol_id <value 0-255>
{user_define <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}](1) | packet_content {offset_0-15 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex
0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_16-31 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex
0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_32-47 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex
0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_48-63 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex
0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_64-79 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex
0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 {{class <value 0-255> |
flowlabel <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | source_ipv6 <ipv6addr> | destination_ipv6 <ipv6addr>}}(1)] port
[<portlist> | all] [permit | deny] {time_range <range_name 32>} | delete access_id <value 1-
100>]
```

```
show cpu access_profile {profile_id <value 1-5>}
```

```
enable cpu interface filtering
```

```
disable cpu interface filtering
```

```
config flow_meter [profile_id <value 1-12> | profile_name <name 1-32>] access_id <value 1-
128> [rate <value 0-1000000>] {burst_size <value 0-16384>} rate_exceed [drop_packet |
remark_dscp <value 0-63>] | tr_tcm cir <value 0-1000000> {cbs <value 0-16384>} pir <value
0-1000000> {pbs <value 0-16384>} {{color_blind | color_aware}} {conform [permit |
replace_dscp <value 0-63>] {counter [enable | disable]}} exceed [permit {replace_dscp <value
0-63>} | drop] {counter [enable | disable]} violate [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63>} | drop]
{counter [enable | disable]} | sr_tcm cir <value 0-1000000> cbs <value 0-16384> ebs <value
0-16384> {{color_blind | color_aware}} {conform [permit | replace_dscp <value 0-63>] {counter
[enable | disable]}} exceed [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63>} | drop] {counter [enable |
disable]} violate [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63>} | drop] {counter [enable | disable]} |
delete]
```

```
show flow_meter {[profile_id <value 1-12> | profile_name <name 1-32>] {access_id <value 1-
128>}}
```

## 6-1 create access\_profile profile\_id

### Description

This command is used to create access list profiles.



**Note:** Please see the “**Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found.**” section for a configuration example and further information.

### Format

```
create access_profile profile_id <value 1-12> profile_name <name 1-32> [ethernet {vlan
{<hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source_mac <macmask> | destination_mac <macmask> | 802.1p |
ethernet_type}(1) | ip {vlan {<hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source_ip_mask <netmask> |
destination_ip_mask <netmask> | dscp | [icmp {type | code} | igmp {type} | tcp
{src_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | flag_mask [all | {urg |
ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-
0xffff>} | protocol_id_mask <hex 0x0-0xff> {user_define_mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}](1) |
```

```
packet_content_mask {offset_chunk_1 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_chunk_2
<value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_chunk_3 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> |
offset_chunk_4 <value 0-31> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 [{class | flowlabel | [tcp
{src_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | udp {src_port_mask
<hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}] | source_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask> |
destination_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask>]}(1)]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>profile_id</b>	- Specifies the index of the access list profile. <value 1-12> - Specifies the profile ID between 1 and 12.
<b>profile_name</b>	- Specifies a profile name. <name 1-32> - The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>ethernet</b>	- Specifies an Ethernet access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies a VLAN mask. Only the last 12 bits of the mask will be considered. <hex 0x0-0x0fff> - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN mask. <b>source_mac</b> - Specifies the source MAC mask. <macmask> - Specifies the source MAC mask. <b>destination_mac</b> - Specifies the destination MAC mask. <macmask> - Specifies the destination MAC mask. <b>802.1p</b> - Specify the 802.1p priority tag mask. <b>ethernet_type</b> - Specifies the Ethernet type.
<b>ip</b>	- Specifies an IP access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies a VLAN mask. Only the last 12 bits of the mask will be considered. <hex 0x0-0x0fff> - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN mask. <b>source_ip_mask</b> - Specifies an IP source submask. <netmask> - Specifies an IP source submask. <b>destination_ip_mask</b> - Specifies an IP destination submask. <netmask> - Specifies an IP destination submask. <b>dscp</b> - Specifies the DSCP mask. <b>icmp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to ICMP traffic. <b>type</b> - (Optional) Specifies the ICMP packet type. <b>code</b> - (Optional) Specifies the ICMP code. <b>igmp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to IGMP traffic. <b>type</b> - (Optional) Specifies the IGMP packet type. <b>tcp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to TCP traffic. <b>src_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP source port mask. <hex 0x0-0xffff> - Specifies the TCP source port mask. <b>dst_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP destination port mask. <hex 0x0-0xffff> - Specifies the TCP destination port mask. <b>flag_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP flag field mask. <b>all</b> - (Optional) Specifies to check all parameters below. <b>urg</b> - (Optional) Specifies Urgent Pointer field significant. <b>ack</b> - (Optional) Specifies Acknowledgment field significant. <b>psh</b> - (Optional) Specifies Push Function. <b>rst</b> - (Optional) Specifies to reset the connection. <b>syn</b> - (Optional) Specifies to synchronize sequence numbers. <b>fin</b> - (Optional) No more data from sender. <b>udp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to UDP traffic. <b>src_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port mask. <hex 0x0-0xffff> - Specifies the UDP source port mask. <b>dst_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port mask. <hex 0x0-0xffff> - Specifies the UDP destination port mask. <b>protocol_id_mask</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to the IP protocol ID traffic. <hex 0x0-0xff> - Specifies that the rule applies to the IP protocol ID traffic. <b>user_define_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the L4 part mask. <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> - Specifies the L4 part mask.
<b>packet_content</b>	- Specifies the packet content for the user defined mask.

---

---

**offset\_chunk\_1** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 1 will be monitored.  
**<value 0-31>** - Enter the offset 1 value used here. This value must be between 0 and 31.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 1 mask used here.

**offset\_chunk\_2** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 2 will be monitored.  
**<value 0-31>** - Enter the offset 2 value used here. This value must be between 0 and 31.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 2 mask used here.

**offset\_chunk\_3** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 3 will be monitored.  
**<value 0-31>** - Enter the offset 3 value used here. This value must be between 0 and 31.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 3 mask used here.

**offset\_chunk\_4** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 4 will be monitored.  
**<value 0-31>** - Enter the offset 4 value used here. This value must be between 0 and 31.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 4 mask used here.

---

**ipv6** - Specifies the IPv6 filtering mask.

**class** - Specifies the IPv6 class mask.

**flowlabel** - Specifies the IPv6 flow label mask.

**tcp** - Specifies that the rule applies to TCP traffic.  
**src\_port\_mask** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP source port mask.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the TCP source port mask.  
**dst\_port\_mask** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP destination port mask.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the TCP destination port mask.

**udp** - Specifies that the rule applies to UDP traffic.  
**src\_port\_mask** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port mask.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the UDP source port mask.  
**dst\_port\_mask** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port mask.  
**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the UDP destination port mask.

**source\_ipv6\_mask** - Specifies the IPv6 source IP mask.  
**<ipv6mask>** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv6 source IP mask.

**destination\_ipv6\_mask** - Specifies the IPv6 destination IP mask.  
**<ipv6mask>** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv6 destination IP mask.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create access list profiles:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create access_profile profile_id 1 profile_name 1 ethernet
vlan source_mac FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF destination_mac 00-00-00-FF-FF-FF 802.1p
ethernet_type
Command: create access_profile profile_id 1 profile_name 1 ethernet vlan
source_mac FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF destination_mac 00-00-00-FF-FF-FF 802.1p
ethernet_type

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create access_profile profile_id 2 profile_name 2 ip vlan
source_ip_mask 255.255.255.255 destination_ip_mask 255.255.255.0 dscp icmp
Command: create access_profile profile_id 2 profile_name 2 ip vlan
source_ip_mask 255.255.255.255 destination_ip_mask 255.255.255.0 dscp icmp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-2 delete access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to delete access list profiles.

### Format

**delete access\_profile [profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32> | all]**

### Parameters

<b>profile_id</b> - Specifies the index of the access list profile.
<b>&lt;value 1-12&gt;</b> - Specifies the index of the access list profile. Enter a value between 1 and 12.
<b>profile_name</b> - Specifies the profile name.
<b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - Specifies the profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>all</b> - Specifies the whole access list profile to delete.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete access list profiles:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete access_profile profile_id 10
Command: delete access_profile profile_id 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-3 config access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to configure access list entries.



**Note:** Please see the “**Error! Reference source not found. Error! Reference source not found.**” section for a configuration example and further information.

### Format

**config access\_profile [profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32>] [add access\_id [auto\_assign | <value 1-128>] [ethernet {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>] {mask <hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_mac <macaddr> {mask <macmask>} | destination\_mac <macaddr> {mask <macmask>} | 802.1p <value 0-7> | ethernet\_type <hex 0x0-0xffff>}(1) | ip {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>] {mask <hex 0x0-0x0fff>} | source\_ip <ipaddr> {mask <netmask>} | destination\_ip <ipaddr> {mask <netmask>} | dscp <value 0-63> | [icmp {type <value 0-255> | code <value 0-255>} | igmp {type <value 0-255>} | tcp**

```
{src_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | flag [all | {urg | ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]] | udp {src_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}} | protocol_id <value 0-255> {user_define <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}](1) | packet_content {offset_chunk_1 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_chunk_2 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_chunk_3 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_chunk_4 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 [{class <value 0-255> | flowlabel <hex 0x0-0xffff> | [tcp {src_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}} | udp {src_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | dst_port <value 0-65535> {mask <hex 0x0-0xffff>}}]] | source_ipv6 <ipv6addr> {mask <ipv6mask>} | destination_ipv6 <ipv6addr> {mask <ipv6mask>}}](1) [port [<portlist> | all] | vlan_based [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>]] [permit {priority <value 0-7> {replace_priority} | [replace_dscp_with <value 0-63> | replace_tos_precedence_with <value 0-7>]} | counter [enable | disable]} | mirror | deny] {time_range <range_name 32>} | delete access_id <value 1-128>]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>profile_id</b>	- Specifies the index of the access list profile. <b>&lt;value 1-12&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 1 and 12.
<b>profile_name</b>	- Specifies the profile name. <b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - Specifies the profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>add access_id</b>	- Specifies the index of the access list entry. <b>auto_assign</b> - Specifies to automatically assign the access ID. <b>&lt;value 1-128&gt;</b> - Specifies a value between 1 and 128.
<b>ethernet</b>	- Specifies an Ethernet access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters. <b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094. <b>mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the mask. <b>&lt;hex 0x0-0x0fff&gt;</b> - Specifies the mask. <b>source_mac</b> - Specifies the source MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the source MAC address. <b>mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the mask. <b>&lt;macmask&gt;</b> - Specifies the mask. <b>destination_mac</b> - Specifies the destination MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the destination MAC address. <b>mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the mask. <b>&lt;macmask&gt;</b> - Specifies the mask. <b>802.1p</b> - Specifies the value of the 802.1p priority tag. <b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b> - Specifies the value of the 802.1p priority tag. The priority tag ranges from 1 to 7. <b>ethernet_type</b> - Specifies the Ethernet type. <b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffff&gt;</b> - Specifies the Ethernet type.
<b>ip</b>	- Specifies an IP access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters. <b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094. <b>mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the mask. <b>&lt;hex 0x0-0x0fff&gt;</b> - Specifies the mask. <b>source_ip</b> - Specifies an IP source address. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies an IP source address. <b>mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the mask. <b>&lt;netmask&gt;</b> - Specifies the mask. <b>destination_ip</b> - Specifies an IP destination address. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies an IP destination address.

---



- 
- mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
    - <netmask>** - Specifies the mask.
  - dscp** - Specifies the value of DSCP.
    - <value 0-63>** - Specifies the value of DSCP. The DSCP value ranges from 0 to 63.
  - icmp** - Specifies the ICMP.
    - type** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the ICMP Type traffic value.
      - <value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
    - code** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the ICMP Code traffic value.
      - <value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
  - igmp** - Specifies the IGMP.
    - type** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the IGMP Type traffic value.
      - <value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
  - tcp** - Specifies TCP.
    - src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to a range of TCP source ports.
      - <value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.
    - mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.
    - dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to a range of TCP destination ports.
      - <value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.
    - mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.
    - flag** - Specifies the TCP flag field value.
      - all** - (Optional) Specifies to check all parameters below.
      - urg** - (Optional) Specifies Urgent Pointer field significant.
      - ack** - (Optional) Specifies Acknowledgment field significant.
      - psh** - (Optional) Specifies Push Function.
      - rst** - (Optional) Specifies to reset the connection.
      - syn** - (Optional) Specifies to synchronize sequence numbers.
      - fin** - (Optional) No more data from sender.
  - udp** - Specifies UDP.
    - src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port range.
      - <value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.
    - mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.
    - dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port range.
      - <value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.
    - mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.
  - protocol\_id** - Specifies that the rule will apply to the value of IP protocol ID traffic.
    - <value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
  - user\_define** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the IP protocol ID and that the mask options behind the IP header, which has a length of 4 bytes.
    - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies that the rule will apply to the IP protocol ID and that the mask options behind the IP header, which has a length of 4 bytes.
  - mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.
    - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the mask.
- 
- packet\_content** - Specifies the packet content for the user defined mask.
    - offset\_chunk\_1** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 1 will be monitored.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 1 value used here.
    - offset\_chunk\_2** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 2 will be monitored.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 2 value used here.
    - offset\_chunk\_3** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 3 will be monitored.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 3 value used here.
    - offset\_chunk\_4** - (Optional) Specifies that the contents of the offset trunk 4 will be monitored.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Enter the offset trunk 4 value used here.
- 
- ipv6** - Specifies that the rule applies to IPv6 fields.
    - class** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 class.
      - <value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
    - flowlabel** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 flow label.
      - <hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 flow label.
-

---

**tcp** - Specifies TCP.

**src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP source port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.

**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.

**dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the TCP destination port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.

**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.

**udp** - Specifies UDP.

**src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.

**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.

**dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**mask** - Specifies the mask.

**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the mask.

**source\_ipv6** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 source address.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 source address.

**mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.

**<ipv6mask>** - Specifies the mask.

**destination\_ipv6** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 destination address.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the value of the IPv6 destination address.

**mask** - (Optional) Specifies the mask.

**<ipv6mask>** - Specifies the mask.

---

**port** - The access profile rule may be defined for each port on the switch.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a list of ports.

**all** - Specifies that the access rule will apply to all ports.

**vlan\_based** - Specifies the VLAN-based ACL rule. There are two conditions: this rule will apply to all ports and packets must belong to the configured VLAN. It can be specified by VLAN name or VLAN ID.

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlan\_id** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

**permit** - Specifies the packets that match the access profile are permit by the switch.

**priority** - (Optional) Specifies the packets that match the access profile are remap the 802.1p priority tag field by the switch.

**<value 0-7>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 7.

**replace\_priority** - (Optional) Specifies the packets that match the access profile remarking the 802.1p priority tag field by the switch.

**replace\_dscp\_with** - (Optional) Specifies the DSCP of the packets that match the access profile are modified according to the value.

**<value 0-63>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.

**replace\_tos\_precedence\_with** - (Optional) Specifies that the IP precedence of the outgoing packet is changed with the new value. If used without an action priority, the packet is sent to the default TC.

**<value 0-7>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 7.

**counter** - (Optional)

**enable** - Specifies whether the ACL counter feature is enabled. If the rule is not bound with the flow meter, all matching packets are counted. If the rule is bound with the flow meter, then the "counter" is overridden.

**disable** - Specifies whether the ACL counter feature is disabled. The default option is disabled.

**mirror** - Specifies that packets matching the access profile are copied to the mirror port.

**deny** - Specifies the packets that match the access profile are filtered by the switch.

**time\_range** - (Optional) Specifies the name of this time range entry.

**<range\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of this time range entry. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

---

**delete access\_id** - Specifies to delete the access ID.  
**<value 1-128>** - Specifies the value between 1 and 128.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure an access list entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config access_profile profile_id 2 add access_id 1 ip vlan
default source_ip 20.2.2.3 destination_ip 10.1.1.252 dscp 3 icmp port 1 permit
Command: config access_profile profile_id 2 add access_id 1 ip vlan default
source_ip 20.2.2.3 destination_ip 10.1.1.252 dscp 3 icmp port 1 permit

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-4 show access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to display the current access list table.

### Format

**show access\_profile** {[profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32>]}

### Parameters

---

**profile\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the index of the access list profile.  
**<value 1-12>** - Specifies the profile ID between 1 and 12.

---

**profile\_name** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the access list profile.  
**<name 1-32>** - Enter the profile name used here. This name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the current access list table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show access_profile
Command: show access_profile

Access Profile Table

Total User Set Rule Entries : 4
Total Used HW Entries      : 4
Total Available HW Entries : 1532
```

```
=====  
Profile ID: 1      Profile name: EtherACL  Type: Ethernet  
  
MASK on  
  VLAN           : 0xFFF  
  802.1p  
  Ethernet Type  
  
Available HW Entries : 127  
-----  
Access ID : 1      Ports: 2  
  
Match on  
  VLAN ID       : 1  
  
Action:  
  Permit  
  
=====  
  
=====  
Profile ID: 2      Profile name: IPv4ACL  Type: IPv4  
  
MASK on  
  VLAN           : 0xFFF  
  
Available HW Entries : 127  
-----  
Access ID : 1      Ports: 2  
  
Match on  
  VLAN ID       : 1  
  
Action:  
  Permit  
  
=====  
  
=====  
Profile ID: 3      Profile name: IPv6ACL  Type: IPv6  
  
MASK on  
  Class  
  
Available HW Entries : 127  
-----  
Access ID : 1      Ports: 2  
  
Match on  
  Class         : 1
```

```

Action:
  Permit

=====

Profile ID: 4      Profile name: PCACL  Type: User Defined

MASK on
  offset_chunk_1 : 0      value : 0x00000000

Available HW Entries : 127
-----

Access ID : 1      Ports: 2

Match on
  offset_chunk_1 : 0      value : 0x00000000

Action:
  Permit

=====

Profile ID: 13     Profile name: System
Consumed HW Entries : 15
=====

Profile ID: 14     Profile name: System
Consumed HW Entries : 36
=====

Profile ID: 15     Profile name: System
Consumed HW Entries : 4
=====

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```



**Note:** “Total User Set Entries” indicates the total number of ACL rules created by the user. “Total Used HW Entries” indicates the total number of hardware entries used in the device. “Available HW Entries” indicates the total number of available hardware entries in the device.

To display an access profile that supports an entry mask for each rule:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show access_profile profile_id 2
Command: show access_profile profile_id 2

Access Profile Table

```

```

Profile ID: 2      Profile Name: 2      Type: Ethernet
Mask on
  VLAN           : 0xF
  Source MAC     : FF-FF-FF-00-00-00
  Destination MAC : 00-00-00-FF-FF-FF
Available HW Entries: 1003
-----
Access ID : 22      Ports: 1-7
Match on:
  VLAN ID       : 8              Mask : 0xFFF
  Source MAC    : 00-01-02-03-04-05  Mask : FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF
  Destination MAC : 00-05-04-03-02-00  Mask : FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-00
Action:
  Deny
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
    
```

To display the packet content mask profile for the profile with an ID of 4:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show access_profile profile_id 4
Command: show access_profile profile_id 4

Access Profile Table

=====
Profile ID: 4      Profile name: PCACL  Type: User Defined

MASK on
  offset_chunk_1 : 0      value : 0x00000000

Available HW Entries : 127
-----
Access ID : 1      Ports: 2

Match on
  offset_chunk_1 : 0      value : 0x00000000

Action:
  Permit

=====

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
    
```

## 6-5 config time\_range

### Description

This command is used to define a specific range of time to activate a function on the Switch by specifying which time range in a day and which days in a week are covered in the time range. Note that the specified time range is based on SNTP time or configured time. If this time is not available, then the time range will not be met.

## Format

**config time\_range <range\_name 32> [ hours start\_time < hh:mm:ss> end\_time< hh:mm:ss>  
weekdays <daylist> | delete]**

## Parameters

<b>&lt;range_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the name of the time range settings.
<b>hours start_time</b> - Specifies the starting time in a day. (24-hr time). For example, 19:00 means 7PM. 19 is also acceptable. The start_time must be smaller than the end_time. <b>&lt; hh:mm:ss&gt;</b> - Specifies the time.
<b>end_time</b> - Specifies the ending time in a day. (24-hr time) <b>&lt; hh:mm:ss&gt;</b> - Specifies the time.
<b>weekdays</b> - Specifies the list of days contained in the time range. Use a dash to define a period of days. Use a comma to separate specific days. For example, mon-fri (Monday to Friday) sun, mon, fri (Sunday, Monday, and Friday) <b>&lt;daylist&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of days.
<b>delete</b> - Delete a time range profile. When a time range profile has been associated with ACL entries, the deletion of this time range profile will fail.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the range of time to activate a function on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config time_range testdaily hours start_time 12:0:0 end_time
13:0:0 weekdays mon,fri
Command: config time_range testdaily hours start_time 12:0:0 end_time 13:0:0
weekdays mon,fri

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-6 show time\_range

### Description

This command is used to display current time range settings.

### Format

**show time\_range**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display current time range setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show time_range
Command: show time_range

Time Range Information
-----
Range Name      : testdaily
Weekdays       : Mon,Fri
Start Time      : 12:00:00
End Time        : 13:00:00

Total Entries :1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-7 show current\_config access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to display the ACL part of the current configuration, when logged in with user level privileges. The overall current configuration can be displayed by using the show config command, which is accessible with administrator level privileges.

### Format

**show current\_config access\_profile**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the ACL part of the current configuration:



```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show current_config access_profile
Command: show current_config access_profile

#-----
# ACL
create access_profile profile_id 1 profile_name 1 ethernet vlan 0xFFF
config access_profile profile_id 1 add access_id 1 ethernet vlan default port 1
permit

create access_profile profile_id 2 profile_name 2 ip source_ip_mask
255.255.255.255
config access_profile profile_id 2 add access_id 1 ip source_ip 10.10.10.10
port 2 deny

#-----
DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 6-8 delete cpu access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to delete CPU access list profiles.

### Format

**delete cpu access\_profile [profile\_id <value 1-5> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**profile\_id** - Specifies the index of the access list profile.

**<value 1-5>** - Specifies the value between 1 and 5.

---

**all** - Specifies to delete all the access list profiles.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command. The Switch supports a maximum of 100 access entries. This command can only delete the profile which is created by the CPU ACL module.

### Example

To delete access list rules:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete cpu access_profile profile_id 3
Command: delete cpu access_profile profile_id 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 6-9 create cpu access\_profile profile\_id

**Description**

This command is used to create CPU access list profiles.

**Format**

```
create cpu access_profile profile_id <value 1-5> [ethernet {vlan | source_mac <macmask> |
destination_mac <macmask> | 802.1p | ethernet_type}(1) | ip {vlan | source_ip_mask
<netmask> | destination_ip_mask <netmask> | dscp | [icmp {type | code} | igmp {type} | tcp
{src_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | flag_mask [all | {urg |
ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src_port_mask <hex 0x0-0xffff> | dst_port_mask <hex 0x0-
0xffff>} | protocol_id_mask <hex 0x0-0xff> {user_define_mask <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}}(1) |
packet_content_mask {offset_0-15 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-
0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_16-31 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-
0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_32-47 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-
0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_48-63 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-
0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_64-79 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-
0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6 {[class | flowlabel] | source_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask>
| destination_ipv6_mask <ipv6mask>}(1)]
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>profile_id</b> - Specifies the index of the CPU access list profile. <b>&lt;value 1-5&gt;</b> - Specifies a value between 1 and 5.
<b>ethernet</b> - Specifies an Ethernet CPU access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies a VLAN mask. <b>source_mac</b> - Specifies the source MAC mask. <b>&lt;macmask&gt;</b> - Specifies the source MAC mask. <b>destination_mac</b> - Specifies the destination MAC mask. <b>&lt;macmask&gt;</b> - Specifies the destination MAC mask. <b>802.1p</b> - Specifies the 802.1p priority tag mask. <b>ethernet_type</b> - Specifies the Ethernet type mask.
<b>ip</b> - Specifies an IP CPU access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies a VLAN mask. <b>source_ip_mask</b> - Specifies an IP source submask. <b>&lt;netmask&gt;</b> - Specifies an IP source submask. <b>destination_ip_mask</b> - Specifies an IP destination submask. <b>&lt;netmask&gt;</b> - Specifies an IP destination submask. <b>dscp</b> - Specifies the DSCP mask. <b>icmp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to ICMP traffic. <b>type</b> - (Optional) Specifies the ICMP packet type. <b>code</b> - (Optional) Specifies the ICMP code. <b>igmp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to IGMP traffic. <b>type</b> - (Optional) Specifies the IGMP packet type. <b>tcp</b> - Specifies that the rule applies to TCP traffic. <b>src_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP source port mask. <b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffff&gt;</b> - Specifies the TCP source port mask. <b>dst_port_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP destination port mask. <b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffff&gt;</b> - Specifies the TCP destination port mask. <b>flag_mask</b> - (Optional) Specifies the TCP flag field mask. <b>all</b> - (Optional) Specifies to check all parameters below. <b>urg</b> - (Optional) Specifies Urgent Pointer field significant. <b>ack</b> - (Optional) Specifies Acknowledgment field significant. <b>psh</b> - (Optional) Specifies Push Function.

---

---

<b>rst</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to reset the connection.
<b>syn</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to synchronize sequence numbers.
<b>fin</b>	- (Optional) No more data from sender.
<b>udp</b>	- Specifies that the rule applies to UDP traffic.
<b>src_port_mask</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port mask.
<hex 0x0-0xffff>	- Specifies the UDP source port mask.
<b>dst_port_mask</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port mask.
<hex 0x0-0xffff>	- Specifies the UDP destination port mask.
<b>protocol_id_mask</b>	- Specifies that the rule applies to the IP protocol ID traffic.
<hex 0x0-0xff>	- Specifies that the rule applies to the IP protocol ID traffic.
<b>user_define_mask</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the L4 part mask
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the L4 part mask

---

<b>packet_content_mask</b>	- Specifies the packet content mask.
<b>offset_0-15</b>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 0-15.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 0-3.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 4-7.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 8-11.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 12-15.
<b>offset_16-31</b>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 16-31.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 16-19.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 20-23.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 24-27.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 28-31.
<b>offset_32-47</b>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 32-47
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 32-35.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 36-39.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 40-43.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 44-47.
<b>offset_48-63</b>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 48-63.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 48-51.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 52-55.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 56-59.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 60-63.
<b>offset_64-79</b>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 64-79.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 64-67.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 68-71.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 72-75.
<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>	- Specifies the mask for packet bytes 76-79.

---

<b>ipv6</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 mask.
<b>class</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 class mask.
<b>flowlabel</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 flow label mask.
<b>source_ipv6_mask</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 source IP mask.
<ipv6mask>	- Specifies the IPv6 source IP mask.
<b>destination_ipv6_mask</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 destination IP mask.
<ipv6mask>	- Specifies the IPv6 destination IP mask.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command. The Switch supports a maximum of five CPU profiles to be configured.

## Example

To create CPU access list profiles:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create cpu access_profile profile_id 1 ethernet vlan
Command: create cpu access_profile profile_id 1 ethernet vlan
```

```

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create cpu access_profile profile_id 2 ip source_ip_mask
255.255.255.255
Command: create cpu access_profile profile_id 2 ip source_ip_mask
255.255.255.255

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 6-10 config cpu access\_profile profile\_id

### Description

This command is used to configure CPU access list entries.

### Format

```

config cpu access_profile profile_id <value 1-5> [add access_id <value 1-100> [ethernet
{[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] | source_mac <macaddr> |
destination_mac <macaddr> | 802.1p <value 0-7> | ethernet_type <hex 0x0-0xffff>} (1)| ip
{[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] | source_ip <ipaddr> | destination_ip
<ipaddr> | dscp <value 0-63> | [icmp {type <value 0-255> | code <value 0-255>} | igmp {type
<value 0-255>} | tcp {src_port <value 0-65535> | dst_port <value 0-65535> | flag [all | {urg |
ack | psh | rst | syn | fin}]} | udp {src_port <value 0-65535> | dst_port <value 0-65535>} |
protocol_id <value 0-255> {user_define <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}]}(1) | packet_content {offset_0-
15 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_16-
31 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_32-
47 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_48-
63 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> | offset_64-
79 <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff> <hex 0x0-0xffffffff>}(1) | ipv6
{[class <value 0-255> | flowlabel <hex 0x0-0xffff>} | source_ipv6 <ipv6addr> |
destination_ipv6 <ipv6addr>}(1)] port [<portlist> | all] [permit | deny] {time_range
<range_name 32>} | delete access_id <value 1-100>]

```

### Parameters

<b>profile_id</b> - Specifies the index of the CPU access list profile. <b>&lt;value 1-5&gt;</b> - Specifies the index of the CPU access list profile.
<b>add access_id</b> - Specifies the index of an access list entry to add. The range of this value is 1 to 100.
<b>&lt;value 1-100&gt;</b> - Specifies an access ID between 1 and 100.
<b>ethernet</b> - Specifies an Ethernet CPU access control list rule. <b>vlan</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters. <b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.
<b>source_mac</b> - Specifies the source MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the source MAC address.
<b>destination_mac</b> - Specifies the destination MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the destination MAC address.
<b>802.1p</b> - Specifies the value of the 802.1p priority tag. <b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b> - Specifies the value of the 802.1p priority tag. The priority tag ranges from 1

---

to 7.

**ethernet\_type** - Specifies the Ethernet type.

**<hex 0x0-0xffff>** - Specifies the Ethernet type.

---

**ip** - Specifies an IP access control list rule.

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

**source\_ip** - Specifies an IP source address.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies an IP source address.

**destination\_ip** - Specifies an IP destination address.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies an IP destination address.

**dscp** - Specifies the value of DSCP.

**<value 0-63>** - Specifies the value of DSCP. The DSCP value ranges from 0 to 63.

**icmp** - Specifies the ICMP.

**type** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the ICMP Type traffic value.

**<value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.

**code** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the ICMP Code traffic value.

**<value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.

**igmp** - Specifies the IGMP.

**type** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the IGMP Type traffic value.

**<value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.

**tcp** - Specifies TCP.

**src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to a range of TCP source ports.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to a range of TCP destination ports.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**flag** - Specifies the TCP flag field value.

**all** - (Optional) Specifies to check all parameters below.

**urg** - (Optional) Specifies Urgent Pointer field significant.

**ack** - (Optional) Specifies Acknowledgment field significant.

**psh** - (Optional) Specifies Push Function.

**rst** - (Optional) Specifies to reset the connection.

**syn** - (Optional) Specifies to synchronize sequence numbers.

**fin** - (Optional) No more data from sender.

**udp** - Specifies UDP.

**src\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP source port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**dst\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the UDP destination port range.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 65535.

**protocol\_id** - Specifies that the rule will apply to the value of IP protocol ID traffic.

**<value 0-255>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255.

**user\_define** - (Optional) Specifies that the rule will apply to the IP protocol ID and that the mask options behind the IP header, which has a length of 4 bytes.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies that the rule will apply to the IP protocol ID and that the mask options behind the IP header, which has a length of 4 bytes.

---

**packet\_content** - Specifies the packet content mask.

**offset\_0-15** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 0-15.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 0-3.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 4-7.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 8-11.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 12-15.

**offset\_16-31** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 16-31.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 16-19.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 20-23.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 24-27.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 28-31.

**offset\_32-47** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 32-47

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 32-35.

**<hex 0x0-0xffffffff>** - Specifies the value for packet bytes 36-39.

---

---

<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 40-43.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 44-47.
<b>offset_48-63</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 48-63.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 48-51.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 52-55.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 56-59.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 60-63.
<b>offset_64-79</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 64-79.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 64-67.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 68-71.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 72-75.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xffffffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value for packet bytes 76-79.

---

<b>ipv6</b>	- Specifies that the rule applies to IPv6 fields.
<b>class</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 class.
<b>&lt;value 0-255&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 0 and 255.
<b>flowlabel</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 flow label.
<b>&lt;hex 0x0-0xfffff&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 flow label.
<b>source_ipv6</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 source address.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 source address.
<b>destination_ipv6</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 destination address.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value of the IPv6 destination address.

---

<b>port</b>	- Specifies the port number to configure.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a list of ports.
<b>all</b>	- Specifies to configure all ports.
<b>permit</b>	- Specifies the packets that match the access profile are permitted by the switch.
<b>deny</b>	- Specifies the packets that match the access profile are filtered by the switch.
<b>time_range</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the name of this time range entry.
<b>&lt;range_name 32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the name of this time range entry. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

<b>delete access_id</b>	- Specifies to delete the access ID.
<b>&lt;value 1-100&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 1 and 100.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure access list entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config cpu access_profile profile_id 1 add access_id 1
ethernet vlan default port 1-3 deny
Command: config cpu access_profile profile_id 1 add access_id 1 ethernet vlan
default port 1-3 deny

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-11 show cpu access\_profile

### Description

This command is used to display the current CPU access list table.

**Format**

**show cpu access\_profile {profile\_id <value 1-5>}**

**Parameters**


---

**profile\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the index of an access list profile.  
**<value 1-5>** - Specifies value between 1 and 5.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the current CPU access list table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cpu access_profile
Command: show cpu access_profile
```

```
CPU Interface Filtering State: Disabled
```

```
CPU Interface Access Profile Table
```

```
Total Unused Rule Entries : 496
```

```
Total Used Rule Entries   : 4
```

```
=====
Profile ID: 1      Type: Ethernet
```

```
MASK on
```

```
  VLAN           : 0xFFF
```

```
Unused Rule Entries: 99
```

```
-----
Rule ID : 1      Ports: 5
```

```
Match on
```

```
  VLAN ID       : 1
```

```
Action:
```

```
  Permit
```

```
=====
Profile ID: 2      Type: IPv4
```

```
MASK on
```

```
  VLAN           : 0xFFF
```

```
Unused Rule Entries: 99
```

```

Rule ID : 1          Ports: 5

Match on
  VLAN ID      : 1

Action:
  Permit

=====

Profile ID: 3      Type: IPv6

MASK on
  Class

Unused Rule Entries: 99
-----

Rule ID : 1          Ports: 5

Match on
  Class        : 122

Action:
  Permit

=====

Profile ID: 4      Type: User Defined

MASK on
  Offset 0-15 : 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000

Unused Rule Entries: 99
-----

Rule ID : 1          Ports: 5

Match on
  Offset 0-15 : 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000 0x00000000

Action:
  Permit

=====

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 6-12 enable cpu\_interface\_filtering

### Description

This command is used to enable CPU interface filtering.



### Format

**enable cpu\_interface\_filtering**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable CPU interface filtering:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable cpu_interface_filtering
Command: enable cpu_interface_filtering

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-13 disable cpu\_interface\_filtering

### Description

This command is used to disable CPU interface filtering.

### Format

**disable cpu\_interface\_filtering**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable CPU interface filtering:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable cpu_interface_filtering
Command: disable cpu_interface_filtering

Success.
```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

## 6-14 config flow\_meter

### Description

This command is used to configure the flow-based metering function. The metering function supports three modes: single rate two color, single rate three color, and two rate three color. The access rule must be created before the parameters of this function can be applied. For the single rate two color mode, users may set the preferred bandwidth for this rule, in Kbps, and once the bandwidth has been exceeded, overflowing packets will either be dropped or have a drop precedence set, depending on the user configuration. For single rate three color mode, users need to specify the committed rate, in Kbps, the committed burst size, and the excess burst size. For the two rate three color mode, users need to specify the committed rate in Kbps, the committed burst size, the peak rate and the peak burst size. The green color packet will be treated as the conforming action, the yellow color packet will be treated as the exceeding action, and the red color packet will be treated as the violating action.

The replace DSCP action can be performed on packets that conform (GREEN), exceed (YELLOW), and violate (RED) the criteria. The color mapping for both “single rate three color” and “two rate three color” mode follow RFC 2697 and RFC 2698 in the color-blind situation.

### Format

```
config flow_meter [profile_id <value 1-12> | profile_name <name 1-32>] access_id <value 1-128> [rate [<value 0-1000000>] {burst_size [<value 0-16384>]} rate_exceed [drop_packet | remark_dscp <value 0-63>] | tr_tcm cir <value 0-1000000> {cbs <value 0-16384>} pir <value 0-1000000> {pbs <value 0-16384>} {[color_blind | color_aware]} {conform [permit | replace_dscp <value 0-63>] {counter [enable | disable]}} exceed [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63> | drop} {counter [enable | disable]} violate [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63> | drop} {counter [enable | disable]} | sr_tcm cir <value 0-1000000> cbs <value 0-16384> ebs <value 0-16384> {[color_blind | color_aware]} {conform [permit | replace_dscp <value 0-63>] {counter [enable | disable]}} exceed [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63> | drop} {counter [enable | disable]} violate [permit {replace_dscp <value 0-63> | drop} {counter [enable | disable]}] | delete]
```

### Parameters

<b>profile_id</b> - Specifies the index of the access list profile. <b>&lt;value 1-12&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 1 and 12.
<b>profile_name</b> - Specifies the name of the profile. <b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - Specifies the name of the profile. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>access_id</b> - Specifies the index of the access list entry. <b>&lt;value 1-128&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 1 and 128.
<b>rate</b> - Specifies the rate for single rate two color mode. Specifies the committed bandwidth in Kbps for the flow. <b>&lt;value 0-1000000&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 1000000.
<b>burst_size</b> - (Optional) Specifies the burst size for the single rate two color mode. The unit is Kbyte. <b>&lt;value 0-16384&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.
<b>rate_exceed</b> - Specifies the action for packets that exceed the committed rate in single rate two color mode. The action can be specified as one of the following: <b>drop_packet</b> - Drop the packet immediately. <b>remark_dscp</b> - Mark the packet with a specified DSCP. The packet is set to drop for packets

---

<p>with a high precedence.  <b>&lt;value 0-63&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.</p>	<hr/> <p><b>tr_tcm</b> - Specifies the "two-rate three-color mode."  <b>cir</b> - Specifies the Committed Information Rate. The unit is Kbps. CIR should always be equal or less than PIR.  <b>&lt;value 0-1000000&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 1000000.  <b>cbs</b> - (Optional) Specifies the Committed Burst Size. The unit is Kbyte.  <b>&lt;value 0-16384&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.  <b>pir</b> - Specifies the Peak information Rate. The unit is Kbps. PIR should always be equal to or greater than CIR.  <b>&lt;value 0-1000000&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 1000000.  <b>pbs</b> - (Optional) Specifies the Peak Burst Size. The unit is Kbyte.  <b>&lt;value 0-16384&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.</p> <hr/> <p><b>color_blind</b> - Specifies the meter mode as color-blind. The default is color-blind mode.  <b>color_aware</b> - Specifies the meter mode as color-aware. The final color of the packet is determined by the initial color of the packet and the metering result.</p> <hr/> <p><b>conform</b> - (Optional) This field denotes the green packet flow. Green packet flows may have their DSCP field rewritten to a value stated in this field. Users may also choose to count green packets by using counter parameter.  <b>permit</b> - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the green flow.  <b>replace_dscp</b> - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.  <b>&lt;value 0-63&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.  <b>counter</b> - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>enable</b> - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>disable</b> - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.</p> <hr/> <p><b>exceed</b> - This field denotes the yellow packet flow. Yellow packet flows may have excess packets permitted through or dropped.  <b>permit</b> - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the yellow flow.  <b>replace_dscp</b> - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.  <b>&lt;value 0-63&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.  <b>drop</b> - Enter this parameter to drop packets that are in the yellow flow.  <b>counter</b> - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>enable</b> - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>disable</b> - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.</p> <hr/> <p><b>violate</b> - This field denotes the red packet flow. Red packet flows may have excess packets permitted through or dropped.  <b>permit</b> - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the red flow.  <b>replace_dscp</b> - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.  <b>&lt;value 0-63&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.  <b>drop</b> - Enter this parameter to drop packets that are in the red flow.  <b>counter</b> - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>enable</b> - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.  <b>disable</b> - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.</p> <hr/> <p><b>sr_tcm</b> - Specifies the "single-rate three-color mode".  <b>cir</b> - Specifies the Committed Information Rate. The unit is in Kbps.  <b>&lt;value 0-1000000&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 1000000.  <b>cbs</b> - Specifies the Committed Burst Size. The unit is in Kbyte.  <b>&lt;value 0-16384&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.  <b>ebs</b> - Specifies the Excess Burst Size. The unit is Kbyte.  <b>&lt;value 0-16384&gt;</b> - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.</p> <hr/> <p><b>color_blind</b> - Specifies the meter mode as color-blind. The default is color-blind mode.  <b>color_aware</b> - Specifies the meter mode as color-aware. The final color of the packet is determined by the initial color of the packet and the metering result.</p> <hr/> <p><b>conform</b> - (Optional) This field denotes the green packet flow. Green packet flows may have their</p>
---	---

---

---

DSCP field rewritten to a value stated in this field. Users may also choose to count green packets by using counter parameter.

**permit** - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the green flow.

**replace\_dscp** - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.

**<value 0-63>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.

**counter** - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**enable** - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**disable** - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

---

**exceed** - This field denotes the yellow packet flow. Yellow packet flows may have excess packets permitted through or dropped.

**permit** - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the yellow flow.

**replace\_dscp** - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.

**<value 0-63>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.

**drop** - Enter this parameter to drop packets that are in the yellow flow.

**counter** - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**enable** - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**disable** - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

---

**violate** - This field denotes the red packet flow. Red packet flows may have excess packets permitted through or dropped.

**permit** - Enter this parameter to allow packet flows that are in the red flow.

**replace\_dscp** - Packets that are in the green flow may have their DSCP field rewritten using this parameter and entering the DSCP value to replace.

**<value 0-63>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 63.

**drop** - Enter this parameter to drop packets that are in the red flow.

**counter** - (Optional) Use this parameter to enable or disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**enable** - Enable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**disable** - Disable the packet counter for the specified ACL entry in the green flow.

**delete** - Use this parameter to delete the specified flow meter.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a two rate, three color flow meter:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config flow_meter profile_id 1 access_id 1 tr_tcm cir 1000
cbs 200 pir 2000 pbs 200 conform replace_dscp 21 exceed drop violate permit
Command: config flow_meter profile_id 1 access_id 1 tr_tcm cir 1000 cbs 200 pir
2000 pbs 200 conform replace_dscp 21 exceed drop violate permit
```

```
Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure flow meter to identify conformed (green), exceeded (yellow), and violated (red) packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config flow_meter profile_id 1 access_id 1 tr_tcm cir 1000
cbs 200 pir 2000 pbs 200 exceed permit violate drop
Command: config flow_meter profile_id 1 access_id 1 tr_tcm cir 1000 cbs 200 pir
2000 pbs 200 exceed permit violate drop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 6-15 show flow\_meter

### Description

This command is used to display the flow meter table.

### Format

**show flow\_meter** {[profile\_id <value 1-12> | profile\_name <name 1-32>] {access\_id <value1-128>}}

### Parameters

---

**profile\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the profile ID.  
 <value 1-12> - Specifies the profile ID. Enter a value between 1 and 12.

---

**profile\_name** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the profile.  
 <name 1-32> - Specifies the name of the profile. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**access\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the access ID.  
 <value 1-128> - Specifies the access ID. Enter a value between 1 and 128.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the flow meter configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show flow_meter
Command: show flow_meter

Flow Meter Information
-----
Profile ID:1      Access ID:1      Mode : trTCM / ColorBlind
CIR(Kbps):1000   CBS(Kbyte):200   PIR(Kbps):2000   PBS(Kbyte):200
Action:
    Conform : Permit                Counter: Disabled
    Exceed  : Permit      Replace DSCP: 1    Counter: Disabled
    Violate : Drop                  Counter: Disabled
-----

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 7 ARP Commands

---

```

create arpentry <ipaddr> <macaddr>
delete arpentry [ <ipaddr> | all ]
config arpentry <ipaddr> <macaddr>
config arp_aging time <value 0-65535>
show arpentry {ipif <ipif_name 12> | ipaddress <ipaddr> | static | mac_address <macaddr>}
clear arptable

```

---

### 7-1 create arpentry

#### Description

This command is used to enter an IP address and the corresponding MAC address into the switch's ARP table.

#### Format

```
create arpentry <ipaddr> <macaddr>
```

#### Parameters

---

```

<ipaddr> - The IP address of the end node or station.
<macaddr> - The MAC address corresponding to the IP address above.

```

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To create a static ARP entry for the IP address 10.48.74.121 and MAC address 00:50:BA:00:07:36:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create arpentry 10.48.74.121 00-50-BA-00-07-36
Command: create arpentry 10.48.74.121 00-50-BA-00-07-36

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

### 7-2 delete arpentry

#### Description

This command is used to delete a static ARP entry, made using the **create arpentry** command above, by specifying either the IP address of the entry or all. Specifying **all** deletes the switch's ARP table.

## Format

**delete arpentry [<ipaddr> | all]**

## Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - The IP address of the end node or station.

**all** - Delete all ARP entries

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete an entry of IP address 10.48.74.121 from the ARP table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete arpentry 10.48.74.121
Command: delete arpentry 10.48.74.121

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 7-3 config arpentry

### Description

This command is used to configure a static entry in the ARP table. Specifies the IP address and MAC address of the entry.

### Format

**config arpentry <ipaddr> <macaddr>**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - The IP address of the end node or station.

**<macaddr>** - The MAC address corresponding to the IP address above.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure a static ARP entry for the IP address 10.48.74.121 and MAC address 00:50:BA:00:07:36:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config arpentry 10.48.74.121 00-50-BA-00-07-36
Command: config arpentry 10.48.74.121 00-50-BA-00-07-36

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 7-4 config arp\_aging time

### Description

This command is used to set the maximum amount of time, in minutes, that an ARP entry can remain in the switch's ARP table, without being accessed, before it is dropped from the table.

### Format

**config arp\_aging time <value 0-65535>**

### Parameters

---

**<value 0-65535>** - The ARP age-out time, in minutes. The default is 20 minutes. The range is 0 to 65535 minutes.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the ARP aging time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config arp_aging time 30
Command: config arp_aging time 30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 7-5 show arpentry

### Description

This command is used to display the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) table. Filter the display by IP address, interface name, or static entries.

### Format

**show arpentry {ipif <ipif\_name 12> | ipaddress <ipaddr> | static | mac\_address <macaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**ipif** - The name of the IP interface the end node or station for which the ARP table entry was

---



made, resides on.

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the IP interface name. The maximum length is 12 characters.

**ipaddress** - The IP address of the end node or station.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address.

**static** - Displays the static entries to the ARP table.

**mac\_address** - Displays the ARP entry by MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all ARP entries will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the ARP table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show arpentry
Command: show arpentry

ARP Aging Time : 20

Interface      IP Address      MAC Address      Type
-----
System         10.0.0.0        FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF Local/Broadcast
System         10.90.90.90     00-01-02-03-04-00 Local
System         10.255.255.255  FF-FF-FF-FF-FF-FF Local/Broadcast

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 7-6 clear arptable

### Description

This command is used to remove dynamic entries from the ARP table. Static ARP entries are not affected.

### Format

**clear arptable**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To remove the dynamic entries from the ARP table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear arptable
Command: clear arptable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 8 ARP Spoofing Prevention Commands

---

```
config arp_spoofing_prevention [add gateway_ip <ipaddr> gateway_mac <macaddr> ports
  [<portlist> | all] | delete gateway_ip <ipaddr>]
show arp_spoofing_prevention
```

---

## 8-1 config arp\_spoofing\_prevention

### Description

The user can configure the spoofing prevention entry to prevent spoofing of MAC for the protected gateway. When an entry is created, those ARP packets whose sender IP matches the gateway IP of an entry, but either its sender MAC field or source MAC field does not match the gateway MAC of the entry will be dropped by the system.

### Format

```
config arp_spoofing_prevention [add gateway_ip <ipaddr> gateway_mac <macaddr> ports
  [<portlist> | all] | delete gateway_ip <ipaddr>]
```

### Parameters

---

```
add gateway_ip - Specifies a gateway IP to be added.
  <ipaddr> - Specifies the IP address.
gateway_mac - Specifies a gateway MAC to be configured.
  <macaddr> - Specifies the MAC address.
ports - Specifies the ports.
  <portlist> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
  all - Specifies all ports to be configured.
```

---

```
delete gateway_ip - Specifies a gateway IP to be deleted.
  <ipaddr> - Specifies the IP address.
```

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the prevent IP spoofing attack:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config arp_spoofing_prevention add gateway_ip 10.254.254.251
gateway_mac 00-00-00-11-11-11 ports 1-2
Command: config arp_spoofing_prevention add gateway_ip 10.254.254.251
gateway_mac 00-00-00-11-11-11 ports 1-2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 8-2 show arp\_spoofing\_prevention

### Description

This command is used to display the ARP spoofing prevention status.

### Format

**show arp\_spoofing\_prevention**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the ARP spoofing prevention status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show arp_spoofing_prevention
Command: show arp_spoofing_prevention

ARP Spoofing Prevention Table
Gateway IP Address Gateway MAC Address  Port
-----
10.90.90.254      00-11-22-33-44-55  1-5

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 9 Auto Config Commands

---

---

**show autoconfig**  
**enable autoconfig**  
**disable autoconfig**

---

---

### 9-1 show autoconfig

#### Description

This command is used to display the status of automatically getting configuration from a TFTP server.

#### Format

**show autoconfig**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display the DHCP auto configuration status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show autoconfig
Command: show autoconfig

Autoconfig State: Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 9-2 enable autoconfig

#### Description

This command is used to enable automatically to get configuration from a TFTP server according to the options in the DHCP reply packet. To employ this method, the DHCP server must be set up to deliver the TFTP server IP address and configuration file name information first.

#### Format

**enable autoconfig**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable DHCP auto configuration status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable autoconfig
Command: enable autoconfig

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 9-3 disable autoconfig

### Description

This command is used to disable automatically to get configuration from a TFTP server.

### Format

**disable autoconfig**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the DHCP auto configuration status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable autoconfig
Command: disable autoconfig

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 10 BPDUs Attack Protection Commands

---

```

config bpdu_protection ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | mode [drop | block |
  shutdown]}(1)
config bpdu_protection recovery_timer [<sec 60-1000000> | infinite]
config bpdu_protection [trap | log] [none | attack_detected | attack_cleared | both]
enable bpdu_protection
disable bpdu_protection
show bpdu_protection {ports {<portlist>}}

```

---

## 10-1 config bpdu\_protection ports

### Description

This command is used to configure port state and mode for BPDU protection.

### Format

```

config bpdu_protection ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | mode [drop | block |
  shutdown]}(1)

```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system.

---

**state** - Specifies the BPDU protection state. The default state is disabled.

- enable** - Enable the BPDU protection state.
- disable** - Disable the BPDU protection state.

---

**mode** - Specifies the BPDU protection mode. The default mode is shutdown.

- drop** - Specifies to drop all received BPDU packets when the port enters the under attack state.
- block** - Specifies to drop all packets (include BPDU and normal packets) when the port enters the under attack state.
- shutdown** - Specifies to shut down the port when the port enters the under attack state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure port state to enable and drop mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config bpdu_protection ports 1 state enable mode drop
Command: config bpdu_protection ports 1 state enable mode drop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 10-2 config bpdu\_protection recovery\_timer

### Description

When a port enters the under attack state, it can be disabled or blocked based on the configuration. The state can be recovered manually or by the auto recovery mechanism. This command is used to configure the auto-recovery timer. To manually recover the port, the user needs to disable and re-enable the port.

### Format

**config bpdu\_protection recovery\_timer [<sec 60-1000000> | infinite]**

### Parameters

---

**<sec 60-1000000>** - Specifies the timer (in seconds) used by the Auto-recovery mechanism to recover the port. The valid range is 60 to 1000000. Auto-recovery time is 60 seconds by default.

---

**infinite** - Specifies the port will not be auto recovered.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the BPDU protection recovery timer to 120 seconds for the entire switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config bpdu_protection recovery_timer 120
Command: config bpdu_protection recovery_timer 120

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 10-3 config bpdu\_protection

### Description

This command is used to configure the BPDU protection trap state or log state.

### Format

**config bpdu\_protection [trap | log] [none | attack\_detected | attack\_cleared | both]**



## Parameters

**trap** - Specifies the trap state.

**log** - Specifies the log state.

**none** - Specifies neither `attack_detected` nor `attack_cleared` is trapped or logged.

**attack\_detected** - Specifies events will be logged or trapped when the BPDU attacks is detected.

**attack\_cleared** - Specifies events will be logged or trapped when the BPDU attacks is cleared.

**both** - Specifies the events of `attack_detected` and `attack_cleared` shall be trapped or logged.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the BPDU protection trap state as both for the entire switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config bpdu_protection trap both
Command: config bpdu_protection trap both

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 10-4 enable bpdu\_protection

### Description

This command is used to enable BPDU protection globally for the entire switch.

### Format

**enable bpdu\_protection**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable BPDU protection for the entire switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable bpdu_protection
Command: enable bpdu_protection

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 10-5 disable bpdu\_protection

### Description

This command is used to disable BPDU protection globally for the entire switch.

### Format

**disable bpdu\_protection**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable BPDU protection:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable bpdu_protection
Command: disable bpdu_protection

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 10-6 show bpdu\_protection

### Description

This command is used to display BPDU protection global configuration or per port configuration and current status.

### Format

**show bpdu\_protection {ports {<portlist>}}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies all ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display BPDU protection information for the entire switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show bpdu_protection
Command: show bpdu_protection

BPDU Protection Global Settings
-----
BPDU Protection Status      : Disabled
BPDU Protection Recover Time : 60 seconds
BPDU Protection Trap State   : None
BPDU Protection Log State    : Both

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display BPDU protection status for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show bpdu_protection ports 1-3
Command: show bpdu_protection ports 1-3

Port  State      Mode      Status
-----
1   Disabled     Shutdown  Normal
2   Disabled     Shutdown  Normal
3   Disabled     Shutdown  Normal

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 11 Cable Diagnostics

## Commands

---

**cable\_diag ports** [<portlist> | all]

---

11-1 cable\_diag ports

**Description**

This command is used to test copper cabling. For 1000Base-T link speed RJ45 cable, four pairs of cable will be diagnosed. The type of cable errors can be open, short, or crosstalk. Open means that the cable in the error pair does not have a connection at the specified position, short means that the cables in the error pair has a short problem at the specified position, and crosstalk means that the cable in the error pair has a crosstalk problem at the specified position.

When a port is in link-up status, the test will obtain the distance of the cable. Since the status is link-up, the cable will not have the short or open problem. The test may still detect the crosstalk problem, however.

When a port is in link-down status, the link-down may be caused by many factors.

When the port has a normal cable connection, but the remote partner is powered off, the cable diagnosis can still diagnose the health of the cable as if the remote partner is powered on. When the port does not have any cable connection, the result of the test will indicate no cable. The test will detect the type of error and the position where the error occurs.



**Note:** This test will consume a low number of packets. Since this test is for copper cable, the port with fiber cable will be skipped from the test.

**Format****cable\_diag ports** [<portlist> | all]**Parameters**

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**all** – Specifies to set all ports in the system.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To test the cable on ports 1 to 4, and 8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#cable_diag ports 1-4,8  
Command: cable_diag ports 1-4,8
```

```
Perform Cable Diagnostics ...
```

Port	Type	Link Status	Test Result	Cable Length (M)
1	GE	Link Up	OK	2
2	GE	Link Down	No Cable	-
3	GE	Link Down	No Cable	-
4	GE	Link Down	No Cable	-
8	GE	Link Down	No Cable	-

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 12 CFM Commands

<b>create cfm md</b> <string 22> {md_index <uint 1-4294967295>} level <int 0-7>
<b>config cfm md</b> [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {mip [none   auto   explicit]   sender_id [none   chassis   manage   chassis_manage]}(1)
<b>create cfm ma</b> <string 22> {ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>} md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>]
<b>config cfm ma</b> [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>   mip [none   auto   explicit   defer]   sender_id [none   chassis   manage   chassis_manage   defer]   ccm_interval [10ms   100ms   1sec   10sec   1min   10min]   mepid_list [add   delete] <mepid_list>}(1)
<b>create cfm mep</b> <string 32> mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] direction [inward   outward] port <port>
<b>config cfm mep</b> [mepname <string 32>   mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {state [enable   disable]   ccm [enable   disable]   pdu_priority <int 0-7>   fault_alarm [all   mac_status   remote_ccm   error_ccm   xcon_ccm   none]   alarm_time <centisecond 250 -1000>   alarm_reset_time <centisecond 250-1000>}(1)
<b>config cfm ais md</b> [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191> {period [1sec   1min]   level <int 0-7>   state [enable   disable]}
<b>config cfm lock md</b> [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191> {period [1sec   1min]   level <int 0-7>   state [enable   disable]}
<b>delete cfm mep</b> [mepname <string 32>   mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]]
<b>delete cfm ma</b> [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>]
<b>delete cfm md</b> [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>]
<b>enable cfm</b>
<b>disable cfm</b>
<b>config cfm ports</b> <portlist> state [enable   disable]
<b>show cfm ports</b> <portlist>
<b>show cfm</b> {[md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {mepid <int 1-8191>}}   mepname <string 32>}}
<b>show cfm fault</b> {md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>}}}
<b>show cfm port</b> <port> {level <int 0-7>   direction [inward   outward]   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>}
<b>cfm lock md</b> [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191> remote_mepid <int 1-8191> action [start   stop]
<b>cfm loopback</b> [<macaddr>   remote_mepid <int 1-8191>] [mepname <string 32>   mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {num <int 1-65535>   [length <int 0-1500>   pattern <string 1500>]   pdu_priority <int 0-7>   filter [mep   mip   all]}
<b>cfm linktrace</b> [<macaddr>   remote_mepid <int 1-8191>] [mepname <string 32>   mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {ttl <int 2-255>   pdu_priority <int 0-7>}
<b>show cfm linktrace</b> [mepname <string 32>   mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {trans_id <uint>}
<b>delete cfm linktrace</b> {[md [<string 22>   md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {ma [<string 22>   ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {mepid <int 1-8191>}}   mepname <string 32>}}
<b>config cfm mp_ltr_all</b> [enable   disable]
<b>show cfm mipccm</b>
<b>show cfm mp_ltr_all</b>

---

```

show cfm pkt_cnt {[ports <portlist> {[rx | tx]} | [rx | tx] | ccm]}
clear cfm pkt_cnt {[ports <portlist> {[rx | tx]} | [rx | tx] | ccm]}
show cfm remote_mep [mepname <string 32> | md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191>]
remote_mepid <int 1-8191>
config cfm ccm_fwd [software | hardware]
show cfm ccm_fwd

```

---

## 12-1 create cfm md

### Description

This command is used to create a CFM maintenance domain.

### Format

```
create cfm md <string 22> {md_index <uint 1-4294967295>} level <int 0-7>
```

### Parameters

---

**<string 22>** - Enter the maintenance domain name used here. This name can be up to 22 characters long.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

**level** - Specifies the maintenance domain level.

**<int 0-7>** - Specifies the maintenance domain level from 0 to 7.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a CFM maintenance domain called “op\_domain” and assign a maintenance domain level of “2”:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create cfm md op_domain level 2
Command: create cfm md op_domain level 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 12-2 config cfm md

### Description

This command is used to configure the parameters of a maintenance domain. The creation of MIPs on an MA is useful to trace the link, MIP by MIP. It also allows the user to perform a loopback from an MEP to an MIP.

## Format

```
config cfm md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {mip [none | auto | explicit] | sender_id [none | chassis | manage | chassis_manage]}(1)
```

## Parameters

---

**<string 22>** - Enter the maintenance domain name used here. This name can be up to 22 characters long.

---

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**mip** - (Optional) This is the control creations of MIPs.

**none** - Do not create MIPs. This is the default value.

**auto** - MIPs can always be created on any port in this MD if the port is not configured with an MEP of this MD.

**explicit** - MIPs can only be created on any port in this MD if the next existing lower level has an MEP configured on that port, and that port is not configured with an MEP of this MD.

---

**sender\_id** - (Optional) This is the control transmission of the sender ID TLV.

**none** - Do not transmit the sender ID TLV. This is the default value.

**chassis** - Transmit the sender ID TLV with the chassis ID information.

**manage** - Transmit the sender ID TLV with the managed address information.

**chassis\_manage** - Transmit the sender ID TLV with chassis ID information and manage address information.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the maintenance domain called “op\_domain” and specify the explicit option for creating MIPs:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config cfm md op_domain mip explicit
Command: config cfm md op_domain mip explicit

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-3 create cfm ma

### Description

This command is used to create a maintenance association. Different MAs in a MD must have different MA Names. Different MAs in different MDs may have the same MA Name.

### Format

```
create cfm ma <string 22> {ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>} md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>]
```



**Parameters**


---

**<string 22>** - Enter the maintenance association name used here. This name can be up to 22 characters long.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

**md** - Specifies the maintenance domain name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create a maintenance association called “op1” and assign it to the maintenance domain “op\_domain”:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create cfm ma op1 md op_domain
Command: create cfm ma op1 md op_domain

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**12-4 config cfm ma****Description**

This command is used to configure the parameters of a maintenance association. The MEP list specified for an MA can be located in different devices. MEPs must be created on the ports of these devices explicitly. An MEP will transmit a CCM packet periodically across the MA. The receiving MEP will verify these received CCM packets from the other MEPs against this MEP list for the configuration integrity check.

**Format**

**config cfm ma [<string 22> | ma\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] md [<string 22> | md\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {vlanid <vlanid 1-4094> | mip [none | auto | explicit | defer] | sender\_id [none | chassis | manage | chassis\_manage | defer] | ccm\_interval [10ms | 100ms | 1sec | 10sec | 1min | 10min] | mepid\_list [add | delete] <mepid\_list>}(1)**

**Parameters**


---

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

---

<b>md</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name. <b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain index used. <b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance domain index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>vlanid</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the VLAN Identifier. Different MAs must be associated with different VLANs. <b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.
<b>mip</b>	- (Optional) This is the control creation of MIPs. <b>none</b> - Do not create MIPs. <b>auto</b> - MIPs can always be created on any port in this MA if that port is not configured with an MEP of that MA. <b>explicit</b> - MIPs can be created on any ports in this MA only if the next existing lower level has an MEP configured on that port, and that port is not configured with an MEP of this MA. <b>defer</b> - Inherit the setting configured for the maintenance domain that this MA is associated with. This is the default value.
<b>sender_id</b>	- (Optional) This is the control transmission of the sender ID TLV. <b>none</b> - Do not transmit the sender ID TLV. This is the default value. <b>chassis</b> - Transmit the sender ID TLV with the chassis ID information. <b>manage</b> - Transmit the sender ID TLV with the manage address information. <b>chassis_manage</b> - Transmit the sender ID TLV with the chassis ID information and the manage address information. <b>defer</b> - Inherit the setting configured for the maintenance domain that this MA is associated with. This is the default value.
<b>ccm_interval</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the CCM interval. <b>10ms</b> - 10 milliseconds. <b>100ms</b> - 100 milliseconds. Not recommended in CFM software mode. <b>1sec</b> - One second. <b>10sec</b> - Ten seconds. This is the default value. <b>1min</b> - One minute. <b>10min</b> - Ten minutes.
<b>mepid_list</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the MEPIDs contained in the maintenance association. <b>add</b> - Add MEPID(s). <b>delete</b> - Delete MEPID(s). <b>&lt;mepid_list 1-8191&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEPIDs contained in the maintenance association. The range of the MEPID is 1 to 8191.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the parameters of a maintenance association:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config cfm ma op1 md op_domain vlanid 1 ccm_interval 1sec
Command: config cfm ma op1 md op_domain vlanid 1 ccm_interval 1sec

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-5 create cfm mep

**Description**

This command is used to create an MEP entry. Different MEPs in the same MA must have a different MEPID. To put MD name, MA name, and MEPID together identifies an MEP. Different MEPs on the same device must have a different MEP name. Before creating an MEP, its MEPID should be configured in the MA's MEPID list.

**Format**

```
create cfm mep <string 32> mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] direction [inward | outward] port <port>
```

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b> - Enter the MEP name used here. It is unique among all MEPs configured on the device. The name can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>mepid</b> - Specifies the MEP MEPID. It should be configured in the MA's MEPID list.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.
<b>md</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>direction</b> - Specifies the MEP direction.
<b>inward</b> - Inward facing (up) MEP.
<b>outward</b> - Outward facing (down) MEP.
<b>port</b> - Specifies the port number. This port should be a member of the MA's associated VLAN.
<b>&lt;port&gt;</b> - Specifies a port.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create an MEP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create cfm mep mep1 mepid 1 md op_domain ma op1 direction
inward port 2
Command: create cfm mep mep1 mepid 1 md op_domain ma op1 direction inward port
2
Success.
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-6 config cfm mep

**Description**

This command is used to configure the parameters of an MEP. An MEP may generate five types of Fault Alarms, as shown below by their priorities from high to low:

- Cross-connect CCM Received: priority 5
- Error CCM Received: priority 4
- Some Remote MEPs Down: priority 3
- Some Remote MEP MAC Status Errors: priority 2
- Some Remote MEP Defect Indications: priority 1

If multiple types of the fault occur on an MEP, only the fault with the highest priority will be alarmed.

**Format**

```
config cfm mep [mepname <string 32> | mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md_index
<uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {state [enable |
disable] | ccm [enable | disable] | pdu_priority <int 0-7> | fault_alarm [all | mac_status |
remote_ccm | error_ccm | xcon_ccm | none] | alarm_time <centisecond 250 -1000> |
alarm_reset_time <centisecond 250-1000>}(1)
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>mepname</b>	- Specifies the MEP name.
<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>mepid</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPIID.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPIID between 1 and 8191.
<b>md</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>state</b>	- Specifies the MEP administrative state. The default is disable.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable MEP.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable MEP.
<b>ccm</b>	- Specifies the CCM transmission state. The default is disable.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable the CCM transmission.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable the CCM transmission.
<b>pdu_priority</b>	- The 802.1p priority is set in the CCM and the LTM messages transmitted by the MEP. The default value is 7.
<b>&lt;int 0-7&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 0 and 7.
<b>fault_alarm</b>	- This is the control types of the fault alarms sent by the MEP. The default value is none.
<b>all</b>	- All types of fault alarms will be sent.
<b>mac_status</b>	- Only the fault alarms whose priority is equal to or higher than "Some Remote MEP MAC Status Errors" are sent.
<b>remote_ccm</b>	- Only the fault alarms whose priority is equal to or higher than "Some Remote MEPs Down" are sent.

---

---

**error\_ccm** - Only the fault alarms whose priority is equal to or higher than “Error CCM Received” are sent.

**xcon\_ccm** - Only the fault alarms whose priority is equal to or higher than “Cross-connect CCM Received” are sent.

**none** - No fault alarm is sent.

---

**alarm\_time** - Specifies the time that a defect must exceed before the fault alarm can be sent. The unit is centiseconds. The default value is 250.

**<centisecond 250-1000>** - Specifies the time that a defect must exceed before the fault alarm can be sent. The unit is centiseconds. The range is 250 to 1000.

---

**alarm\_reset\_time** - Specifies the dormant duration time before a defect is triggered before the fault can be re-alarmed. The unit is centiseconds. The default value is 1000.

**<centisecond 250-1000>** - Specifies the dormant duration time before a defect is triggered before the fault can be re-alarmed. The unit is centiseconds. The range is 250 to 1000.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the parameters of an MEP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config cfm mep mepname mep1 state enable ccm enable
Command: config cfm mep mepname mep1 state enable ccm enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-7 config cfm ais md

### Description

This command is used to configure the parameters of the AIS function on a MEP.

### Format

```
config cfm ais md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index
<uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191> {period [1sec | 1min] | level <int 0-7> | state
[enable | disable]}
```

### Parameters

---

**md** - Specifies the maintenance domain name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**ma** - Specifies the maintenance association name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

---

**mepid** - Specifies the MEPID.

**<int 1-8191>** - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.

**period** - (Optional) Specifies the transmitting interval of the AIS PDU.

**1sec** - Specifies that the transmitting interval period will be set to 1 second.

**1min** - Specifies that the transmitting interval period will be set to 1 minute.

**level** - (Optional) Specifies the client level ID to which the MEP sends AIS PDU. The default client MD level is the MD level that the most immediate client layer MIPs and MEPs exist on.

**<int 0-7>** - Enter the client level ID used here. This value must be between 0 and 7.

**state** - (Optional) Specifies the AIS function state used.

**enable** - Specifies that AIS function state will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that AIS function state will be disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the AIS function so that it is enabled and has a client level of 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config cfm ais md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 state enable
level 5
Command: config cfm ais md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 state enable level 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-8 config cfm lock md

### Description

This command is used to configure the parameters of the LCK function on a MEP.

### Format

```
config cfm lock md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> |
ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191> {period [1sec | 1min] | level <int 0-7> |
state [enable | disable]}
```

### Parameters

---

**md** - Specifies the maintenance domain name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**ma** - Specifies the maintenance association name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**mepid** - Specifies the MEPID.

---

---

<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.
<b>period</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the transmitting interval of the LCK PDU.
<b>1sec</b>	- Specifies that the transmitting interval period will be set to 1 second.
<b>1min</b>	- Specifies that the transmitting interval period will be set to 1 minute.
<b>level</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the client level ID to which the MEP sends LCK PDU. The default client MD level is the MD level that the most immediate client layer MIPs and MEPs exist on.
<b>&lt;int 0-7&gt;</b>	- Enter the client level ID used here. This value must be between 0 and 7.
<b>state</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the LCK function state used.
<b>enable</b>	- Specifies that LCK function state will be enabled.
<b>disable</b>	- Specifies that LCK function state will be disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the LCK function state as enabled and specify a client level of 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config cfm lock md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 state enable
level 5
Command: config cfm lock md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 state enable level 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-9 delete cfm mep

### Description

This command is used to delete a previously created MEP.

### Format

```
delete cfm mep [mepname <string 32> | mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md_index
<uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]]
```

### Parameters

---

<b>mepname</b>	- Specifies the MEP name.
<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>mepid</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPID.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.
<b>md</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value

---

---

must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a previously created MEP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete cfm mep mepname mep1
Command: delete cfm mep mepname mep1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-10 delete cfm ma

### Description

This command is used to delete a created maintenance association.

### Format

**delete cfm ma** [<string 22> | **ma\_index** <uint 1-4294967295>] **md** [<string 22> | **md\_index**<uint 1-4294967295>]

### Parameters

---

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**md** - Specifies the maintenance domain name.

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a created maintenance association:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete cfm ma op1 md op_domain
Command: delete cfm ma op1 md op_domain

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-11 delete cfm md

### Description

This command is used to delete a previously created maintenance domain. All the MEPs and maintenance associations created in the maintenance domain will be deleted automatically.

### Format

**delete cfm md [<string 22> | md\_index <uint 1-4294967295>]**

### Parameters

---

**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.  
**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index.  
**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a previously created maintenance domain:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete cfm md op_domain
Command: delete cfm md op_domain

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-12 enable cfm

### Description

This command is used to enable the CFM globally.

### Format

**enable cfm**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the CFM globally:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable cfm
Command: enable cfm

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 12-13 disable cfm

#### Description

This command is used to disable the CFM globally.

#### Format

**disable cfm**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the CFM globally:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable cfm
Command: disable cfm

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-14 config cfm ports

**Description**

This command is used to enable or disable the CFM function on a per-port basis. By default, the CFM function is disabled on all ports. If the CFM is disabled on a port:

- MIPs are never created on that port.
- MEPs can still be created on that port, and the configuration can be saved.
- MEPs created on that port can never generate or process CFM PDUs. If the user issues a Loopback or Link trace test on those MEPs, it will prompt the user to inform them that the CFM function is disabled on that port

**Format**

**config cfm ports <portlist> state [enable | disable]**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** – Specifies the list of logical ports used.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of logical ports used here.

---

**state** - Specifies the CFM function status.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable the CFM function.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the CFM function.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable the CFM function on ports 2 to 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config cfm ports 2-5 state enable
Command: config cfm ports 2-5 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-15 show cfm ports

**Description**

This command is used to display the CFM state of specified ports.

**Format**

**show cfm ports <portlist>**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the logical port list.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the CFM state for ports 3 to 6:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm ports 3-6
Command: show cfm ports 3-6

Port      State
-----  -
3         Enabled
4         Enabled
5         Enabled
6         Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 12-16 show cfm

### Description

This command is used to display the CFM configuration.

### Format

```

show cfm {[md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {ma [<string 22> | ma_index
<uint 1-4294967295>] {mepid <int 1-8191>}} | mepname <string 32>}}

```

### Parameters

---

<b>md</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

<b>ma</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

<b>mepid</b> - (Optional) Specifies the MEPID.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.

---

<b>mepname</b> - (Optional) Specifies the MEP name.
<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the CFM configuration:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm
Command: show cfm

CFM State: Enabled

Level MD Name
-----
2      op_domain

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 12-17 show cfm fault

### Description

This command is used to display all the fault conditions detected by the MEPs contained in the specified MA or MD. The display provides the overview of the fault status by MEPs.

### Format

**show cfm fault {md [<string 22> | md\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] {ma [<string 22> | ma\_index <uint 1-4294967295>]}}**

### Parameters

---

<b>md</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

<b>ma</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b> - Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the MEPs that have faults:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm fault
Command: show cfm fault

MD Name      MA Name      MEPID      Status
-----
op_domain    op1          1          Cross-connect CCM Received

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-18 show cfm port

### Description

This command is used to display MEPs and MIPs created on a port.

### Format

**show cfm port <port> {level <int 0-7> | direction [inward | outward] | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>}**

### Parameters

---

**<port>** - Specifies the port number.

---

**level** - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain level. If not specified, all levels are shown.  
**<int 0-7>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 7.

---

**direction** - (Optional) Specifies the MEP direction.  
**inward** - Specifies inward facing MEP.  
**outward** - Specifies outward facing MEP.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN identifier. If not specified, all VLANs are displayed.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display a CFM port:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm port 1
Command: show cfm port 1

MAC Address: 00-05-78-82-32-01

MD Name      MA Name      MEPID  Level  Direction  VID
-----
op_domain    op1          1      2      inward     2
cust_domain  cust1        8      4      inward     2
serv_domain  serv2        MIP    3              2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-19 cfm lock md

**Description**

This command is used to start/stop cfm management lock. This command will result in the MEP sends a LCK PDU to client level MEP.

**Format**

**cfm lock md** [<string 22> | md\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] **ma** [<string 22> | ma\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] **mepid** <int 1-8191> **remote\_mepid** <int 1-8191> **action** [start | stop]

**Parameters**


---

<b>md</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<string 22> - Enter the maintenance domain name here. This name can be up to 22 characters long.
<b>md_index</b> – Specifies the MD index value used.
<uint 1-4294967295> - Enter the MD index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

<b>ma</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name.
<string 22> - Enter the maintenance association name here. This name can be up to 22 characters long.
<b>ma_index</b> – Specifies the MA index value used.
<uint 1-4294967295> - Enter the MA index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

<b>mepid</b> - The MEP ID in the MD which sends LCK frame.
<int 1-8191> - Enter the MEP ID value here. This value must be between 1 and 8191.

---

<b>remote_mepid</b> - The peer MEP is the target of management action.
<int 1-8191> - Enter the remote MEP ID used here. This value must be between 1 and 8191.

---

<b>action</b> - Specifies to start or to stop the management lock function.
<b>start</b> - Specifies to start the management lock function.
<b>stop</b> - Specifies to stop the management lock function.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To start management lock:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# cfm lock md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 remote_mepid 2
action start
Command: cfm lock md op-domain ma op-ma mepid 1 remote_mepid 2 action start

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-20 cfm loopback

**Description**

This command is used to start a CFM loopback test. Press Ctrl+C to exit the loopback test. The MAC address represents the destination MEP or MIP that can be reached by this MAC address. The MEP represents the source MEP to initiate the loopback message.

**Format**

```
cfm loopback [<macaddr> | remote_mepid <int 1-8191>] [mepname <string 32> | mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {num <int 1-65535> | [length <int 0-1500> | pattern <string 1500>] | pdu_priority <int 0-7> | filter [mep | mip | all]}
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the destination MAC address.
<b>remote_mepid</b>	- Specifies the remote MEP ID used.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Enter the remote MEP ID used here. This value must be between 1 and 8191.
<b>mepname</b>	- Specifies the MEP name.
<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>mepid</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the MEP ID used.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Enter the MEP ID used here. This value must be between 1 and 8191.
<b>md</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b>	- Specifies the MD index value used.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the MD index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b>	- Specifies the MA index value used.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the MA index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>num</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the number of LBMs to be sent. The default value is 4.
<b>&lt;int 1-65535&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 1 and 65535.
<b>length</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the payload length of the LBM to be sent. The default is 0.
<b>&lt;int 0-1500&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 0 and 1500.
<b>pattern</b>	- (Optional) Specifies an amount of data to be included in a Data TLV, along with an indication whether the Data TLV is to be included.
<b>&lt;string 1500&gt;</b>	- Enter the pattern value used here. This value can be up to 1500 characters long.
<b>pdu_priority</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the 802.1p priority to be set in the transmitted LBMs. If not specified, it uses the same priority as CCMs and LTMs sent by the MA
<b>&lt;int 0-7&gt;</b>	- Specifies the value between 0 and 7.
<b>filter</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the display of LBR.
<b>mep</b>	- Specifies to only show the LBRs replied by MEP. It is the default value.
<b>mip</b>	- Specifies to only show the LBRs replied by MIP.
<b>all</b>	- Specifies to show the LBRs replied by both MEP and MIP.

---

**Restrictions**

None.



## Example

To start a CFM loopback test:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# cfm loopback 00-01-02-03-04-05 mepname mep1
Command: cfm loopback 00-01-02-03-04-05 mepname mep1

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Reply from MPID 52: bytes=xxx time=xxxms
Request timed out.

CFM loopback statistics for 00-01-02-03-04-05:
  Packets: Sent=4, Received=1, Lost=3(75% loss)

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-21 cfm linktrace

### Description

This command is used to issue a CFM link track message.

### Format

```
cfm linktrace [<macaddr> | remote_mepid <int 1-8191>] [mepname <string 32> | mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {ttl <int 2-255> | pdu_priority <int 0-7>}
```

### Parameters

<b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the destination MAC address.
<b>remote_mepid</b> - Specifies the remote MEP ID used <b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b> - Enter the remote MEP ID used here. This value must be between 1 and 8191.
<b>mepname</b> - Specifies the MEP name. <b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>mepid</b> - (Optional) Specifies the MEPID. <b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b> - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.
<b>md</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name. <b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b> - Specifies the MD index value used. <b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the MD index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b> - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name. <b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b> - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b> - Specifies the MA index value used. <b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b> - Enter the MA index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ttl</b> - (Optional) Specifies the link trace message TTL value. The default value is 64. <b>&lt;int 2-255&gt;</b> - Specifies the link trace message TTL value. Enter a value between 2 and 255.
<b>pdu_priority</b> - (Optional) Specifies the 802.1p priority to be set in the transmitted LBMs. If not specified, it uses the same priority as CCMs and LTMs sent by the MA. <b>&lt;int 0-7&gt;</b> - Specifies the 802.1p priority to be set in the transmitted LBMs. If not specified, it uses the same priority as CCMs and LTMs sent by the MA. Enter a value between 0 and 7.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To transmit a LTM:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#cfm linktrace 00-01-02-03-04-05 mepname mep1
Command: cfm linktrace 00-01-02-03-04-05 mepname mep1

Transaction ID: 26
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-22 show cfm linktrace

### Description

This command is used to display the link trace responses. The maximum linktrace responses a device can hold is 128.

### Format

**show cfm linktrace [mepname <string 32> | mepid <int 1-8191> md [<string 22> | md\_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma\_index <uint 1-4294967295>]] {trans\_id <uint>}**

### Parameters

---

**mepname** - Specifies the MEP name.  
**<string 32>** - Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**mepid** - (Optional) Specifies the MEPID.  
**<int 1-8191>** - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.

**md** - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name.  
**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**md\_index** - Specifies the maintenance domain index.  
**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

**ma** - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name.  
**<string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.

**ma\_index** - Specifies the maintenance association index.  
**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

---

**trans\_id** - (Optional) The identifier of the transaction to be displayed.  
**<uint>** - The identifier of the transaction to be displayed.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display a CFM linktrace reply:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show cfm linktrace mepname mep1
Command: show cfm linktrace mepname mep1

Trans ID Source MEP      Destination
-----
26      mep1                XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display a CFM linktrace reply:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show cfm linktrace mepname mep1 trans_id 26
Command: show cfm linktrace mepname mep1 trans_id 26

Transaction ID: 26
From MEP mep1 to XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX
Start Time 2008-01-01 12:00:00

Hop  MEPID  Ingress MAC and Port  Egress MAC and Port  Forwarded  Relay
Action
-----
1   -      XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   Yes        FDB
2   -      XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   Yes        MPDB
3   X      XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX X   No         Hit

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-23 delete cfm linktrace

### Description

This command is used to delete the stored link trace response data that have been initiated by the specified MEP.

### Format

```
delete cfm linktrace {[md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>]} {ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>]} {mepid <int 1-8191>}} | mepname <string 32>}}
```

### Parameters

- 
- md** - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance domain name.
    - <string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
  - md\_index** - Specifies the MD index value used.
    - <uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the MD index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
  - ma** - (Optional) Specifies the maintenance association name.
    - <string 22>** - Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
-

---

**ma\_index** – Specifies the MA index value used.

**<uint 1-4294967295>** - Enter the MA index value used here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.

**mepid** - (Optional) Specifies the MEPID.

**<int 1-8191>** - Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.

---

**mepname** - (Optional) Specifies the MEP name.

**<string 32>** - Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To delete the CFM link trace reply:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete cfm linktrace mepname mep1
Command: delete cfm linktrace mepname mep1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-24 config cfm mp\_ltr\_all

### Description

This command is to enable or disable the "all MPs reply LTRs" function. This function is for test purposes. According to IEEE 802.1ag, a Bridge replies with one LTR to an LTM. This command can make all MPs on the LTM's forwarding path reply with LTRs, no matter whether they are on a Bridge or not.

### Format

**config cfm mp\_ltr\_all [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable this feature.

**disable** - Disable this feature.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the all-MPs-reply-to-LTR function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config cfm mp_ltr_all enable
Command: config cfm mp_ltr_all enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-25 show cfm mipccm

### Description

This command is used to display the MIP CCM database entries. All entries in the MIP CCM database will be displayed. An MIP CCM entry is similar to an FDB which keeps the forwarding port information of a MAC entry.

### Format

**show cfm mipccm**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the MIP CCM database entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm mipccm
Command: show cfm mipccm

MA                VID    MAC Address          Port
-----
opma                1     XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX  2
opma                1     XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX  3

Total:  2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-26 show cfm mp\_ltr\_all

### Description

This command is used to display the current configuration of the "all MPs reply LTRs" function. This command is for test purposes.

**Format****show cfm mp\_ltr\_all****Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the configuration of the all-MPs-reply-to-LTR function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm mp_ltr_all
Command: show cfm mp_ltr_all

All MPs reply LTRs: Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

12-27 **show cfm pkt\_cnt****Description**

This command is used to display the CFM packet's RX/TX counters.

**Format****show cfm pkt\_cnt** {[ports <portlist> {[rx | tx]} | [rx | tx] | ccm]}**Parameters**


---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the port counters to display. If not specified, all ports will be displayed.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a list of ports.

**rx** - (Optional) Display the RX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be displayed.

**tx** - (Optional) Display the TX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be displayed.

---

**rx** - (Optional) Display the RX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be displayed.

---

**tx** - (Optional) Display the TX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be displayed.

---

**ccm** - (Optional) Display the CCM RX counters.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

## Example

To display CFM packet RX/TX counters for ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm pkt_cnt ports 1-2
Command: show cfm pkt_cnt ports 1-2

CFM RX Statistics
-----
Port  AllPkt  CCM      LBR      LBM      LTR      LTM      VidDrop  OpcoDrop
-----
all   0         0        0        0        0        0        0        0
1     0         0        0        0        0        0        0        0
2     0         0        0        0        0        0        0        0

CFM TX Statistics
-----
Port  AllPkt  CCM      LBR      LBM      LTR      LTM
-----
all   0         0        0        0        0        0
1     0         0        0        0        0        0
2     0         0        0        0        0        0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-28 clear cfm pkt\_cnt

### Description

This command is used to clear the CFM packet's RX/TX counters.

### Format

```
clear cfm pkt_cnt {[ports <portlist> {[rx | tx]} | [rx | tx] | ccm]}
```

### Parameters

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the port counters to clear. If not specified, all ports will be cleared.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a list of ports.

**rx** - (Optional) Clear the RX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be cleared.

**tx** - (Optional) Clear the TX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be cleared.

**rx** - (Optional) Clear the RX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be cleared.

**tx** - (Optional) Clear the TX counter. If not specified, both the RX and TX counters will be cleared.

**ccm** - (Optional) Clear The CCM RX counters.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear all the CFM packet RX/TX counters:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear cfm pkt_cnt
Command: clear cfm pkt_cnt

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To clear all the CFM packet CCM RX counters:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear cfm pkt_cnt ccm
Command: clear cfm pkt_cnt ccm

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 12-29 show cfm remote\_mep

### Description

This command is used to display CFM remote MEP information.

### Format

```
show cfm remote_mep [mepname <string 32> | md [<string 22> | md_index <uint 1-4294967295>] ma [<string 22> | ma_index <uint 1-4294967295>] mepid <int 1-8191>]
remote_mepid <int 1-8191>
```

### Parameters

---

<b>mepname</b>	- Specifies the MEP name.
<b>&lt;string 32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>md</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>md_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance domain index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance domain index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>ma</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name.
<b>&lt;string 22&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association name. The maximum length is 22 characters.
<b>ma_index</b>	- Specifies the maintenance association index.
<b>&lt;uint 1-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Enter the maintenance association index value here. This value must be between 1 and 4294967295.
<b>mepid</b>	- Specifies the MEPID.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Specifies the MEP MEPID between 1 and 8191.
<b>remote_mepid</b>	- Specifies the remote MEPID.
<b>&lt;int 1-8191&gt;</b>	- Specifies the remote MEPID between 1 and 8191.

---



**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display CFM remote MEP information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm remote_mep mepname mep1 remote_mepid 2
Command: show cfm remote_mep mepname mep1 remote_mepid 2

Remote MEPID           : 2
MAC Address            : 00-11-22-33-44-02
Status                 : OK
RDI                    : Yes
Port State             : Blocked
Interface Name         : Down
Last CCM Serial Number : 1000
Send Chassis ID       : 00-11-22-33-44-00
Sender Management Address: SNMP-UDP-IPv4 10.90.90.90:161
Detect Time           : 2008-01-01

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**12-30 config cfm ccm\_fwd****Description**

This command is used to configure the CCM PDUs forwarding mode.

**Format**

**config cfm ccm\_fwd [software | hardware]**

**Parameters**


---

**software** - Specifies to forward by using the software.

**hardware** - Specifies to forward by using the hardware.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the CCM PDUs forwarding mode to hardware:

```
DES-3810-28:admin# config cfm ccm_fwd hardware
Command: config cfm ccm_fwd hardware

Success.

DES-3810-28:admin#
```

## 12-31 show cfm ccm\_fwd

### Description

This command is used to display the CCM PDU's forwarding mode.

### Format

**show cfm ccm\_fwd**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the CCM PDU's forwarding mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show cfm ccm_fwd
Command: show cfm ccm_fwd

CFM CCM PDUs forwarding mode: Software

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 13 Command List

## History Commands

---

---

```
? {<Command>}  
show command_history  
config command_history <value 1-40>
```

---

---

13-1 ?

### Description

This command is used to display all of the commands available through the Command Line Interface (CLI).

### Format

? {<Command>}

### Parameters

---

<Command> – (Optional) Enter the specified command used here..

---



**Note:** If no command is specified, the system will display all commands of the corresponding user level.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display all commands:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#?
Command: ?

..
?
cable_diag ports
cfm linktrace
cfm lock md
cfm loopback
clear
clear address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry ports
clear address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry ports
clear arptable
clear attack_log
clear cfm pkt_cnt
clear counters
clear dhcp binding
clear dhcp conflict_ip
clear ethernet_oam ports
clear fdb
clear historical_counters ports
clear igmp_snooping data_driven_group
clear igmp_snooping group
clear igmp_snooping statistics counter
clear log
CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  ENTER Next Entry  a All

```

To display the syntax for “config account”:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#? config account
Command: ? config account

Command: config account
Usage: <username> {encrypt [plain_text| sha_1] <password>}
Description: Used to configure user accounts.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 13-2 show command\_history

### Description

This command is used to display the command history.

### Format

**show command\_history**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the command history:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show command_history
Command: show command_history

?
?
show traffic_segmentation 1-6
config traffic_segmentation 1-6 forward_list 7-8
config radius delete 1
config radius add 1 10.48.74.121 key dlink default
config 802.1x reauth port_based ports all
config 802.1x init port_based ports all
config 802.1x auth_mode port_based
config 802.1x auth_parameter ports 1-50 direction both
config 802.1x capability ports 1-5 authenticator
show 802.1x auth_configuration ports 1
show 802.1x auth_state ports 1-5
enable 802.1x
show 802.1x auth_state ports 1-5
show igmp_snooping
enable igmp_snooping

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 13-3 config command\_history

### Description

This command is used to configure the number of commands that the switch can record. The switch can keep records for the last 40 (maximum) commands you entered.

### Format

**config command\_history <value 1-40>**

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-40>** – Specifies the number of commands (1 to 40) that the switch can record. The default value is 25.

---

## Restrictions

None.

### **Example**

To configure the number of commands the switch can record to the last 20 commands:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config command_history 20
Command: config command_history 20

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 14 Command Logging

## Command List

---

**enable command logging**

---

**disable command logging**

---

**show command logging**

---

---

### 14-1 enable command logging

#### Description

The enable command logging command is used to enable the command logging function.



**Note:** When the switch is under the booting procedure and the procedure of downloading the configuration to execute immediately, all configuration commands should not be logged. When the user is under AAA authentication, the user name should not be changed if the user uses “enable admin” command to replace its privilege.

#### Format

**enable command logging**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable the command logging function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable command logging
Command: enable command logging

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 14-2 disable command logging

#### Description

The disable command logging command is used to disable the command logging function.

### Format

**disable command logging**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the command logging:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable command logging
Command: disable command logging

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 14-3 show command logging

### Description

This command displays the switch's general command logging configuration status.

### Format

**show command logging**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To show the command logging configuration status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show command logging
Command: show command logging

Command Logging State : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 15 Compound Authentication Commands

<b>create authentication guest_vlan</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>delete authentication guest_vlan</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>config authentication guest_vlan</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] [add   delete] ports [<portlist>   all ]
<b>config authentication ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {auth_mode [port_based   host_based]   multi_authen_methods [none   any   dot1x_impb   impb_wac   mac_impb]}(1)
<b>show authentication</b>
<b>show authentication guest_vlan</b>
<b>show authentication ports</b> [<portlist>]
<b>enable authorization attributes</b>
<b>disable authorization attributes</b>
<b>show authorization</b>
<b>config authentication server failover</b> [local   permit   block]

## 15-1 create authentication guest\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to assign a static VLAN to be a guest VLAN. The specific VLAN which is assigned to be a guest VLAN must already exist. The specific VLAN which is assigned to be a guest VLAN can't be deleted.

For further description of this command, please see the description for **config authentication guest\_vlan ports**.

### Format

**create authentication guest\_vlan** [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]

### Parameters

<b>vlan</b> - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN name.
<b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN name. The VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN ID.
<b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN ID. The VLAN ID value must be between 1 and 4094.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To assign a static VLAN to be a guest VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create authentication guest_vlan vlan guestVLAN
Command: create authentication guest_vlan vlan guestVLAN

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-2 delete authentication guest\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to delete a guest VLAN setting, but not a static VLAN. All the ports, that are enabled as guest VLANs, will be moved to the original VLAN after deleting the guest VLAN. For further description of this command, please see the description for **config authentication guest\_vlan ports**.

### Format

**delete authentication guest\_vlan [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]**

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN name.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN name. The VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the guest VLAN by VLAN ID. The VLAN ID value must be between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a guest VLAN setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete authentication guest_vlan vlan guestVLAN
Command: delete authentication guest_vlan vlan guestVLAN

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-3 config authentication guest\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to assign or remove ports to or from a guest VLAN.

**Format**

**config authentication guest\_vlan [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] [add | delete] ports [<portlist> | all ]**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the guest VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the guest VLAN name. The VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the guest VLAN VID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the guest VLAN VID. The VLAN ID value must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**add** - Specifies to add a port list to the guest VLAN.

**delete** - Specifies to delete a port list from the guest VLAN.

---

**ports** - Specifies a port or range of ports to configure.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure authentication for all ports for a guest VLAN called "gv":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authentication guest_vlan vlan gv add ports all
Command: config authentication guest_vlan vlan gv add ports all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**15-4 config authentication ports****Description**

This command is used to configure authorization mode and authentication method on ports.

**Format**

**config authentication ports [<portlist> | all] {auth\_mode [port\_based | host\_based] | multi\_authen\_methods [none | any | dot1x\_impb | impb\_wac | mac\_impb]}(1)**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**auth\_mode** - The authorization mode is port-based or host-based.

**port-based** - If one of the attached hosts pass the authentication, all hosts on the same port will be granted access to the network. If the user fails the authorization, this port will keep trying the next authentication.

**host-based** - Specifies to allow every user to be authenticated individually.

---

---

**multi\_authen\_methods** - Specifies the method for compound authentication.

- none** - Specifies that compound authentication is not enabled.
- any** - Specifies if any of the authentication methods (802.1X, MAC, and JWAC/WAC) pass, then pass.
- dot1x\_impb** - Dot1X will be verified first, and then IMPB will be verified. Both authentications need to be passed.
- impb\_wac** - WAC will be verified first, and then IMPB will be verified. Both authentications need to be passed.
- mac\_impb** - IMPB will be verified first, and then MAC be verified. Both authentications need to be passed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

The following example sets the authentication mode of all ports to host-based:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authentication ports all auth_mode host_based
Command: config authentication ports all auth_mode host_based

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

The following example sets the compound authentication method of all ports to “any”:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authentication ports all multi_authen_methods any
Command: config authentication ports all multi_authen_methods any

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-5 show authentication

### Description

This command is used to display the global authentication configuration.

### Format

**show authentication**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the global authentication configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authentication
Command: show authentication

Authentication Server Failover: Block.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-6 show authentication guest\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to display guest VLAN information.

### Format

**show authentication guest\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the guest VLAN setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authentication guest_vlan
Command: show authentication guest_vlan

Guest VLAN VID      :
Guest VLAN Member Ports:

Total Entries: 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-7 show authentication ports

### Description

This command is used to display the authentication method and authorization mode on ports.

### Format

**show authentication ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies to display compound authentication on specific port(s).

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the authentication settings for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authentication ports 1-3
Command: show authentication ports 1-3

Port      Methods          Authorized Mode
-----  -
1         None             Host_based
2         None             Host_based
3         None             Host_based

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**15-8 enable authorization attributes****Description**

This command is used to enable the authorization global state.

**Format**

**enable authorization attributes**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable the authorization global state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable authorization attributes
Command: enable authorization attributes

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-9 disable authorization attributes

### Description

This command is used to disable the authorization global state.

### Format

**disable authorization attributes**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the authorization global state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable authorization attributes
Command: disable authorization attributes

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-10 show authorization

### Description

This command is used to display the authorization status.

### Format

**show authorization**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the authorization status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show authorization
Command: show authorization

Authorization for Attributes: Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 15-11 config authentication server failover

### Description

This command is used to configure the authentication server failover function. When authentication server fails, administrator can configure to:

- \* Use the local database to authenticate the client. The switch will resort to using the local database to authenticate the client. If the client fails on local authentication, the client is regarded as un-authenticated, otherwise, it authenticated.
- \* Pass authentication. The client is always regarded as authenticated. If guest VLAN is enabled, clients will stay on the guest VLAN, otherwise, they will stay on the original VLAN.
- \* Block the client (default setting). The client is always regarded as un-authenticated.

### Format

**config authentication server failover [local | permit | block]**

### Parameters

---

**local** - Specifies to use the local database to authenticate the client.  
**permit** - Specifies that the client is always regarded as authenticated.  
**block** - Specifies to block the client. This is the default setting.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set the authentication server failover state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config authentication server failover local
Command: config authentication server failover local

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 16 Debug Software

## Command List

<b>debug address_binding</b> [event   dhcp   all]
<b>no debug address_binding</b>
<b>debug error_log</b> [dump   clear   upload_toTFTP <ipaddr> <path_filename 64>]
<b>debug buffer</b> [utilization   dump   clear   upload_toTFTP <ipaddr> <path_filename 64>]
<b>debug output</b> [module <module_list>   all] [buffer   console]
<b>debug config_error_reboot</b> [enable   disable]
<b>debug config_state</b> [enable   disable]
<b>debug show error_reboot state</b>
<b>debug stp clear counter</b> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>debug stp config ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [event   bpdu   state_machine   all] state [disable   brief   detail]
<b>debug stp show counter</b> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>debug stp show flag</b> {ports <portlist>}
<b>debug stp show information</b>
<b>debug stp state</b> [disable   enable]
<b>debug dhcpv6_client state enable</b>
<b>debug dhcpv6_client state disable</b>
<b>debug dhcpv6_client output</b> [buffer   console]
<b>debug dhcpv6_client packet</b> {all   receiving   sending} state [enable   disable]
<b>debug dhcpv6_relay state enable</b>
<b>debug dhcpv6_relay state disable</b>
<b>debug dhcpv6_relay hop_count state</b> [enable   disable]
<b>debug dhcpv6_relay output</b> [buffer   console]
<b>debug dhcpv6_relay packet</b> {all   receiving   sending} state [enable   disable]
<b>debug show status</b> {module <module_list>}

### 16-1 debug address\_binding

#### Description

This command is used to start the IMPB debug when the IMPB module receives an ARP/IP packet or a DHCP packet.

#### Format

**debug address\_binding** [event | dhcp | all]

#### Parameters

- event** - To print out the debug messages when IMPB module receives ARP/IP packets.
- dhcp** - To print out the debug messages when the IMPB module receives the DHCP packets.
- all** - Print out all debug messages.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

### Example

To print out all debug IMPB messages:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug address_binding all
Command: debug address_binding all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-2 no debug address\_binding

### Description

This command is used to stop the IMPB debug starting when the IMPB module receives an ARP/IP packet or a DHCP packet.

### Format

**no debug address\_binding**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

### Example

To stop IMPB debug: starting when the IMPB module receives an ARP/IP or DHCP packet:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# no debug address_binding
Command: no debug address_binding

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-3 debug error\_log

### Description

Use this command to dump, clear or upload the software error log to a TFTP server.

### Format

**debug error\_log [dump | clear | upload\_toTFTP <ipaddr> <path\_filename 64>]**

## Parameters

**dump** - Display the debug message of the debug log.

**clear** - Clear the debug log.

**upload\_toTFTP** - Upload the debug log to a TFTP server specified by IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the TFTP server.

**<path\_filename 64>** - The pathname specifies the DOS pathname on the TFTP server. It can be a relative pathname or an absolute pathname. This value can be up to 64 characters long.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

## Example

To dump the error log:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug error_log dump
Command: debug error_log dump

*****
# debug log: 1
# firmware version: 1.00.011
# level: CPU exception
# clock: 437453880 ms
# time : 2000-01-08 05:55:40

===== CPU EXCEPTION =====
Current Task = IP-Tic Stack Pointer = 4CFEA7A0
-----CP0 Registers-----
Status : 1000FC01 Interrupt enable Normal level
Cause  : 00000008 TLB exception (load or instruction fetch)
EPC    : 80A0297C      Addr  : 00000008
Stack  : 4CFEA7A0      Return : 80A02938
-----normal registers-----
$0($0) : 00000000 at($1) : FFFFFFFE v0($2) : 00000000 v1($3) : 00000001
a0($4) : 00000000 a1($5) : 4825B4A8 a2($6) : 00000001 a3($7) : 00000001
t0($8) : 814D7FCC t1($9) : 0000FC00 t2($10) : 828100C4 t3($11) : 00000017
t4($12) : 828100BC t5($13) : 4CFEA430 t6($14) : 82810048 t7($15) : 00000000
s0($16) : 4825D94A s1($17) : 4825D890 s2($18) : 4825D949 s3($19) : 4825D946
s4($20) : 00000000 s5($21) : 00000008 s6($22) : 81800000 s7($23) : 00090000
t8($24) : 00000000 t9($25) : FFFFFFFC k0($26) : 00000000 k1($27) : 00000000
gp($28) : 8180ADA0 sp($29) : 4CFEA7A0 fp($30) : 00000001 ra($31) : 80A02938

----- TASK STACKTRACE -----
->81150A58
->809B346C
->809E1DEC
->809D7E6C
->80A038CC
->80A033B0

```

```
->80A0297C
```

To clear the error log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug error_log clear
Command: debug error_log clear

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To upload the error log to TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug error_log upload_toTFTP 10.0.0.90 debug-log.txt
Command: debug error_log upload_toTFTP 10.0.0.90 debug-log.txt

Connecting to server..... Done.
Upload error log..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-4 debug buffer

### Description

Use this command to show the debug buffer's state, or dump, clear, or upload the debug buffer to a TFTP server.



**Note:** When selecting to output to the debug buffer and there are debug messages being outputted, the system memory pool will be used as the debug buffer. The functions which will use the system memory pool resource may fail to execute command such as download and upload firmware, or save configuration. If you want to execute these commands successfully, please use the command "debug buffer clear" to release the system's memory pool resources manually first.

### Format

```
debug buffer [utilization | dump | clear | upload_toTFTP <ipaddr> <path_filename 64>]
```

### Parameters

---

**utilization** - Display the debug buffer's state.

---

**dump** - Display the debug message in the debug buffer.

---

**clear** - Clear the debug buffer.

---

**upload\_toTFTP** - Upload the debug buffer to a TFTP server specified by IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the TFTP server.

**<path\_filename 64>** - The pathname specifies the DOS pathname on the TFTP server. It can be a relative pathname or an absolute pathname. This value can be up to 64 characters long.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

## Example

To show the debug buffer's state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug buffer utilization
Command: debug buffer utilization

Allocate from      :      System memory
Total size         :      2 MB
Utilization rate   :      30%

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To clear the debug buffer:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug buffer clear
Command: debug buffer clear

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To upload the messages stored in debug buffer to TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug buffer upload_toTFTP 10.0.0.90 debugcontent.txt
Command: debug buffer upload_toTFTP 10.0.0.90 debugcontent.txt

Connecting to server..... Done.
Upload debug file..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-5 debug output

### Description

Use the command to set a specified module's debug message output to debug buffer or local console. If the user uses the command in a Telnet session, the error message also is output to the local console.



**Note:** When selecting to output to the debug buffer and there are debug messages being outputted, the system memory pool will be used as the debug buffer. The functions which will use the system memory pool resource may fail to execute command such as download and upload firmware, or save configuration. If you want to execute these commands successfully, please use the command "debug buffer clear" to release the system's memory pool resources manually first.

## Format

**debug output [module <module\_list> | all] [buffer | console]**

## Parameters

---

**module** - Specifies the module list.

**<module\_list>** - Enter the module list here.

**all** - Control output method of all modules.

---

**buffer** - Direct the debug message of the module output to debug buffer(default).

---

**console** - Direct the debug message of the module output to local console.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set all module debug message outputs to local console:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug output all console
Command: debug output all console

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-6 debug config error\_reboot

### Description

This command is used to set if the switch needs to be rebooted when a fatal error occurs. When the error occurs, the watchdog timer will be disabled by the system first, and then all debug information will be saved in NVRAM. If the error\_reboot is enabled, the watchdog shall be enabled after all information is stored into NVRAM.

## Format

**debug config error\_reboot [enable | disable]**

## Parameters

---

**enable** - Need reboot switch when fatal error happens.(if the project do not define the default setting, enable for default).

**disable** - Do not need reboot switch when fatal error happens, system will hang-up for debug and enter the debug shell mode for debug.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set the switch to not need a reboot when a fatal error occurs:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug config error_reboot disable
Command: debug config error_reboot disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-7 debug config state

### Description

Use the command to set the state of the debug.

### Format

**debug config state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable the debug state.  
**disable** - Disable the debug state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set the debug state to disabled:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug config state disable
Command: debug config state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-8 debug show error\_reboot state

### Description

Use the command to show the error reboot status.

### Format

**debug show error\_reboot state**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator level users can issue this command.

### Example

To show the error reboot status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#debug show error_reboot state
Command: debug show error_reboot state

Error Reboot: Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-9 debug stp clear counter

### Description

This command used to clear the STP counters.

### Format

**debug stp clear counter {ports [<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies the port range.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of port used for this configuration here.  
**all** - Clears all port counters.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To clear all STP counters on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp clear counter ports all
Command : debug stp clear counter ports all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 16-10 debug stp config ports

### Description

This command used to configure per-port STP debug level on the specified ports.

### Format

**debug stp config ports [<portlist> | all] [event | bpdu | state\_machine | all] state [disable | brief | detail]**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies the STP port range to debug.  
     **<portlist>** - Enter the list of port used for this configuration here.  
     **all** - Specifies to debug all ports on the switch.

---

**event** - Debug the external operation and event processing.  
**bpdu** - Debug the BPDU's that have been received and transmitted.  
**state\_machine** - Debug the state change of the STP state machine.  
**all** - Debug all of the above.

---

**state** - Specifies the state of the debug mechanism.  
     **disable** - Disables the debug mechanism.  
     **brief** - Sets the debug level to brief.  
     **detail** - Sets the debug level to detail.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure all STP debug flags to brief level on all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp config ports all all state brief
Command: debug stp config ports all all state brief

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-11 debug stp show counter

### Description

This command used to display the STP counters.

### Format

**debug stp show counter {ports [<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the STP ports for display.  
     **<portlist>** - Enter the list of port used for this configuration here.

---

---

**all** - Display all port's counters.

If no parameter is specified, display the global counters.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To show the STP counters for port 9:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp show counter ports 9
Command: debug stp show counter ports 9

STP Counters
-----
Port 9 :
Receive:
Total STP Packets          :32
Configuration BPDU        :0
TCN BPDU                   :0
RSTP TC-Flag               :15
RST BPDU                   :32
                          :32
Transmit:
Total STP Packets          :32
Configuration BPDU        :0
TCN BPDU                   :0
RSTP TC-Flag               :7
RST BPDU

Discard:
Total Discarded BPDU      :0
Global STP Disabled       :0
Port STP Disabled         :0
Invalid Packet Format      :0
Invalid Protocol          :0
Configuration BPDU Length :0
TCN BPDU Length           :0
RST BPDU Length           :0
Invalid Type               :0
Invalid Timers             :0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-12 debug stp show flag

### Description

This command used to display the STP debug level on specified ports.

### Format

**debug stp show flag {ports <portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the STP ports to display.

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter the list of port used for this configuration here.

---

---

If no parameter is specified, all ports on the switch will be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the debug STP levels on all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp show flag
Command: debug stp show flag

Global State: Enabled

Port Index      Event flag      BPDU Flag      State Machine Flag
-----
1               Detail         Brief          Disable
2               Detail         Brief          Disable
3               Detail         Brief          Disable
4               Detail         Brief          Disable
5               Detail         Brief          Disable
6               Detail         Brief          Disable
7               Detail         Brief          Disable
8               Detail         Brief          Disable
9               Detail         Brief          Disable
10              Detail         Brief          Disable
11              Detail         Brief          Disable
12              Detail         Brief          Disable

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-13 debug stp show information

### Description

This command used to display STP detailed information, such as the hardware tables, the STP state machine, etc.

### Format

**debug stp show information**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To show STP debug information:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp show information
Command: debug stp show information

Spanning Tree Debug Information:
-----

Port Status In Hardware Table:
Instance 0:
Port 1 :BLK  Port 2 :BLK  Port 3 :BLK  Port 4 :BLK  Port 5 :BLK  Port 6 :BLK
Port 7 :FOR  Port 8 :BLK  Port 9 :BLK  Port 10:BLK  Port 11:BLK  Port 12:BLK
Instance 1:
Port 1 :BLK  Port 2 :BLK  Port 3 :BLK  Port 4 :BLK  Port 5 :BLK  Port 6 :BLK
Port 7 :FOR  Port 8 :BLK  Port 9 :BLK  Port 10:BLK  Port 11:BLK  Port 12:BLK
-----

Root Priority And Times :
Instance 0:
Designated Root Bridge      : 32768/00-01-02-03-04-00
External Root Cost          : 0
Regional Root Bridge        : 32768/00-01-02-03-04-00
Internal Root Cost          : 0
Designated Bridge           : 32768/00-01-02-03-04-00
Designated Port             : 0
Message Age                  : 0
Max Age                      : 20
Forward Delay                : 15
Hello Time                   : 2
Instance 1:
Regional Root Bridge        : 32769/00-01-02-03-04-00
Internal Root Cost          : 0
Designated Bridge           : 32769/00-01-02-03-04-00
Designated Port             : 0
Remaining Hops               : 20
-----

Designated Priority And Times:
Instance 0:
Port 1 :
Designated Root Bridge      : 0      /00-00-00-00-00-00
External Root Cost          : 0
Regional Root Bridge        : 0      /00-00-00-00-00-00
Internal Root Cost          : 0
Designated Bridge           : 0      /00-00-00-00-00-00
Designated Port             : 0
Message Age                  : 0
Max Age                      : 20
Forward Delay                : 15
Hello Time                   : 2

Instance 1:
Port 1 :
Regional Root Bridge        : 0      /00-00-00-00-00-00
Internal Root Cost          : 0
Designated Bridge           : 0      /00-00-00-00-00-00
Designated Port             : 0
Remaining Hops               : 20

```

## 16-14 debug stp state

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the STP debug state.

### Format

**debug stp state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the STP debug state.  
**enable** - Enable the STP debug state.  
**disable** - Disable the STP debug state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the STP debug state to enable, and then disable the STP debug state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp state enable
Command: debug stp state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug stp state disable
Command: debug stp state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-15 debug dhcpv6\_client state enable

### Description

This command is used to enable the DHCPv6 client Debug function.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_client state enable**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enabled DHCPv6 client debug function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_client state enable
Command:  debug dhcpv6_client state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 16-16 debug dhcpv6\_client state disable

#### Description

This command is used to disable the DHCPv6 client Debug function.

#### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_client state enable**

#### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disabled DHCPv6 client debug function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_client state disable
Command:  debug dhcpv6_client state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 16-17 debug dhcpv6\_client output

#### Description

Used to set debug message to output to buffer or console.

#### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_client output [buffer | console]**

## Parameters

---

**buffer** - Let the debug message output to buffer.

**console** - Let the debug message output to console.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set debug information to output to console:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_client output console
Command: debug dhcpv6_client output console

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-18 debug dhcpv6\_client packet

### Description

Used to enable or disable debug information flag for DHCPv6 client packet, including packet receiving and sending.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_client packet {all | receiving | sending} state [enable | disable]**

## Parameters

---

**all** - (Optional) Set packet receiving and sending debug flags.

**receiving** - (Optional) Set packet receiving debug flag.

**sending** - (Optional) Set packet sending debug flag.

---

**state** - Specifies that the designated flags will be enabled or disabled.

**enable** - Enable the designated flags.

**disable** - Disable the designated flags.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable dhcpv6\_client packet sending debug:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_client packet sending state enable
Command: debug dhcpv6_client packet sending state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-19 debug dhcpv6\_relay state enable

### Description

This command is used to enable the DHCPv6 relay Debug function.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_relay state enable**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enabled DHCPv6 relay debug function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_relay state enable
Command: debug dhcpv6_relay state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-20 debug dhcpv6\_relay state disable

### Description

This command is used to disable the DHCPv6 relay Debug function.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_relay state disable**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disabled DHCPv6 relay debug function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_relay state disable
Command: debug dhcpv6_relay state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-21 debug dhcpv6\_relay hop\_count state

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable debug information flag about the hop count.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_relay hop\_count state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the hop count debugging state.  
**enable** - Specifies that the hop count state will be enabled.  
**disable** - Specifies that the hop count state will be disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable debug information flag about the hop count:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_relay hop_count state enable
Command: debug dhcpv6_relay hop_count state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-22 debug dhcpv6\_relay output

### Description

Used to set debug message to output to buffer or console.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_relay output [buffer | console]**

### Parameters

---

**output** - Specifies the location of the debug message output.

**buffer** - Let the debug message output to buffer.

**console** - Let the debug message output to console.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set debug information to output to console:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_relay output console
Command: debug dhcpv6_relay output console

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-23 debug dhcpv6\_relay packet

### Description

Used to enable or disable debug information flag for DHCPv6 relay packet, including packet receiving and sending.

### Format

**debug dhcpv6\_relay packet {all | receiving | sending} state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**all** - (Optional) Set packet receiving and sending debug flags.

**receiving** - (Optional) Set packet receiving debug flag.

**sending** - (Optional) Set packet sending debug flag.

---

**state** - Specifies if the designated flags function will be enabled or disabled.

**enable** - Enable the designated flags.

**disable** - Disable the designated flags.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enabled DHCPv6 relay packet sending debug:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug dhcpv6_relay packet sending state enable
Command: debug dhcpv6_relay packet sending state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 16-24 debug show status

### Description

Show the debug handler state and the specified module's debug status.

If the input module list is empty, the states of all registered modules which support debug module will be shown.

### Format

**debug show status {module <module\_list>}**

### Parameters

---

**module** – (Optional) Specifies the module list.  
**<module\_list>** - Enter the module list here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To show the specified module's debug state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# debug show status module MSTP
Command: debug show status module MSTP

Debug Global State   : Enable

MSTP                  : Enable

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show the debug state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#debug show status
Command: debug show status

Debug Global State   : Enabled

MSTP                  : Disabled
IMPB                  : Disabled
ERPS                  : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 17 DHCP Local Relay Commands

---

```

config dhcp_local_relay vlan <vlan_name 32> state [enable | disable]
enable dhcp_local_relay
disable dhcp_local_relay
show dhcp_local_relay

```

---

## 17-1 config dhcp\_local\_relay vlan

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the DHCP local relay function for a specified VLAN. When DHCP local relay is enabled for the VLAN, the DHCP packet will be relayed as a broadcast without changing the source MAC address and gateway address. DHCP option 82 will be automatically added.

### Format

```
config dhcp_local_relay vlan <vlan_name 32> state [enable | disable]
```

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN to be enabled for DHCP local relay.

**state** - Enable or disable DHCP local relay for a specified VLAN.

**enable** - Enable DHCP local relay for a specified VLAN.

**disable** - Disable DHCP local relay for a specified VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable DHCP local relay for a default VLAN:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_local_relay vlan default state enable
Command: config dhcp_local_relay vlan default state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 17-2 enable dhcp\_local\_relay

### Description

This command is used to enable the DHCP local relay function on the switch.

### Format

**enable dhcp\_local\_relay**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the DHCP local relay function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dhcp_local_relay
Command: enable dhcp_local_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 17-3 disable dhcp\_local\_relay

### Description

This command is used to globally disable the DHCP local relay function on the switch.

### Format

**disable dhcp\_local\_relay**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the DHCP local relay function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dhcp_local_relay
Command: disable dhcp_local_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 17-4 show dhcp\_local\_relay

### Description

This command is used to display the current DHCP local relay configuration on the switch.

### Format

**show dhcp\_local\_relay**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the local DHCP relay status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp_local_relay
Command: show dhcp_local_relay

DHCP/BOOTP Local Relay Status      : Disabled
DHCP/BOOTP Local Relay VLAN List   : 1,3-4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 18 DHCP Relay Commands

```

config dhcp_relay {hops <value 1-16> | time <sec 0-65535>}(1)
config dhcp_relay add ipif <ipif_name 12> <ipaddr>
config dhcp_relay delete ipif <ipif_name 12> <ipaddr>
config dhcp_relay option_60 add string <multiword 255> relay <ipaddr> [exact-match | partial-
match]
config dhcp_relay option_60 default [relay <ipaddr> | mode [relay | drop]]
config dhcp_relay option_60 delete [string <multiword 255> {relay <ipaddr>} | ipaddress
<ipaddr> | all | default {<ipaddr>}]
config dhcp_relay option_60 state [enable | disable]
config dhcp_relay option_61 add [mac_address <macaddr> | string <desc_long 255>] [relay
<ipaddr> | drop]
config dhcp_relay option_61 default [relay <ipaddr> | drop]
config dhcp_relay option_61 delete [mac_address <macaddr> | string <desc_long 255> | all]
config dhcp_relay option_61 state [enable | disable]
config dhcp_relay option_82 check [enable | disable]
config dhcp_relay option_82 policy [replace | drop | keep]
config dhcp_relay option_82 remote_id [default | user_define <desc 32>]
config dhcp_relay option_82 state [enable | disable]
enable dhcp_relay
disable dhcp_relay
show dhcp_relay {ipif <ipif_name 12>}
show dhcp_relay option_60 {[string <multiword 255> | ipaddress <ipaddr> | default]}
show dhcp_relay option_61

```



**Note:** The DHCP relay commands include all the commands defined in the BOOTP relay command section. If this DHCP relay command set is supported in your system, the BOOTP relay commands can be ignored.



**Note:** The system supporting DHCP relay will accept BOOTP relay commands in the **config file** but not allow input from the console screen, and these BOOTP relay commands setting from the config file will be saved as DHCP relay commands while the **save** command is performed.

## 18-1 config dhcp\_relay

### Description

This command is used to configure the DHCP relay feature of the switch.

### Format

```
config dhcp_relay {hops <value 1-16> | time <sec 0-65535>}(1)
```

## Parameters

---

**hops** - Specifies the maximum number of router hops that the DHCP/BOOTP packets can cross. The range is 1 to 16. The default value is 4.

**<value 1-16>** - Specifies the maximum number of router hops that the DHCP/BOOTP packets can cross. The maximum number of hops value must be between 1 and 16.

---

**time** - Specifies the minimum time in seconds within which the switch must relay the DHCP/BOOTP request. If this time is exceeded, the switch will drop the DHCP/BOOTP packet. The range is 0 to 65535. The default value is 0.

**<sec 0-65535>** - Specifies the minimum time in seconds within which the switch must relay the DHCP/BOOTP request. The minimum time value must be between 0 and 65535 seconds.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the DHCP relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay hops 4 time 2
Command: config dhcp_relay hops 4 time 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-2 config dhcp\_relay add ipif

### Description

This command is used to add an IP destination address to the switch's DHCP relay table.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay add ipif <ipif\_name 12> <ipaddr>**

## Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the IP interface which contains the IP address below.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the DHCP/BOOTP server IP address.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add an IP destination address to the switch's DHCP relay table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay add ipif System 10.43.21.12
Command: config dhcp_relay add ipif System 10.43.21.12

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 18-3 config dhcp\_relay delete ipif

#### Description

This command is used to delete an IP destination address from the switch's DHCP relay table.

#### Format

**config dhcp\_relay delete ipif <ipif\_name 12> <ipaddr>**

#### Parameters

---

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the IP interface which contains the IP address below.

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the DHCP/BOOTP server IP address.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To delete an IP destination address from the switch's DHCP relay table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay delete ipif System 10.43.21.12
Command: config dhcp_relay delete ipif System 10.43.21.12

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 18-4 config dhcp\_relay option\_60 add string

#### Description

This command is used to configure the option 60 relay rules. Note that different strings can be specified with the same relay server, and the same string can be specified with multiple relay servers. The system will relay the packet to all the matching servers.

#### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_60 add string <multiword 255> relay <ipaddr> [exact-match | partial-match]**

**Parameters**


---

**<multiword 255>** - Specifies a string.

**relay** - Specifies a relay server IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the IP address here.

---

**exact-match** - The option 60 string in the packet must fully match the specified string.

**partial-match** - The option 60 string in the packet only need partially match the specified string.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure DHCP option 60 to decide to relay which DHCP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_60 add string "abc" relay
10.90.90.1 exact-match
Command: config dhcp_relay option_60 add string "abc" relay 10.90.90.1 exact-
match

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**18-5 config dhcp\_relay option\_60 default****Description**

This command is used to configure DHCP relay option 60 default relay servers. When there are no match servers found for the packet based on option 60, the relay servers will be determined by the default relay server setting. When there is no matching found for the packet, the relay servers will be determined based on the default relay servers. When drop is specified, the packet with no matching rules found will be dropped without further processing. If the setting is no-drop, then the packet will be processed further based on option 61. The final relay servers will be the union of option 60 default relay servers and the relay servers determined by option 61.

**Format**

**config dhcp\_relay option\_60 default [relay <ipaddr> | mode [relay | drop]]**

**Parameters**


---

**relay** - Specifies a relay server IP for the packet that has matching option 60 rules.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the server IP address here.

---

**mode** - Specifies the mode to relay or drop packets.

**relay** - The packet will be relayed based on the relay rules.

**drop** - Specifies to drop the packet that has no matching option 60 rules.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a DHCP option 60 default drop action:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_60 default drop
Command: config dhcp_relay option_60 default drop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-6 config dhcp\_relay option\_60 delete

### Description

This command is used to delete a DHCP option 60 entry. When all is specified, all rules excluding the default rules are deleted.

### Format

```
config dhcp_relay option_60 delete [string <multiword 255> {relay <ipaddr>} | ipaddress <ipaddr> | all | default {<ipaddr>}]
```

### Parameters

---

**string** - Delete all the entries whose string is equal to the string specified if the IP address is not specified.

**<multiword 255>** - The string value can be up to 255 characters long.

---

**relay** - (Optional) Delete one entry, whose string and IP address are equal to the string and IP address specified by the user.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the IP address here.

---

**ipaddress** - Delete all the entries whose IP address are equal to the specified IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the IP address here.

---

**all** - Specifies to have all rules, excluding the default rules, deleted.

**default** - Delete the default relay IP address that is specified by the user.

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Enter the IP address here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a DHCP option 60 entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_60 delete string abc relay
10.90.90.1
Command: config dhcp_relay option_60 delete string abc relay 10.90.90.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-7 config dhcp\_relay option\_60 state

### Description

This command is used to decide whether DHCP relay will process the DHCP option 60 or not. When option 60 is enabled, if the packet does not have option 60, then the relay servers cannot be determined based on option 60. The relay servers will be determined based on either option 61 or per IPIF configured servers.

### Format

```
config dhcp_relay option_60 state [enable | disable]
```

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the DHCP relay function to use option 60 rules to relay DHCP packets.

**disable** - Specifies to disable the DHCP relay function from using option 60 rules to relay DHCP packets.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DHCP option 60 state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_60 state enable
Command: config dhcp_relay option_60 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-8 config dhcp\_relay option\_61 add

### Description

This command adds a rule to determine the relay server based on option 61. The match rule can be based on either MAC address or a user-specified string. Only one relay server can be specified for a MAC address or a string. If relay servers are determined based on option 60, and one relay server is determined based on option 61, the final relay servers will be the union of these two sets of the servers.

### Format

```
config dhcp_relay option_61 add [mac_address <macaddr> | string <desc_long 255>] [relay <ipaddr> | drop]
```

### Parameters

---

**mac\_address** - Specifies the client's client-ID, which is the hardware address of the client.

---

---

<b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the client's client-ID, which is the MAC address of the client.
<b>string</b>	- Specifies the client's client-ID, which is specified by administrator.
<b>&lt;desc_long 255&gt;</b>	- Specifies the client's client-ID, which is specified by administrator. The client-ID string can be up to 255 characters long.
<b>relay</b>	- Specifies to relay the packet to an IP address.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b>	- Specifies to relay the packet to an IP address by entering the IP address here.
<b>drop</b>	- Specifies to drop the packet.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure DHCP option 61 to decide how to process DHCP packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_61 add mac_address 00-11-22-33-44-55 drop
Command: config dhcp_relay option_61 add mac_address 00-11-22-33-44-55 drop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-9 config dhcp\_relay option\_61 default

### Description

This command is used to determine the rule to process those packets that have no option 61 matching rules. The default default-rule is drop.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_61 default [relay <ipaddr> | drop]**

### Parameters

---

<b>relay</b>	- Specifies to relay the packet that has no option matching 61 matching rules to an IP address.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b>	- Enter the IP address here.
<b>drop</b>	- Specifies to drop the packet that have no option 61 matching rules.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DHCP option 61 default action to drop:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_61 default drop
Command: config dhcp_relay option_61 default drop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-10 config dhcp\_relay option\_61 delete

### Description

This command is used to delete option 61 rules.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_61 delete [mac\_address <macaddr> | string <desc\_long 255> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**mac\_address** - The entry with the specified MAC address will be deleted  
**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**string** - The entry with the specified string will be deleted.  
**<desc\_long 255>** - The string value can be up to 255 characters long.

---

**all** - All rules excluding the default rule will be deleted.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a DHCP option 61 entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_61 delete mac_address 00-11-22-33-44-55
Command: config dhcp_relay option_61 delete mac_address 00-11-22-33-44-55

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-11 config dhcp\_relay option\_61 state

### Description

This command is used to decide whether DHCP relay will process the DHCP option 61 or not. When option 61 is enabled, if the packet does not have option 61, then the relay servers cannot be determined based on option 61. If the relay servers are determined based on option 60 or option 61, then per IPIF configured servers will be ignored. If the relay servers are not determined either by option 60 or option 61, then per IPIF configured servers will be used to determine the relay servers.



### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_61 state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the DHCP relay function to use option 61 rules to relay DHCP packets.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the DHCP relay function to use option 61 rules to relay DHCP packets.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the state of DHCP relay option 61:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_61 state enable
Command: config dhcp_relay option_61 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-12 config dhcp\_relay option\_82 check

### Description

This command is used to configure the checking mechanism of the DHCP relay agent information option 82 of the switch.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_82 check [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - When the state is enabled, for a packet coming from the client side, the packet should not have the option 82 field. If the packet has this option field, it will be dropped. For a packet comes from the server side, the packet should have the option 82 field. If the packet does not have an option field or does not have correct option fields, the packet will be dropped.  
**disable** - The default setting is disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the checking mechanism of the DHCP relay agent information option 82:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_82 check disable
Command: config dhcp_relay option_82 check disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-13 config dhcp\_relay option\_82 policy

### Description

This command is used to specify the way to process the packets coming from the client side which have the 82 option field, and are not dropped since the check function is disabled.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_82 policy [replace | drop | keep]**

### Parameters

---

**replace** - Replace the existing option 82 field in the packet. The default setting is replace.

---

**drop** - Discard if the packet has the option 82 field.

---

**keep** - Retain the existing option 82 field in the packet.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the re-forwarding policy of DHCP relay agent information option 82:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_82 policy replace
Command: config dhcp_relay option_82 policy replace

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-14 config dhcp\_relay option\_82 remote\_id

### Description

This command is used to configure the remote ID string of the DHCP relay agent information option 82 of the switch.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_82 remote\_id [default | user\_define <desc 32>]**

## Parameters

---

**default** - Use the switch's system MAC address as remote ID.

**user\_define** - Use the user-defined string as remote ID. Space characters are allowed in the string.

**<desc 32>** - The user-defined string can be up to 32 characters long.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the remote ID string of the DHCP relay agent information option 82:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_82 remote_id user_define "D-Link Switch"
Command: config dhcp_relay option_82 remote_id user_define "D-Link Switch"

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-15 config dhcp\_relay option\_82 state

### Description

This command is used to configure the state of the DHCP relay agent information option 82 of the switch.

### Format

**config dhcp\_relay option\_82 state [enable | disable]**

## Parameters

---

**enable** - When the state is enabled, the DHCP packet will be inserted with the option 82 field before being relayed to server. The DHCP packet will be processed based on the behavior defined in the check and policy setting.

**disable** - When the state is disabled, the DHCP packet will be relayed directly to the server without further check and processing of the packet. The default setting is disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the state of the DHCP relay agent information option 82:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp_relay option_82 state enable
Command: config dhcp_relay option_82 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-16 enable dhcp \_relay

### Description

This command is used to enable the DHCP relay function on the switch.

### Format

**enable dhcp \_relay**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the DHCP relay function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dhcp_relay
Command: enable dhcp_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-17 disable dhcp \_relay

### Description

This command is used to disable the DHCP relay function on the switch.

### Format

**disable dhcp \_relay**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the DHCP relay function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dhcp_relay
Command: disable dhcp_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

18-18 show dhcp \_relay

## Description

This command is used to display the current DHCP relay configuration.

## Format

**show dhcp \_relay {ipif <ipif\_name 12>}**

## Parameters

---

**ipif** – (Optional) Specifies the IP interface name.  
**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the IP interface name. The IP interface name can be up to 12 characters long.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all DHCP relay configurations.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the DHCP relay status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp_relay
Command: show dhcp_relay

DHCP/Bootp Relay Status          : Disabled
DHCP/Bootp Hops Count Limit      : 4
DHCP/Bootp Relay Time Threshold  : 0
DHCP Vendor Class Identifier Option 60 State: Disabled
DHCP Client Identifier Option 61 State: Disabled
DHCP Relay Agent Information Option 82 State : Disabled
DHCP Relay Agent Information Option 82 Check : Disabled
```

```
DHCP Relay Agent Information Option 82 Policy : Replace
DHCP Relay Agent Information Option 82 Remote ID : 00-01-02-03-04-00

Interface      Server 1      Server 2      Server 3      Server 4
-----
System         10.1.1.1     192.168.0.1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 18-19 show dhcp \_relay option\_60

### Description

This command is used to display the DHCP relay option 60 entries.

### Format

**show dhcp \_relay option\_60** {[string <multiword 255> | ipaddress <ipaddr> | default]}

### Parameters

- string** - (Optional) Display the entry whose string equals the string specified.  
           <multiword 255> - The string can be up to 255 characters long.
- ipaddress** - (Optional) Display the entry whose IP ipaddress equals the specified IP address.  
           <ipaddr> - Enter the IP address here.
- default** - (Optional) Display the default behaviour of DHCP relay option 60.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all DHCP option 60 entries will be displayed.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the DHCP option 60 entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp_relay option_60
Command: show dhcp_relay option_60

Default Processing Mode: Drop

Default Servers:
  10.90.90.100
  10.90.90.101
  10.90.90.102

Matching Rules:

String                               Match Type                               IP Address
```

```

-----
abc                exact match          10.90.90.1
abcde             partial match        10.90.90.2
abcdefg          exact match          10.90.90.3

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 18-20 show dhcp\_relay option\_61

### Description

This command is used to display all the DHCP relay option 61 rules.

### Format

**show dhcp\_relay option\_61**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the DHCP option 61 entries:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# show dhcp_relay option_61
Command: show dhcp_relay option_61

Default Relay Rule:Drop

Matching Rules:

Client-ID                Type                Relay Rule
-----                ----                -
abc                      Drop                Drop
abcde                    10.90.90.1          10.90.90.1
00-11-22-33-44-55      Drop                Drop

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

# Chapter 19 DHCP Server Commands

```

create dhcp excluded_address begin_address <ipaddr> end_address <ipaddr>
delete dhcp excluded_address [begin_address <ipaddr> end_address <ipaddr> | all]
show dhcp excluded_address
create dhcp pool <pool_name 12>
delete dhcp pool [<pool_name 12> | all]
config dhcp pool network_addr <pool_name 12> <network_address>
config dhcp pool domain_name <pool_name 12> {<domain_name 64>}
config dhcp pool dns_server <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}
config dhcp pool netbios_name_server <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}
config dhcp pool netbios_node_type <pool_name 12> [broadcast | peer_to_peer | mixed |
  hybrid]
config dhcp pool default_router <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}
config dhcp pool lease <pool_name 12> [<day 0-365> <hour 0-23> <minute 0-59> | infinite]
config dhcp pool boot_file <pool_name 12> {<file_name 64>}
config dhcp pool next_server <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>}
config dhcp ping_packets <number 0-10>
config dhcp ping_timeout <millisecond 10-2000>
create dhcp pool manual_binding <pool_name 12> <ipaddr> hardware_address <macaddr>
  {type [Ethernet | IEEE802]}
delete dhcp pool manual_binding <pool_name 12> [<ipaddr> | all]
clear dhcp binding [<pool_name 12> [<ipaddr> | all] | all]
show dhcp binding {<pool_name 12>}
show dhcp pool {<pool_name 12>}
show dhcp pool manual_binding {<pool_name 12>}
enable dhcp_server
disable dhcp_server
show dhcp_server
clear dhcp conflict_ip [<ipaddr> | all]
show dhcp conflict_ip {<ipaddr>}

```

## 19-1 create dhcp excluded\_address begin\_address

### Description

This command is used to create a DHCP server exclude address. The DHCP server assumes that all IP addresses in a DHCP pool subnet are available for assigning to DHCP clients. Use this command to specify the IP address that the DHCP server should not assign to clients. This command can be used multiple times in order to define multiple groups of excluded addresses.

### Format

```
create dhcp excluded_address begin_address <ipaddr> end_address <ipaddr>
```

### Parameters

```

begin_address - Specifies the starting address of the IP address range.
  <ipaddr> - Specifies the starting address of the IP address range.

```



---

**end\_address** - Specifies the ending address of the IP address range.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the ending address of the IP address range.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To specify the IP address that DHCP server should not assign to clients:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create dhcp excluded_address begin_address 10.10.10.1
end_address 10.10.10.10
Command: create dhcp excluded_address begin_address 10.10.10.1 end_address
10.10.10.10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-2 delete dhcp excluded\_address

### Description

This command is used to delete a DHCP server exclude address.

### Format

**delete dhcp excluded\_address [begin\_address <ipaddr> end\_address <ipaddr> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**begin\_address** - Specifies the starting address of the IP address range.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the starting address of the IP address range.

---

**end\_address** - Specifies the ending address of the IP address range.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the ending address of the IP address range.

---

**all** - Specifies to delete all IP addresses.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a DHCP server exclude address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete dhcp excluded_address begin_address 10.10.10.1
end_address 10.10.10.10
Command: delete dhcp excluded_address begin_address 10.10.10.1 end_address
10.10.10.10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 19-3 show dhcp excluded\_address

#### Description

This command is used to display the groups of IP addresses which are excluded from being a legal assigned IP address.

#### Format

**show dhcp excluded\_address**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display the DHCP server excluded addresses:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp excluded_address
Command: show dhcp excluded_address

Index  Begin Address  End Address
-----  -
1      192.168.0.1    192.168.0.100
2      10.10.10.10    10.10.10.11

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 19-4 create dhcp pool

#### Description

This command is used to create a DHCP pool by specifying a name. After creating a DHCP pool, use other DHCP pool configuration commands to configure parameters for the pool.

#### Format

**create dhcp pool <pool\_name 12>**

#### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the DHCP pool.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a DHCP pool:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create dhcp pool nyknicks
Command: create dhcp pool nyknicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-5 delete dhcp pool

### Description

This command is used to delete a DHCP pool.

### Format

**delete dhcp pool [<pool\_name 12> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the DHCP pool.  
**all** - Specifies to delete all the DHCP pools.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a DHCP pool:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete dhcp pool nyknicks
Command: delete dhcp pool nyknicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-6 config dhcp pool network\_addr

### Description

This command is used to specify the network for the DHCP pool. The addresses in the network are free to be assigned to the DHCP client. The prefix length specifies the number of bits that comprise the address prefix. The prefix is an alternative way of specifying the network mask of the client. The prefix length must be preceded by a forward slash (/). When the DHCP server receives a request from the client, the server will automatically find a pool to allocate the address. If the

request is relayed to the server by the intermediate device, the server will match the gateway IP address carried in the packet against the network of each DHCP pool. The pool which has the longest match will be selected. If the request packet is not through relay, then the server will match the IP address of the IPIF that received the request packet against the network of each DHCP pool.

### Format

```
config dhcp pool network_addr <pool_name 12> <network_address>
```

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<network\_address>** - Specifies the IP address that the DHCP server may assign to clients.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the address range of the DHCP address pool:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool network_addr dpool 10.10.10.0/24
Command: config dhcp pool network_addr dpool 10.10.10.0/24

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-7 config dhcp pool domain\_name

### Description

This command is used to specify the domain name for the client if the server allocates the address for the client from this pool. The domain name configured here will be used as the default domain name by the client. By default, the domain name is empty. If the domain name is empty, the domain name information will not be provided to the client.

### Format

```
config dhcp pool domain_name <pool_name 12> {<domain_name 64>}
```

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<domain\_name 64>** - (Optional) Specifies the domain name of the client.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the domain name option of the DHCP pool:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool domain_name dname dname.com
Command: config dhcp pool domain_name dname dname.com

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**19-8 config dhcp pool dns\_server****Description**

This command is used to specify the IP address of a DNS server that is available to a DHCP client. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line. If DNS server is not specified, the DNS server information will not be provided to the client. If this command is input twice for the same pool, the second command will overwrite the first command.

**Format**

```
config dhcp pool dns_server <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}
```

**Parameters**


---

<pool\_name 12> - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

<ipaddr> - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the DNS server. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the DNS server's IP address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool dns_server dserver 10.10.10.1
Command: config dhcp pool dns_server dserver 10.10.10.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**19-9 config dhcp pool netbios\_name\_server****Description**

This command is used to specify the NetBIOS WINS server that is available to a Microsoft DHCP client. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line.

Windows Internet Naming Service (WINS) is a name resolution service that Microsoft DHCP clients use to correlate host names to IP addresses within a general grouping of networks. If a NetBIOS name server is not specified, the NetBIOS name server information will not be provided

to the client. If this command is input twice for the same pool, the second command will overwrite the first command.

### Format

```
config dhcp pool netbios_name_server <pool_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}
```

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the WINS server. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure a WINS server IP address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool netbios_name_server wserver 10.10.10.1
Command: config dhcp pool netbios_name_server wserver 10.10.10.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-10 config dhcp pool netbios\_node\_type

### Description

This command is used to specify the NetBIOS node type for a Microsoft DHCP client.

The NetBIOS node type for Microsoft DHCP clients can be one of four settings: broadcast, peer-to-peer, mixed, or hybrid. Use this command to configure a NetBIOS over TCP/IP device that is described in RFC 1001/1002. By default, the NetBIOS node type is broadcast.

### Format

```
config dhcp pool netbios_node_type <pool_name 12> [broadcast | peer_to_peer | mixed | hybrid]
```

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**broadcast** - Specifies the NetBIOS node type for Microsoft DHCP clients as broadcast.

**peer\_to\_peer** - Specifies the NetBIOS node type for Microsoft DHCP clients as peer\_to\_peer.

**mixed** - Specifies the NetBIOS node type for Microsoft DHCP clients as mixed.

**hybrid** - Specifies the NetBIOS node type for Microsoft DHCP clients as hybrid.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the NetBIOS node type:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool netbios_node_type netnode hybrid
Command: config dhcp pool netbios_node_type netnode hybrid

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**19-11 config dhcp pool default\_router****Description**

This command is used to specify the IP address of the default router for a DHCP client. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line.

After a DHCP client has booted, the client begins sending packets to its default router. The IP address of the default router should be on the same subnet as the client. If the default router is not specified, the default router information will not be provided to the client. If this command is input twice for the same pool, the second command will overwrite the first command. The default router must be within the range the network defined for the DHCP pool.

**Format**

**config dhcp pool default\_router <pool\_name 12> {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>} {<ipaddr>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the default router. Up to three IP addresses can be specified on one command line.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the default router:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool default_router drouter 10.10.10.1
Command: config dhcp pool default_router drouter 10.10.10.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-12 config dhcp pool lease

### Description

This command is used to specify the duration of the DHCP pool lease.

By default, each IP address assigned by a DHCP server comes with a one-day lease, which is the amount of time that the address is valid.

### Format

**config dhcp pool lease <pool\_name 12> [**<day 0-365>** **<hour 0-23>** **<minute 0-59>** | **infinite**]**

### Parameters

<b>&lt;pool_name 12&gt;</b> - Specifies the DHCP pool's name.
<b>&lt;day 0-365&gt;</b> - Specifies the number of days of the lease.
<b>&lt;hour 0-23&gt;</b> - Specifies the number of hours of the lease.
<b>&lt;minute 0-59&gt;</b> - Specifies the number of minutes of the lease.
<b>infinite</b> - Specifies a lease of unlimited duration.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the lease of a pool:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool lease dpool infinite
Command: config dhcp pool lease dpool infinite

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-13 config dhcp pool boot\_file

### Description

This command is used to specify the name of the file that is used as a boot image.

The boot file is used to store the boot image for the client. The boot image is generally the operating system the client uses to load. If this command is input twice for the same pool, the second command will overwrite the first command. If the bootfile is not specified, the boot file information will not be provided to the client.

### Format

**config dhcp pool boot\_file <pool\_name 12> {<file\_name 64>}**

### Parameters

<b>&lt;pool_name 12&gt;</b> - Specifies the DHCP pool name.
---



---

**<file\_name 64>** - (Optional) Specifies the file name of the boot image.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the boot file:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool boot_file engineering boot.had
Command: config dhcp pool boot_file engineering boot.had

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-14 config dhcp pool next\_server

### Description

This command is used by the DHCP client boot process, typically a TFTP server. If next server information is not specified, it will not be provided to the client. If this command is input twice for the same pool, the second command will overwrite the first command. It is allowed to specify next server but not specify the boot file, or specify the boot file but not specify the next server.

### Format

**config dhcp pool next\_server <pool\_name 12> {<ipaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the next server.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the next server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp pool next_server engineering 192.168.0.1
Command: config dhcp pool next_server engineering 192.168.0.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-15 config dhcp ping\_packets

### Description

This command is used to specify the number of ping packets the DHCP server sends to an IP address before assigning this address to a requesting client.

By default, the DHCP server pings a pool address twice before assigning the address to a DHCP client. If the ping is unanswered, the DHCP server assumes (with a high probability) that the address is not in use and assigns the address to the requesting client. If the ping is answered, the server will discard the current IP address and try another IP address.

### Format

**config dhcp ping\_packets <number 0-10>**

### Parameters

---

**<number 0-10>** - Specifies the number of ping packets. 0 means there is no ping test. The default value is 2.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure ping packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp ping_packets 4
Command: config dhcp ping_packets 4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-16 config dhcp ping\_timeout

### Description

This command is used to specify the amount of time the DHCP server must wait before timing out a ping packet.

By default, the DHCP server waits 100 milliseconds before timing out a ping packet.

### Format

**config dhcp ping\_timeout <millisecond 10-2000>**

### Parameters

---

**<millisecond 10-2000>** - Specifies the amount of time the DHCP server must wait before timing out a ping packet. The default value is 100.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the time out value for ping packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dhcp ping_timeout 500
Command: config dhcp ping_timeout 500

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-17 create dhcp pool manual\_binding

### Description

This command is used to specify the distinct identification of the client in dotted-hexadecimal notation or hardware address, for example, 0122.b708.1388, where 01 represents the Ethernet media type and the IP address pair.

An address binding is a mapping between the IP address and MAC address of a client. The IP address of a client can be assigned manually by an administrator or assigned automatically from a pool by a DHCP server. The dynamic binding entry will be created when an IP address is assigned to the client from the pool network's address. For this command, if the type is not specified, then the type will be Ethernet. For the match operation, the hardware type and the hardware address field in the protocol fields will be used to match against the entry. The IP address specified in the manual binding entry must be in a range within that the network uses for the DHCP pool. If the user specifies a conflict IP address, an error message will be returned. If a number of manual binding entries are created, and the network address for the pool is changed such that conflicts are generated, those manual binding entries which conflict with the new network address will be automatically deleted.

### Format

```
create dhcp pool manual_binding <pool_name 12> <ipaddr> hardware_address <macaddr> {type [Ethernet | IEEE802]}
```

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address which will be assigned to a specified client.

---

**hardware\_address** - Specifies the hardware MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**type** - (Optional) Specifies the DHCP pool manual binding type.

**Ethernet** - Specifies Ethernet type.

**IEEE802** - Specifies IEEE802 type.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure manual bindings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create dhcp pool manual_binding engineering 10.10.10.1
hardware_address 00-80-C8-02-02-02 type Ethernet
Command: create dhcp pool manual_binding engineering 10.10.10.1
hardware_address 00-80-C8-02-02-02 type Ethernet

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**19-18 delete dhcp pool manual\_binding****Description**

This command is used to delete DHCP server manual binding.

**Format**

**delete dhcp pool manual\_binding <pool\_name 12> [<ipaddr> | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address which will be assigned to a specified client.

**all** - Specifies to delete all IP addresses.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete DHCP server manual binding:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete dhcp pool manual_binding engineering 10.10.10.1
Command: delete dhcp pool manual_binding engineering 10.10.10.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**19-19 clear dhcp binding****Description**

This command is used to clear a binding entry or all binding entries in a pool or clears all binding entries in all pools. Note that this command will not clear the dynamic binding entry which matches a manual binding entry.

### Format

**clear dhcp binding [<pool\_name 12> [<ipaddr> | all] | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - Specifies the DHCP pool name to clear.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address to clear.

**all** - Specifies to clear all IP addresses.

---

**all** - Specifies to clear all DHCP pool names and IP addresses.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To clear dynamic binding entries in the pool named "engineering":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear dhcp binding engineering 10.20.3.4
Command: clear dhcp binding engineering 10.20.3.4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-20 show dhcp binding

### Description

This command is used to display dynamic binding entries.

### Format

**show dhcp binding {<pool\_name 12>}**

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - (Optional) Specifies a DHCP pool name.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display dynamic binding entries for "engineering":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp binding engineering
Command: show dhcp binding engineering

Pool Name      IP Addresss   Hardware Address  Type      Status   Lifetime
-----
engineering    192.168.0.1   00-80-C8-08-13-88 Ethernet  Manual   86400
engineering    192.168.0.2   00-80-C8-08-13-99 Ethernet  Automatic 38600
engineering    192.168.0.3   00-80-C8-08-13-A0 Ethernet  Offering  -
engineering    192.168.0.4   00-80-C8-08-13-B0 Ethernet  BOOTP     Infinite

Total Entries: 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-21 show dhcp pool

### Description

This command is used to display the information for DHCP pool. If pool name is not specified, information for all pools will be displayed.

### Format

**show dhcp pool {<pool\_name 12>}**

### Parameters

---

**<pool\_name 12>** - (Optional) Specifies the DHCP pool name.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the current DHCP pool information for “engineering”:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp pool engineering
Command: show dhcp pool engineering

Pool Name      : engineering
Network Address : 10.10.10.0/24
Domain Name    : dlink.com
DNA Server     : 10.10.10.1
NetBIOS Name Server : 10.10.10.1
NetBIOS Node Type : broadcast
Default Router : 10.10.10.1
Pool Lease     : 10 days, 0 hours, 0 minutes
Boot File      : boot.bin
Next Server    : 10.10.10.2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-22 show dhcp pool manual\_binding

**Description**

This command is used to display the configured manual binding entries.

**Format**

**show dhcp pool manual\_binding {<pool\_name 12>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<pool\_name 12>** - (Optional) Specifies the DHCP pool name.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the configured manual binding entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp pool manual_binding
Command: show dhcp pool manual_binding

Pool Name      IP Address      Hardware Address  Type
-----
p1              192.168.0.1     00-80-C8-08-13-88 Ethernet
p1              192.168.0.2     00-80-C8-08-13-99 Ethernet

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-23 enable dhcp\_server

**Description**

This command is used to enable the DHCP server function.

If DHCP relay is enabled, DHCP server cannot be enabled. The opposite is also true. For Layer 2 switches, if DHCP client is enabled on the only interface, then DHCP server cannot be enabled. For layer 3 switches, if DHCP client is enabled on an interface, the DHCP server can be enabled. However, DHCP server will not service the packet that is received from this interface.

**Format**

**enable dhcp\_server**

**Parameters**

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable DHCP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dhcp_server
Command: enable dhcp_server

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 19-24 disable dhcp\_server

#### Description

This command is used to disable the DHCP server function on the switch.

#### Format

**disable dhcp\_server**

#### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the Switch's DHCP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dhcp_server
Command: disable dhcp_server

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 19-25 show dhcp\_server

#### Description

This command is used to display the current DHCP server configuration.



## Format

**show dhcp\_server**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the DHCP server status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp_server
Command: show dhcp_server

DHCP Server Global State: Disabled
Ping Packet Number       : 2
Ping Timeout             : 100 ms

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-26 clear dhcp conflict\_ip

### Description

This command is used to clear an entry or all entries from the conflict IP database.

### Format

**clear dhcp conflict\_ip [<ipaddr> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address to be cleared.

**all** - Specifies that all IP addresses will be cleared.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To clear an IP address 10.20.3.4 from the conflict database:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear dhcp conflict_ip 10.20.3.4
Command: clear dhcp conflict_ip 10.20.3.4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 19-27 show dhcp conflict\_ip

### Description

This command is used to display the IP address that has been identified as being in conflict.

The DHCP server will use ping packet to determine whether an IP address is conflicting with other hosts before binding this IP. The IP address which has been identified in conflict will be moved to the conflict IP database. The system will not attempt to bind the IP address in the conflict IP database unless the user clears it from the conflict IP database.

### Format

**show dhcp conflict\_ip {<ipaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the entries in the DHCP conflict IP database:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dhcp conflict_ip
Command: show dhcp conflict_ip

  IP Address      Detection Method  Detection Time
-----
172.16.1.32     Ping             2007/08/30 17:06:59
172.16.1.32     Gratuitous ARP   2007/09/10 19:38:01

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 20 DHCPv6 Relay Command List

```
enable dhcpv6_relay
disable dhcpv6_relay
config dhcpv6_relay hop_count <value 1-32>
config dhcpv6_relay [add | delete] ipif <ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr>
config dhcpv6_relay ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all] state [enable | disable]
show dhcpv6_relay {ipif <ipif_name 12>}
```

## 20-1 enable dhcpv6\_relay

### Description

This command is used to enable the DHCPv6 relay function on the Switch.

### Format

```
enable dhcpv6_relay
```

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DHCPv6 relay global state to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable dhcpv6_relay
Command: enable dhcpv6_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 20-2 disable dhcpv6\_relay

### Description

This command is used to disable the DHCPv6 relay function on the Switch.

### Format

```
disable dhcpv6_relay
```

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DHCPv6 relay global state to disable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable dhcpv6_relay
Command: disable dhcpv6_relay

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 20-3 config dhcpv6\_relay hop\_count

### Description

Configure the DHCPv6 relay hop\_count of the switch.

### Format

**config dhcpv6\_relay hop\_count <value 1-32>**

### Parameters

---

**hop\_count** - Specifies the number of relay agents that have relayed this message. The default value is 4.  
**<value 1-32>** - Enter the hop count number here. This value must be between 1 and 32.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the maximum hops of a DHCPv6 relay packet could be transferred to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config dhcpv6_relay hop_count 4
Command: config dhcpv6_relay hop_count 4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 20-4 config dhcpv6\_relay

**Description**

The command could add/delete an IPv6 address which is a destination to forward (relay) DHCPv6 packets.

**Format**

**config dhcpv6\_relay [add | delete] ipif <ipif\_name 12> <ipv6addr>**

**Parameters**


---

**add** - Add an IPv6 destination to the DHCPv6 relay table.

**delete** - Delete an IPv6 destination from the DHCPv6 relay table

**ipif** - The name of the IP interface in which DHCPv6 relay is to be enabled.

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Enter the IP interface name here. This name can be up to 12 characters long.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - The DHCPv6 server IP address.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add a DHCPv6 server to the relay table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config dhcpv6_relay add ipif System
2001:DB8:1234:0:218:FEFF:FEFB:CC0E
Command: config dhcpv6_relay add ipif System 2001:DB8:1234:0:218:FEFF:FEFB:CC0E

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 20-5 config dhcpv6\_relay ipif

**Description**

The command is used to configure the DHCPv6 relay state of one specific interface or all interfaces.

**Format**

**config dhcpv6\_relay ipif [<ipif\_name 12> | all] state [enable | disable]**

**Parameters**


---

**ipif** - Specifies the name of the IP interface.

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Enter the IP interface name used here. This name can be up to 12 characters long.

**all** - Specifies that all the configured IP interfaces will be used..

---

**state** - Specifies if the DHCPv6 relay state will be enabled or disabled.

---

---

**enable** - Choose this parameter to enable the DHCPv6 relay state of the interface.  
**disable** - Choose this parameter to disable the DHCPv6 relay state of the interface.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DHCPv6 relay state of the System interface to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config dhcpv6_relay ipif System state enable
Command: config dhcpv6_relay ipif System state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 20-6 show dhcpv6\_relay

### Description

This command will display the current DHCPv6 relay configuration of all interfaces, or if an IP interface name is specified, the DHCPv6 relay configuration for that IP interface.

### Format

**show dhcpv6\_relay {ipif <ipif\_name 12>}**

### Parameters

---

**ipif** - (Optional) The name of the IP interface for which to display the current DHCPv6 relay configuration.

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Enter the IP interface name used here. This name can be up to 12 characters long.

---

If no IP interface is specified, all configured DHCPv6 relay interfaces are displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show the DHCPv6 relay configuration of all interfaces:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show dhcpv6_relay
Command: show dhcpv6_relay

DHCPv6 Relay Global State : Disabled
DHCPv6 Hops Count Limit   : 4
-----
IP Interface               : n81
DHCPv6 Relay Status       : Enabled
Server Address             :

IP Interface               : n90
DHCPv6 Relay Status       : Enabled
Server Address             :

IP Interface               : n1000
DHCPv6 Relay Status       : Enabled
Server Address             :

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show the DHCPv6 relay configuration of System interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show dhcpv6_relay ipif System
Command: show dhcpv6_relay ipif System

DHCPv6 Relay Global State : Disabled
DHCPv6 Hops Count Limit   : 4
-----
IP Interface               : System
DHCPv6 Relay Status       : Enabled
Server Address             : 2001:DB8:1234::218:FEFF:FEFB:CC0E
Server Address             : 3000:90:1::6

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 21 Digital Diagnostics Monitoring (DDM) Commands

---

```
config ddm [trap | log] [enable | disable]
```

---

```
config ddm ports [<portlist> | all] [[temperature_threshold {high_alarm <degrees> | low_alarm <degrees> | high_warning <degrees> | low_warning <degrees>} | voltage_threshold {high_alarm <voltage> | low_alarm <voltage> | high_warning <voltage> | low_warning <voltage>} | bias_current_threshold {high_alarm <milliampere> | low_alarm <milliampere> | high_warning <milliampere> | low_warning <milliampere>} | tx_power_threshold {high_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | low_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | high_warning <mw_or_dbm> | low_warning <mw_or_dbm>} | rx_power_threshold {high_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | low_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | high_warning <mw_or_dbm> | low_warning <mw_or_dbm>}] | {state [enable | disable] | shutdown [alarm | warning | none]} | reload_threshold]
```

---

```
config ddm power_unit [mw | dbm]
```

---

```
show ddm
```

---

```
show ddm ports {<portlist>}
```

---

## 21-1 config ddm

### Description

The command configures the DDM log and trap action when encountering an exceeding alarm or warning threshold event.

### Format

```
config ddm [trap | log] [enable | disable]
```

### Parameters

---

**trap** - Specifies whether to send traps, when the operating parameter exceeds the corresponding threshold.

**log** - Specifies whether to send a log, when the operating parameter exceeds the corresponding threshold.

---

**enable** - Enter enable to enable the log or trap sending option. By default, the trap and log options are enabled.

**disable** - Enter disable to disable the log or trap sending option.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure DDM log state to enable:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm log enable
Command: config ddm log enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure DDM trap state to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm trap enable
Command: config ddm trap enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 21-2 config ddm ports

### Description

The command is used to configure the DDM settings of the specified ports.

### Format

```
config ddm ports [<portlist> | all] [[temperature_threshold {high_alarm <degrees> |
low_alarm <degrees> | high_warning <degrees> | low_warning <degrees>} |
voltage_threshold {high_alarm <voltage> | low_alarm <voltage> | high_warning <voltage> |
low_warning <voltage>} | bias_current_threshold {high_alarm <milliampere> | low_alarm
<milliampere> | high_warning <milliampere> | low_warning <milliampere>} |
tx_power_threshold {high_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | low_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | high_warning
<mw_or_dbm> | low_warning <mw_or_dbm>} | rx_power_threshold {high_alarm
<mw_or_dbm> | low_alarm <mw_or_dbm> | high_warning <mw_or_dbm> | low_warning
<mw_or_dbm>}] | {state [enable | disable] | shutdown [alarm | warning | none]} |
reload_threshold]
```

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**<portlist>** - Enter the range of ports to be configured here.

**all** - If 'all' parameter is chosen, all optic ports' operating parameters will be configured.

---

**temperature\_threshold** - Specifies the threshold of the optic module's temperature in centigrade. At least one parameter shall be specified for this threshold.

---

**voltage\_threshold** - Specifies the threshold of optic module's voltage.

---

**bias\_current\_threshold** - Specifies the threshold of the optic module's bias current.

---

**tx\_power\_threshold** - Specifies the threshold of the optic module's output power.

---

**rx\_power\_threshold** - Specifies the threshold of optic module's received power.

---

**high\_alarm** - (Optional) Specifies the high threshold for the alarm. When the operating parameter rises above this value, the action associated with the alarm is taken.

**<float>** - Enter the high threshold alarm value here.

**low\_alarm** - (Optional) Specifies the low threshold for the alarm. When the operating parameter falls below this value, the action associated with the alarm is taken.

**<float>** - Enter the low threshold alarm value here.

**high\_warning** - (Optional) Specifies the high threshold for the warning. When the operating parameter rises above this value, the action associated with the warning is taken.

---

---

<b>&lt;float&gt;</b>	- Enter the high threshold warning value here.
<b>low_warning</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the low threshold for the warning. When the operating parameter falls below this value, the action associated with the warning is taken.
<b>&lt;float&gt;</b>	- Enter the low threshold warning value here.
<b>state</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the DDM state to enable or disable. If the state is disabled, no DDM action will take effect.
<b>enable</b>	- Enter enable to enable the DDM state.
<b>disable</b>	- Enter disable to disable the DDM state.
<b>shutdown</b>	- (Optional) Specifies whether or not to shutdown the port when the operating parameter exceeds the corresponding alarm threshold or warning threshold.
<b>alarm</b>	- Shutdown the port when the configured alarm threshold range is exceeded.
<b>warning</b>	- Shutdown the port when the configured warning threshold range is exceeded.
<b>none</b>	- The port will never shutdown regardless if the threshold ranges are exceeded or not.
<b>reload_threshold</b>	- Specifies that the reload threshold parameter will be used.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the port 2's temperature threshold:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ddm ports 2 temperature_threshold high_alarm 84.9555
low_alarm -10 high_warning 70 low_warning 2.2525
Command: config ddm ports 2 temperature_threshold high_alarm 84.9555 low_alarm
-10 high_warning 70 low_warning 2.2525

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the port 2's voltage threshold:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm ports 2 voltage_threshold high_alarm 4.25
low_alarm 2.5 high_warning 3.5 low_warning 3
Command: config ddm ports 2 voltage_threshold high_alarm 4.25 low_alarm 2.5
high_warning 3.5 low_warning 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the port 2's bias current threshold:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm ports 2 bias_current_threshold high_alarm 7.25
low_alarm 0.004 high_warning 0.5 low_warning 0.008
Command: config ddm ports 2 bias_current_threshold high_alarm 7.25 low_alarm
0.004 high_warning 0.5 low_warning 0.008

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the port 2's transmit power threshold:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ddm ports 2 tx_power_threshold high_alarm 0.625
low_alarm 0.006 high_warning 0.55 low_warning 0.008
Command: config ddm ports 2 tx_power_threshold high_alarm 0.625 low_alarm 0.006
high_warning 0.55 low_warning 0.008

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the port 2's receive power threshold:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm ports 2 rx_power_threshold high_alarm 4.55
low_alarm 0.01 high_warning 3.5 low_warning 0.03
Command: config ddm ports 2 rx_power_threshold high_alarm 4.55 low_alarm 0.01
high_warning 3.5 low_warning 0.03

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure port 6's actions associate with the alarm:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm ports 6 state enable shutdown alarm
Command: config ddm ports 6 state enable shutdown alarm

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 21-3 config ddm power\_unit

### Description

The command is used to configure the DDM RX/TX power unit.

### Format

**config ddm power\_unit [mw | dbm]**

### Parameters

---

**power\_unit** – Specifies the DDM RX/TX power unit used.  
**mw** – Specifies that the DDM RX/TX power unit used, is milliwatts.  
**dbm** – Specifies that the DDM RX/TX power unit used, is millidb.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the DDM RX/TX power unit to mw:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ddm power_unit mw
Command: config ddm power_unit mw

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 21-4 show ddm

#### Description

This command is used to display the DDM global settings.

#### Format

**show ddm**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the DDM global settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show ddm
Command: show ddm

DDM Log           : Enabled
DDM Trap          : Enabled
DDM Tx/Rx Power Unit : mw

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 21-5 show ddm ports

#### Description

This command is used to show the current operating DDM parameters and configuration values of the optic module of the specified ports. There are two types of thresholds: the administrative configuration and the operation configuration threshold.

For the optic port, when a particular threshold was configured by user, it will be shown in this command with a tag indicating that it is a threshold that user configured, else it would be the threshold read from the optic module that is being inserted.

## Format

**show ddm ports {<portlist>}**

## Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter the range of ports to be displayed here.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show port 2's operating parameters:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ddm ports 2
Command: show ddm ports 2

Port          : 2
-----
DDM State     : Enabled
Shutdown     : None
Module Type   : None

++ : high alarm, + : high warn, - : low warn, -- : low alarm.

                Current  High Alarm   High Warn   Low Warn   Low Alarm
                Threshold Threshold   Threshold   Threshold
-----
Temperature(C)  -      84.96(A)   70.00(A)    2.25(A)   -10.00(A)
Voltage(V)      -          -          -           -          -
Tx Bias(mA)     -          -          -           -          -
Tx Power(dbm)   -          -          -           -          -
Rx Power(dbm)   -          -          -           -          -

A means that the threshold is administratively configured.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 22 DNS Relay Commands

---

```
config dnsr [[primary | secondary] nameserver <ipaddr> | [add | delete] static <domain_name 32>
<ipaddr>]
enable dnsr {[cache | static]}
disable dnsr {[cache | static]}
show dnsr {static}
```

---

## 22-1 config dnsr

### Description

This command is used to add or delete a static entry into the Switch's DNS resolution table, or set up the relay server.

### Format

```
config dnsr [[primary | secondary] nameserver <ipaddr> | [add | delete] static
<domain_name 32> <ipaddr>]
```

### Parameters

---

**primary** - Specifies to indicate that the IP address below is the address of the primary DNS server.

---

**secondary** - Specifies to indicate that the IP address below is the address of the secondary DNS server.

---

**nameserver** - Specifies the IP address of the DNS nameserver.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the DNS nameserver.

---

**add** - Specifies to add the DNS relay function.

---

**delete** - Specifies to delete the DNS relay function.

---

**static** - Specifies the domain name of the entry.  
**<domain\_name32>** - Specifies the domain name.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the entry.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set IP address 10.24.22.5 as the primary DNS server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dnsr primary nameserver 10.24.22.5
Command: config dnsr primary nameserver 10.24.22.5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To add the entry “dns1” with IP address 10.24.22.5 to the DNS static table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dnsr add static dns1 10.24.22.5
Command: config dnsr add static dns1 10.24.22.5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete the entry “dns1” with IP address 10.24.22.5 from the DNS static table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dnsr delete static dns1 10.24.22.5
Command: config dnsr delete static dns1 10.24.22.5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 22-2 enable dnsr

### Description

This command is used to enable DNS relay.

### Format

**enable dnsr** {[cache | static]}

### Parameters

---

**cache** - Specifies to enable the cache lookup for the DNS relay on the switch.

---

**static** - Specifies to enable the static table lookup for the DNS relay on the switch.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable DNS relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dnsr
Command: enable dnsr

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable cache lookup for DNS relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dnsr cache
Command: enable dnsr cache

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable static table lookup for DNS relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable dnsr static
Command: enable dnsr static

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 22-3 disable dnsr

### Description

This command is used to disable DNS relay on the switch.

### Format

**disable dnsr** {[cache | static]}

### Parameters

---

**cache** - (Optional) Specifies to disable the cache lookup for the DNS relay on the switch.

---

**static** - (Optional) Specifies to disable the static table lookup for the DNS relay on the switch.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the status of DNS relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dnsr
Command: disable dnsr

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To disable cache lookup for DNS relay:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dnsr cache
Command: disable dnsr cache

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To disable static table lookup for DNS relay:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable dnsr static
Command: disable dnsr static

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 22-4 show dnsr

### Description

This command is used to display the current DNS relay configuration and static entries.

### Format

**show dnsr {static}**

### Parameters

---

**static** - (Optional) Specifies to display the static entries in the DNS relay table. If this parameter is omitted, the entire DNS relay table will be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the DNS relay status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dnsr
Command: show dnsr

DNSR Status           : Disabled
Primary Name Server   : 0.0.0.0
Secondary Name Server : 0.0.0.0
DNSR Cache Status     : Disabled
DNSR Static Table Status : Disabled
```

DNS Relay Static Table

Domain Name	IP Address
-----	-----
www.123.com.tw	10.12.12.123

Total Entries: 1

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 23 D-Link

## Unidirectional Link Detection (DULD) Commands

---

```
config duld ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | mode [shutdown | normal] |
  discovery_time <sec 5-65535>}
show duld ports {<portlist>}
```

---

### 23-1 config duld ports

#### Description

The command used to configure unidirectional link detection on ports.

Unidirectional link detection provides discovery mechanism based on 802.3ah to discovery its neighbor. If the OAM discovery can complete in configured discovery time, it concludes the link is bidirectional. Otherwise, it starts detecting task to detect the link status.

#### Format

```
config duld ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | mode [shutdown | normal] |
  discovery_time <sec 5-65535>}
```

#### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specify a range of ports to be used.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports used for this configuration here.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for this configuration.

---

**state** - (Optional) Specifies these ports unidirectional link detection status. The default state is disabled.

**enable** - Specifies that the unidirectional link detection status will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the unidirectional link detection status will be disabled.

---

**mode** - (Optional) Specifies the mode the unidirectional link detection will be set to.

**shutdown** - If any unidirectional link is detected, disable the port and log an event.

**normal** - Only log an event when a unidirectional link is detected.

---

**discovery\_time** - (Optional) Specifies these ports neighbor discovery time. If the discovery is timeout, the unidirectional link detection will start. The default discovery time is 5 seconds.

**<sec 5-65535>** - Enter the discovery time value here. This value must be between 5 and 65535.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable unidirectional link detection on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config duld ports 1 state enable
Commands: config duld ports 1 state enable

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**23-2 show duld ports****Description**

This command is used to show unidirectional link detection information.

**Format**

**show duld ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - (Optional) Specify a range of ports to be display.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports to be displayed here.

---



**Note:** If no ports are specified, all the ports will be displayed

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display ports 1-4 unidirectional link detection information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show duld ports 1-4
Command: show duld ports 1-4

Port      Admin State  Oper Status  Mode      Link Status  Discovery Time(Sec)
-----
1         Enabled     Disabled    Normal    Unknown      5
2         Enabled     Disabled    Normal    Unknown      5
3         Disabled    Disabled    Normal    Unknown      5
4         Enabled     Disabled    Normal    Unknown      5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 24 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ERPS) Commands

<b>enable erps</b>
<b>disable erps</b>
<b>create erps raps_vlan</b> <vlanid>
<b>delete erps raps_vlan</b> <vlanid>
<b>config erps raps_vlan</b> <vlanid> [state [enable   disable]   ring_mel <value 0-7>   ring_port [west [<port>   virtual_channel]   east [<port>   virtual_channel]]   rpl_port [west   east   none]   rpl_owner [enable   disable]   protected_vlan [add   delete] vlanid <vidlist>   sub_ring raps_vlan <vlanid> tc_propagation state [enable   disable]   [add   delete] sub_ring raps_vlan <vlanid>   revertive [enable   disable]   timer {holdoff_time <millisecond 0-10000>   guard_time <millisecond 10-2000>   wtr_time <min 5-12>}(1)]
<b>config erps log</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config erps trap</b> [enable   disable]
<b>show erps</b> {raps_vlan <vlanid> {sub_ring}}

## 24-1 enable erps

### Description

This command is used to enable the ERPS function on a switch. STP and LBD should be disabled on the ring ports before enabling ERPS. ERPS cannot be enabled before the R-APS VLAN is created, and ring ports, an RPL port, an RPL owner, are configured. Note that these parameters cannot be changed when ERPS is enabled. In order to guarantee correct operation, the following integrity will be checked when ERPS is enabled:

- R-APS VLAN is created.
- The Ring port is a tagged member port of the R-APS VLAN.
- The RPL port is specified if the RPL owner is enabled.
- The RPL port is not a virtual channel.
- The Ring port is the master port if it belongs to a link aggregation group.

### Format

**enable erps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable ERPS:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable erps
Command: enable erps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-2 disable erps

### Description

This command is used to disable the ERPS function on the switch.

### Format

**disable erps**

### Parameters

None. The ERPS is disabled by default.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable ERPS:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable erps
Command: disable erps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-3 create erps raps\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to create an R-APS VLAN on the switch. There should be only one R-APS VLAN used to transfer R-APS messages. Note that the R-APS VLAN must already have been created by the create vlan command. This command can only be issued when this ring is disabled or ERPS is global disabled.

### Format

**create erps raps\_vlan <vlanid>**

## Parameters

---

**<vlanid>** - Specifies the VLAN which will be the R-APS VLAN.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an ERPS RAPS VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create erps raps_vlan 4094
Command: create erps raps_vlan 4094

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

24-4 delete erps raps\_vlan

## Description

This command is used to delete an R-APS VLAN on the switch. When an R-APS VLAN is deleted, all parameters related to this R-APS VLAN will also be deleted. This command can only be issued when this ring is disabled or when ERPS is globally disabled.

## Format

**delete erps raps\_vlan <vlanid>**

## Parameters

---

**<vlanid>** - Specifies the VLAN which will be the R-APS VLAN.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete an R-APS VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete erps raps_vlan 4094
Command: delete erps raps_vlan 4094

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-5 config erps raps\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to set the R-APS VLAN parameters. The **ring\_mel** command is used to configure the ring MEL for an R-APS VLAN. The ring MEL is one field in the R-APS PDU. Note that if CFM (Connectivity Fault Management) and ERPS are used at the same time, R-APS PDU is one of a suite of Ethernet OAM PDU. The behavior for forwarding of R-APS PDU should follow the Ethernet OAM. If the ring MEL is not higher than the highest MEL of the MEPs on the ring ports, the R-APS PDU cannot be forwarded on the ring.

The **ring\_port** command is used to configure the port that participates in the ERPS ring. Restrictions apply for ports that are included in a link aggregation group. A link aggregation group can be configured as a ring port by specifying the master port of the link aggregation port. Only the master port can be specified as a ring port. If the specified link aggregation group is eliminated, the master port retains its ring port status.

Currently, ring ports can be modified when ERPS is enabled.

If the ring port is configured on a virtual channel, the ring that the port is connected to will be considered as a sub-ring.

Note that modifying the ring port number may not take effect immediately when the ERPS function is enabled. The ring will still run the old configuration protocols if the follow conditions are not satisfied:

- The Ring port is a tagged member port of the R-APS VLAN.

- The RPL port is not in the virtual channel.

- The Ring port is the master port if it belongs to a link aggregation group.

The **rpl** command is used to configure the RPL port and the RPL owner.

**RPL port** - Specifies one of the R-APS VLAN ring ports as the RPL port. To remove an RPL port from an R-APS VLAN, use the **none** designation for **rpl\_port**.

**RPL owner** - Specifies the node as the RPL owner. Note that modifying the RPL port and RPL owner may not take effect immediately when the ERPS function is enabled. The ring will still run on the old configuration protocols if the follow conditions are not satisfied:

- The RPL port is specified if the RPL owner is enabled.

- The RPL port is not virtual channel.

The **protected\_vlan** command is used to configure the VLANs that are protected by the ERPS function. The R-APS VLAN cannot be the protected VLAN. The protected VLAN can be one that has already been created, or it can be used for a VLAN that has not yet been created.

The **timer** commands are used to configure the protocol timers:

**Holdoff timer** - Hold-off timer is used to filter out intermittent link faults when link failure occurs. This timer is used during the protection switching process when link failure occurs. When a ring



node detects a link's failure, it will start the hold off timer. It will report the link failure event (R-APS BPDU with SF flag) after the link failure is confirmed within this period of time.

**Guard timer** - Guard timer is used to prevent ring nodes from receiving outdated R-APS messages. This timer is used during the protection switching process when link failure recovers. When the link node detects that the link failure is recovered, it will report the link failure recovery event (R-APS PDU with NR flag) and start the guard timer before the guard timer expires, all received R-APS messages are ignored by this ring node. Therefore, the blocking state of the recovered link will not be recovered within this period of time. This time should be greater than the maximum expected forwarding delay for which one R-APS message circles around the ring.

**WTR timer** - WTR timer is used to prevent frequent operation of the protection switch due to an intermittent defect. This timer is used during the protection switching process when a link failure recovers. This timer is only used by the RPL owner. When the RPL owner in protection state receives R-APS PDU with an NR flag, it will start the WTR timer. The RPL owner will block the original unblocked RPL port and start to send R-APS PDU with an RB flag after the link recovery is confirmed within this period of time.

## Format

```
config erps raps_vlan <vlanid> [state [enable | disable] | ring_mel <value 0-7> | ring_port
[west [<port> | virtual_channel] | east [<port> | virtual_channel]] | rpl_port [west | east | none]
| rpl_owner [enable | disable] | protected_vlan [add | delete] vlanid <vidlist> | sub_ring
raps_vlan <vlanid> tc_propagation state [enable | disable] | [add | delete] sub_ring
raps_vlan <vlanid> | revertive [enable | disable] | timer {holdoff_time <millisecond 0-10000>
| guard_time <millisecond 10-2000> | wtr_time <min 5-12>}(1)]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>&lt;vlanid&gt;</b> - The VLAN ID associated with the R-APS VLAN.
<b>state</b> - Specifies the ERPS R-APS VLAN state.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies that the ERPS R-APS VLAN state will be enabled.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies that the ERPS R-APS VLAN state will be disabled.
<b>ring_mel</b> - Specifies the ring MEL of the R-APS function. The default ring MEL is 1.
<b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b> - Specifies a value between 0 and 7.
<b>ring_port</b> - Specifies a port participating in the ERPS ring.
<b>west</b> - Specifies the port as the west ring port.
<b>&lt;port&gt;</b> - Specifies a port.
<b>virtual_channel</b> - Specifies the port as a west port on the virtual channel.
<b>east</b> - Specifies the port as the east ring port.
<b>&lt;port&gt;</b> - Specifies a port.
<b>virtual_channel</b> - Specifies the port as an east port on the virtual channel.
<b>rpl_port</b> - By default, the node has no RPL port.
<b>west</b> - Specifies the west ring port as the RPL port.
<b>east</b> - Specifies the east ring port as the RPL port.
<b>none</b> - No RPL port on this node.
<b>rpl_owner</b> - By default, the RPS owner is disabled.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies the device as an RPL owner node.
<b>disable</b> - This node is not an RPL owner.
<b>protected_vlan</b> - Specifies VLANs that are protected by the ERPS function. The R-APS VLAN cannot be the protected VLAN. The protected VLAN can be one that has already been created, or it can be used for a VLAN that has not yet been created.
<b>add</b> - Add VLANs to the protected VLAN group
<b>delete</b> - Delete VLANs from the protected VLAN group.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies a VLAN ID list.
<b>&lt;vidlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of VLAN IDs.

---

---

<b>sub_ring</b> - Specifies the sub-ring configuration information.
<b>raps_vlan</b> - Specifies the R-APS VLAN. <vlanid> - Enter the R-APS VLAN ID used here.
<b>tc_propagation</b> - Specifies to configure the state of the topology change propagation for the sub-ring. <b>state</b> - Specifies the propagation state of the topology change for the sub-ring. <b>enable</b> - Enable the propagation state of the topology change for the sub-ring. <b>disable</b> - Disable the propagation state of the topology change for the sub-ring.
<b>add</b> - Specifies the add a topology change propagation rule.
<b>delete</b> - Specifies the delete a topology change propagation rule.
<b>sub_ring</b> - Specifies the sub-ring configuration. <b>raps_vlan</b> - Specifies the R-APS VLAN. <vlanid> - Enter the R-APS VLAN ID used here.
<b>revertive</b> - Specifies the revertive mode state. <b>enable</b> - Specifies that the revertive mode will be enabled.. <b>disable</b> - Specifies that the revertive mode will be disabled.
<b>timer</b> - Configure the ERPS timers for a specific R-APS VLAN. <b>holdoff_time</b> - Specifies the holdoff time of the R-APS function. <value 0-10000> - Specifies the time between 0 and 10000. The default hold off time is 0 milliseconds. <b>guard_time</b> - Specifies the guard time of the R-APS function. <value 10-2000> - Specifies the time between 10 and 2000. The default guard time is 500 milliseconds. <b>wtr_time</b> - Specifies the WTR time of the R-APS function. <value 5-12> - Specifies the time between 5 and 12. The default WTR time is 5 minutes.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set the R-APS west ring port parameter to 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 ring_port west 5
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 ring_port west 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To set the R-APS east ring port parameter to 7:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 ring_port east 7
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 ring_port east 7

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To set the R-APS RPL parameter:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 rpl_port west
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 rpl_port west

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 rpl_owner enable
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 rpl_owner enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To set the R-APS protected VLAN parameter:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 protected_vlan add vlanid 10-20
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 protected_vlan add vlanid 10-20

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To set the R-APS timer parameter:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps raps_vlan 4094 timer holdoff_time 100 guard_time
1000 wtr_time 10
Command: config erps raps_vlan 4094 timer holdoff_time 100 guard_time 1000
wtr_time 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-6 config erps log

### Description

This command is used to configure the ERPS log state.

### Format

**config erps log [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable the log state. The default value is disabled.

**disable** - Disable the log state.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set the trap state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config erps log enable
Command: config erps log enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-7 config erps trap

### Description

This command is used to configure trap state of ERPS events.

### Format

**config erps trap [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**trap** - Specifies to enable or disable the ERPS trap state.  
**enable** - Enter enable to enable the trap state.  
**disable** - Enter disable to disable the trap state. The default value is disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the trap state of the ERPS:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config erps trap enable
Command: config erps trap enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 24-8 show erps

### Description

This command is used to display ERPS configuration and operation information. The port state of the ring port may be as Forwarding, Blocking, or Signal Fail. Forwarding indicates that traffic is able to be forwarded. Blocking indicates that traffic is blocked by ERPS and a signal failure is not detected on the port. Signal Fail indicates that a signal failure is detected on the port and traffic is blocked by ERPS.

This command is also used to display both admin values and operational values of the ring port. The admin value is the latest user configuration. The operational value is the actual running configuration. Sometimes, modifying a ring needs more than one command. Before the user's configuration can be complete, the current configuration may be invalid. In this case, to avoid a temporary loop, user configurations will not apply to the state machine immediately. ERPS will run the previously configured protocol first which is valid. If the admin value is different from the operational value, it means that the new configuration is not applied.

Both the RPL port and the RPL owner have admin values and operational values, the reason is the same as ring port.

If the ERPS function is disabled on a ring, the admin value of this ring shall be applied to the operational value immediately.

If the ERPS function is enabled on a ring, the admin value of this ring can be applied to the operational value only when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

The Ring port is a tagged member port of the R-APS VLAN.

The RPL port is specified if the RPL owner is enabled.

The RPL port is not a virtual channel.

The Ring port is the master port if it belongs to a link aggregation group.

The save function will record the operational values, if the operational values are different from the admin values.

## Format

**show erps {raps\_vlan <vlanid> {sub\_ring}}**

## Parameters

---

**raps\_vlan** - Specifies the R-APS VLAN.

**<vlanid>** - Enter the R-APS VLAN ID used here.

---

**sub\_ring** - Display the sub-ring configuration information.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display ERPS information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show erps
Command: show erps

Global Status      : Enabled
Log Status         : Disabled
Trap Status        : Disabled
-----
```

```

R-APS VLAN          : 4092
Ring Status         : Enabled
Admin West Port     : 5
Operational West Port : 5 (Blocking)
Admin East Port     : 7
Operational East Port : 7 (Forwarding)
Admin RPL Port      : None
Operational RPL Port : West Port
Admin RPL Owner     : Enabled
Operational RPL Owner : Enabled
Protected VLANs    : 100-300, 4093, 4094
Ring MEL           : 2
Revertive          : Enabled
Holdoff Time       : 0 milliseconds
Guard Time        : 500 milliseconds
WTR Time          : 5 minutes
Current Ring State : Idle
-----
R-APS VLAN          : 4093
Ring Status         : Enabled
Admin West Port     : 5
Operational West Port : Virtual Channel
Admin East Port     : 10
Operational East Port : 10 (Forwarding)
Admin RPL Port      : None
Operational RPL Port : None
Admin RPL Owner     : Enabled
Operational RPL Owner : Disabled
Protected VLANs    : 200-220
Ring MEL           : 2
Revertive          : Enabled
Holdoff Time       : 0 milliseconds
Guard Time        : 500 milliseconds
WTR Time          : 5 minutes
Current Ring State : Idle
-----
R-APS VLAN          : 4094
Ring Status         : Enabled
Admin West Port     : Virtual Channel
Operational West Port : Virtual Channel
Admin East Port     : 12
Operational East Port : 12 (Forwarding)
Admin RPL Port      : None
Operational RPL Port : None
Admin RPL Owner     : Disabled
Operational RPL Owner : Disabled
Protected VLANs    : 250-300
Ring MEL           : 2
Revertive          : Enabled
Holdoff Time       : 0 milliseconds
Guard Time        : 500 milliseconds
WTR Time          : 5 minutes

```

```
Current Ring State      : Idle
-----
Total Ring: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin# show erps raps_vlan 4092 sub_ring
Command: show erps raps_vlan 4092 sub_ring
R-APS VLAN: 4092
Sub-Ring R-APS VLAN      TC Propagation State
-----
4093                      Enabled
4094                      Enabled
-----
Total Sub-Ring Connected: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 25 FDB Commands

<b>create fdb</b> <vlan_name 32> <macaddr> [port <port>   drop]
<b>create multicast fdb</b> <vlan_name 32> <macaddr>
<b>config multicast fdb</b> <vlan_name 32> <macaddr> [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>config fdb aging_time</b> <sec 10-1000000>
<b>config multicast vlan filtering_mode</b> [vlanid <vidlist>   vlan <vlan_name 32>   all] [forward_all_groups   forward_unregistered_groups   filter_unregistered_groups]
<b>delete fdb</b> <vlan_name 32> <macaddr>
<b>clear fdb</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   port <port>   all ]
<b>show multicast fdb</b> { vlan <vlan_name 32>   mac_address <macaddr>}
<b>show fdb</b> {port <port>   vlan <vlan_name 32>   mac_address <macaddr>   static   aging_time   security}
<b>show ipfdb</b> {<ipaddr>}
<b>show multicast vlan filtering_mode</b> {[vlanid <vidlist>   vlan <vlan_name 32>]}

### 25-1 create fdb

#### Description

This command is used to make an entry into the switch's unicast MAC address forwarding database.

#### Format

```
create fdb <vlan_name 32> <macaddr> [port <port> | drop]
```

#### Parameters

<b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies a VLAN name associated with a MAC address. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the MAC address to be added to the static forwarding table.
<b>port</b> - The switch will always forward traffic to the specified device through this port.
<b>&lt;port&gt;</b> - Specifies the port number corresponding to the MAC destination address.
<b>drop</b> - Specifies to have the switch drop traffic.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To create an unicast MAC forwarding:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create fdb default 00-00-00-00-01-02 port 5
Command: create fdb default 00-00-00-00-01-02 port 5

Success.
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 25-2 create multicast\_fdb

**Description**

This command is used to make an entry into the switch's multicast MAC address forwarding database.

**Format**

**create multicast\_fdb <vlan\_name 32> <macaddr>**

**Parameters**


---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the multicast MAC address to be added to the static forwarding table.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create multicast MAC forwarding:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create multicast_fdb default 01-00-5E-00-00-00
Command: create multicast_fdb default 01-00-5E-00-00-00

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-3 config multicast\_fdb

**Description**

This command is used to configure the multicast MAC address forwarding table.

**Format**

**config multicast\_fdb <vlan\_name 32> <macaddr> [add | delete] <portlist>**

**Parameters**


---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides. The maximum name length is 32 characters.

---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address that will be added or deleted to the forwarding table.

---

**add** - Specifies to add ports.

**delete** - Specifies to delete ports.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add multicast MAC forwarding:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config multicast_fdb default 01-00-5E-00-00-00 add 1-5
Command: config multicast_fdb default 01-00-5E-00-00-00 add 1-5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-4 config fdb aging\_time

### Description

This command is used to set the age-out timer for the switch's dynamic unicast MAC address forwarding tables.

### Format

**config fdb aging\_time <sec 10-1000000>**

### Parameters

---

**<sec 10-1000000>** - Specifies the time in seconds that a dynamically learned MAC address will remain in the switch's MAC address forwarding table without being accessed, before being dropped from the database. The range of the value is 10 to 1000000. The default value is 300.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure MAC address aging time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config fdb aging_time 300
Command: config fdb aging_time 300

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-5 config multicast vlan\_filtering\_mode

### Description

This command is used to configure the multicast packet filtering mode for VLANs.

**Format**

```
config multicast vlan_filtering_mode [vlanid <vidlist> | vlan <vlan_name 32> | all]
[forward_all_groups | forward_unregistered_groups | filter_unregistered_groups]
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list to set.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list to set.

---

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN to set.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**all** - Specifies to set all VLANs.

---

**forward\_all\_groups** - Specifies that the filtering mode will be set to forward all groups.

---

**forward\_unregistered\_groups** - Specifies the filtering mode as forward\_unregistered\_groups.

---

**filter\_unregistered\_groups** - Specifies the filtering mode as filter\_unregistered\_groups. This is the default option.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the the multicast packet filtering mode for all VLANs:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config multicast vlan_filtering_mode all
forward_unregistered_groups
Command: config multicast port filtering_mode all forward_unregistered_groups

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**25-6 delete fdb****Description**

This command is used to delete a permanent FDB entry.

**Format**

```
delete fdb <vlan_name 32> <macaddr>
```

**Parameters**


---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address to be deleted from the static forwarding table.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To delete a permanent FDB entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete fdb default 00-00-00-00-01-02
Command: delete fdb default 00-00-00-00-01-02

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-7 clear fdb

**Description**

This command is used to clear the switch's forwarding database of all dynamically learned MAC addresses.

**Format**

**clear fdb [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | port <port> | all ]**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Enter the VLAN name used here. This name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**port** - Specifies the port number corresponding to the dynamically learned MAC address.  
**<port>** - Enter the port number used here.

---

**all** - Specifies to clear all VLANs and ports from the forwarding database.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear all FDB dynamic entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear fdb all
Command: clear fdb all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-8 show multicast\_fdb

**Description**

This command is used to display the contents of the switch's multicast forwarding database.

**Format**

```
show multicast_fdb {vlan <vlan_name 32> | mac_address <macaddr>}
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the MAC address resides.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**mac\_address** - (Optional) Specifies a MAC address, for which FDB entries will be displayed.

**<macaddr>** - Specifies a MAC address, for which FDB entries will be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all multicast FDB entries will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display multicast MAC address table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show multicast_fdb
Command: show multicast_fdb

VLAN Name      : default
MAC Address    : 01-00-5E-00-00-00
Egress Ports   : 1-5
Mode           : Static

Total Entries  : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-9 show fdb

**Description**

This command is used to display the current unicast MAC address forwarding database.

**Format**

```
show fdb {port <port> | vlan <vlan_name 32> | mac_address <macaddr> | static | aging_time
| security}
```

**Parameters**


---

**port** - (Optional) Specifies the entries for one port.

**<port>** - Specifies the entries for one port.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies to display the entries for a specific VLAN.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**mac\_address** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address.

---

---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address.  
**static** - (Optional) Specifies to display all permanent entries.  
**aging\_time** - Specifies to display the unicast MAC address aging time.  
**security** – Specifies to display the security settings.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all unicast FDB entries will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display unicast MAC address table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show fdb
Command: show fdb

Unicast MAC Address Ageing Time = 300

VID      VLAN Name                MAC Address                Port    Type
----      -
1        default                  00-00-00-00-01-02        5       Permanent
1        default                  00-01-02-03-04-00        CPU     Self

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-10 show ipfdb

### Description

This command is used to display the IP address forwarding table on the switch.

### Format

**show ipfdb {<ipaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the forwarding table.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the IP address forwarding table on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipfdb
Command: show ipfdb

Interface      IP Address      Port      Learned
-----
-----

Total Entries: 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 25-11 show multicast vlan\_filtering\_mode

### Description

This command is used to display the multicast packet filtering mode for VLANs.

### Format

**show multicast vlan\_filtering\_mode {[vlanid <vidlist> | vlan <vlan\_name 32>]}**

### Parameters

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies to display the entries by VLAN ID list.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies to display the entries by VLAN ID list.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies to display the entries for a specific VLAN.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show multicast filtering mode for ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show multicast vlan_filtering_mode
Command: show multicast vlan_filtering_mode

VLAN ID/VLAN Name      Multicast Filter Mode
-----
-----
1 /default             forward_unregistered_groups

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 26 Filter Commands

---

```

config filter dhcp_server [add permit server_ip <ipaddr> {client_mac <macaddr>} ports
  [<portlist> | all] | delete permit server_ip <ipaddr> {client_mac <macaddr>} ports [<portlist> |
  all] | ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable] | illegal_server_log_suppress_duration [1min
  | 5min | 30min] | trap_log [enable | disable]]
show filter dhcp_server
config filter extensive_netbios [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]
show filter extensive_netbios
config filter netbios [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]
show filter netbios

```

---

### 26-1 config filter dhcp\_server

#### Description

This command has two purposes: to specify to filter all DHCP server packets on the specific port and to specify to allow some DHCP server packets with pre-defined server IP addresses and client MAC addresses. With this function, we can restrict the DHCP server to service specific DHCP clients. This is useful when two DHCP servers are present on the network; one of them can provide the private IP address and the other can provide the public IP address.

Enabling filter DHCP server port state will create one access profile and create one access rule per port (UDP port = 68). Filter commands in this file will share the same access profile. Addition of a permit DHCP entry will create one access profile and create one access rule. Filter commands in this file will share the same access profile.

#### Format

```

config filter dhcp_server [add permit server_ip <ipaddr> {client_mac <macaddr>} ports
  [<portlist> | all] | delete permit server_ip <ipaddr> {client_mac <macaddr>} ports [<portlist> |
  all] | ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable] | illegal_server_log_suppress_duration
  [1min | 5min | 30min] | trap_log [enable | disable]]

```

#### Parameters

---

**add permit server\_ip** - Specifies the IP address of the DHCP server to be permitted.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address.

**client\_mac** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address of the DHCP client.

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address.

**ports** - Specifies the ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**delete permit server\_ip** - Specifies the delete permit server IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address.

**client\_mac** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address of the DHCP client.

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address.

**ports** - Specifies the ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**ports** - Specifies the ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

---



---

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**state** - Specifies the port status.

**enable** - Enable the state.

**disable** - Disable the state.

---

**illegal\_server\_log\_suppress\_duration** - Specifies the illegal server log suppression duration.

**1min** - Specifies an illegal server log suppression duration of 1 minute.

**5min** - Specifies an illegal server log suppression duration of 5 minutes.

**30min** - Specifies an illegal server log suppression duration of 30 minutes.

---

**trap\_log** - Specifies the trap log status.

**enable** - Enable the trap log feature.

**disable** - Disable the trap log feature.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add an entry from the DHCP server/client filter list in the switch's database:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config filter dhcp_server add permit server_ip 10.1.1.1
client_mac 00-00-00-00-00-01 port 1-12
Command: config filter dhcp_server add permit server_ip 10.1.1.1 client_mac 00-
00-00-00-00-01 port 1-12

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the filter DHCP server state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config filter dhcp_server ports 1-10 state enable
Command: config filter dhcp_server ports 1-10 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 26-2 show filter dhcp\_server

### Description

This command is used to display the DHCP server/client filter list created on the switch.

### Format

**show filter dhcp\_server**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display the DHCP server/client filter list created on the switch:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show filter dhcp_server
Command: show filter dhcp_server

Enabled Ports:

Trap & Log State: Disabled

Illegal Server Log Suppress Duration:5 minutes
Filter DHCP Server/Client Table
Server IP Address Client MAC Address  Port
-----
-----

Total Entries: 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 26-3 config filter extensive\_netbios

### Description

This command is used to configure the switch to deny NetBIOS packets over 802.3 frames on the network. Enabling the filterNetBIOS packets over 802.3 frames will create one access profile and one access rule per port automatically. Filter commands in this file will share the same access profile.

### Format

**config filter extensive\_netbios [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the port or range of ports to configure.

---

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**state** - Specifies the status of the filter to block the NetBIOS packets over 802.3 frames.

**enable** - Enable the filter to block the NetBIOS packets over 802.3 frames.

**disable** - Disable the filter to block the NetBIOS packets over 802.3 frames.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the extensive NetBIOS filter state on ports 1 to 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config filter extensive_netbios 1-10 state enable
Command: config filter extensive_netbios 1-10 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 26-4 show filter extensive\_netbios

### Description

This command is used to display the extensive NetBIOS filter state on the switch.

### Format

**show filter extensive\_netbios**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the extensive NetBIOS filter state on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show filter extensive_netbios
Command: show filter extensive_netbios

Enabled Ports: 1-3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 26-5 config filter netbios

### Description

This command is used to configure the Switch to deny NetBIOS packets on the network. Enabling of the filter NetBIOS state will create one access profile and three access rules per port automatically (UDP ports 137 and 138 and TCP port 139). Filter commands in this file will share the same access profile.

### Format

**config filter netbios [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

## Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the port or range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**state** - Specifies the status of the filter to block NetBIOS packets.

**enable** - Enable the filter to block NetBIOS packets.

**disable** - Disable the filter to block NetBIOS packets.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the NetBIOS filter state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config filter netbios 1-10 state enable
Command: config filter netbios 1-10 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 26-6 show filter netbios

### Description

This command is used to display the NetBIOS filter state on the switch.

### Format

**show filter netbios**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the NetBIOS filter state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show filter netbios
Command: show filter netbios

Enabled Ports: 1-3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 27 IGMP Snooping Commands

<b>config igmp_snooping</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] {state [enable   disable]   fast_leave [enable   disable]   proxy_reporting {state [enable   disable]   source_ip <ipaddr>}}(1)
<b>config igmp_snooping querier</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] {query_interval <sec 1-65535>   max_response_time <sec 1-25>   robustness_variable <value 1-7>   last_member_query_interval <sec 1-25>   state [enable   disable]   version <value 1-3> } (1)
<b>config router_ports</b> [<vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>config router_ports forbidden</b> [<vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>enable igmp_snooping</b>
<b>disable igmp_snooping</b>
<b>show igmp_snooping</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>]}
<b>clear igmp_snooping group</b> [all   {<ipaddr>   ports <portlist>}]
<b>show igmp_snooping group</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   ports <portlist>} {<ipaddr>}} {data_driven}
<b>create igmp_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>
<b>config igmp_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr> [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>delete igmp_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>
<b>show igmp_snooping static_group</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>}
<b>show igmp_snooping statistic counter</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   ports <portlist>]
<b>clear igmp_snooping statistics counter</b>
<b>config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning</b> [all   vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] {state [enable   disable]   aged_out [enable   disable]   expiry_time <sec 1-65535>} (1)
<b>config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry</b> <value 1-1024>
<b>clear igmp_snooping data_driven_group</b> [all   [vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlanid <vlanid>] [<ipaddr>   all]]
<b>show igmp_snooping forwarding</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>]}
<b>show igmp_snooping host</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   ports <portlist>   group <ipaddr>]}
<b>show router_ports</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] {[static   dynamic   forbidden]}
<b>show igmp_snooping group port_num</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] {<ipaddr>}}
<b>config igmp_snooping querier edge_port</b> [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>config igmp_snooping message_limit</b> [ports <portlist>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [<value 1-1000>   no_limit]
<b>show igmp_snooping message_limit</b> [ports <portlist>   vlanid <vlanid_list>]

## 27-1 config igmp\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to configure IGMP snooping on the switch.

## Format

```
config igmp_snooping [vlan_name <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | all] {state [enable
| disable] | fast_leave [enable | disable] | proxy_reporting {state [enable | disable] |
source_ip {<ipaddr>}}(1)}
```

## Parameters

<b>vlan_name</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN for which IGMP snooping is to be configured. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to configure all VLANs.
<b>state</b> - Enable or disable IGMP snooping for the chosen VLAN. <b>enable</b> - Enable IGMP snooping for the chosen VLAN. <b>disable</b> - Disable IGMP snooping for the chosen VLAN.
<b>fast_leave</b> - Enable or disable the IGMP snooping fast leave function. If enabled, the membership is immediately removed when the system receive the IGMP leave message. <b>enable</b> - Enable the IGMP snooping fast leave function. <b>disable</b> - Disable the IGMP snooping fast leave function.
<b>proxy_reporting</b> - Specifies to enable or disable the IGMP snooping proxy reporting function. <b>state</b> - Specifies the IGMP snooping proxy reporting function state. <b>enable</b> - Specifies that the IGMP snooping proxy reporting function state will be enabled. <b>disable</b> - Specifies that the IGMP snooping proxy reporting function state will be disabled.
<b>source_ip</b> - Specifies the source IP address of the report. If it is not specified, the System IP address will be used as the protocol souce IP address. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Enter the source IP adres of the report here.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure IGMP snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping vlan_name default state enable
fast_leave enable
Command: config igmp_snooping vlan_name default state enable fast_leave enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-2 config igmp\_snooping querier

### Description

This command is used to configure the IGMP snooping querier.

### Format

```
config igmp_snooping querier [vlan_name <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | all]
{query_interval <sec 1-65535> | max_response_time <sec 1-25> | robustness_variable
```

<value 1-7> | last\_member\_query\_interval <sec 1-25> | state [enable | disable] | version  
<value 1-3> (1)

## Parameters

---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the name of the VLAN for which IGMP snooping querier is to be configured.

<vlan\_name 32> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

<vlanid\_list> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**all** - Specifies to configure all VLANs and VLAN IDs.

---

**query\_interval** - Specifies the amount of time in seconds between general query transmissions.

<sec 1-65535> - Specifies the amount of time in seconds between general query transmissions. The default setting is 125 seconds.

---

**max\_response\_time** - Specifies the maximum time in seconds to wait for reports from members.

<sec 1-25> - Specifies the maximum time in seconds to wait for reports from members. The default setting is 10 seconds.

---

**robustness\_variable** - Provides fine-tuning to allow for expected packet loss on a subnet. The value of the robustness variable is used in calculating the following IGMP message intervals:

- Group member interval—Amount of time that must pass before a multicast router decides there are no more members of a group on a network. This interval is calculated as follows: (robustness variable x query interval) + (1 x query response interval).
- Other querier present interval—Amount of time that must pass before a multicast router decides that there is no longer another multicast router that is the querier. This interval is calculated as follows: (robustness variable x query interval) + (0.5 x query response interval).
- Last member query count—Number of group-specific queries sent before the router assumes there are no local members of a group. The default number is the value of the robustness variable.

<value 1-7> - Specifies the value between 1 and 7. Increase the value if you expect a subnet to be lossy. The robustness variable is set to 2 by default.

---

**last\_member\_query\_interval** - Specifies the maximum amount of time between group-specific query messages, including those sent in response to leave-group messages. You might lower this interval to reduce the amount of time it takes a router to detect the loss of the last member of a group.

<sec 1-25> - Specifies the time between 1 and 25 seconds.

---

**state** - If the state is enable, it allows the switch to be selected as a IGMP Querier (sends IGMP query packets). If the state is disabled, then the switch can not play the role as a querier. Note that if the Layer 3 router connected to the switch provides only the IGMP proxy function but does not provide the multicast routing function, then this state must be configured as disabled. Otherwise, if the Layer 3 router is not selected as the querier, it will not send the IGMP query packet. Since it will not also send the multicast-routing protocol packet, the port will be timed out as a router port.

**enable** - Allows the switch to be selected as an IGMP Querier (sends IGMP query packets).

**disable** - When disabled, the switch can not play the role as a querier.

---

**version** - Specifies the version of IGMP packet that will be sent by this port. If a IGMP packet received by the interface has a version higher than the specified version, this packet will be dropped.

<value 1-3> - Specifies the values between 1 and 3. By default, the version is 2.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the IGMP snooping querier:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping querier vlan_name default
query_interval 125 state enable
Command: config igmp_snooping querier vlan_name default query_interval 125
state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-3 config router\_ports

### Description

This command is used to designate a range of ports as being connected to multicast-enabled routers. This will ensure that all packets with such a router as its destination will reach the multicast-enabled router, regardless of protocol.

### Format

**config router\_ports [<vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] [add | delete] <portlist>**

### Parameters

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

**add** - Specifies to add the router ports.

**delete** - Specifies to delete the router ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set up static router ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config router_ports default add 1-10
Command: config router_ports default add 1-10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-4 config router\_ports\_forbidden

### Description

This command is used to designate a range of ports as being not connected to multicast-enabled routers. This ensures that the forbidden router port will not propagate routing packets out.



**Format**

**config router\_ports\_forbidden** [<vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] [add | delete]  
 <portlist>

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>add</b> - Specifies to add the router ports.
<b>delete</b> - Specifies to delete the router ports.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To set up port range 1 to 7 to be forbidden router ports of the default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config router_ports_forbidden default add 1-7
Command: config router_ports_forbidden default add 1-7

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**27-5 enable igmp\_snooping****Description**

This command allows you to enable IGMP snooping on the switch.

**Format**

**enable igmp\_snooping**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable IGMP snooping on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable igmp_snooping
Command: enable igmp_snooping

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-6 disable igmp\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to disable IGMP snooping on the switch. IGMP snooping can be disabled only if IP multicast routing is not being used. Disabling IGMP snooping allows all IGMP and IP multicast traffic to flood within a given IP interface.

### Format

**disable igmp\_snooping**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable IGMP snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable igmp_snooping
Command: disable igmp_snooping

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-7 show igmp\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to display the current IGMP snooping configuration on the switch.

### Format

**show igmp\_snooping** {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]}

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN to display the IGMP snooping configuration.

---

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN. The maximum length is 32 characters.  
**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID to display the IGMP snooping configuration.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies a range of VLAN IDs.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all current IGMP snooping configuration.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show IGMP snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping
Command: show igmp_snooping

IGMP Snooping Global State           : Disabled
Data Driven Learning Max Entries     : 128
Querier Edge Port                    :

VLAN Name                            : default
Query Interval                       : 125
Max Response Time                    : 10
Robustness Value                     : 2
Last Member Query Interval           : 1
Querier State                        : Disable
Querier Role                         : Non-Querier
Querier IP                           : 0.0.0.0
Querier Expiry Time                  : 0 secs
State                                : Disable
Fast Leave                           : Disable
Proxy Reporting                      : Enable
Proxy Reporting Source IP            : 10.90.90.90 (System IP address)
Message Limit                        : No Limitation
Version                              : 2
Data Driven Learning State           : Enable
Data Driven Learning Aged Out       : Disable
Data Driven Group Expiry Time       : 260

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-8 clear igmp\_snooping group

### Description

This command is used to clear the current IGMP snooping group information on the Switch.

**Format**

**clear igmp\_snooping group [all | {<ipaddr> | ports <portlist>}]**

**Parameters**


---

**all** – Specifies that the IGMP snooping group information will be cleared for all the entries.

---

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies that the IGMP snooping group information for the entered IP address will be cleared.

---

**ports** – (Optional) Specifies the list of ports that will be cleared.

---

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, that will be cleared, here.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To clear IGMP snooping groups:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear igmp_snooping group all
Command: clear igmp_snooping group all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**27-9 show igmp\_snooping group****Description**

This command is used to display the current IGMP snooping group information on the switch.

**Format**

**show igmp\_snooping group {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list> | ports <portlist>} {<ipaddr>}} {data\_driven}**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN for which you want to view IGMP snooping group information.

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the ID of the VLAN for which to view IGMP snooping group information.

---

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the list of ports for which to view IGMP snooping group information.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the group IP address for which to view IGMP snooping group information.

---

**data\_driven** - (Optional) If this is specified, only data driven groups will be displayed.

---

If no parameter is specified, the system will display all current IGMP group snooping information of the Switch.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display IGMP snooping groups:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping group
Command: show igmp_snooping group

Source/Group      : NULL / 224.106.0.211
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports      : 1
UP Time           : 223 sec
Expiry Time       : 37 sec
Filter Mode       : EXCLUDE

Source/Group      : NULL / 234.54.163.75
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports      : 1
UP Time           : 223 sec
Expiry Time       : 37 sec
Filter Mode       : EXCLUDE

Source/Group      : 110.56.32.100 / 235.10.160.5
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports      : 2
UP Time           : 221 sec
Expiry Time       : 0 sec
Filter Mode       : EXCLUDE

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 27-10 create igmp\_snooping static\_group

### Description

This command allows users to create an IGMP snooping static group. Member ports can be added to the static group. The static member and the dynamic member port form the member ports of a group. The static group will only take effect when IGMP snooping is enabled on the VLAN. For those static member ports, the device needs to emulate the IGMP protocol operation to the querier, and forward the traffic destined to the multicast group to the member ports. For a layer 3 device, the device is also responsible to route the packet destined for this specific group to static member ports. The static member port will only affect V2 IGMP operation. The Reserved IP multicast address 224.0.0.X must be excluded from the configured group. The VLAN must be created first before a static group can be created.

### Format

```
create igmp_snooping static_group [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>
```

## Parameters

- 
- vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
- 
- vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
- 
- <ipaddr>** - Specifies the multicast group IP address (for Layer 3 switch).
- 

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an IGMP snooping static group on default VLAN, group 239.1.1.1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1
Command: create igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-11 config igmp\_snooping static\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure an IGMP snooping static group on the switch. When a port is configured as a static member port, the IGMP protocol will not operate on this port. Therefore, suppose that a port is a dynamic member port learned by IGMP. If this port is configured as a static member later, then the IGMP protocol will stop operating on this port. The IGMP protocol will resume once this port is removed from static member ports. The static member port will only affect V2 IGMP operation.

### Format

```
config igmp_snooping static_group [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>
[add | delete] <portlist>
```

## Parameters

- 
- vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
- 
- vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
- 
- <ipaddr>** - Specifies the multicast group IP address (for Layer 3 switch).
- 
- add** - Specifies to add the member ports.
- 
- delete** - Specifies to delete the member ports.
- 
- <portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
- 

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add ports 9 and 10 to be IGMP snooping static member ports for group 239.1.1.1 on default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1 add
9-10
Command: config igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1 add 9-10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-12 delete igmp\_snooping static\_group

**Description**

This command is used to delete an IGMP snooping static group on the switch. The deletion of an IGMP snooping static group will not affect the IGMP snooping dynamic member ports for a group.

**Format**

**delete igmp\_snooping static\_group [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] <ipaddr>**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list on which the router port resides.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the multicast group IP address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an IGMP snooping static group from the default VLAN, group 239.1.1.1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1
Command: delete igmp_snooping static_group vlan default 239.1.1.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-13 show igmp\_snooping static\_group

**Description**

This command is used to display the IGMP snooping static multicast group.

**Format**

```
show igmp_snooping static_group {[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipaddr>}
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list on which the router port resides.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the multicast group IP address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display all the IGMP snooping static groups:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping static_group
Command: show igmp_snooping static_group

VLAN ID/Name                IP Address                Static Member Ports
-----
1/Default                    239.1.1.1                 9-10

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**27-14 show igmp\_snooping statistic counter****Description**

This command is used to display the IGMP snooping statistics counter for IGMP protocol packets that are transmitted or received by the switch since IGMP snooping was enabled.

**Format**

```
show igmp_snooping statistic counter [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | ports <portlist>]
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies a VLAN to be displayed.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs to be displayed.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**ports** - Specifies a list of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a list of ports.

---



## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the IGMP snooping statistics counter for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping statistic counter ports 1
Command: show igmp_snooping statistic counter ports 1

Port #           : 1
-----
Group Number     : 0

Receive Statistics
  Query
    IGMP v1 Query           : 0
    IGMP v2 Query           : 0
    IGMP v3 Query           : 0
    Total                   : 0
    Dropped By Message Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN : 0

  Report & Leave
    IGMP v1 Report          : 0
    IGMP v2 Report          : 0
    IGMP v3 Report          : 0
    IGMP v2 Leave           : 0
    Total                   : 0
    Dropped By Message Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Max Group Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Group Filter   : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN Source Port : 0

Transmit Statistics
  Query
    IGMP v1 Query           : 0
    IGMP v2 Query           : 0
    IGMP v3 Query           : 0
    Total                   : 0

  Report & Leave
    IGMP v1 Report          : 0
    IGMP v2 Report          : 0
    IGMP v3 Report          : 0
    IGMP v2 Leave           : 0
    Total                   : 0

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-15 clear igmp\_snooping statistics counter

### Description

This command is used to clear the IGMP snooping statistics counter on the switch.

### Format

**clear igmp\_snooping statistics counter**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To clear the IGMP snooping statistic counter:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear igmp_snooping statistics counter
Command: clear igmp_snooping statistics counter

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-16 config igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_learning

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable data driven learning of an IGMP snooping group. When data-driven learning is enabled for the VLAN, the switch receives the IP multicast traffic on this VLAN, and an IGMP snooping group is created. That is, the learning of an entry is not activated by IGMP membership registration, but activated by the traffic. For an ordinary IGMP snooping entry, the IGMP protocol will take care of the aging out of the entry. For a data-driven entry, the entry can be specified not to ageout or to ageout by the aging timer.

When data driven learning is enabled, the multicast filtering mode for all ports is ignored. This means multicast packets will be flooded. If a data-driven group is created and IGMP member ports are learned later, the entry will become an ordinary IGMP snooping entry. Thus, the aging out mechanism will follow the rules of an ordinary IGMP snooping entry.

### Format

**config igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_learning [all | vlan\_name <vlan\_name> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] {state [enable | disable] | aged\_out [enable | disable] | expiry\_time <sec 1-65535>} (1)**

## Parameters

---

<b>all</b>	- Specifies to configure all VLANs and VLAN IDs.
<b>vlan_name</b>	- Specifies the VLAN name to be configured. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>vlanid</b>	- Specifies the VLAN ID to be configured. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.
<b>state</b>	- Specifies whether to enable or disable the data driven learning of an IGMP snooping group. This is enabled by default. <b>enable</b> - Enable data driven learning of an IGMP snooping group. <b>disable</b> - Disable data driven learning of an IGMP snooping group.
<b>aged_out</b>	- Enable or disable the aging of the entry. This is disabled by default. <b>enable</b> - Enable the aging of the entry. <b>disable</b> - Disable the aging of the entry.
<b>expiry_time</b>	- Specifies the data driven group lifetime in seconds. This parameter is valid only when <b>aged_out</b> is enabled. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - Specifies the time between 1 and 65535 seconds.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable data driven learning of an IGMP snooping group on a default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning vlan_name default
state enable
Command: config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning vlan_name default state
enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-17 config igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_learning max\_learned\_entry

### Description

This command is used to configure the maximum number of groups that can be learned by the data driven mechanism. When the table is full, the system will stop learning new data-driven groups. Traffic for the new groups will be dropped.

### Format

**config igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_learning max\_learned\_entry <value 1-1024>**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;value 1-1024&gt;</b>	- Specifies the maximum number of groups that can be learned by the data driven mechanism. The default is 128.
-----------------------------	--

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set the maximum number of groups that can be learned by data driven:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry
50
Command: config igmp_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry 50

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-18 clear igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_group

### Description

This command is used to delete the IGMP snooping group learned by the data driven mechanism.

### Format

**clear igmp\_snooping data\_driven\_group [all | [vlan\_name <vlan\_name> | vlanid <vlanid>] [<ipaddr> | all]]**

### Parameters

---

**all** - Specifies all VLANs to which IGMP snooping groups will be deleted.

---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

**<vlanid>** - Specifies a list of the VLAN IDs.

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the group's IP address learned by data driven.

---

**all** - Delete all IGMP snooping groups of specified VLANs.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete all the groups learned by the data-driven mechanism:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear igmp_snooping data_driven_group all
Command: clear igmp_snooping data_driven_group all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-19 show igmp\_snooping forwarding

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current IGMP snooping forwarding table. It provides an easy way for users to check the list of ports that the multicast group comes from in terms of specific sources. The packets come from the source VLAN. They will be forwarded to the forwarding VLAN. The IGMP snooping further restricts the forwarding ports.

### Format

**show igmp\_snooping forwarding** {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]}

### Parameters

---

<b>vlan</b> - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN to be displayed.
<vlan_name 32> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - (Optional) Specifies a list of VLANs to be displayed.
<vlanid_list> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all current IGMP snooping forwarding table entries of the switch.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display all IGMP snooping forwarding entries located on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping forwarding
Command: show igmp_snooping forwarding

VLAN Name      : default
Source IP      : 10.90.90.114
Multicast Group: 225.0.0.0
Port Member    : 2,7

VLAN Name      : default
Source IP      : 10.90.90.10
Multicast Group: 225.0.0.1
Port Member    : 2,5

Total Entries  : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-20 show igmp\_snooping host

**Description**

This command is used to display the IGMP hosts that have joined groups on a specific port or specific VLAN.

**Format**

**show igmp\_snooping host** {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list> | ports <portlist> | group <ipaddr>]}

**Parameters**

<b>vlan</b> - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name to display the host information. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID to display the host information. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>ports</b> - (Optional) Specifies the list of ports to display the host information. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
<b>group</b> - (Optional) Specifies the group to display the host information. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address.
If no information is specified, all the joining hosts will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the host IP information on the default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping host vlan default
Command: show igmp_snooping host vlan default

Port VLANID  Group           Host           Timeout (Sec)  Up Time (HH:MM:SS)
-----
1      1           225.0.0.1      10.0.0.1       199            00:01:02
1      1           225.0.0.2      10.0.0.2       199            00:01:02
1      1           225.0.0.3      10.0.0.3       199            00:01:02
1      1           225.0.0.4      10.0.0.4       199            00:01:01
1      1           225.0.0.5      10.0.0.5       199            00:01:01

Total Entries : 5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display the host IP information for the group 225.0.1.0:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping host group 225.0.1.0
Command: show igmp_snooping host group 225.0.1.0

Port VLANID  Group                Host                Timeout Up Time
-----
1      1      225.0.1.0           10.0.0.1           199      00:01:02
1      1      225.0.1.0           10.0.0.2           199      00:01:02
1      1      225.0.1.0           10.0.0.3           199      00:01:02

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-21 show router\_ports

### Description

This command is used to display the currently configured router ports on the switch.

### Format

**show router\_ports [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list> | all] {[static | dynamic | forbidden]}**

### Parameters

<b>vlan</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the router port resides. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>all</b> - Specifies that all the VLANs will be included in the display.
<b>static</b> - (Optional) Display router ports that have been statically configured.
<b>dynamic</b> - (Optional) Display router ports that have been dynamically registered.
<b>forbidden</b> - (Optional) Display forbidden router ports that have been statically configured.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all currently configured router ports on the switch.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the router ports on the default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show router_ports vlan default
Command: show router_ports vlan default

VLAN Name                : default
Static Router Port       :
Dynamic Router Port      :
```

```

Router IP                :
Forbidden Router Port    :

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 27-22 show igmp\_snooping group port\_num

### Description

The command is used to display how many ports joined a specific IGMP snooping group.

### Format

```
show igmp_snooping group port_num {[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>]
<ipaddr>}
```

### Parameters

- 
- vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name used for the display.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Enter the VLAN name used here. This name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

  - vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID used for the display.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID used here.

---

  - <ipaddr>** - (Optional) Enter the group's IP address, to be displayed, here.
- 

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display how many ports joined a specific IGMP snooping group:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# show igmp_snooping group port_num
Command: show igmp_snooping group port_num

Group                : 225.0.0.5
VLAN Name/VID        : default/1
Number Of Ports      : 1

Group                : 225.0.0.6
VLAN Name/VID        : default/1
Number Of Ports      : 2

Group                : 225.0.0.7
VLAN Name/VID        : default/1
Number Of Ports      : 3

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```



## 27-23 config igmp\_snooping querier\_edge\_port

**Description**

This command is used to configure the IGMP snooping edge port settings. Here the user can add or remove edge ports to or from the IGMP snooping querier configuration.

**Format**

**config igmp\_snooping querier\_edge\_port [add | delete] <portlist>**

**Parameters**

**add** - Specifies that the following port(s) will be added as an IGMP snooping querier edge port.

**delete** - Specifies that the following port(s) will be removed as an IGMP snooping querier edge port.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports used for this configuration here.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add edge ports to the IGMP snooping querier configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping querier_edge_port add 12
Command: config igmp_snooping querier_edge_port add 12

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 27-24 config igmp\_snooping message\_limit

**Description**

This command is used to configure the IGMP snooping message limit.

**Format**

**config igmp\_snooping message\_limit [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] [<value 1-1000> | no\_limit]**

**Parameters**

**ports** - Specifies the list of ports to use for this configuration.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for this configuration, here.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID used for this configuration.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID list, used for this configuration, here.

**<value 1-1000>** - Enter the IGMP snooping message limit value here. This value must be between 1 and 1000.

---

**no\_limit** - Specifies that the IGMP snooping message limit will be set to no limit. This is the default setting.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the IGMP snooping message limit:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping message_limit ports 12 100
Command: config igmp_snooping message_limit ports 12 100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

27-25 show igmp\_snooping message\_limit

### Description

This command is used to display the IGMP snooping message limit.

### Format

**show igmp\_snooping message\_limit [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies the list of ports to use for this display.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for this display, here.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID used for this display.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID list, used for this display, here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the IGMP snooping message limit:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping message_limit ports 11-12
Command: show igmp_snooping message_limit ports 11-12

Port          Message Limit
-----
11            No Limit
12            No Limit

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 28 IGMP Snooping Multicast (ISM) VLAN Commands

---

```

create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> <vlanid 2-4094> {remap_priority [<value
0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> {[add | delete] [member_port <portlist> |
[source_port <portlist> | untag_source_port <portlist>] | tag_member_port <portlist>] | state
[enable | disable] | replace_source_ip {[<ipaddr> | none]} | remap_priority [<value 0-7> | none]
{replace_priority}}(1)
create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile <profile_name 1-32>
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile <profile_name 1-32> [add | delete]
<mcast_address_list>
delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile [profile_name <profile_name 1-32> | all]
show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile {<profile_name 1-32>}
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group <vlan_name 32> [add | delete] profile_name
<profile_name 1-32>
show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group {<vlan_name 32>}
delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32>
enable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan
disable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan
show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan {<vlan_name 32>}
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched [disable | enable]
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan [enable | disable]

```

---

## 28-1 create igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to create an IGMP snooping multicast VLAN and implements relevant parameters as specified. More than one multicast VLAN can be configured. Newly created IGMP snooping multicast VLANs must use a unique VLAN ID and name, i.e. they cannot use the VLAN ID or name of any existing 802.1Q VLAN. Also keep in mind the following conditions: multicast VLANs cannot be configured or displayed using 802.1Q VLAN commands; an IP interface cannot be bound to a multicast VLAN; and the multicast VLAN snooping function co-exists with the 802.1Q VLAN snooping function.

### Format

```

create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> <vlanid 2-4094> {remap_priority
[<value 0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}

```

### Parameters

---

```

<vlan_name 32> - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be created. Each multicast VLAN
is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.
<vlanid 2-4094> - Specifies the VLAN ID of the multicast VLAN to be created. The range is from
2 to 4094.

```

---

---

**remap\_priority** - (Optional) Specifies the remap priority that will be used.  
**<value 0-7>** - Specifies the remap priority (0 to 7) to be associated with the data traffic to be forwarded on the multicast VLAN.  
**none** - If none is specified, the packet's original priority will be used. The default setting is none.

---

**replace\_priority** - (Optional) Specifies that the packet's priority will be changed by the switch, based on the remap priority. This flag will only take effect when the remap priority is set.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an IGMP snooping multicast VLAN with the VLAN name mv1 and the VID 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan mv1 2
Command: create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan mv1 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-2 config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to configure IGMP snooping multicast VLAN parameters. The member port list and source port list cannot overlap. However, the member port of one multicast VLAN can overlap with another multicast VLAN. The multicast VLAN must be created first using the **create igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan** command before the multicast VLAN can be configured.

### Format

```
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> {[add | delete] [member_port
<portlist> | [source_port <portlist> | untag_source_port <portlist>] | tag_member_port
<portlist>] | state [enable | disable] | replace_source_ip {[<ipaddr> | none]} | remap_priority
[<value 0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be configured. Each multicast VLAN is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.

---

**add** - Specifies to add a port.

---

**delete** - Specifies to delete a port.

---

**member\_port** - Specifies member port of the multicast VLAN. The specified range of ports will become untagged members of the multicast VLAN.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**source\_port** - Specifies source port where the multicast traffic is entering the Switch.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**untag\_source\_port** - Specifies the untagged source port where the multicast traffic is entering the Switch. The PVID of the untagged source port is automatically changed to the multicast VLAN. Source ports must be either tagged or untagged for any single multicast VLAN, i.e. both types cannot be members of the same multicast VLAN

---

---

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>tag_member_port</b>	- Specifies the tagged member port of the multicast VLAN.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>state</b>	- (Optional) Specifies if the multicast VLAN for a chosen VLAN should be enabled or disabled.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable multicast VLAN for the chosen VLAN.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable multicast VLAN for the chosen VLAN.
<b>replace_source_ip</b>	- With the IGMP snooping function, the IGMP report packet sent by the host will be forwarded to the source port. Before forwarding of the packet, the source IP address in the join packet needs to be replaced by this IP address. If none is specified, the source IP address will not be replaced. If the replacement source IP address is not specified, then the System's IP address will be used.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b>	- Enter the replacement source IP address used here.
<b>none</b>	- Specifies that no replacement source IP address will be used.
<b>remap_priority</b>	- Specifies the remap priority here.
<b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b>	- The remap priority value (0 to 7) to be associated with the data traffic to be forwarded on the multicast VLAN.
<b>none</b>	- If none is specified, the packet's original priority is used. The default setting is none.
<b>replace_priority</b>	- (Optional) Specifies that the packet priority will be changed to the remap priority, but only if remap priority is set.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure an IGMP snooping multicast VLAN with the name "v1", make ports 1 and 3 members of the VLAN, and set the state to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan v1 add member_port 1,3
state enable
Command: config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan v1 add member_port 1,3 state
enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-3 create igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to create a multicast group profile. The profile name for IGMP snooping must be unique.

### Format

**create igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile <profile\_name 1-32>**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;profile_name 1-32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
----------------------------------	---

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an IGMP snooping multicast group profile with the name "Knicks":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks
Command: create igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-4 config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to configure an IGMP snooping multicast group profile on the switch and to add or delete multicast addresses for a profile.

### Format

**config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile <profile\_name 1-32> [add | delete] <mcast\_address\_list>**

### Parameters

---

**<profile\_name 32>** - Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**add** - Specifies to add a multicast address list to this multicast VLAN profile.

**delete** - Specifies to delete a multicast address list from this multicast VLAN profile.

---

**<mcast\_address\_list>** - Specifies a multicast address list. This can be a continuous single multicast address, such as 225.1.1.1, 225.1.1.3, 225.1.1.8, a multicast address range, such as 225.1.1.1-225.2.2.2, or both types, such as 225.1.1.1, 225.1.1.18-225.1.1.20.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add the single multicast address 225.1.1.1 and multicast range 225.1.1.10-225.1.1.20 to the IGMP snooping multicast VLAN profile named "Knicks":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks add
225.1.1.1, 225.1.1.10-225.1.1.20
Command: config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks add
225.1.1.1, 225.1.1.10-225.1.1.20

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-5 delete igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to delete an existing IGMP snooping multicast group profile on the switch. Specifies a profile name to delete it.

### Format

**delete igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile [profile\_name <profile\_name 1-32> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**profile\_name** - Specifies the multicast VLAN group profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.  
**<profile\_name 1-32>** - The profile file can be up to 32 characters long.  
**all** - Specifies to delete all the profiles.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete an IGMP snooping multicast group profile named "Knicks":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile
profile_name Knicks
Command: delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile profile_name Knicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-6 show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to display an IGMP snooping multicast group profile.

### Format

**show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile {<profile\_name 1-32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<profile\_name 1-32>** - (Optional) Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

### Restrictions

None.



## Example

To display all IGMP snooping multicast VLAN profiles:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile
Command: show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile

Profile Name          Multicast Addresses
-----
Knicks                234.1.1.1 - 238.244.244.244
                     239.1.1.1 - 239.2.2.2
customer              224.19.62.34 - 224.19.162.200

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-7 config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure the multicast group which will be learned with the specific multicast VLAN. There are two cases that need to be considered. For the first case, suppose that a multicast group is not configured and multicast VLANs do not have overlapped member ports. That means the join packets received by the member port will only be learned with the multicast VLAN that this port belongs to. If not, which is the second case, the join packet will be learned with the multicast VLAN that contains the destination multicast group. If the destination multicast group of the join packet can not be classified into any multicast VLAN that this port belongs to, then the join packet will be learned with the natural VLAN of the packet. Please note that the same profile can not overlap different multicast VLANs. Multiple profiles can be added to a multicast VLAN, however.

### Format

```
config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group <vlan_name 32> [add | delete] profile_name
<profile_name 1-32>
```

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be configured. Each multicast VLAN is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.

**add** - Specifies to associate a profile to a multicast VLAN.

**delete** - Specifies to de-associate a profile from a multicast VLAN.

---

**profile\_name** - Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**<profile\_name>** - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add an IGMP snooping profile to a multicast VLAN group with the name "v1":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group v1 add
profile_name channel_1
Command: config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group v1 add profile_name
channel_1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**28-8 show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group****Description**

This command allows group profile information for a specific multicast VLAN to be displayed.

**Format**

**show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group {<vlan\_name 32>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the group profile's multicast VLAN to be displayed.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display all IGMP snooping multicast VLANs'group profile information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group
Command: show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan_group

VLAN Name                               VLAN ID      Multicast Group Profiles
-----
test2                                     20
test1                                     100

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**28-9 delete igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan****Description**

This command is used to delete an IGMP snooping multicast VLAN.

### Format

**delete igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan <vlan\_name 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be deleted.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete an IGMP snooping multicast VLAN called "v1":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan v1
Command: delete igmp_snooping multicast_vlan v1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-10 enable igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to enable the IGMP snooping multicast VLAN function. By default, the multicast VLAN is disabled.

### Format

**enable igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable IGMP snooping multicast VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: enable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan

Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-11 disable igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to disable the IGMP snooping multicast VLAN function. By default, the multicast VLAN is disabled.

### Format

**disable igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable IGMP snooping multicast VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: disable igmp_snooping multicast_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-12 show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command allows information for a specific multicast VLAN to be displayed.

### Format

**show igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan {<vlan\_name 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display all IGMP snooping multicast VLANs:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: show igmp_snooping multicast_vlan

IGMP Multicast VLAN Global State          : Disabled
IGMP Multicast VLAN Forward Unmatched    : Disabled
IGMP Multicast VLAN Auto Assign VLAN     : Disabled

VLAN Name                                 :mv2
VID                                       :2

Member(Untagged) Ports                   :2-10
Tagged Member Ports                      :
Source Ports                             :
Untagged Source Ports                   :
Status                                   :Enabled
Replace Source IP                        :10.90.90.90   (System IP)
Remap Priority                            :None

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 28-13 config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan forward\_unmatched

### Description

This command is used to configure the forwarding mode for IGMP snooping multicast VLAN unmatched packets. When the switch receives an IGMP snooping packet, it will match the packet against the multicast profile to determine which multicast VLAN to associate with. If the packet does not match all profiles, the packet will be forwarded or dropped based on this setting. By default, the packet will be dropped.

### Format

**config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan forward\_unmatched [disable | enable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - The packet will be flooded on the VLAN.

---

**disable** - The packet will be dropped on the VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the forwarding mode for IGMP snooping multicast VLAN unmatched packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched enable
Command: config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 28-14 config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan auto\_assign\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the auto assignment of IGMP control packets to the right ISM VLAN. If auto assign VLAN is enabled, the switch would check if the group matches with the profiles of all multicast VLANs that belongs to the ingress port. If there is a match, the result will read "in profile" and the matching multicast VLAN will be configured as a packet VLAN. If this function is disabled, the switch will do VID checking first. If the group does not match the current profiles bound to the multicast VLAN, the switch will drop this packet.

### Format

**config igmp\_snooping multicast\_vlan auto\_assign\_vlan [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the auto assign VLAN function used in IGMP snooping.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the auto assign VLAN function used in IGMP snooping.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

This example enables the auto assign VLAN function of multicast VLAN.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan enable
Command: config igmp_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 29 IP Routing

## Commands

---

```

create iproute [default | <network_address>] <ipaddr> {<metric 1-65535>} {[primary | backup]}
delete iproute [default | <network_address>] <ipaddr>
show iproute {<network_address> | <ipaddr>} {static}
create ipv6route [default | <ipv6networkaddr>] [<ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr> | <ipv6addr>] {<metric 1-65535>} {[primary | backup]}
delete ipv6route [[default | <ipv6networkaddr> ] [<ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr> | <ipv6addr>] | all]
show ipv6route {<ipv6networkaddr>}

```

---

### 29-1 create iproute

#### Description

This command is used to create an IP route entry in the switch's IP routing table. This command creates an IP route entry in the switch's IP routing table. "Primary" and "backup" are mutually exclusive. Users can select only one when creating one new route. If a user sets neither of these, the system will try to set the new route first by primary and second by backup and not set this route to be a multipath route.

#### Format

```
create iproute [default | <network_address>] <ipaddr> {<metric 1-65535>} {[primary | backup]}
```

#### Parameters

---

**default** - Create a default IP route entry.

**<network\_address>** - The IP address and netmask of the IP interface that is the destination of the route. Specifies the address and mask information using the traditional format (for example, 10.1.2.3/255.0.0.0 or in CIDR format, 10.1.2.3/16).

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address for the next hop router.

**<metric 1-65535>** - (Optional) The default setting is 1. That is, the default hop cost is 1.

**primary** - (Optional) Specifies the route as the primary route to the destination.

**backup** - (Optional) Specifies the route as the backup route to the destination. If the route is not specified as the primary route or the backup route, then it will be auto-assigned by the system. The first created is the primary, the second created is the backup.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To add a static address 10.48.74.121:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create iproute default 10.48.74.121
Command: create iproute default 10.48.74.121

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 29-2 delete iproute

### Description

This command is used to delete an IP route entry from the switch's IP routing table.

### Format

**delete iproute [default | <network\_address>] <ipaddr>**

### Parameters

---

**default** - Delete a default IP route entry.

**<network\_address>** - The IP address and netmask of the IP interface that is the destination of the route. Specifies the address and mask information using the traditional format (for example, 10.1.2.3/255.0.0.0 or in CIDR format, 10.1.2.3/8).

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address for the next hop router.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a default route from the routing table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete iproute default 10.48.74.121
Command: delete iproute default 10.48.74.121

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 29-3 show iproute

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current IP routing table.

### Format

**show iproute {<network\_address> | <ipaddr>} {static}**



## Parameters

- 
- <network\_address>** - (Optional) Specifies the destination network address of the route want to be displayed..
- 
- <ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the destination IP address of the route want to be displayed. The longest prefix matched route will be displayed.
- 
- static** - (Optional) Specifies to display only static routes. One static route may be active or inactive.
- 

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the contents of the IP routing table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show iproute
Command: show iproute

Routing Table

IP Address/Netmask  Gateway          Interface        Cost    Protocol
-----
10.0.0.0/8         0.0.0.0         System          1       Local

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 29-4 create ipv6route

### Description

This command is used to create an IPv6 static route in the switch's IP routing table. If the next hop is a global address, it is not necessary to indicate the interface name. If the next hop is a link local address, then the interface name must be specified.

### Format

```
create ipv6route [default | <ipv6networkaddr>] [<ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr> |<ipv6addr>]
{<metric 1-65535>} {[primary | backup]}
```

## Parameters

- 
- default** - Specifies the default route.
- 
- <ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies the destination network for the route.
- 
- <ipif\_name 12> <ipv6addr>** - Specifies the interface for the route.
- 
- <ipv6addr>** - Specifies the next hop address for this route.
- 
- <metric 1-65535>** - (Optional) The default setting is 1.
- 
- primary** - (Optional) Specifies the route as the primary route to the destination.
- 
- backup** - Specifies the route as the backup route to the destination. If the route is not specified as the primary route or the backup route, then it will be auto-assigned by the system. The first created is the primary, the second created is the backup.
-

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an IPv6 default route:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create ipv6route default System FEC0::5
Command: create ipv6route default System FEC0::5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 29-5 delete ipv6route

### Description

This command is used to delete an IPv6 static route from the switch's IP routing table. If the next hop is a global address, it is not necessary to indicate the interface name. If the next hop is a link local address, then the interface name must be specified.

### Format

**delete ipv6route** [[default | <ipv6networkaddr>] [<ipif\_name 12> <ipv6addr> | <ipv6addr>] | all]

### Parameters

---

**default** - Specifies the default route.

---

**<ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies the IPv6 network address.

---

**<ipif\_name 12> <ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IP interface name.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the next hop address for the IPv6 route

---

**all** - All static created routes will be deleted.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete an IPv6 static route:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete ipv6route default System FEC0::5
Command: delete ipv6route default System FEC0::5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 29-6 show ipv6route

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current IPv6 routing table.

### Format

**show ipv6route {<ipv6networkaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipv6networkaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv6 network address.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display an IPv6 route:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipv6route
Command: show ipv6route

IPv6 Prefix: ::/0                Protocol: Static  Metric: 1
Next Hop   : FEC0::5             IPIF      : System

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 30 IP-MAC-Port Binding (IMPB) Commands

<b>create address_binding ip_mac ipaddress</b> <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr> {ports [<portlist>   all]   mode [arp   acl]}
<b>create address_binding ip_mac ipv6address</b> <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>config address_binding ip_mac ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {state [enable {[strict   loose]   [ipv6   all]}   disable {[ipv6   all]}]   allow_zeroip [enable   disable]   forward_dhcppkt [enable   disable]   mode [arp   acl]   stop_learning_threshold <int 0-500>}(1)
<b>config address_binding ip_mac ipaddress</b> <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr> {ports [<portlist>   all]   mode [arp   acl]}
<b>config address_binding ip_mac ipv6address</b> <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr> {ports [<portlist>   all]}
<b>delete address_binding blocked</b> [all   vlan_name <vlan_name> mac_address <macaddr>]
<b>delete address_binding ip_mac</b> [all   ipaddress <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr>]   ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr>
<b>show address_binding</b> {ports [<portlist>]}
<b>show address_binding blocked</b> [all   vlan_name <vlan_name> mac_address <macaddr>]
<b>show address_binding ip_mac</b> [all   ipaddress <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr>]   ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr>
<b>enable address_binding trap_log</b>
<b>disable address_binding trap_log</b>
<b>enable address_binding dhcp_snoop</b> {[ipv6   all]}
<b>disable address_binding dhcp_snoop</b> {[ipv6   all]}
<b>clear address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {[ipv6   all]}
<b>show address_binding dhcp_snoop</b> {max_entry {ports <portlist>}}
<b>show address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry</b> {port <port>}
<b>config address_binding dhcp_snoop max_entry ports</b> [<portlist>   all] limit [<value 1-50>   no_limit] {ipv6}
<b>config address_binding recover_learning ports</b> [<portlist>   all]
<b>enable address_binding nd_snoop</b>
<b>disable address_binding nd_snoop</b>
<b>config address_binding nd_snoop ports</b> [<portlist>   all] max_entry [<value 1-10>   no_limit]
<b>show address_binding nd_snoop</b> {ports <portlist>}
<b>show address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry</b> {port <port>}
<b>clear address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry ports</b> [<portlist>   all]
<b>enable address_binding arp_inspection</b>
<b>disable address_binding arp_inspection</b>

## 30-1 create address\_binding ip\_mac ipaddress

### Description

This command is used to create an IP-MAC-Port binding entry.

### Format

```
create address_binding ip_mac ipaddress <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr> {ports
[<portlist> | all] | mode [arp | acl]}
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address.
<b>mac_address</b> - Specifies the MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Enter the MAC address here.
<b>ports</b> - (Optional) Configure the portlist or all ports. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured. <b>all</b> - Specifies to apply to all the ports.
<b>mode</b> - (Optional) Specifies the IMPB mode used. <b>arp</b> - Specifies that the mode will be set as ARP mode. This entry will not be added as an access entry. If not specified, the mode is ARP mode by default. If the system is in ARP mode, ARP mode and ACL mode entries will both be active. If the system is in ACL mode, only the ACL mode entries will be active. <b>acl</b> - Specifies that the mode will be set as ACL mode. If ACL mode is enabled, the entry is added as an access entry.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create an address binding entry on the Switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address
00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: create address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address 00-00-00-
00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**30-2 create address\_binding ip\_mac ipv6address****Description**

This command is used to create an IP-MAC-Port binding entry using IPv6.

**Format**

**create address\_binding ip\_mac ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac\_address <macaddr> {ports  
[<portlist> | all]}**

**Parameters**


---

<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specify the IPv6 address.
<b>mac_address</b> - Specify the MAC address. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Enter the MAC address here.
<b>ports</b> - (Optional) Configure the portlist or all ports. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specify a range of ports to be configured. <b>all</b> - Specify to apply to all the ports.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a static IPv6 IMPB entry that binds the IPv6 address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 to the MAC address 00-00-00-00-00-11:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create address_binding ip_mac ipv6address
fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: create address_binding ip_mac ipv6address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28
mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-3 config address\_binding ip\_mac ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the per port state of IP-MAC-Port binding in the switch. If a port has been configured as group member of an aggregated link, then it can not enable its IP-MAC-Port binding function. When the binding check state is enabled, for IP packet and ARP packet received by this port, the switch will check whether the the IP address and MAC address match the binding entries. The packets will be dropped if they do not match. For this function, the switch can operate in ACL mode or ARP mode. In ARP mode, only ARP packets are checked for binding. In ACL mode, both ARP packets and IP packets are checked for the binding. Therefore, ACL mode provides more strict checks for packets. When configuring the port mode to ACL, the switch will create ACL access entries corresponding to the entries of this port. If the port changes to ARP, all the ACL access entries will be deleted automatically.

### Format

```
config address_binding ip_mac ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable {[strict | loose] | [ipv6 | all]} | disable {[ipv6 | all]}] | allow_zeroip [enable | disable] | forward_dhcp pkt [enable | disable] | mode [arp | acl] | stop_learning_threshold <int 0-500>}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**state** - When this is enabled, the port will perform the binding check.

**enable** – Specifies to enable the address binding port state.

**strict** - (Optional) This mode provides a stricter method of control. If a user chooses it, all packets will be sent to the CPU, which means all packets will not be forwarded by the hardware until the software learns entries for the port. The port will check ARP packets and IP packets by IP-MAC-port binding entries. If the packet is found by the entry, the MAC will be set to dynamic. If the packet isn't found by the entry, the MAC will be set to block. Other packets will be dropped. The default mode is strict if not specified.

**loose** - (Optional) This mode provides a more loose method of control. If user chooses it, ARP packets and IP Broadcast packets will go to the CPU. The packets will still be forwarded by the hardware until a specific source MAC is blocked by the software. The port will check ARP packets and IP Broadcast packets by IP-MAC-port binding entries.

---

---

If the packet is found by the entry, the MAC will be set to dynamic. If the packet isn't found by the entry, the MAC will be set to block. Other packets will be bypassed.

**ipv6** – (Optional) Specifies to enable the IPv6 address binding port state.

**all** – (Optional) Specifies to enable the IPv4 and IPv6 address binding port state.

**disable** - Specifies to disable the address binding port state.

**ipv6** – (Optional) Specifies to disable the IPv6 address binding port state.

**all** – (Optional) Specifies to disable the IPv4 and IPv6 address binding port state.

---

**allow\_zeroip** - Specifies whether to allow ARP packets with SIP address 0.0.0.0.

**enable** - If 0.0.0.0 is not configured in the binding list, when it is set to enabled, the ARP packet with this source IP address 0.0.0.0 will be allowed.

**disable** - When set to disable, this option does not affect the IP-MAC-port binding ACL Mode.

---

**forward\_dhcppkt** - By default, the DHCP packets with broadcast DA will be flooded.

**enable** - This setting is effective when DHCP snooping is enabled because the DHCP packet which has been trapped to CPU needs to be forwarded by the software. This setting controls the forwarding behaviour under this situation.

**disable** - When set to disable, the broadcast DHCP packets received by the specified port will not be forwarded.

---

**mode** - Specifies the ARP or ACL mode here.

**arp** - If the port changes to ARP, all IMPB ACL access entries will be deleted automatically. The default mode of port is ARP mode.

**acl** - When configuring the port to ACL mode, the switch will create ACL access entries corresponding to the entries of this port.

---

**stop\_learning\_threshold** - Enter the stop learning threshold value here.

**<int 0-500>** - The stop learning threshold value must be between 0 and 500.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure port 1 to be enabled for address binding:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config address_binding ip_mac ports 1 state enable
Command: config address_binding ip_mac ports 1 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

30-4 config address\_binding ip\_mac ipaddress

## Description

This command is used to update an address binding entry.

## Format

**config address\_binding ip\_mac ipaddress <ipaddr> mac\_address <macaddr> {ports [<portlist> | all] | mode [arp | acl]}**

## Parameters

---

**ipaddress** – Specifies the IP address used here.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the IP address used here.

---

---

**mac\_address** - Specifies the MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

**ports** - (Optional) Configure the portlist to apply, if ports are not configured, then it will apply to all ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to apply.

**all** - Specifies to apply to all the ports.

**mode** - (Optional) Specifies the IMPB mode used.

**arp** - Specifies that the mode will be set as ARP mode. This entry will not be added as an access entry. If not specified, the mode is ARP mode by default. If the system is in ARP mode, ARP mode and ACL mode entries will both be active. If the system is in ACL mode, only the ACL mode entries will be active.

**acl** - Specifies that the mode will be set as ACL mode. If ACL mode is enabled, the entry is added as an access entry.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure an address binding entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address
00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: config address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address 00-00-00-
00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-5 config address\_binding ip\_mac ipv6address

### Description

This command is used to update an address binding entry using IPv6.

### Format

**config address\_binding ip\_mac ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac\_address <macaddr> {ports  
[<portlist> | all]}**

### Parameters

---

**ipv6address** - Specifies the IPv6 address used.

**<ipv6addr>** - Enter the IPv6 address used here.

**mac\_address** - Specify the MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

**ports** - (Optional) Configure the portlist to apply, if ports are not configured, then it will apply to all ports.

**<portlist>** - Specify the list of ports to apply.

**all** - Specify to apply to all the ports.

---



## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a static IPv6 IMPB entry so that that IPv6 address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 is bound to the MAC address 00-00-00-00-00-11:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config address_binding ip_mac ipv6address
fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: config address_binding ip_mac ipv6address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28
mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-6 delete address\_binding blocked

### Description

This command is used to delete a blocked entry. It specifies the address database that the system has automatically learned and blocked.

### Format

**delete address\_binding blocked [all | vlan\_name <vlan\_name> mac\_address <macaddr>]**

### Parameters

---

**all** - Specifies that all the blocked MAC addresses will be used.

---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the name of the VLAN that the blocked MAC address belongs to.  
**<vlan\_name>** - Enter the VLAN name used here.

---

**mac\_address** - Specifies the MAC address of the blocked MAC address.  
**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address used here.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete the blocked MAC address 00-00-00-00-00-11, which belongs to the VLAN named "v31":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete address_binding blocked vlan_name v31 mac_address
00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: delete address_binding blocked vlan_name v31 mac_address 00-00-00-00-
00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-7 delete address\_binding ip\_mac

**Description**

This command is used to delete an IMPB entry.

**Format**

```
delete address_binding ip_mac [all | ipaddress <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr>] |
ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr>
```

**Parameters**

<b>all</b>	- Specifies that all the MAC addresses will be used.
<b>vlan_name</b>	- Specifies the name of the VLAN that the MAC address belongs to. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Enter the VLAN name used here.
<b>mac_address</b>	- Specifies the MAC address of the IMPB entry. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Enter the MAC address of the IMPB entry here.
<b>ipv6address</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 address of the IMPB entry. <b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Enter the IPv6 address of the IMPB entry here.
<b>mac_address</b>	- Specifies the MAC address of the IMPB entry. <b>&lt;macaddr&gt;</b> - Enter the MAC address of the IMPB entry here.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an IMPB entry that binds the IP address 10.1.1.1 to the MAC address 00-00-00-00-00-11:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1
mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: delete address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address 00-00-00-
00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete a static ipv6 IMPB entry that binds the IPv6 address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 to the MAC address 00-00-00-00-00-11:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete address_binding ip_mac ipv6address
fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28 mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: delete address_binding ip_mac ipv6address fe80::240:5ff:fe00:28
mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-11

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-8 show address\_binding

### Description

This command is used to display address binding information.

### Format

**show address\_binding {ports {<portlist>}}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** – (Optional) Specifies to display the state of IP MAC port binding for all ports.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for the display, here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display address binding information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding
Command: show address_binding

Trap/Log           : Disabled
ARP Inspection     : Disabled
DHCP Snoop(IPv4)   : Disabled
DHCP Snoop(IPv6)   : Disabled
ND Snoop           : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display address binding information for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding ports
Command: show address_binding ports
```

Port	IPv4 State	IPv6 State	Mode	Zero IP	DHCP Packet	Stop Learning Threshold/Mode
1	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
2	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
3	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
4	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
5	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
6	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
7	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
8	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
9	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
10	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
11	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal
12	Disabled	Disabled	ARP	Not Allow	Forward	500/Normal

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 30-9 show address\_binding blocked

#### Description

This command is used to display address binding information for blocked entries.

#### Format

```
show address_binding blocked [all | vlan_name <vlan_name> mac_address <macaddr>]
```

#### Parameters

---

**blocked** - (Optional) Specify the address database that system auto learned and blocked.

**all** - Specify to display all.

**vlan\_name** - Specify the VLAN name (the blocked MAC belongs to).

**<vlan\_name>** - Enter the VLAN name here.

**mac\_address** - Specify the MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To show the IMPB entries that are currently blocked:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding blocked all
Command: show address_binding blocked all
```

VID	VLAN Name	MAC Address	Port
1	default	00-01-02-03-29-38	7
1	default	00-0C-6E-5C-67-F4	7
1	default	00-0C-F8-20-90-01	7
1	default	00-0E-35-C7-FA-3F	7
1	default	00-0E-A6-8F-72-EA	7
1	default	00-0E-A6-C3-34-BE	7
1	default	00-11-2F-6D-F3-AC	7
1	default	00-50-8D-36-89-48	7
1	default	00-50-BA-00-05-9E	7
1	default	00-50-BA-10-D8-F6	7
1	default	00-50-BA-38-7D-E0	7
1	default	00-50-BA-51-31-62	7
1	default	00-50-BA-DA-01-58	7
1	default	00-A0-C9-01-01-23	7
1	default	00-E0-18-D4-63-1C	7

```
Total Entries : 15

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-10 show address\_binding ip\_mac

### Description

This command is used to display the user created database of address binding information.

### Format

```
show address_binding ip_mac [all | ipaddress <ipaddr> mac_address <macaddr>] |
ipv6address <ipv6addr> mac_address <macaddr>
```

### Parameters

---

**ip\_mac** - (Optional) Specify the database that a user creates for address binding.

**all** - Specify to display all.

**ipaddress** - Specify the IP address.

**<ipaddr>** - Enter the IP address here.

**mac\_address** - Specify the MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**ipv6address** - Specify the IPv6 address.

**<ipv6addr>** - Enter the IPv6 address here.

**mac\_address** - Specify the MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

**Example**

To display all the IP-MAC address binding information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding ip_mac all
Command: show address_binding ip_mac all

M(Mode) - D:DHCP, N:ND S:Static ST(ACL Status) - A:Active I:Inactive

IP Address                               MAC Address           M  ST Ports
-----
10.1.1.1                                 00-11-22-33-44-55 S  I   1
10.1.1.2                                 00-22-33-44-55-66 S  A   2
2001::1                                  00-33-44-55-66-77 S  I   3
2012::1                                  00-44-55-66-77-88 S  I   4

Total Entries : 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display the IMPB entry by IP address and MAC address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address
00-00-00-00-00-11
Command: show address_binding ip_mac ipaddress 10.1.1.1 mac_address 00-00-00-
00-00-11

M(Mode) - D:DHCP, N:ND S:Static ST(ACL Status) - A:Active I:Inactive

IP Address                               MAC Address           M  ST Ports
-----
10.1.1.1                                 00-00-00-00-00-11 S  I   1,3,5,7-8

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**30-11 enable address\_binding trap\_log****Description**

This command is used to send trap and log messages when an address binding module detects illegal IP and MAC addresses.

**Format**

**enable address\_binding trap\_log**

**Parameters**

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable the address binding trap and log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable address_binding trap_log
Command: enable address_binding trap_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-12 disable address\_binding trap\_log

### Description

This command is used to disable address binding trap logs.

### Format

**disable address\_binding trap\_log**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the address binding trap and log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable address_binding trap_log
Command: disable address_binding trap_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-13 enable address\_binding dhcp\_snoop

### Description

This command is used to enable the address binding DHCP snooping mode. By default, DHCP snooping is disabled. If a user enables DHCP snooping, all address binding disabled ports will function as server ports (the switch will learn IP addresses through server ports (by DHCP OFFER and DHCP ACK packets)). Note that the DHCP discover packet can not be passed through the user ports if the “*forward dhcppk*” function is disabled on this port.

The auto-learned IP-MAC-Port binding entry will be mapped to a specific source port based on the MAC address learning function. This entry will be created as an ACL-mode binding entry for this specific port. Each entry is associated with a lease time. When the lease time expires, the expired entry will be removed from this port. The auto-learned binding entry can be moved from one port to another port if the DHCP snooping function has learned that the MAC address has moved to a different port.

Consider the case in which a binding entry learned by DHCP snooping conflicts with the statically configured entry. This means that the binding relation is in conflict. For example, if IP A is binded with MAC X by static configuration, suppose that the binding entry learned by DHCP snooping is IP A binded by MAC Y, then there is a conflict. When the DHCP snooping learned entry is binded with the static configured entry, then the DHCP snooping learned entry will not be created.

Consider the other conflict case, when the DHCP snooping learned a binding entry, and the same IP-MAC-Port binding pair has been statically configured. If the learned information is consistent with the statically configured entry, then the auto-learned entry will not be created. If the entry is statically configured in ARP mode, then the auto learned entry will not be created. If the entry is statically configured on one port and the entry is auto-learned on another port, then the auto-learned entry will not be created either.

## Format

**enable address\_binding dhcp\_snoop {[ipv6 | all]}**

## Parameters

---

**ipv6** – (Optional) Specifies to enable the IPv6 address binding DHCP snoop mode.

---

**all** – Specifies to enable the IPv6 and IPv4 address binding DHCP snoop mode.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable the address binding DHCP snooping mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable address_binding dhcp_snoop
Command: enable address_binding dhcp_snoop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-14 disable address\_binding dhcp\_snoop

### Description

This command is used to disable address binding DHCP snooping. When DHCP snooping is disabled, all of the auto-learned binding entries will be removed.



**Format**

**disable address\_binding dhcp\_snoop {[ipv6 | all]}**

**Parameters**

**ipv6** – (Optional) Specifies to disable the IPv6 address binding DHCP snoop mode.

**all** – Specifies to disable the IPv6 and IPv4 address binding DHCP snoop mode.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To disable the address binding DHCP snooping mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable address_binding dhcp_snoop
Command: disable address_binding dhcp_snoop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**30-15 clear address\_binding dhcp\_snoop binding\_entry ports****Description**

This command is used to clear the address binding entries learned for the specified ports.

**Format**

**clear address\_binding dhcp\_snoop binding\_entry ports [<portlist> | all] {[ipv6 | all]}**

**Parameters**

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to clear the DHCP-snoop learned entry.

**all** - Specifies to clear the address binding entries learned for all ports.

**ipv6** – (Optional) Specifies that the DHCP snoop learned IPv6 entries will be cleared.

**all** – Specifies that the DHCP snoop learned IPv6 and IPv4 entries will be cleared.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear the address binding entries for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# clear address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry ports 1-3
Command: clear address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry ports 1-3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-16 show address\_binding dhcp\_snoop

### Description

This command is used to display DHCP snooping information.

### Format

**show address\_binding dhcp\_snoop {max\_entry {ports <portlist>}}**

### Parameters

---

**max\_entry** - (Optional) Specifies to display the maximum number of entries.  
**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display address binding DHCP snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding dhcp_snoop
Command: show address_binding dhcp_snoop

DHCP_Snoop(IPv4) : Disabled
DHCP_Snoop(IPv6) : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display the address binding DHCP snooping maximum entries on port 1 to 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding dhcp_snoop max_entry ports 1-10
Command: show address_binding dhcp_snoop max_entry ports 1-10

Port   Max Entry   Max IPv6 Entry
----   -
1      No Limit   No Limit
2      No Limit   No Limit
3      No Limit   No Limit
4      No Limit   No Limit
5      No Limit   No Limit
6      No Limit   No Limit
```

```

7      No Limit   No Limit
8      No Limit   No Limit
9      No Limit   No Limit
10     No Limit   No Limit

```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-17 show address\_binding dhcp\_snoop binding\_entry

### Description

This command is used to display DHCP snooping information of a specific binding entry.

### Format

**show address\_binding dhcp\_snoop binding\_entry {port <port>}**

### Parameters

---

**port** - (Optional) Specify a port on which to display the binding entry.  
**<port>** - Enter the port number here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the DHCP snooping binding entries:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry
Command: show address_binding dhcp_snoop binding_entry

LT(Lease Time)  ST(Status) - A:Active I:Inactive

IP Address                MAC Address           LT(sec)   Port  ST
-----
10.62.58.35              00-0B-5D-05-34-0B  35964     1     A
10.33.53.82              00-20-c3-56-b2-ef  2590      2     I
2001:2222:1111:7777:5555:6666:7777:8888  00-00-00-00-00-02  50        5     I
2001::1                  00-00-00-00-03-02  100       6     A

Total entries : 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```



**Note:** "Inactive" indicates that the entry is currently inactive due to port link down.

## 30-18 config address\_binding dhcp\_snoop max\_entry ports

**Description**

This command is used to specify the maximum number of entries which can be learned by the specified ports. By default, the per port maximum entry is no limit.

**Format**

**config address\_binding dhcp\_snoop max\_entry ports [<portlist> | all] limit [<value 1-50> | no\_limit] {ipv6}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to configure maximum number of entries.  
**all** - Specifies all the ports to configure maximum number of entries.

---

**limit** - Specifies the maximum number of entries which can be learned by the specified ports.  
**<value 1-50>** - Specifies a maximum limit between 1 and 50.  
**no\_limit** - Specifies an unlimited number of entries.

---

**ipv6** - (Optional) Specifies that the configuration is for IPv6 DHCP Snooping.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To set the maximum number of entries that ports 1 to 3 can learn to 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config address_binding dhcp_snoop max_entry ports 1-3 limit
10
Command: config address_binding dhcp_snoop max_entry ports 1-3 limit 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-19 config address\_binding recover\_learning ports

**Description**

This command is used to recover port learning.

**Format**

**config address\_binding recover\_learning ports [<portlist> | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to recover learning.  
**all** - Specifies to recover learning for all ports.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure ports 1 to 3 to recover learning:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config address_binding recover_learning ports 1-3
Command: config address_binding recover_learning ports 1-3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 30-20 enable address\_binding nd\_snoop

#### Description

This command is used to enable ND snooping on the Switch.

#### Format

**enable address\_binding nd\_snoop**

#### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the ND snooping function on the Switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable address_binding nd_snoop
Command: enable address_binding nd_snoop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 30-21 disable address\_binding nd\_snoop

#### Description

This command is used to disable ND snooping on the Switch.

#### Format

**disable address\_binding nd\_snoop**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To disable the DHCPv6 snooping function on the Switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable address_binding nd_snoop
Command: disable address_binding nd_snoop

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**30-22 config address\_binding nd\_snoop ports****Description**

This command is used to specify the maximum number of entries that can be learned with ND snooping.

**Format**

**config address\_binding nd\_snoop ports [<portlist> | all] max\_entry [<value 1-10> | no\_limit]**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - Specifies the list of ports used for this configuration.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports used for this configuration here.  
**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for this configuration.

---

**max\_entry** - Specifies the maximum number of entries.  
**<value 1-10>** - Enter the maximum number of entries used here. This value must be between 1 and 10.  
**no\_limit** - Specifies that the maximum number of learned entries is unlimited.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To specify that a maximum of 10 entries can be learned by ND snooping on ports 1–3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config address_binding nd_snoop ports 1-3 max_entry 10
Command: config address_binding nd_snoop ports 1-3 max_entry 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-23 show address\_binding nd\_snoop

### Description

This command is used to display the status of ND snooping on the Switch.

### Format

**show address\_binding nd\_snoop {ports <portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** – (Optional) Specifies the list of ports used for this display.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports used for this display here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show the ND snooping state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show address_binding nd_snoop
Command: show address_binding nd_snoop

ND Snoop      : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show the ND snooping maximum entry information for ports 1-5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding nd_snoop ports 1-5
Command: show address_binding nd_snoop ports 1-5

Port  Max Entry
----  -
1     No Limit
2     No Limit
3     No Limit
4     No Limit
5     No Limit

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-24 show address\_binding nd\_snoop binding\_entry

**Description**

This command is used to show the ND snooping binding entries on the Switch.

**Format**

show address\_binding nd\_snoop binding\_entry {port <port>}

**Parameters**


---

**port** - (Optional) Specifies a port used for this display.  
**<port>** - Enter the port number used for this display here.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the ND snooping binding entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry
Command: show address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry

LT(Lease Time)  ST(Status) - A:Active I:Inactive

IP Address                MAC Address            LT(sec)    Port  ST
-----
2001:2222:1111:7777:5555:6666:7777:8888  00-00-00-00-00-02  50         5     I
2001::1                  00-00-00-00-03-02  100        6     A

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-25 clear address\_binding nd\_snoop binding\_entry ports

**Description**

This command is used to clear the ND snooping entries on specified ports.

**Format**

clear address\_binding nd\_snoop binding\_entry ports [<portlist> | all]

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - Specify the list of ports that you would like to clear the ND snoop learned entry.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of port used here.  
**all** - Clear all ND snooping learned entries.

---



## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear ND snooping entry on ports 1-3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# clear address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry ports 1-3
Command: clear address_binding nd_snoop binding_entry ports 1-3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-26 enable address\_binding arp\_inspection

### Description

This command is used to enable ARP inspection on IMPB enabled ports. By default, ARP inspection is disabled.

When ARP inspection is enabled, the switch will validate the ARP request or ARP reply packets by retrieving the sender's (MAC, IP) from an ARP packet payload. If the (IP, MAC) are in IMPB list, the ARP packets will be forwarded, otherwise the ARP packet will be discarded.

When ARP inspection and ASP (ARP Spoofing Prevention) are enabled on the same port, the ARP packets which match ASP entries will be forwarded according to the ASP's behavior. The unknown ARP packets will be checked by IMPB.

When IMPB enabled ports work on strict mode, ARP inspection will be enabled, otherwise, ARP inspection will be disabled.

### Format

**enable address\_binding arp\_inspection**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable IMPB ARP inspection:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable address_binding arp_inspection
Command: enable address_binding arp_inspection

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 30-27 disable address\_binding arp\_inspection

### Description

This command is used to disable ARP inspection on IMPB enabled ports. When IMPB enabled ports works on strict mode, ARP inspection will be enabled, otherwise, ARP inspection will be disabled.

### Format

**disable address\_binding arp\_inspection**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable ARP inspection on IMPB enabled ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable address_binding arp_inspection
Command: disable address_binding arp_inspection

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 31 IPv6 NDP Commands

```

create ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif <ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr> <macaddr>
delete ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all] [<ipv6addr> | static | dynamic | all]
show ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all] [ipv6address <ipv6addr> | static | dynamic |
all]
config ipv6 nd ns ipif <ipif_name 12> retrans_time <uint 0-4294967295>
show ipv6 nd {ipif <ipif_name 12>}

```

## 31-1 create ipv6 neighbor\_cache ipif

### Description

This command is used to add a static neighbor on an IPv6 interface.

### Format

```
create ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif <ipif_name 12> <ipv6addr> <macaddr>
```

### Parameters

```

<ipif_name 12> - Specifies the interface's name.
<ipv6addr> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the neighbor.
<macaddr> - Specifies the MAC address of the neighbor.

```

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To add a static entry into the NDP table:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System 3ffc::1
00:01:02:03:04:05
Command: create ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System 3FFC::1 00-01-02-03-04-05

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 31-2 delete ipv6 neighbor\_cache ipif

### Description

This command is used to delete a neighbor cache entry or static neighbor cache entries from the address cache or all address cache entries on this IP interface. Both static and dynamic entries can be deleted.

**Format**

```
delete ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all] [<ipv6addr> | static | dynamic | all]
```

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;ipif_name 12&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 interface name.
<b>all</b> - Specifies all IPv6 interfaces.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the neighbor.
<b>static</b> - Specifies to delete the IPv6 static entries.
<b>dynamic</b> - Specifies to delete the IPv6 dynamic entries.
<b>all</b> - Specifies all IPv6 entries, including static and dynamic, to be deleted.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete the neighbor cache entry for IPv6 address 3ffc::1 on the IP interface "System":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System 3ffc::1
Command: delete ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System 3FFC::1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**31-3 show ipv6 neighbor\_cache ipif****Description**

This command is used to display the neighbor cache entry for the specified interface. Users can display a specific entry, all static entries, all dynamic entries, or all entries.

**Format**

```
show ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif [<ipif_name 12> | all] [ipv6address <ipv6addr> | static | dynamic | all]
```

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;ipif_name 12&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 interface name.
<b>all</b> - Specifies all the IPv6 interface names.
<b>ipv6address</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the neighbor.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address
<b>static</b> - Specifies to display the IPv6 static neighbor cache entries.
<b>dynamic</b> - Specifies to display the IPv6 dynamic entries.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to display all IPv6 addresses, static and dynamic.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display all neighbor cache entries for the IP interface "System":

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System all
Command: show ipv6 neighbor_cache ipif System all

Neighbor                Link Layer Address  Interface  State
-----
FE80::20B:6AFF:FECF:7EC6  00-0B-6A-CF-7E-C6  System     T

Total Entries: 1

State:
(I) means Incomplete state. (R) means Reachable state.
(S) means Stale state.      (D) means Delay state.
(P) means Probe state.      (T) means Static state.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 31-4 config ipv6 nd ns ipif

### Description

This command is used to configure the NS retransmit time of a specified interface.

### Format

**config ipv6 nd ns ipif <ipif\_name 12> retrans\_time <uint 0-4294967295>**

### Parameters

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the name of the interface. The maximum length is 12 characters.

**retrans\_time** - Specifies the neighbor solicitation's retransmit timer in milliseconds. It has the same value as ra retrans\_time in the config ipv6 nd ra command. If one is configured, the other will change too.

**<uint 0-4294967295>** - Specifies the neighbor solicitation's retransmit timer in milliseconds. It has the same value as ra retrans\_time in the config ipv6 nd ra command. If one is configured, the other will change too. Specifies a time between 0 and 4294967295 milliseconds.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the NS retransmit time of a specified interface:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ipv6 nd ns ipif System retrans_time 400
Command: config ipv6 nd ns ipif System retrans_time 400

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 31-5 show ipv6 nd

### Description

This command is used to display IPv6 Neighbor Discover related configuration.

### Format

**show ipv6 nd {ipif <ipif\_name 12>}**

### Parameters

---

**ipif** - (Optional) Specifies the interface name.

**<ipif\_name 12>** - Specifies the interface name. The maximum length is 12 characters.

---



**Note:** If no IP interface is specified, the IPv6 ND related configuration of all interfaces will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display IPv6 Neighbor Discover related configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ipv6 nd ipif System
Command: show ipv6 nd ipif System

Interface Name           : System
NS Retransmit Time      : 0 (ms)

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 32 Jumbo Frame Commands

---

---

**enable jumbo\_frame**

**disable jumbo\_frame**

**show jumbo\_frame**

---

---

## 32-1 enable jumbo\_frame

### Description

This command is used to enable support of Jumbo Frames. By default, the jumbo frame option is enabled.

### Format

**enable jumbo\_frame**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable Jumbo Frames:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable jumbo_frame
Command: enable jumbo_frame

The maximum size of jumbo frame is 13312 bytes.
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 32-2 disable jumbo\_frame

### Description

This command is used to disable support of Jumbo Frames.

### Format

**disable jumbo\_frame**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable Jumbo Frames:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable jumbo_frame
Command: disable jumbo_frame

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 32-3 show jumbo\_frame

#### Description

This command is used to display Jumbo Frames.

#### Format

**show jumbo\_frame**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display Jumbo Frames:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show jumbo_frame
Command: show jumbo_frame

Jumbo Frame State : Enabled
Maximum Jumbo Frame Size : 13312 Bytes

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 33 Layer 2 Protocol Tunneling (L2PT) Command List

---

```

config l2protocol_tunnel ports [<portlist> | all] type [uni tunneled_protocol [{stp | gvrp |
  protocol_mac [01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC | 01-00-0C-CC-CC-CD]}(1) | all] {threshold <value 0-
  65535>} | nni | none]
show l2protocol_tunnel {[uni | nni]}
enable l2protocol_tunnel
disable l2protocol_tunnel

```

---

## 33-1 config l2protocol\_tunnel ports

### Description

This command is used to configure Layer 2 protocol tunneling on ports.

Layer 2 protocol tunneling is used to tunnel Layer 2 protocol packet.

If a Layer 2 protocol is tunnel-enabled on an UNI, once received the PDU on this port, the multicast destination address of the PDU will be replaced by Layer 2 protocol tunneling multicast address. The Layer 2 protocol tunneling multicast address for STP is 01-05-5D-00-00-00, for GVRP is 01-05-5D-00-00-21, for Layer 2 protocols MAC 01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC is 01-05-5D-00-00-10 and for protocol MAC 01-00-0C-CC-CC-CD is 01-05-5D-00-00-11.

When QinQ is enabled, an S-TAG will be added to the Layer 2 PDU too. The S-TAG is assigned according QinQ VLAN configuration.

### Format

```

config l2protocol_tunnel ports [<portlist> | all] type [uni tunneled_protocol [{stp | gvrp |
  protocol_mac [01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC | 01-00-0C-CC-CC-CD]}(1) | all] {threshold <value 0-
  65535>} | nni | none]

```

### Parameters

---

**ports** -Specify the ports on which the Layer 2 protocol tunneling will be configured.

**<portlist>** - Enter a list of ports to be configured here.

**all** - Specify to use this configuration on all the ports.

---

**type** - Specify the type of the ports.

**uni** - Specify the port is UNI port

**tunneled\_protocol** - Specify tunneled protocols on this UNI port. If specified all, all tunnel-able Layer 2 protocols will be tunneled on this port.

**stp** - (Optional) Specify to use the STP protocol.

**gvrp** - (Optional) Specify to use the GVRP protocol.

**protocol\_mac** - (Optional) Specify which protocol MAC address to use.

**01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC** - Specify to use this protocol MAC address.

**01-00-0C-CC-CC-CD** - Specify to use this protocol MAC address.

**all** - Specify to use all the MAC addresses.

---

---

**threshold** - (Optional) Specify the drop threshold for packets-per-second accepted on this UNI port. The port drops the PDU if the protocol's threshold is exceeded. The range of the threshold value is 0 to 65535 (packet/second). The value 0 means on limit. By default, the value is 0.

**<value 0-65535>** - Enter the threshold packets-per-second value here. This value must be between 0 and 65535.

---

**nni** - Specify the port is NNI port

---

**none** - Disables tunnel on it. By default, a port is none port.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the STP tunneling on ports 1-4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config l2protocol_tunnel ports 1-4 type uni
tunneled_protocol stp
Command: config l2protocol_tunnel ports 1-4 type uni tunneled_protocol stp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 33-2 show l2protocol\_tunnel

### Description

This command is used to show Layer 2 protocol tunneling information.

### Format

**show l2protocol\_tunnel {[uni | nni]}**

### Parameters

---

**uni** - (Optional) Specifies to display UNI detailed information, including the Tunneled Protocol and Threshold at this port.

**nni** - (Optional) Specifies to display NNI detailed information, including the Tunneled Protocol.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show Layer 2 protocol tunneling information summary:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show l2protocol_tunnel
Command: show l2protocol_tunnel

Global State: Enabled
UNI Ports: 1-2
NNI Ports: 3-4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show Layer 2 protocol tunneling detail information on UNI ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show l2protocol_tunnel uni
Command: show l2protocol_tunnel uni
```

UNI Port	Tunneled Protocol	Threshold (packet/sec)
1	STP	10
	GVRP	10
	01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC	10
2	STP	20
	GVRP	20
	01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC	20
3	STP	0
4	STP	0

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show Layer 2 protocol tunneling detail information on NNI ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show l2protocol_tunnel nni
Command: show l2protocol_tunnel nni
```

NNI Port	Protocol
1	STP
	GVRP
	01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC
2	STP
	GVRP
	01-00-0C-CC-CC-CC
	01-00-0C-CC-CC-CD

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 33-3 enable l2protocol\_tunnel

#### Description

Used to enable the Layer 2 protocol tunneling function.

### Format

**enable l2protocol\_tunnel**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the Layer 2 protocol tunneling function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable l2protocol_tunnel
Command: enable l2protocol_tunnel

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 33-4 disable l2protocol\_tunnel

### Description

Used to disable the Layer 2 protocol tunneling function.

### Format

**disable l2protocol\_tunnel**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the Layer 2 protocol tunneling function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable l2protocol_tunnel
Command: disable l2protocol_tunnel

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 34 Limited Multicast IP Address Commands

```

create mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} profile_id <value 1-60> profile_name <name 1-32>
config mcast_filter_profile [profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32> ] {profile_name
  <name 1-32> | [add | delete] <mcast_address_list>}(1)
config mcast_filter_profile ipv6 [profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32> ]
  {profile_name <name 1-32> | [add | delete] <mcastv6_address_list>}(1)
delete mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} [profile_id [<value 1-60> | all] | profile_name <name 1-
  32>]
show mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {[profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32>]}
config limited_multicast_addr [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list >] {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {[add | delete]
  [profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32>] | access [permit | deny]} (1)
show limited_multicast_addr [ ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] {[ipv4 | ipv6]}
config max_mcast_group [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {max_group
  [<value 1-1024> | infinite] | action [drop | replace]} (1)
show max_mcast_group [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] {[ipv4 | ipv6]}

```

### 34-1 create mcast\_filter\_profile

#### Description

This command is used to create a multicast address profile. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

#### Format

```
create mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} profile_id <value 1-60> profile_name <name 1-32>
```

#### Parameters

```

ipv4 – (Optional) Specifies to add an IPv4 multicast profile.
ipv6 – (Optional) Specifies to add an IPv6 multicast profile.
profile_id – Specifies the ID of the profile.
  <value 1-60> - The profile ID range must be from 1 to 60
profile_name - Provides a meaningful description for the profile.
  <name 1-32> - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

```

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To create a multicast address profile named MOD:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mcast_filter_profile profile_id 2 profile_name MOD
Command: create mcast_filter_profile profile_id 2 profile_name MOD

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-2 config mcast\_filter\_profile

### Description

This command is used to modify the profile name, add or delete a range of previously defined multicast IP addresses to or from the profile.

### Format

```
config mcast_filter_profile [profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32> ]
{profile_name <name 1-32> | [add | delete] <mcast_address_list>}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**profile\_id** - Specifies the ID of the profile.  
**<value 1-60>** - The profile ID must be between 1 and 60.

---

**profile\_name** - Specifies the name of the profile.  
**<name 1-32>** - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**profile\_name** - Specifies a new name of the profile.  
**<name 1-32>** - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.  
**add** - Specifies to add a range of multicast IP addresses.  
**delete** - Specifies to delete a range of multicast IP addresses.  
**<mcast\_address\_list>** - List of the multicast addresses to be added to or deleted from the profile. Either specify a single multicast IP address or a range of multicast addresses using a hyphen.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To add a range of multicast addresses to a profile:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mcast_filter_profile profile_id 2 add 225.1.1.1 -
225.1.1.100
Command: config mcast_filter_profile profile_id 2 add 225.1.1.1 - 225.1.1.100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 34-3 config mcast\_filter\_profile ipv6

#### Description

This command is used to add or delete a range of previously defined IPv6 multicast IP addresses to or from the profile.

#### Format

```
config mcast_filter_profile ipv6 [profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32> ]
{profile_name <name 1-32> | [add | delete] <mcastv6_address_list>}(1)
```

#### Parameters

<b>profile_id</b> - Specifies the ID of the profile. <b>&lt;value 1-60&gt;</b> - The profile ID must be between 1 and 60.
<b>profile_name</b> - Specifies the name of the profile. <b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>profile_name</b> - Specifies a new name of the profile. <b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>add</b> - Specifies to add a range of multicast IP addresses.
<b>delete</b> - Specifies to delete a range of multicast IP addresses.
<b>&lt;mcastv6_address_list&gt;</b> - List of the IPv6 multicast addresses to be added to or deleted from the profile. Either specify a single IPv6 multicast IP address or a range of IPv6 multicast addresses using a hyphen.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To add the IPv6 multicast address range FF0E::100:0:0:20 – FF0E::100:0:0:22 to profile ID 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mcast_filter_profile ipv6 profile_id 3 add
FF0E::100:0:0:20 - FF0E::100:0:0:22
Command: config mcast_filter_profile ipv6 profile_id 3 add FF0E::100:0:0:20 -
FF0E::100:0:0:22

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 34-4 delete mcast\_filter\_profile

#### Description

This command is used to delete a multicast address profile. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

#### Format

```
delete mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} [profile_id [<value 1-60> | all] | profile_name <name
1-32>]
```



## Parameters

---

<b>ipv4</b>	– (Optional) Specifies to delete an IPv4 multicast profile.
<b>ipv6</b>	– (Optional) Specifies to delete an IPv6 multicast profile.
<b>profile_id</b>	- Specifies the ID of the profile. The range is from 1 to 60. <b>&lt;value 1-60&gt;</b> - The profile ID must be between 1 and 60.
<b>all</b>	- All multicast address profiles will be deleted.
<b>profile_name</b>	- Specifies a profile based on the profile name. <b>&lt;name 1-32&gt;</b> - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a multicast profile with a profile ID of 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mcast_filter_profile profile_id 3
Command: delete mcast_filter_profile profile_id 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete a multicast profile with a profile named MOD:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mcast_filter_profile profile_name MOD
Command: delete mcast_filter_profile profile_name MOD

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-5 show mcast\_filter\_profile

### Description

This command is used to display defined multicast address profiles. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

### Format

```
show mcast_filter_profile {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {[profile_id <value 1-60> | profile_name <name 1-32>]}
```

## Parameters

---

<b>ipv4</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to display an IPv4 multicast profile.
<b>ipv6</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to display an IPv6 multicast profile.
<b>profile_id</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the ID of the profile. If both profile_id and profile_name are not specified, all profiles will be displayed.

---

---

**<value 1-60>** - The profile ID must be between 1 and 60.

**profile\_name** - (Optional) Specifies to display a profile based on the profile name. If both profile\_id and profile\_name are not specified, all profiles will be displayed.

**<name 1-32>** - The profile name can be up to the 32 characters long.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display all the defined multicast address profiles:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mcast_filter_profile
Command: show mcast_filter_profile

Profile ID Name                               Multicast Addresses
-----
1          MOD                                234.1.1.1 - 238.244.244.244
                                                234.1.1.1 - 238.244.244.244
2          customer                          224.19.62.34 - 224.19.162.200

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-6 config limited\_multicast\_addr

### Description

This command is used to configure the multicast address filtering function on a port or VLAN. When there are no profiles specified with a port or VLAN, the limited function is not effective. When the function is configured on a port or VLAN, it limits the multicast group operated by the IGMP snooping function and layer 3 function. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

### Format

**config limited\_multicast\_addr** [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid\_list >] {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {[add | delete] [profile\_id <value 1-60> | profile\_name <name 1-32>] | access [permit | deny]} (1)

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to configure the multicast address filtering function.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the VLAN that the multicast address filtering function will be configured on.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID of the VLAN that the multicast address filtering functions will be configured on here.

**ipv4** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv4 multicast profile.

**ipv6** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv6 multicast profile.

**add** - (Optional) Add a multicast address profile to a port or VLAN.

**delete** - (Optional) Delete a multicast address profile from a port or VLAN.

**profile\_id** - (Optional) Specifies a profile ID to be added to or deleted from the port or VLAN.

**<value 1-60>** - The profile ID must be between 1 and 60.

---

---

**profile\_name** - (Optional) Specifies a profile name to be added to or deleted from the port or VLAN.

**<name 1-32>** - The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**access** - (Optional) Specifies whether the access is permit or deny.

**permit** - Specifies that the packets that match the addresses defined in the profiles will be permitted. The default mode is permit.

**deny** - Specifies that the packets that match the addresses defined in the profiles will be denied.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add multicast address profile 2 to ports 1 and 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config limited_multicast_addr ports 1,3 add profile_id 2
Command: config limited_multicast_addr ports 1,3 add profile_id 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-7 show limited\_multicast\_addr

### Description

This command is used to display a multicast address range by ports or by VLANs. When the function is configured on a port or VLAN, it limits the multicast group operated by the IGMP snooping function and layer 3 function. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

### Format

**show limited\_multicast\_addr [ ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid\_list> ] { [ipv4 | ipv6] }**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to show the limited multicast address configuration.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID of VLANs that require information displaying about the multicast address filtering function.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID of the VLAN here.

---

**ipv4** - (Optional) Specifies to display the IPv4 multicast profile associated with the port or VLAN.

---

**ipv6** - (Optional) Specifies to display the IPv6 multicast profile associated with the port or VLAN.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the limited multicast address range on VLAN 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show limited_multicast_addr vlanid 1
Command: show limited_multicast_addr vlanid 1

VLAN      : 1
Access    : Deny

Profile ID      Name                Multicast Addresses
-----
1               customer            224.19.62.34 - 224.19.162.200

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display the limited multicast address range on ports 1 and 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show limited_multicast_addr ports 1,3
Command: show limited_multicast_addr ports 1,3

Port      : 1
Access    : Deny

Profile ID      Name                Multicast Addresses
-----
1               customer            224.19.62.34 - 224.19.162.200

Port      : 3
Access    : Deny

Profile ID      Name                Multicast Addresses
-----
1               customer            224.19.62.34 - 224.19.162.200

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-8 config max\_mcast\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure the maximum number of multicast groups a port or VLAN can join. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied. When the joined groups for a port or a VLAN have reached the maximum number, the newly learned group will be dropped if the action is specified as drop. The newly learned group will replace the oldest group if the action is specified as replace.

### Format

```
config max_mcast_group [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] {[ipv4 | ipv6]} {max_group
[<value 1-1024> | infinite] | action [drop | replace]} (1)
```

## Parameters

---

<b>ports</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to configure the maximum multicast group.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>vlanid</b>	- Specifies the VLAN ID to configure the maximum multicast group.
<b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b>	- Enter the VLAN ID of the VLAN here.
<b>ipv4</b>	- (Optional) Specifies that the maximum number of IPv4 learned addresses should be limited.
<b>ipv6</b>	- (Optional) Specifies that the maximum number of IPv6 learned addresses should be limited.
<b>max_group</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of the multicast groups.
<b>&lt;value 1-1024&gt;</b>	- The range is from 1 to 1024 or infinite.
<b>infinite</b>	- Infinite is the default setting.
<b>action</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the action for handling newly learned groups when the register is full.
<b>drop</b>	- The new group will be dropped.
<b>replace</b>	- The new group will replace the oldest group in the register table.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the maximum number of multicast groups that ports 1 and 3 can join to 100:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config max_mcast_group ports 1, 3 max_group 100
Command: config max_mcast_group ports 1, 3 max_group 100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 34-9 show max\_mcast\_group

### Description

This command is used to display the maximum number of multicast groups that a port or VLAN can join. If the IPv4 or IPv6 option is not specified, IPv4 is implied.

### Format

```
show max_mcast_group [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] {[ipv4 | ipv6]}
```

## Parameters

---

<b>ports</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to display the maximum number of multicast groups.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.
<b>vlanid</b>	- Specifies the VLAN ID for displaying the maximum number of multicast groups.
<b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b>	- Enter the VLAN ID of the VLAN here.
<b>ipv4</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to display the maximum number of IPv4 learned addresses.
<b>ipv6</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to display the maximum number of IPv6 learned addresses.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the maximum number of multicast groups that ports 1-2 can join:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show max_mcast_group ports 1-2
Command: show max_mcast_group ports 1-2

Port      Max Multicast Group Number  Action
-----  -
1         Infinite                    Drop
2         Infinite                    Drop

Total Entries : 2
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 35 Link Aggregation Commands

---

```

create link_aggregation group_id <value 1-6> {type [lACP | static]}
delete link_aggregation group_id <value 1-6>
config link_aggregation group_id <value 1-6> {master_port <port> | ports <portlist> | state
  [enable | disable]}(1)
config link_aggregation algorithm [mac_source | mac_destination | mac_source_dest |
  ip_source | ip_destination | ip_source_dest]
show link_aggregation {group_id <value 1-6> | algorithm}
show lacp_port <portlist> {mode [active | passive] | lacp_timeout [short | long]}
show lacp_port {<portlist>}

```

---

## 35-1 create link\_aggregation group\_id

### Description

This command is used to create a link aggregation group.

### Format

```
create link_aggregation group_id <value 1-6> {type [lACP | static]}
```

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-6>** - Specifies the group ID. The group number identifies each of the groups. The switch allows up to 6 link aggregation groups to be configured.

**type** - (Optional) Specifies the group type belongs to static or LACP. If type is not specified, the default is the static type.

**lACP** - Specifies the group type as LACP.

**static** - Specifies the group type as static.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a link aggregation group:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create link_aggregation group_id 1 type lacp
Command: create link_aggregation group_id 1 type lacp

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 35-2 delete link\_aggregation group\_id

**Description**

This command is used to delete a previously configured link aggregation group.

**Format**

**delete link\_aggregation group\_id <value 1-6>**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-6>** - Specifies the group ID. The group number identifies each of the groups. The switch allows up to 6 link aggregation groups to be configured.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete a link aggregation group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete link_aggregation group_id 3
Command: delete link_aggregation group_id 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 35-3 config link\_aggregation group\_id

**Description**

This command allows you to configure a link aggregation group that was created with the **create link\_aggregation** command above.

**Format**

**config link\_aggregation group\_id <value 1-6> {master\_port <port> | ports <portlist> | state [enable | disable]}(1)**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-6>** - Specifies the group ID. The group number identifies each of the groups. The switch allows up to 6 link aggregation groups to be configured.

---

**master\_port** - Specifies which port (by port number) of the link aggregation group will be the master port. All of the ports in a link aggregation group will share the port configuration with the master port.

**<port>** - Specifies the master port ID.

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports that will belong to the link aggregation group. The port list should include the master port.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---



---

**state** - Enable or disable the specified link aggregation group. If configuring an LACP group, the ports' state machine will start.  
**enable** - Enable the specified link aggregation group.  
**disable** - Disable the specified link aggregation group.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To define a load-sharing group of ports, group-id 1, master port 7 , and member ports 5-7:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config link_aggregation group_id 1 master_port 7 ports 5-7
Command: config link_aggregation group_id 1 master_port 7 ports 5-7

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 35-4 config link\_aggregation algorithm

### Description

This command is used to configure the part of the packet examined by the switch when selecting the egress port for transmitting load-sharing data. If the load sharing algorithm is based on L3 information, and the packet is a non-IP packet, the load sharing algorithm will be based on the **mac\_source**.

If the load sharing algorithm is based on L4 information and the packet is not a TCP/UDP packet: If the packet is non-IP packet, the load sharing algorithm will be based on the **mac\_source**. If the packet is an IP packet, the load sharing algorithm will be based on the **ip\_source**.

### Format

**config link\_aggregation algorithm [mac\_source | mac\_destination | mac\_source\_dest | ip\_source | ip\_destination | ip\_source\_dest]**

### Parameters

---

**mac\_source** - Indicates that the switch should examine the MAC source address.

---

**mac\_destination** - Indicates that the switch should examine the MAC destination address.

---

**mac\_source\_dest** - Indicates that the switch should examine the MAC source and destination address.

---

**ip\_source** - Indicate that the switch should examine the IP source address.

---

**ip\_destination** - Indicate that the switch should examine the IP destination address.

---

**ip\_source\_dest** - Indicate that the switch should examine the IP source and destination address.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the link aggregation algorithm for mac-source-dest:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config link_aggregation algorithm mac_source_dest
Command: config link_aggregation algorithm mac_source_dest

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 35-5 show link\_aggregation

### Description

This command is used to display the current link aggregation configuration of the switch.

### Format

**show link\_aggregation {group\_id <value 1-6> | algorithm}**

### Parameters

---

**group\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the group ID. The group number identifies each of the groups.  
**<value 1-6>** - The Switch allows up to 6 link aggregation groups to be configured.

---

**algorithm** - (Optional) Specifies the display of link aggregation by the algorithm in use by that group.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all the link aggregation information.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the current link aggregation configuration when link aggregation is enabled:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show link_aggregation
Command: show link_aggregation

Link Aggregation Algorithm = MAC_Source_Dest

Group ID      : 1
Type          : LACP
Master Port   : 1
Member Port   : 1-8
Active Port   : 7
Status        : Enabled
Flooding Port : 7

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

To display the current link aggregation configuration when link aggregation is disabled:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show link_aggregation
Command: show link_aggregation

Link Aggregation Algorithm = MAC-Source-Dest
Group ID      : 1
Type          : LACP
Master Port   : 1
Member Port   : 1-8
Active Port   :
Status        : Disabled
Flooding Port :

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 35-6 config lacp\_port

### Description

This command is used to configure per-port LACP mode.

### Format

```
config lacp_port <portlist> {mode [active | passive] | lacp_timeout [short | long]}
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**mode** – (Optional) Specifies the port mode.

**active** - Specifies the mode as active.

**passive** - Specifies the mode as passive.

---

**lacp\_timeout** - (Optional) Specifies to use the LACP timeout mode.

---

---

**short** - Specifies that the LACP timeout value will be set to 3 seconds when no LACPDU packet was received and that the LACPDU periodical transmission interval will be set to 1 second.

**long** - Specifies that the LACP timeout value will be set to 90 seconds when no LACPDU packet was received and that the LACPDU periodical transmission interval will be set to 30 seconds.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure port LACP mode for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lacp_port 1-3 mode active
Command: config lacp_port 1-3 mode active

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 35-7 show lacp\_port

### Description

This command is used to display per-port LACP mode.

### Format

**show lacp\_port** {<portlist>}

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display current LACP and status for all ports.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the current port LACP mode for ports 1 to 3 on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lacp_port 1-3
```

```
Command: show lacp_port 1-3
```

Port	Activity	LACP Timeout
-----	-----	-----
1	Passive	Short
2	Passive	Short
3	Passive	Short

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 36 LLDP Commands

<b>enable lldp</b>
<b>disable lldp</b>
<b>config lldp</b> [message_tx_interval <sec 5-32768>   message_tx_hold_multiplier <int 2-10>   tx_delay <sec 1-8192>   reinit_delay <sec 1-10>]
<b>show lldp</b>
<b>config lldp forward_message</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config lldp notification_interval</b> <sec 5-3600>
<b>config lldp ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [ notification [enable   disable]   admin_status [tx_only   rx_only   tx_and_rx   disable]   mgt_addr [ipv4 <ipaddr>   ipv6 <ipv6addr>] [enable   disable]   basic_tlvs [{all}   {port_description   system_name   system_description   system_capabilities}] [enable   disable]   dot1_tlv_pvid [enable   disable]   dot1_tlv_protocol_vid [vlan [all   <vlan_name 32> ]   vlanid <vidlist>] [enable   disable]   dot1_tlv_vlan_name [vlan [all   <vlan_name 32>]   vlanid <vidlist> ] [enable   disable]   dot1_tlv_protocol_identity [all   {eapol   lacp   gvrp   stp }] [enable   disable]   dot3_tlvs [{all}   {mac_phy_configuration_status   link_aggregation   maximum_frame_size}] [enable   disable]]
<b>show lldp ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>config lldp_med fast_start_repeat_count</b> <value 1-10>
<b>config lldp_med log_state</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config lldp_med notification_topo_change_ports</b> [<portlist>   all] state [enable   disable]
<b>config lldp_med ports</b> [<portlist>   all] med_transmit_capabilities [all   {capabilities   network_policy   inventory} (1) ] state [enable   disable]
<b>show lldp_med ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show lldp_med</b>
<b>show lldp_med local_ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show lldp_med remote_ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show lldp local_ports</b> {<portlist>} {mode [brief   normal   detailed]}
<b>show lldp mgt_addr</b> {[ipv4 <ipaddr>   ipv6 <ipv6addr>]}
<b>show lldp remote_ports</b> {<portlist>} {mode [brief   normal   detailed]}
<b>show lldp statistics</b>
<b>show lldp statistics ports</b> {<portlist>}

### 36-1 enable lldp

#### Description

This command is used to enable LLDP. This is a global control for the LLDP function. When this function is enabled, the switch can start to transmit LLDP packets and receive and process the LLDP packets. The specific function of each port will depend on the per port LLDP setting. For the advertisement of LLDP packets, the switch announces the information to its neighbor through ports. For the receiving of LLDP packets, the switch will learn the information from the LLDP packets advertised from the neighbor in the neighbor table. The default state for LLDP is disabled.

#### Format

**enable lldp**

#### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable LLDP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable lldp
Command: enable lldp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-2 disable lldp

### Description

This command is used to disable LLDP. The Switch will stop sending and receiving LLDP advertisement packets.

### Format

**disable lldp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable LLDP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable lldp
Command: disable lldp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-3 config lldp

### Description

This command is used to configure LLDP timer values. The message TX interval controls how often active ports retransmit advertisements to their neighbors. The message TX hold multiplier is a multiplier on the msgTxInterval that is used to compute the TTL value of txTTL in an LLDPDU.

The TTL will be carried in the LLDPDU packet. The lifetime will be the minimum of 65535 and (message\_tx\_interval \* message\_tx\_hold\_multiplier). On the partner switch, when the time-to-live for a given advertisement expires, the advertised data is deleted from the neighbor switch's MIB. The TX delay is used to change the minimum time (delay-interval) any LLDP port will delay advertising successive LLDP advertisements due to a change in LLDP MIB content. The TX delay defines the minimum interval between sending of LLDP messages due to the constantly changing MIB content. A re-enabled LLDP port will wait for the reinit delay after the last disable command before reinitializing.

## Format

```
config lldp [message_tx_interval <sec 5-32768> | message_tx_hold_multiplier <int 2-10> | tx_delay <sec 1-8192> | reinit_delay <sec 1-10>]
```

## Parameters

---

**message\_tx\_interval** - Specifies the message TX interval between consecutive transmissions of LLDP advertisements on any given port.

**<sec 5-32768>** - The range is from 5 to 32768 seconds. The default setting is 30 seconds.

---

**message\_tx\_hold\_multiplier** - Specifies the message TX hold multiplier.

**<int 2-10>** - Specifies the range is from 2 to 10. The default setting is 4.

---

**tx\_delay** - Specifies the TX delay time.

**<sec 1-8192>** - Specifies the range is from 1 to 8192 seconds. The default setting is 2 seconds. **Note:** txDelay should be less than or equal to 0.25 \* msgTxInterval.

---

**reinit\_delay** - Specifies the reinit delay time.

**<sec 1-10>** - Specifies the range is from 1 to 10 seconds. The default setting is 2 seconds.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To change the packet transmission interval:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp message_tx_interval 30
Command: config lldp message_tx_interval 30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To change the multiplier value:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp message_tx_hold_multiplier 3
Command: config lldp message_tx_hold_multiplier 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the delay-interval interval:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp tx_delay 8
Command: config lldp tx_delay 8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To change the re-initialization delay interval to five seconds:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp reinit_delay 5
Command: config lldp reinit_delay 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-4 show lldp

### Description

This command is used to display LLDP.

### Format

**show lldp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display LLDP:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp
Command: show lldp

LLDP System Information
  Chassis ID Subtype      : MAC Address
  Chassis ID              : F0-7D-68-25-CB-40
  System Name             :
  System Description      : Gigabit Ethernet Switch
  System Capabilities     : Repeater, Bridge

LLDP Configurations
  LLDP Status             : Disabled
  LLDP Forward Status     : Disabled
  Message TX Interval     : 30
  Message TX Hold Multiplier: 4
  ReInit Delay            : 2
  TX Delay                : 2
  Notification Interval   : 5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 36-5 config lldp forward\_message

### Description

This command is used to configure LLDP forwarding messages. When LLDP is disabled and LLDP forward message is enabled, the received LLDPDU packet will be forwarded. The default state is disabled.

### Format

**config lldp forward\_message [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable LLDP forwarding messages.

---

**disable** - Disable LLDP forwarding messages.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable LLDP forwarding messages:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp forward_message enable
Command: config lldp forward_message enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 36-6 config lldp notification\_interval

### Description

This command is used to configure LLDP timer values. This will globally change the interval between successive LLDP change notifications generated by the switch.

### Format

**config lldp notification\_interval <sec 5-3600>**

### Parameters

---

**<sec 5-3600>** - Specifies the notification interval range is from 5 to 3600 seconds. The default setting is 5 seconds.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To change the notification interval to 10 seconds:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp notification_interval 10
Command: config lldp notification_interval 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-7 config lldp ports

### Description

Use this command to configure LLDP options by port. Enable or disable each port for sending change notification to configured SNMP trap receiver(s) if an LLDP data change is detected in an advertisement received on the port from an LLDP neighbor. The definition of change includes new available information, information timeout, information update. And the changed type includes any data update /insert/remove.

The admin status options enable to control which ports participate in LLDP traffic and whether the participating ports allow LLDP traffic in only one direction or in both directions.

The config management address command specifies whether system's IP address needs to be advertised from the specified port. For layer 3 devices, each managed address can be individually specified. The management addresses that are added in the list will be advertised in the LLDP from the specified interface, associated with each management address. The interface for that management address will be also advertised in the if-index form.

An active LLDP port on the switch always includes the mandatory data in its outbound advertisements. And there are four optional data that can be configured for an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of these data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

The mandatory data type include four basic types of information (end of LLDPDU TLV, chassis ID TLV, port ID TLV, and Time to Live TLV). The mandatory type cannot be disabled. There are also four data types which can be optionally selected. They are port\_description, system\_name, system\_description, and system\_capability.

Configure an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally port vlan ID TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

Configure an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally port and protocol VLAN ID TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

Configure an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally VLAN name TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

Configure an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally protocol identity TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements. This TLV optional data type indicates whether the corresponding Local System's Protocol Identity instance will be transmitted on the port. The Protocol Identity TLV provides a way for stations to advertise protocols that are important to the operation of the network. Spanning Tree Protocol, the Link Aggregation Control Protocol, and numerous vendor proprietary variations are responsible for maintaining the topology and connectivity of the network. If EAPOL, GVRP, STP (including MSTP), and LACP protocol identity are enabled on this port and it is enabled to be advertised, then this protocol identity will be advertised.

## Format

```
config lldp ports [<portlist> | all] [notification [enable | disable] | admin_status [tx_only | rx_only | tx_and_rx | disable] | mgt_addr [ipv4 <ipaddr> | ipv6 <ipv6addr>] [enable | disable] | basic_tlvs [{all} | {port_description | system_name | system_description | system_capabilities}] [enable | disable] | dot1_tlv_pvid [enable | disable] | dot1_tlv_protocol_vid [vlan [all | <vlan_name 32>] | vlanid <vidlist>] [enable | disable] | dot1_tlv_vlan_name [vlan [all | <vlan_name 32>] | vlanid <vidlist>] [enable | disable] | dot1_tlv_protocol_identity [all | {eapol | lacp | gvrp | stp}] [enable | disable] | dot3_tlvs [{all} | {mac_phy_configuration_status | link_aggregation | maximum_frame_size}] [enable | disable]]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>all</b>	- Specifies to set all the ports on the system.
<b>notification</b>	- Enable or disable the SNMP trap notification of LLDP data changes detected on advertisements received from neighbor devices. The default notification state is disabled.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable the SNMP trap notification of LLDP data changes detected on advertisements received from neighbor devices.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable the SNMP trap notification of LLDP data changes detected on advertisements received from neighbor devices.
<b>admin_status</b>	- Select the desired administrative per port state. The default per port state is tx_and_rx.
<b>tx_only</b>	- Configure the specified port(s) to transmit LLDP packets, but block inbound LLDP packets from neighbor devices.
<b>rx_only</b>	- Configure the specified port(s) to receive LLDP packets from neighbors, but block outbound packets to neighbors.
<b>tx_and_rx</b>	- Configure the specified port(s) to both transmit and receive LLDP packets.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable LLDP packet transmit and receive on the specified port(s).
<b>mgt_address</b>	- The port types specified for advertising indicated management address instance.
<b>ipv4</b>	- Specifies the IP address of IPv4.

---

- 
- <ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of IPv4.
  - ipv6** - Specifies the IP address of IPv6.
  - <ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IP address of IPv6.
  - enable** - Enable port(s) specified for advertising indicated management address instance.
  - disable** - Disable port(s) specified for advertising indicated management address instance.
- 
- basic\_tlvs** - Configure an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of optional TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
- all** - (Optional) Configure all four TLV data types listed below.
  - port\_description** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "Port Description TLV" on the port. The default state is disabled.
  - system\_name** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type includes indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "System Name TLV." The default state is disabled.
  - system\_description** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type includes indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "System Description TLV." The default state is disabled.
  - system\_capabilities** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type includes indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "System Capabilities TLV." The system capability will indicate whether the device provides repeater, bridge, or router function, and whether the provided functions are currently enabled. The default state is disabled.
  - enable** - Enable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of optional TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
  - disable** - Disable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of optional TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
- 
- dot1\_tlv\_pvid** - This TLV optional data type determines whether the IEEE 802.1 organizationally defined port VLAN ID TLV transmission is allowed on a given LLDP transmission capable port. The default state is disabled.
- enable** - Enable port VLAN ID TLV transmission on a given LLDP transmission capable port.
  - disable** - Disable port VLAN ID TLV transmission on a given LLDP transmission capable port.
- 
- dot1\_tlv\_protocol\_vid** - This TLV optional data type determines whether the IEEE 802.1 organizationally defined port and protocol VLAN ID TLV transmission is allowed on a given LLDP transmission capable port. The default state is disabled.
- vlan** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN to be transmitted.
  - all** - (Optional) Specifies that all VLAN names will be transmitted.
  - <vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN name to be transmitted.
  - vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN ID list to be transmitted.
  - <vidlist>** - Specifies a VLAN ID list to be transmitted.
  - enable** - Enable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally port and protocol VLAN ID TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
  - disable** - Disable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally port and protocol VLAN ID TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
- 
- dot1\_tlv\_vlan\_name** - This TLV optional data type indicates whether the corresponding Local System's VLAN name instance will be transmitted on the port. If a port is associated with multiple VLANs, those enabled VLAN ID will be advertised. The default state is disabled.
- vlan** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN to be transmitted.
  - all** - (Optional) Specifies that all VLAN names will be transmitted.
  - <vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN name to be transmitted.
  - vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN ID list to be transmitted.
  - <vidlist>** - Specifies a VLAN ID list to be transmitted.
  - enable** - Enable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally VLAN name TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
  - disable** - Disable configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally VLAN name TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.
- 
- dot1\_tlv\_protocol\_identity** - This TLV optional data type indicates whether the corresponding Local System's Protocol Identity instance will be transmitted on the port. The Protocol Identity TLV provides a way for stations to advertise protocols that are important to the operation of the network, such as Spanning Tree Protocol, the Link Aggregation Control Protocol, and numerous vendor proprietary variations which are responsible for maintaining the topology
-

and connectivity of the network. If EAPOL, GVRP, STP (including MSTP), and LACP protocol identity are enabled on this port and enabled to be advertised, then the protocol identity will be advertised. The default state is disabled.

**all** - Advertise all of the protocols lists below.

**eapol** - (Optional) Advertise EAPOL.

**lACP** - (Optional) Advertise LACP.

**gvrp** - (Optional) Advertise GVRP.

**stp** - (Optional) Advertise STP.

**enable** - Enable configuration an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally protocol identity TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

**disable** - Disable configuration an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.1 Organizationally protocol identity TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

---

**dot3\_tlvs** - An individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.3 Organizationally Specific TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

**all** - (Optional) Configure all of the TLV optional data types below.

**mac\_phy\_configuration\_status** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "MAC/PHY configuration/status TLV." This type indicates it is possible for two ends of an IEEE 802.3 link to be configured with different duplex and/or speed settings and still establish some limited network connectivity. More precisely, the information includes whether the port supports the auto-negotiation function, whether the function is enabled, the auto-negotiated advertised capability, and the operational MAU type. The default state is disabled.

**link\_aggregation** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "Link Aggregation TLV." This type indicates the current link aggregation status of IEEE 802.3 MACs. More precisely, the information should include whether the port is capable of doing link aggregation, whether the port is aggregated in an aggregated link, and the aggregated port ID. The default state is disabled.

**maximum\_frame\_size** - (Optional) This TLV optional data type indicates that LLDP agent should transmit "Maximum-frame-size TLV." The default state is disabled.

**enable** - Enable the configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.3 Organizationally Specific TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

**disable** - Disable the configuration of an individual port or group of ports to exclude one or more of IEEE 802.3 Organizationally Specific TLV data types from outbound LLDP advertisements.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To change the SNMP notification state of ports 1 to 5 to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports 1-5 notification enable
Command: config lldp ports 1-5 notification enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the mode of ports 1 to 5 to transmit and receive:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports 1-5 admin_status tx_and_rx
Command: config lldp ports 1-5 admin_status tx_and_rx

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable ports 1 to 5 to manage address entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports 1-5 mgt_addr ipv4 192.168.254.10 enable
Command: config lldp ports 1-5 mgt_addr ipv4 192.168.254.10 enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the system name TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports all basic_tlvs system_name enable
Command: config lldp ports all basic_tlvs system_name enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the PVID TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports all dot1_tlv_pvid enable
Command: config lldp ports all dot1_tlv_pvid enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the port and protocol VLAN ID TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports 1-3 dot1_tlv_protocol_vid vlan all enable
Command: config lldp ports 1-3 dot1_tlv_protocol_vid vlan all enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the VLAN name TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports 1-3 dot1_tlv_vlan_name vlan all enable
Command: config lldp ports 1-3 dot1_tlv_vlan_name vlan all enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the protocol identity TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports all dot1_tlv_protocol_identity all enable
Command: config lldp ports all dot1_tlv_protocol_identity all enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To exclude the MAC/PHY configuration/status TLV from the outbound LLDP advertisements for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp ports all dot3_tlvs mac_phy_configuration_status
enable
Command: config lldp ports all dot3_tlvs mac_phy_configuration_status enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-8 show lldp ports

### Description

This command is used to display LLDP per port configuration for advertisement options.

### Format

**show lldp ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the LLDP TLV option for port 1:



```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp ports 1
Command: show lldp ports 1

Port ID          : 1
-----
Admin Status     : TX_and_RX
Notification Status : Disabled
Advertised TLVs Option :
  Port Description           Disabled
  System Name                Disabled
  System Description         Disabled
  System Capabilities        Disabled
  Enabled Management Address
    (None)
  Port VLAN ID              Disabled
  Enabled Port_and_Protocol_VLAN_ID
    (None)
  Enabled VLAN Name
    1-4094
  Enabled Protocol_Identity
    (None)
  MAC/PHY Configuration/Status Disabled
  Link Aggregation          Disabled
  Maximum Frame Size        Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 36-9 config lldp\_med fast\_start repeat\_count

### Description

This command is used to configure the fast start repeat count. When an LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV is detected for an MSAP identifier not associated with an existing LLDP remote system MIB, the application layer shall start the fast start mechanism and set the 'medFastStart' timer to 'medFastStartRepeatCount' times 1. The default value is 4.

### Format

```
config lldp_med fast_start repeat_count <value 1-10>
```

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-10>** - Specifies a fast start repeat count value between 1 and 10. The default value is 4.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure a LLDP-MED fast start repeat count of 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp_med fast_start repeat_count 5
Command: config lldp_med fast_start repeat_count 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-10 config lldp\_med log state

### Description

This command is used to configure the log state of LLDP-MED events.

### Format

**config lldp\_med log state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable the log state for LLDP-MED events.

**disable** - Disable the log state for LLDP-MED events. The default is disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the log state of LLDP-MED events:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp_med log state enable
Command: config lldp_med log state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-11 config lldp\_med notification topo\_change ports

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable each port for sending topology change notification to configured SNMP trap receiver(s) if an endpoint device is removed or moved to another port. The default state is disabled.

### Format

**config lldp\_med notification topo\_change ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

---

**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system.

**state** - Enable or disable the SNMP trap notification of topology change detected state.

**enable** - Enable the SNMP trap notification of topology change detected.

**disable** - Disable the SNMP trap notification of topology change detected. The default notification state is disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable topology change notification on ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp_med notification topo_change ports 1-2 state
enable
Command: config lldp_med notification topo_change ports 1-2 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-12 config lldp\_med ports

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable transmitting LLDP-MED TLVs. It effectively disables LLDP-MED on a per-port basis by disabling transmission of TLV capabilities. In this case, the remote table's objects in the LLDP-MED MIB corresponding to the respective port will not be populated.

### Format

**config lldp\_med ports** [**<portlist>** | **all**] **med\_transmit\_capabilities** [**all** | {**capabilities** | **network\_policy** | **inventory**} (**1**) ] **state** [**enable** | **disable**]

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system.

**med\_transmit\_capabilities** - Select to send the LLDP-MED TLV capabilities specified.

**all** - Select to send capabilities, network policy, and inventory.

**capabilities** – (Optional) Specifies that the LLDP agent should transmit “LLDP-MED capabilities TLV.” If a user wants to transmit LLDP-MED PDU, this TLV type should be enabled. Otherwise, this port cannot transmit LLDP-MED PDU.

**network\_policy** - (Optional) Specifies that the LLDP agent should transmit “LLDP-MED network policy TLV.”

**inventory** - (Optional) Specifies that the LLDP agent should transmit “LLDP-MED inventory TLV.”

**state** - Enable or disable the transmitting of LLDP-MED TLVs.

**enable** - Enable the transmitting of LLDP-MED TLVs.

**disable** - Disable the transmitting of LLDP-MED TLVs.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable transmitting of all capabilities on ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config lldp_med ports 1-2 med_transmit_capabilities all
state enable
Command: config lldp_med ports 1-2 med_transmit_capabilities all state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**36-13 show lldp\_med ports****Description**

This command is used to display LLDP-MED per port configuration for advertisement options.

**Format**

**show lldp\_med ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display LLDP-MED configuration information for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp_med ports 1
Command: show lldp_med ports 1

Port ID : 1
-----
Topology Change Notification Status      : Enabled
LLDP-MED Capabilities TLV                : Enabled
LLDP-MED Network Policy TLV              : Enabled
LLDP-MED Inventory TLV                   : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-14 show lldp\_med

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's general LLDP-MED configuration status.

### Format

**show lldp\_med**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the switch's general LLDP-MED configuration status:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp_med
Command: show lldp_med

LLDP-MED System Information:
  Device Class           : Network Connectivity Device
  Hardware Revision      : A1
  Firmware Revision     : 1.00.001
  Software Revision     : 1.00.029
  Serial Number         :
  Manufacturer Name     : D-Link
  Model Name            : DGS-3710-12C Gigabit Ethernet Sw
  Asset ID              :

LLDP-MED Configuration:
  Fast Start Repeat Count : 4

LLDP-MED Log State:Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-15 show lldp\_med local\_ports

### Description

This command is used to display the per-port LLDP-MED information currently available for populating outbound LLDP-MED advertisements.

### Format

**show lldp\_med local\_ports {<portlist>}**

## Parameters

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.



**Note:** When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display LLDP-MED information currently available for populating outbound LLDP-MED advertisements for port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp_med local_ports 1
Command: show lldp_med local_ports 1

Port ID : 1
-----
LLDP-MED Capabilities Support:
  Capabilities           :Support
  Network Policy         :Support
  Location Identification :Not Support
  Extended Power Via MDI PSE :Not Support
  Extended Power Via MDI PD :Not Support
  Inventory              :Support

Network Policy:
  Application Type : Voice
  VLAN ID          : 100
  Priority          : 7
  DSCP             : 0
  Unknown          : False
  Tagged           : True

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 36-16 show lldp\_med remote\_ports

### Description

This command is used to display LLDP-MED information learned from neighbors.

### Format

**show lldp\_med remote\_ ports {<portlist>}**

## Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display remote entry information:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp_med remote_ports 1
Command: show lldp_med remote_ports 1

Port ID : 1
-----
Remote Entities Count : 1
Entity 1
  Chassis ID Subtype      : MAC Address
  Chassis ID              : 00-01-02-03-04-00
  Port ID Subtype        : Net Address
  Port ID                 : 172.18.10.11

LLDP-MED capabilities:
  LLDP-MED Device Class: Endpoint Device Class III
  LLDP-MED Capabilities Support:
    Capabilities          : Support
    Network Policy        : Support
    Location Identification : Support
    Extended Power Via MDI : Support
    Inventory             : Support
  LLDP-MED Capabilities Enabled:
    Capabilities          : Enabled
    Network Policy        : Enabled
    Location Identification : Enabled
    Extended Power Via MDI : Enabled
    Inventory             : Enabled

Network Policy:
  Application Type : Voice
    VLAN ID          :
    Priority          :
    DSCP             :
    Unknown          : True
    Tagged           :
  Application Type : Softphone Voice
    VLAN ID          : 200
    Priority          : 7
    DSCP             : 5
    Unknown          : False
    Tagged           : True

Location Identification:
  Location Subtype: CoordinateBased
    Location Information :
  Location Subtype: CivicAddress
    Location Information :

Extended Power Via MDI
  Power Device Type: PD Device
    Power Priority      : High
    Power Source        : From PSE
    Power Request       : 8 Watts

Inventory Management:
  Hardware Revision    :
  Firmware Revision   :
  Software Revision    :
  Serial Number       :
  Manufacturer Name   :

```



## 36-17 show lldp local\_ports

**Description**

This command is used to display the per-port information currently available for populating outbound LLDP advertisements.

**Format**

**show lldp local ports {<portlist>} {mode [brief | normal | detailed]}**

**Parameters**

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the ports to be displayed. When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

**mode** - (Optional) Select the mode: brief, normal, or detailed.

**brief** - Specifies to display the information in brief mode.

**normal** - Specifies to display the information in normal mode. This is the default display mode.

**detailed** - Specifies to display the information in detailed mode.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display LLDP local port information for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp local_ports 1
Command: show lldp local_ports 1

Port ID : 1
-----
Port ID Subtype           : MAC Address
Port ID                   : F0-7D-68-25-CB-41
Port Description          : D-Link DGS-3710-12C R1.00.029 P
                          : ort 1 on Unit 1
Port PVID                  : 1
Management Address Count  : 1
PPVID Entries Count       : 0
VLAN Name Entries Count   : 1
Protocol Identity Entries Count : 0
MAC/PHY Configuration/Status : (See Detail)
Link Aggregation          : (See Detail)
Maximum Frame Size        : 1536

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-18 show lldp mgt\_addr

**Description**

This command is used to display the LLDP management address.

**Format**

**show lldp mgmt\_addr** {[ipv4 <ipaddr> | ipv6 <ipv6addr>]}

**Parameters**


---

**ipv4** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv4 address of the LLDP management address entry.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the LLDP management address entry.

---

**ipv6** - (Optional) Specifies the IPv6 address of the LLDP management address entry.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the LLDP management address entry.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the LLDP management address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp mgt_addr
Command: show lldp mgt_addr

Address 1 :
-----
Subtype           : IPv4
Address           : 10.90.90.90
IF Type          : IfIndex
OID               : 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.10.102.1.5
Advertising Ports :
Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-19 show lldp remote\_ports

**Description**

This command is used to display the information learned from the neighbor parameters.

**Format**

**show lldp remote\_ports** {<portlist>} {mode [brief | normal | detailed]}

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the ports to be displayed. When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

---

---

**mode** - (Optional) Select the mode: brief, normal, or detailed.  
**brief** - Specifies to display the information in brief mode.  
**normal** - Specifies to display the information in normal mode. This is the default display mode.  
**detailed** - Specifies to display the information in detailed mode.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display LLDP information for remote ports 1 and 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp remote_ports 1-2
Command: show lldp remote_ports 1-2

Remote Entities Count : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-20 show lldp statistics

### Description

This command is used to display an overview of neighbor detection activity on the switch.

### Format

**show lldp statistics**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display LLDP statistics:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp statistics
Command: show lldp statistics

Last Change Time      : 3648
Number of Table Insert : 0
Number of Table Delete : 0
Number of Table Drop   : 0
Number of Table Ageout : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 36-21 show lldp statistics ports

### Description

This command is used to display LLDP statistic information for individual ports.

### Format

**show lldp statistics ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** When a port list is not specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display LLDP statistic information for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show lldp statistics ports 1
Command: show lldp statistics ports 1

Port ID : 1
-----
LLDPStatsTXPortFramesTotal      : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortFramesDiscardedTotal : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortFramesErrors     : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortFramesTotal      : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortTLVsDiscardedTotal : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortTLVsUnrecognizedTotal : 0
LLDPStatsRXPortAgeoutsTotal     : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 37 Local Loopback Commands

---

```
config local_loopback ports [<portlist> | all] [mac | phy {medium_type [copper | fiber]]] [internal | external] [enable | disable]
```

---

```
show local_loopback ports {<portlist>}
```

---

## 37-1 config local\_loopback ports

### Description

When internal loopback is enabled, the device starts to send test packets to the port, and keeps monitoring the packets received. When internal loopback is disabled, the loopback test is terminated and the result is displayed. A port can only operate at one loopback mode at a time. When external loopback is enabled, the MAC/PHY is set to external loopback mode. When external loopback is disabled, the MAC/PHY recovers to normal operation.

### Format

```
config local_loopback ports [<portlist> | all] [mac | phy {medium_type [copper | fiber]]] [internal | external] [enable | disable]
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system.

**mac** - Select the MAC layer on which the loopback is performed.

**phy** - Select the PHY layer on which the loopback is performed.

**medium\_type** - (Optional) Specifies the medium on which the loopback test is taken for combo ports. If it is not specified, by default, the loopback test will be performed on copper medium.

**copper** - Specifies the medium type as copper.

**fiber** - Specifies the medium type as fiber.

---

**internal** - Set the loopback mode to internal.

**external** - Set the loopback mode to external.

**enable** - For internal loopback, start loopback test; for external loopback, set port(s) to external loopback mode.

**disable** - For internal loopback, stop loopback test; for external loopback, recover port(s) from external loopback mode. This is the default setting.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable a loopback test for port 2 for fiber in internal mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config local_loopback ports 2 phy medium_type fiber internal
enable
Command: config local_loopback ports 2 phy medium_type fiber internal enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To disable a loopback test for port 2 for fiber in internal mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config local_loopback ports 2 phy medium_type fiber internal
disable
Command: config local_loopback ports 2 phy medium_type fiber internal disable

Port    Loopback      Medium   64 Bytes    512 Bytes   1024 Bytes  1536 Bytes
      Mode          type     TX    RX      TX    RX      TX    RX      TX    RX
-----
  2    Internal PHY  Fiber   116   116    116   116    115   115    115   115

Loopback Test Result : Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 37-2 show local\_loopback ports

### Description

This command is used to display local loopback configuration.

### Format

**show local\_loopback ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display local loopback configuration for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show local_loopback ports 1-3
```

```
Command: show local_loopback ports 1-3
```

Port	Loopback Mode
1	Internal PHY
2	External MAC
3	Internal PHY

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 38 Loopback Detection Commands

---

```

config loopdetect {recover_timer [<value 0> | <value 60-1000000>] | interval <value 1-32767> |
mode [port-based | vlan-based]}(1)
config loopdetect ports [<portlist> | all] state [enabled | disabled]
enable loopdetect
disable loopdetect
show loopdetect
show loopdetect ports [all | <portlist>]
config loopdetect trap [none | loop_detected | loop_cleared | both]

```

---

## 38-1 config loopdetect

### Description

This command is used to set up the loop-back detection function (LBD) for the entire switch.

### Format

```

config loopdetect {recover_timer [<value 0> | <value 60-1000000>] | interval <value 1-32767>
| mode [port-based | vlan-based]}(1)

```

### Parameters

---

**recover\_timer** - The time interval (in seconds) used by the Auto-Recovery mechanism to decide how long to check if the loop status is gone. The default value is 60.

**<value 0>** - Zero is a special value which means to disable the auto-recovery mechanism, hence, the user needs to recover the disabled port back manually.

**<value 60-1000000>** - Enter a value between 60 and 1000000.

---

**interval** - The time interval (in seconds) at which device transmits all the CTP (Configuration Test Protocol) packets to detect the loop-back event. The default setting is 10.

**<value 1-32767>** - Specifies the valid range between 1 and 32767.

---

**mode** - Choose the loop-detection operation mode.

**port-based** - In the port-based mode, the port will be shut-down (disabled) when detecting a loop.

**vlan-based** - In VLAN-based mode, the port cannot forward packets of the VLAN that detects a loop.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set a recover time of 0 and an interval of 20 in VLAN-based mode:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config loopdetect recover_timer 0 interval 20 mode vlan-
based
Command: config loopdetect recover_timer 0 interval 20 mode vlan-based

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-2 config loopdetect ports

### Description

This command is used to set up the loop-back detection function for the ports on the switch.

### Format

**config loopdetect ports [<portlist> | all] state [enabled | disabled]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**all** - To set all ports in the system, use the all parameter.

---

**state** – Specifies the status.

- enabled** - Enable loop-detect for the ports specified in the port list.
- disabled** - Disable loop-detect for the ports specified in the port list. The default is disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set up loop-back detection:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config loopdetect ports 1-5 state enable
Command: config loopdetect ports 1-5 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-3 enable loopdetect

### Description

This command is used to allow the loop detection function to be globally enabled on the switch. The default value is disabled.

### Format

**enable loopdetect**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable loop detection:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable loopdetect
Command: enable loopdetect

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-4 disable loopdetect

### Description

This command allows the loop detection function to be globally disabled on the switch. The default value is disabled.

### Format

**disable loopdetect**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable loop detection:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable loopdetect
Command: disable loopdetect

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-5 show loopdetect

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current loop detection configuration.

### Format

**show loopdetect**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the switch's current loop detection configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show loopdetect
Command: show loopdetect

LBD Global Settings
-----
LBD Status           : Disabled
LBD Mode             : Port-Based
LBD Interval         : 10
LBD Recover Time     : 60
LBD Trap Status      : None

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-6 show loopdetect ports

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current per-port loop detection configuration and status.

### Format

**show loopdetect ports [all | <portlist>]**

### Parameters

---

**all** - System will display port loop detection information for all ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the loop detection state of ports 1 to 9 in port-based mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show loopdetect ports 1-9
Command: show loopdetect ports 1-9
```

Port	State	Loop VLAN	Loop Status	LoopDetected Time	LoopRecovered Time
1	Enabled	4094	Recovered	2012/12/12 11:59:59	2012/12/12 12:01:59
2	Enabled	1	Loop	2012/12/12 11:59:59	-
3	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
4	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
5	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
6	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
7	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
8	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-
9	Enabled	-	Normal	-	-

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 38-7 config loopdetect trap

### Description

This command is used to configure the trap mode. A loop detected trap is sent when the loop condition is detected and a loop cleared trap is sent when the loop condition is cleared.

### Format

**config loopdetect trap [none | loop\_detected | loop\_cleared | both]**

### Parameters

---

**none** - Trap will not be sent for both cases.

---

**loop\_detected** - Trap is sent when the loop condition is detected

---

**loop\_cleared** - Trap is sent when the loop condition is cleared.

---

**both** - Trap will be sent for both cases.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure a trap:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config loopdetect trap both
Command: config loopdetect trap both

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 39 MAC-based Access Control Commands

<b>enable mac_based_access_control</b>
<b>disable mac_based_access_control</b>
<b>config mac_based_access_control password</b> <passwd 16>
<b>config mac_based_access_control method</b> [local   radius]
<b>config mac_based_access_control guest_vlan ports</b> <portlist>
<b>config mac_based_access_control ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {state [enable   disable]   mode [port_based   host_based]   aging_time [infinite   <min 1-1440>]   block_time [infinite   <sec 0-300>]   max_users [<value 1-1000>   no_limit]}(1)
<b>create mac_based_access_control</b> [guest_vlan <vlan_name 32>   guest_vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>delete mac_based_access_control</b> [guest_vlan <vlan_name 32>   guest_vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>clear mac_based_access_control auth_state</b> [ports [all   <portlist>]   mac_addr <macaddr>]
<b>create mac_based_access_control_local mac</b> <macaddr> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
<b>config mac_based_access_control_local mac</b> <macaddr> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>   clear_vlan]
<b>config mac_based_access_control max_users</b> [<value 1-1000>   no_limit]
<b>config mac_based_access_control authorization attributes</b> {radius [enable   disable]   local [enable   disable]}(1)
<b>delete mac_based_access_control_local</b> [mac <macaddr>   vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>show mac_based_access_control auth_state ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show mac_based_access_control</b> {ports {<portlist>}}
<b>show mac_based_access_control_local</b> {[mac <macaddr>   vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
<b>config mac_based_access_control log state</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config mac_based_access_control trap state</b> [enable   disable]

### 39-1 enable mac\_based\_access\_control

#### Description

This command is used to enable the MAC-based access control function.

#### Format

```
enable mac_based_access_control
```

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable MAC-based access control:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable mac_based_access_control
Command: enable mac_based_access_control

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-2 disable mac\_based\_access\_control

### Description

This command is used to disable the MAC-based access control function.

### Format

**disable mac\_based\_access\_control**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable MAC-based access control:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable mac_based_access_control
Command: disable mac_based_access_control

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-3 config mac\_based\_access\_control password

### Description

This command is used to set the password that will be used for authentication via RADIUS server.

### Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control password <passwd 16>**

## Parameters

---

**<passwd 16>** - In RADIUS mode, the switch communicates with the RADIUS server using this password. The maximum length of the key is 16 characters.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the password “rosebud” that will be used for authentication via RADIUS server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_based_access_control password rosebud
Command: config mac_based_access_control password rosebud

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-4 config mac\_based\_access\_control method

### Description

This command is used to authenticate via a local database or a RADIUS server.

### Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control method [local | radius]**

## Parameters

---

**local** - Specifies to authenticate via local database.

---

**radius** - Specifies to authenticate via RADIUS server.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the MAC-based access control method as local:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_based_access_control method local
Command: config mac_based_access_control method local

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 39-5 config mac\_based\_access\_control guest\_vlan ports

### Description

This command is used to put the specified port in guest VLAN mode. For those ports not contained in the port list, they are in non-guest VLAN mode. For detailed information about the operation of guest VLAN mode, please see the description for configuring the MAC-based access control port command.

### Format

```
config mac_based_access_control guest_vlan ports <portlist>
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - When a port is configured to be a guest VLAN member port, this port will be moved to the guest VLAN if its MAC-based access control state is enabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the MAC-based access control guest VLAN membership for port 1 to 8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config mac_based_access_control guest_vlan ports 1-8
Command: config mac_based_access_control guest_vlan ports 1-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-6 config mac\_based\_access\_control ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the MAC-based access control setting. When the MAC-based access control function is enabled for a port, and the port is not a MAC-based access control guest VLAN member, the user who is attached to this port will not be forwarded unless the user passes the authentication. A user that does not pass the authentication will not be serviced by the switch. If the user passes the authentication, the user will be able to forward traffic operated under the assigned VLAN.

When the MAC-based access control function is enabled for a port, and the port is a MAC-based access control guest VLAN member, the port(s) will be removed from the original VLAN(s) member ports, and added to MAC-based access control guest VLAN member ports. Before the authentication process starts, the user is able to forward traffic under the guest VLAN. After the authentication process, the user will be able to access the assigned VLAN.

If the port authorize mode is port based mode, when the port has been moved to the authorized VLAN, the subsequent users will not be authenticated again. They will operate in the current authorized VLAN. If the port authorize mode is host based mode, then each user will be authorized individually and be capable of getting its own assigned VLAN.

## Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control ports [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | mode [port\_based | host\_based] | aging\_time [infinite | <min 1-1440>] | block\_time [infinite | <sec 0-300>] | max\_users [<value 1-1000> | no\_limit]}(1)**

## Parameters

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to configure the MAC-based access control settings
<b>all</b> - Specifies to select all the ports.
<b>state</b> - Specifies whether the MAC-based access control function is enabled or disabled.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies to enable the MAC-based access control function.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies to disable the MAC-based access control function.
<b>mode</b> - Specifies either port-based or host-based.
<b>port_based</b> - This means that all users connected to a port share the first authentication result.
<b>host_based</b> - This means that each user can have its own authentication result. If the switch does not support MAC-based VLANs, the switch will not allow the option host_based for ports that are in guest VLAN mode.
<b>aging_time</b> - Specifies a time period during which an authenticated host will be kept in the authenticated state. When the aging time is timed-out, the host will be moved back to unauthenticated state.
<b>infinite</b> - Specifies an unlimited aging time.
<b>&lt;min 1-1440&gt;</b> - Specifies the age-out time, in minutes, between 1 and 1440.
<b>block_time</b> - Specifies the blocking time, in seconds, between 0 and 300.
<b>infinite</b> - Specifies that the blocking time will be set to infinite.
<b>&lt;sec 0-300&gt;</b> - Specifies the blocking time. The blocking time value must be between 0 and 300 seconds.
<b>max_users</b> - Specifies the number of maximum users.
<b>&lt;value 1-1000&gt;</b> - Specifies the maximum number of users between 1 and 1000.
<b>no_limit</b> - Specifies an unlimited number of users.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the port state for ports 1 to 8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config mac_based_access_control ports 1-8 state enable
Command: config mac_based_access_control ports 1-8 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-7 create mac\_based\_access\_control

### Description

This command is used to create a MAC-based access control guest VLAN.

**Format**

**create mac\_based\_access\_control [guest\_vlan <vlan\_name 32> | guest\_vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]**

**Parameters**


---

**guest\_vlan** - Specifies the name of the guest VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the guest VLAN. The guest VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**guest\_vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the guest VLAN.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the guest VLAN. The guest VLAN ID must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create a MAC-based access control guest VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mac_based_access_control guest_vlan default
Command: create mac_based_access_control guest_vlan default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-8 delete mac\_based\_access\_control****Description**

This command is used to delete MAC-based access control guest VLANs.

**Format**

**delete mac\_based\_access\_control [guest\_vlan <vlan\_name 32> | guest\_vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]**

**Parameters**


---

**guest\_vlan** - Specifies the name of the guest VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the guest VLAN. The guest VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**guest\_vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the guest VLAN.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the guest VLAN. The guest VLAN ID must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete a MAC-based access control guest VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mac_based_access_control guest_vlan default
Command: delete mac_based_access_control guest_vlan default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-9 clear mac\_based\_access\_control auth\_state****Description**

This command is used to clear the authentication state of a user (or port). The port (or the user) will return to un-authenticated state. All the timers associated with the port (or the user) will be reset.

**Format**

**clear mac\_based\_access\_control auth\_state [ports [all | <portlist>] | mac\_addr <macaddr>]**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - Specifies the port range to clear the authentication state.  
**all** - Specifies all ports.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports.

---

**mac\_addr** - Specifies to clear a specified host authentication state.  
**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear the authentication state of all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear mac_based_access_control auth_state ports all
Command: clear mac_based_access_control auth_state ports all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-10 create mac\_based\_access\_control\_local mac****Description**

This command is used to create a database entry.

**Format**

**create mac\_based\_access\_control\_local mac <macaddr> {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}**

**Parameters**


---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address that access accepts by local mode.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) If the MAC address is authorized, the port will be assigned to this VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) If the MAC address is authorized, the port will be assigned to this VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies a VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create a local database entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01
vlan default
Command: create mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan
default
Success.
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-11 config mac\_based\_access\_control\_local mac****Description**

This command is used to modify a database entry.

**Format**

**config mac\_based\_access\_control\_local mac <macaddr> [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094> | clear\_vlan]**

**Parameters**


---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address that access is accepted by local mode.

---

**vlan** - If the MAC address is authorized, the port will be assigned to this VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - If the MAC address is authorized, the port will be assigned to this VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies a VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

**clear\_vlan** - Specifies to clear the specified VLAN.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure a local database entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01
vlan default
Command: config mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan
default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-12 config mac\_based\_access\_control max\_users****Description**

This command is used to configure the MAC-based access control maximum number of authorized users.

**Format**

**config mac\_based\_access\_control max\_users [<value 1-1000> | no\_limit]**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-1000>** - Specifies the maximum number of authorized users.

---

**no\_limit** - Specifies an unlimited number of authorized users.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the MAC-based access control maximum number of authorized users:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_based_access_control max_users 2
Command: config mac_based_access_control max_users 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**39-13 config mac\_based\_access\_control authorization attributes****Description**

This command is used to enable or disable the acceptance of an authorized configuration. When authorization is enabled for MAC-based access controls with RADIUS authentication, the authorized attributes (for example VLAN and 802.1p default priority) assigned by the RADIUS server will be accepted if the global authorization status is enabled. When authorization is enabled for MAC-based access controls with local authentication, the authorized attributes assigned by the local database will be accepted.

## Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control authorization attributes {radius [enable | disable] | local [enable | disable]}(1)**

## Parameters

---

**radius** - Specifies to enable or disable the authorized attributes assigned by the RADIUS server that will be accepted.

**enable** - If specified to enable, the authorized attributes (for example VLAN and 802.1p default priority) assigned by the RADIUS server will be accepted if the global authorization status is enabled. The default state is enabled.

**disable** - If specified to disable, the authorized attributes (for example VLAN and 802.1p default priority) assigned by the RADIUS server will not be accepted even if the global authorization status is enabled.

---

**local** - Specifies to enable to disable the authorized attributes assigned by the local database.

**enable** - If specified to enable, the authorized attributes assigned by the local database will be accepted if the global authorization status is enabled. The default state is enabled.

**disable** - If specified to disable, the authorized attributes assigned by the local database will not be accepted even if the global authorization status is enabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the configuration authorized from the local database:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_based_access_control authorization attributes
local disable
Command: config mac_based_access_control authorization attributes local disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-14 delete mac\_based\_access\_control\_local

### Description

This command is used to delete a database entry

### Format

**delete mac\_based\_access\_control\_local [mac <macaddr> | vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]**

### Parameters

---

**mac** - Delete database by this MAC address.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**vlan** - Delete database by this VLAN name.

---

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name up to 32 characters long.  
**vlanid** - Delete database by this VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies a VLAN ID value must be between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a MAC-based access control local by MAC address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01
Command: delete mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete a MAC-based access control local by VLAN name:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mac_based_access_control_local vlan default
Command: delete mac_based_access_control_local vlan default

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-15 show mac\_based\_access\_control auth\_state ports

### Description

This command is used to display MAC-based access control authentication MAC information.

### Format

**show mac\_based\_access\_control auth\_state ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the ports to display.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display MAC-based access control authentication MAC information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control auth_state ports 1-3
Command: show mac_based_access_control auth_state ports 1-3
```



```
(P):Port based

Port  MAC Address          State          VID    Priority  Aging Time/
-----
1     00-00-00-00-00-01      Authenticated  4004   3         Infinite
1     00-00-00-00-00-02      Authenticated  1234   -         Infinite
1     00-00-00-00-00-03      Blocked       -      -         60
1     00-00-00-00-00-04      Authenticating -      -         5
2     00-00-00-00-00-10(P)  Authenticated  1234   4         1440
3     00-00-00-00-00-20(P)  Authenticating -      -         20
3     00-00-00-00-00-21(P)  Blocked       -      -         120

Total Authenticating Hosts : 2
Total Authenticated Hosts  : 3
Total Blocked Hosts       : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 39-16 show mac\_based\_access\_control

#### Description

This command is used to display MAC-based access control information.

#### Format

**show mac\_based\_access\_control {ports {<portlist>}}**

#### Parameters

---

<b>ports</b>	- (Optional) Specifies to display the MAC-based access control port state.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display MAC-based access control information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control
Command: show mac_based_access_control

MAC-based Access Control
-----
State           : Disabled
Method          : Local
Password        : default
Max User        : 128
Guest VLAN      :
Guest VLAN Member Ports:
RADIUS Authorization : Enabled
Local Authorization  : Enabled
Trap State        : Enabled
Log State         : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display MAC-based access control information for ports 1 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control ports 1-4
Command: show mac_based_access_control ports 1-4

Port    State    Aging Time    Block Time    Auth Mode    Max User
-----  -
         (min)      (sec)
-----  -
1        Disabled  1440          300           Host_based   128
2        Disabled  1440          300           Host_based   128
3        Disabled  1440          300           Host_based   128
4        Disabled  1440          300           Host_based   128

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 39-17 show mac\_based\_access\_control\_local

#### Description

This command is used to display MAC-based access control local data.

#### Format

```
show mac_based_access_control_local {[mac <macaddr> | vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid
<vlanid 1-4094>]}
```

#### Parameters

---

**mac** - (Optional) Display MAC-based access control local databases by this MAC address.  
**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID value between 1 and 4094.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display MAC-based access control local data:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control_local
Command: show mac_based_access_control_local

MAC Address                VID
-----
00-00-00-00-00-01  1

Total Entries:1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display MAC-based access control local data by MAC address:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01
Command: show mac_based_access_control_local mac 00-00-00-00-00-01

MAC Address                VID
-----
00-00-00-00-00-01  1

Total Entries:1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display MAC-based access control local data by VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_access_control_local vlan default
Command: show mac_based_access_control_local vlan default

MAC Address                VID
-----
00-00-00-00-00-01  1

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-18 config mac\_based\_access\_control log state

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the generating of MAC-based Access Control logs.

### Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control log state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the log state for MAC-based Access Control.

**enable** - Specifies that the log for MAC-based Access Control will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the log for MAC-based Access Control will be disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the log state for MAC-based Access Control:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config mac_based_access_control log state disable
Command: config mac_based_access_control log state disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 39-19 config mac\_based\_access\_control trap state

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the sending of MAC-based Access Control traps.

### Format

**config mac\_based\_access\_control trap state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the trap state for MAC-based Access Control.

**enable** - Specifies that the trap state for MAC-based Access Control will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the trap state for MAC-based Access Control will be disabled.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the trap state for MAC-based Access Control:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config mac_based_access_control trap state enable
Command: config mac_based_access_control trap state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 40 MAC Notification Commands

---

**enable mac\_notification**

---

**disable mac\_notification**

---

**config mac\_notification** {interval <int 1-2147483647> | historysize <int 1-500>}(1)

---

**config mac\_notification ports** [<portlist> | all] [enable | disable]

---

**show mac\_notification**

---

**show mac\_notification ports** {<portlist>}

---

## 40-1 enable mac\_notification

### Description

This command is used to enable the trap notification for new learned MAC addresses on the Switch.

### Format

**enable mac\_notification**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the MAC notification function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable mac_notification
Command: enable mac_notification

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 40-2 disable mac\_notification

### Description

This command is used to disable the trap notification for new learned MAC addresses on the Switch.

## Format

**disable mac\_notification**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable the MAC notification function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable mac_notification
Command: disable mac_notification

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 40-3 config mac\_notification

### Description

This command is used to configure the switch's MAC address table notification global settings.

### Format

**config mac\_notification {interval <int 1-2147483647> | historysize <int 1-500>}(1)**

### Parameters

---

**interval** - Specifies the time interval in seconds to trigger the notification.  
**<int 1-2147483647>** - Specifies between 1 second and 2147483647 seconds.

---

**historysize** - Specifies the entries of new learned MAC to trigger the notification.  
**<int 1-500>** - Specifies up to 500 entries.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the switch's MAC address table notification global settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_notification interval 1 historysize 500
Command: config mac_notification interval 1 historysize 500

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 40-4 config mac\_notification ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the port's MAC address table notification status settings.

### Format

**config mac\_notification ports [<portlist> | all] [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specify a range of ports to be configured.  
**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable the port's MAC address table notification.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the port's MAC address table notification.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable MAC address table notification for Port 7:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mac_notification ports 7 enable
Command: config mac_notification ports 7 enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 40-5 show mac\_notification

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's MAC address table notification global settings.

### Format

**show mac\_notification**

### Parameters

None.



## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show the switch's MAC address table notification global settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_notification
Command: show mac_notification

Global Mac Notification Settings

State          : Enabled
Interval       : 1
History Size   : 500

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

40-6 show mac\_notification ports

## Description

This command is used to display the port's MAC address table notification status settings.

## Format

**show mac\_notification ports {<portlist>}**

## Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the MAC address table notification status settings of all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_notification ports
```

```
Command: show mac_notification ports
```

```
Port #   MAC Address Table Notification State
```

```
-----
```

1	Disabled
2	Disabled
3	Disabled
4	Disabled
5	Disabled
6	Disabled
7	Disabled
8	Disabled
9	Disabled
10	Disabled
11	Disabled
12	Disabled

```
CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
```

## Chapter 41 Mirror Commands

---

```

config mirror port <port> {[add | delete] source ports <portlist> [rx | tx | both]}
enable mirror
disable mirror
show mirror

```

---

41-1 config mirror port

### Description

This command is used to allow a range of ports to have all of their traffic also sent to a designated port – where a network sniffer or other device can monitor the network traffic. In addition, you can specify that only traffic received by, sent by or both is mirrored to the target port.

### Format

```
config mirror port <port> {[add | delete] source ports <portlist> [rx | tx | both]}
```

### Parameters

---

**<port>** - Specifies the port that will receive the packets duplicated at the mirror port.

---

**add** - (Optional) Specifies the mirror entry to be added.

---

**delete** - (Optional) Specifies the mirror entry to be deleted.

---

**source ports** - (Optional) Specifies the ports that will be mirrored. All packets entering and leaving the source port can be duplicated in the mirror port.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**rx** - (Optional) Allow the mirroring of only packets received (flowing into) the port or ports in the port list.

---

**tx** - (Optional) Allow the mirroring of only packets sent (flowing out of) the port or ports in the port list.

---

**both** - (Optional) Mirror all the packets received or sent by the port or ports in the port list.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To add mirroring target port 6 and the source ports 1 to 5 rx and tx packets:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mirror port 6 add source ports 1-5 both
Command: config mirror port 6 add source ports 1-5 both

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 41-2 enable mirror

### Description

This command is used to enter a port mirroring configuration into the switch, and then turn the port mirroring on or off without having to modify the port mirroring configuration.



**Note:** If the target port hasn't been set, enable mirror will not be allowed.

### Format

**enable mirror**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable mirroring configurations:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable mirror
Command: enable mirror

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 41-3 disable mirror

### Description

This command, combined with the **enable mirror** command above, allows you to enter a port mirroring configuration into the switch, and then turn the port mirroring on or off without having to modify the port mirroring configuration.

### Format

**disable mirror**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable mirroring configurations:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable mirror
Command: disable mirror

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 41-4 show mirror

### Description

This command is used to display the current port mirroring configuration on the switch.

### Format

**show mirror**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display mirroring configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mirror
Command: show mirror

Current Settings
Mirror Status: Disabled
Target Port   : 7
Mirrored Port
              RX:
              TX: 1-5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 42 MLD Snooping Commands

<b>config mld_snooping</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] {state [enable   disable]   fast_done [enable   disable]   proxy_reporting {state [enable   disable]   source_ip <ipv6addr>}}(1)
<b>config mld_snooping data_driven_learning</b> [all   vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] {state [enable   disable]   aged_out [enable   disable]   expiry_time <sec 1-65535>}(1)
<b>config mld_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry</b> <value 1-1024>
<b>clear mld_snooping data_driven_group</b> [all   [vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [<ipv6addr>   all]]
<b>config mld_snooping rate_limit</b> [ports <portlist>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [<value 1-1000>   no_limit]
<b>show mld_snooping rate_limit</b> [ports <portlist>   vlanid <vlanid_list>]
<b>create mld_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr>
<b>config mld_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr> [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>delete mld_snooping static_group</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr>
<b>show mld_snooping static_group</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr>}
<b>show mld_snooping statistic counter</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   ports <portlist>]
<b>clear mld_snooping statistics counter</b>
<b>config mld_snooping querier</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] { query_interval <sec 1-65535>   max_response_time <sec 1-25>   robustness_variable <value 1-7>   last_listener_query_interval <sec 1-25>   state [enable   disable]   version <value 1-2> } (1)
<b>config mld_snooping mrouter_ports</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>config mld_snooping mrouter_ports forbidden</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add   delete] <portlist>
<b>enable mld_snooping</b>
<b>disable mld_snooping</b>
<b>show mld_snooping</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list >]}
<b>show mld_snooping group</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list >   ports <portlist>] {<ipv6addr>}} {data_driven}
<b>show mld_snooping mrouter_ports</b> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>   all] {[static   dynamic   forbidden]}
<b>show mld_snooping forwarding</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>]}
<b>show mld_snooping host</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list >   ports <portlist>   group <ipv6addr>]}
<b>show mld_snooping group port_num</b> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid_list>] {<ipv6addr>}}

## 42-1 config mld\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to configure MLD snooping on the switch.

## Format

```
config mld_snooping [vlan_name <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | all] {state [enable | disable] | fast_done [enable | disable] | proxy_reporting {state [enable | disable] | source_ip <ipv6addr>}}(1)
```

## Parameters

<b>vlan_name</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN for which MLD snooping is to be configured. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID list.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to configure all VLANs.
<b>state</b> - Enable or disable MLD snooping for the chosen VLAN. <b>enable</b> - Enable MLD snooping for the chosen VLAN. <b>disable</b> - Disable MLD snooping for the chosen VLAN.
<b>fast_done</b> - Enable or disable the MLD snooping fast leave function. If enabled, the membership is immediately removed when the system receive the MLD leave message. <b>enable</b> - Enable the MLD snooping fast leave function. <b>disable</b> - Disable the MLD snooping fast leave function.
<b>proxy_reporting</b> - Specifies that the proxy reporting function will be configured. <b>state</b> - Specifies the state of the proxy reporting function. <b>enable</b> - Specifies that the proxy reporting function will be enabled. <b>disable</b> - Specifies that the proxy reporting function will be disabled.
<b>source_ip</b> - Specifies the source IPv6 address used. <b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Enter the source IPv6 address used here.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure MLD snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping vlan_name default state enable
Command: config mld_snooping vlan_name default state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-2 config mld\_snooping data\_driven\_learning

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the data driven learning state of an MLD snooping group. When the data-driven learning is enabled for the VLAN, when the switch receives the IP multicast traffic, on this VLAN, an MLD snooping group will be created. That is, the learning of an entry is not activated by MLD membership registration, but activated by the traffic. For an ordinary MLD snooping entry, the MLD protocol will take care the aging out of the entry. For a data-driven entry, the entry can be specified not to be age out or to be aged out by the aged timer. When the data driven learning is enabled, and data driven table is not full, the multicast filtering mode for all ports are ignored. That is, the multicast packets will be forwarded to router ports. If data driven learning table is full, the multicast packets will be forwarded according to multicast filtering mode.

Note that if a data-driven group is created and MLD member ports are learned later, the entry will become an ordinary MLD snooping entry. That is, the aging out mechanism will follow the ordinary MLD snooping entry.

## Format

```
config mld_snooping data_driven_learning [all | vlan_name <vlan_name> | vlanid
<vlanid_list>] {state [enable | disable] | aged_out [enable | disable] | expiry_time <sec 1-
65535>}(1)
```

## Parameters

<b>all</b> - Specifies to configure all VLANs and VLAN IDs.
<b>vlan_name</b> - Specifies the VLAN name to be configured. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID to be configured. <b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.
<b>state</b> - Specifies whether to enable or disable the data driven learning of an MLD snooping group. This is enabled by default. <b>enable</b> - Enable data driven learning of an MLD snooping group. <b>disable</b> - Disable data driven learning of an MLD snooping group.
<b>aged_out</b> - Enable or disable the aging of the entry. This is disabled by default. <b>enable</b> - Enable the aging of the entry. <b>disable</b> - Disable the aging of the entry.
<b>expiry_time</b> - Specifies the data driven group lifetime in seconds. This parameter is valid only when <b>aged_out</b> is enabled. <b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - Specifies the time between 1 and 65535 seconds.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable the data driven learning of an MLD snooping group on default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping data_driven_learning vlan_name default
state enable
Command: config mld_snooping data_driven_learning vlan_name default state
enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-3 config mld\_snooping data\_driven\_learning max\_learned\_entry

### Description

This command is used to configure the maximum number of groups that can be learned by data driven. When the table is full, the system will stop learning of the new data-driven groups. Traffic for the new groups will be dropped.



**Format**

```
config mld_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry <value 1-1024>
```

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-1024>** - Specifies the maximum number of groups that can be learned by data driven.  
The default setting is 128.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the maximum number of MLD snooping data driven learning entries as 50:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry
50
Command: config mld_snooping data_driven_learning max_learned_entry 50

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**42-4 clear mld\_snooping data\_driven\_group****Description**

This command is used to delete the MLD snooping group learned by data driven.

**Format**

```
clear mld_snooping data_driven_group [all | [vlan_name <vlan_name> | vlanid <vlanid_list>]
[<ipv6addr> | all]]
```

**Parameters**


---

**all** - Specifies all VLANs to which MLD snooping groups will be deleted.

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies a list of the VLAN IDs.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the group's IPv6 address learned by data driven.

**all** - Specifies to clear all data driven groups of the specified VLAN.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete all the groups learned by data-driven:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear mld_snooping data_driven_group all
Command: clear mld_snooping data_driven_group all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-5 config mld\_snooping rate\_limit

**Description**

This command is used to configure the upper limit per second for ingress MLD control packets.

**Format**

```
config mld_snooping rate_limit [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] [<value 1-1000> | no_limit]
```

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a range of VLANs to be configured.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<value 1-1000>** - Specifies the rate limit of MLD control packet that the switch can process on a specific port/VLAN. The rate is specified in packet per second. The packet that exceeds the limited rate will be dropped.

---

**no\_limit** - The default setting is no limit.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the MLD snooping packet rate limit on port 1 for 100:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping rate_limit ports 1 100
Command: config mld_snooping rate_limit ports 1 100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-6 show mld\_snooping rate\_limit

**Description**

This command is used to display the MLD snooping rate limit setting.

**Format**

**show mld\_snooping rate\_limit [ports <portlist> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a range of VLANs to be displayed.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the MLD snooping packet rate limit for ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping rate_limit ports 1-2
Command: show mld_snooping rate_limit ports 1-2

  Port          Rate Limit
  -----
  1              No Limit
  2              No Limit

Total Entries: 2
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**42-7 create mld\_snooping static\_group****Description**

This command is used to create an MLD snooping multicast static group. Member ports can be added to the static group. The static member and the dynamic member port form the member ports of a group.

The static group will only take effect when MLD snooping is enabled on the VLAN. For those static member ports, the device needs to emulate the MLD protocol operation to the querier, and forward the traffic destined to the multicast group to the member ports. For a layer 3 device, the device is also responsible to route the packet destined for this specific group to static member ports. The static member port will only affect V2 MLD operation. The Reserved IP multicast addresses FF0x::/16 must be excluded from the configured group. The VLAN must be created first before a static group can be created.

**Format**

**create mld\_snooping static\_group [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] <ipv6addr>**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the static group resides.

---

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the multicast group IPv6 address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create an MLD snooping static group on vlan1, group FF1E::1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mld_snooping static_group vlan vlan1 FF1E::1
Command: create mld_snooping static_group vlan vlan1 FF1E::1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-8 config mld\_snooping static\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure an MLD snooping static group on the switch. When a port is configured as a static member port, the MLD protocol will not operate on this port. Therefore, suppose that a port is a dynamic member port learned by MLD. If this port is configured as a static member later, then the MLD protocol will stop operating on this port. The MLD protocol will resume once this port is removed from static member ports. The static member port will only affect V1 MLD operation.

### Format

```
config mld_snooping static_group [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr>
[add | delete] <portlist>
```

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the static group resides.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the static group resides.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the multicast group IPv6 address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

**add** - Specifies to add the member ports.

---

**delete** - Specifies to delete the member ports.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To unset ports 9 to 10 from MLD Snooping static member ports for group FF1E::1 on default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping static_group vlan default FF1E::1 delete
9-10
Command: config mld_snooping static_group vlan default FF1E::1 delete 9-10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**42-9 delete mld\_snooping static\_group****Description**

This command is used to delete an MLD snooping static group on the switch. The deletion of an MLD snooping static group will not affect the MLD snooping dynamic member ports for a group.

**Format**

**delete mld\_snooping static\_group [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>] <ipv6addr>**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the multicast group IPv6 address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an MLD snooping static group from the default VLAN, group FF1E::1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mld_snooping static_group vlan default FF1E::1
Command: delete mld_snooping static_group vlan default FF1E::1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**42-10 show mld\_snooping static\_group****Description**

This command is used to display the MLD snooping static groups.

**Format**

```
show mld_snooping static_group {[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] <ipv6addr>}
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the static group resides.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - (Optional) Specifies the multicast group IPv6 address (for Layer 3 switch).

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display all the MLD snooping static groups:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping static_group
Command: show mld_snooping static_group

VLAN ID/Name      IP Address      Static Member Ports
-----
1/Default         FF1E::1        9-10

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-11 show mld\_snooping statistic counter

**Description**

This command is used to display the MLD snooping statistics counters for MLD protocol packets that are transmitted or received by the switch since MLD snooping was enabled.

**Format**

```
show mld_snooping statistic counter [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | ports <portlist>]
```

**Parameters**


---

**vlan** - Specifies a VLAN to be displayed.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs to be displayed.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**ports** - Specifies a list of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a list of ports.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the MLD snooping statistics counters on port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping statistic counter ports 1
Command: show mld_snooping statistic counter ports 1

Port #           : 1
-----
Group Number     : 0

Receive Statistics
  Query
    MLD v1 Query           : 0
    MLD v2 Query           : 0
    Total                   : 0
    Dropped By Rate Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN : 0

  Report & Done
    MLD v1 Report          : 0
    MLD v2 Report          : 0
    MLD v1 Done            : 0
    Total                   : 0
    Dropped By Rate Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Max Group Limitation : 0
    Dropped By Group Filter : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN : 0
    Dropped By Multicast VLAN Source Port : 0

Transmit Statistics
  Query
    MLD v1 Query           : 0
    MLD v2 Query           : 0
    Total                   : 0

  Report & Done
    MLD v1 Report          : 0
    MLD v2 Report          : 0
    MLD v1 Done            : 0
    Total                   : 0

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 42-12 clear mld\_snooping statistics counter

**Description**

This command is used to clear the MLD snooping statistics counters.

**Format**

**clear mld\_snooping statistics counter**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear the MLD snooping statistics counters:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear mld_snooping statistics counter
Command: clear mld_snooping statistics counter

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-13 config mld\_snooping querier

**Description**

This command is used to configure the time, in seconds, between general query transmissions, the maximum time to wait for reports from listeners, and the permitted packet loss that guarantees MLD snooping.

**Format**

**config mld\_snooping querier [vlan\_name <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list> | all] {query\_interval <sec 1-65535> | max\_response\_time <sec 1-25> | robustness\_variable <value 1-7> | last\_listener\_query\_interval <sec 1-25> | state [enable | disable] | version <value 1-2>} (1)**

**Parameters**


---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the name of the VLAN for which MLD snooping querier is to be configured.

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN for which MLD snooping querier is to be configured.

---

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**all** - Specifies all VLANs for which MLD snooping querier is to be configured.

---

**query\_interval** - Specifies the amount of time in seconds between general query transmissions.

---



---

**<sec 1-65535>** - Specifies the amount of time in seconds between general query transmissions. The default setting is 125 seconds.

**max\_response\_time** - Specifies the maximum time in seconds to wait for reports from members.

**<sec 1-25>** - Specifies the maximum time in seconds to wait for reports from members. The default setting is 10 seconds.

**robustness\_variable** - Provides fine-tuning to allow for expected packet loss on a subnet. The value of the robustness variable is used in calculating the following MLD message intervals:

- Group member interval—Amount of time that must pass before a multicast router decides there are no more members of a group on a network. This interval is calculated as follows: (robustness variable x query interval) + (1 x query response interval).
- Other querier present interval—Amount of time that must pass before a multicast router decides that there is no longer another multicast router that is the querier. This interval is calculated as follows: (robustness variable x query interval) + (0.5 x query response interval).
- Last member query count—Number of group-specific queries sent before the router assumes there are no local members of a group. The default number is the value of the robustness variable.

**<value 1-7>** - Specifies the value between 1 and 7. Increase the value if you expect a subnet to be lossy. The robustness variable is set to 2 by default.

**last\_member\_query\_interval** - Specifies the maximum amount of time between group-specific query messages, including those sent in response to leave-group messages. You might lower this interval to reduce the amount of time it takes a router to detect the loss of the last member of a group.

**<sec 1-25>** - Specifies the time between 1 and 25 seconds.

**state** - This allows the switch to be specified as an MLD Querier (sends MLD query packets) or a Non-Querier (does not send MLD query packets). Set to enable or disable.

**enable** - Allows the switch to be selected as an MLD Querier (sends MLD query packets).

**disable** - When disabled, the switch can not play the role as a querier.

**version** - Specifies the version of MLD packet that will be sent by this port. If a MLD packet received by the interface has a version higher than the specified version, this packet will be dropped.

**<value 1-2>** - Specifies the values between 1 and 2.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the MLD snooping querier:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping querier vlan_name default query_interval
125 state enable
Command: config mld_snooping querier vlan_name default query_interval 125 state
enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-14 config mld\_snooping mrouter\_ports

**Description**

This command allows users to designate a range of ports as being connected to multicast-enabled routers. This will ensure that all packets with such a router as its destination will reach the multicast-enabled router, regardless of protocol.

**Format**

```
config mld_snooping mrouter_ports [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add | delete] <portlist>
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>vlan</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.
<b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the router port resides.
<b>&lt;vlanid_list&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.
<b>add</b> - Specifies to add router ports.
<b>delete</b> - Specifies to delete router ports.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To set up static router ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping mrouter_ports vlan default add 1-10
Command: config mld_snooping mrouter_ports vlan default add 1-10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-15 config mld\_snooping mrouter\_ports\_forbidden

**Description**

This command allows you to designate a range of ports as being not connected to multicast-enabled routers. This ensures that the forbidden router port will not propagate routing packets out.

**Format**

```
config mld_snooping mrouter_ports_forbidden [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>] [add | delete] <portlist>
```

## Parameters

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the router port resides.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.

**add** - Specifies to add router ports.

**delete** - Specifies to delete router ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set up ports as forbidden router port:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping mrouter_ports_forbidden vlan default add 1-10
Command: config mld_snooping mrouter_ports_forbidden vlan default add 1-10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-16 enable mld\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to enable MLD snooping on the switch.

### Format

**enable mld\_snooping**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable MLD snooping on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable mld_snooping
Command: enable mld_snooping

Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-17 disable mld\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to disable MLD snooping on the switch. MLD snooping can be disabled only if IPv6 multicast routing is not being used. Disabling MLD snooping allows all MLD and IPv6 multicast traffic to flood within a given IPv6 interface.

### Format

**disable mld\_snooping**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable MLD snooping on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable mld_snooping
Command: disable mld_snooping

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-18 show mld\_snooping

### Description

This command is used to display the current MLD snooping configuration on the switch.

### Format

**show mld\_snooping {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]}**

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN for which to view the MLD snooping configuration.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the ID of the VLAN for which to view the MLD snooping configuration.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all current MLD snooping configurations.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display MLD snooping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping
Command: show mld_snooping

MLD Snooping Global State           : Disabled
Data Driven Learning Max Entries    : 128

VLAN Name                           : default
Query Interval                       : 125
Max Response Time                   : 10
Robustness Value                     : 2
Last Listener Query Interval        : 1
Querier State                        : Disable
Querier Role                         : Non-Querier
Querier IP                           : ::
Querier Expiry Time                 : 0 secs
State                                : Disable
Fast Done                            : Disable
Proxy Reporting                      : Enable
Proxy Reporting Source IP           : ::
Rate Limit                           : No Limitation
Version                              : 2
Data Driven Learning State          : Enable
Data Driven Learning Aged Out       : Disable
Data Driven Group Expiry Time       : 260

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-19 show mld\_snooping group

### Description

This command is used to display the current MLD snooping group information on the switch.

### Format

```
show mld_snooping group {[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list > | ports <portlist>]
{<ipv6addr>}} {data_driven}
```

## Parameters

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN for which to view MLD snooping group information. If VLAN and ports and IP address are not specified, the system will display all current MLD snooping group information.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the ID of the VLAN for which to view MLD snooping group information.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the list of port for which to view MLD snooping group information.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**<ipv6addr>** - (Optional) Specifies the group IPv6 address for which to view MLD snooping group information.

---

**data\_driven** - (Optional) Display the data driven groups.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the MLD snooping group:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping group
Command: show mld_snooping group
Source/Group      : 2001::1/FE1E::1
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports     : 1-2
UP Time          : 26
Expiry Time      : 258
Filter Mode      : INCLUDE

Source/Group      : 2002::2/FE1E::1
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports     : 3
UP Time          : 29
Expiry Time      : 247
Filter Mode      : EXCLUDE

Source/Group      : NULL/FE1E::2
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports     : 4-5
UP Time          : 40
Expiry Time      : 205
Filter Mode      : EXCLUDE

Source/Group      : NULL/FF1E::5
VLAN Name/VID     : default/1
Member Ports     :
UP Time          : 100
Expiry Time      : 200
Filter Mode      : EXCLUDE

Total Entries : 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 42-20 show mld\_snooping mrouter\_ports

### Description

This command is used to display the router ports on the switch.

### Format

```
show mld_snooping mrouter_ports [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list> | all] {[static | dynamic | forbidden]}
```

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN on which the router port resides. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the ID of the VLAN on which the router port resides.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies a list of VLAN IDs.

---

---

**all** - Specifies all VLANs on which the router port resides.

---

**static** - (Optional) Display router ports that have been statically configured.

---

**dynamic** - (Optional) Display router ports that have been dynamically learned.

---

**forbidden** - (Optional) Display forbidden router ports that have been statically configured.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all router ports on the Switch.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display router ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping mrouter_ports all
Command: show mld_snooping mrouter_ports all

VLAN Name           : default
Static Router Port   :
Dynamic Router Port  :
  Router IP          :
Forbidden Router Port :

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 42-21 show mld\_snooping forwarding

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current MLD snooping forwarding table. It provides an easy way for users to check the list of ports that the multicast group comes from specific sources will be forwarded to. The packet comes from the source VLAN. They will be forwarded to the forwarding VLAN. The MLD snooping further restricts the forwarding ports.

### Format

**show mld\_snooping forwarding** {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list>]}

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN for which to view MLD snooping forwarding table information.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the ID of the VLAN for which to view MLD snooping forwarding table information.

**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

If no parameter is specified, the system will display all the MLD snooping forwarding entries.

---



## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display all MLD snooping forwarding entries located on the switch:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping forwarding
Command: show mld_snooping forwarding

VLAN Name      : default
Source IP      : 2001::1
Multicast Group: FE1E::1
Port Member    : 2,7

VLAN Name      : default
Source IP      : 2001::1
Multicast Group: FE1E::1
Port Member    : 5

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 42-22 show mld\_snooping host

### Description

This command is used to display the MLD snooping host on the switch.

### Format

**show mld\_snooping host** {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid\_list > | ports <portlist> | group <ipv6addr>]}

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name to display the host information.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID to display the host information.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Specifies the VLAN ID list.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the list of ports to display the host information.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**group** - (Optional) Specifies the group's IPv6 address to display the host information.  
**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the host IP information on the default VLAN:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping host vlan default
Command: show mld_snooping host vlan default

VLAN ID : 1
Group   : FF1E::1
Port    : 2
Host    : 2001::1

VLAN ID : 1
Group   : FF1E::2
Port    : 3
Host    : 2001::1

VLAN ID : 1
Group   : FF1E::3
Port    : 4
Host    : 2001::1

VLAN ID : 1
Group   : FF1E::1
Port    : 5
Host    : 2001::2

Total Entries: 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 42-23 show mld\_snooping group port\_num

### Description

The command is used to display how many ports joined a specific MLD snooping group.

### Format

```
show mld_snooping group port_num {[vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid_list>]
{<ipv6addr>}}
```

### Parameters

- 
- vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name used for the display.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Enter the VLAN name used here. This name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

  - vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID used for the display.  
**<vlanid\_list>** - Enter the VLAN ID used here.

---

  - <ipv6addr>** - (Optional) Enter the group's IPv6 address, to be displayed, here.
- 

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display how many ports joined a specific MLD snooping group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show mld_snooping group port_num
Command: show mld_snooping group port_num

Group                : FF1E::7
VLAN Name/VID        : default/1
Number Of Ports      : 1

Group                : FF1E::8
VLAN Name/VID        : default/1
Number Of Ports      : 2

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 43 MLD Snooping

## Multicast (MSM) VLAN

### Commands

---

```

create mld_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> <vlanid 2-4094> {remap_priority [<value
0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> {[add | delete] [member_port <portlist> |
[source_port <portlist> | untag_source_port <portlist>] | tag_member_port <portlist>] | state
[enable | disable] | replace_source_ip <ipv6addr> | remap_priority [<value 0-7> | none]
{replace_priority}}(1)
create mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile <profile_name 1-32>
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile <profile_name 1-32> [add | delete]
<mcastv6_address_list>
delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile [profile_name <profile_name 1-32> | all]
show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile {<profile_name 1-32>}
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group <vlan_name 32> [add | delete] profile_name
<profile_name 1-32>
show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group {<vlan_name 32>}
delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32>
enable mld_snooping multicast_vlan
disable mld_snooping multicast_vlan
show mld_snooping multicast_vlan {<vlan_name 32>}
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched [disable | enable]
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan [enable | disable]

```

---

#### 43-1 create mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

##### Description

This command is used to create an MLD snooping multicast VLAN and implements relevant parameters as specified. More than one multicast VLAN can be configured. Newly created MLD snooping multicast VLANs must use a unique VLAN ID and name, i.e. they cannot use the VLAN ID or name of any existing 802.1Q VLAN. Also keep in mind the following conditions: multicast VLANs cannot be configured or displayed using 802.1Q VLAN commands; an IP interface cannot be bound to a multicast VLAN; and the multicast VLAN snooping function co-exists with the 802.1Q VLAN snooping function.

##### Format

```

create mld_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> <vlanid 2-4094> {remap_priority
[<value 0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}

```

##### Parameters

---

```

<vlan_name 32> - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be created. Each multicast VLAN
is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.
<vlanid 2-4094> - Specifies the VLAN ID of the multicast VLAN to be created. The range is from
2 to 4094.

```

---

---

**remap\_priority** - (Optional) Specifies the remap priority here.

**<value 0-7>** - Specifies the remap priority (0 to 7) to be associated with the data traffic to be forwarded on the multicast VLAN.

**none** - If none is specified, the packet's original priority will be used. The default setting is none.

---

**replace\_priority** - (Optional) Specifies that the packet's priority will be changed by the switch, based on the remap priority. This flag will only take effect when the remap priority is set.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an MLD snooping multicast VLAN with the VLAN name mv1 and the VID 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mld_snooping multicast_vlan mv1 2
Command: create mld_snooping multicast_vlan mv1 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-2 config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to configure MLD snooping multicast VLAN parameters. The member port list and source port list cannot overlap. However, the member port of one multicast VLAN can overlap with another multicast VLAN. The multicast VLAN must be created first using the **create mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan** command before the multicast VLAN can be configured.

### Format

```
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan <vlan_name 32> {[add | delete] [member_port
<portlist> | [source_port <portlist> | untag_source_port <portlist>] | tag_member_port
<portlist>] | state [enable | disable] | replace_source_ip <ipv6addr> | remap_priority [<value
0-7> | none] {replace_priority}}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be configured. Each multicast VLAN is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.

---

**add** - Specifies to add a port.

---

**delete** - Specifies to delete a port.

---

**member\_port** - Specifies member port of the multicast VLAN. The specified range of ports will become untagged members of the multicast VLAN.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**source\_port** - Specifies source port where the multicast traffic is entering the Switch.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**untag\_source\_port** - Specifies the untagged source port where the multicast traffic is entering the Switch. The PVID of the untagged source port is automatically changed to the multicast VLAN. Source ports must be either tagged or untagged for any single multicast VLAN, i.e. both types cannot be members of the same multicast VLAN

---

---

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>tag_member_port</b>	- Specifies the tagged member port of the multicast VLAN.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>state</b>	- Specifies if the multicast VLAN for a chosen VLAN should be enabled or disabled.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable multicast VLAN for the chosen VLAN.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable multicast VLAN for the chosen VLAN.
<b>replace_source_ip</b>	- With the MLD snooping function, the MLD report packet sent by the host will be forwarded to the source port. Before forwarding of the packet, the source IP address in the join packet needs to be replaced by this IP address. If none is specified, the source IP address will not be replaced.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b>	- Enter the IPv6 address here.
<b>remap_priority</b>	- Specifies the remap priority here.
<b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b>	- The remap priority value (0 to 7) to be associated with the data traffic to be forwarded on the multicast VLAN.
<b>none</b>	- If none is specified, the packet's original priority is used. The default setting is none.
<b>replace_priority</b>	- (Optional) Specifies that the packet priority will be changed to the remap priority, when remap priority is set.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure an MLD snooping multicast VLAN with the name "v1", make ports 1 and 3 members of the VLAN, and set the state to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping multicast_vlan v1 add member_port 1,3
state enable
Command: config mld_snooping multicast_vlan v1 add member_port 1,3
state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-3 create mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to create a multicast group profile. The profile name for MLD snooping must be unique.

### Format

**create mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile <profile\_name 1-32>**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;profile_name 1-32&gt;</b>	- Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.
----------------------------------	---

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an MLD snooping multicast group profile with the name “Knicks”:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks
Command: create mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-4 config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

### Description

This command is used to configure an MLD snooping multicast group profile on the switch.

### Format

**config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile <profile\_name 1-32> [add | delete]  
<mcastv6\_address\_list>**

### Parameters

---

**<profile\_name 32>** - Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.  
**add** - Specifies to add a multicast address list to this multicast VLAN profile.  
**delete** - Specifies to delete a multicast address list from this multicast VLAN profile.

---

**<mcastv6\_address\_list>** - Specifies a multicast address list. This can be a continuous single multicast address, such as FF1E::1, FF1E::2, a multicast address range, such as FF1E::3-FF1E::9, or both types, such as FF1E::11, FF1E::12-FF1E::20.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add the single multicast address FF1E::11 and multicast range FF1E::12-FF1E::20 to the MLD snooping multicast VLAN profile named “Knicks”:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks add
FF1E::11, FF1E::12-FF1E::20
Command: config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile Knicks add FF1E::11,
FF1E::12-FF1E::20

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-5 delete mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

**Description**

This command is used to delete an existing MLD snooping multicast group profile on the switch. Specifies a profile name to delete it.

**Format**

**delete mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile [profile\_name <profile\_name 1-32> | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**profile\_name** - Specifies the multicast VLAN group profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.  
**<profile\_name 1-32>** - Specifies the multicast VLAN group profile name. The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.  
**all** - Specifies to delete all the profiles.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an MLD snooping multicast group profile named "Knicks":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile
profile_name Knicks
Command: delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile profile_name Knicks

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-6 show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile

**Description**

This command is used to display an MLD snooping multicast group profile.

**Format**

**show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group\_profile {<profile\_name 1-32>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<profile\_name 1-32>** - (Optional) Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**Restrictions**

None.



## Example

To display all MLD snooping multicast VLAN profiles:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile
Command: show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group_profile

Profile Name          Multicast Addresses
-----
rock                  FF1E::1
                     FF1E::10-FF1E::20

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 43-7 config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure the multicast group which will be learned with the specific multicast VLAN. There are two cases that need to be considered. For the first case, suppose that a multicast group is not configured and multicast VLANs do not have overlapped member ports. That means the join packets received by the member port will only be learned with the multicast VLAN that this port belongs to. If not, which is the second case, the join packet will be learned with the multicast VLAN that contains the destination multicast group. If the destination multicast group of the join packet can not be classified into any multicast VLAN that this port belongs to, then the join packet will be learned with the natural VLAN of the packet. Please note that the same profile can not overlap different multicast VLANs. Multiple profiles can be added to a multicast VLAN, however.

### Format

```
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group <vlan_name 32> [add | delete] profile_name
<profile_name 1-32>
```

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be configured. Each multicast VLAN is given a name that can be up to 32 characters.

**add** - Specifies to associate a profile to a multicast VLAN.

**delete** - Specifies to de-associate a profile from a multicast VLAN.

---

**profile\_name** - Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**<profile\_name 1-32>** - Specifies the multicast VLAN profile name. The profile name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To add an MLD snooping profile to a multicast VLAN group with the name "v1":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group v1 add profile_name
channel_1
Command: config mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group v1 add profile_name channel_1
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-8 show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group

### Description

This command allows group profile information for a specific multicast VLAN to be displayed.

### Format

**show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan\_group {<vlan\_name 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the group profile's multicast VLAN to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display all MLD snooping multicast VLANs' group profile information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group
Command: show mld_snooping multicast_vlan_group

VLAN Name                VLAN ID      Multicast Group Profiles
-----
test2                     20
test1                     100

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-9 delete mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to delete an MLD snooping multicast VLAN.

### Format

**delete mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan <vlan\_name 32>**

## Parameters

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be deleted.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete an MLD snooping multicast VLAN called "v1":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan v1
Command: delete mld_snooping multicast_vlan v1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-10 enable mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to enable the MLD snooping multicast VLAN function. By default, the multicast VLAN is disabled.

### Format

**enable mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable MLD snooping multicast VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable mld_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: enable mld_snooping multicast_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-11 disable mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to disable the MLD snooping multicast VLAN function. By default, the multicast VLAN is disabled.

### Format

**disable mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable MLD snooping multicast VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable mld_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: disable mld_snooping multicast_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-12 show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan

### Description

This command allows information for a specific multicast VLAN to be displayed.

### Format

**show mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan {<vlan\_name 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the multicast VLAN to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display all MLD snooping multicast VLANs:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mld_snooping multicast_vlan
Command: show mld_snooping multicast_vlan

MLD Multicast VLAN Global State      : Disabled
MLD Multicast VLAN Forward Unmatched : Disabled
MLD Multicast VLAN Auto Assign VLAN  : Disabled

VLAN Name          :test
VID                :100

Member(Untagged) Ports :1
Tagged Member Ports   :
Source Ports         :3
Untagged Source Ports :
Status               :Disabled
Replace Source IP    ::
Remap Priority        :None

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

### 43-13 config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan forward\_unmatched

#### Description

This command is used to configure the forwarding mode for MLD snooping multicast VLAN unmatched packets. When the switch receives an MLD snooping packet, it will match the packet against the multicast profile to determine which multicast VLAN to associate with. If the packet does not match all profiles, the packet will be forwarded or dropped based on this setting. By default, the packet will be dropped.

#### Format

```
config mld_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched [disable | enable]
```

#### Parameters

---

**enable** - The packet will be flooded on the VLAN.

**disable** - The packet will be dropped on the VLAN.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To configure the forwarding mode for MLD snooping multicast VLAN unmatched packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched enable
Command: config mld_snooping multicast_vlan forward_unmatched enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 43-14 config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan auto\_assign\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the auto assignment of MLD control packets to the right ISM VLAN. If auto assign VLAN is enabled, the switch would check if the group matches with the profiles of all multicast VLANs that belongs to the ingress port. If there is a match, the result will read "in profile" and the matching multicast VLAN will be configured as a packet VLAN. If this function is disabled, the switch will do VID checking first. If the group does not match the current profiles bound to the multicast VLAN, the switch will drop this packet.

### Format

**config mld\_snooping multicast\_vlan auto\_assign\_vlan [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the auto assign VLAN function used in MLD snooping.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the auto assign VLAN function used in MLD snooping.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

This example enables the auto assign VLAN function of multicast VLAN.

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mld_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan enable
Command: config mld_snooping multicast_vlan auto_assign_vlan enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 44 *Modify Banner and Prompt Commands*

---

```
config greeting_message {default}
show greeting_message
config command_prompt [<string 16> | username | default]
```

---

## 44-1 config greeting\_message

### Description

This command is used to modify the login banner.

### Format

```
config greeting_message {default}
```

### Parameters

---

**default** – (Optional) Adding this parameter to the config greeting\_message command will return the greeting message (banner) to its original factory default entry.

---

### Restrictions

1. When users issue the “reset” command, the modified banner will remain in tact. Yet, issuing the “reset system” will return the banner to its original default value.
2. The maximum character capacity for the banner is 24\*80. (24 Lines and 80 characters per line)
3. In the following example, Ctrl+W will save the modified banner only to the DRAM. Users must enter the “save” command to save this entry to the Flash memory.
4. Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To edit the banner:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config greeting_message
Command: config greeting_message

Greeting Messages Editor
=====

                DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
                Command Line Interface

                Firmware: Build 1.00.029
                Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.
=====

<Function Key>                <Control Key>
Ctrl+C      Quit without save  left/right/
Ctrl+W      Save and quit      up/down      Move cursor
                                           Ctrl+D      Delete line
                                           Ctrl+X      Erase all setting
                                           Ctrl+L      Reload original setting
-----

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 44-2 show greeting\_message

### Description

This command is used to display the currently configured greeting message on the switch.

### Format

**show greeting\_message**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the currently configured greeting message:



```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show greeting_message
Command: show greeting_message

=====
                        DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
                        Command Line Interface

                        Firmware: Build 1.00.029
                        Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.
=====

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

### 44-3 config command\_prompt

#### Description

This command is used to modify the command prompt. The current command prompt consists of four parts: "product name" + ":" + "user level" + "#" (e.g. "DGS-3710-12C:admin#"). This command is used to modify the first part (1. "product name") with a string consisting of a maximum of 16 characters, or to be replaced with the users' login user name.

#### Format

**config command\_prompt [<string 16> | username | default]**

#### Parameters

---

**<string 16>** - Specifies the new command prompt string of no more than 16 characters.

---

**username** - Specifies the command to set the login username as the command prompt.

---

**default** - Specifies the command to return the command prompt to its original factory default value.

---

#### Restrictions

1. When users issue the "reset" command, the current command prompt will remain in tact. Issuing the "reset system" will return the command prompt to its original factory default value.
2. Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To edit the command prompt:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config command_prompt HQ0001
Command: config command_prompt HQ0001

Success.

HQ0001:admin#

```

## Chapter 45 MSTP commands

---



---

<b>show stp</b>
<b>show stp instance</b> {<value 0-15>}
<b>show stp ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show stp mst_config_id</b>
<b>create stp instance_id</b> <value 1-15>
<b>delete stp instance_id</b> <value 1-15>
<b>config stp instance_id</b> <value 1-15> [add_vlan   remove_vlan] <vidlist>
<b>config stp mst_config_id</b> {revision_level <int 0-65535>   name <string>} (1)
<b>enable stp</b>
<b>disable stp</b>
<b>config stp version</b> [mstp   rstp   stp]
<b>config stp priority</b> <value 0-61440> instance_id <value 0-15>
<b>config stp</b> {maxage <value 6-40>   maxhops <value 6-40>   hellotime <value 1-2>   forwarddelay <value 4-30>   txholdcount <value 1-10>   fbpdudisable [enable   disable]   nni_bpdu_addr [dot1d   dot1ad]} (1)
<b>config stp ports</b> <portlist> {externalCost [auto   <value 1-200000000>]   hellotime <value 1-2>   migrate [yes   no]   edge [true   false   auto]   p2p [true   false   auto]   state [enable   disable]   restricted_role [true   false]   restricted_tcn [true   false]   fbpdudisable [enable   disable]} (1)
<b>config stp mst_ports</b> <portlist> instance_id <value 0-15> {internalCost [ auto   <value 1-200000000>]   priority <value 0-240>} (1)

---



---

### 45-1 show stp

#### Description

This command is used to display the bridge parameters global settings.

#### Format

**show stp**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To display STP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show stp
Command: show stp

STP Bridge Global Settings
-----
STP Status           : Disabled
STP Version          : RSTP
Max Age              : 20
Hello Time           : 2
Forward Delay        : 15
Max Hops              : 20
TX Hold Count        : 6
Forwarding BPDU      : Disabled
NNI BPDU Address     : dot1d
Enabled PortList     : 1-12
Forward BPDU Portlist :

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-2 show stp instance

### Description

This command is used to display each instance parameters settings. Value means the instance ID, if there is no input of this value, all instances will be shown.

### Format

**show stp instance {<value 0-15>}**

### Parameters

---

**<value 0-15>** - (Optional) Specifies the MSTP instance ID. Instance 0 represents the default instance: CIST. The bridge supports a total 16 Instances (0 to 15) at most.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display STP instances:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show stp instance
Command: show stp instance

STP Instance Settings
-----
Instance Type           : CIST
Instance Status        : Enabled
Instance Priority       : 32768(Bridge Priority : 32768, SYS ID Ext : 0 )

STP Instance Operational Status
-----
Designated Root Bridge : 32768/00-22-22-22-22-00
External Root Cost     : 0
Regional Root Bridge   : 32768/00-22-22-22-22-00
Internal Root Cost     : 0
Designated Bridge      : 32768/00-22-22-22-22-00
Root Port              : None
Max Age                : 20
Forward Delay          : 15
Last Topology Change   : 2430
Topology Changes Count : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

### 45-3 show stp ports

#### Description

This command is used to display the switch's current per-port STP configuration:

STP port configuration, STP port role (Disabled, Alternate, Backup, Root, Designated, NonStp), and

STP port status (Disabled, Discarding, Learning, Forwarding).

#### Format

**show stp ports {<portlist>}**

#### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

#### Restrictions

None.

#### Example

To show STP ports:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show stp ports
Command: show stp ports

MSTP Port Information
-----
Port Index      : 1      , Hello Time      : 2 /2 , Port STP : enabled
External PathCost : Auto/200000 , Edge Port : No /No , P2P      : False/No
Port RestrictedRole : False, Port RestrictedTCN : False
Port Forward BPDU : Enabled

Msti   Designated Bridge   Internal PathCost   Prio   Status   Role
-----
0      N/A                200000              128   Disabled Disabled
2      N/A                200000              128   Disabled Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

#### 45-4 show stp mst\_config\_id

##### Description

This command is used to display the three elements of the MST configuration Identification, including Configuration Name, Revision Level, and the MST configuration Table. The default Configuration name is the MAC address of the bridge. If two bridges have the same three elements in **mst\_config\_id**, that means they are in the same MST region.

##### Format

**show stp mst\_config\_id**

##### Parameters

None.

##### Restrictions

None.

##### Example

Display the STP MST Config ID:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show stp mst_config_id
Command: show stp mst_config_id

Current MST Configuration Identification
-----

Configuration Name : 00-22-22-22-22-00                Revision Level :0
MSTI ID      Vid list
-----      -
      CIST      1-4094

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 45-5 create stp instance\_id

### Description

This command is used to create a new MST instance independent from the default Instance: CIST (Instance 0). After creating the MST instance, a user needs to configure the VLANs (using commands in 45-7), or the newly created MST instance will still be in a disabled state.

### Format

**create stp instance\_id <value 1-15>**

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-15>** - Specifies the MSTP instance ID. Instance 0 represents a default instance CIST. The DUT supports 16 Instance (0 to 15) at most.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create an MSTP instance:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create stp instance_id 2
Command: create stp instance_id 2

Warning:There is no VLAN mapping to this instance_id!
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 45-6 delete stp instance\_id

### Description

This command is used to delete the specified MST Instance. CIST (Instance 0) cannot be deleted and you can only delete one instance at a time.

**Format**

**delete stp instance\_id <value 1-15>**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-15>** - Specifies the MSTP instance ID. Instance 0 represents the default instance CIST. The DUT supports 16 instances (0 to 15) at most.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an MSTP instance:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete stp instance_id 2
Command: delete stp instance_id 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

45-7 **config stp instance\_id****Description**

There are two different action types to deal with an MST instance. They are listed as follows:

- **add\_vlan**: To map specified VLAN lists to an existing MST instance.
- **remove\_vlan**: To delete specified VLAN lists from an existing MST instance.

**Format**

**config stp instance\_id <value 1-15> [add\_vlan | remove\_vlan] <vidlist>**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-15>** - Specifies the MSTP instance ID. Instance 0 represents a default instance CIST. The DUT supports 16 instances (0-15) at most.

---

**add\_vlan** - Defined action type to configure an MST instance.

**remove\_vlan** - Defined action type to configure an MST instance.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the newly added CLI Value Type. It is similar to **<portlist>** type, but the value range is 1 to 4094.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To map a VLAN ID to an MSTP instance:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp instance_id 2 add_vlan 1
Command: config stp instance_id 2 add_vlan 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To remove a VLAN ID from an MSTP instance:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp instance_id 2 remove_vlan 2
Command: config stp instance_id 2 remove_vlan 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**45-8 config stp mst\_config\_id****Description**

This command is used to configure a configuration name or revision level in the MST configuration identification. The default configuration name is the MAC address of the bridge.

**Format**

**config stp mst\_config\_id {revision\_level <int 0-65535> | name <string>} (1)**

**Parameters**

<b>revision_level</b> - Specifies the revision level. <int 0-65535> - Specifies the revision level.
<b>name</b> - Specifies the name given for a specified MST region. <string> - Specifies the name given for a specified MST region.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To change the name and revision level of the MST configuration identification:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp mst_config_id revision_level 1 name R&D_BlockG
Commands: config stp mst_config_id revision_level 1 name R&D_BlockG

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 45-9 enable stp

### Description

Although it is possible to modify to allow a user to enable STP per instance, CIST should be enabled first before enabling other instances. When a user enables the CIST, all MSTIs will be enabled automatically if FORCE\_VERSION is set to MSTP and there is at least one VLAN mapped to this instance.

### Format

**enable stp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable STP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable stp
Command: enable stp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-10 disable stp

### Description

This command is used to disable STP functionality in every existing instance.

### Format

**disable stp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable STP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable stp
Command: disable stp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-11 config stp version

### Description

This command is used to configure the STP version. If the version is configured as STP or RSTP, all currently running MSTIs should be disabled. If the version is configured as MSTP, the current chip design is enabled for all available MSTIs (assuming that CIST is enabled).

### Format

**config stp version [mstp | rstp | stp]**

### Parameters

---

**mstp** - Specifies to use Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol.

---

**rstp** - Specifies to use Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol. This is the default.

---

**stp** - Specifies to use Spanning Tree Protocol.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the STP version:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp version mstp
Command: config stp version mstp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the STP version with the same value of the old configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp version mstp
Command: config stp version mstp

Configure value is the same with current value.
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-12 config stp priority

**Description**

This command is used to configure the instances's priority and can be used to select the root bridge.

**Format**

**config stp priority <value 0-61440> instance\_id <value 0-15>**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 0-61440>** - Specifies the bridge priority value, which must be divisible by 4096. The default value is 32768.

---

**instance\_id** - Specifies the identifier value, which is used to distinguish different STP instances.

**<value 0-15>** - Specifies the identifier value, which is used to distinguish different STP instances.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the instance 0's priority to 61440:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config stp priority 61440 instance_id 0
Command: config stp priority 61440 instance_id 0

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-13 config stp

**Description**

This command is used to configure the bridge parameter global settings.

**Format**

**config stp {maxage <value 6-40> | maxhops <value 6-40> | hellotime <value 1-2> | forwarddelay <value 4-30> | txholdcount <value 1-10> | fbpdudisable [enable | disable] | nni\_bpdu\_addr [dot1d | dot1ad]} (1)**

**Parameters**


---

**maxage** - Specifies to determine if a BPDU is valid.

**<value 6-40>** - Specifies to determine if a BPDU is valid. The default value is 20.

---

**maxhops** - Specifies to restrict the forwarded times of one BPDU.

**<value 6-40>** - Specifies to restrict the forwarded times of one BPDU. The default value is 20.

---

**hellotime** - Specifies the time interval for sending Configuration BPDUs by the Root Bridge. This

---

---

parameter is for STP and RSTP version. MSTP version uses per-port hellotime parameter.

**<value 1-2>** - Specifies the time interval for sending Configuration BPDUs by the Root Bridge. This parameter is for STP and RSTP version. MSTP version uses per-port hellotime parameter. The default value is 2 seconds.

**forwarddelay** - Specifies the maximum delay time for one BPDU to be transmitted by a bridge and received from another bridge.

**<value 4-30>**- Specifies the maximum delay time for one BPDU to be transmitted by a bridge and received from another bridge. The default value is 15.

**txholdcount** - Specifies to restrict the numbers of BPDU transmitted in a time interval (per Hello Time).

**<value 1-10>** - Specifies to restrict the numbers of BPDU transmitted in a time interval (per Hello Time).

**fbpdu** - To decide if the Bridge will flood STP BPDU when STP functionality is disabled.

**enable** - Specifies to enable FBPDU.

**disable** - Specifies to disable FBPDU.

**nni\_bpdu\_addr** - Specifies to determine the BPDU protocol address for STP in service provide site. It can use an 802.1d STP address or an 802.1ad service provider STP address.

**dot1d** - Specifies to use an 802.1d STP address.

**dot1ad** - Specifies to use an 802.1ad service provider STP address.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure STP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config stp maxage 25
Command: config stp maxage 25

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-14 config stp ports

### Description

This command is used to configure all the parameters of ports, except for Internal Path Cost and Port Priority.

### Format

```
config stp ports <portlist> {externalCost [auto | <value 1-20000000> ] | hellotime <value 1-2> | migrate [yes | no] | edge [true | false | auto] | p2p [true | false | auto] | state [enable | disable] | restricted_role [true | false] | restricted_tcn [true | false] | fbpdu [enable | disable ]}
(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports.

**externalCost** - Specifies the path cost between the MST regions from the transmitting Bridge to the CIST Root Bridge. It is only used at CIST level.

**auto** - Specifies to automatically choose the path cost.

---

---

<b>&lt;value 1-200000000&gt;</b>	- Specifies a value between 1 and 200000000.
<b>hellotime</b>	- This is a per-Bridge parameter in RSTP, but it becomes a per-Port parameter in MSTP.
<b>&lt;value 1-2&gt;</b>	- This is a per-Bridge parameter in RSTP, but it becomes a per-Port parameter in MSTP. The default value is 2.
<b>migrate</b>	- Operation of management in order to specify the port to send MSTP BPDU for a delay time.
<b>yes</b>	- Specifies for port to send MSTP BPDU for a delay time.
<b>no</b>	- Specifies for port not to send MSTP BPDU for a delay time.
<b>edge</b>	- Decide if this port is connected to a LAN or a Bridged LAN. In <b>auto</b> mode, the bridge will delay for a period to become edge port if no bridge BPUD is received.
<b>true</b>	- Specifies a true edge connection.
<b>false</b>	- Specifies a false edge connection.
<b>auto</b>	- The bridge will delay for a period to become edge port if no bridge BPUD is received.
<b>p2p</b>	- Decide if this port is in Full-Duplex or Half-Duplex mode.
<b>true</b>	- Specifies full-duplex mode.
<b>false</b>	- Specifies half-duplex mode.
<b>auto</b>	- The switch will automatically determine the P2P mode.
<b>state</b>	- Decide if this port supports the STP functionality.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable to support STP functionality.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable STP functionality support.
<b>restricted_role</b>	- Decide if this port is to be selected as Root Port or not. The default value is false.
<b>true</b>	- Decide that this port is not to be selected as Root Port.
<b>false</b>	- Decide that this port is to be selected as Root Port.
<b>restricted_tcn</b>	- Decide if this port is to propagate a topology change or not. The default value is false.
<b>true</b>	- Specifies not to propagate a topology change.
<b>false</b>	- Specifies to propagate a topology change.
<b>fbpdu</b>	- Decide if this port will flood STP BPDU when STP functionality is disabled.
<b>enable</b>	- Enable port to flood STP BPDU when STP functionality is disabled.
<b>disable</b>	- Disable port from flooding STP BPDU when STP functionality is disabled.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure STP ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config stp ports 1 externalCost auto
Command: config stp ports 1 externalCost auto

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 45-15 config stp mst\_ports

### Description

Internal Path Cost and Port Priority of a Port in MSTI can be separately configured to different values from the configuration of CIST (instance ID = 0).

## Format

**config stp mst\_ports <portlist> instance\_id <value 0-15> {internalCost [auto | <value 1-200000000>] | priority <value 0-240>} (1)**

## Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports.

---

**instance\_id** - Specifies an instance ID.

**<value 0-15>** - Instance = 0 represents CIST, Instance from 1 to 15 represents MSTI 1 to MSTI 15.

---

**internalCost** - The Port Path Cost used in MSTP.

**auto** - Specifies to automatically determine the internal cost.

**<value 1-200000000>** - Specifies a value between 1 and 200000000.

---

**priority** - Specifies the Port Priority.

**<value 0-240>** - Specifies a value between 0 and 240.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure STP MST ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config stp mst_ports 1 instance_id 0 internalCost auto
Command: config stp mst_ports 1 instance_id 0 internalCost auto

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 46 Network Management Commands

<b>enable snmp</b>
<b>disable snmp</b>
<b>create trusted_host</b> [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>   network <network_address>   ipv6_prefix <ipv6networkaddr>] {snmp   telnet   ssh   http   https   ping}
<b>config trusted_host</b> [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>   network <network_address>   ipv6_prefix <ipv6networkaddr>] [add   delete] [{snmp   telnet   ssh   http   https   ping}   all]
<b>delete trusted_host</b> [ipaddr <ipaddr>   ipv6address <ipv6addr>   network <network_address>   ipv6_prefix <ipv6networkaddr>   all]
<b>show trusted_host</b>
<b>config snmp system_name</b> <sw_name>
<b>config snmp system_location</b> <sw_location>
<b>config snmp system_contact</b> <sw_contact>
<b>enable snmp traps</b>
<b>disable snmp traps</b>
<b>enable snmp authenticate_traps</b>
<b>disable snmp authenticate_traps</b>
<b>enable snmp linkchange_traps</b>
<b>disable snmp linkchange_traps</b>
<b>show snmp traps</b> {linkchange_traps {ports <portlist>}}
<b>config snmp linkchange_traps ports</b> [all   <portlist>] [enable   disable]
<b>config snmp coldstart_traps</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config snmp warmstart_traps</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config rmon trap</b> {rising_alarm [enable   disable]   falling_alarm [enable   disable]}
<b>show rmon</b>

## 46-1 enable snmp

### Description

This command is used to enable the SNMP function. When SNMP function is disabled, the network manager will not be able to access SNMP MIB objects. The device will not send traps or notification to network manager either.

### Format

```
enable snmp
```

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable SNMP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable snmp
Command: enable snmp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-2 disable snmp

### Description

This command is used to disable the SNMP function. When SNMP function is disabled, the network manager will not be able to access SNMP MIB objects. The device will not send traps or notification to network manager either.

### Format

**disable snmp**

### Parameters

None. By default, SNMP is disabled.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable SNMP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable snmp
Command: disable snmp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-3 create trusted\_host

### Description

This command is used to create the trusted host. The switch allows you to specify up to twenty IP addresses (or IP ranges) that are allowed to manage the switch via in-band SNMP, SSH, Web, SSL, or Telnet based management software. These IP addresses must be members of the trusted network. If no IP addresses are specified, then there is nothing to prevent any IP address from accessing the switch, provided the user knows the Username and Password.



## Format

```
create trusted_host [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr> | network <network_address> | ipv6_prefix
<ipv6networkaddr>] {snmp | telnet | ssh | http | https | ping}
```

## Parameters

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the trusted host.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the trusted host.
<b>network</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.
<b>&lt;network_address&gt;</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.
<b>ipv6_prefix</b> - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.
<b>&lt;ipv6networkaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.
<b>snmp</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for SNMP.
<b>telnet</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for Telnet.
<b>ssh</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for SSH.
<b>http</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for HTTP.
<b>https</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for HTTPS.
<b>ping</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for Ping.



**Note:** If no management method is specified, the IP (range) can access the Switch through any method.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a trusted host:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create trusted_host 10.48.74.121
Command: create trusted_host 10.48.74.121

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-4 config trusted\_host

### Description

This command is used to configure the access method for the trusted host.

### Format

```
config trusted_host [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr> | network <network_address> | ipv6_prefix
<ipv6networkaddr>] [add | delete] [{snmp | telnet | ssh | http | https | ping} | all]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the trusted host.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the trusted host.
<b>network</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.
<b>&lt;network_address&gt;</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.
<b>ipv6_prefix</b> - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.
<b>&lt;ipv6networkaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.
<b>add</b> - Allow to manage applications for a trusted host.
<b>delete</b> - Prevent from managing applications for a trusted host.
<b>snmp</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for SNMP.
<b>telnet</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for Telnet.
<b>ssh</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for SSH.
<b>http</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for HTTP.
<b>https</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for HTTPS.
<b>ping</b> - (Optional) Specifies the trusted host for Ping.
<b>all</b> - Specifies the trusted host for all applications.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the trusted host:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config trusted_host 10.48.74.121 add ssh telnet
Command: config trusted_host 10.48.74.121 add ssh telnet

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-5 delete trusted\_host

### Description

This command is used to delete a trusted host entry or all trusted host entries.

### Format

```
delete trusted_host [ipaddr <ipaddr> | ipv6address <ipv6addr> | network
<network_address> | ipv6_prefix <ipv6networkaddr> | all]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>ipaddr</b> - Specifies the IP address of the trusted host.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the trusted host.
<b>ipv6address</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the trusted host.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IPv6 address of the trusted host.
<b>network</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.
<b>&lt;network_address&gt;</b> - Specifies the network address of the trusted network. The form of

---

---

network address is xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx/y.

---

**ipv6\_prefix** - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.

**<ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies the IPv6 network address of the trusted network.

---

**all** - Specifies that all trusted hosts will be deleted.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete a trusted host entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete trusted_host ipaddr 10.48.74.121
Command: delete trusted_host ipaddr 10.48.74.121

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-6 show trusted\_host

### Description

This command is used to display the trusted hosts.

### Format

**show trusted\_host**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display trusted hosts:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show trusted_host
Command: show trusted_host

Management Stations

IP Address                               Access Interface
-----
10.48.93.100
10.51.17.1
10.50.95.90

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 46-7 config snmp system\_name

### Description

This command is used to configure the SNMP system name of the switch.

### Format

**config snmp system\_name <sw\_name>**

### Parameters

---

**<sw\_name>** - Specifies an SNMP system name for the switch. A maximum of 255 characters is allowed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the switch SNMP name for “DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch”:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp system_name DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
Command: config snmp system_name DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 46-8 config snmp system\_location

### Description

This command is used to enter a description of the SNMP system location of the switch. A maximum of 255 characters can be used.

### Format

**config snmp system\_location <sw\_location>**

### Parameters

---

**<sw\_location>** - Specifies an SNMP system location for the switch. A maximum of 255 characters is allowed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the switch location for "HQ 5F":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp system_location HQ 5F
Command: config snmp system_location HQ 5F

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-9 config snmp system\_contact

### Description

This command is used to enter the name and/or other information to identify an SNMP system contact person who is responsible for the switch. A maximum of 255 characters can be used.

### Format

**config snmp system\_contact <sw\_contact>**

### Parameters

---

**<sw\_contact>** - Specifies an SNMP system contact person. A maximum of 255 characters is allowed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the switch contact to "MIS Department IV":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp system_contact "MIS Department IV"
Command: config snmp system_contact "MIS Department IV"

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-10 enable snmp traps

### Description

This command is used to enable SNMP trap support on the switch.

### Format

**enable snmp traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable SNMP trap support:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable snmp traps
Command: enable snmp traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-11 disable snmp traps

### Description

This command is used to disable SNMP trap support on the switch.

### Format

**disable snmp traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To prevent SNMP traps from being sent from the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable snmp traps
Command: disable snmp traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-12 enable snmp authenticate\_traps

### Description

This command is used to enable SNMP authentication failure trap support.

### Format

**enable snmp authenticate\_traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable SNMP authentication trap support:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable snmp authenticate_traps
Command: enable snmp authenticate_traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-13 disable snmp authenticate\_traps

### Description

This command is used to disable SNMP authentication failure trap support.

### Format

**disable snmp authenticate\_traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable SNMP authentication trap support:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable snmp authenticate_traps
Command: disable snmp authenticate_traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-14 enable snmp linkchange\_traps

### Description

This command is used to enable SNMP linkchange trap support.

### Format

**enable snmp linkchange\_traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command..

### Example

To enable SNMP linkchange trap support:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable snmp linkchange_traps
Command: enable snmp linkchange_traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 46-15 disable snmp linkchange\_traps

### Description

This command is used to disable SNMP linkchange trap support.

### Format

**disable snmp linkchange\_traps**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable SNMP linkchange trap support:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable snmp linkchange_traps
Command: disable snmp linkchange_traps

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-16 config snmp linkchange\_traps ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the sending of linkchange traps and per port control for sending of change traps.

### Format

**config snmp linkchange\_traps ports [all | <portlist>] [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**all** - Specifies all ports.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or range of ports.

---

**enable** - Enable sending of the link change trap for this port.

---

**disable** - Disable sending of the link change trap for this port.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To enable SNMP linkchange traps for ports 1 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp linkchange_traps ports 1-4 enable
Command: config snmp linkchange_traps ports 1-4 enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-17 show snmp traps

### Description

This command is used to display the SNMP trap state.

### Format

**show snmp traps {linkchange\_traps {ports <portlist>}}**

### Parameters

---

**linkchange\_traps** - (Optional) Specifies to display the status of linkchange traps.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a port or port range.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or port range.

---

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display SNMP traps:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp traps
Command: show snmp traps

SNMP Traps           : Enabled
Authenticate Trap    : Enabled
Linkchange Traps     : Enabled
Coldstart Traps     : Enabled
Warmstart Traps     : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display SNMP linkchange traps:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp traps linkchange_traps
Command: show snmp traps linkchange_traps

Linkchange Traps    : Enabled

Port 1   : Enabled
Port 2   : Enabled
Port 3   : Enabled
Port 4   : Enabled
Port 5   : Enabled
Port 6   : Enabled
Port 7   : Enabled
Port 8   : Enabled
Port 9   : Enabled
Port 10  : Enabled
Port 11  : Enabled
Port 12  : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-18 config snmp coldstart\_traps

### Description

This command is used to configure the trap state for coldstart events.

### Format

**config snmp coldstart\_traps [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable traps for coldstart events. The default state is enabled.

**disable** - Disable traps for coldstart events.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable traps for coldstart events:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp coldstart_traps enable
Command: config snmp coldstart_traps enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-19 config snmp warmstart\_traps

### Description

This command is used to configure the trap state for warmstart events.

### Format

**config snmp warmstart\_traps [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**enable** - Enable traps for warmstart events. The default state is enabled.

**disable** - Disable traps for warmstart events.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable traps for warmstart events:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp warmstart_traps enable
Command: config snmp warmstart_traps enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 46-20 config rmon trap

### Description

This command is used to configure the trap state for RMON events.

### Format

**config rmon trap {rising\_alarm [enable | disable] | falling\_alarm [enable | disable]}**

### Parameters

---

**rising\_alarm** - (Optional) Specifies the trap state for rising alarm. The default state is enabled.

**enable** - Enable the trap state for rising alarm.

**disable** - Disable the trap state for rising alarm.

---

**falling\_alarm** - (Optional) Specifies the trap state for falling alarm. The default state is enabled.

**enable** - Enable the trap state for falling alarm.

**disable** - Disable the trap state for falling alarm.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the trap state for RMON:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config rmon trap rising_alarm disable
Command: config rmon trap rising_alarm disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

46-21 show rmon

### Description

This command is used to display RMON related settings.

### Format

**show rmon**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display current RMON settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show rmon
Command: show rmon

RMON Rising Alarm Trap    : Enabled
RMON Falling Alarm Trap   : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 47 Network Monitoring Commands

<b>show packet ports</b> <portlist>
<b>show error ports</b> <portlist>
<b>show utilization</b> [ports {[frame   bytes]}   cpu]
<b>show utilization dram</b>
<b>show utilization flash</b>
<b>show historical_counter</b> [packet   error] [ports <portlist>] [15_minute {slot <index 1-96>}   1_day {slot <index 1-2>}]
<b>show historical_utilization</b> [cpu   memory] [15_minute {slot <index 1-96>}   1_day {slot <index 1-2>}]
<b>clear historical_counters ports</b> [<portlist>   all]
<b>clear counters</b> {ports <portlist>}
<b>clear log</b>
<b>show log</b> {[index <value_list>   severity {module <module_list>} {emergency   alert   critical   error   warning   notice   informational   debug   <level_list 0-7>}   module <module_list>}]
<b>show log_save_timing</b>
<b>show log_software_module</b>
<b>config log_save_timing</b> [time_interval <min 1-65535>   on_demand   log_trigger]
<b>enable syslog</b>
<b>disable syslog</b>
<b>show syslog</b>
<b>config syslog host</b> [<index>   all] {severity [emergency   alert   critical   error   warning   notice   informational   debug   <level 0-7>]   facility [local0   local1   local2   local3   local4   local5   local6   local7]   udp_port <udp_port_number>   ipaddress[<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>]   state [enable   disable]} (1)
<b>create syslog host</b> <index 1-4> ipaddress [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] {severity [emergency   alert   critical   error   warning   notice   informational   debug   <level 0-7>]   facility [local0   local1   local2   local3   local4   local5   local6   local7]   udp_port <udp_port_number>   state [enable   disable]}
<b>delete syslog host</b> [<index 1-4>   all]
<b>show syslog host</b> {<index 1-4>}
<b>show attack_log</b> {index <value_list>}
<b>clear attack_log</b>

## 47-1 show packet ports

### Description

This command is used to display statistics about the packets sent and received by the switch.

### Format

**show packet ports** <portlist>

### Parameters

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or range of ports to be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the packets analysis for port 7:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show packet ports 7
Command: show packet ports 7

Port Number : 7
Frame Size/Type          Frame Counts          Frames/sec
-----
64                        0                     0
65-127                    0                     0
128-255                    0                     0
256-511                    0                     0
512-1023                    0                     0
1024-1518                    0                     0
Unicast RX                  0                     0
Multicast RX                 0                     0
Broadcast RX                 0                     0
Unicast TX                   0                     0
Multicast TX                  0                     0
Broadcast TX                  0                     0

Frame Type                Total                  Total/sec
-----
RX Bytes                   0                     0
RX Frames                   0                     0
TX Bytes                    0                     0
TX Frames                    0                     0
CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
```

## 47-2 show error ports

### Description

This command is used to display error statistics for a range of ports.

### Format

**show errors ports <portlist>**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or range of ports to be displayed.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the errors of port 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show error ports 3
Command: show error ports 3

Port Number : 3

          RX Frames                                TX Frames
          -----                                -
CRC Error      0                                Excessive Deferral  0
Undersize      0                                CRC Error            0
Oversize       0                                Late Collision       0
Fragment       0                                Excessive Collision  0
Jabber         0                                Single Collision     0
Drop Pkts      0                                Collision            0
Symbol Error   0
Bandwidth Drop 0
ACL Meter Drop 0
Unknow Pkts    0

CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  p Previous Page  r Refresh
```

## 47-3 show utilization

### Description

This command is used to display real-time port utilization or CPU statistics.

### Format

**show utilization [ports {[frame | bytes]} | cpu]**

### Parameters

- 
- ports** - Specifies to display real-time port statistics.
  - frame** - (Optional) Specifies that the display will include frames.
  - bytes** - (Optional) Specifies that the display will include bytes.
- 
- cpu** - Specifies to display real-time CPU statistics.
- 

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display port utilization:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show utilization ports frame
Command: show utilization ports frame

Port  TX(Frame/sec) RX(Frame/sec) Util
-----
1      0              0              0
2      0              0              0
3      0              0              0
4      0              0              0
5      0              0              0
6      0              0              0
7      0              0              0
8      0              0              0
9      0              0              0
10     0              0              0
11     0              0              0
12     0              0              0

CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  p Previous Page  r Refresh
```

To display CPU utilization:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show utilization cpu
Command: show utilization cpu

CPU utilization :
-----
Five seconds - 20%          One minute - 10%          Five minutes - 70%
```

CTRL+C ESC q Quit SPACE n Next Page p Previous Page r Refresh

## 47-4 show utilization dram

### Description

This command is used to display real-time DRAM utilization statistics.

### Format

**show utilization dram**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display DRAM utilization:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show utilization dram
Command: show utilization dram

DRAM utilization :
    Total DRAM      : 262144   KB
    Used DRAM       : 119586   KB
    Utilization     : 45%

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
```

## 47-5 show utilization flash

### Description

This command is used to display real-time Flash utilization statistics.

### Format

**show utilization flash**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display Flash utilization:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show utilization flash
Command: show utilization flash

FLASH Memory Utilization :
    Total FLASH     : 30608    KB
    Used FLASH      : 4786     KB
    Utilization     : 15%

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  p  Previous Page  r  Refresh
```

## 47-6 show historical\_counter

### Description

This command is used to display the historical statistics count for the packets sent and received by the switch. There are two kinds of statistics offered, 15-minute based and 1-day based. For statistics based on 15 minutes, there are 96 counting slots for the historical statistic count. Suppose that the system has been up for more than 75 mins, then slot 1 refers to the time since 15 minutes ago until now, and slot 2 refers to the time since 30 minutes ago until 15 minutes ago. For statistics based on a day, there are two counting slots for the historical statistic count. The counter for a slot represents statistics count of occurrence in that time slot.

### Format

```
show historical_counter [packet | error] [ports <portlist>] [15_minute {slot <index 1-96>} | 1_day {slot <index 1-2>}]
```

### Parameters

---

<b>packet</b>	- Specifies to display valid packets.
<b>error</b>	- Specifies to display error packets.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Specifies a port or range of ports to be displayed.
<b>15_minute</b>	- Specifies to display the 15-minute based statistics count. If there is no option specified, all 15-minutes time slots will be displayed.
<b>slot</b>	- Specifies the slot number to display.
<b>&lt;index 1-96&gt;</b>	- Enter the slot number to display here. This value must be between 1 and 96.
<b>1_day</b>	- Specifies to display the daily based statistics count. If there is no option specified, all 1-day time slots will be displayed.
<b>slot</b>	- Specifies the slot number to display.
<b>&lt;index 1-2&gt;</b>	- Enter the slot number to display here. This value must be between 1 and 2.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the statistics count of packets for the slot of the last 15 minutes:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show historical_counter packet ports 1 15_minute slot 1
Command: show historical_counter packet ports 1 15_minute slot 1
```

Port 1 15-Minute Slot 1

```
Starttime : 27 Jan 2000 22:32:51
Endtime   : 27 Jan 2000 22:18:11
```

Frame Size/Type	Frame Count
-----	-----
Pkts TX	0
Bytes TX	0
Pkts RX	43
Bytes RX	3437
64 RX	37
65-127 RX	3
128-255 RX	0
256-511 RX	3
512-1023 RX	0
1024-1518 RX	0
Unicast RX	0
Multicast RX	0
Broadcast RX	43

**CTRL+C** **ESC** **q** Quit **SPACE** **n** Next Page **p** Previous Page **r** Refresh

To display the statistics count of error packets for slot 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show historical_counter error ports 1 15_minute slot 2
Command: show historical_counter error ports 1 15_minute slot 2
```

Port 1 15-Minute Slot 2 :

```
Starttime : 27 Nov 2012 11:32:48
Endtime   : 27 Nov 2012 11:17:48
```

Frame Size/Type	Frame Count
-----	-----
Fragment RX	0
JabberPkts RX	0
Oversize Pkts RX	0
Undersize Pkts RX	0
Unknown Ctrl Pkts RX	0
Collision TX	0
Dropped Pkts	0

**CTRL+C** **ESC** **q** Quit **SPACE** **n** Next Page **p** Previous Page **r** Refresh

## 47-7 show historical\_utilization

### Description

This command is used to display the historical utilization of CPU and memory. There are two kinds of statistics offered, 15-minute based and 1-day based. For statistics based on 15 minutes, there are 96 counting slots for the historical statistic count. Suppose that the system has been up for more than 75 mins, then slot 1 refers to the time since 15 minutes ago until now, and slot 2 refers to the time since 30 minutes ago until 15 minutes ago. For statistics based on a day, there are two counting slots for the historical statistic count. The statistics for the utilization count the average of CPU utilization and average of memory usage rate in that time slot.

### Format

```
show historical_utilization [cpu | memory] [15_minute {slot <index 1-96>} | 1_day {slot <index 1-2>}]
```

### Parameters

---

<b>cpu</b>	- Specifies to display the utilization of CPU.
<b>memory</b>	- Specifies to display the utilization of memory.
<b>15_minute</b>	- Specifies to display the 15-minute based statistics count. If there is no option specified, all 15-minutes time slots will be displayed.
<b>slot</b>	- Specifies the slot number to display. <b>&lt;index 1-96&gt;</b> - Enter the slot number to display here. This value must be between 1 and 96.
<b>1_day</b>	- Specifies to display the daily based statistics count. If there is no option specified, all 1-day time slots will be displayed.
<b>slot</b>	- Specifies the slot number to display from 1 to 2. <b>&lt;index 1-2&gt;</b> - Specifies the slot number to display from 1 to 2.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the CPU utilization of the 15-minutes based slot:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show historical_utilization cpu 15_minute
Command: show historical_utilization cpu 15_minute

CPU Utilization
-----
15-Minute Slot 1 (24 May 2010 14:16:31 - 24 May 2010 14:01:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 2 (24 May 2010 14:01:31 - 24 May 2010 13:46:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 3 (24 May 2010 13:46:31 - 24 May 2010 13:31:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 4 (24 May 2010 13:31:31 - 24 May 2010 13:16:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 5 (24 May 2010 13:16:31 - 24 May 2010 13:01:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 6 (24 May 2010 13:16:31 - 24 May 2010 13:01:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 7 (24 May 2010 13:01:31 - 24 May 2010 12:46:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 8 (24 May 2010 12:46:31 - 24 May 2010 12:31:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 9 (24 May 2010 12:31:31 - 24 May 2010 12:16:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 10 (24 May 2010 12:16:31 - 24 May 2010 12:01:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 11 (24 May 2010 12:01:31 - 24 May 2010 11:46:31) : 6 %
15-Minute Slot 12 (24 May 2010 11:46:31 - 24 May 2010 11:31:31) : 7 %
15-Minute Slot 13 (24 May 2010 11:31:31 - 24 May 2010 11:16:31) : 7 %
15-Minute Slot 14 (24 May 2010 11:16:31 - 24 May 2010 11:01:31) : 7 %
15-Minute Slot 15 (24 May 2010 11:01:31 - 24 May 2010 10:46:31) : 8 %
15-Minute Slot 16 (24 May 2010 10:46:31 - 24 May 2010 10:31:31) : 7 %

CTRL+C ESC q Quit SPACE n Next Page p Previous Page r Refresh
```

To display the CPU utilization of the recent daily-based slot:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show historical_utilization cpu 1_day
Command: show historical_utilization cpu 1_day

CPU Utilization
-----
1-Day Slot 1 (6 May 2010 11:48:03 - 5 May 2010 11:48:03) : 2 %
1-Day Slot 2 (5 May 2010 11:48:03 - 4 May 2010 11:48:03) : 0 %

CTRL+C ESC q Quit SPACE n Next Page p Previous Page r Refresh
```

To display the memory utilization of the 15-minutes based slot:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show historical_utilization memory 15_minute
Command: show historical_utilization memory 15_minute

Memory Utilization
-----
15-Minute Slot 1 (24 May 2010 14:16:55 - 24 May 2010 14:01:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 2 (24 May 2010 14:01:55 - 24 May 2010 13:46:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 3 (24 May 2010 13:46:55 - 24 May 2010 13:31:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 4 (24 May 2010 13:31:55 - 24 May 2010 13:16:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 5 (24 May 2010 13:16:55 - 24 May 2010 13:01:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 6 (24 May 2010 13:16:55 - 24 May 2010 13:01:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 7 (24 May 2010 13:01:55 - 24 May 2010 12:46:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 8 (24 May 2010 12:46:55 - 24 May 2010 12:31:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 9 (24 May 2010 12:31:55 - 24 May 2010 12:16:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 10 (24 May 2010 12:16:55 - 24 May 2010 12:01:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 11 (24 May 2010 12:01:55 - 24 May 2010 11:46:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 12 (24 May 2010 11:46:55 - 24 May 2010 11:31:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 13 (24 May 2010 11:31:55 - 24 May 2010 11:16:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 14 (24 May 2010 11:16:55 - 24 May 2010 11:01:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 15 (24 May 2010 11:01:55 - 24 May 2010 10:46:55) : 95 %
15-Minute Slot 16 (24 May 2010 10:46:55 - 24 May 2010 10:31:55) : 95 %

CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  p Previous Page  r Refresh
```

To display the memory utilization of the daily-based slot:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show historical_utilization memory 1_day
Command: show historical_utilization memory 1_day

Memory Utilization
-----
1-Day Slot 1 (6 May 2010 11:48:42 - 5 May 2010 11:48:42) : 64 %
1-Day Slot 2 (5 May 2010 11:48:42 - 4 May 2010 11:48:42) : 0 %

CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  p Previous Page  r Refresh
```

## 47-8 clear historical\_counters ports

### Description

This command is used to clear port historical counter statistics.

### Format

**clear historical\_counters ports [<portlist> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port or range of ports to be selected.  
**all** - Specifies that all ports will be selected.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear the historical counter for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear historical_counters all
Command: clear historical_counters all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin
```

## 47-9 clear counters

### Description

This command is used to clear the switch's statistics counters.

### Format

**clear counters {ports <portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured. The beginning and end of the port list range are separated by a dash.  
**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, to be configured, here.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will count all of the ports.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear the switch's statistics counters for ports 7 to 9:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear counters ports 7-9
Command: clear counters ports 7-9

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 47-10 clear log

**Description**

This command is used to clear the switch's history log.

**Format**

**clear log**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear the switch's history log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear log
Command: clear log

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-11 show log

**Description**

This command is used to display the switch history log.

**Format**

**show log** {[**index** <value\_list> | **severity** {**module** <module\_list>} {**emergency** | **alert** | **critical** | **error** | **warning** | **notice** | **informational** | **debug** | <level\_list 0-7>} | **module** <module\_list>]}

**Parameters**


---

**index** - (Optional) Specifies to display the history log between two values.

**<value\_list>** - Specifies to display the history log between two values. For example, show log index 1-5 will display the history log from 1 to 5.

---

**severity** - (Optional) Specifies the severity level: emergency, alert, critical, error, warning, notice, informational, or debug.

**module** - (Optional) Specifies the modules to be displayed. The module can be obtained by the show log\_software\_module command. Use commas to separate multiple modules.

**<module\_list>** - Specifies the modules to be displayed.

---

**emergency** - (Optional) Specifies severity level 0.

**alert** - (Optional) Specifies severity level 1.

---

**critical** - (Optional) Specifies severity level 2.

---

---

<b>error</b>	- (Optional) Specifies severity level 3.
<b>warning</b>	- (Optional) Specifies severity level 4.
<b>notice</b>	- (Optional) Specifies severity level 5.
<b>informational</b>	- (Optional) Specifies severity level 6.
<b>debug</b>	- (Optional) Specifies severity level 7.
<b>&lt;level_list 0-7&gt;</b>	- (Optional) Specifies a list of severity levels to be displayed. If more than one severity level, separate them by comma. The level numbers are from 0 to 7.
<b>module</b>	- Specifies the modules to be displayed. The module can be obtained by the show log_software_module command. Use commas to separate multiple modules.
<b>&lt;module_list&gt;</b>	- Specifies the modules to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all history log entries will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the switch history log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show log index 1-5
Command: show log index 1-5

Index Date          Time          Level  Log Text
-----
5      2010-05-06 11:27:15  INFO(6) Port 4 link up, 100Mbps FULL duplex
4      2010-05-06 10:30:10  INFO(6) Successful login through Console (Username:
      Anonymous)
3      2010-05-06 08:59:59  INFO(6) Port 24 link up, 100Mbps FULL duplex
2      2010-05-06 08:59:58  CRIT(2) System cold start
1      2010-05-06 08:59:58  ERRO(3) System has reset without management command

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-12 show log\_save\_timing

### Description

This command is used to display the method to save log.

### Format

**show log\_save\_log\_timing**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the method to save log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show log_save_timing
Command: show log_save_timing

Saving Log Method: On_demand

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-13 show log\_software\_module

### Description

This command is used to display the protocols or applications that support the enhanced log.

### Format

**show log\_software\_module**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the the protocols or applications that support the enhanced log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show log_software_module
Command: show log_software_module

CFM_EXT          ERPS              ERROR_LOG         MSTP

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-14 config log\_save\_timing

### Description

This command is used to set the method to save log.

### Format

**config log\_save\_timing [time\_interval <min 1-65535> | on\_demand | log\_trigger]**

## Parameters

**time\_interval** - Specifies to save log to Flash every xxx minutes. If no log occurs in this period, nothing will be saved.

**<min 1-65535>** - Specifies the time between 1 and 65535 minutes.

**on\_demand** - Specifies to save log to Flash whenever the user types "save log" or "save all". This is the default.

**log\_trigger** - Specifies to save log to Flash whenever log arrives.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command..

## Example

To configure method to save log as on demand:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config log_save_timing on_demand
Command: config log_save_timing on_demand

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-15 enable syslog

### Description

This command is used to globally enable syslog to send log messages to a remote server.

### Format

**enable syslog**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable syslog to send a message:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable syslog
Command: enable syslog

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-16 disable syslog

### Description

This command is used to disable syslog from sending a message.

### Format

**disable syslog**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable syslog sending a message:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable syslog
Command: disable syslog

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-17 show syslog

### Description

This command is used to display the syslog protocol global state.

### Format

**show syslog**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the syslog protocol global state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show syslog
Command: show syslog

Syslog Global State: Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-18 config syslog host

### Description

This command is used to configure the syslog host configuration.

### Format

**config syslog host** [**<index>** | **all**] {**severity** [**emergency** | **alert** | **critical** | **error** | **warning** | **notice** | **informational** | **debug** | **<level 0-7>**] | **facility** [**local0** | **local1** | **local2** | **local3** | **local4** | **local5** | **local6** | **local7**] | **udp\_port** **<udp\_port\_number>** | **ipaddress** [**<ipaddr>** | **<ipv6addr>**] | **state** [**enable** | **disable**]} (1)

### Parameters

---

**<index>** - Specifies the host index.

---

**all** - Specifies all hosts.

---

**severity** - (Optional) Specifies the severity level supported: emergency, alert, critical, error, warning, notice, informational, or debug.

**emergency** - Specifies emergency messages.

**alert** - Specifies alert messages.

**critical** - Specifies critical messages.

**error** - Specifies error messages.

**warning** - Specifies warning messages.

**notice** - Specifies notice messages.

**informational** - Specifies informational messages.

**debug** - Specifies debug messages.

**<level 0-7>** - Specifies a level between 0 and 7.

---

**facility** - Some of the operating system daemons and processes have been assigned facility values. Processes and daemons that have not been explicitly assigned a facility may use any of the "local use" facilities or they may use the "user-level" facility. Those facilities that have been designated are shown in the following:

**local0** - User-defined facility.

**local1** - User-defined facility.

**local2** - User-defined facility.

**local3** - User-defined facility.

**local4** - User-defined facility.

**local5** - User-defined facility.

**local6** - User-defined facility.

**local7** - User-defined facility.

---

**udp\_port** - Specifies the UDP port number.

**<udp\_port\_number>** - Specifies the UDP port number.

---

**ipaddress** - Specifies the IPv4 address or IPv6 address of the host.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the host.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the host.

---

**state** - The syslog protocol has been used for the transmission of event notification messages across networks to host. This option enables or disables the host to receive such messages.

---

---

**enable** - Enable the host to receive messages.  
**disable** - Disable the host to receive messages.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the syslog host configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config syslog host all severity critical facility local0
Command: config syslog host all severity critical facility local0

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-19 create syslog host

### Description

This command is used to create a new syslog host.

### Format

**create syslog host** <index 1-4> **ipaddress** [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>] {**severity** [emergency | alert | critical | error | warning | notice | informational | debug | <level 0-7>] | **facility** [local0 | local1 | local2 | local3 | local4 | local5 | local6 | local7] | **udp\_port** <udp\_port\_number> | **state** [enable | disable]}

### Parameters

---

**<index 1-4>** - Specifies the host index.

**ipaddress** - Specifies the IPv4 address or IPv6 address of the host.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the host.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the host.

---

**severity** - (Optional) Specifies the severity level supported: emergency, alert, critical, error, warning, notice, informational, or debug.

**emergency** - Specifies emergency messages.

**alert** - Specifies alert messages.

**critical** - Specifies critical messages.

**error** - Specifies error messages.

**warning** - Specifies warning messages.

**notice** - Specifies notice messages.

**informational** - Specifies informational messages.

**debug** - Specifies debug messages.

**<level 0-7>** - Specifies a level between 0 and 7.

---

**facility** - Some of the operating system daemons and processes have been assigned facility values. Processes and daemons that have not been explicitly assigned a facility may use any of the "local use" facilities or they may use the "user-level" facility. Those facilities that have been designated are shown in the following:

**local0** - User-defined facility.

**local1** - User-defined facility.

**local2** - User-defined facility.

---

---

**local3** - User-defined facility.

**local4** - User-defined facility.

**local5** - User-defined facility.

**local6** - User-defined facility.

**local7** - User-defined facility.

---

**udp\_port** - Specifies the UDP port number.

**<udp\_port\_number>** - Specifies the UDP port number.

---

**state** - The syslog protocol has been used for the transmission of event notification messages across networks to host. This option enables or disables the host to receive such messages.

**enable** - Enable the host to receive messages.

**disable** - Disable the host to receive messages.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a new syslog host:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create syslog host 1 ipaddress 10.90.90.10 severity alert
facility local0
Command: create syslog host 1 ipaddress 10.90.90.10 severity alert facility
local0

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-20 delete syslog host

### Description

This command is used to delete syslog host(s).

### Format

**delete syslog host [<index 1-4> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<inex 1-4>** - Specifies the host index.

**all** - Specifies all hosts.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a syslog host:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete syslog host 4
Command: delete syslog host 4

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-21 show syslog host

### Description

This command is used to display syslog host configurations.

### Format

**show syslog host {<index 1-4>}**

### Parameters

---

**<index 1-4>** - (Optional) Specifies the host index.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all hosts will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display syslog host configurations:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show syslog host
Command: show syslog host

Syslog Global State: Disabled

Host 1
  IP Address      : 10.1.1.2
  Severity        : Warning
  Facility        : Local10
  UDP port        : 514
  Status          : Disabled

Host 2
  IP Address      : 3000:501:100:ffff:101:202:303:1
  Severity        : Emergency
  Facility        : Local10
  UDP port        : 514
  Status          : Disabled

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 47-22 show attack\_log

### Description

This command is used to display the switch's attack log.

### Format

**show attack\_log {index <value\_list>}**

### Parameters

---

**index** - (Optional) Specifies the list of index of the entries that need to be displayed.

**<value\_list>** - Specifies the list of index of the entries that need to be displayed. For example, show attack\_log index 1-5 will display the attack log messages from 1 to 5.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all entries in the attack log will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the switch's attack log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show attack_log index 1-3
Command: show attack_log index 1-3

Index Date          Time          Level         Log Text
-----
3      2009-12-26 14:15:45  WARN(4) Port security violation mac addrss 00-18-F3-
      10-94-89 on locking address full port 8
2      2009-12-26 14:15:45  WARN(4) Port security violation mac addrss 00-18-F3-
      10-94-89 on locking address full port 8
1      2009-12-26 14:15:45  WARN(4) Port security violation mac addrss 00-18-F3-
      10-94-89 on locking address full port 8

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 47-23 clear attack\_log

### Description

This command is used to clear the switch's attack log.

### Format

**clear attack\_log**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To clear the switch's attack log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear attack_log
Command: clear attack_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 48 OAM Commands

---

```
config ethernet_oam ports [<portlist> | all] [mode [active | passive] | state [enable | disable] |
link_monitor [error_symbol {threshold <range 0-4294967295> | window <millisecond 1000-
60000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) | error_frame {threshold <range 0-4294967295> |
window <millisecond 1000-60000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) | error_frame_seconds
{threshold <range 1-900> | window <millisecond 10000-900000> | notify_state [enable |
disable]}(1) | error_frame_period {threshold <range 0-4294967295> | window <number
148810-100000000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) | critical_link_event [dying_gasp |
critical_event] notify_state [enable | disable] | remote_loopback [start | stop | test [enable |
disable] | timeout <sec 1-65535>] | received_remote_loopback [process | ignore]]
```

---

```
show ethernet_oam ports {<portlist>} [status | configuration | statistics | event_log {index
<value_list>} | remote_loopback test_result]
```

---

```
clear ethernet_oam ports [<portlist> | all] [event_log | statistics | remote_loopback test_result]
```

---

### 48-1 config ethernet\_oam ports

#### Description

This command is used to configure Ethernet OAM. The parameter to configure port Ethernet OAM mode operates in active or passive mode. The following two actions are allowed by ports in active mode, but disallowed by ports in passive mode: Initiate OAM discovery and start or stop remote loopback.



**Note:** When a port is OAM-enabled, changing the OAM mode will cause the OAM discovery to be re-started.

The command used to enable or disable port's Ethernet OAM function. The parameter enabling a port's OAM will cause the port to start OAM discovery. If a port's is active, it initiates the discovery. Otherwise it reacts to the discovery received from peer. Disabling a port's OAM will cause the port to send out a dying gasp event to peers and then disconnect the established OAM link.

The link monitoring parameter is used to configure port Ethernet OAM link monitoring error symbols. The link monitoring function provides a mechanism to detect and indicate link faults under a variety of conditions. OAM monitors the statistics on the number of frame errors as well as the number of coding symbol errors. When the number of symbol errors is equal to or greater than the specified threshold in a period and the event notification state is enabled, it generates an error symbol period event to notify the remote OAM peer. The Ethernet OAM link monitoring error frames parameter provides a mechanism to detect and indicate link faults under a variety of conditions. OAM monitors the counter on the number of frame errors as well as the number of coding symbol errors. When the number of frame errors is equal to or greater than the specified threshold in a period and the event notification state is enabled, it generates an error frame event to notify the remote OAM peer.

The link event parameter configures the capability of the Ethernet OAM critical link event. If the capability for an event is disabled, the port will never send out the corresponding critical link event. The command is used to configure the client to process or to ignore the received Ethernet OAM remote loopback command. In remote loopback mode, all user traffic will not be processed. Ignoring the received remote loopback command will prevent the port from entering remote loopback mode.

## Format

```
config ethernet_oam ports [<portlist> | all] [mode [active | passive] | state [enable | disable]
| link_monitor [error_symbol {threshold <range 0-4294967295> | window <millisecond 1000-
60000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) | error_frame {threshold <range 0-4294967295> |
window <millisecond 1000-60000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) |
error_frame_seconds {threshold <range 1-900> | window <millisecond 10000-900000> |
notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) | error_frame_period {threshold <range 0-4294967295> |
window <number 148810-100000000> | notify_state [enable | disable]}(1) |
critical_link_event [dying_gasp | critical_event] notify_state [enable | disable] |
remote_loopback [start | stop | test [enable | disable] | timeout <sec 1-65535>] |
received_remote_loopback [process | ignore]]
```

## Parameters

---

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b>	- Used to specify a range of ports to be configured.
<b>all</b>	- Used to specify all ports are to be configured.
<b>mode</b>	- Specifies the operation mode. The default mode is active.
<b>active</b>	- Specifies to operate in active mode.
<b>passive</b>	- Specifies to operate in passive mode.
<b>state</b>	- Specifies the OAM function status.
<b>enable</b>	- Specifies to enable the OAM function.
<b>disable</b>	- Specifies to disable the OAM function.
<b>link_monitor</b>	- Used to detect and indicate link faults under a variety of conditions.
<b>error_symbol</b>	- Used to generate an error symbol period event to notify the remote OAM peer.
<b>threshold</b>	- Specifies the number of symbol errors in the period that is required to be equal to or greater than in order for the event to be generated. The default value of threshold is 1 symbol error
<b>&lt;range 0-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Specifies the range from 0 to 4294967295.
<b>window</b>	- The range is 1000 to 60000 ms. The default value is 1000ms.
<b>&lt;millisecond 1000-60000&gt;</b>	-The range is 1000 to 60000 ms.
<b>notify_state</b>	- Specifies the event notification status. The default state is enable.
<b>enable</b>	-Specifies to enable event notification.
<b>disable</b>	-Specifies to disable event notification.
<b>error_frame</b>	- Specifies the error frame.
<b>threshold</b>	- Specifies a threshold range.
<b>&lt;range 0-4294967295&gt;</b>	- Specifies a threshold range between 0 and 4294967295.
<b>window</b>	- The range is 1000 to 60000 ms. The default value is 1000ms.
<b>&lt;millisecond 1000-60000&gt;</b>	- The range is 1000 to 60000 ms.
<b>notify_state</b>	- Specifies the event notification status. The default state is enable.
<b>enable</b>	- Specifies to enable event notification.
<b>disable</b>	- Specifies to disable event notification.
<b>error_frame_seconds</b>	- Specifies error fram time.
<b>threshold</b>	- Specifies a threshold range between 1 and 900.
<b>&lt;range 1-900&gt;</b>	-Specifies a threshold range between 1 and 900.
<b>window</b>	- The range is 1000 to 900000 ms.
<b>&lt;millisecond 10000-900000&gt;</b>	- The range is 1000 to 900000 ms.
<b>notify_state</b>	- Specifies the event notification status. The default state is enable.
<b>enable</b>	- Specifies to enable event notification.
<b>disable</b>	- Specifies to disable event notification.
<b>error_frame_period</b>	- Specifies error frame period.
<b>threshold</b>	- Specifies a threshold range between 0 and 4294967295.
<b>&lt;range 0-4294967295&gt;</b>	-Specifies a threshold range between 0 and 4294967295.
<b>window</b>	- The range is 148810 to 100000000 ms.
<b>&lt;number 148810-100000000&gt;</b>	- The range is 148810 to 100000000 ms.
<b>notify_state</b>	- Specifies the event notification status. The default state is enable.
<b>enable</b>	- Specifies to enable event notification.

---

---

<b>disable</b> - Specifies to disable event notification.
<b>critical_link_event</b> –Specifies critical link event.
<b>dying_gasp</b> - An unrecoverable local failure condition has occurred.
<b>critical_event</b> - An unspecified critical event has occurred.
<b>notify_state</b> - Specifies the event notification status. The default state is enable.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies to enable event notification.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies to disable event notification.
<b>remote_loopback</b> - Specifies remote loop.
<b>start</b> - If start is specified, it will request the peer to change to the remote loopback mode.
<b>stop</b> - If stop is specified, it will request the peer to change to the normal operation mode.
<b>test</b> - Specifies to enable or disable the test feature.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies that the test feature will be enabled.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies that the test feature will be disabled.
<b>timeout</b> - Specifies the timeout value used here.
<b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b> - Enter the timeout value used here. This value must be between 1 and 65535 seconds.
<b>received_remote_loopback</b> - Specifies receive remote loop-back.
<b>process</b> - Specifies to process the received Ethernet OAM remote loopback command.
<b>ignore</b> - Specifies to ignore the received Ethernet OAM remote loopback command. The default method is "ignore".

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure Ethernet OAM on ports 1 to 2 in active mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1-2 mode active
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1-2 mode active

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable Ethernet OAM on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the error symbol threshold to 2 and period to 1000ms for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_symbol
threshold 2 window 1000 notify_state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_symbol threshold 2
window 1000 notify_state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the error frame threshold to 2 and period to 1000 ms for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame
threshold 2 window 1000 notify_state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame threshold 2
window 1000 notify_state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the error frame seconds threshold to 2 and period to 10000 ms for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame_seconds
threshold 2 window 10000 notify_state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame_seconds threshold
2 window 10000 notify_state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the error frame threshold to 10 and period to 1000000 ms for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame_period
threshold 10 window 1000000 notify_state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 link_monitor error_frame_period threshold
10 window 1000000 notify_state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure a dying gasp event for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 critical_link_event dying_gasp
notify_state enable
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 critical_link_event dying_gasp
notify_state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To start remote loopback on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 remote_loopback start
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 remote_loopback start

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the method of processing the received remote loopback command as “process” on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ethernet_oam ports 1 received_remote_loopback process
Command: config ethernet_oam ports 1 received_remote_loopback process

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 48-2 show ethernet\_oam ports

### Description

This command is used to display Ethernet OAM information, including status, configuration, statistics, and event log, on specified ports.

The status information includes:

(1) OAM administration status: enabled or disabled.

(2) OAM operation status. It maybe the below value:

- Appendix A     Disable: OAM is disabled on this port
- Appendix B     LinkFault: The link has detected a fault and is transmitting OAMPDUs with a link fault indication.
- Appendix C     PassiveWait: The port is passive and is waiting to see if the peer device is OAM capable.
- Appendix D     ActiveSendLocal: The port is active and is sending local information
- Appendix E     SendLocalAndRemote: The local port has discovered the peer but has not yet accepted or rejected the configuration of the peer.
- Appendix F     SendLocalAndRemoteOk: The local device agrees the OAM peer entity.
- Appendix G     PeeringLocallyRejected: The local OAM entity rejects the remote peer OAM entity.
- Appendix H     PeeringRemotelyRejected: The remote OAM entity rejects the local device.
- Appendix I     Operational: The local OAM entity learns that both it and the remote OAM entity have accepted the peering.
- Appendix J     NonOperHalfDuplex: Since Ethernet OAM functions are not designed to work completely over half-duplex port. This value indicates Ethernet OAM is enabled but the port is in half-duplex operation.

(3) OAM mode: passive or active.

(4) Maximum OAMPDU size: The largest OAMPDU that the OAM entity supports. OAM entities exchange maximum OAMPDU sizes and negotiate to use the smaller of the two maximum OAMPDU sizes between the peers.

(5) OAM configuration revision: The configuration revision of the OAM entity as reflected in the latest OAMPDU sent by the OAM entity. The config revision is used by OAM entities to indicate that configuration changes have occurred, which might require the peer OAM entity to re-evaluate whether OAM peering is allowed.

(6) OAM mode change.

(7) OAM Functions Supported: The OAM functions supported on this port. These functions include:

1.     Unidirectional: It indicates that the OAM entity supports the transmission of OAMPDUs on links that are operating in unidirectional mode (traffic flowing in one direction only).
2.     Loopback: It indicates that the OAM entity can initiate and respond to loopback commands.



3. Link Monitoring: It indicates that the OAM entity can send and receive Event Notification OAMPDUs.
4. Variable: It indicates that the OAM entity can send and receive variable requests to monitor the attribute value as described in the IEEE 802.3 Clause 30 MIB.

The event log displays Ethernet OAM event log information. The switch can buffer 1000 event logs. The event log is different from sys-log as it provides more detailed information than sys-log. Each OAM event will be recorded in both OAM event log and syslog.

### Format

```
show ethernet_oam ports {<portlist>} [status | configuration | statistics | event_log {index <value_list>} | remote_loopback test_result]
```

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies the range of ports to display.
<b>status</b> - Specifies to display the Ethernet OAM status.
<b>configuration</b> - Specifies to display the Ethernet OAM configuration.
<b>statistics</b> - Specifies to display Ethernet OAM statistics.
<b>event_log</b> - Specifies to display the Ethernet OAM event log information.
<b>index</b> - (Optional) Specifies an index range to display.
<b>&lt;value_list&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies an index range to display.
<b>remote_loopback test result</b> – Specifies to display the Ethernet OAM remote loopback test result information.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display Ethernet OAM statistics information for port 1:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ethernet_oam ports 1 statistics
Command: show ethernet_oam ports 1 statistics

Port 1
-----
Information OAMPDU TX           : 0
Information OAMPDU RX           : 0
Unique Event Notification OAMPDU TX : 0
Unique Event Notification OAMPDU RX : 0
Duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU TX: 0
Duplicate Event Notification OAMPDU RX: 0
Loopback Control OAMPDU TX      : 0
Loopback Control OAMPDU RX      : 0
Variable Request OAMPDU TX      : 0
Variable Request OAMPDU RX      : 0
Variable Response OAMPDU TX     : 0
Variable Response OAMPDU RX     : 0
Organization Specific OAMPDU TX : 0
Organization Specific OAMPDU RX : 0
Unsupported OAMPDU TX           : 0
Unsupported OAMPDU RX           : 0
Frames Lost Due To OAM          : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

### 48-3 clear ethernet\_oam ports

#### Description

This command is used to clear Ethernet OAM information.

#### Format

**clear ethernet\_oam ports [<portlist> | all] [event\_log | statistics | remote\_loopback test\_result]**

#### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of Ethernet OAM ports to be cleared.

**all** - Specifies to clear all Ethernet OAM ports.

---

**event\_log** - Specifies to clear Ethernet OAM event log information.

**statistics** - Specifies to clear Ethernet OAM statistics.

**remote\_loopback test result** – Specifies to clear the Ethernet OAM remote loopback test result information.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To clear port 1 OAM statistics:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear ethernet_oam ports 1 statistics
Command: clear ethernet_oam ports 1 statistics

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To clear port 1 OAM events:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear ethernet_oam ports 1 event_log
Command: clear ethernet_oam ports 1 event_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 49 Packet Storm Commands

---

```

config traffic control [<portlist> | all] {broadcast [enable | disable] | multicast [enable | disable] |
unicast [enable | disable] | action [drop | shutdown] | threshold <pps 0-255000> | countdown
[<min 0> | <min 3-30>] | time_interval <sec 5-600>}(1)
config traffic control auto_recover_time [<min 0> | <min 1-65535>]
config traffic control log state [enable | disable]
config traffic trap [none | storm_occurred | storm_cleared | both]
show traffic control {<portlist>}

```

---

## 49-1 config traffic control

### Description

This command is used to configure broadcast/multicast/unicast storm control. The broadcast storm control commands provide a hardware storm control mechanism only. These packet storm control commands include hardware and software mechanisms to provide shutdown, recovery, and trap notification functions.

### Format

```

config traffic control [<portlist> | all] {broadcast [enable | disable] | multicast [enable |
disable] | unicast [enable | disable] | action [drop | shutdown] | threshold <pps 0-255000> |
countdown [<min 0> | <min 3-30>] | time_interval <sec 5-600>}(1)

```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

**all** - Specifies all ports are to be configured.

---

**broadcast** - Specifies the broadcast storm status.

- enable** - Enable broadcast storm control.
- disable** - Disable broadcast storm control.

---

**multicast** - Specifies the multicast storm status.

- enable** - Enable multicast storm control.
- disable** - Disable multicast storm control.

---

**unicast** - Specifies the unknown unicast packet storm status.

- enable** - Enable unknown unicast packet storm control (only support drop action).
- disable** - Disable unknown unicast packet storm control.

---

**action** - Specifies the action.

- drop** - This is implemented in hardware.
- shutdown** - This is implemented in software. If this is chosen, threshold, countdown, and time\_interval also need to be configured.

---

**threshold** - The upper threshold at which the specified storm control will turn on. This is the number of broadcast/multicast packets per second received by the switch that will trigger the storm traffic control measure. It must be an unsigned integer.

**<pps 0-255000>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 255000.

---

**countdown** - The timer for shutdown mode. When a port is in the shutdown state, it will automatically recover after 5 minutes. The default is 0 minutes.

**<min 0>** - Specifies that the countdown value will be set to 0. 0 is the disable forever state.

---

---

**<min 3-30>** - Enter the countdown value used here. This value must be between 3 and 30 minutes.

**time\_interval** - The sampling interval of received packet counts. The possible value will be 5 to 600 seconds. This parameter is meaningless for dropping packets is selected as action.

**<sec 5-600>** - Enter the time interval value used here. This value must be between 5 and 600 seconds.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure traffic control and state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config traffic control 1-10 broadcast enable action shutdown
threshold 640 time_interval 10
Command: config traffic control 1-10 broadcast enable action shutdown threshold
640 time_interval 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 49-2 config traffic control auto\_recover\_time

### Description

This command is used to configure the traffic auto recover time that allowed for a port to recover from shutdown forever status. The time allowed for auto recovery from shutdown for a port. The default value is 0, so no auto recovery is possible; the port remains in shutdown forever mode. This requires manual entry of the CLI command "**config ports [ <portlist> | all ] state enable**" to return the port to a forwarding state. The default value is 0, which means disable auto recover mode, shutdown forever.

### Format

**config traffic control auto\_recover\_time [ <min 0> | <min 1-65535> ]**

### Parameters

---

**<min 0>** - Enter the automatic recovery time used here. This value will specifies the time to be 0 otherwise known as 'no recovery mode'.

**<min 1-65535>** - Enter the automatic recovery time used here. This value must be between 1 and 65535 minutes.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the auto recover time to 5 minutes:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config traffic control auto_recover_time 5
Command: config traffic control auto_recover_time 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 49-3 config traffic control log state

#### Description

This command is used to configure the traffic control log state. When the log state is enabled, traffic control states are logged when a storm occurs and when a storm is cleared. If the log state is disabled, traffic control events are not logged.

The log state is only applicable for shutdown mode. Since shutdown mode only support broadcast and multicast storm control, doesn't support unicast storm control. The log only generate for broadcast and multicast storm control.

#### Format

**config traffic control log state [enable | disable]**

#### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the traffic control log state.  
**enable** - Specifies that traffic control state will be logged when a storm occurs.  
**disable** - Specifies that the traffic control state will be disabled.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To configure the traffic log state on the Switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config traffic control log state enable
Command: config traffic control log state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 49-4 config traffic trap

#### Description

This command is used to configure whether storm control notification will be generated or not while traffic storm events are detected by a SW traffic storm control mechanism.



**Note:** A traffic control trap is active only when the control action is configured as shutdown. If the control action is drop there will no traps issue while storm event is detected.

## Format

**config traffic trap [none | storm\_occurred | storm\_cleared | both]**

## Parameters

---

**none** - No notification will be generated after a storm event was detected or cleared.

**storm\_occurred** - A notification will be generated after a storm event was detected.

**storm\_cleared** - A notification will be generated after a storm event was cleared.

---

**both** - A notification will be generated after a storm event was detected and cleared.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure a traffic control trap:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config traffic trap both
Command: config traffic trap both

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 49-5 show traffic control

### Description

This command is used to display current traffic control settings.

### Format

**show traffic control {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be shown.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all port packet storm control configurations.

### Restrictions

None.

**Example**

To display the packet storm control setting for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show traffic control 1-3
Command: show traffic control 1-3

Traffic Control Trap           : [None]
Traffic Control Log           : Enabled
Traffic Control Auto Recover Time : 0 Minutes

Port Thres  Broadcast Multicast Unicast  Action  Count  Time  Shutdown
  hold      Storm    Storm    Storm   Action  Down   Interval Forever
  (Frames/Sec)                                     (Min)  (Sec)
-----
1   131072 Disabled Disabled Disabled drop    0     5
2   131072 Disabled Disabled Disabled drop    0     5
3   131072 Disabled Disabled Disabled drop    0     5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 50 Port Security

## Commands

---

```

config port_security ports [<portlist> | all] [{admin_state [enable | disable] | max_learning_addr
  <max_lock_no 0-16384> | lock_address_mode [permanent | deleteontimeout |
  deleteonreset]}(1) | {vlan [<vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>] max_learning_addr
  [<max_lock_no 0-16384> | no_limit]}(1)]
config port_security system max_learning_addr [<max_lock_no 1-16384> | no_limit]
config port_security vlan [<vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>] max_learning_addr [<max_lock_no
  0-16384> | no_limit]
delete port_security_entry [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] mac_address
  <macaddr>
clear port_security_entry {ports [<portlist> | all] [{vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>}]}
show port_security_entry {ports [<portlist> | all] [{vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>}]}
show port_security {ports [<portlist> | all] [{vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>}]}
enable port_security trap_log
disable port_security trap_log

```

---

### 50-1 config port\_security ports

#### Description

This command is used to set the port's state, maximum supported MAC address entries, the default entry type, and set the maximum port-security entries that can be learned with a specific VLAN on a specific port. There are four levels of limitations on the learned entry number, for the entire system, for a port, for a VLAN, and for specific VLAN on a port. If any limitation is exceeded, the new entry will be discarded.

#### Format

```

config port_security ports [<portlist> | all] [{admin_state [enable | disable] |
  max_learning_addr <max_lock_no 0-16384> | lock_address_mode [permanent |
  deleteontimeout | deleteonreset]}(1) | {vlan [<vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]
  max_learning_addr [<max_lock_no 0-16384> | no_limit]}(1)]

```

#### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies that all ports will be configured.

**admin\_state** - Allow the port security to be enabled or disabled for the ports specified in the port list. The default setting is disabled.

**enable** - Enable port security for the ports specified in the port list.

**disable** - Disable port security for the ports specified in the port list.

**max\_learning\_addr** - Specifies the maximum of MAC address entries that can be learned on this port. If the value is set to 0, it means that no user can get authorized by the port security function on this port. If the setting is smaller than the number of current learned entries on the port, the command will be rejected. The default value is 32.

**<max\_lock\_no 0-16384>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.

**lock\_address\_mode** - Indicate locking address mode. The default mode is deleteonreset.

**permanent** - The address will never be deleted unless the user removes it manually or the

---

VLAN of the entry is removed or the port are removed from the VLAN, or port security is disabled on the port where the address resides.

**deleteontimeout** - The locked addresses can be aged out after aging timer expires.

**deleteonreset** - This address will be removed if the switch is reset or reboots. The cases under which the permanent entries are deleted also apply to the deleteonreset entries

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN to limit the address learning.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID to limit the address learning.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of VLAN ID.

**max\_learning\_addr** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum MAC address entries that can be learned on this port of the specified VLAN. If the value is set to 0, it means that no user can get authorized by the port security function on this port. If the setting is smaller than the number of current learned entries on the port, the command will be rejected. The default value is 32.

**<max\_lock\_no 0-16384>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.

**no\_limit** - Specifies no limitation on the number of entries.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure port security:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config port_security ports 6 admin_state enable
max_learning_addr 10 lock_address_mode permanent
Command: config port_security ports 6 admin_state enable max_learning_addr 10
lock_address_mode permanent

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure a port security setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config port_security ports 1 vlan vlanid 1 max_learning_addr
16
Command: config port_security ports 1 vlan vlanid 1 max_learning_addr 16

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-2 config port\_security system max\_learning\_addr

### Description

This command is used to set the maximum number of MAC address entries that can be authorized system wide. There are four levels of limitations on the learned entry number, for the entire system, for a port, for a VLAN, and for specific VLAN on a port. If any limitation is exceeded, the new entry will be discarded.

**Format**

```
config port_security system max_learning_addr [<max_lock_no 1-16384> | no_limit]
```

**Parameters**


---

**<max\_lock\_no 1-16384>** - Specifies the maximum number of MAC address entries that can be learned by the system. If the setting is smaller than the number of current learned entries on all enabled ports, the command will be rejected.

---

**no\_limit** - By default, the number above is set to no limit.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the maximum number of port security entries to 256:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config port_security system_max_learning_addr 256
Command: config port_security system_max_learning_addr 256

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**50-3 config port\_security vlan****Description**

This command sets the maximum number of MAC address entries that can be learned on a specific VLAN. There are four levels of limitations on the learned entry number, for the entire system, for a port, for a VLAN, and for specific VLAN on a port. If any limitation is exceeded, the new entry will be discarded.

**Format**

```
config port_security vlan [<vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>] max_learning_addr
[<max_lock_no 0-16384> | no_limit]
```

**Parameters**


---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN by name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

---

**max\_learning\_addr** - Specifies the maximum number of MAC address entries that can be learned with this VLAN. If this parameter is set to 0, it means that no user can get authorization on this VLAN. If the setting is smaller than the number of current learned entries on the VLAN, the command will be rejected.

**<max\_lock\_no 0-16384>** - Specifies the value between 0 and 16384.

**no\_limit** - Specifies the default value is no limit.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the maximum number of entries that can be learned at 64:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config port_security vlan vlanid 1 max_learning_addr 64
Command: config port_security vlan vlanid 1 max_learning_addr 64

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-4 delete port\_security\_entry

### Description

This command is used to delete a port security entry by VLAN, VLAN ID, and MAC address.

### Format

**delete port\_security\_entry [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] mac\_address <macaddr>**

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN by name.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Enter the VLAN ID used here. This value must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**mac\_address** - Specifies the MAC address of the entry.  
**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address of the entry.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete the port security entry with a MAC address of 00-01-30-10-2c-c7 on the default VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete port_security_entry vlan default mac_address 00-01-30-10-2C-C7 port 6
Command: delete port_security_entry vlan default mac_address 00-01-30-10-2C-C7 port 6

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-5 clear port\_security\_entry

**Description**

This command is used to clear the MAC entries learned from the specified port(s) or VLAN(s) for the port security function.

**Format**

**clear port\_security\_entry {ports [<portlist> | all] { [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]}}**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - (Optional) The port-security entries learned on the specified port will be cleared.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - All the port-security entries learned by the system will be cleared.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) The port-security entries learned on the specified VLANs will be cleared.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of the VLAN IDs.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear port security entry for port 6:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear port_security_entry port 6
Command: clear port_security_entry port 6

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-6 show port\_security\_entry

**Description**

This command is used to display a port security entry.

**Format**

**show port\_security\_entry {ports [<portlist> | all] {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]}}**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

**all** - Specifies to display the entries of all ports.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN to display its entry.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN list to display its entry.

---

---

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of the VLAN IDs.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display a port security entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show port_security_entry
Command: show port_security_entry

MAC Address          VID    Port    Lock Mode
-----
00-00-00-00-00-01  1      25      DeleteOnTimeout

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

50-7 show port\_security

### Description

This command is used to display the port security related information of the switch ports including the port security admin state, the maximum number of learning addresses, and the lock mode.

### Format

**show port\_security {ports [<portlist> | all] {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]}}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

**all** - Specifies to display the configuration of all ports.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN to display its configuration.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a VLAN list to display the configuration.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of the VLAN IDs.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the port security information of switch ports 1 to 6:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show port_security ports 1-6
Command: show port_security ports 1-6

Port Configuration
Port      State      Lock Address Mode      Max. Learning Addr.
-----
1         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32
2         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32
3         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32
4         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32
5         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32
6         Disabled  DeleteOnReset          32

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-8 enable port\_security trap\_log

### Description

This command is used to enable port security traps/logs. When this command is enabled, if there's a new MAC that violates the pre-defined port security configuration, a trap will be sent out with the MAC and port information and the relevant information will be logged.

### Format

**enable port\_security trap\_log**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable a port security trap:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable port_security trap_log
Command: enable port_security trap_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 50-9 disable port\_security trap\_log

### Description

This command is used to disable a port security trap/log. If the port security trap is disabled, no trap will be sent out for MAC violations, and no log will be recorded.

## Format

**disable port\_security trap\_log**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To prevent a port security trap from being sent from the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable port_security trap_log
Command: disable port_security trap_log

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 51 Power Saving Commands

---

```
config power_saving state [enable | disable]
show power_saving
config eee ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]
show eee ports {<portlist>}
```

---

## 51-1 config power\_saving state

### Description

This command is used to configure the power saving state for the system. By default, the power saving mode is enabled.

The power is saved by the following mechanisms. When the port has no link partner, the port automatically turns off and wakes up once a second to send a single link pulse. When the port is turned off, a simple receive energy-detect circuit is continuously monitoring energy on the cable. At the moment when energy is detected, the port turns on fully per IEEE specification requirements. The power saving function is performed while no link is detected and it will not affect the port capabilities while it is link up.

When the port is link up, for shorter cable, the power consumption can be reduced by lowering the signal amplitude since the signal attenuation is proportional to the cable length. The port will adjust the power based on cable length and still maintain error free applications from both sides of the link. This mechanism will only be supported when the hardware supports the cable diagnostics function.

### Format

```
config power_saving state [enable | disable]
```

### Parameters

---

**state** - (Optional) Configure the power saving state to enable or disable. The default value is enable.  
**enable** - Enable the power saving feature.  
**disable** - Disable the power saving feature.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure power saving:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config power_saving state enable
Command: config power_saving state enable

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 51-2 show power\_saving

### Description

This command is used to display power saving information.

### Format

**show power\_saving**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display power saving information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show power_saving
Command: show power_saving

Power Saving State: Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 51-3 config eee ports

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the EEE function on special port(s) on the Switch.

### Format

**config eee ports [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for this configuration, here.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for this configuration.

---

**state** - Specifies the EEE feature's global state.

**enable** - Specifies that the EEE function will be enabled on the special port.

---

---

**disable** - Specifies that the EEE function will be disabled on the special port.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the EEE function on special port(s) on the Switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config eee ports 2-5 state enable
Command: config eee ports 2-5 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

51-4 show eee ports

### Description

This command is used to display the EEE function state on the special port(s).

### Format

**show eee ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter the list of ports used, for this display, here.  
If no parameter is specified, then all information will be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display the EEE settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show eee ports 1-6,9  
Command: show eee ports 1-6,9
```

Port	State
-----	-----
1	Disabled
2	Enabled
3	Enabled
4	Enabled
5	Enabled
6	Disabled
9	Disabled

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 52 Protocol VLAN Commands

---

```

create dot1v_protocol_group group_id <id> group_name <name 32>
config dot1v_protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name <name 32>] [add protocol
    [ethernet_2 | ieee802.3_snap | ieee802.3_llc] <protocol_value> | delete protocol [ethernet_2 |
    ieee802.3_snap | ieee802.3_llc] <protocol_value>]
delete dot1v_protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name <name 32> | all]
show dot1v_protocol_group {group_id <id> | group_name <name 32>}
config port dot1v ports [<portlist> | all] [add protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name <name
    32>] [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <id>] {priority <value 0-7>} | delete protocol_group
    [group_id <id> | group_name <name 32> | all]]
show port dot1v {ports <portlist>}
  
```

---

## 52-1 create dot1v\_protocol\_group

### Description

This command is used to create a protocol group for the protocol VLAN function.

### Format

```
create dot1v_protocol_group group_id <id> group_name <name 32>
```

### Parameters

---

```

group_id - Specifies the ID of the protocol group which is used to identify a set of protocols.
    <id> - The ID range is between 1 and 16.
group_name - Specifies the name of the protocol group.
    <name 32> - Specifies the name of the protocol group. The maximum length is 32 characters.
  
```

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a protocol group:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4 group_name
General_Group
Command: create dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4 group_name General_Group

Success.
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
  
```

## 52-2 config dot1v\_protocol\_group

**Description**

This command is used to add a protocol to a protocol group. The selection of a protocol can be a pre-defined protocol type or a user defined protocol.

**Format**

```
config dot1v_protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name <name 32>] [add protocol
[ethernet_2 | ieee802.3_snap | ieee802.3_llc] <protocol_value> | delete protocol [ethernet_2 |
ieee802.3_snap | ieee802.3_llc] <protocol_value>]
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>group_id</b> - Specifies the ID of the protocol group which is used to identify a set of protocols. <id> - The ID range is between 1 and 16.
<b>group_name</b> - Specifies the name of the protocol group. <name 32> - Specifies the name of the protocol group. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>add protocol</b> - Specifies the protocol to be added. Depending on the frame type, the octet string will have one of the following values below. The form of the input is 0x0 to 0xffff. <b>ethernet_2</b> - This is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. Example: IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. <b>ieee802.3_snap</b> - This is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. Example: IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. <b>ieee802.3_llc</b> - This is the 2-octet IEEE 802.2 Link Service Access Point (LSAP) pair: first octet for Destination Service Access Point (DSAP) and second octet for Source.
<b>&lt;protocol_value&gt;</b> - Specifies the protocol value used to identify a protocol of the frame type. The form of the input is 0x0 to 0xffff. Depending on the frame type, the octet string will have one of the following values: For Ethernet II, this is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. For example, IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. For IEEE802.3 SNAP, this is this is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. For IEEE802.3 LLC, this is the 2-octet IEEE 802.2 Link Service Access Point (LSAP) pair. The first octet is for Destination Service Access Point (DSAP) and the second octet is for Source.
<b>delete protocol</b> - Specifies the protocol to be deleted. Depending on the frame type, the octet string will have one of the following values below. The form of the input is 0x0 to 0xffff. <b>ethernet_2</b> - This is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. Example: IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. <b>ieee802.3_snap</b> - This is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. Example: IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. <b>ieee802.3_llc</b> - This is the 2-octet IEEE 802.2 Link Service Access Point (LSAP) pair: first octet for Destination Service Access Point (DSAP) and second octet for Source.
<b>&lt;protocol_value&gt;</b> - Specifies the protocol value used to identify a protocol of the frame type. The form of the input is 0x0 to 0xffff. Depending on the frame type, the octet string will have one of the following values: For Ethernet II, this is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. For example, IPv4 is 0800, IPv6 is 86dd, ARP is 0806, etc. For IEEE802.3 SNAP, this is this is a 16-bit (2-octet) hex value. For IEEE802.3 LLC, this is the 2-octet IEEE 802.2 Link Service Access Point (LSAP) pair. The first octet is for Destination Service Access Point (DSAP) and the second octet is for Source.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To add a protocol IPv6 to protocol group 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4 add protocol
ethernet_2 86dd
Command: config dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4 add protocol ethernet_2 86dd

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete a protocol IPv6 from protocol group ID 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config dot1v_protocol_group_group_id 4 delete protocol
ethernet_2 86dd
Command: config dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4 delete protocol ethernet_2 86dd

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 52-3 delete dot1v\_protocol\_group

**Description**

This command is used to delete a protocol group.

**Format**

**delete dot1v\_protocol\_group [group\_id <id> | group\_name <name 32> | all]**

**Parameters**

**group\_id** - Specifies the group ID to be deleted.

**<id>** - Specifies the group ID to be deleted.

**group\_name** - Specifies the name of the protocol group to be deleted.

**<name 32>** - Specifies the name of the protocol group to be deleted. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**all** - Specifies to delete all protocol groups.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete protocol group ID 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4
Command: delete dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 52-4 show dot1v\_protocol\_group

**Description**

This command is used to display the protocols defined in protocol groups.

**Format**

**show dot1v\_protocol\_group {group\_id <id> | group\_name <name 32>}**

**Parameters**

**group\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the group ID to be displayed.

**<id>** - Specifies the group ID to be displayed.

**group\_name** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the protocol group.

**<name 32>** - Specifies the name of the protocol group. The maximum length is 32 characters.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all configured protocol groups will be displayed

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display protocol group ID 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4
Command: show dot1v_protocol_group group_id 4

Protocol Group ID Protocol Group Name           Frame Type      Protocol
Value
-----
4                General_Group           EthernetII      86DD

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 52-5 config port dot1v

**Description**

This command is used to assign the VLAN for untagged packets ingress from the portlist based on the protocol group configured. This assignment can be removed by using the **delete protocol\_group** option.

When priority is not specified in the command, the port default priority will be the priority for those untagged packets classified by the protocol VLAN.



## Format

```
config port dot1v ports [<portlist> | all] [add protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name
<name 32>] [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <id>] {priority <value 0-7>} | delete
protocol_group [group_id <id> | group_name <name 32> | all]]
```

## Parameters

<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to apply this command.
<b>all</b> - Specifies all ports.
<b>add protocol_group</b> - Specifies to add a protocol group. <b>group_id</b> - Specifies the group ID of the protocol group. <b>&lt;id&gt;</b> - Specifies the group ID of the protocol group. <b>group_name</b> - Specifies the name of the protocol group. <b>&lt;name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the name of the protocol group. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlan</b> - Specifies the VLAN that is to be associated with this protocol group on this port. <b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN that is to be associated with this protocol group on this port. The maximum length is 32 characters.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID. <b>&lt;id&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID.
<b>priority</b> - Specifies the priority to be associated with the packet which has been classified to the specified VLAN by the protocol. <b>&lt;value 0-7&gt;</b> - Specifies a value between 0 and 7.
<b>delete protocol_group</b> - Specifies to delete a protocol group. <b>group_id</b> - Specifies the group ID to be deleted. <b>&lt;id&gt;</b> - Specifies the group ID. <b>group_name</b> - Specifies the group name to be deleted. <b>&lt;name 32&gt;</b> - Enter the group name to be deleted here. This name can be up to 32 characters long. <b>all</b> - Specifies all groups.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the group ID 4 on port 3 to be associated with VLAN 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config port dot1v ports 3 add protocol_group group_id 4
vlan VLAN2
Command: config port dot1v ports 3 add protocol_group group_id 4 vlan VLAN2

Success.
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 52-6 show port dot1v

### Description

This command is used to display the VLAN to be associated with untagged packets ingressed from a port based on the protocol group.

**Format****show port dot1v {ports <portlist>}****Parameters**

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, information for all ports will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the protocol VLAN information for ports 2 to 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show port dot1v ports 2-5
Command: show port dot1v ports 2-5

Port: 2
Protocol Group ID  Protocol Group Name          VLAN Name          Protocol
Priority
-----
1                  dot1                        default            -

Port: 3
Protocol Group ID  Protocol Group Name          VLAN Name          Protocol
Priority
-----
1                  dot1                        default            -

Port: 4
Protocol Group ID  Protocol Group Name          VLAN Name          Protocol
Priority
-----
1                  dot1                        default            -

Port: 5
Protocol Group ID  Protocol Group Name          VLAN Name          Protocol
Priority
-----
1                  dot1                        default            -

Total Entries: 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 53 QoS Commands

```

config bandwidth_control [<portlist> | all] {rx_rate [no_limit | <value 64-1024000>] | tx_rate
[no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]}(1)
show bandwidth_control {<portlist>}
config per_queue bandwidth_control {ports [<portlist> | all]} <cos_id_list 0-7> {{min_rate
[no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]} max_rate [no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]}
show per_queue bandwidth_control {<portlist>}
config scheduling {ports [<portlist> | all]} <class_id 0-7> [strict | weight <value 1-127>]
config scheduling_mechanism {ports [<portlist> | all]} [strict | wrr]
show scheduling {<portlist>}
show scheduling_mechanism {<portlist>}
config 802.1p user_priority {ports [<portlist> | all]} <priority 0-7> <class_id 0-7>
show 802.1p user_priority {<portlist>}
config 802.1p default_priority [<portlist> | all] <priority 0-7>
show 802.1p default_priority {<portlist>}
config 802.1p map [<portlist> | all] 1p_color <priority_list> to [green | red | yellow]
show 802.1p map 1p_color {<portlist>}
enable hol_prevention
disable hol_prevention
show hol_prevention
config dscp trust [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]
show dscp trust {<portlist>}
config dscp map [<portlist> | all] [dscp_priority <dscp_list> to <priority 0-7> | dscp_dscp
<dscp_list> to <dscp 0-63> | dscp_color <dscp_list> to [green | red | yellow]]
show dscp map {<portlist>} [dscp_priority | dscp_dscp | dscp_color] {dscp <dscp_list>}
config mgmt_pkt_priority [default | <priority 0-7>]
show mgmt_pkt_priority

```

### 53-1 config bandwidth\_control

#### Description

This command is used to set the maximum limit for port bandwidth.

#### Format

```

config bandwidth_control [<portlist> | all] {rx_rate [no_limit | <value 64-1024000>] | tx_rate
[no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]}(1)

```

#### Parameters

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies all ports.

**rx\_rate** - (Optional) Specifies the limitation of receive data rate.

**no\_limit** - Specifies to indicate there is no limit on port rx bandwidth.

**<value 64-1024000>** - Specifies an integer value from 64 to 1024000 to set a maximum limit in Kbits/sec. The specified bandwidth limit may be equaled but not exceeded. This exact logical limit or token value is hardware determined. **Note:** 1 Kbit = 1000 bits, 1 Gigabit = 1000\*1000 Kbits. Actual rate = (inputted rate/ 64) \* 64.

**tx\_rate** - (Optional) Specifies the limitation of transmit data rate.

**no\_limit** - Specifies to indicate there is no limit on port tx bandwidth.

---

**<value 64-1024000>** - Specifies an integer value from 64 to 1024000 to set a maximum limit in Kbits/sec. The specified bandwidth limit may be equaled but not exceeded. This exact logical limit or token value is hardware determined. Actual rate = (inputted rate/ 64) \* 64.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure port bandwidth:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config bandwidth_control 1-10 tx_rate 1024
Command: config bandwidth_control 1-10 tx_rate 1024

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-2 show bandwidth\_control

### Description

This command is used to display the port bandwidth configurations. The bandwidth can also be assigned by the RADIUS server through the authentication process. If the RADIUS server has assigned the bandwidth, then the RADIUS-assigned bandwidth will be the effective bandwidth.

### Format

**show bandwidth\_control {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all port bandwidth configurations.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the port bandwidth control table for ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show bandwidth_control 1-2
Command: show bandwidth_control 1-2
```

Bandwidth Control Table

Port	RX Rate (Kbit/sec)	TX Rate (Kbit/sec)	Effective RX (Kbit/sec)	Effective TX (Kbit/sec)
1	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit
2	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit	No Limit

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 53-3 config per\_queue bandwidth\_control

#### Description

This command is used to set the bandwidth control for each specific egress queue on specified ports. The maximum rate limits the bandwidth. When specified, packets transmitted from the queue will not exceed the specified limit even if extra bandwidth is available. The specification of maximum rate is effective regardless of whether the queue is operating in strict or Shaped Deficit Weighted Round Robin (SDWRR) mode.

#### Format

```
config per_queue bandwidth_control {ports [<portlist> | all]} <cos_id_list 0-7> {{min_rate [no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]} max_rate [no_limit | <value 64-1024000>]}
```

#### Parameters

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to set all ports in the system. If no parameter is specified, the system will set all the ports.

**<cos\_id\_list 0-7>** - Specifies a list of priority queues. The priority queue number ranges from 0 to 7.

**min\_rate** - (Optional) Specifies the minimum rate that the specified class will be allowed to use to transmit packets.

**no\_limit** - Specifies that there is no limit on the egress queue of the specified port bandwidth.

**<value 64-1024000>** - Enter the minimum rate value used here. This value must be between 64 and 1024000Kbps.

**max\_rate** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum rate that the specified class will be allowed to use to transmit packets.

**no\_limit** - Specifies that there is no limit on the egress queue of the specified port bandwidth.

**<value 64-1024000>** - Enter the maximum rate value used here. This value must be between 64 and 1024000Kbps.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To configure the maximum rate to be 100 on queue 1 for ports 1 to 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config per_queue bandwidth_control ports 1-10 1 max_rate 100
Command: config per_queue bandwidth_control ports 1-10 1 max_rate 100

The setting value is not an integer multiple of granularity 64, closest value
64 is chosen.

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-4 show per\_queue bandwidth\_control

### Description

This command is used to display the bandwidth control setting of per egress queue for each port.

### Format

**show per\_queue bandwidth\_control {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None

### Example

To display the bandwidth control setting of the per queue egress for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show per_queue bandwidth_control 1
Command: show per_queue bandwidth_control 1

Queue Bandwidth Control Table On Port: 1

Queue      Min Rate(Kbit/sec)    Max Rate(Kbit/sec)
0          No Limit              No Limit
1          No Limit              No Limit
2          No Limit              No Limit
3          No Limit              No Limit
4          No Limit              No Limit
5          No Limit              No Limit
6          No Limit              No Limit
7          No Limit              No Limit

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-5 config scheduling

**Description**

This command is used to configure the traffic scheduling mechanism for each CoS queue.

**Format**

**config scheduling {ports [<portlist> | all]} <class\_id 0-7> [strict | weight <value 1-127>]**

**Parameters**


---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports here.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used.

---

**<class\_id 0-7>** - Specifies the 8 hardware priority queues that the config scheduling command will apply to. The eight hardware priority queues are identified by a number from 0 to 7 with the 0 queue being the lowest priority.

---

**strict** - Specifies that the queue will operate in strict mode.

---

**weight** - Specifies the weight value for weighted round robin. The queue will operate in WRR mode if the port mode is WRR. It will operate in strict mode if the port mode is strict.

**<value 1-127>** - Enter the weight value here. This value must be between 1 and 127.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the traffic scheduling on CoS queue 0 with a weight value of 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config scheduling 0 weight 10
Command: config scheduling 0 weight 10

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the traffic scheduling on CoS queue 1, with a weight value of 25, on port 10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config scheduling ports 10 1 weight 25
Command: config scheduling ports 10 1 weight 25

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-6 config scheduling\_mechanism

**Description**

This command is used to configure the traffic scheduling mechanism for each port.

### Format

**config scheduling\_mechanism {ports [<portlist> | all]} [strict | wrr]**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports here.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used.

---

**strict** - Specifies that the ports will operate in strict mode.

---

**wrr** - Specifies that the ports will operate based on their weight settings.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the traffic scheduling mechanism for each port in strict mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config scheduling_mechanism strict
Command: config scheduling_mechanism strict

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the traffic scheduling mechanism in strict mode on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config scheduling_mechanism ports 1 strict
Command: config scheduling_mechanism ports 1 strict

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-7 show scheduling

### Description

This command is used to display the current traffic scheduling parameters.

### Format

**show scheduling {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the range of ports to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.



## Example

To display the traffic scheduling parameters for each CoS queue:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show scheduling
Command: show scheduling

QOS Output Scheduling On Port: 1
Class ID  Weight
-----  -----
Class-0   1
Class-1   2
Class-2   3
Class-3   4
Class-4   5
Class-5   6
Class-6   7
Class-7   8

QOS Output Scheduling On Port: 2
Class ID  Weight
-----  -----
Class-0   1
Class-1   2
Class-2   3
Class-3   4
Class-4   5
Class-5   6
CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

To display the traffic scheduling parameters for each CoS queue on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show scheduling 1
Command: show scheduling 1

QOS Output Scheduling On Port: 1
Class ID  Weight
-----  -----
Class-0   1
Class-1   2
Class-2   3
Class-3   4
Class-4   5
Class-5   6
Class-6   7
Class-7   8

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-8 show scheduling\_mechanism

**Description**

This command is used to display the traffic scheduling mechanism.

**Format**

**show scheduling\_mechanism {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the scheduling mechanism for all ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show scheduling_mechanism
Command: show scheduling_mechanism

Port      Mode
-----  -
1         Strict
2         Strict
3         Strict
4         Strict
5         Strict
6         Strict
7         Strict
8         Strict
9         Strict
10        Strict

CTRL+C  ESC  c  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

To show the scheduling mechanism on ports 1-10:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show scheduling_mechanism 1-10
Command: show scheduling_mechanism 1-10

Port      Mode
-----  -
1         Strict
2         Strict
3         Strict
4         Strict
5         Strict
6         Strict
7         Strict
```

```

8      Strict
9      Strict
10     Strict

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 53-9 config 802.1p user\_priority

### Description

This command is used to configure the way by which the switch will map an incoming packet, based on its 802.1p user priority, to one of the eight available hardware priority queues on the switch. The switch's default is to map the following incoming 802.1p user priority values to the eight hardware priority queues. The suggested mapping is shown in the following table. Users can change this mapping by specifying the 802.1p user priority to assign to the <class\_id>.

Priority in Frames	Priority Queue of ASIC	Remark
0	2	Mid-Low
1	0	Lowest
2	1	Lowest
3	3	Mid-Low
4	4	Mid-High
5	5	Mid-High
6	6	Highest
7	7	Highest

### Format

```
config 802.1p user_priority {ports [<portlist> | all]} <priority 0-7> <class_id 0-7>
```

### Parameters

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies that port used for this configuration.

**<portlist>** - Specifies the range of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used for this configuration.

**<priority 0-7>** - Specifies the 802.1p user priority to associate with the <class\_id> (the number of the hardware queue).

**<class\_id 0-7>** - Specifies the number of the switch's hardware priority queue. The switch has eight hardware priority queues available. They are numbered between 0 (the lowest priority) and 7 (the highest priority).

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure an 802.1p user priority of 1 map to class ID of 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1p user_priority 1 3
Command: config 802.1p user_priority 1 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-10 show 802.1p user\_priority

### Description

This command is used to display 802.1p user priority.

### Format

**show 802.1p user\_priority {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter a list of port, used for the display, here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the 802.1p user priority of port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1p user_priority 1
Command: show 802.1p user_priority 1

QoS Class of Traffic

Port 1
  Priority-0 -> <Class-2>
  Priority-1 -> <Class-0>
  Priority-2 -> <Class-1>
  Priority-3 -> <Class-3>
  Priority-4 -> <Class-4>
  Priority-5 -> <Class-5>
  Priority-6 -> <Class-6>
  Priority-7 -> <Class-7>

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-11 config 802.1p default\_priority

### Description

This command is used to specify default priority for untagged packets received on a port of the switch.

**Format**

```
config 802.1p default_priority [<portlist> | all ] <priority 0-7>
```

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports for which the default priority is to be configured. That is, a range of ports for which all untagged packets received will be assigned the priority specified below. The beginning and end of the port list range are separated by a dash.

**all** - Specifies that the command applies to all ports on the switch.

---

**<priority 0-7>** - Specifies a priority value (0 to 7) to assign to untagged packets received by the switch or a range of ports on the switch.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure an 802.1p default priority settings of 5 on all Switch ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1p default_priority all 5
Command: config 802.1p default_priority all 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

53-12 show 802.1p default\_priority

**Description**

This command is used to display the current default priority settings on the switch. The default priority can also be assigned by the RADIUS server through the authentication process. Authentication with the RADIUS server can be either per port or per user. For per port authentication, the priority assigned by the RADIUS server will be the default priority of the effective port. For per user authentication, the priority assigned by RADIUS will not be the effective port default priority, as the will priority associated with MAC address will be assigned. Note that only devices supporting MAC-based VLANs can provide per user authentication.

**Format**

```
show 802.1p default_priority {<portlist>}
```

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all ports with 802.1p default priority.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display 802.1p default priority for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1p default_priority 1-3
Command: show 802.1p default_priority 1-3

Port          Priority      Effective Priority
----          -
1             0            0
2             0            0
3             0            0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-13 config 802.1p map

### Description

This command is used to configure the mapping of 802.1p to a packet's initial color.

### Format

**config 802.1p map [<portlist> | all] 1p\_color <priority\_list> to [green | red | yellow]**

### Parameters

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for this configuration, here.

**all** - Specifies that all the port will be used for this configuration.

**1p\_color** - Specifies the source priority of incoming packets.

**<priority\_list>** - Enter the source priority list value used here.

**to** - Specifies that the source priority list will be mapped to a color.

**green** - Specifies that the mapped color for these packets will be green.

**red** - Specifies that the mapped color for these packets will be red.

**yellow** - Specifies that the mapped color for these packets will be yellow.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the mapping of 802.1p to a packet's initial color:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config 802.1p map 1-8 1p_color 1 to red
Command: config 802.1p map 1-8 1p_color 1 to red

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-14 show 802.1p map 1p\_color

### Description

This command is used to display the 802.1p color mapping.

### Format

**show 802.1p map 1p\_color {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter the list of ports, used for this display, here.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the 802.1p color mapping:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show 802.1p map 1p_color
Command: show 802.1p map 1p_color

802.1p to Color Mapping:
-----
Port 0      1      2      3      4      5      6      7
-----
1   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
2   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
3   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
4   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
5   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
6   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
7   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
8   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
9   Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
10  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
11  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green
12  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green  Green

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-15 enable hol\_prevention

### Description

This command is used to enable head of line prevention on the switch.

### Format

**enable hol\_prevention**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable HOL prevention on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable hol_prevention
Command: enable hol_prevention

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-16 disable hol\_prevention

### Description

This command is used to disable head of line prevention on the switch.

### Format

**disable hol\_prevention**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable HOL prevention on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable hol_prevention
```



```
Command: disable hol_prevention

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-17 show hol\_prevention

### Description

This command is used to display the head of line prevention state on the switch.

### Format

**show hol\_prevention**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display HOL prevention state on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show hol_prevention
Command: show hol_prevention

Device HOL Prevention State: Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-18 config dscp trust

### Description

This command is used to configure the state of DSCP trust per port. When the DSCP is not trusted, 802.1p is trusted.

### Format

**config dscp trust [<portlist> | all] state [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports on the switch.

---

**state** - Specifies to enable or disable DSCP trust. By default, DSCP trust is disabled.

**enable** - Specifies to enable DSCP trust.

---

---

**disable** - Specifies to disable DSCP trust.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable DSCP trust on ports 1 to 8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dscp trust 1-8 state enable
Command: config dscp trust 1-8 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-19 show dscp trust

### Description

This command is used to display the DSCP trusted state for the specified ports on the switch.

### Format

**show dscp trust** {<portlist>}

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to display.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display the DSCP trusted state for all ports on the switch.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display DSCP trust status on ports 1 to 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dscp trust 1-5
Command: show dscp trust 1-5

Port  DSCP-Trust
-----
1     Disabled
2     Disabled
3     Disabled
4     Enabled
```

```
5      Enabled
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-20 config dscp map

### Description

This command is used to configure the mapping of DSCP to a priority or new DSCP. The mapping of DSCP to a priority will be used to determine the priority of the packet (which will then be used to determine the scheduling queue) when the port is in DSCP trust state. The DSCP-to-DSCP mapping is used in the swap of DSCP of the packet when the packet ingresses the port. The remaining processing of the packet will be based on the new DSCP. By default, the DSCP is mapped to the same DSCP. The DSCP mapping will take effect at the same time the IP packet ingresses from a DSCP-trusted port.

### Format

```
config dscp map [<portlist> | all] [dscp_priority <dscp_list> to <priority 0-7> | dscp_dscp
<dscp_list> to <dscp 0-63> | dscp_color <dscp_list> to [green | red | yellow]]
```

### Parameters

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of port used for this configuration.

**all** - Enter the list of port, used for this configuration, here.

**dscp\_priority** - Specifies a list of DSCP values to be mapped to a specific priority.

**<dscp\_list>** - Specifies the DSCP list here.

**<priority 0-7>** - Specifies the result priority of a mapping.

**dscp\_dscp** - Specifies a list of DSCP values to be mapped to a specific DSCP.

**<dscp\_list>** - Specifies the DSCP list here.

**<dscp 0-63>** - Specifies the result DSCP of mapping.

**dscp\_color** - Specifies a list of DSCP values to be mapped to a specific color.

**<dscp\_list>** - Specifies the DSCP list here.

**green** - Specifies that the DSCP values will be mapped to the color green.

**red** - Specifies that the DSCP values will be mapped to the color red.

**yellow** - Specifies that the DSCP values will be mapped to the color yellow.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the global mapping of DSCP priority 1 to priority 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dscp map 1 dscp_priority 1 to 1
```

```
Command: config dscp map 1 dscp_priority 1 to 1
```

```
Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-21 show dscp map

**Description**

This command is used to display the DSCP map configuration parameters.

**Format**

**show dscp map** {<portlist>} [**dscp\_priority** | **dscp\_dscp** | **dscp\_color**] {**dscp** <dscp\_list>}

**Parameters**

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Enter a list of port, used for the display, here.

**dscp\_priority** - Specifies the list of DSCP values to be mapped to a specific priority.

**dscp\_dscp** - Specifies the list of DSCP values to be mapped to a specific DSCP.

**dscp\_color** - Specifies the list DSCP value by color.

**dscp** - (Optional) Specifies the DSCP value whose mapping state will be displayed.

**<dscp\_list>** - Specifies the DSCP list here.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the DSCP map configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show dscp map dscp_priority
Command: show dscp map dscp_priority

DSCP to 802.1p Priority Mapping:

Port 1
DSCP 0,2-7 is mapped to 0
DSCP 1,8-15 is mapped to 1
DSCP 16-23 is mapped to 2
DSCP 24-31 is mapped to 3
DSCP 32-39 is mapped to 4
DSCP 40-47 is mapped to 5
DSCP 48-55 is mapped to 6
DSCP 56-63 is mapped to 7

Port 2
DSCP 0-7 is mapped to 0
DSCP 8-15 is mapped to 1
DSCP 16-23 is mapped to 2
DSCP 24-31 is mapped to 3
DSCP 32-39 is mapped to 4
DSCP 40-47 is mapped to 5
DSCP 48-55 is mapped to 6
DSCP 56-63 is mapped to 7

CTRL+C  ESC  q  Quit  SPACE  n  Next Page  ENTER  Next Entry  a  All
```

## 53-22 config mgmt\_pkt\_priority

### Description

This command is used to configure the priority of management packets.

### Format

**config mgmt\_pkt\_priority [default | <priority 0-7>]**

### Parameters

---

**default** - Specifies to use the original management packet priority.

**<priority 0-7>** - Enter the priority value for the packets here. This value must be between 0 and 7, where 7 has the highest priority.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure priority of management packets setting:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config mgmt_pkt_priority 3
Command: config mgmt_pkt_priority 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 53-23 show mgmt\_pkt\_priority

### Description

This command is used to display current priority of management packets.

### Format

**show mgmt\_pkt\_priority**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### **Example**

To display the current priority of management packets:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mgmt_pkt_priority
Command: show mgmt_pkt_priority

Management Packet Priority:3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 54 Q-in-Q Command

<b>enable qinq</b>
<b>disable qinq</b>
<b>show qinq</b>
<b>config qinq ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {role [uni   nni]   missdrop [enable   disable]   outer_tpid <hex 0x1-0xffff>   use_inner_priority [enable   disable]   add_inner_tag [<hex 0x1-0xffff>   disable]}(1)
<b>config qinq inner_tpid</b> <hex 0x1-0xffff>
<b>show qinq inner_tpid</b>
<b>show qinq ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>create vlan_translation ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [add cvid <vidlist>   replace cvid <vlanid 1-4094>] svid <vlanid 1-4094> {priority <value 0-7>}
<b>delete vlan_translation ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {cvid <vidlist>}
<b>show vlan_translation</b> {[ports <portlist>   cvid <vidlist>   hardware]}

### 54-1 enable qinq

#### Description

This command is used to enable Q-in-Q. When Q-in-Q is enabled, all network port roles will be NNI ports and outer TPID will be set to 0x88A8; all existing static VLANs will run as S-VLAN; all dynamic learned L2 addresses will be cleared; all dynamic registered VLAN entries will be cleared; and GVRP will be disabled. To run GVRP on the switch, the administrator should enable GVRP manually. In Q-in-Q mode, GVRP protocol will employ the reserve address 01-80-C2-00-00-0D. The default setting of Q-in-Q is disabled.

#### Format

```
enable qinq
```

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable Q-in-Q:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable qinq
Command: enable qinq

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-2 disable qinq

### Description

This command is used to disable Q-in-Q. When Q-in-Q is disabled, all dynamic learned L2 addresses will be cleared, all dynamic registered VLAN entries will be cleared, and GVRP will be disabled. To run GVRP on the switch, the administrator should enable GVRP manually.

### Format

**disable qinq**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable Q-in-Q:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable qinq
Command: disable qinq

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-3 show qinq

### Description

This command is used to display the global Q-in-Q status.

### Format

**show qinq**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.



## Example

To display Q-in-Q:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show qinq
Command: show qinq

QinQ Status : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-4 config qinq ports

### Description

This command is used to configure Q-in-Q port parameters, including: role of a port, Missdrop of a port, Outer-TPID of a port, Inner-TPID of a port, and adding or deleting VLAN translation profile of a port.

### Format

**config qinq ports** [<portlist> | all] {role [uni | nni] | missdrop [enable | disable] | outer\_tpid <hex 0x1-0xffff> | use\_inner\_priority [enable | disable] | add\_inner\_tag [<hex 0x1-0xffff> | disable]}(1)

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to configure.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**role** - Specifies the port role in Q-in-Q mode.

**uni** - The port is connecting to the customer network.

**nni** - The port is connecting to the service provider network.

---

**missdrop** - Enable or disable the tagged packet drop that does not match any assignment rule in the Q-in-Q profile.

**enable** - Enable miss drop of ports.

**disable** - Disable miss drop of ports.

---

**outer\_tpid** - Specify the outer-TPID of a port.

**<hex 0x1-0xffff>** - Specify the outer-TPID of a port.

---

**use\_inner\_priority** - Specify whether to use the priority in the C-VLAN tag as the priority in the S-VLAN tag. By default, the setting is disabled.

**enable** - Specifies that the use of the inner priority will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the use of the inner priority will be disabled.

---

**add\_inner\_tag** - Specify whether to add inner tag for ingress untagged packets. If set, the inner tag will be added for the ingress untagged packets and, therefore, the packets that egress to the NNI port will be double tagged.

**<hex 0x1-0xffff>** - Enter the inner tag value here.

**disable** - Specifies that only the s-tag will be added for ingress untagged packets.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure ports 1 to 4 as NNI ports and set the TPID to 0x88A8:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config qinq ports 1-4 role nni outer_tpid 0x88a8
Command: config qinq ports 1-4 role nni outer_tpid 0x88a8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-5 config qinq inner\_tpid

### Description

The command is used to configure the inner TPID of the system. The inner TPID is used to decide if the ingress packet is c-tagged. Inner tag TPID is per system configurable. This command is used in the 'per-system' TPID configuration.

### Format

**config qinq inner\_tpid <hex 0x1-0xffff>**

### Parameters

---

**<hex 0x1-0xffff>** - Enter the Inner-TPID of the system used here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the inner TPID in the system to 0x9100:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config inner_tpid 0x9100
Command: config inner_tpid 0x9100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-6 show qinq inner\_tpid

### Description

This command is used to display the inner TPID of the system.

### Format

**show qinq inner\_tpid**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the inner TPID of the system:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show qinq inner_tpid
Command: show qinq inner_tpid

Inner TPID: 0x8100

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-7 show qinq ports

### Description

This command is used to display the Q-in-Q configuration of ports, including: Role of a port, Outer-TPID of a port, Inner-TPID of a port, Miss drop state of a port, Add inner-tag status of a port, and the Q-in-Q profile which binds a port.

### Format

**show qinq ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter specified, the system will display port information for all ports.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the Q-in-Q mode for ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show qinq ports 1-2
Command: show qinq ports 1-2
```

```
Port ID: 1
```

```
-----
Role:                NNI
Miss Drop:           Disabled
Outer Tpid:          0x8100
Use Inner Priority:  Disabled
Add Inner Tag:       Disabled
```

```
Port ID: 2
```

```
-----
Role:                NNI
Miss Drop:           Disabled
Outer Tpid:          0x8100
Use Inner Priority:  Disabled
Add Inner Tag:       Disabled
```

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-8 create vlan\_translation ports

### Description

This command is used to create translation relationships between C-VLAN and S-VLAN. This setting will not be effective when the Q-in-Q mode is disabled. This configuration is only effective for a UNI port. At the UNI port, the ingress C-VLAN tagged packets will be translated to S-VLAN tagged packets by adding or replacing according the configured rule. The S-VLAN Tag of egress packets at this port will be recovered to C-VLAN Tag or stripped.

### Format

**create vlan\_translation ports** [<portlist> | all] [add cvid <vidlist> | replace cvid <vlanid 1-4094>] svid <vlanid 1-4094> {priority <value 0-7>}

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports on which the C-VLAN will be translated to S-VLAN.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**add cvid** - Specifies to add a S-tag before C-tag for incoming packets with a specific CVID.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the CVID (or list) to be matched for incoming packets.

**replace cvid** - Specifies to replace the original C-tag to a new S-tag for incoming packets with a specific CVID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the CVID to be matched for incoming packets.

**svid** - Specifies the SVID of the S-tag to be added or replaced to the packets.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the SVID between 1 and 4094.

**priority** - (Optional) Specifies a 802.1p priority of the S-Tag between 0 and 7. If the priority is NOT specified, 802.1p priority of S-Tag will be assigned by the priority in C-tag.

**<value 0-7>** - Specifies a 802.1p priority of the S-Tag between 0 and 7.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To replace the C-tag by the S-tag with SVID 200 and priority in C-tag, if the incoming packet with CVID 20:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan_translation ports 1 replace cvid 20 svid 200
Command: create vlan_translation ports 1 replace cvid 20 svid 200

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To add S-tag with SVID 300 and 802.1p priority 5, if incoming packet with CVID 30:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan_translation ports 1 add cvid 30 svid 300
priority 5
Command: create vlan_translation ports 1 add cvid 30 svid 300 priority 5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-9 delete vlan\_translation ports

### Description

This command is used to delete translation relationships between C-VLAN and S-VLAN.

### Format

**delete vlan\_translation ports** [**<portlist>** | **all**] {**cvid** **<vidlist>**}

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the ports to be deleted.

**all** - Specifies to delete all ports.

**cvid** - (Optional) Specifies to delete the rules for the specified CVIDs. If the CVID is not specified, all rules configured for the port will be deleted.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a range of VLAN IDs.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a VLAN translation rule on ports 1 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete vlan_translation ports 1-4
Command: delete vlan_translation ports 1-4

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 54-10 show vlan\_translation

### Description

This command is used to display existing C-VLAN based VLAN translation rules.

### Format

**show vlan\_translation {[ports <portlist> | cvid <vidlist> | hardware]}**

### Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies to display the C-VLAN based VLAN translation rules of the ports.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---

**cvid** - Specifies to display the rules for the specified CVIDs.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a range of VLAN IDs.

---

**hardware** – (Optional) Specifies that the hardware will be included in the display.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display VLAN translation for ports 1 and 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan_translation ports 1-2
Command: show vlan_translation ports 1-2

  Port    CVID    SVID    Action    Priority
  -----
  1        10      100     Add       4
  1        20      100     Add       5
  1        30      200     Add       6
  2        10      100     Add       7
  2        20      100     Add       1

Total Entries: 5

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 55 RSPAN Commands

<b>enable rspan</b>
<b>disable rspan</b>
<b>create rspan vlan</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>delete rspan vlan</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>config rspan vlan</b> [vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] [redirect [add   delete] ports <portlist>   source {[add   delete] ports <portlist> [rx   tx   both]}]
<b>show rspan</b> {[vlan_name <vlan_name>   vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>]}

### 55-1 enable rspan

#### Description

This command is used to enable all previously entered RSPAN configurations.

#### Format

**enable rspan**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable all previously entered RSPAN configurations:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable rspan
Command: enable rspan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 55-2 disable rspan

#### Description

This command is used to disable all previously entered RSPAN configurations.

#### Format

**disable rspan**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable all previously entered RSPAN configurations:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable rspan
Command: disable rspan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 55-3 create rspan vlan

### Description

This command is used to create an RSPAN VLAN. Up to 16 RSPAN VLANs can be created.

### Format

**create rspan vlan [vlan\_name <vlan\_name> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>]**

### Parameters

---

**vlan\_name** - Create the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

---

**vlan\_id** - Create the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create an RSPAN VLAN entry by VLAN name "v2":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create rspan vlan vlan_name v2
Command: create rspan vlan vlan_name v2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To create an RSPAN VLAN entry by VLAN ID "3":



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create rspan vlan vlan_id 3
Command: create rspan vlan vlan_id 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 55-4 delete rspan vlan

### Description

This command is used to delete RSPAN VLANs.

### Format

**delete rspan vlan [vlan\_name <vlan\_name> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>]**

### Parameters

---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

---

**vlan\_id** - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete an RSPAN VLAN entry by VLAN name "v2":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete rspan vlan vlan_name v2
Command: delete rspan vlan vlan_name v2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete an RSPAN VLAN entry by VLAN ID "3":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete rspan vlan vlan_id 3
Command: delete rspan vlan vlan_id 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 55-5 config rspan vlan

**Description**

This command is used by the source switch to configure the source setting for the RSPAN VLAN. The redirect command is used by the intermediate or last switch to configure the output port of the RSPAN VLAN packets, and makes sure that the RSPAN VLAN packets can egress to the redirect ports. In addition, the VLAN setting must be correctly configured to make the RSPAN VLAN work correctly. That is, for the intermediate switch, the redirect port must be a tagged member port of the RSPAN VLAN. For the last switch, the redirect port must be either a tagged member port or an untagged member port of the RSPAN VLAN based on the users' requirements. If untagged membership is specified, the RSPAN VLAN tag will be removed. The redirect function will only work when RSPAN is enabled. Multiple RSPAN VLANs can be configured with the redirect setting at the same time.

A RSPAN VLAN can be configured with the source setting and the redirect setting at the same time.

**Format**

```
config rspan vlan [vlan_name <vlan_name> | vlan_id <vlanid 1-4094>] [redirect [add | delete]
ports <portlist> | source {[add | delete] ports <portlist> [rx | tx | both]]]
```

**Parameters**

<b>vlan_name</b> - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>vlan_id</b> - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vlanid 1-4094&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.
<b>redirect</b> - Specifies output port list for the RSPAN VLAN packets. If the redirect port is a Link Aggregation port, the Link Aggregation behavior will apply to the RSPAN packets. <b>add</b> - Specifies to add the redirect port. <b>delete</b> - Specifies to delete the redirect port. <b>ports</b> - Specifies the output port list to add to or delete from the RSPAN packets. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.
<b>source</b> - If the ports are not specified by this command, the source of RSPAN will come from the source specified by the mirror command or the flow-based source specified by an ACL. If no parameter is specified for source, it deletes the configured source parameters. <b>add</b> - (Optional) Specifies to add source ports. <b>delete</b> - (Optional) Specifies to delete source ports. <b>ports</b> - (Optional) Specifies source port list to add to or delete from the RSPAN source. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to be configured. <b>rx</b> - (Optional) Specifies to only monitor ingress packets. <b>tx</b> - (Optional) Specifies to only monitor egress packets. <b>both</b> - (Optional) Specifies to monitor both ingress and egress packets.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure an RSPAN source entry without source target port:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config rspan vlan vlan_name vlan2 source add ports 2-5 rx
Command: config rspan vlan vlan_name vlan2 source add ports 2-5 rx

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure an RSPAN source entry for per flow RSPAN, without any source ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config rspan vlan vlan_id 2 source
Command: config rspan vlan vlan_id 2 source

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure RSPAN redirect for “VLAN 2” to ports 18 and 19:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config rspan vlan vlan_name vlan2 redirect add ports 18-19
Command: config rspan vlan vlan_name vlan2 redirect add ports 18-19

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 55-6 show rspan

### Description

This command is used to display RSPAN VLAN configuration.

### Format

**show rspan** {[vlan\_name <vlan\_name> | vlan\_id <vlanid 1-4094>]}

### Parameters

---

**vlan\_name** - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

---

**vlan\_id** - Specifies the RSPAN VLAN by VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display specific RSPAN VLAN settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show rspan vlan_id 2
Command: show rspan vlan_id 2

RSPAN    : Disabled

RSPAN VLAN ID  : 2
-----
Source Port
  RX          : 2-4
  TX          : 5-6
Redirect Port  : 7-8

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display all RSPAN VLAN settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show rspan
Command: show rspan

RSPAN    : Disabled

RSPAN VLAN ID  : 2
-----
Source Port
  RX          : 2-4
  TX          : 5-6
Redirect Port  : 7-8

Total RSPAN VLAN :1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 56 Safeguard Engine Commands

---

```
config safeguard_engine {state [enable | disable] | utilization {rising <value 20-100> | falling
<value 20-100>}(1) | trap_log [enable | disable] | mode [strict | fuzzy]}(1)
show safeguard_engine
```

---

## 56-1 config safeguard\_engine

### Description

This command is used to configure the safeguard engine for the system.

### Format

```
config safeguard_engine {state [enable | disable] | utilization {rising <value 20-100> | falling
<value 20-100>}(1) | trap_log [enable | disable] | mode [strict | fuzzy]}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**state** - (Optional) Configure the safeguard engine state to enable or disable.

**enable** - Configure the safeguard engine state to enable.

**disable** - Configure the safeguard engine state to disable.

---

**utilization** - (Optional) Configure the safeguard engine threshold.

**rising** - (Optional) Configure the utilization rising threshold. The range is between 20%-100%. If the CPU utilization is over the rising threshold, the switch enters exhausted mode.

**<value 20-100>** - Configure the utilization rising threshold. The range is between 20%-100%.

**falling** - (Optional) Configure the utilization falling threshold. The range is between 20%-100%. If the CPU utilization is lower than the falling threshold, the switch enters normal mode.

**<value 20-100>** - Configure the utilization falling threshold. The range is between 20%-100%. If the CPU utilization is lower than the falling threshold, the switch enters normal mode.

---

**trap\_log** - (Optional) Configure the state of the safeguard engine related to the trap/log mechanism to enable or disable.

**enable** - If set to enable, trap and log will be active while the safeguard engine current mode is changed.

**disable** - If set to disable, the current mode change will not trigger trap and log events.

---

**mode** - (Optional) Determines the controlling method of broadcast traffic. There are two modes, strict and fuzzy.

**strict** - In strict, the switch will stop receiving all 'ARP not to me' packets (the protocol address of the target in the ARP packet is the Switch itself). That means no matter what reasons cause the high CPU utilization (may not be caused by ARP storm), the Switch reluctantly processes any 'ARP not to me' packets in exhausted mode.

**fuzzy** - In fuzzy mode, the switch will adjust the bandwidth dynamically depending on some reasonable algorithm.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the safeguard engine:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config safeguard_engine state enable utilization rising 50
falling 30 trap_log enable
Command: config safeguard_engine state enable utilization rising 50 falling 30
trap_log enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 56-2 show safeguard\_engine

### Description

This command is used to display safeguard engine information.

### Format

**show safeguard\_engine**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display safeguard engine information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show safeguard_engine
Command: show safeguard_engine

Safeguard Engine State          : Disabled
Safeguard Engine Current Status : Normal Mode
=====
CPU Utilization Information:
Rising Threshold   : 30%
Falling Threshold  : 20%
Trap/Log State     : Disabled
Mode                : Fuzzy

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



**Note:** The safeguard engine current status has two modes: exhausted and normal mode.

## Chapter 57 sFlow Commands

<b>enable sflow</b>
<b>disable sflow</b>
<b>show sflow</b>
<b>create sflow flow_sampler ports</b> [<portlist>   all] analyzer_server_id <value 1-4> {rate <value 0-65535>   maxheadersize <value 18-256>}
<b>config sflow flow_sampler ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {rate <value 0-65535>   maxheadersize <value 18-256>}(1)
<b>delete sflow flow_sampler ports</b> [<portlist>   all]
<b>create sflow analyzer_server</b> <value 1-4> owner <name 16> {timeout [<sec 1-2000000>   infinite]   collectoraddress <ipaddr>   collectorport <udp_port_number 1-65535>   maxdatagramsize <value 300-1400>}
<b>delete sflow analyzer_server</b> <value 1-4>
<b>config sflow analyzer_server</b> <value 1-4> {timeout [<sec 1-2000000>   infinite]   collectoraddress <ipaddr>   collectorport <udp_port_number 1-65535>   maxdatagramsize <value 300-1400>}(1)
<b>show sflow analyzer_server</b>
<b>create sflow counter_poller ports</b> [<portlist>   all] analyzer_server_id <value 1-4> {interval [disable   <sec 20-120>]}
<b>config sflow counter_poller ports</b> [<portlist>   all] interval [disable   <sec 20-120>]
<b>delete sflow counter_poller ports</b> [<portlist>   all]
<b>show sflow counter_poller</b>
<b>show sflow flow_sampler</b>

### 57-1 enable sflow

#### Description

This command is used to enable the sFlow function.

#### Format

**enable sflow**

#### Parameters

None.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable the sFlow function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable sflow
Command: enable sflow

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-2 disable sflow

### Description

This command is used to disable the sFlow function.

### Format

**disable sflow**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the sFlow function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable sflow
Command: disable sflow

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-3 show sflow

### Description

This command is used to display sFlow information.

### Format

**show sflow**

### Parameters

None.



## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display the sFlow information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sflow
Command: show sflow

sFlow Version   : V5
sFlow Address   : 192.168.69.123
sFlow State     : Disabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-4 create sflow flow\_sampler ports

### Description

This command is used to create the sFlow flow sampler.

### Format

**create sflow flow\_sampler ports [<portlist> | all] analyzer\_server\_id <value 1-4> {rate <value 0-65535> | maxheadersize <value 18-256>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**analyzer\_server\_id** - Specifies the ID of an analyzer server where the packet will be forwarded.

**<value 1-4>** - Specifies the ID of an analyzer server where the packet will be forwarded.

**rate** - (Optional) Specifies the sampling rate for packet sampling.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the sampling rate for packet sampling. The configured rate value multiplied by 256 is the actual rate. For example, if the rate is 20, the actual rate 5120. One packet will be sampled from every 5120 packets. If set to 0, the sampler is disabled. If the rate is not specified, its default value is 0.

**maxheadersize** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of leading bytes in the packet which has been sampled that will be encapsulated and forwarded to the server.

**<value 18-256>** - Specifies the maximum number of leading bytes in the packet which has been sampled that will be encapsulated and forwarded to the server. If not specified, the default value is 128.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create the sFlow flow sampler:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create sflow flow_sampler ports 1 analyzer_server_id 1 rate
200 maxheadersize 120
Command: create sflow flow_sampler ports 1 analyzer_server_id 1 rate 200
maxheadersize 120

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-5 config sflow flow\_sampler ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the sFlow flow sampler parameters.

### Format

**config sflow flow\_sampler ports** [**<portlist>** | **all**] {**rate <value 0-65535>** | **maxheadersize <value 18-256>**}(1)

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**rate** – (Optional) Specifies the sampling rate for packet sampling.

**<value 0-65535>** - Specifies the sampling rate for packet sampling. The configured rate value multiplied by 256 is the actual rate. For example, if the rate is 20, the actual rate 5120. One packet will be sampled from every 5120 packets. If set to 0, the sampler is disabled. If the rate is not specified, its default value is 0.

---

**maxheadersize** – (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of leading bytes in the packet which has been sampled that will be encapsulated and forwarded to the server.

**<value 18-256>** - Specifies the maximum number of leading bytes in the packet which has been sampled that will be encapsulated and forwarded to the server. If not specified, the default value is 128.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the sFlow flow sampler parameters:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sflow flow_sampler ports all rate 1
Command: config sflow flow_sampler ports all rate 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-6 delete sflow flow\_sampler ports

**Description**

This command is used to delete the sFlow flow sampler.

**Format**

**delete sflow flow\_sampler ports [<portlist> | all]**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the list of ports to be deleted.

**all** - Specifies to delete all ports.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete the sFlow flow sampler for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete sflow flow_sampler ports 1-3
Command: delete sflow flow_sampler ports 1-3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-7 create sflow analyzer\_server

**Description**

This command is used to create the sFlow flow sampler ports.

**Format**

**create sflow analyzer\_server <value 1-4> owner <name 16> {timeout [<sec 1-2000000> | infinite] | collectoraddress <ipaddr> | collectorport <udp\_port\_number 1-65535> | maxdatagramsize <value 300-1400>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<value 1-4>** - Specifies a value between 1 and 4.

**owner** - Specifies the entity making use of this sflow analyzer server. When owner is set or modified, the timeout value will become 400 automatically.

**<name 16>** - Specifies the entity making use of this sflow analyzer server. When owner is set or modified, the timeout value will become 400 automatically.

**timeout** - (Optional) Specifies the length of time before the server is timed out. When the analyzer server times out, all of the flow samplers and counter pollers associated with this analyzer server will be deleted. If not specified, its default value is 400. If it is specified as infinite, the server will never time out.

---

---

**<sec 1-200000>** - Specifies the time out value, in seconds, between 1 and 200000.

**infinite** - Specifies to never time out.

**collectoraddress** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the analyzer server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the analyzer server. If not specified, the address will be 0.0.0.0, which means that the entry will be inactive.

**collectorport** - (Optional) Specifies the destination UDP port for sending the sFlow datagrams.

**<udp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - Specifies the destination UDP port for sending the sFlow datagrams. If not specified, the default value is 6343.

**maxdatagramsize** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of data bytes that can be packed in a single sample datagram.

**<value 300-1400>** - Specifies the maximum number of data bytes that can be packed in a single sample datagram. If not specified, the default value is 1400.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an sFlow analyzer server named "monitor":

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create sflow analyzer_server 1 owner monitor
Command: create sflow analyzer_server 1 owner monitor

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-8 delete sflow analyzer\_server

### Description

This command is used to delete the sFlow analyzer server.

### Format

**delete sflow analyzer\_server <value 1-4>**

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-4>** - Specifies a value between 1 and 4.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete the sFlow analyzer server 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete sflow analyzer_server 1
Command: delete sflow analyzer_server 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-9 config sflow analyzer\_server

### Description

This command is used to configure the sFlow analyzer server information. More than one collector with the same IP address can be specified if the UDP port numbers are unique.

### Format

```
config sflow analyzer_server <value 1-4> {timeout [<sec 1-2000000> | infinite] |
collectoraddress <ipaddr> | collectorport <udp_port_number 1-65535> | maxdatagramsize
<value 300-1400>} (1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<value 1-4>** - Specifies a value between 1 and 4.

---

**timeout** - (Optional) Specifies the time (in seconds) remaining before the sample is released and stops sampling. When the analyzer\_server times out, all of the flow\_samplers and counter\_pollers associated with this analyzer\_server will be deleted. If it is specified as infinite, the server will never be timeout.

**<sec 1-2000000>** - Specifies the time out value, in seconds, between 1 and 2000000.

**infinite** - Specifies to never time out.

---

**collectoraddress** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the server. If set to 0, sFlow packets will not be sent to this server.

---

**collectorport** - (Optional) Specifies the destination port for sending sflow datagrams.

**<udp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - Specifies the destination port for sending sflow datagrams. The number is between 1 and 65535.

---

**maxdatagramsize** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of data bytes that can be packed in a single sample datagram.

**<value 300-1400>** - Specifies the maximum number of data bytes that can be packed in a single sample datagram. The values is between 300 and 1400.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the sFlow analyzer server information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sflow analyzer_server 1 collectoraddress 10.90.90.9
Command: config sflow analyzer_server 1 collectoraddress 10.90.90.9

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-10 show sflow analyzer\_server

### Description

This command is used to display sFlow analyzer server information.

### Format

**show sflow analyzer\_server**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display sFlow analyzer server information:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sflow analyzer_server
Command: config sflow analyzer_server

sFlow Analyzer_server Information
-----
Server ID           : 1
Owner              : master1
Timeout            : Infinite
Current countdown time : Infinite
Collector Address   : 10.90.90.3
Collector Port      : 6343
Max Datagram Size  : 1400

Server ID           : 3
Owner              : master2
Timeout            : 400
Current countdown time : 300
Collector Address   : 10.90.90.3
Collector Port      : 6353
Max Datagram Size  : 1400

Server ID           : 4
Owner              : master3
Timeout            : 5000
Current countdown time : 3005
Collector Address   : 0.0.0.0
Collector Port      : 6343
Max Datagram Size  : 1400

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 57-11 create sflow counter\_poller ports

### Description

This command is used to create the sFlow counter poller. With the poller function, the statistics counter information with respect to a port will be forwarded to the server at the configured interval. These counters are RFC 2233 counters.

### Format

```

create sflow counter_poller ports [<portlist> | all] analyzer_server_id <value 1-4> {interval
[disable | <sec 20-120>]}

```

### Parameters

**<portlist>** - Specifies the ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

**analyzer\_server\_id** - Specifies the ID of an analyzer server where the packet will be forwarded.

**<value 1-4>** - Specifies the ID of an analyzer server where the packet will be forwarded.

**interval** - (Optional) Specifies the maximum number of seconds between successive statistic counters information. If set to disable, the counter-poller is disabled. If the interval is not specified, its default value is disable.

---

**disable** - Specifies to disable the interval.

**<sec 20-120>** - Specifies the interval, in seconds, between 20 and 120.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create the sFlow counter poller:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create sflow counter_poller ports 1 analyzer_server_id 1
Command: create sflow counter_poller ports 1 analyzer_server_id 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-12 config sflow counter\_poller ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the sflow counter poller parameters. If a user wants to change the analyzer server ID, they need to delete the counter poller and create a new one.

### Format

**config sflow counter\_poller ports [<portlist> | all] interval [disable | <sec 20-120>]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the ports to be configured.

**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.

---

**interval** - Specifies the maximum number of seconds between successive samples of the counters. If set to disabled, the counter sample is disabled.

**disable** - Specifies to disable the interval.

**<sec 20-120>** - Specifies the interval, in seconds, between 20 and 120.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the sFlow counter poller parameters interval to 50 for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sflow counter_poller ports 1 interval 50
Command: config sflow counter_poller ports 1 interval 50

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 57-13 delete sflow counter\_poller ports

### Description

This command is used to delete the sFlow counter poller.

### Format

**delete sflow counter\_poller ports [<portlist> | all]**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies the ports to be deleted.

**all** - Specifies to delete all ports.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete the sFlow counter poller for port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete sflow counter_poller ports 1
Command: delete sflow counter_poller ports 1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-14 show sflow counter\_poller

### Description

This command is used to display sFlow counter poller information for the ports that have been created.

### Format

**show sflow counter\_poller**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display sFlow counter poller information for the ports that have been created:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sflow counter_poller
Command: show sflow counter_poller

Port    Analyzer Server ID    Polling Interval (sec)
----    -
1       1                      50

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 57-15 show sflow flow\_sampler

### Description

This command is used to display sFlow sampler information for the ports that have been created.

### Format

**show sflow flow\_sampler**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To display sFlow sampler information for the ports that have been created:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sflow counter_poller
Command: show sflow counter_poller

Port    Analyzer Server ID    Polling Interval (sec)
----    -
1       1                      50

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 58 Simple RED Commands

---

**enable sred**

---

**disable sred**

---

**config sred** [<portlist> | all] [<class\_id 0-7> | all] {threshold {low <value 0-100> | high <value 0-100>}} | drop\_rate {low <value 1-8> | high <value 1-8>}} | drop\_green [enable | disable]}

---

**show sred** {<portlist> {<class\_id 0-7>}}

---

**show sred drop\_counter** {<portlist>}

## 58-1 enable sred

### Description

This command is used to enable the sRED function. By default, sRED is disabled.

### Format

**enable sred**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable sRED:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable sred
Command: enable sred

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 58-2 disable sred

### Description

This command is used to disable the sRED function.

### Format

**disable sred**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To disable sRED:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable sred
Command: disable sred

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 58-3 config sred

### Description

This command is used to configure sRED threshold per port, or per port per queue.

### Format

**config sred** [<portlist> | all] [<class\_id 0-7> | all] {threshold {low <value 0-100> | high <value 0-100>} | drop\_rate {low <value 1-8> | high <value 1-8>} | drop\_green [enable | disable]}

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Enter the list of ports, used for this configuration, here.

**all** - Specifies that all the ports will be used.

---

**<class\_id 0-7>** - Enter the CoS Class ID used here. This value must be between 0 and 7.

**all** - Specifies that all the CoS Class ID will be used.

---

**threshold** - (Optional) Specifies the threshold of the percent of space utilized.

**low** - Specifies the low threshold value used.

**<value 0-100>** - Enter the low threshold value used here. This value must be between 0 and 100.

**high** - Specifies the high threshold value used.

**<value 0-100>** - Enter the high threshold value used here. This value must be between 0 and 100.

---

**drop\_rate** - (Optional) Specifies the drop rate value used.

**low** - Specifies the low drop rate value used.

**<value 1-8>** - Enter the low drop rate value used here. This value must be between 1 and 8.

**high** - Specifies the high drop rate value used.

**<value 1-8>** - Enter the high drop rate value used here. This value must be between 1 and 8.

---

**drop\_green** - (Optional) Specifies the drop green parameters.

**enable** - Probabilistic drop yellow and red colored packets if the queue depth is above the low threshold, and probabilistic drop green colored packets if the queue depth is above the

---

---

high threshold.  
**disable** - Probabilistic drop red colored packets if the queue depth is above the low threshold, and probabilistic drop yellow colored packets if the queue depth is above the high threshold.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure sRED:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sred all all threshold low 64 high 80 drop_rate low 8
high 8 drop_green disable
Command: config sred all all threshold low 64 high 80 drop_rate low 8 high 8
drop_green disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

58-4 show sred

### Description

This command is used to display the current thresholds (per port and per queue) parameters in use on the Switch

### Format

**show sred {<portlist> {<class\_id 0-7>}}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the list of port used for the display.

---

**<class\_id 0-7>** - (Optional) Specifies which of the hardware CoS queues to display.

---

If no parameter is specified, then all information will be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display sRED information:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sred
Command: show sred

Simple RED Globale Status: Enabled

Port Class Drop Green Threshold Drop Rate
          Low  High Low  High
-----
1   0   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   1   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   2   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   3   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   4   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   5   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   6   Disabled 64   80  8   8
1   7   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   0   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   1   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   2   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   3   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   4   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   5   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   6   Disabled 64   80  8   8
2   7   Disabled 64   80  8   8
3   0   Disabled 64   80  8   8
CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  ENTER Next Entry  a All

```

## 58-5 show sred drop\_counter

### Description

This command is used to display the dropped packet count of egress ports.

### Format

**show sred drop\_counter {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the list of port used for the display.  
 If no parameter is specified, then all information will be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the dropped packet count of egress ports:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sred drop_counter
```

```
Command: show sred drop_counter
```

Port	Yellow	Red
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	0	0
8	0	0
9	0	0
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 59 Single IP Management Commands

---



---

**enable sim**
**disable sim**
**show sim** {[candidates {<candidate\_id 1-100>} | members {<member\_id 1-32>} | group {commander\_mac <macaddr>} | neighbor]}

**reconfig** [member\_id <value 1-32> | exit]

**config sim\_group** [add <candidate\_id 1-100> {<password>} | delete <member\_id 1-32>]

**config sim** [[ commander {group\_name <groupname 64>} | candidate ] | dp\_interval <sec 30-90> | hold\_time <sec 100-255>]

**download sim\_ms** [firmware\_from\_tftp | configuration\_from\_tftp] <ipaddr> <path\_filename> {[members <mslist 1-32> | all]}

**upload sim\_ms** [configuration\_to\_tftp | log\_to\_tftp] <ipaddr> <path\_filename> {[members <mslist> | all]}

---



---

59-1 enable sim

**Description**

This command is used to configure the single IP management on the switch as enabled.

**Format**
**enable sim**
**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To enable single IP management:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable sim
Command: enable sim

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 59-2 disable sim

**Description**

This command is used to configure the single IP management on the switch as disabled.

**Format**

**disable sim**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To disable single IP management:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable sim
Command: disable sim

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 59-3 show sim

**Description**

This command is used to display the information of the specific sorts of devices including of self, candidate, member, group, and neighbor.

**Format**

**show sim** {[**candidates** {<candidate\_id 1-100>} | **members** {<member\_id 1-32>} | **group** {<commander\_mac <macaddr>} | **neighbor**}]}

**Parameters**


---

**candidates** - (Optional) Specifies the candidate devices.

    <candidate\_id 1-100> - (Optional) Specifies the candidate devices. The ID is from 1 to 100.

**members** - (Optional) Specifies the member devices.

    <member\_id 1-32> - (Optional) Specifies the member devices. The ID is from 1 to 32.

**group** - (Optional) Specifies other group devices.

**commander\_mac** - Specifies the commander MAC address.

    <macaddr> - Specifies the commander MAC address.

---

**neighbor** - (Optional) Specifies other neighbor devices.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show the self information in detail:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sim
Command: show sim

SIM Version      : VER-1.61
Firmware Version : 1.00.029
Device Name      :
MAC Address      : F0-7D-68-25-CB-40
Capabilities     : L2
Platform        : DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch
SIM State       : Disabled
Role State      : Candidate
Discovery Interval : 30 sec
Hold Time       : 100 sec

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show the candidate information in summary:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sim candidates
Command: show sim candidates

ID  MAC Address      Platform /
    MAC Address      Capability      Hold Time  Firmware Version  Device Name
-----
1   00-01-02-03-04-00 DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch  40        1.00.029  Device1
2   00-55-55-00-55-00 DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch  140       1.00.029  Default Master

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show the member information in summary:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sim members
Command: show sim members

ID  MAC Address      Platform /
    MAC Address      Capability      Hold Time  Firmware Version  Device Name
-----
1   00-01-02-03-04-00 DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch  40        1.00.029  Device1
2   00-55-55-00-55-00 DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch  140       1.00.029  Default Master

Total Entries: 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show other groups information in summary:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sim group
Command: show sim group

SIM Group Name : default

ID  MAC Address          Platform /
   MAC Address          Capability
-----
*1  00-01-02-03-04-00  DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch   40   1.00.029  Device1
 2  00-55-55-00-55-00  DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch   140  1.00.029  Default Master

SIM Group Name : SIM2

ID  MAC Address          Platform /
   MAC Address          Capability
-----
*1  00-01-02-03-04-00  DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch   40   1.00.029  Device1
 2  00-55-55-00-55-00  DGS-3710-12C L2 Switch   140  1.00.029  Default Master

'*' means commander switch.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To show an SIM neighbor table:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sim neighbor
Command: show sim neighbor

Neighbor Table

Port  MAC Address          Role
-----
 1    00-35-26-00-11-99  Commander
 2    00-35-26-00-11-91  Member
 3    00-35-26-00-11-90  Candidate

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 59-4 reconfig

### Description

This command is used to re-Telnet to a member.

### Format

**reconfig [member\_id <value 1-32> | exit]**

## Parameters

---

**member\_id** - Specifies the serial number of a member.

**<value 1-32>** - Specifies the serial number of a member. The value is between 1 and 32.

---

**exit** - Specifies to terminate command switch access.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To re-Telnet to a member:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#reconfig member_id 1
Command: reconfig member_id 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
Login:
```

## 59-5 config sim\_group

### Description

This command is used to configure group information on the switch.

### Format

**config sim\_group [add <candidate\_id 1-100> {<password>} | delete <member\_id 1-32>]**

## Parameters

---

**add** - Specifies to add a specific candidate to the group.

**<candidate\_id 1-100>** - Specifies to add a specific candidate to the group.

**<password>** - (Optional) Specifies the password of a candidate, if necessary.

---

**delete** - Specifies to remove a specific member from the group.

**<member\_id 1-32>** - Specifies to remove a specific member from the group. The ID is from 1 to 32.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add a member:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim_group add 2
Command: config sim_group add 2

Please wait for ACK !!!
SIM Config Success !!!

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete a member:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim_group delete 1
Command: config sim_group delete 1

Please wait for ACK !!!
SIM Config Success !!!

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 59-6 config sim

### Description

This command is used to configure the role state and parameters of discovery protocol on the switch.

### Format

```
config sim [[commander {group_name <groupname 64>} | candidate] | dp_interval <sec 30-90> | hold_time <sec 100-255>]
```

### Parameters

---

**commander** - Transfer the role to commander.  
**group\_name** - (Optional) If commander, users can specify the name of the group.  
**<groupname 64>** - If commander, users can specify the name of the group. The maximum length is 64 characters.

---

**candidate** - Transfer role to candidate.

---

**dp\_interval** - Specifies the time in seconds between discoveries.  
**<sec 30-90>** - Specifies the time in seconds between discoveries.

---

**hold\_time** - Specifies the time in seconds the device holds the discovery result.  
**<sec 100-255>** - Specifies the time in seconds the device holds the discovery result.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To transfer to commander:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim commander
Command: config sim commander

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin
```

To transfer to candidate:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim candidate
Command: config sim candidate

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To update the name of a group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim commander group_name mygroup
Command: config sim commander group_name mygroup

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To change the time interval of discovery protocol:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim dp_interval 30
Command: config sim dp_interval 30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To change the hold time of discovery protocol:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sim hold_time 200
Command: config sim hold_time 200

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 59-7 download sim\_ms

### Description

This command is used to download firmware or configuration from a TFTP server to indicated devices.

## Format

**download sim\_ms [firmware\_from\_tftp | configuration\_from\_tftp] <ipaddr> <path\_filename> {[members <mslist 1-32> | all ]}**

## Parameters

**firmware\_from\_tftp** - Specifies to download firmware from a TFTP server.

**configuration\_from\_tftp** - Specifies to download configuration from a TFTP server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.

**<path\_filename>** - Specifies the file path of firmware or configuration in the TFTP server.

**members** – (Optional) Specifies a range of members which download this firmware or configuration.

**<mslist 1-32>** - Specifies a range of members which download this firmware or configuration.

**all** - Specifies all members which download this firmware or configuration.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To download firmware:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#download sim_ms firmware_from_tftp 10.55.47.1 D:\dwl600x.tftp
members 1-3
```

```
Commands: download sim_ms firmware_from_tftp 10.55.47.1 D:\dwl600x.tftp members
1-3
```

```
This device is updating firmware. Please wait several minutes...
```

```
Download Status :
```

ID	MAC Address	Result
1	00-01-02-03-04-00	Success
2	00-07-06-05-04-03	Fail
3	00-07-06-05-04-04	Fail

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To download configuration:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#download sim_ms configuration_from_tftp 10.55.47.1
D:\test.txt members 1-3
Commands: download sim_ms configuration_from_tftp 10.55.47.1 D:\test.txt
members 1-3

This device is updating configuration. Please wait several minutes...

Download Status :

ID      MAC Address          Result
----  -
1      00-01-02-03-04-00    Success
2      00-07-06-05-04-03    Fail
3      00-07-06-05-04-04    Fail

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 59-8 upload sim\_ms

### Description

This command is used to upload configuration or a log from indicated devices to a TFTP server.

### Format

**upload sim\_ms [configuration\_to\_tftp | log\_to\_tftp] <ipaddr> <path\_filename> {[members <mslist> | all ]}**

### Parameters

**configuration\_to\_tftp** - Specifies to upload configuration to a TFTP server.

**log\_to\_tftp** - Specifies to upload a log to a TFTP server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.

**<path\_filename>** - Specifies the file path to store configuration or a log in the TFTP server.

**members** – (Optional) Specify the members which upload its configuration.

**<mslist>** - Specify the members which upload its configuration. The value is from 1 to 32.

**all** - Specifies all members which upload its configuration.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To upload a configuration:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#upload sim_ms configuration_to_tftp 10.55.47.1
D:\configuration.txt members 1
Command: upload sim_ms configuration_to_tftp 10.55.47.1 D:\configuration.txt
members 1
```

This device is uploading configuration. Please wait several minutes...

Upload Status:

ID	MAC Address	Result
--	-----	-----
1	00-01-02-03-04-00	Success

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 60 SSH Commands

---

<b>config ssh algorithm</b> [3DES   AES128   AES192   AES256   arcfour   blowfish   cast128   twofish128   twofish192   twofish256   MD5   SHA1   RSA   DSA] [enable   disable]
<b>show ssh algorithm</b>
<b>config ssh authmode</b> [password   publickey   hostbased] [enable   disable]
<b>show ssh authmode</b>
<b>config ssh user</b> <username 15> authmode [hostbased [hostname <domain_name 32>   hostname_IP <domain_name 32> [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>]]   password   publickey]
<b>show ssh user authmode</b>
<b>config ssh server</b> {maxsession <int 1-8>   contimeout <sec 120-600>   authfail <int 2-20>   rekey [10min   30min   60min   never]   port <tcp_port_number 1-65535>}(1)
<b>enable ssh</b>
<b>disable ssh</b>
<b>show ssh server</b>

---

### 60-1 config ssh algorithm

#### Description

This command is used to configure the SSH service algorithm.

#### Format

```
config ssh algorithm [3DES | AES128 | AES192 | AES256 | arcfour | blowfish | cast128 | twofish128 | twofish192 | twofish256 | MD5 | SHA1 | RSA | DSA] [enable | disable]
```

#### Parameters

---

**3DES** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**blowfish** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**AES(128,192,256)** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**arcfour** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**cast128** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**twofish (128,192,256)** - Specifies an SSH server encryption algorithm.  
**MD5** - Specifies an SSH server data integrity algorithm.  
**SHA1** - Specifies an SSH server data integrity algorithm.  
**DSA** - Specifies an SSH server public key algorithm.  
**RSA** - Specifies an SSH server public key algorithm.

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the algorithm.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the algorithm.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable an SSH server public key algorithm:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ssh algorithm DSA enable
Command: config ssh algorithm DSA enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 60-2 show ssh algorithm

### Description

This command is used to display user authentication for tSSH configuration.

### Format

**show ssh algorithm**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show the SSH server algorithms:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ssh algorithm
Command: show ssh algorithm

Encryption Algorithm
-----
3DES      : Enabled
AES128    : Enabled
AES192    : Enabled
AES256    : Enabled
Arcfour   : Enabled
Blowfish  : Enabled
Cast128   : Enabled
Twofish128 : Enabled
Twofish192 : Enabled
Twofish256 : Enabled

Data Integrity Algorithm
-----
MD5       : Enabled
SHA1      : Enabled

Public Key Algorithm
-----
```

```
RSA      : Enabled
DSA      : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 60-3 config ssh authmode

### Description

This command is used to update the user authentication for SSH configuration.

### Format

**config ssh authmode [password | publickey | hostbased] [enable | disable]**

### Parameters

---

**password** - Specifies the user authentication method.  
**publickey** - Specifies the user authentication method.  
**hostbased** - Specifies the user authentication method.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable the user authentication method.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the user authentication method.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the SSH user authentication method:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ssh authmode publickey enable
Command: config ssh authmode publickey enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 60-4 show ssh authmode

### Description

This command is used to display the user authentication methods.

### Format

**show ssh authmode**

### Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the SSH user authentication method:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ssh authmode
Command: show ssh authmode

The SSH Authmode
-----
Password   : Enabled
Publickey  : Enabled
Hostbased  : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 60-5 config ssh user

### Description

This command is used to update SSH user information.

### Format

**config ssh user <username 15> authmode [hostbased [hostname <domain\_name 32> | hostname\_IP <domain\_name 32> [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>]] | password | publickey]**

### Parameters

<b>&lt;username 15&gt;</b> - Specifies the user name.
<b>authmode</b> - Specifies the authentication mode.
<b>hostbased</b> - Specify the user authentication method.
<b>hostname</b> - Specify the host domain name.
<b>&lt;domain_name 32&gt;</b> - Specify the host domain name. The hostname value can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>hostname_IP</b> - Specify the host domain name and IP address.
<b>&lt;domain_name 32&gt;</b> - Specify the host domain name. The hostname value can be up to 32 characters long.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specify the host IPv4 address.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the host IPv6 address.
<b>password</b> - Specifies the user authentication method.
<b>publickey</b> - Specifies the user authentication method.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.



**Note:** The user account must be created first.

**Example**

To update user “danilo” in authentication mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ssh user danilo authmode publickey
Command: config ssh user danilo authmode publickey

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**60-6 show ssh user authmode****Description**

This command is used to display SSH user information.

**Format**

**show ssh user authmode**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To show user information about SSH configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ssh user authmode
Command: show ssh user authmode

Current Accounts
Username          AuthMode  HostName          HostIP
-----
danilo            Password
Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**60-7 config ssh server****Description**

This command is used to configure SSH server general information.

**Format**

```
config ssh server {maxsession <int 1-8> | contimeout <sec 120-600> | authfail <int 2-20> |
rekey [10min | 30min | 60min | never] | port <tcp_port_number 1-65535>}(1)
```

**Parameters**


---

<b>maxsession</b>	- Specifies the SSH server maximum session at the same time.
<b>&lt;int 1-8&gt;</b>	- Specifies the SSH server maximum session at the same time. The maximum session value must be between 1 and 8.
<b>contimeout</b>	- Specifies the SSH server connection timeout.
<b>&lt;sec 120-600&gt;</b>	- Specifies the SSH server connection timeout. The connection timeout value must be between 120 and 600 seconds. The default value is 120 seconds.
<b>authfail</b>	- Specifies the user maximum fail attempts.
<b>&lt;int 2-20&gt;</b>	- Specifies the user maximum fail attempts. The maximum authentication fail attempts must be between 2 and 20. The default value is 2.
<b>rekey</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the time to re-generate the session key.
<b>10min</b>	- Specifies 10 minutes to re-generate the session key.
<b>30min</b>	- Specifies 30 minutes to re-generate the session key.
<b>60min</b>	- Specifies 60 minutes to re-generate the session key.
<b>never</b>	- Do not re-generate the session key.
<b>port</b>	- Specifies a TCP port number between 1 and 65535.
<b>&lt;tcp_port_number 1-65535&gt;</b>	- Specifies a TCP port number between 1 and 65535.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure an SSH server maximum session of 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ssh server maxsession 3
Command: config ssh server maxsession 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

60-8 enable ssh

**Description**

This command is used to enable SSH server services.

**Format**

```
enable ssh
```

**Parameters**

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable SSH:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable ssh
Command: enable ssh

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 60-9 disable ssh

#### Description

This command is used to disable SSH server services.

#### Format

**disable ssh**

#### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable SSH:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable ssh
Command: disable ssh

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 60-10 show ssh server

#### Description

This command is used to display SSH server general information.

#### Format

**show ssh server**



## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show SSH server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ssh server
Command: show ssh server

The SSH Server Configuration
Max Session      : 8
Connection Timeout : 120
Authfail Attempts : 2
Tcp Port Number  : 22
Rekey Timeout    : Never

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 61 SSL Commands

---

```

download ssl certificate <ipaddr> certfilename <path_filename 64> keyfilename <path_filename 64>
enable ssl {ciphersuite {RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5 | RSA_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | DHE_DSS_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | RSA_EXPORT_with_RC4_40_MD5 }(1)}
disable ssl {ciphersuite {RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5 | RSA_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | DHE_DSS_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | RSA_EXPORT_with_RC4_40_MD5 }(1)}
show ssl {certificate}
show ssl cachetimeout
config ssl cachetimeout <value 60-86400>

```

---

## 61-1 download ssl certificate

### Description

This command is used to download a certificate file for the SSL function on the Switch from a TFTP server. The certificate file is a data record used for authenticating devices on the network. It contains information on the owner, keys for authentication.

### Format

```

download ssl certificate <ipaddr> certfilename <path_filename 64> keyfilename <path_filename 64>

```

### Parameters

---

```

<ipaddr> - Specifies the TFTP server IP address.
certfilename - Specifies the desired certificate file name and the certificate file path in respect to the TFTP server root path. Input characters with a maximum of 64 octets.
  <path_filename 64> - Specifies the desired certificate file name and the certificate file path in respect to the TFTP server root path. Input characters with a maximum of 64 octets. The certificate file name can be up to 64 characters long.
keyfilename - Specifies the private key file name which accompanies the certificate and the private key file path in respect to the TFTP server root path. Input characters with a maximum of 64 octets.
  <path_filename 64> - Specifies the private key file name which accompanies the certificate and the private key file path in respect to the TFTP server root path. Input characters with a maximum of 64 octets. The private key file name can be up to 64 characters long.

```

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To download a certificate from a TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# download ssl certificate 10.55.47.1 certfilename cert.der
keyfilename pkey.der
Command: download ssl certificate 10.55.47.1 certfilename cert.der keyfilename
pkey.der

Certificate Loaded Successfully!

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 61-2 enable ssl

### Description

This command is used to enable the SSL status and its individual cipher suites. Using the **enable ssl** command will enable the SSL feature, which means SSLv3 and TLSv1. Each cipher suite must be enabled by this command.

### Format

```
enable ssl {ciphersuite {RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5 | RSA_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA |
DHE_DSS_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | RSA_EXPORT_with_RC4_40_MD5}(1)}
```

### Parameters

---

**ciphersuite** - (Optional) This is used for configuring a cipher suite combination.

- RSA\_with\_RC4\_128\_MD5** - Indicate an RSA key exchange with RC4 128 bits encryption and MD5 hash.
- RSA\_with\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA** - Indicate an RSA key exchange with 3DES\_EDE\_CBC encryption and SHA hash.
- DHE\_DSS\_with\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA** - Indicate a DH key exchange with 3DES\_EDE\_CBC encryption and SHA hash.
- RSA\_EXPORT\_with\_RC4\_40\_MD5** - Indicate an RSA\_EXPORT key exchange with RC4 40 bits encryption and MD5 hash.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the SSL ciphersuite for RSA\_with\_RC4\_128\_MD5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable ssl ciphersuite RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5
Command: enable ssl ciphersuite RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable SSL:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# enable ssl
Command: enable ssl

Note: Web will be disabled if SSL is enabled.
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 61-3 disable ssl

### Description

This command is used to disable the SSL feature and supported ciphersuites.

### Format

```
disable ssl {ciphersuite {RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5 | RSA_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA |
DHE_DSS_with_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA | RSA_EXPORT_with_RC4_40_MD5}(1)}
```

### Parameters

---

**ciphersuite** - (Optional) This is used for configuring cipher suite combination.

- RSA\_with\_RC4\_128\_MD5** - Indicate an RSA key exchange with RC4 128 bits encryption and MD5 hash.
- RSA\_with\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA** - Indicate an RSA key exchange with 3DES\_EDE\_CBC encryption and SHA hash.
- DHE\_DSS\_with\_3DES\_EDE\_CBC\_SHA** - Indicate a DH key exchange with 3DES\_EDE\_CBC encryption and SHA hash.
- RSA\_EXPORT\_with\_RC4\_40\_MD5** - Indicate an RSA\_EXPORT key exchange with RC4 40 bits encryption and MD5 hash.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the SSL ciphersuite for RSA\_with\_RC4\_128\_MD5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable ssl ciphersuite RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5
Command: disable ssl ciphersuite RSA_with_RC4_128_MD5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To disable the SSL feature:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# disable ssl
Command: disable ssl

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 61-4 show ssl

### Description

This command is used to display the current SSL status and supported ciphersuites.

### Format

**show ssl {certificate}**

### Parameters

---

**certificate** - (Optional) Specifies the certificate type.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display SSL:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show ssl
Commands: show ssl

SSL Status                               Disabled

RSA_WITH_RC4_128_MD5                     Enabled
RSA_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA                Enabled
DHE_DSS_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA            Enabled
RSA_EXPORT_WITH_RC4_40_MD5                Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 61-5 show ssl cachetimeout

### Description

This command is used to display the cache timeout value which is designed for a **dlktimer** library to remove the session ID after it has expired. In order to support the resume session feature, the SSL library keeps the session ID on the web server and invokes the **dlktimer** library to remove this session ID by the cache timeout value.

**Format****show ssl cachetimeout****Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To show the SSL cache timeout:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show ssl cachetimeout
Commands: show ssl cachetimeout

Cache timeout is 600 second(s)

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**61-6 config ssl cachetimeout****Description**

This command is used to configure the cache timeout value which is designed for the **dlktimer** library to remove the session ID after expiration. In order to support the resume session feature, the SSL library keeps the session ID on the web server, and invokes the **dlktimer** library to remove this session ID by the cache timeout value. The unit of argument's value is second and its boundary is between 60 (1 minute) and 86400 (24 hours). The default value is 600 seconds.

**Format****config ssl cachetimeout <value 60-86400>****Parameters**

---

**cachetimeout** - Specifies the SSL cache timeout value attributes. The SSL cache timeout value must be between 60 and 86400 seconds. The default value is 600 seconds

**<value 60-86400>** - Specifies the SSL cache timeout value attributes. The SSL cache timeout value must be between 60 and 86400 seconds. The default value is 600 seconds.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure an SSL cache timeout value of 60:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config ssl cachetimeout 60
```

```
Commands: config ssl cachetimeout 60
```

```
Success.
```

```
DGS-3710-12S:admin#
```

# Chapter 62 SNMPv1/v2/v3 Commands

---

```

create snmp user <user_name 32> <groupname 32> {encrypted [by_password auth [md5
  <auth_password 8-16 > | sha <auth_password 8-20 >] priv [none | des <priv_password 8-
  16> ]] | by_key auth [md5 <auth_key 32-32> | sha <auth_key 40-40>] priv [none | des <priv_key
  32-32>]]}
delete snmp user <user_name 32>
show snmp user
show snmp groups
create snmp view <view_name 32> <oid> view_type [included | excluded]
delete snmp view <view_name 32> [all | <oid>]
show snmp view {<view_name 32>}
create snmp community <community_string 32> view <view_name 32> [read_only|read_write]
delete snmp community <community_string 32>
show snmp community {<community_string 32>}
config snmp engineID <snmp_engineID 10-64>
show snmp engineID
create snmp group <groupname 32> [v1 | v2c | v3 [noauth_nopriv | auth_nopriv | auth_priv]]
  {read_view <view_name 32> | write_view <view_name 32> | notify_view <view_name 32>}(1)
delete snmp group <groupname 32>
create snmp [host <ipaddr> | v6host <ipv6addr>] [v1 | v2c | v3 [noauth_nopriv | auth_nopriv |
  auth_priv] ] <auth_string 32>
delete snmp [host <ipaddr> | v6host <ipv6addr>]
show snmp v6host {<ipv6addr>}
show snmp host {<ipaddr>}

```

---

## 62-1 create snmp user

### Description

This command is used to create a new user to an SNMP group originated by this command. Users can choose input authentication and privacy by password or by key.

### Format

```

create snmp user <user_name 32> <groupname 32> {encrypted [by_password auth [md5
  <auth_password 8-16> | sha <auth_password 8-20>] priv [none | des <priv_password 8-16>]
  | by_key auth [md5 <auth_key 32-32> | sha <auth_key 40-40>] priv [none | des <priv_key 32-
  32>]]}

```

### Parameters

---

```

<user_name 32> - Specifies the name of the user on the host that connects to the agent. The
  range is 1 to 32 characters.
<groupname 32> - Specifies the name of the group to which the user is associated. The range is
  1 to 32 characters.
encrypted - (Optional) Specifies whether the password appears in encrypted format.
by_password auth - Indicate the input password for authentication
sha - Specifies the HMAC-SHA-96 authentication level between 8 and 20 characters.

```

---



---

<b>&lt;auth_password 8-20&gt;</b>	- Specifies the HMAC-SHA-96 authentication level between 8 and 20 characters.
<b>md5</b>	- Specifies the HMAC-MD5-96 authentication level between 8 and 16 characters.
<b>&lt;auth_password 8-16&gt;</b>	- Specifies the HMAC-MD5-96 authentication level between 8 and 16 characters.
<b>priv</b>	- Indicate the input password for privacy. The options are none and DES.
<b>none</b>	- Specifies there will be no privacy string.
<b>des</b>	- Specifies a privacy string used by DES between 8 and 16 characters.
<b>&lt;priv_password 8-16&gt;</b>	- Specifies a privacy string used by DES between 8 and 16 characters.
<b>by_key auth</b>	- Indicate the input key for authentication. The options are MD5 and SHA1.
<b>md5</b>	- Specifies an authentication key used by MD5. This is a hex string type of 32 characters.
<b>&lt;auth_key 32-32&gt;</b>	- Specifies an authentication key used by MD5. This is a hex string type of 32 characters.
<b>sha</b>	- Specifies an authentication key used by SHA1. This is a hex string type of 40 characters.
<b>&lt;auth_key 40-40&gt;</b>	- Specifies an authentication key used by SHA1. This is a hex string type of 40 characters.
<b>priv</b>	- Indicate the input key for privacy. The options are none and DES.
<b>none</b>	- Specifies there will be no privacy key.
<b>des</b>	- Specifies a privacy key used by DES. This is a hex string type of 32 characters
<b>&lt;priv_key 32-32&gt;</b>	- Specifies a privacy key used by DES. This is a hex string type of 32 characters.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a new user to an SNMP group originated by this command:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create snmp user dlink D-Link_group encrypted by_password
auth md5 12345678 priv des 12345678
Command: create snmp user dlink D-Link_group encrypted by_password auth md5
12345678 priv des 12345678

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-2 delete snmp user

### Description

This command is used to remove a user from an SNMP group and deletes the associated group in the SNMP group.

### Format

**delete snmp user <user\_name 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<user\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the user on the host to be deleted. The range is 1 to 32 characters.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete an SNMP user:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete snmp user dlink
Command: delete snmp user dlink

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

**62-3 show snmp user****Description**

This command is used to display information on each SNMP username in the group username table.

**Format**

**show snmp user**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display SNMP user information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp user
Command: show snmp user

Username                Group Name                VerAuthPriv
-----
initial                  initial                    V3 NoneNone

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-4 show snmp groups

### Description

This command is used to display the names of groups on the switch, and the security model, level, and the status of the different views.

### Format

**show snmp groups**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the names of the SNMP groups on the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp groups
Command: show snmp groups

Vacm Access Table Settings

Group   Name      : public
ReadView Name  : CommunityView
WriteView Name :
Notify View Name : CommunityView
Security Model : SNMPv1
Security Level : NoAuthNoPriv

Group   Name      : public
ReadView Name  : CommunityView
WriteView Name :
Notify View Name : CommunityView
Security Model : SNMPv2
Security Level : NoAuthNoPriv

Group   Name      : private
ReadView Name  : CommunityView
WriteView Name : CommunityView
Notify View Name : CommunityView
Security Model : SNMPv2
Security Level : NoAuthNoPriv

Total Entries: 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-5 create snmp view

**Description**

This command is used to assign views to community strings to limit which MIB objects an SNMP manager can access.

**Format**

**create snmp view <view\_name 32> <oid> view\_type [included | excluded]**

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;view_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the view name to be created.
<b>&lt;oid&gt;</b> - Specifies the object-identified tree (the MIB tree).
<b>view_type</b> - Specifies the access type of of the MIB tree in this view.
<b>included</b> - Specifies to include this view.
<b>excluded</b> - Specifies to exclude this view.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To assign views to community strings to limit which MIB objects an SNMP manager can access:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create snmp view dlinkview 1.3.6 view_type included
Command: create snmp view dlinkview 1.3.6 view_type included

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-6 delete snmp view

**Description**

This command is used to remove a view record.

**Format**

**delete snmp view <view\_name 32> [all | <oid>]**

**Parameters**

<b>&lt;view_name 32&gt;</b> - Specifies the view name of the user who will be deleted.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to view all records.
<b>&lt;oid&gt;</b> - Specifies the object-identified tree (the MIB tree).

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To remove a view record:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete snmp view dlinkview all
Command: delete snmp view dlinkview all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

62-7 show snmp view

### Description

This command is used to display SNMP view records.

### Format

**show snmp view {<view\_name 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<view\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the view name of the user to be displayed.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display SNMP view records:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp view
Command: show snmp view

Vacm View Table Settings
View Name          Subtree          View Type
-----
restricted        1.3.6.1.2.1.1   Included
restricted        1.3.6.1.2.1.11  Included
restricted        1.3.6.1.6.3.10.2.1  Included
restricted        1.3.6.1.6.3.11.2.1  Included
restricted        1.3.6.1.6.3.15.1.1  Included
CommunityView     1                Included
CommunityView     1.3.6.1.6.3      Excluded
CommunityView     1.3.6.1.6.3.1    Included

Total Entries: 8

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 62-8 create snmp community

### Description

This command is used to create an SNMP community string. Use an SNMP community string to define the relationship between the SNMP manager and the agent. The community string acts like a password to permit access to the agent on the switch. You can specify one or more of the following characteristics associated with the string: An access list of IP addresses of the SNMP managers that are permitted to use the community string to gain access to the agent; A MIB view, which defines the subset of all MIB objects accessible to the given community; Read and write or read-only permission for the MIB objects accessible to the community.

### Format

**create snmp community <community\_string 32> view <view\_name 32> [read\_only | read\_write]**

### Parameters

---

**<community\_string 32>** - Specifies the community string. The maximum string length is 32 characters.

---

**view** - Specifies the view name of the MIB. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**<view\_name 32>** - Specifies the view name of the MIB. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**read\_only** - Specifies read-only permission.

**read\_write** - Specifies read and write permission.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create an SNMP community string:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create snmp community dlink view CommunityView read_write
Command: create snmp community dlink view CommunityView read_write

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-9 delete snmp community

### Description

This command is used to remove a specific community string.

### Format

**delete snmp community <community\_string 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<community\_string 32>** - Specifies the community string that will be deleted.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To delete an SNMP community:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# delete snmp community dlink
Command: delete snmp community dlink

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-10 show snmp community

### Description

This command is used to display community string configurations.

### Format

**show snmp community {<community\_string 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<community\_string 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the community string to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If a community string is not specified, all community string information will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the current community string configurations:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp community
Command: show snmp community

SNMP Community Table
Community Name          View Name              Access Right
-----
private                 CommunityView          read_write
public                  CommunityView          read_only

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-11 config snmp engineID

### Description

This command is used to configure an identifier for the SNMP engine on the switch. Associated with each SNMP entity is a unique engine ID.

### Format

```
config snmp engineID <snmp_engineID 10-64>
```

### Parameters

---

**<snmp\_engineID 10-64>** - Specifies the identify for the SNMP engine on the switch.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure an identifier for the SNMP engine on the switch:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config snmp engineID 1023457890
Command: config snmp engineID 1023457890

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-12 show snmp engineID

### Description

This command is used to display the identification of the SNMP engine on the switch.

### Format

**show snmp engineID**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the identification of an SNMP engine:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp engineID
Command: show snmp engineID

SNMP Engine ID : 1023457890

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-13 create snmp group

### Description

This command is used to create a new SNMP group.

### Format

**create snmp group <groupname 32> [v1 | v2c | v3 [noauth\_nopriv | auth\_nopriv | auth\_priv]]  
{read\_view <view\_name 32> | write\_view <view\_name 32> | notify\_view <view\_name 32>}(1)**

### Parameters

---

**<groupname 32>** - Specifies the name of the group.

**v1** - Specifies the least secure of the possible security models.

**v2c** - Specifies the second least secure of the possible security models.

---

---

**v3** - Specifies the most secure of the possible security models. Specifies authentication of a packet.

**noauth\_nopriv** - Specifies to neither support packet authentication nor encrypting.

**auth\_nopriv** - Specifies to support packet authentication.

**auth\_priv** - Specifies to support packet authentication and encrypting.

**read\_view** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

**<view\_name 32>** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

**write\_view** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

**<view\_name 32>** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

**notify\_view** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

**<view\_name 32>** - Specifies the view name between 1 and 32 characters.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a new SNMP group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create snmp group D-Link_group v3 auth_priv read_view
CommunityView write_view CommunityView notify_view CommunityView
Command: create snmp group D-Link_group v3 auth_priv read_view CommunityView
write_view CommunityView notify_view CommunityView

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-14 delete snmp group

### Description

This command is used to remove an SNMP group.

### Format

**delete snmp group <groupname 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<groupname 32>** - Specifies the name of the group that will be deleted.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To remove an SNMP group:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete snmp group D_Link_group
Command: delete snmp group D_Link_group

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-15 create snmp

### Description

This command is used to create a recipient of an SNMP operation.

### Format

```
create snmp [host <ipaddr> | v6host <ipv6addr>] [v1 | v2c | v3 [noauth_nopriv | auth_nopriv
| auth_priv] ] <auth_string 32>
```

### Parameters

---

**host** - Specifies the IP address of the recipient for which the traps are targeted.  
**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the recipient for which the traps are targeted.

---

**v6host** - Specifies the v6host IP address to which the trap packet will be sent.  
**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the v6host IP address to which the trap packet will be sent.

---

**v1** - Specifies the least secure of the possible security models.

---

**v2c** - Specifies the second least secure of the possible security models.

---

**v3** - Specifies the most secure of the possible security models.

---

**noauth\_nopriv** - Specifies to neither support packet authentication nor encrypting.

---

**auth\_nopriv** - Specifies to support packet authentication.

---

**auth\_priv** - Specifies to support packet authentication and encrypting.

---

**<auth\_string 32>** - Specifies the authentication string. If v1 or v2 is specified, the auth\_string presents the community string, and it must be one of the entries in the community table. If v3 is specified, the auth\_string presents the user name, and it must be one of the entries in the user table.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a recipient of an SNMP operation:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create snmp host 10.48.74.100 v3 noauth_nopriv initial
Command: create snmp host 10.48.74.100 v3 noauth_nopriv initial

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-16 delete snmp

### Description

This command is used to delete a recipient of an SNMP trap operation.

### Format

**delete snmp [host <ipaddr> | v6host <ipv6addr>]**

### Parameters

---

**host** - Specifies the IP address of the SNMP host recipient to be deleted.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the SNMP host recipient to be deleted.

---

**v6host** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the SNMP host recipient to be deleted.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the SNMP host recipient to be deleted.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a recipient of an SNMP trap operation:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete snmp host 10.48.74.100
Command: delete snmp host 10.48.74.100

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-17 show snmp host

### Description

This command is used to display the recipient for which the traps are targeted.

### Format

**show snmp host {<ipaddr>}**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - (Optional) Specifies the IP address of the recipient for which the traps are targeted.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all SNMP hosts will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

**Example**

To display the recipient for which the traps are targeted:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show snmp host
Command: show snmp host

SNMP Status      : Enabled

SNMP Host Table
Host IP Address  SNMP Version      Community Name / SNMPv3 User Name
-----
172.26.248.11   V2c                rinpoche

Total Entries: 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 62-18 show snmp v6host

**Description**

This command is used to display the recipient for which the traps are targeted.

**Format**

**show snmp v6host {<ipv6addr>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<ipv6addr>** - (Optional) Specifies the v6host IP address.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all SNMP IPv6 hosts will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the recipient for which the traps are targeted:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show snmp v6host
Command: show snmp v6host

SNMP Host Table
-----
Host IPv6 Address: FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF
SNMP Version      : V3 na/np
Community Name/SNMPv3 User Name: 123456789101234567890

Host IPv6 Address: 2002::1234
SNMP Version      : V3 a/np
Community Name/SNMPv3 User Name: abcdefghijk

Total Entries : 2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 63 Static MAC-based VLAN Commands

```

create mac_based_vlan mac_address <macaddr> [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
delete mac_based_vlan {mac_address <macaddr> [vlan <vlan_name 32>| vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
show mac_based_vlan {mac_address <macaddr> | [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}

```

63-1 create mac\_based\_vlan mac\_address

## Description

This command is used to create static MAC-based VLAN entries.

## Format

```

create mac_based_vlan mac_address <macaddr> [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]

```

## Parameters

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address.

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN to be associated with the MAC address. The name must be an existing static VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID to be associated with the MAC address. The ID must be an existing static VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a static MAC-based VLAN entry:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#create mac_based_vlan mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan
default
Command: create mac_based_vlan mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan default
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 63-2 delete mac\_based\_vlan

**Description**

This command is used to delete static MAC-based VLAN entries.

**Format**

```
delete mac_based_vlan {mac_address <macaddr> [vlan <vlan_name 32>| vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
```

**Parameters**


---

**mac\_address** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address to be deleted.

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address to be deleted.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN associated with the MAC address.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID associated with the MAC address.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---



**Note:** If the MAC address and VLAN are not specified, all static entries associated with the port will be removed.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete a static MAC-based VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete mac_based_vlan mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan
default
Command: delete mac_based_vlan mac mac_address 00-00-00-00-00-01 vlan default
Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 63-3 show mac\_based\_vlan

**Description**

This command is used to display the MAC-based VLAN entries.

**Format**

```
show mac_based_vlan {mac_address <macaddr> | [vlan <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
```

**Parameters**


---

**mac\_address** - (Optional) Specifies the MAC address to be displayed.

---



---

**<macaddr>** - Specifies the MAC address to be displayed.

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN associated with the MAC address.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN ID associated with the MAC address.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

In the following example, MAC address "00-80-c2-33-c3-45" is assigned to VLAN 300 by manual configuration. It is assigned to VLAN 400 by MAC-AC. Since MAC AC has higher priority than manual configuration, the manually configured entry will become inactive. To display the MAC-based VLAN entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show mac_based_vlan
```

MAC Address	VLAN ID	Status	Type
00-80-e0-14-a7-57	200	Active	Static
00-80-c2-33-c3-45	300	Inactive	Static
00-80-c2-33-c3-45	400	Active	MAC_based Access Control
00-a2-44-17-32-98	400	Active	WAC

```
Total Entries : 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 64 Subnet VLAN

## Commands

---

```
create subnet_vlan [network <network_address> | ipv6network <ipv6networkaddr>] [vlan
  <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] {priority <value 0-7>}
delete subnet_vlan [network <network_address> | ipv6network <ipv6networkaddr> | vlan
  <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist> | all]
show subnet_vlan {[network <network_address> | ipv6network <ipv6networkaddr> | vlan
  <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]}
config vlan_precedence ports <portlist> [mac_based_vlan | subnet_vlan]
show vlan_precedence ports {<portlist>}
```

---

### 64-1 create subnet\_vlan

#### Description

This command is used to create a subnet VLAN entry. A subnet VLAN entry is an IP subnet-based VLAN classification rule. If an untagged or priority-tagged IP packet is received on a port, its source IP address will be used to match the subnet VLAN entries. If the source IP is in the subnet of an entry, the packet will be classified to the VLAN defined for this subnet.

#### Format

```
create subnet_vlan [network <network_address> | ipv6network <ipv6networkaddr>] [vlan
  <vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>] {priority <value 0-7>}
```

#### Parameters

---

**network** - Specifies an IPv4 network address.  
**<network\_address>** - Specifies an IPv4 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length.

---

**ipv6network** - Specifies an IPv6 network address.  
**<ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies an IPv6 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length. The prefix length of IPv6 network address shall not be greater than 64.

---

**vlan** - Specifies a VLAN name to be associated with the subnet. The VLAN must be an existing static VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID to be associated with the subnet. The VLAN must be an existing static VLAN.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

**priority** - (Optional) Specifies the priority to be associated with the subnet.  
**<value 0-7>** - Specifies the priority to be associated with the subnet. The range is 0 to 7.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To create a subnet VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24 vlan v2 priority 2
Command: create subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24 vlan v2 priority 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To create an IPv6 subnet VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create subnet_vlan ipv6network fe80::250:baff::0/64 vlan v2
priority 2
Command: create subnet_vlan ipv6network fe80::250:baff::0/64 vlan v2 priority 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 64-2 delete subnet\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to delete a subnet VLAN from the switch. Users can delete a subnet VLAN entry by IP subnet or VLAN, or delete all subnet VLAN entries.

### Format

**delete subnet\_vlan** [**network** <network\_address> | **ipv6network** <ipv6networkaddr> | **vlan** <vlan\_name 32> | **vlanid** <vidlist> | **all**]

### Parameters

---

**network** - Specifies an IPv4 network address.  
**<network\_address>** - Specifies an IPv4 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length.

---

**ipv6network** - Specifies an IPv6 network address.  
**<ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies an IPv6 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length.

---

**vlan** - Specifies to delete all subnet VLAN entries associated with this VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.  
**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

---

**all** - Specifies to delete all subnet VLAN entries.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To delete a subnet VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24
Command: delete subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete all subnet VLAN entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete subnet_vlan all
Command: delete subnet_vlan all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 64-3 show subnet\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to display a subnet VLAN.

### Format

```
show subnet_vlan {[network <network_address> | ipv6network <ipv6networkaddr> | vlan
<vlan_name 32> | vlanid <vidlist>]}
```

### Parameters

---

**network** - (Optional) Specifies an IPv4 network address.  
**<network\_address>** - Specifies an IPv4 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length.

---

**ipv6network** - (Optional) Specifies an IPv6 network address.  
**<ipv6networkaddr>** - Specifies an IPv6 network address. The format is ipaddress/prefix length.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies to display all subnet VLAN entries associated with this VLAN.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies a VLAN name. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.  
**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all subnet VLAN information will be displayed.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display a specified subnet VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24
Command: show subnet_vlan network 172.168.1.1/24

IP Address/Subnet Mask          VLAN      Priority
-----
172.168.1.1/24                 10        2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display a specied IPv6 subnet VLAN entry:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show subnet_vlan network fe80::250:baff::0/64
Command: show subnet_vlan network fe80::250:baff::0/64

IP Address/Subnet Mask          VLAN      Priority
-----
fe80::250:baff::0/64          10        2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display all subnet VLAN entries:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show subnet_vlan
Command: show subnet_vlan

IP Address/Subnet Mask          VLAN      Priority
-----
172.168.1.1/24                 10        2
172.18.211.1/255.255.255.0     20        3
172.18.211.6/24                5         1
fe80::250:baff::0/64          10        2

Total Entries: 4

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 64-4 config vlan\_precedence ports

### Description

This command is used to configure vlan classification precedence on each port.

You can specify the order of MAC-based VLAN classification and subnet VLAN classification.

If a port's VLAN classification is MAC-based precedence, MAC-based VLAN classification will process at first. If MAC-based VLAN classification fails, the subnet VLAN classification will be executed.

If a port's VLAN classification is subnet VLAN precedence, the subnet VLAN classification will process at first. If subnet VLAN classification fails, the MAC-based VLAN classification will be executed.

**Format**

**config vlan\_precedence ports <portlist> [mac\_based\_vlan | subnet\_vlan]**

**Parameters**

---

**<portlist>** - Enter a list of ports used for this configuration here.

**mac\_based\_vlan** - Specifies that the MAC-based VLAN classification is precedence than subnet VLAN classification

**subnet\_vlan** - Specifies that the subnet VLAN classification is precedence than MAC-based VLAN classification

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure subnet VLAN classification precedence on port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config vlan_precedence ports 1 subnet_vlan
Command: config vlan_precedence ports 1 subnet_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

64-5 show vlan\_precedence ports

**Description**

This command is used to display the VLAN classification precedence.

**Format**

**show vlan\_precedence ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the list of ports used for this display.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display VLAN classification precedence on ports 1-5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan_precedence ports 1-5
Command: show vlan_precedence ports 1-5

Port          VLAN Precedence
----          -
1             MAC-Based VLAN
2             Subnet VLAN
3             MAC-Based VLAN
4             MAC-Based VLAN
5             Subnet VLAN

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 65 Switch Port Commands

---

```
config ports [<portlist> | all] {medium_type [fiber | copper]} {speed [auto | 10_half | 10_full | 100_half | 100_full | 1000_full {[master | slave]}]} | flow_control [enable | disable] | learning [enable | disable] | state [enable | disable] | mdix [auto | normal | cross] | [description <desc 1-32> | clear_description]}(1)
```

---

```
show ports {<portlist>} {[description | err_disabled | details | media_type]}
```

---

## 65-1 config ports

### Description

This command is used to change switch port settings.

### Format

```
config ports [<portlist> | all] {medium_type [fiber | copper]} {speed [auto | 10_half | 10_full | 100_half | 100_full | 1000_full {[master | slave]}]} | flow_control [enable | disable] | learning [enable | disable] | state [enable | disable] | mdix [auto | normal | cross] | [description <desc 1-32> | clear_description]}(1)
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

**all** – Specifies to set all ports in the system.

**medium\_type** - (Optional) Specifies the medium type when configuring ports that are combo ports.

**fiber** - Specifies the fiber port.

**copper** - Specifies the copper port.

**speed** - Set port speed for the specified ports.

**auto** - Set port speed to auto negotiation.

**10\_half** - Set port speed to 10\_half.

**10\_full** - Set port speed to 10\_full.

**100\_half** - Set port speed to 100\_half.

**100\_full** - Set port speed to 100\_full.

**1000\_full** - Set port speed to 1000\_full. When setting copper port speed to 1000\_full, users should specify master and slave mode in pair for 1000-BASE TX, and leave the 1000\_full without any master or slave setting for fiber.

**master** - (Optional) Set to master.

**slave** - (Optional) Set to slave.

**flow\_control** - Turn on or turn off flow control on one or more ports by setting flow\_control to enable or disable. The default value is disable.

**enable** - Turn on flow control.

**disable** - Turn off flow control.

**learning** - Turn on or turn off MAC address learning on one or more ports. The default value is enable.

**enable** - Turn on MAC address learning.

**disable** - Turn off MAC address learning.

**state** - Enable or disable the state of the specified port. If the ports are in error-disabled status,

---



---

configuring their state to enable will recover these ports from a disabled to an enabled state. The default value is enable.

**enable** - Enable the specified port(s).

**disable** - Disable the specified port(s).

---

**mdix** - Specifies the type of cabling. The default value is auto.

**auto** - Select auto for auto sensing of the optimal type of cabling.

**normal** - Select normal for normal cabling. If set to normal state, the port is in MDI mode and can be connected to a PC NIC using a straight-through cable or a port (in MDI mode) on another switch through a cross-over cable.

**cross** - Select cross for cross cabling. If set to cross state, the port is in MDIX mode, and can be connected to a port (in MDI mode) on another switch through a straight cable.

---

**description** - (Optional) Describe the port interface.

**<desc 1-32>** - Describe the port interface.

**clear\_description** - (Optional) Deletes the present description of the port interface.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the speed of ports 1 to 3 to be 10 Mbps, with full duplex, learning enabled, state enabled, and flow control enabled:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config ports 1-3 speed 10_full state enable learning enable
flow_control enable
Command: config ports 1-3 speed 10_full state enable learning enable
flow_control enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 65-2 show ports

### Description

This command is used to display the current configurations of a range of ports.

### Format

**show ports {<portlist>} {[description | err\_disabled | details | media\_type]}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

**description** - (Optional) Specifies to display the port description.

**err\_disabled** - (Optional) Specifies to display disabled information.

**details** - (Optional) Specifies to indicate if port detail information will be included in the display.

**media\_type** - (Optional) Specifies to display the current port media type. For FE ports, the media type should be 100BASE-T. For GE ports (the combo port), if the current active port is the fiber port, the media type is 1000BASE-X or 100BASE-X; if the current active port is the copper port, the media type is 1000BASE-T.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all ports will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the configuration of ports 1 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ports 1-4
Command: show ports 1-4
```

Port	State/ MDIX	Settings Speed/Duplex/FlowCtrl	Connection Speed/Duplex/FlowCtrl	Address Learning
1	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	1000M/Full/None	Enabled
1	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
2	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
2	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
3	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
3	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
4	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
4	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled

Notes:(F)indicates fiber medium and (C)indicates copper medium in a combo port  
**CTRL+C** **ESC** **q** Quit **SPACE** **n** Next Page **p** Previous Page **r** Refresh

To display the description information of ports 1 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ports 1-4 description
Command: show ports 1-4 description
```

Port	State/ MDIX	Settings Speed/Duplex/FlowCtrl	Connection Speed/Duplex/FlowCtrl	Address Learning
1	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	1000M/Full/None	Enabled
Description:				
1	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
Description:				
2	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
Description:				
2	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
Description:				
3	(C) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
Description:				
3	(F) Enabled Auto	Auto/Disabled	Link Down	Enabled
Description:				

Notes:(F)indicates fiber medium and (C)indicates copper medium in a combo port  
**CTRL+C** **ESC** **q** Quit **SPACE** **n** Next Page **p** Previous Page **r** Refresh



**Note:** Connection status has the following situations: Link Down, Speed/Duplex/FlowCtrl (link up), and Err-Disabled.

To display port error-disabled information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show ports err-disabled
Command: show ports err-disabled
```

Port	Port State	Connection Status	Reason
1	Enabled	Err-Disabled	Storm control
Description: port1.			
8	Enabled	Err-Disabled	Storm control
Description: port8.			

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

# Chapter 66 Synchronous Ethernet Commands

---

```
config sync_ethernet state [enable | disable] {source_port <port>}  
show sync_ethernet
```

---

## 66-1 config sync\_ethernet state

### Description

This command is used to configure the port Synchronous Ethernet state and source port.

### Format

```
config sync_ethernet state [enable | disable] {source_port <port>}
```

### Parameters

---

**state** - Specifies the Synchronous Ethernet feature's state.

**enable** - Specifies that the Synchronous Ethernet feature's state will be enabled.

**disable** - Specifies that the Synchronous Ethernet feature's state will be disabled.

---

**source\_port** - (Optional) Specifies the port used for synchronizing with partners.

**<port>** - Enter the source port used here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the port Synchronous Ethernet state on port 9:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sync_ethernet state enable source_port 9  
Command: config sync_ethernet state enable source_port 9  
  
Success.  
  
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 66-2 show sync\_ethernet

### Description

This command is used to display the Synchronous Ethernet information.

### Format

```
show sync_ethernet
```

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the Synchronous Ethernet information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sync_ethernet
Command: show sync_ethernet

Synchronous Ethernet State    : Enabled
Source Port Number           : 9
Clock Source                  : System Clock

Note: Switch will use system clock when Sync-E source port running at 10BASE-T
or link down.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To display the partner's Synchronous Ethernet information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show sync_ethernet
Command: show sync_ethernet

Synchronous Ethernet State    : Enabled
Source Port Number           : 9
Clock Source                  : Sync-E

Note: Switch will use system clock when Sync-E source port running at 10BASE-T
or link down.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 67 System Severity Commands

---

```
config system_severity [trap | log | all] [emergency | alert | critical | error | warning | notice |
information | debug | <level 0-7>]
show system_severity
```

---

## 67-1 config system\_severity

### Description

This command is used to configure severity level control for the system.

### Format

```
config system_severity [trap | log | all] [emergency | alert | critical | error | warning | notice |
information | debug | <level 0-7>]
```

### Parameters

---

**trap** - Configure severity level control for a trap.

**log** - Configure severity level control for a log.

**all** - Configure severity level control for a trap and a log.

**emergency** - Specifies to configure the severity level for emergency messages.

**alert** - Specifies to configure the severity level for alert messages.

**critical** - Specifies to configure the severity level for critical messages.

**error** - Specifies to configure the severity level for error messages.

**warning** - Specifies to configure the severity level for warning messages.

**notice** - Specifies to configure the severity level for notice messages.

**informational** - Specifies to configure the severity level for informational messages.

**debug** - Specifies to configure the severity level for debug messages.

**<level 0-7>** - Specifies to configure a severity level between 0 and 7.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure severity level control for information level for a trap:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config system_severity trap information
Command: config system_severity trap information

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 67-2 show system\_severity

### Description

This command is used to show the severity level control for a system.

### Format

**show system\_severity**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show the severity level control for a system:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show system_severity
Command: show system_severity

System Severity Trap : warning(4)
System Severity Log  : information(6)

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 68 Tech Support Commands

---

**show tech\_support**

---

**upload tech\_support\_toTFTP** <ipaddr> <path\_filename 64>

---

## 68-1 show tech\_support

### Description

This command is used to display technical support information. It is especially useful for technical support personnel that need to view the overall device operation information.

### Format

**show tech\_support**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.



**Note:** The switch may become inaccessible when dumping the technical support data.



**Note:** The management session may time out if dumping technical support data takes longer than the configured session timeout period. It is strongly recommended to set the serial port timeout to never to disable the auto disconnection of the console session.

### Example

To display technical support information:



```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show tech_support
Command: show tech_support

#-----
#
#           DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
#           Technical Support Information
#
#           Firmware: Build 1.00.029
#           Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.
#-----

*****          Basic System Information          *****
[SYS 2012-1-8 10:29:24]
Boot Time           : 5 Jan 2012  14:35:26

```

## 68-2 upload tech\_support\_toTFTP

### Description

This command is used to upload technical support information to a TFTP server. This command can be interrupted by Ctrl – C or ESC when it is executing.

### Format

**upload tech\_support\_toTFTP <ipaddr> <path\_filename 64>**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IPv4 address of the TFTP server.

**<path\_filename 64>** - Specifies the file name of the technical support information file sent to the TFTP server. The maximum size of the file name is 64 characters.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To upload technical support information:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#upload tech_support_toTFTP 10.0.0.66 tech_suppport.txt
Command: upload tech_support_toTFTP 10.0.0.66 tech_suppport.txt

Connecting to server..... Done.
Upload techsupport file..... Done.

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

# Chapter 69 Time and SNTP Commands

<b>config sntp</b> {primary <ipaddr>   secondary <ipaddr>   poll-interval <int 30-99999>} (1)
<b>show sntp</b>
<b>enable sntp</b>
<b>disable sntp</b>
<b>config time</b> <date ddmthyyyy> <time hh:mm:ss>
<b>config time_zone</b> {operator [+   -]   hour <gmt_hour 0-13>   min <minute 0-59>} (3)
<b>config dst</b> [disable   repeating {s_week <start_week 1-4,last>   s_day <start_day sun-sat>   s_mth <start_mth 1-12>   s_time <start_time hh:mm>   e_week <end_week 1-4,last>   e_day <end_day sun-sat>   e_mth <end_mth 1-12>   e_time <end_time hh:mm>   offset [30   60   90   120]}   annual {s_date <start_date 1-31>   s_mth <start_mth 1-12>   s_time <start_time hh:mm>   e_date <end_date 1-31>   e_mth <end_mth 1-12>   e_time <end_time hh:mm>   offset [30   60   90   120]}]
<b>show time</b>

## 69-1 config sntp

### Description

This command is used to change SNTP configurations.

### Format

**config sntp** {primary <ipaddr> | secondary <ipaddr> | poll-interval <int 30-99999>} (1)

### Parameters

<b>primary</b> - (Optional) Specifies the SNTP primary server IP address. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the SNTP primary server IP address.
<b>secondary</b> - (Optional) Specifies the SNTP secondary server IP address. <b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the SNTP secondary server IP address.
<b>poll-interval</b> - (Optional) Specifies the polling interval range. <b>&lt;int 30-99999&gt;</b> - Specifies the polling interval range between 30 and 99999 seconds.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure SNTP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config sntp primary 10.1.1.1 secondary 10.1.1.2 poll-  
interval 30  
Command: config sntp primary 10.1.1.1 secondary 10.1.1.2 poll-interval 30  
  
Success.  
  
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-2 show sntp

### Description

This command is used to display the current SNTP time source and configuration.

### Format

**show sntp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show SNTP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show sntp  
Command: show sntp  
  
Current Time Source   : System Clock  
SNTP                  : Disabled  
SNTP Primary Server   : 10.1.1.1  
SNTP Secondary Server : 10.1.1.2  
SNTP Poll Interval    : 720 sec  
  
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-3 enable sntp

### Description

This command is used to turn on SNTP support.

### Format

**enable sntp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable SNTP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable sntp
Command: enable sntp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-4 disable sntp

### Description

This command is used to turn off SNTP support.

### Format

**disable sntp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable SNTP:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable sntp
Command: disable sntp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-5 config time

### Description

This command is used to change the time settings.

**Format**

**config time <date ddmthyyyy> <time hh:mm:ss>**

**Parameters**


---

**<date ddmthyyyy>** - Specifies the system clock date.

---

**<time hh:mm:ss>** - Specifies the system clock time.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config time 30jun2003 16:30:30
Command: config time 30jun2003 16:30:30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-6 config time\_zone

**Description**

This command is used to change time zone settings.

**Format**

**config time\_zone {operator [+ | -] | hour <gmt\_hour 0-13> | min <minute 0-59>} (3)**

**Parameters**


---

**operator** - Specifies the operator of the time zone.

  + - Positive.

  - - Negative.

---

**hour** - Specifies the hour of the time zone.

**<gmt\_hour 0-13>** - Specifies the hour of the time zone between 0 and 13.

---

**min** - Specifies the minute of the time zone.

**<minute 0-59>** - Specifies the minute of the time zone between 0 and 59.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure the time zone:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config time_zone operator + hour 2 min 30
Command: config time_zone operator + hour 2 min 30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-7 config dst

### Description

This command is used to change Daylight Saving Time settings.

### Format

```
config dst [disable | repeating {s_week <start_week 1-4,last> | s_day <start_day sun-sat> |
s_mth <start_mth 1-12> | s_time <start_time hh:mm> | e_week <end_week 1-4,last> | e_day
<end_day sun-sat> | e_mth <end_mth 1-12> | e_time <end_time hh:mm> | offset [30 | 60 | 90
| 120]} | annual {s_date <start_date 1-31> | s_mth <start_mth 1-12> | s_time <start_time
hh:mm> | e_date <end_date 1-31> | e_mth <end_mth 1-12> | e_time <end_time hh:mm> |
offset [30 | 60 | 90 | 120]}]
```

### Parameters

**disable** - Disable the DST of the switch.

**repeating** - Set the DST to repeating mode.

**s\_week** - Configure the start week number of DST.

**<start\_week 1-4,last>** - Configure the start week number of DST. The values are 1 to 4.

**s\_day** - Configure the start day number of DST.

**<start\_day sun-sat>** - Configure the start day number of DST. The values are sun, mon, tue, wed, thu, fri and sat.

**s\_mth** - Configure the start month number of DST.

**<start\_mth 1-12>** - Configure the start month number of DST. The values are 1 to 12.

**s\_time** - Configure the start time of DST.

**<start\_time hh:mm>** - Configure the start time in hh:mm of DST.

**e\_week** - Configure the end week number of DST.

**<end\_week 1-4,last>** - Configure the end week number of DST. The values are 1 to 4.

**e\_day** - Configure the end day number of DST.

**<end\_day sun-sat>** - Configure the end day number of DST. The values are sun, mon, tue, wed, thu, fri and sat.

**e\_mth** - (Optional) Configure the end month number of DST.

**<end\_mth 1-12>** - Configure the end month number of DST. The values are 1 to 12.

**e\_time** - Configure the end time of DST.

**<end\_time hh:mm>** - Configure the end time in hh:mm of DST.

**offset** - Specifies the number of minutes to add or to subtract during summertime. The range of offsets are 30, 60, 90, and 120. The default value is 60.

**30** - Specifies 30 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.

**60** - Specifies 60 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.

**90** - Specifies 90 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.

**120** - Specifies 120 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.

**annual** - Set the DST to annual mode.

**s\_date** - Configure the start date number of DST.

**<start\_date 1-31>** - Configure the start date number of DST. The values are 1 to 31.

**s\_mth** - Configure the start month number of DST.

**<start\_mth 1-12>** - Configure the start month number of DST. The values are 1 to 12.

**s\_time** - Configure the start time of DST.

<b>&lt;start_time hh:mm&gt;</b> - Configure the start time in hh:mm of DST.
<b>e_date</b> - Configure the end date number of DST.
<b>&lt;end_date 1-31&gt;</b> - Configure the end date number of DST. The values are 1 to 31.
<b>e_mth</b> - Configure the end month number of DST.
<b>&lt;end_mth 1-12&gt;</b> - Configure the end month number of DST. The values are 1 to 12.
<b>e_time</b> - Configure the end time of DST.
<b>&lt;end_time hh:mm&gt;</b> - Configure the end time in hh:mm of DST.
<b>offset</b> - Specifies the number of minutes to add or to subtract during summertime. The range of offsets are 30, 60, 90, and 120. The default value is 60.
<b>30</b> - Specifies 30 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.
<b>60</b> - Specifies 60 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.
<b>90</b> - Specifies 90 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.
<b>120</b> - Specifies 120 minutes to add or to subtract during summertime.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config dst repeating s_week 2 s_day tue s_mth 4 s_time 15:00
e_week 2 e_day wed e_mth 10 e_time 15:30 offset 30
Command: config dst repeating s_week 2 s_day tue s_mth 4 s_time 15:00 e_week 2
e_day wed e_mth 10 e_time 15:30 offset 30

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 69-8 show time

### Description

This command is used to display current time states.

### Format

**show time**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show time
Command: show time

Current Time Source : System Clock
Boot Time      : 8 Jan 2000  21:44:33
Current Time   : 9 Jan 2000  03:25:17
Time Zone      : GMT +00:00
Daylight Saving Time : Disabled
Offset In Minutes: 60
    Repeating From : Apr 1st  Sun 00:00
                To   : Oct last Sun 00:00
    Annual   From  : 29 Apr 00:00
                To   : 12 Oct 00:00
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



# Chapter 70 Traffic Segmentation Commands

---

```
config traffic_segmentation [<portlist> | all] forward_list [null | all | <portlist>]
show traffic_segmentation {<portlist>}
```

---

## 70-1 config traffic\_segmentation

### Description

This command is used to configure traffic segmentation.

### Format

```
config traffic_segmentation [<portlist> | all] forward_list [null | all | <portlist>]
```

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.  
**all** - Specifies all ports.  
**forward\_list** - Specifies a range of port forwarding domains.  
     **null** - Specifies the range of the port forwarding domain is null.  
     **all** - Specifies all ports.  
     **<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be configured.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure traffic segmentation:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config traffic_segmentation 1-6 forward_list 7-8
Command: config traffic_segmentation 1-6 forward_list 7-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 70-2 show traffic\_segmentation

### Description

This command is used to display the traffic segmentation table.

## Format

**show traffic\_segmentation {<portlist>}**

## Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display all current traffic segmentation tables.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the traffic segmentation table for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show traffic_segmentation 1-3
Command: show traffic_segmentation 1-3

Traffic Segmentation Table

Port  Forward Portlist
----  -
1      1-12
2      1-12
3      1-12

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 71 Utility Commands

---

<b>download</b> [firmware_fromTFTP [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] src_file <path_filename 64> {image_id <int 1-2>}   cfg_fromTFTP [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] src_file <path_filename 64> {[<config_id 1-2>   increment]}]
<b>upload</b> [cfg_toTFTP [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64> {<config_id 1-2>} {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}}}]   log_toTFTP [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64>   attack_log_toTFTP [<ipaddr>   <ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64>]
<b>config configuration</b> <config_id 1-2> [boot_up   delete   active]
<b>show config</b> [[effective   modified   current_config   config_in_nvram <config_id 1-2>] {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include   exclude   begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}}}]   information]
<b>ping</b> <ipaddr> {times <value 1-255>} {timeout <sec 1-99>} {size <value 1-6000>}
<b>ping6</b> <ipv6addr> {times <value 1-255>   size <value 1-6000>   timeout <value 1-99>}
<b>tracroute</b> <ipaddr> {ttl <value 1-60>   port <value 30000-64900>   timeout <sec 1-65535>   probe <value 1-9>}
<b>tracroute6</b> <ipv6addr> {ttl <value 1-60>   port <value 30000-64900>   timeout <sec 1-65535>   probe <value 1-9>}
<b>config firmware image_id</b> <int 1-2> [delete   boot_up]
<b>show firmware information</b>

---

### 71-1 download

#### Description

This command is used to download a new firmware or a switch configuration file.

#### Format

```
download [firmware_fromTFTP [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>] src_file <path_filename 64>
{image_id <int 1-2>} | cfg_fromTFTP [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>] src_file <path_filename 64>
{[<config_id 1-2> | increment]}
```

#### Parameters

---

**firmware\_fromTFTP** - Download and install new firmware on the switch from a TFTP server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the TFTP server.

---

**src\_file** - Specifies the path name and file name of the TFTP server. It can be a relative path name or an absolute path name. If path name is not specified, it refers to the TFTP server path. The maximum length is 64 characters.

**<path\_filename 64>** - Specifies the path name and file name of the TFTP server. It can be a relative path name or an absolute path name. If path name is not specified, it refers to the TFTP server path. The maximum length is 64 characters.

---

**image\_id** - (Optional) Specifies the image ID used here.

**<int 1-2>** - Enter the image ID value used here. This value can either be 1 or 2.

---

**cfg\_fromTFTP** - Download and install new configuration file on the switch from a TFTP server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the TFTP server.

---

---

**src\_file** - Specifies the path name and file name of the TFTP server. It can be a relative path name or an absolute path name. If path name is not specified, it refers to the TFTP server path. The maximum length is 64 characters.

**<path\_filename 64>** - Specifies the path name and file name of the TFTP server. It can be a relative path name or an absolute path name. If path name is not specified, it refers to the TFTP server path. The maximum length is 64 characters.

**<config\_id 1-2>** - (Optional) Enter the configuration ID value used here. This value can either be 1 or 2.

**increment** - (Optional) If increment is specified, then the existing configuration will not be cleared before applying of the new configuration. If it is not specified, then the existing configuration will be cleared before applying of the new configuration.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To download runtime configuration firmware from a TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#download cfg_fromTFTP 10.90.90.90 src_file config.cfg
Command: download cfg_fromTFTP 10.90.90.90 src_file config.cfg

Connecting to server..... Done.
Download configuration..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 71-2 upload

### Description

This command is used to upload a new firmware or a switch configuration file.

### Format

```
upload [cfg_toTFTP [<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64> {<config_id 1-2>}
{[include | exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include |
exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include |
exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}}}] | log_toTFTP
[<ipaddr> | <ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64> | attack_log_toTFTP [<ipaddr> |
<ipv6addr>] dest_file <path_filename 64>]
```

### Parameters

---

**cfg\_toTFTP** - Used to upload a configuration file from a device to a TFTP server.

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.

**<ipv6addr>** - Specifies the IPv6 address of the TFTP server.

**dest\_file** - Specifies the path name on the TFTP server. It can be a relative path name or an absolute path name

**<path\_filename 64>** - Specifies the location of the switch configuration file on the TFTP server. This file will be replaced by the uploaded file from the switch. The maximum length is 64 characters.

**<config\_id 1-2>** - (Optional) Enter the configuration ID used here. This ID must be either 1 or 2.

---

---

<b>include</b> - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>exclude</b> - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>begin</b> - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>include</b> - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>exclude</b> - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>begin</b> - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>include</b> - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>exclude</b> - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.
<b>begin</b> - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>&lt;filter_string 80&gt;</b> - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol. Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.
<b>log_toTFTP</b> - Used to upload a log file from the device to a TFTP server.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the Ipv6 address of the TFTP server.
<b>dest_file</b> - Specifies the path name if the TFTP server.
<b>&lt;path_filename 64&gt;</b> - Specifies the path name if the TFTP server.
<b>attack_log_toTFTP</b> - Used to upload the attack log to a TFTP server.
<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b> - Specifies the IP address of the TFTP server.
<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b> - Specifies the Ipv6 address of the TFTP server.
<b>dest_file</b> - Specifies the path name if the TFTP server.
<b>&lt;path_filename 64&gt;</b> - Specifies the path name if the TFTP server.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To upload the current configuration file to a TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#upload cfg_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file c:\cfg\dgs3710\cfg
Command: upload cfg_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file c:\cfg\dgs3710\cfg

Connecting to server..... Done.
Upload configuration..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To upload all logs to a TFTP server:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#upload log_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file c:\log\dgs3710\log
Command: upload log_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file c:\log\dgs3710\log

Connecting to server..... Done.
Upload log..... Done.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To upload a dangerous log:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# upload attack_log_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file
c:\alert.txt
Command: upload attack_log_toTFTP 10.48.74.121 dest_file c:\alert.txt

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 71-3 config configuration

### Description

This command is used to select a configuration file as the next boot up configuration or to apply a specific configuration to the system.

### Format

**config configuration <config\_id 1-2> [boot\_up | delete | active]**

### Parameters

---

**<config\_id 1-2>** - Enter the configuration file ID on the device file system to use.  
**boot\_up** - Specifies that the specified configuration file will be used as the boot up configuration.  
**delete** - Specifies that the specified configuration file will be deleted.  
**active** - Specifies that the specified configuration file will set as active.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the specific configuration file as boot up:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config configuration 1 boot_up
Command: config configuration 1 boot_up

Success

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 71-4 show config

### Description

This command is used to display configuration information. The output stream of the configuration data can be filtered by the expression specified at the end of the command. The expression can contain up to three multiple filter evaluations. A filter evaluation begins with a filter type (include, exclude, and begin), followed by up to three filter strings (ex: "stp"). A filter string is enclosed by symbol ". The following describes the meaning of the each filter type: include: Includes lines that contain the specified filter string; exclude: Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string; and begin: The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.

The relationship of multiple filter strings following the same filter type is OR. That is, one line is qualified if one of specified filter strings is matched. If more than one filter evaluation is specified, the output of filtered by the former evaluation will be used as the input of the latter evaluation.

### Format

```
show config [[effective | modified | current_config | config_in_nvram <config_id 1-2>]
{[include | exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include
| exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}} {[include |
exclude | begin] <filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80> {<filter_string 80>}}}] | information]
```

### Parameters

---

**effective** - Specifies to display only commands which affects the behavior of the device.

**modified** - Specifies to display only commands which are not from the 'reset' default setting.

**current\_config** - Specifies the to display the current configuration.

**config\_in\_nvram** - Specifies which configuration file. If the configuration ID is not specified, the boot up configuration is implied.

**<config\_id 1-2>** - Enter the configuration ID value used here. This value can either be 1 or 2.

---

**include** - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.

**exclude** - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.

**begin** - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.

---

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

---

**include** - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.

---

---

**exclude** - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.

**begin** - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.

---

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

---

**include** - (Optional) Includes lines that contain the specified filter string.

**exclude** - (Optional) Excludes lines that contain the specified filter string.

**begin** - (Optional) The first line that contains the specified filter string will be the first line of the output.

---

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

**<filter\_string 80>** - (Optional) Specifies a filter string enclosed by the quotation mark symbol.

Thus, the filter string itself cannot contain the quotation mark character. The filter string is case sensitive.

---

**information** - Specifies to display the detailed information of a specified configuration.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To display configuration information:



```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#show config current_config
Command: show config current_config

#-----
#
#                               DGS-3710-12C Fast Ethernet Switch
#                               Configuration
#
#                               Firmware: Build 1.00.029
#                               Copyright(C) 2012 D-Link Corporation. All rights reserved.
#-----

# ENVIRONMENT

config temperature threshold high 79
config temperature threshold low 11
config temperature trap state disable
config temperature log state enable

# BASIC

# ACCOUNT LIST
# ACCOUNT END
# PASSWORD ENCRYPTION
disable password_encryption
CTRL+C  ESC  q Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  ENTER Next Entry  a All

```

## 71-5 ping

### Description

This command is used to send Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo messages to a remote IP address. The remote IP address will then “echo” or return the message. This is used to confirm connectivity between the switch and the remote device.

### Format

**ping <ipaddr> {times <value 1-255>} {timeout <sec 1-99>} {size <value 1-6000>}**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;ipaddr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the IP address of the host.
<b>times</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the number of individual ICMP echo messages to be sent.
<b>&lt;value 1-255&gt;</b>	- Specifies the number of individual ICMP echo messages to be sent. A value of 0 will send an infinite ICMP echo messages. The maximum value is 255. The default is 0
<b>timeout</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the time-out period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 99 seconds can be specified. The default is 1 second.
<b>&lt;sec 1-99&gt;</b>	- Specifies the time-out period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 99 seconds can be specified. The default is 1 second.
<b>size</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the size.
<b>&lt;value 1-6000&gt;</b>	- Enter the size. A value of 1 to 6000 can be specified. The default is 100.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To send ICMP echo message:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#ping 10.0.0.2 size 6000
Command: ping 10.0.0.2 size 6000

Reply from 10.0.0.2, time<10ms
Reply from 10.0.0.2, time<10ms
Reply from 10.0.0.2, time<10ms

Ping Statistics for 10.0.0.2
Packets: Sent =3, Received =3, Lost =0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 71-6 ping6

### Description

This command is used to send Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo messages to a remote IPv6 address. The remote IPv6 address will then “echo” or return the message. This is used to confirm connectivity between the switch and the remote device.

### Format

**ping6 <ipv6addr> {times <value 1-255> | size <value 1-6000> | timeout <value 1-99>}**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b>	- Specifies the IPv6 address of the host.
<b>times</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the number of individual ICMP echo messages to be sent.
<b>&lt;value 1-255&gt;</b>	- Specifies the number of individual ICMP echo messages to be sent. A value of 0 will send an infinite ICMP echo messages. The maximum value is 255. The default is 0.
<b>size</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the size.
<b>&lt;value 1-6000&gt;</b>	- Specifies the size. A value of 1 to 6000 can be specified. The default is 100.
<b>timeout</b>	- (Optional) Specifies the time-out period while waiting for a response from the remote device.
<b>&lt;value 1-99&gt;</b>	- Specifies the time-out period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 99 can be specified. The default is 1 second.

---

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To send ICMP echo message to “3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC” for 10 times:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#ping6 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC times 10 size 6000 timeout
10
Command: ping6 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC times 10 size 6000 timeout 10

Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Reply from 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC, bytes=6000 time<10 ms
Ping Statistics for 3FFE:2::D04D:7878:66D:E5BC
Packets: Sent =10, Received =10, Lost =0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

```

## 71-7 traceroute

### Description

This command is used to trace a route between the switch and a given host on the network.

### Format

```

traceroute <ipaddr> {ttl <value 1-60> | port <value 30000-64900> | timeout <sec 1-65535> |
probe <value 1-9>}

```

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the destination end station.

**ttl** - (Optional) Specifies the time to live value of the trace route request.

**<value 1-60>** - Specifies the time to live value of the trace route request. This is the maximum number of routers that a trace route packet can pass while seeking the network path between two devices. The range for the TTL is 1 to 60 hops. The default value is 30.

**port** - (Optional) Specifies the port number.

**<value 30000-64900>** - Specifies the port number. The value range is from 30000 to 64900. The default is 33435.

**timeout** - (Optional) Specifies the timeout period while waiting for a response from the remote device.

**<sec 1-65535>** - Specifies the timeout period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 65535 seconds can be specified. The default is 5 seconds.

**probe** - (Optional) Specifies the number of probes.

**<value 1-9>** - Specifies the number of probes. The range is from 1 to 9. If unspecified, the default value is 1.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To trace the routed path between the switch and 10.48.74.121:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#tracert 10.48.74.121 probe 3
Command: tracert 10.48.74.121 probe 3

 1  <10 ms.      10.12.73.254
 2  <10 ms.      10.19.68.1
 3  <10 ms.      10.48.74.121

Trace complete.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 71-8 traceroute6

### Description

This command is used to trace the IPv6 routed path between the Switch and a destination end station.

### Format

**traceroute6 <ipv6addr> {ttl <value 1-60> | port <value 30000-64900> | timeout <sec 1-65535> | probe <value 1-9>}**

### Parameters

---

<b>&lt;ipv6addr&gt;</b>	- Specify the IPv6 address of the destination end station.
<b>ttl</b>	- (Optional) Specify the time to live value of the trace route request.
<b>&lt;value 1-60&gt;</b>	- Specify the time to live value of the trace route request. This is the maximum number of routers that a trace route packet can pass while seeking the network path between two devices. The range for the TTL is 1 to 60 hops. The default value is 30.
<b>port</b>	- (Optional) Specify the port number.
<b>&lt;value 30000-64900&gt;</b>	- Specify the port number. The value range is from 30000 to 64900. The default is 33435.
<b>timeout</b>	- (Optional) Specify the timeout period while waiting for a response from the remote device.
<b>&lt;sec 1-65535&gt;</b>	- Specify the timeout period while waiting for a response from the remote device. A value of 1 to 65535 seconds can be specified. The default is 5 seconds.
<b>probe</b>	- (Optional) Specify the number of probes.
<b>&lt;value 1-9&gt;</b>	- Specify the number of probes. The range is from 1 to 9. If unspecified, the default value is 1.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

Trace the IPv6 routed path between the switch and 3000::1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# traceroute6 3000::1 probe 3
Command: traceroute6 3000::1 probe 3
```

```

1 <10 ms.      1345:142::11
2 <10 ms.      2012:14::100
3 <10 ms.      3000::1

```

Trace complete.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

Trace the IPv6 routed path between the switch and 1210:100::11 with port 40000:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin# traceroute6 1210:100::11 port 40000
Command: traceroute6 1210:100::11 port 40000

```

```

1 <10 ms.      3100::25
2 <10 ms.      4130::100
3 <10 ms.      1210:100::11

```

Trace complete.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

## 71-9 config firmware image\_id

### Description

This command is used to configure or remove the firmware.

### Format

**config firmware image\_id <int 1-2> [delete | boot\_up]**

### Parameters

**<int 1-2>** - Enter the firmware image ID value here. This value must be either 1 or 2.

**delete** - Specifies to remove the selected firmware.

**boot\_up** - Specifies to use the selected firmware as the boot-up firmware.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure firmware image ID number 1 to be the boot-up firmware:

```

DGS-3710-12C:admin#config firmware image_id 1 boot_up
Command: config firmware image_id 1 boot_up

```

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#

## 71-10 show firmware information

### Description

This command is used to display the firmware section information.

### Format

**show firmware information**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the firmware section information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show firmware information
Command: show firmware information

Image ID   : 1(Boot up firmware)
Version    : 1.00.029
Size       : 3382242 Bytes
Update Time: 2000/03/01 07:32:11
From       : 192.168.69.66
User       : Guest(WEB)

Image ID   : 2
Version    : 1.00.007
Size       : 3362943 Bytes
Update Time: 2000/01/16 08:56:16
From       : 10.55.68.150
User       : Guest(Console)

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## Chapter 72 VLAN Commands

<b>create vlan</b> <vlan_name 32> tag <vlanid 2-4094> {type 1q_vlan advertisement}
<b>create vlan</b> <b>vlanid</b> <vidlist> {advertisement}
<b>delete vlan</b> <vlan_name 32>
<b>delete vlan</b> <b>vlanid</b> <vidlist>
<b>config vlan</b> <vlan_name 32> {[add [ tagged   untagged   forbidden ]   delete ] <portlist>   advertisement [ enable   disable ]} (1)
<b>config vlan</b> <b>vlanid</b> <vidlist> {[ add [ tagged   untagged   forbidden ]   delete ] <portlist>   advertisement [ enable   disable ]   name <vlan_name 32>} (1)
<b>config port_vlan</b> <portlist>   all] {gvrp_state [enable   disable]   ingress_checking [enable   disable]   acceptable_frame [tagged_only   admit_all]   pvid <vlanid 1- 4094>} (1)
<b>show port_vlan</b> {<portlist>}
<b>config gvrp</b> [timer [join   leave   leaveall] <value 100-100000>   nni_bpdu_addr [dot1d   dot1ad]]
<b>enable gvrp</b>
<b>disable gvrp</b>
<b>show vlan</b> {<vlan_name 32>}
<b>show vlan</b> <b>vlanid</b> <vidlist>
<b>show vlan ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show gvrp</b>
<b>create vlan_counter</b> [vlan <vlan_name>   vlanid <vidlist>] {ports [<portlist>   all]} [all_frame   broadcast   multicast   unicast] {packet   byte}
<b>delete vlan_counter</b> [all   [vlan <vlan_name>   vlanid <vidlist>] [all   ports <portlist> [all   [all_frame   broadcast   multicast   unicast] {packet   byte}]]]
<b>clear vlan_counter statistics</b> [all   [vlan <vlan_name>   vlanid <vidlist>] [all   ports <portlist>]]
<b>show vlan_counter</b> {[vlan <vlan_name>   vlanid <vidlist>]}
<b>show vlan_counter statistics</b> {[vlan <vlan_name>   vlanid <vidlist>] {ports <portlist>}}
<b>enable pvid auto_assign</b>
<b>disable pvid auto_assign</b>
<b>show pvid auto_assign</b>
<b>enable vlan_monitor target_port</b> <port> source_port <port>
<b>disable vlan_monitor</b>
<b>show vlan_monitor</b>

### 72-1 create vlan

#### Description

This command is used to create a VLAN on the switch. The VLAN ID must be always specified for creating a VLAN.

#### Format

```
create vlan <vlan_name 32> tag <vlanid 2-4094> {type 1q_vlan advertisement}
```

#### Parameters

**<vlan\_name 32 >** - Specifies the name of the VLAN to be created. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**tag** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the VLAN to be created.

**<vlanid 2-4094>** - The range is from 2 to 4094.

**type** - (Optional) Specifies the type of VLAN to be created.

---

**1q\_vlan** - Specifies the VLAN is a 802.1q VLAN.

**advertisement** - Specifies to allow the Switch sending out GVRP packets to outside sources, notifying that they may join the existing VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a VLAN with the name “v2” and VLAN ID 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan v2 tag 2 type 1q_vlan advertisement
Command: create vlan v2 tag 2 type 1q_vlan advertisement

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To create a private VLAN with the name “v3” and VLAN ID 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan v3 tag 3 type private_vlan
Command: create vlan v3 tag 3 type private_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-2 create vlan vlanid

### Description

This command is used to create a VLAN on the switch. The VLAN ID must be always specified for creating a VLAN.

### Format

**create vlan vlanid <vidlist> {advertisement}**

### Parameters

---

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the VLAN to be created.

**advertisement** - (Optional) Specifies to allow the Switch sending out GVRP packets to outside sources, notifying that they may join the existing VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To create a VLAN with VLAN ID 2:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan v1 2 advertisement
Command: create vlan v1 2 type advertisement

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-3 delete vlan

### Description

This command is used to delete a previously configured VLAN on the switch.

### Format

**delete vlan <vlan\_name 32>**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the VLAN name of the VLAN to be deleted. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To remove VLAN v1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete vlan v1
Command: delete vlan v1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-4 delete vlan vlanid

### Description

This command is used to delete a previously configured VLAN ID on the switch.

### Format

**delete vlan vlanid <vidlist>**

### Parameters

---

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a range of VLAN ID to be deleted.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To remove a VLAN ID 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete vlan vlanid 2
Command: delete vlan vlanid 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-5 config vlan

### Description

This command is used to add or delete ports to or from the port list of a previously configured VLAN. Users can specify the additional ports as tagged, untagged, or forbidden.

### Format

**config vlan <vlan\_name 32> {[add [ tagged | untagged | forbidden] | delete ] <portlist> | advertisement [enable | disable]} (1)**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the VLAN to add or delete ports to. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

**add** - Specifies the port attribute to add.

**tagged** - Specifies the additional ports as tagged.

**untagged** - Specifies the additional ports as untagged.

**forbidden** - Specifies the ports to be forbidden from becoming members of the VLAN dynamically and not able to forward packets in this VLAN.

---

**delete** - Specifies the port status to delete.

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to add or delete to the VLAN.

---

**advertisement** - Specifies to send GVRP out for this VLAN or not. If not, the VLAN cannot be joined dynamically.

**enable** - Specifies to enable GVRP.

**disable** - Specifies to disable GVRP.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add 4 through 8 as tagged ports to the VLAN v1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan v1 add tagged 4-8
Command: config vlan v1 add tagged 4-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete ports 4 through 8 from VLAN v1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan v1 delete 4-8
Command: config vlan v1 delete 4-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable the VLAN default advertisement:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan default advertisement enable
Command: config vlan default advertisement enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-6 config vlan vlanid

### Description

This command is used to add or delete ports to the port list of a previously configured VLAN. Users can specify the additional ports as tagged, untagged, or forbidden.

### Format

```
config vlan vlanid <vidlist> {[add [ tagged | untagged | forbidden ] | delete ] <portlist> |
advertisement [enable | disable] | name <vlan_name 32>} (1)
```

### Parameters

<b>&lt;vidlist&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN ID of the VLAN to add or delete ports to.
<b>add</b> - Specifies the port attribute to add.
<b>tagged</b> - Specifies the additional ports as tagged.
<b>untagged</b> - Specifies the additional ports as untagged.
<b>forbidden</b> - Specifies the ports to be forbidden from becoming members of the VLAN dynamically and not able to forward packets in this VLAN.
<b>delete</b> - Specifies the port status to delete.
<b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a range of ports to add or delete to the VLAN.
<b>advertisement</b> - Specifies to send GVRP out for this VLAN or not. If not, the VLAN cannot be joint dynamically.
<b>enable</b> - Specifies to enable GVRP.
<b>disable</b> - Specifies to disable GVRP.
<b>name</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>&lt;vlan_name 32&gt;</b> - The maximum length is 32 characters.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To add 4 through 8 as tagged ports to the VLAN 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan vlanid 1 add tagged 4-8
Command: config vlan vlanid 1 add tagged 4-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To delete ports 4 through 8 from VLAN 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan vlanid 1 delete 4-8
Command: config vlan vlanid 1 delete 4-8

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To enable the VLAN default advertisement:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config vlan vlanid default advertisement enable
Command: config vlan vlanid default advertisement enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-7 config port\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to set the ingress checking status and the sending and receiving of GVRP information.

### Format

**config port\_vlan** [<portlist> | all] {gvrp\_state [enable | disable] | ingress\_checking [enable | disable] | acceptable\_frame [tagged\_only | admit\_all] | pvid <vlanid 1- 4094>} (1)

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to be set.

**all** - Specifies to make all ports to be set.

**gvrp\_state** - Specifies if the port is allowed to dynamically become a member of a VLAN when receiving GVRP.

**enable** - Enable GVRP for the ports specified in the port list.

**disable** - Disable GVRP for the ports specified in the port list.

---

---

**ingress\_checking** - When ingress checking is enabled, the Switch checks if the incoming packet was assigned a VLAN on which the ingress port is a VLAN member. If the incoming packet and the ingress port are not in the same VLAN, the packet will be dropped.

**enable** - Enable ingress checking for the specified port list.

**disable** - Disable ingress checking for the specified port list.

---

**acceptable\_frame** - Specifies the type of frame that will be accepted by the port.

**tagged\_only** - Only tagged frame will be received.

**admit\_all** - Both tagged and untagged frames will be accepted.

---

**pvid** - Specifies the Port VID (PVID) that will be associated with the port.

**<vlanid 1- 4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the port VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config port_vlan 1-5 gvrp_state enable ingress_checking
enable acceptable_frame tagged_only pvid 2
Command: config port_vlan 1-5 gvrp_state enable ingress_checking enable
acceptable_frame tagged_only pvid 2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-8 show port\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to display the GVRP status for a port list on the switch.

### Format

**show port\_vlan {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to be displayed.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display GVRP information for all ports.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display 802.1q port settings for ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show port_vlan 1-3
Command: show port_vlan 1-3

Port      PVID   GVRP      Ingress Checking  Acceptable Frame Type
-----
1         1      Disabled  Enabled           All Frames
2         1      Disabled  Enabled           All Frames
3         1      Disabled  Enabled           All Frames

Total Entries : 3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-9 config gvrp

### Description

This command is used to set the GVRP timer's value.

### Format

```
config gvrp [timer [join | leave | leaveall] <value 100-100000> | nni_bpdu_addr [dot1d | dot1ad]]
```

### Parameters

**timer** – Specifies GVRP timer.

**join** - Specifies the Join time will be set. The default value is 200 milliseconds.

**leave** - Specifies the Leave time will be set. The default value is 600 milliseconds.

**leaveall** - Specifies the LeaveAll time. The default value is 10000 milliseconds.

**<value 100-100000>** - Specifies the time value. The value range is 100 to 100000 milliseconds. In addition, the Leave time should greater than 2 Join times and the LeaveAll time should greater than Leave time.

**nni\_bpdu\_addr** - Determine the BPDU protocol address for GVRP in service provide site. It can use 802.1d GVRP address, or 802.1ad service provider GVRP address.

**dot1d** - Specifies a 802.1d GVRP address.

**dot1ad** - Specifies a 802.1ad service provider GVRP address.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set the Join time to 200 milliseconds:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config gvrp timer join 200
Command: config gvrp timer join 200

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-10 enable gvrp

### Description

This command is used to enable the Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP). The default is disabled.

### Format

**enable gvrp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP):

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable gvrp
Command: enable gvrp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-11 disable gvrp

### Description

This command is used to disable Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP).

### Format

**disable gvrp**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP):

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable gvrp
Command: disable gvrp

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-12 show vlan

### Description

This command is used to display summary information about each VLAN, which includes: VLAN ID, VLAN Name, Tagged/Untagged/Forbidden status for each port, and Member/Non-member status for each port.

### Format

**show vlan {<vlan\_name 32>}**

### Parameters

---

**<vlan\_name 32>** - (Optional) Specifies the name of the VLAN to be displayed. The maximum length is 32 characters.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display VLAN settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan
Command: show vlan

VID                : 1                VLAN Name          : default
VLAN Type           : RSPAN VLAN       Advertisement      : Enabled
Member Ports       : 1-12
Static Ports       : 1-12
Current Tagged Ports :
Current Untagged Ports: 1-12
Static Tagged Ports :
Static Untagged Ports : 1-12
Forbidden Ports     :

Total Static VLAN Entries: 1
Total GVRP VLAN Entries: 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```



## 72-13 show vlan vlanid

**Description**

This command is used to display summary information about each VLAN, which includes: VLAN ID, VLAN Name, Tagged/Untagged/Forbidden status for each port, and Member/Non-member status for each port.

**Format**

**show vlan vlanid <vidlist>**

**Parameters**


---

**<vidlist>** - Specifies the VLAN ID number to be displayed.

---

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display VLAN settings for VLAN ID 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan vlanid 1
Command: show vlan vlanid 1

VID           : 1                VLAN Name      : default
VLAN Type     : RSPAN VLAN      Advertisement  : Enabled
Member Ports  : 1-12
Static Ports  : 1-12
Current Tagged Ports :
Current Untagged Ports: 1-12
Static Tagged Ports :
Static Untagged Ports : 1-12
Forbidden Ports :

Total Entries : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-14 show vlan ports

**Description**

This command is used to display summary information about Tagged, Untagged, and Forbidden status for each port.

**Format**

**show vlan ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports for which you want to display VLAN. The beginning and end of the port list range are separated by a dash.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display VLAN port settings:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan ports 1-2
Command: show vlan ports 1-2

Port      VID      Untagged  Tagged    Dynamic  Forbidden
-----
1         1        X         -         -        -
2         1        X         -         -        -

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

72-15 show gvrp

**Description**

This command is used to display the GVRP status for the switch.

**Format**

**show gvrp**

**Parameters**

None.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the GVRP status of the switch:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show gvrp
Command: show gvrp

Global GVRP      : Disabled
Join Time       : 200 Milliseconds
Leave Time       : 600 Milliseconds
LeaveAll Time    : 10000 Milliseconds
NNI BPDU Address: dot1d

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-16 create vlan\_counter

### Description

This command is used to create control entries to count statistics for specific VLANs, or to count statistics for specific ports on a specific VLAN. The statistics can be either byte count or packet count. The statistics can be counted for different frame types.

### Format

**create vlan\_counter [vlan <vlan\_name> | vlanid <vidlist>] {ports [<portlist> | all]} [all\_frame | broadcast | multicast | unicast] {packet | byte}**

### Parameters

---

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN name.  
**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.  
**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

---

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies to enable to count statistics by a specific port on a specific VLAN.  
**<portlist>** - Specifies the port list.  
**all** - Specifies to count statistics for all ports for a specific VLAN.

---

**all\_frame** - Specifies to count statistics for all packets.

---

**broadcast** - Specifies to count broadcast packets.

---

**multicast** - Specifies to count multicast packets.

---

**unicast** - Specifies to count unicast packets.

---

**packet** - (Optional) Specifies to count at the packet level.

---

**byte** - (Optional) Specifies to count at the byte level.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To begin counting at the packet level for broadcast packets for VLAN 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#create vlan_counter vlanid 1 broadcast packet
Command: create vlan_counter vlanid 1 broadcast packet

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-17 delete vlan\_counter

### Description

This command is used to delete the control entries for VLAN traffic flow statistics.

### Format

```
delete vlan_counter [all | [vlan <vlan_name> | vlanid <vidlist>] [all | ports <portlist> [all |
all_frame | broadcast | multicast | unicast] {packet | byte}]]]
```

### Parameters

---

**all** - Specifies to delete all VLAN statistics control entries.

**vlan** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**vlanid** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**all** - Specifies to delete statistics counter for all ports.

**ports** - Specifies to disable to count statistics by a specific port on a specific VLAN.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port list.

**all** - Specifies to stop the counting of all the categories below.

**all\_frame** - Specifies to stop the counting of all packets.

**broadcast** - Specifies to stop the counting of broadcast packets.

**multicast** - Specifies to stop the counting of multicast packets.

**unicast** - Specifies to stop the counting of unicast packets.

**packet** - (Optional) Specifies to stop packet level counting.

**byte** - (Optional) Specifies to stop byte level counting.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To stop the counting at the packet level for all packet types for VLAN 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete vlan_counter vlanid 1 all
Command: delete vlan_counter vlanid 1 all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-18 clear vlan\_counter statistics

**Description**

This command is used to clear statistics gathered by VLAN counters.

**Format**

**clear vlan\_counter statistics [all | [vlan <vlan\_name> | vlanid <vidlist>] [all | ports <portlist>]]**

**Parameters**

<b>all</b> - Specifies to clear all VLAN statistics.
<b>vlan</b> - Specifies the VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>vlanid</b> - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vidlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.
<b>all</b> - Specifies to clear statistics counters for all ports on a specific VLAN.
<b>ports</b> - Specifies to clear statistics counters by a specific port on a specific VLAN. <b>&lt;portlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a port list.

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To clear counter statistics for all VLANs:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#clear vlan_counter statistics all
Command: clear vlan_counter statistics all

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-19 show vlan\_counter

**Description**

This command is used to display the VLAN counter rules.

**Format**

**show vlan\_counter {[vlan <vlan\_name> | vlanid <vidlist>]}**

**Parameters**

<b>vlan</b> - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name. <b>&lt;vlan_name&gt;</b> - Specifies the VLAN name.
<b>vlanid</b> - (Optional) Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID. <b>&lt;vidlist&gt;</b> - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.



**Note:** If no VLAN is specified, all VLAN counters will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the VLAN counter rules for VLAN IDs 1 and 2:

```
Command: show vlan_counter vlanid 1-2
```

VLAN ID	Ports	Packet Type	Counter Type
1		Broadcast	Packet Count
1		Broadcast	Byte Count
1		Multicast	Packet Count
1		Unicast	Byte Count
1		All Frame	Packet Count
1	2,5-7	Broadcast	Byte Count
1	1-12	Multicast	Packet Count
1	1-6	Unicast	Byte Count
1	1,3,5	All Frame	Packet Count
2		All Frame	Packet Count
2	1-3	Broadcast	Packet Count
2	2-4	Multicast	Packet Count
2	2,3-6	Unicast	Byte Count
2	3,7	All Frame	Byte Count

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-20 show vlan\_counter statistics

### Description

This command is used to display the VLAN level receives packet or receive byte statistics.

### Format

```
show vlan_counter statistics [{vlan <vlan_name> | vlanid <vidlist>] {ports <portlist>}}
```

### Parameters

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name>** - Specifies the VLAN name.

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**<vidlist>** - Specifies a list of VLANs by VLAN ID.

**ports** - (Optional) Specifies to clear statistics counters by a specific port on a specific VLAN.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a port list.



**Note:** If no VLAN is specified, statistics for all VLANs will be displayed.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To display the VLAN counter statistics for VLAN ID 1 and 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan_counter statistics vlanid 1-2
Command: show vlan_counter statistics vlanid 1-2
```

VLAN	Port	Type	RX Frames/ RX Bytes	Frames Per Sec / Bytes Per Sec
1	-	Broadcast(Byte)	1211	103
1	-	Multicast(Byte)	111	10
1	1	Broadcast(Byte)	80	7
1	8	Broadcast(Byte)	30	8

```

CTRL+C  ESC  c Quit  SPACE  n Next Page  p Previous Page  r Refresh

```

## 72-21 enable pvid auto\_assign

### Description

This command is used to enable the auto-assignment of PVID. If auto-assign PVID is disabled, PVID can only be changed by PVID configuration (user changes explicitly). The VLAN configuration will not automatically change PVID. If Auto-assign PVID is enabled, PVID can be changed by PVID or VLAN configuration. When a user configures a port to VLAN X's untagged membership, this port's PVID will be updated with VLAN X. PVID is updated with the last item of the VLAN list. When a user removes a port from the untagged membership of the PVID's VLAN, the port's PVID will be assigned with "default VLAN".

### Format

**enable pvid auto\_assign**

### Parameters

None. The default setting is enabled.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the auto-assign PVID:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable pvid auto_assign
Command: enable pvid auto_assign

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-22 disable pvid auto\_assign

### Description

The command is used to disable the auto-assignment of PVID. If auto-assign PVID is disabled, PVID can only be changed by PVID configuration (user changes explicitly). The VLAN configuration will not automatically change PVID. If auto-assign PVID is enabled, PVID can be changed by PVID or VLAN configuration. When a user configures a port to VLAN X's untagged membership, this port's PVID will be updated with VLAN X. PVID is updated with the last item of the VLAN list. When a user removes a port from the untagged membership of the PVID's VLAN, the port's PVID will be assigned with "default VLAN".

### Format

**disable pvid auto\_assign**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the auto-assign PVID:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable pvid auto_assign
Command: disable pvid auto_assign

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-23 show pvid auto\_assign

### Description

This command is used to display the PVID auto-assign state.

### Format

**show pvid auto\_assign**



### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display the PVID auto-assignment state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show pvid auto_assign

PVID Auto-assignment: Enabled.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-24 enable vlan\_monitor target\_port

### Description

This command is used to enable the VLAN monitor function.

### Format

**enable vlan\_monitor target\_port <port> source\_port <port>**

### Parameters

---

**target\_port** - Specifies the target port number used.

**<port>** - Enter the target port number used here.

---

**source\_port** - Specifies the source port number used.

**<port>** - Enter the source port number used here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To monitor traffic from port 3 to port 1:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable vlan_monitor target_port 1 source_port 3
Command: enable vlan_monitor target_port 1 source_port 3

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-25 disable vlan\_monitor

### Description

This command is used to disable the VLAN monitor function.

### Format

**disable vlan\_monitor**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the VLAN monitor function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable vlan_monitor
Command: disable vlan_monitor

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 72-26 show vlan\_monitor

### Description

This command is used to display the entries for VLAN monitor.

### Format

**show vlan\_monitor**

### Parameters

None

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display VLAN monitor:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show vlan_monitor
Command: show vlan_monitor

Vlan Monitor State:Enabled
Target Port:1
Source port:3

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 73 Voice VLAN

## Commands

<b>enable voice_vlan</b> [<vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]
<b>disable voice_vlan</b>
<b>config voice_vlan priority</b> <int 0-7>
<b>config voice_vlan oui</b> [add <macaddr> <macmask> {description <desc 32>}   delete <macaddr> <macmask>]
<b>config voice_vlan ports</b> [<portlist>   all] [state [enable   disable]   mode [auto   manual]]
<b>config voice_vlan log state</b> [enable   disable]
<b>config voice_vlan aging_time</b> <min 1-65535>
<b>show voice_vlan</b>
<b>show voice_vlan oui</b>
<b>show voice_vlan ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show voice_vlan voice_device ports</b> {<portlist>}

### 73-1 enable voice\_vlan

#### Description

This command is used to enable the global voice VLAN function on a switch. To enable the voice VLAN, the voice VLAN must be also assigned. At the same time, the VLAN must be an existing static 802.1Q VLAN. To change the voice VLAN, the user must disable the voice VLAN function, and re-issue this command. By default, the global voice VLAN state is disabled.

#### Format

**enable voice\_vlan** [<vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]

#### Parameters

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the name of the voice VLAN. The maximum length is 32 characters. The name must be an existing static VLAN name.

**vlanid** - Specifies the VLAN ID of the voice VLAN. The ID must be an existing static VLAN ID.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the VLAN ID between 1 and 4094.

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable voice VLAN named v2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable voice_vlan v2
Command: enable voice_vlan v2

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-2 disable voice\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to disable the voice VLAN function on a switch. When the voice VLAN function is disabled, the voice VLAN will become unassigned.

### Format

**disable voice\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable voice VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable voice_vlan
Command: disable voice_vlan

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-3 config voice\_vlan priority

### Description

This command is used to configure voice VLAN priority. The voice VLAN priority will be the priority associated with the voice VLAN traffic to distinguish the QoS of the voice traffic from data traffic.

### Format

**config voice\_vlan priority <int 0-7>**

### Parameters

---

**<int 0-7>** - Specifies the priority of the voice VLAN. The range is 0 to 7. The default priority is 5.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To set the priority of the voice VLAN to be six:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan priority 6
Command: config voice_vlan priority 6

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-4 config voice\_vlan oui

### Description

This command is used to configure the user-defined voice traffic's OUI. The OUI is used to identify the voice traffic. There are a number of pre-defined OUIs. The user can further define the user-defined OUIs if needed. The user-defined OUI cannot be the same as the pre-defined OUI. The following are the pre-defined voice traffic's OUI:

OUI	Vendor	Mnemonic Name
00:E0:BB	3COM	3com
00:03:6B	Cisco	cisco
00:E0:75	Veritel	veritel
00:D0:1E	Pingtel	pingtel
00:01:E3	Siemens	siemens
00:60:B9	NEC/ Philips	nec&philips
00:0F:E2	Huawei-3COM	huawei&3com
00:09:6E	Avaya	avaya

### Format

**config voice\_vlan oui** [add <macaddr> <macmask> {description <desc 32>} | delete <macaddr> <macmask>]

### Parameters

**add** - Specifies to add a user-defined OUI of Voice device vendor.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the user-defined OUI MAC address to add here.

**<macmask>** - Enter the user-defined OUI MAC address mask to add here.

**description** - (Optional) Specifies a description for the user-defined OUI.

**<desc 32>** - Specifies a description for the user-defined OUI. The maximum length is 32 characters.

**delete** - Specifies to delete a user-defined OUI of Voice device vendor.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the user-defined OUI MAC address to delete here.

---

**<macmask>** - Enter the user-defined OUI MAC address mask to delete here.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To add a user-defined OUI of a voice device:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan oui add 00-0A-0B-00-00-00 FF-FF-FF-00-00-00
Command: config voice_vlan oui add 00-0A-0B-00-00-00 FF-FF-FF-00-00-00

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-5 config voice\_vlan ports

### Description

This command is used to enable or disable the voice VLAN function on ports or mode per port.

### Format

**config voice\_vlan ports** [**<portlist>** | **all**] [**state** [**enable** | **disable**] | **mode** [**auto** | **manual**]]

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to set.

**all** - Specifies to set all ports.

**state** - Specifies the voice VLAN function state on ports. The default state is disabled.

**enable** - Specifies to enable the voice VLAN function state on ports.

**disable** - Specifies to disable the voice VLAN function state on ports.

**mode** - The voice VLAN mode. The default mode is auto.

**auto** - When the mode is auto, the port may become the voice VLAN member port by auto-learning. If the MAC address of the received packet matches the configured OUI, the port will be learned as dynamic member port. The dynamic membership will be removed via the aging out mechanism.

**manual** - When the mode is set to manual, the port needs to be manually added into or removed from the voice VLAN by 802.1Q VLAN configuration command.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure voice VLAN ports 4 to 6 to enable:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan ports 4-6 state enable
Command: config voice_vlan ports 4-6 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To set voice VLAN ports 4 to 6 to auto mode:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan ports 4-6 mode auto
Command: config voice_vlan ports 4-6 mode auto

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 73-6 config voice\_vlan log state

#### Description

This command is used to configure the voice VLAN log state.

#### Format

**config voice\_vlan log state [enable | disable]**

#### Parameters

---

**enable** - Specifies to enable the voice VLAN log state.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the voice VLAN log state.

---

#### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

#### Example

To enable the voice VLAN log state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan log state enable
Command: config voice_vlan log state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

### 73-7 config voice\_vlan aging\_time

#### Description

This command is used to set the aging time of the voice VLAN. The aging time is used to remove a port from voice VLAN if the port is an automatic VLAN member. When the last voice device stops sending traffic and the MAC address of this voice device is aged out, the voice VLAN aging



timer will be started. The port will be removed from the voice VLAN after expiration of voice VLAN aging timer. If the voice traffic resumes during the aging time, the aging timer will be reset and stop.

### Format

**config voice\_vlan aging\_time <min 1-65535>**

### Parameters

---

**<min 1-65535>** - Specifies the aging time. The range is 1 to 65535 minutes. The default value is 720 minutes.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To set 60 minutes as the aging time of voice VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config voice_vlan aging_time 60
Command: config voice_vlan aging_time 60

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-8 show voice\_vlan

### Description

This command is used to display voice VLAN global information.

### Format

**show voice\_vlan**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display voice VLAN information:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show voice_vlan
Command: show voice_vlan

Voice VLAN State      : Disabled
Voice VLAN            : Unassigned
Priority              : 5
Aging Time           : 720 minutes
Log State             : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-9 show voice\_vlan oui

### Description

This command is used to display the OUI information for voice VLAN.

### Format

**show voice\_vlan oui**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display voice VLAN OUI:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show voice_vlan oui
Command: show voice_vlan oui

OUI Address          Mask                Description
-----
00-01-E3-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Siemens
00-03-6B-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Cisco
00-09-6E-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Avaya
00-0F-E2-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Huawei&3COM
00-60-B9-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   NEC&Phillips
00-D0-1E-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Pingtel
00-E0-75-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   Veritel
00-E0-BB-00-00-00   FF-FF-FF-00-00-00   3COM

Total Entries: 8

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-10 show voice\_vlan ports

**Description**

This command is used to display port voice VLAN information.

**Format**

**show voice\_vlan ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to display.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, all voice VLAN port information will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display voice VLAN ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show voice_vlan ports 1-3
Command: show voice_vlan ports 1-3

Ports   Status      Mode
-----  -
1       Disabled    Auto
2       Disabled    Auto
3       Disabled    Auto

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 73-11 show voice\_vlan voice\_device ports

**Description**

This command is used to show voice devices that are connected to the ports. The start time is the time when the device is detected on this port and the activate time is the latest time when the device sends the traffic.

**Format**

**show voice\_vlan voice\_device ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**


---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of ports to display.

---



**Note:** If no parameter is specified, the system will display the connected Voice device of all ports.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display voice VLAN device ports 1 to 2:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show voice_vlan voice_device ports 1-2
Command: show voice_vlan voice_device ports 1-2

Ports   Voice Device           Start Time             Last Active Time
-----  -
Total Entries : 0

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Chapter 74 Web-based Access Control (WAC) Commands

<b>enable wac</b>
<b>disable wac</b>
<b>config wac authorization attributes</b> {radius [enable   disable]   local [enable   disable]}(1)
<b>config wac ports</b> [<portlist>   all] {state [enable   disable]   aging_time [infinite   <min 1-1440>]   idle_time [infinite   <min 1-1440>]   block_time [<sec 0-300>]}(1)
<b>config wac method</b> [local   radius]
<b>config wac default_redirpath</b> <string 128>
<b>config wac clear_default_redirpath</b>
<b>config wac virtual_ip</b> <ipaddr>
<b>config wac switch_http_port</b> <tcp_port_number 1-65535> {[http   https]}
<b>create wac user</b> <username 15> {[vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}
<b>delete wac</b> [user <username 15>   all_users]
<b>config wac user</b> <username 15> [vlan <vlan_name 32>   vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>   clear_vlan]
<b>show wac</b>
<b>show wac ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>show wac user</b>
<b>show wac auth_state ports</b> {<portlist>}
<b>clear wac auth_state</b> [ports [<portlist>   all] {authenticated   authenticating   blocked}   macaddr <macaddr>]

## 74-1 enable wac

### Description

This command is used to enable the WAC function.

### Format

**enable wac**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To enable the WAC function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#enable wac
Command: enable wac

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-2 disable wac

### Description

This command is used to disable the WAC function.

### Format

**disable wac**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To disable the WAC function:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#disable wac
Command: disable wac

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-3 config wac authorization attributes

### Description

This command is used to configure the acceptance of an authorized configuration. When the authorization is enabled for WAC's RADIUS, the authorized data assigned by the RADIUS server will be accepted if the global authorization network is enabled. When the authorization is enabled for WAC's local, the authorized data assigned by the local database will be accepted.

### Format

**config wac authorization attributes {radius [enable | disable] | local [enable | disable]}(1)**

## Parameters

- 
- radius** - If specified to enable, the authorized data assigned by the RADIUS server will be accepted if the global authorization network is enabled. The default state is enabled.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable authorized data assigned by the RADIUS server to be accepted.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable authorized data assigned by the RADIUS server from being accepted.
- 
- local** - If specified to enable, the authorized data assigned by the local database will be accepted if the global authorization network is enabled. The default state is enabled.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable authorized data assigned by the local database to be accepted.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable authorized data assigned by the local database from being accepted.
- 

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To configure the acceptance of an authorized configuration:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config wac authorization attributes local disable
Command: config wac authorization attributes local disable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-4 config wac ports

### Description

This command is used to configure the WAC port parameters.

### Format

**config wac ports** [<portlist> | all] {state [enable | disable] | aging\_time [infinite | <min 1-1440>] | idle\_time [infinite | <min 1-1440>] | block\_time [<sec 0-300>]}(1)

## Parameters

- 
- <portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports to configure.  
**all** - Specifies to configure all ports.
- 
- state** - Specifies to enable or disable the WAC state.  
**enable** - Specifies to enable the WAC state.  
**disable** - Specifies to disable the WAC state.
- 
- aging\_time** - Specifies a time period during which an authenticated host will be kept in authenticated state. The default value is 1440 minutes.  
**infinite** - Specifies to indicate the authenticated host on the port will not ageout.  
**<min 1-1440>** - Specifies an ageout value between 1 and 1440 minutes.
- 
- idle\_time** - Specifies a time period after which an authenticated host will be moved to un-authenticated state if there is no traffic during that period. The default value is infinite.  
**infinite** - Specifies to indicate the host will not be removed from the authenticated state due to idle of traffic.  
**<min 1-1440>** - Specifies an idle time between 1 and 1440 minutes.
- 
- block\_time** - If a host fails to pass the authentication, it will be blocked for this period of time
-

---

before it can be re-authenticated. The default value is 60 seconds.  
**<sec 0-300>** - Specifies a block time between 0 and 300 seconds.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the WAC port state:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config wac ports 1-8 state enable
Command: config wac ports 1-8 state enable

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

To configure the WAC port aging time:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config wac ports 1-5 aging_time 200
Command: config wac ports 1-5 aging_time 200

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-5 config wac method

### Description

This command is used to allow specification of the RADIUS protocol used by WAC to complete RADIUS authentication. WAC shares other RADIUS configuration with 802.1X. When using this command to set the RADIUS protocol, users must make sure the RADIUS server added by the config radius command supports the protocol.

### Format

**config wac method [local | radius]**

### Parameters

---

**local** - Specifies the authentication will be done via the local database.  
**radius** - Specifies the authentication will be done via the RADIUS server.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the WAC authentication method:



```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config wac method radius
Command: config wac method radius

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-6 config wac default\_redirpath

### Description

This command is used to configure the WAC default redirect path. If default redirect path is configured, the user will be redirected to the default redirect path after successful authentication. When the string is cleared, the client will not be redirected to another URL after successful authentication.

### Format

**config wac default\_redirpath <string 128>**

### Parameters

---

**<string 128>** - Specifies the URL that the client will be redirected to after successful authentication. By default, the redirected path is cleared.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the WAC default redirect path:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#config wac default_redirpath http://www.dlink.com
Command: config wac default_redirpath http://www.dlink.com

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-7 config wac clear\_default\_redirpath

### Description

This command is used to clear the WAC default redirect path. When the string is cleared, the client will not be redirected to another URL after successful authentication.

### Format

**config wac clear\_default\_redirpath**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear the WAC default redirect path:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config wac clear_default_redirpath
Command: config wac clear_default_redirpath

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-8 config wac virtual\_ip

### Description

This command is used to configure the WAC virtual IP address. When virtual IP is specified, the TCP packets sent to the virtual IP will get a reply. If virtual IP is enabled, TCP packets sent to the virtual IP or physical IPIF's IP address will both get the reply. When virtual IP is set 0.0.0.0, the virtual IP will be disabled. By default, the virtual IP is 0.0.0.0. The virtual IP will not respond to any ARP requests or ICMP packets. To make this function work properly, the virtual IP should not be an existing IP address. It also cannot be located on an existing subnet.

### Format

**config wac virtual\_ip <ipaddr>**

### Parameters

---

**<ipaddr>** - Specifies the IP address of the virtual IP.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the WAC virtual IP address used to accept authentication requests from unauthenticated hosts:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config wac virtual_ip 1.1.1.1
Command: config wac virtual_ip 1.1.1.1

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-9 config wac switch\_http\_port

**Description**

This command is used to configure the TCP port which the WAC switch listens to. The TCP port for HTTP or HTTPS is used to identify the HTTP or HTTPS packets that will be trapped to CPU for authentication processing, or to access the login page. If not specified, the default port number for HTTP is 80, and the default port number for HTTPS is 443. If no protocol is specified, the protocol is HTTP.

**Format**

**config wac switch\_http\_port <tcp\_port\_number 1-65535> {[http | https]}**

**Parameters**

**<tcp\_port\_number 1-65535>** - Specifies a TCP port which the WAC switch listens to and uses to finish the authenticating process.

**http** - (Optional) Specifies that WAC runs HTTP protocol on this TCP port.

**https** - (Optional) Specifies that WAC runs HTTPS protocol on this TCP port.

**Restrictions**

The HTTP cannot run at TCP port 443, and the HTTPS cannot run at TCP port 80. Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To configure a TCP port which the WAC switch listens to:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config wac switch_http_port 8888 http
Command: config wac switch_http_port 8888 http

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-10 create wac user

**Description**

This command is used to create accounts for Web-based Access Control. This user account is independent of the login user account. If VLAN is not specified, the user will not get a VLAN assigned after the authentication.

**Format**

**create wac user <username 15> {[vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094>]}**

**Parameters**


---

**<username 15>** - Specifies the user account for Web-based Access Control.

---

**vlan** - (Optional) Specifies the authentication VLAN name.

**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the authentication VLAN name. The VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - (Optional) Specifies the authentication VLAN ID number.

**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the authentication VLAN ID number. The VLAN ID must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To create a WAC account:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# create wac user abc vlanid 123
Command: create wac user abc vlanid 123

Enter a case-sensitive new password:**
Enter the new password again for confirmation:**

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-11 delete wac

**Description**

This command is used to delete an account.

**Format**

**delete wac [user <username 15> | all\_users]**

**Parameters**


---

**user** - Specifies the user account for Web-based Access Control.

**<username 15>** - Specifies the user account for Web-based Access Control. The username can be up to 15 characters long.

---

**all\_users** - Specifies this option to delete all current WAC users.

---

**Restrictions**

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

**Example**

To delete a WAC account:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#delete wac user duhon
Command: delete wac user duhon

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-12 config wac user

### Description

This command is used to change the VLAN associated with a user.

### Format

**config wac user <username 15> [vlan <vlan\_name 32> | vlanid <vlanid 1-4094> | clear\_vlan]**

### Parameters

---

**<username 15>** - Specifies the name of user account which will change its VID.

---

**vlan** - Specifies the authentication VLAN name.  
**<vlan\_name 32>** - Specifies the authentication VLAN name. The VLAN name can be up to 32 characters long.

---

**vlanid** - Specifies the authentication VLAN ID.  
**<vlanid 1-4094>** - Specifies the authentication VLAN ID. The VLAN ID must be between 1 and 4094.

---

**clear\_vlan** - Specifies to clear the specified VLAN.

---

### Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

### Example

To configure the user's VLAN:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# config wac user abc vlanid 100
Command: config wac user abc vlanid 100

Enter a old password:**
Enter a case-sensitive new password:**
Enter the new password again for confirmation:**

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-13 show wac

### Description

This command is used to display the WAC global setting.

## Format

**show wac**

## Parameters

None.

## Restrictions

None.

## Example

To show WAC:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show wac
Command: show wac

Web-Base Access Control
-----
State                : Disabled
Method               : Local
Redirect Path        :
Virtual IP           : 0.0.0.0
Switch HTTP Port     : 80 (HTTP)
RADIUS Authorization : Enabled
Local Authorization  : Enabled

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-14 show wac ports

### Description

This command is used to display WAC port information.

### Format

**show wac ports {<portlist>}**

### Parameters

---

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies a range of member ports to display the status.

---

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To display WAC ports 1 to 3:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show wac ports 1-3
Command: show wac ports 1-3

Port      State      Aging Time      Idle Time      Block Time
-----
         (min)      (min)           (sec)
-----
1         Disabled   1440            Infinite       60
2         Disabled   1440            Infinite       60
3         Disabled   1440            Infinite       60

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-15 show wac user

### Description

This command is used to display WAC user accounts.

### Format

**show wac user**

### Parameters

None.

### Restrictions

None.

### Example

To show Web authentication user accounts:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# show wac user
Command: show wac user

User Name      Password      VID
-----
123            *****      1000

Total Entries  : 1

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

## 74-16 show wac auth\_state ports

### Description

This command is used to display the authentication state for ports.

**Format**

**show wac auth\_state ports {<portlist>}**

**Parameters**

**<portlist>** - (Optional) Specifies the list of ports whose WAC authentication state will be displayed.

**Restrictions**

None.

**Example**

To display the WAC authentication status of ports 2 to 4:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin#show wac auth_state ports 2-4
Command: show wac auth_state ports 2-4

Port  MAC Address  P:Port-based Pri: Priority

Port      MAC Address          Original State      VID Pri Aging Time/ Idle
Time      RX VID              Block Time

-----
1         00-00-00-00-00-01    20    Authenticated      -   3  Infinite    40
1         00-00-00-00-00-02    20    Authenticated 1234 -  Infinite    50
1         00-00-00-00-00-03    100   Blocked           -   -   60          -
1         00-00-00-00-00-04    110   Authenticating    -   -   10          -
2         00-00-00-00-00-10(P) 2040   Authenticated 1234 2  1440        20
3         00-00-00-00-00-20(P) 2045   Authenticating    -   -   5           -
3         00-00-00-00-00-21    2041   Blocked           -   6  1100        80

Total Authenticating Hosts :2
Total Authenticated Hosts  :3
Total Blocked Hosts       :2

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

74-17 clear wac auth\_state

**Description**

This command is used to clear the authentication state of a port. The port will return to un-authenticated state. All the timers associated with the port will be reset.

**Format**

**clear wac auth\_state [ports [<portlist> | all] {authenticated | authenticating | blocked} | macaddr <macaddr>]**



## Parameters

---

**ports** - Specifies the list of ports whose WAC state will be cleared.

**<portlist>** - Specifies a range of ports.

**all** - Specifies to clear all ports.

---

**authenticated** - (Optional) Specifies to clear all authenticated users for a port.

**authenticating** - (Optional) Specifies to clear all authenticating users for a port.

---

**blocked** - (Optional) Specifies to clear all blocked users for a port.

**macaddr** - Specifies to clear a specific user.

**<macaddr>** - Enter the MAC address here.

---

## Restrictions

Only Administrator and Operator-level users can issue this command.

## Example

To clear the WAC authentication state of ports 1 to 5:

```
DGS-3710-12C:admin# clear wac auth_state ports 1-5
Command: clear wac auth_state ports 1-5

Success.

DGS-3710-12C:admin#
```

# Appendix A - Password Recovery Procedure

This chapter describes the procedure for resetting passwords on D-Link switches. Authenticating any user who tries to access networks is necessary and important. The basic authentication method used to accept qualified users is through a local login, utilizing a Username and Password. Sometimes, passwords get forgotten or destroyed, so network administrators need to reset these passwords. This chapter explains how the Password Recovery feature can help network administrators reach this goal.

The following steps explain how to use the Password Recovery feature on D-Link devices to easily recover passwords.

**Complete these steps to reset the password:**

- For security reasons, the Password Recovery feature requires the user to physically access the device. Therefore this feature is only applicable when there is a direct connection to the console port of the device. It is necessary for the user needs to attach a terminal or PC with terminal emulation to the console port of the switch.
- Power on the switch. After the runtime image and UART init are loaded to 100%, the switch will allow 2 seconds for the user to press the hotkey [^] (Shift + 6) to enter the "Password Recovery Mode." Once the switch enters the "Password Recovery Mode," all ports on the switch will be disabled and all port LEDs will be lit.

```

Boot Procedure                                     V1.00.001
-----
Power On Self Test ..... 100%

MAC Address   : 00-05-66-33-8A-0A
H/W Version   : A1

Please Wait, Loading V1.00.029 Runtime Image ..... 100 %
UART init ..... 100 %
Device Discovery ..... 100 %
Configuration init ..... 100 %
    
```

```

Password Recovery Mode
>
    
```

- In the "Password Recovery Mode" only the following commands can be used.

Command	Parameters
<b>reset config {force_agree}</b>	The <b>reset config</b> command resets the whole configuration back to the default values.
<b>reboot {force_agree}</b>	The <b>reboot</b> command exits the Reset Password Recovery Mode and restarts the switch. A confirmation message will be displayed to allow the

Command	Parameters
	user to save the current settings.
<b>reset account</b>	The <b>reset account</b> command deletes all the previously created accounts.
<b>reset password</b> {<username>}	The <b>reset password</b> command resets the password of the specified user. If a username is not specified, the passwords of all users will be reset.
<b>show account</b>	The <b>show account</b> command displays all previously created accounts.

## Appendix B - System Log Entries

The following table lists all possible entries and their corresponding meanings that will appear in the System Log of this Switch.

Category	Log Description	Severity	Note
<b>System</b>	Event description: System started up Log Message: System started up	Critical	
	Event description: Configuration saved to flash Log Message: Configuration saved to flash (Username: <username>, IP: <ipaddr>)  Parameters description: username: The user name that save the configuration. ipaddr: IP address, if user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.	Informational	
	Event description: System log saved to flash Log Message: System log saved to flash(Username: <username>, IP: <ipaddr>)  Parameters description: username: The user name that save the configuration. ipaddr: IP address, if user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.	Informational	
	Event description: Configuration and log saved to flash Log Message: Configuration and log saved to flash (Username: <username>, IP: <ipaddr>)  Parameters description: username: The user name that save the configuration. ipaddr: IP address, if user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.	Informational	
<b>Peripherals Function</b>	Event description: Left Side Recovered. Log Message: Left Side Fan <id> recovered  Parameters description: id: the Fan id.	Critical	
	Event description: Left Side failed. Log Message: Left Side Fan <id> failed  Parameters description: id: the Fan id.	Critical	
	Event description: Temperature exceeds confidence level. Log Message: Temperature sensor <sensorID> enters alarm state (current temperature: <temperature>).  Parameters description: sensorID: The sensor ID. temperature: The temperature.	Warning	
	Event description: Temperature recovers to normal. Log Message: Temperature sensor <sensorID> recovers to normal state (current temperature: <temperature>)  Parameters description: sensorID: The sensor ID. temperature: The temperature.	Informational	
<b>SNMP</b>	Event description: SNMP request received with invalid community string Log Message: Safeguard <ipAddress> with invalid community string!  Parameters description: ipAddress: IP address.	Informational	
<b>Interface</b>	Event description: Port link up Log Message: Port <portNum> link up, <link state>  Parameters description: portNum: The port number link state: port link status, for example: 100Mbps FULL duplex	Informational	

	<p>Event description: Port link down Log Message: Port &lt;portNum&gt; link down</p> <p>Parameters description: portNum: The port number.</p>	Informational	
<b>Console</b>	<p>Event description: Successful login through Console Log Message: Successful login through Console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address. There are no IP if login by console.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Console Log Message: Login failed through Console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address. There are no IP if login by console.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Logout through Console Log Message: Logout through Console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address. There are no IP if login by console.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Console session timed out Log Message: Console session timed out (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address. There are no IP if login by console.</p>	Informational	
<b>Web</b>	<p>Event description: Successful login through Web Log Message: Successful login through Web (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web Log Message: Login failed through Web (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Logout through Web Log Message: Logout through Web (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Web session timed out Log Message: Web session timed out (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Successful login through Web(SSL) Log Message: Successful login through Web(SSL) (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web(SSL) Log Message: Login failed through Web(SSL) (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, )</p> <p>Parameters description: username: User Name ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Warning	

	<p>Event description: Logout through Web (SSL)                      Log Message: Logout through Web (SSL) (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, )</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Web (SSL) session timed out                      Log Message: Web(SSL) session timed out (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, )</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
<b>Telnet</b>	<p>Event description: Successful login through Telnet                      Log Message: Successful login through Telnet (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, )</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Telnet                      Log Message: Login failed through Telnet (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Logout through Telnet                      Log Message: Logout through Telnet (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Telnet session timed out                      Log Message: Telnet session timed out (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, )</p> <p>Parameters description:                      username: User Name                      ipaddr: IP address.</p>	Informational	
<b>DDM</b>	<p>Event description: DDM exceeded or recover from DDM alarm threshold                      Log Message: DDM Port &lt;portNum&gt; SFP [thresholdType] [exceedType] the [thresholdSubType] alarm threshold</p> <p>Parameters description:                      portNum: The port number.                      thresholdType: the DDM threshold type. The value should be one of the following values: temperature, supply voltage, bias current, TX power, RX power.                      exceedType: indicate exceed threshold or recover to normal event, the value should be "recovered from" or "exceeded"                      thresholdSubType: the DDM threshold sub type, the value should be "high" or "low".</p>	Critical	
	<p>Event description: DDM exceeded or recover from DDM warning threshold                      Log Message: DDM Port &lt;portNum&gt; SFP [thresholdType] [exceedType] the [thresholdSubType] warning threshold</p> <p>Parameters description:                      portNum: The port number.                      thresholdType: the DDM threshold type. The value should be one of the following values: temperature, supply voltage, bias current, TX power, RX power.                      exceedType: indicate exceed threshold or recover to normal event, the value should be "recovered from" or "exceeded"                      thresholdSubType: the DDM threshold sub type, the value should be "high" or "low".</p>	Warning	
<b>TFTP Client</b>	<p>Event description: Firmware upgraded successfully.                      Log Message: Firmware upgrade by console successfully (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:</p>	Informational	

	<p>Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>		
	<p>Event description: Firmware upgrade was unsuccessful.                      Log Message: Firmware upgrade by console was unsuccessful (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Configuration successfully downloaded.                      Log Message: Configuration successfully downloaded by console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Configuration download was unsuccessful.                      Log Message: Configuration download by console was unsuccessful! (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Configuration successfully uploaded.                      Log Message: Configuration successfully uploaded by console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Configuration upload was unsuccessful.                      Log Message: Configuration upload by console was unsuccessful! (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Log message successfully uploaded.                      Log Message: Log message successfully uploaded by console (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Log message upload was unsuccessful.                      Log Message: Log message upload by console was unsuccessful! (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;, MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:                      Username: Represent current login user.                      Ipaddr: Represent client IP address. If user login by console, there will no IP information for logging.                      macaddr : Represent client MAC address.</p>	Warning	
<b>STP</b>	<p>Event description: Topology changed.                      Log Message: Topology changed                      [( [Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt; ] ,port:&lt;portNum&gt; [,MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;])]</p> <p>Parameters description:                      InstanceID: Instance ID.                      portNum:Port ID                      macaddr: MAC address</p>	Notice	

	<p>Event description: New root bridge. Log Message: [CIST   CIST Region   MSTI Region] New Root bridge selected ( [Instance: &lt;InstanceID&gt;] MAC:&lt;macaddr&gt;, Priority: &lt;value&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. macaddr: root bridge MAC address value: root bridge priority</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree instance created. Log Message: Spanning Tree instance create (Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree instance deleted. Log Message: Spanning Tree instance delete (Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree Version changed. Log Message: Spanning Tree version change (new version:&lt;new_version&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: new_version: New STP version.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID name and revision level changed. Log Message: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID name and revision level change (name:&lt;name&gt; revision level &lt;revision_level&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description: name : New name. revision_level:New revision level.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID VLAN mapping table deleted. Log Message: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID VLAN mapping table change (Instance: &lt;InstanceID&gt; delete vlan &lt;startvlanid&gt; [-&lt;endvlanid&gt;]).</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. startvlanid- endvlanid:VLANlist</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID VLAN mapping table added. Log Message: Spanning Tree MST configuration ID VLAN mapping table changed (Instance: &lt;InstanceID&gt; add vlan &lt;startvlanid&gt; [-&lt;endvlanid&gt;]).</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. startvlanid- endvlanid:VLANlist</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: New root port Log Message: New root port selected [( [Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt; ], port:&lt;portNum&gt;)]</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. portNum:Port ID</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree port status changed Log Message: Spanning Tree port status change [( [Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt; ], port:&lt;portNum&gt;)] &lt;old_status&gt; -&gt; &lt;new_status&gt;</p> <p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. portNum: Port ID old_status: Old status new_status: New status</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: Spanning Tree port role changed. Log Message: Spanning Tree port role change [( [Instance:&lt;InstanceID&gt; ], port:&lt;portNum&gt;)] &lt;old_role&gt; -&gt; &lt;new_role&gt;</p>	Informational	



	<p>Parameters description: InstanceID: Instance ID. portNum:Port ID old_role: Old role new_status:New role</p>		
<b>ERPS</b>	<p>Event description: Signal fail detected Log Message: Signal fail detected on node &lt;macaddr&gt;</p> <p>Parameters description: macaddr: The system MAC of the node</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: Signal fail cleared Log Message: Signal fail cleared on node &lt;macaddr&gt;</p> <p>Parameters description: macaddr: The system MAC of the node</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: RPL owner conflict Log Message: RPL owner conflicted on the ring &lt;macaddr&gt;</p> <p>Parameters description: macaddr: The system MAC of the node</p>	Warning	
<b>LLDP-MED</b>	<p>Event description: LLDP-MED topology change detected Log Message: LLDP-MED topology change detected (on port &lt;portNum&gt;. chassis id: &lt;chassisType&gt;, &lt;chassisID&gt;, port id: &lt;portType&gt;, &lt;portID&gt;, device class: &lt;deviceClass&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: portNum: The port number. chassisType: chassis ID subtype. Value list: 1. chassisComponent(1) 2. interfaceAlias(2) 3. portComponent(3) 4. macAddress(4) 5. networkAddress(5) 6. interfaceName(6) 7. local(7) chassisID: chassis ID. portType: port ID subtype. Value list: 1. interfaceAlias(1) 2. portComponent(2) 3. macAddress(3) 4. networkAddress(4) 5. interfaceName(5) 6. agentCircuitId(6) 7. local(7) portID: port ID. deviceClass: LLDP-MED device type.</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: Conflict LLDP-MED device type detected Log Message: Conflict LLDP-MED device type detected ( on port &lt; portNum &gt;, chassis id: &lt; chassisType&gt;, &lt;chassisID&gt;, port id: &lt; portType&gt;, &lt;portID&gt;, device class: &lt;deviceClass&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: portNum: The port number. chassisType: chassis ID subtype. Value list: 1. chassisComponent(1) 2. interfaceAlias(2) 3. portComponent(3) 4. macAddress(4) 5. networkAddress(5) 6. interfaceName(6) 7. local(7) chassisID: chassis ID. portType: port ID subtype. Value list: 1. interfaceAlias(1) 2. portComponent(2) 3. macAddress(3) 4. networkAddress(4) 5. interfaceName(5) 6. agentCircuitId(6) 7. local(7)</p>	Notice	

	portID: port ID. deviceClass: LLDP-MED device type.		
	Event description: Incompatible LLDP-MED TLV set detected Log Message: Incompatible LLDP-MED TLV set detected ( on port < portNum >, chassis id: < chassisType>, <chassisID>, port id: < portType>, <portID>, device class: <deviceClass>)  Parameters description: portNum: The port number. chassisType: chassis ID subtype. Value list: 1. chassisComponent(1) 2. interfaceAlias(2) 3. portComponent(3) 4. macAddress(4) 5. networkAddress(5) 6. interfaceName(6) 7. local(7) chassisID: chassis ID. portType: port ID subtype. Value list: 1. interfaceAlias(1) 2. portComponent(2) 3. macAddress(3) 4. networkAddress(4) 5. interfaceName(5) 6. agentCircuitId(6) 7. local(7) portID: port ID. deviceClass: LLDP-MED device type.	Notice	
<b>CFM</b>	Event description: Cross-connect is detected Log Message: CFM cross-connect. VLAN:<vlanid>, Local(MD Level:<mlevel>, Port <portNum>, Direction:<mepdirection>) Remote(MEPID:<mepid>, MAC:<macaddr>)  Parameters description: vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP. mlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP. portNum: Represents the logical port number of the MEP. mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward". mepid: Represents the MEPID of the MEP. macaddr: Represents the MAC address of the MEP.	Critical	
	Event description: CFM error ccm Log Message: CFM error ccm. MD Level:<mdlevel>, VLAN:<vlanid>, Local(Port <[unitID:]portNum>, Direction:<mepdirection>) Remote(MEPID:<mepid>, MAC:<macaddr>)  Parameters description: vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP. mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP. unitID: Represents the ID of the device in the stacking system. portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP. mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward". mepid: Represents MEPID of the MEP. macaddr: Represents MAC address of the MEP.	Warning	
	Event description: CFM remote down Log Message: CFM remote down. MD Level:<mdlevel>, VLAN:<vlanid>, Local(Port <portNum>, Direction:<mepdirection>)  Parameters description: vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP. mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP. unitID: Represents the ID of the device in the stacking system. portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP. mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".	Warning	
	Event description: CFM remote MAC error Log Message: CFM remote MAC error. MD Level:<mdlevel>, VLAN:<vlanid>, Local(Port <portNum>, Direction:<mepdirection>)  Parameters description: vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP. mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP. portNum: Represents the logical port number of the MEP. mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".	Warning	
	Event description: Remote MEP detects CFM defects	Informational	

	<p>Log Message: CFM remote detects a defect. MD Level:&lt;mdlevel&gt;, VLAN:&lt;vlanid&gt;, Local(Port &lt;portNum&gt;, Direction:&lt;mepdirection&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP.  mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP.  unitID: Represents the ID of the device in the stacking system.  portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP.  mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".</p>		
<b>CFM Extension</b>	<p>Event description: AIS condition detected.  Log Message: [CFM_EXT(1):]AIS condition detected. MD Level:&lt;mdlevel&gt;, VLAN:&lt;vlanid&gt;, Local(Port &lt;portNum&gt;, Direction:&lt;mepdirection&gt;, MEPID:&lt;mepid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP  vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP  portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP.  mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: AIS condition cleared  Log Message: [CFM_EXT(2):]AIS condition cleared. MD Level:&lt;mdlevel&gt;, VLAN:&lt;vlanid&gt;, Local(Port &lt;portNum&gt;, Direction:&lt;mepdirection&gt;, MEPID:&lt;mepid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP  vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP  portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP.  mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".  mepid: Represents MEPID of the MEP.</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: LCK condition detected  Log Message: [CFM_EXT(3):]LCK condition detected. MD Level:&lt;mdlevel&gt;, VLAN:&lt;vlanid&gt;, Local(Port &lt;portNum&gt;, Direction:&lt;mepdirection&gt;, MEPID:&lt;mepid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP  vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP  portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP.  mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".  mepid: Represents MEPID of the MEP.</p>	Notice	
	<p>Event description: LCK condition cleared  Log Message: [CFM_EXT(4):]LCK condition cleared. MD Level:&lt;mdlevel&gt;, VLAN:&lt;vlanid&gt;, Local(Port &lt;portNum&gt;, Direction:&lt;mepdirection&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  mdlevel: Represents MD level of the MEP  vlanid: Represents VLAN identifier of the MEP  portNum: Represents logical port number of the MEP.  mepdirection: Can be "inward" or "outward".</p>	Notice	
<b>Voice VLAN</b>	<p>Event description: New voice device is detected.  Log Message: New voice device detected (MAC &lt;macaddr&gt;, Port &lt;portNum&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  portNum : The port number.  macaddr: Voice device MAC address</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Port add into voice VLAN  Log Message: Port &lt; portNum &gt; add into voice VLAN &lt;vid &gt;</p> <p>Parameters description:  portNum : The port number.  vid:VLAN ID</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Port remove from voice VLAN.  Log Message: Port &lt; portNum &gt; remove from voice VLAN &lt;vid &gt;</p> <p>Parameters description:  portNum : The port number.  vid:VLAN ID</p>	Informational	
<b>MAC-based Access Control</b>	<p>Event description: A host fails to pass the authentication  Log Message: MAC-based Access Control unauthenticated host(MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;, Port &lt;portNum&gt;, VID: &lt;vid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:</p>	Critical	

	<p>macaddr: MAC address portNum: The port number. vid: VLAN ID on which the host exists</p>		
	<p>Event description: The authorized user number on a port reaches the max user limit. It is based on per-port. Log Message: Port &lt;portNum&gt; enters MAC-based Access Control stop learning state.</p> <p>Parameters description: portNum: The port number.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: The authorized user number on a port is below the max user limit in a time interval (interval is project depended). It is based on per-port. Log Message: Port &lt;portNum&gt; recovers from MAC-based Access Control stop learning state.</p> <p>Parameters description: portNum: The port number.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: The authorized user number on whole device reaches the max user limit. It is based on per-system. Log Message: MAC-based Access Control enters stop learning state.</p> <p>Parameters description: None</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: The authorized user number on whole device is below the max user limit in a time interval (interval is project depended). It is based on per-system. Log Message: MAC-based Access Control recovers from stop learning state.</p> <p>Parameters description: None</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: A host passes the authentication Log Message: MAC-based Access Control host login successful (MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;, port: &lt;portNum&gt;, VID: &lt;vid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: macaddr: MAC address portNum: The port number. vid: VLAN ID on which the host exists</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: A host is aged out. Log Message: MAC-based Access Control host aged out (MAC: &lt;macaddr&gt;, port: &lt;portNum&gt;, VID: &lt;vid&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: macaddr: MAC address unitID: The unit ID. portNum: The port number. vid: VLAN ID on which the host exists</p>	Informational	
<b>AAA and SSH Log</b>	<p>Event description: Successful login through a SSH. Log Message: Successful login through SSH (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address. username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through a SSH. Log Message: Login failed through SSH (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address. username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Logout through a SSH. Log Message: Logout through SSH (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address. username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: SSH session timed out. Log Message: SSH session timed out (Username: &lt;username&gt;, IP: &lt;ipaddr&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description:</p>	Informational	

	ipaddr: IP address. username: user name.		
	Event description: SSH server is enabled. Log Message: SSH server is enabled	Informational	
	Event description: SSH server is disabled. Log Message: SSH server is disabled	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description:. username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through Console authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Login failed through Console authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through Web authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Successful login through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through Web authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Login failed failed through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through Web (SSL) authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Successful login through Web (SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA local. Log Message: Login failed through Web(SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through Telnet authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Successful login through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username> , ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through Telnet authenticated by AAA local. Log Message: Login failed through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username> )  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through SSH authenticated by AAA local method. Log Message: Successful login through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description:	Informational	

	userIP: IP address. username: user name.		
	Event description: Login failed through SSH authenticated by AAA local. Log Message: Login failed through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address. username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA none method. Log Message: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through Web authenticated by AAA none method. Log Message: Successful login through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful login through Web(SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username> ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through Telnet authenticated by AAA none method. Log Message: Successful login through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through SSH authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful login through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username> ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA server. There are no IP and MAC if login by console. Log Message: Successful login through Console authenticated by AAA server <serverIP> (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: serverIP: Server IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through Console authenticated by AAA server. There are no IP and MAC if login by console. Log Message: Login failed through Console authenticated by AAA server <serverIP> (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: serverIP: Server IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Login failed through Console due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration Log Message: Login failed through Console due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful login through Web authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Successful login through Web from <userIP>	Informational	

	<p>authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>		
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Login failed through Web from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration.  Log Message: Login failed through Web from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Successful login through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Successful login through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Login failed through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Web(SSL) due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration.  Log Message: Login failed through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Successful login through Telnet authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Successful login through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; ).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Telnet authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Login failed through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  serverIP: Server IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Login failed through Telnet due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration.  Log Message: Login failed through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt;).</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address</p>	Warning	

	username: user name.		
	Event description: Successful login through SSH authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Successful login through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA server <serverIP> (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address serverIP: Server IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Login failed through SSH authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Login failed through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA server <serverIP> (Username: <username> ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address serverIP: Server IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Login failed through SSH due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration. Log Message: Login failed through SSH from <userIP> due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: <username> ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Enable Admin failed through Console authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Console authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username>).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username>.).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username> ).	Warning	



	Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.		
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username> ).  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Enable Admin failed through Telnet authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username> )  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through SSH authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through SSH from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username> )  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Enable Admin failed through SSH authenticated by AAA local_enable method. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through <Telnet or Web or SSH> from <userIP> authenticated by AAA local_enable method (Username: <username> )  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Warning	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA none method. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username> )  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet from <userIP> authenticated by AAA none method (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: userIP: IP address username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Successful Enable Admin through SSH authenticated by AAA none method Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through SSH from <userIP>	Informational	

	<p>authenticated by AAA none method (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: IP address  username: user name.</p>		
	<p>Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA server  Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Console authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  serverIP: IP address  username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Console authenticated by AAA server  Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Console authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  serverIP: IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Console due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration  Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Console due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web authenticated by AAA server  Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: user IP address  serverIP: server IP address.  username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: user IP address  serverIP: server IP address.  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration.  Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: user IP address  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: user IP address  serverIP: server IP address.  username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) authenticated by AAA server.  Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description:  userIP: user IP address  serverIP: server IP address.  username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) due to</p>	Warning	

	<p>AAA server timeout or improper configuration. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Web(SSL) from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address username: user name.</p>		
	<p>Event description: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address serverIP: server IP address. username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Telnet authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address serverIP: server IP address. username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through Telnet due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through Telnet from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt;)</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Successful Enable Admin through SSH authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Successful Enable Admin through SSH from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address serverIP: server IP address. username: user name.</p>	Informational	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through SSH authenticated by AAA server. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through SSH from &lt;userIP&gt; authenticated by AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address serverIP: server IP address. username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: Enable Admin failed through SSH due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration. Log Message: Enable Admin failed through SSH from &lt;userIP&gt; due to AAA server timeout or improper configuration (Username: &lt;username&gt; )</p> <p>Parameters description: userIP: user IP address serverIP: server IP address. username: user name.</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: AAA server timed out. Log Message: AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Protocol: &lt;protocol&gt;) connection failed</p> <p>Parameters description: serverIP: server IP address. protocol: protocol value (it is one of TACACS, XTACACS, TACACS+, RADIUS).</p>	Warning	
	<p>Event description: AAA server ACK error. Log Message: AAA server &lt;serverIP&gt; (Protocol: &lt;protocol&gt;) response is wrong</p>	Warning	

	Parameters description: serverIP: server IP address. protocol: protocol value (it is one of TACACS, XTACACS, TACACS+, RADIUS).		
	Event description: AAA does not support this functionality. Log Message: AAA doesn't support this functionality.  Parameters description: None	Informational	
	Event description: Authentication Policy is enabled Log Message: Authentication Policy is enabled (Module: AAA)	Informational	
	Event description: Authentication Policy is disabled Log Message: Authentication Policy is disabled (Module: AAA)	Informational	
<b>Port Security</b>	Event description: port security is exceeded to its maximum learning size and will not learn any new address Log Message: Port security violation (Port: <portNum>, MAC: <macaddr>)  Parameters description: macaddr: The violation MAC address. portNum: The port number.	Warning	
<b>IMPB</b>	Event description: Dynamic IMPB entry is conflicting with static ARP Log Message: Dynamic IMPB entry is conflicting with static ARP(IP: <ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, Port <portNum>)  Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: Dynamic IMPB entry is conflicting with static FDB. Log Message: Dynamic IMPB entry is conflicting with static FDB(IP: <ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, Port <portNum>)  Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: Dynamic IMPB entry conflicts with static IMPB. Log Message: Dynamic IMPB entry is conflicting with static IMPB(IP: <ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, Port <portNum>).  Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: Creating IMPB entry failed due to no ACL rule available. Log Message: Creating IMPB entry Failed due to no ACL rule available(IP:<ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, Port <portNum>)  Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: The number of blocked entries reaches the threshold. Log Message: Port <portNum> IMPB stop learning state.  Parameters description: unitID: The unit ID portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: User manually recover from IMPB stop learning state. Log Message: Port <portNum> IMPB normal state.  Parameters description: portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: Unauthenticated IP address encountered and discarded by ip IP-MAC port binding I. Log Message: Unauthenticated IP-MAC address and discarded by ip mac port binding (IP: < ipaddr >], MAC :< macaddr >, Port <portNum >).	Warning	

	Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number		
<b>BPDU Attack Protection</b>	Event description: BPDU attack happened. Log Message: Port <portNum> enter BPDU under protection state (mode: drop   block   shutdown)  Parameters description: portNum : The port number drop / block / shutdown: There only one of they in a log entry.	Informational	
	Event description: BPDU attack automatically recover. Log Message: Port <portNum > recover from BPDU under protection state automatically  Parameters description: unitID: The unit ID portNum : The port number	Informational	
	Event description: BPDU attack manually recover. Log Message: Port <portNum > recover from BPDU under protection state manually  Parameters description: unitID: The unit ID portNum : The port number	Informational	
<b>WAC</b>	Event description: When a client host fail to authenticate. Log Message: WAC unauthenticated user (Username: <string>, IP: <ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, Port: <portNum>)  Parameters description: string: Username ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Warning	
	Event description: This log will be triggered when the authorized user number reaches the max user limit on whole device. It is based on per-system. Log Message: WAC enters stop learning state.	Warning	
	Event description: This log will be triggered when the authorized user number is below the max user limit on whole device in a time interval (interval is project depended). It is based on per-system. Log Message: WAC recovers from stop learning state.	Warning	
<b>LBD</b>	Event Description: Loop back is detected under port-based mode. Log Message: Port < portNum> LBD loop occurred. Port blocked.  Parameters Description: portNum: The port number.	Critical	
	Event Description: Port loop detection restarted after interval time. Log Message: Port< portNum> LBD port recovered. Loop detection restarted  Parameters Description: portNum: The port number.	Informational	
	Event Description: Loop back is detected under VLAN-based mode. Log Message: Port <portNum> VID <vlanID> LBD loop occurred. Packet discard begun  Parameters Description: portNum: The port number. vlanID: the VLAN ID number.	Critical	
	Event Description: Port recovered from LBD blocked state under VLAN-based mode. Log Message: Port < portNum> VID <vlanID> LBD recovered. Loop detection restarted  Parameters Description: portNum: The port number. vlanID: the VLAN ID number.	Informational	
<b>Traffic Control</b>	Event description: Broadcast storm occurrence. Log Message: Port <portNum> Broadcast storm is occurring.	Warning	

	Parameters description: portNum: The port number.		
	Event description: Broadcast storm cleared. Log Message: Port <portNum> Broadcast storm has cleared.  Parameters description: portNum: The port number.	Informational	
	Event description: Multicast storm occurrence. Log Message: Port <portNum> Multicast storm is occurring.  Parameters description: portNum: The port number.	Warning	
	Event description: Multicast Storm cleared. Log Message: Port <portNum> Multicast storm has cleared.  Parameters description: portNum: The port number.	Informational	
	Event description: Port shut down due to a packet storm Log Message: Port <portNum> is currently shut down due to a packet storm  Parameters description: portNum: The port number.	Warning	
<b>SafeGuard</b>	Event description: Safeguard Engine is in normal mode Log Message: Safeguard Engine enters NORMAL mode	Informational	
	Event description: Safeguard Engine is in filtering packet mode Log Message: Safeguard Engine enters EXHAUSTED mode	Warning	
<b>IP and Password Changed</b>	Event description: IP Address change activity Log Message: Management IP address was changed by console (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: username: user name.	Informational	
	Event description: Password change activity Log Message: Password was changed by console (Username: <username>)  Parameters description: username: user name.	Informational	
<b>DoS Attack</b>	Event description: Spoofing attack: 1. The source ip is same as switch's interface ip but the source mac is different 2. Source ip is the same as the switch's IP in ARP packet 3. Self IP packet detected Log Message: Possible spoofing attack from IP: <ipaddr>, MAC: <macaddr>, port: <portNum>  Parameters description: ipaddr: IP address macaddr: MAC address portNum : The port number	Critical	
<b>DHCP Server Screening</b>	Event description: Detected untrusted DHCP server IP address. Log Message: Detected untrusted DHCP server(IP: <ipaddr>, Port <portNum> )  Parameters description: ipaddr: The untrusted IP address which has been detected with our device. portNum : Represent the logic port number of the device.	Informational	
<b>DHCPv6 Client</b>	Event description: DHCPv6 client interface administrator state changed. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(1):]DHCPv6 client on interface <intf-name> changed state to <enabled   disabled>  Parameters description: intf-name: interface name. enabled   disabled: enabled or disabled.	Informational	
	Event description: DHCPv6 client obtains an ipv6 address from a DHCPv6 server. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(2):]DHCPv6 client obtains an ipv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name>  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address.	Informational	

	intf-name: interface name.		
	Event description: The IPv6 address obtained from a DHCPv6 server starts renewing. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(3):]The IPv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name> starts renewing.  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address. intf-name: interface name.	Informational	
	Event description: The IPv6 address obtained from a DHCPv6 server renews success. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(4):]The IPv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name> renews success.  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address. intf-name: interface name.	Informational	
	Event description: The IPv6 address obtained from a DHCPv6 server starts rebinding. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(5):]The IPv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name> starts rebinding.  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address. intf-name: interface name.	Informational	
	Event description: The IPv6 address obtained from a DHCPv6 server rebinds success Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(6):]The IPv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name> rebinds success.  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address. intf-name: interface name.	Informational	
	Event description: The IPv6 address from a DHCPv6 server was deleted. Log Message: [DHCPv6_CLIENT(7):]The IPv6 address < ipv6address > on interface <intf-name> was deleted.  Parameters description: ipv6address: IPv6 address. intf-name: interface name.	Informational	
<b>Command</b>	Event description: User execute a command. Log Message: <Username>: execute command " <command>"  Parameters description: Username: user name. command: command string..	Informational	
<b>External Alarm</b>	Event description: External Alarm. Log Message: External Alarm Channel <channel_id> : <alarm_message>  Parameters description: channel_id:channel id. alarm_message:alarm message	Critical	

## Appendix C - Trap Entries

This table lists the trap logs found on the Switch.

Category	Trap Name	Description	Note
<b>SNMP</b>	coldStart/1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.1	A coldStart trap signifies that the SNMP entity, supporting a notification originator application, is reinitializing itself and that its configuration may have been altered.	(RFC1907 SNMPv2-MIB)
	warmStart/1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.2	A warmStart trap signifies that the SNMP entity, supporting a notification originator application, is initializing itself such that its configuration is unaltered.	(RFC1907 SNMPv2-MIB)
	linkDown/1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.3	A linkDown trap signifies that the SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that the ifOperStatus object for one of its communication links is about to enter the down state from some other state. This other state is indicated by the included value of ifOperStatus. Binding objects: (1)ifIndex (2)ifAdminStatus (3)ifOperStatus	(RFC2233 IF-MIB)
	linkUp/1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.4	A linkUp trap signifies that the SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that the ifOperStatus object for one of its communication links left the down state and transitioned into some other state. This other state is indicated by the included value of ifOperStatus. Binding objects: (1)ifIndex (2)ifAdminStatus (3)ifOperStatus	(RFC2233 IF-MIB)
	authenticationFailure/1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.5	An authenticationFailure trap signifies that the SNMP entity has received a protocol message that is not properly authenticated.	(RFC1907 SNMPv2-MIB)
<b>BRIDGE-MIB</b>	newRoot/1.3.6.1.2.1.17.0.1	The newRoot trap indicates that the sending agent has become the new root of the Spanning Tree	
	topologyChange/1.3.6.1.2.1.17.0.2	A topologyChange trap is sent by a bridge when any of its configured ports transitions from the learning state to the forwarding state, or from the forwarding state to the blocking state.	
<b>OAM</b>	dot3OamNonThresholdEvent/1.3.6.1.2.1.158.0.2	A dot3OamNonThresholdEvent notification is sent when a local or remote non-threshold crossing event is detected. A local event is detected by the local entity, while a remote event is detected by the reception of an Ethernet OAM Event Notification OAMPDU that indicates a non-threshold crossing event. Binding objects: (1)dot3OamEventLogTimestamp (2)dot3OamEventLogOui (3)dot3OamEventLogType(only support the value: dyingGaspEvent(257)) (4)dot3OamEventLogLocation (5)dot3OamEventLogEventTotal	(ie8023ah.mib)
<b>MAC-based Access Control</b>	swMacBasedAccessControlLoggedSuccess/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.35.11.1.0.1	The trap is sent when a MAC-based Access Control host is successfully logged in. Binding objects: (1) swMacBasedAuthInfoMacIndex (2) swMacBasedAuthInfoPortIndex (3) swMacBasedAuthVID	
	swMacBasedAccessControlLogged	The trap is sent when a MAC-based Access	



	dFail/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.35.11.1.0.2	Control host login fails. Binding objects: (1) swMacBasedAuthInfoMacIndex (2) swMacBasedAuthInfoPortIndex (3) swMacBasedAuthVID	
	swMacBasedAccessControlAges Out/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.35.11.1.0.3	The trap is sent when a MAC-based Access Control host ages out. Binding objects: (1) swMacBasedAuthInfoMacIndex (2) swMacBasedAuthInfoPortIndex (3) swMacBasedAuthVID	
<b>RMON</b> <b>(RFC2819.mib)</b>	risingAlarm/1.3.6.1.2.1.16.0.1	The SNMP trap that is generated when an alarm entry crosses its rising threshold and generates an event that is configured for sending SNMP traps. Binding objects: (1)alarmIndex, (2)alarmVariable (3)alarmSampleType, (4)alarmValue, (5)alarmRisingThreshold	
	fallingAlarm/1.3.6.1.2.1.16.0.2	The SNMP trap that is generated when an alarm entry crosses its falling threshold and generates an event that is configured for sending SNMP traps. Binding objects: (1)alarmIndex, (2)alarmVariable (3)alarmSampleType, (4)alarmValue, (5)alarmFallingThreshold	
<b>LLDP (lldp.mib)</b>	lldpRemTablesChange/1.0.8802.1 .1.2.0.0.1	A lldpRemTablesChange notification is sent when the value of lldpStatsRemTableLastChangeTime changes. It can be utilized by an NMS to trigger LLDP remote systems table maintenance polls. Binding objects: (1)lldpStatsRemTablesInserts, (2)lldpStatsRemTablesDeletes, (3)lldpStatsRemTablesDrops, (4)lldpStatsRemTablesAgeouts	
<b>LLDP-MED</b>	lldpXMedTopologyChangeDetecte d/1.0.8802.1.1.2.1.5.4795.0.1	A notification generated by the local device sensing a change in the topology that indicates that a new remote device attached to a local port, or a remote device disconnected or moved from one port to another. Binding objects: (1) lldpRemChassisIdSubtype (2) lldpRemChassisId (3) lldpXMedRemDeviceClass	
<b>Port Security</b>	swL2PortSecurityViolationTrap/1.3 .6.1.4.1.171.11.115.1.2.2.100.1.2 .0.2	When the port security trap is enabled, new MAC addresses that violate the pre-defined port security configuration will trigger trap messages to be sent out. Binding objects: (1)swPortSecPortIndex (2)swL2PortSecurityViolationMac	
<b>FDB</b>	swL2macNotification/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.11.102.1.5.2.100.1 .2.0.1	This trap indicates the MAC addresses variation in address table Binding objects: (1)swL2macNotifyInfo	
<b>Peripherals</b>	swPowerStatusChg/ /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.2.0.1	Power Status change notification. The notification is issued Binding objects: (1) swPowerUnitIndex (2). SwPowerID (3). swPowerStatus	
	SwFanFailure/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.3.0.1	Fan Failure notification. Binding objects: (1).swFanUnitIndex (2). swFanID	
	SwFanRecover/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.3.0.2	Fan Recover notification.. Binding objects:	

		(1).swFanUnitIndex (2). swFanID	
	swHighTemperature/ /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.4.0.1	When Temperature High. Binding objects: (1) swTemperatureUnitIndex (2) swTemperSensorID (3) swTemperatureCurrent	
	swHighTemperatureRecover /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.4.0.2	When Temperature recover from High. Binding objects: (1) swTemperatureUnitIndex (2) swTemperSensorID (3) swTemperatureCurrent	
	swLowTemperature /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.4.0.3	When Temperature Low. Binding objects: (1) swTemperatureUnitIndex (2) swTemperSensorID (3) swTemperatureCurrent	
	swLowTemperatureRecover/ /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.4.0.4	When Temperature recover from Low. Binding objects: (1) swTemperatureUnitIndex (2) swTemperSensorID (3) swTemperatureCurrent	
	SwExternalAlarm/ 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.11.2.2.5.0.1	The notice of an Alarm in the specified channel. Binding objects: (1). swExternalAlarmChannel (2). swExternalAlarmMessage	
<b>SafeGuard</b>	swSafeGuardChgToExhausted /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.19.4.1.0.1	This trap indicates System change operation mode from normal to exhausted. Binding objects: (1) swSafeGuardCurrentStatus	
	swSafeGuardChgToNormal /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.19.4.1.0.2	This trap indicates System change operation mode from exhausted to normal. Binding objects: (1) swSafeGuardCurrentStatus	
<b>Traffic Control</b>	swPktStormOccurred/ /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.25.5.0.1	This trap is sent when a packet storm is detected by a packet storm mechanism and a shutdown action is taken. Binding objects: (1) swPktStormCtrlPortIndex	
	swPktStormCleared /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.25.5.0.2	The trap is sent when the packet storm is cleared by the packet storm mechanism. Binding objects: (1) swPktStormCtrlPortIndex	
<b>IMPB</b>	swlpMacBindingViolation Trap/1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.23.5.0.1	When the IMPB trap is enabled, if there's a new MAC that violates the predefined port security configuration, a trap will be sent out. Binding objects: swlpMacBindingPortIndex swlpMacBindingViolationIP swlpMacBindingViolationMac	
	swlpMacBindingStop LearningTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.23.5.0.2	When the IMPB trap is enabled, if the specific port changes from a normal state to a stop_learning state, a trap will be sent out. Binding objects: (1) swlpMacBindingPortIndex	
	swlpMacBindingRecover LearningTrap/ /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.23.5.0.3	When the IMPB trap is enabled, if the specific port changes from a stop_learning state to a normal state, a trap will be sent out. Binding objects: (1) swlpMacBindingPortIndex	
<b>DDM</b>	swDdmAlarmTrap/1.3.6.1.4.1.171. 12.72.4.0.1	The trap is sent when any parameter value exceeds the alarm threshold value, depending on the configuration of the trap_log action. Binding objects: (1) swDdmPort (2) swDdmThresholdType (3) swDdmThresholdExceedType (4) swDdmThresholdExceedOrRecover	
	swDdmWarningTrap/1.3.6.1.4.1.1 71.12.72.4.0.2	The trap is sent when any parameter value exceeds the warning threshold value, depending on the configuration of the trap_log action.	

		Binding objects: (1)swDdmPort (2)swDdmThresholdType (3)swDdmThresholdExceedType (4) swDdmThresholdExceedOrRecover	
<b>DHCP Server Screening</b>	swFilterDetectedTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.37.100.0.1	Send trap when an illegal DHCP server is detected. The same illegal DHCP server IP address detected is just sent once to the trap receivers within the log ceasing unauthorized duration. Binding objects: (1) swFilterDetectedIP (2) swFilterDetectedport	
<b>LBD</b>	swPortLoopOccurred /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.41.10.0.1	The trap is sent when a port loop occurs. Binding objects: (1) swLoopDetectPortIndex	
	swPortLoopRestart /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.41.10.0.2	The trap is sent when a port loop restarts after the interval time. Binding objects: (1) swLoopDetectPortIndex	
	swVlanLoopOccurred /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.41.10.0.3	The trap is sent when a port loop occurs under LBD VLAN-based mode. Binding objects: (1) swLoopDetectPortIndex (2) swVlanLoopDetectVID	
	swVlanLoopRestart /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.41.10.0.4	The trap is sent when a port loop restarts under LBD VLAN-based mode after the interval time. Binding objects: (1) swLoopDetectPortIndex (2) swVlanLoopDetectVID	
<b>BPDU Attack Protection</b>	swBpduProtectionUnderAttacking Trap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.76.4.0.1	When the BPDU Protection trap is enabled, if the specific port changes from a normal state to an under attack state, a trap will be sent out. Binding objects: (1)swBpduProtectionPortIndex (2)swBpduProtectionPortMode	
	swBpduProtectionRecoveryTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.76.4.0.2	When the BPDU Protection trap is enabled, if the specific port changes from an under attack state to a normal state, a trap will be sent out. Binding objects: (1)swBpduProtectionPortIndex (2)swBpduProtectionRecoveryMethod	
<b>ERPS</b>	swERPSSFDetectedTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.78.4.0.1	When a signal failure occurs, a trap will be generated. Binding objects: (1)swERPSNodeId	
	swERPSSFClearedTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.78.4.0.2	When the signal failure clears, a trap will be generated. Binding objects: (1)swERPSNodeId	
	swERPSPLOwnerConflictTrap /1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.78.4.0.3	When a conflict occurs, a trap will be generated. Binding objects: (1)swERPSNodeId	
<b>CFM</b>	dot1agCfmFaultAlarm /1.3.111.2.802.1.1.8.0.1	A MEP has a persistent defect condition. A notification (fault alarm) is sent to the management entity with the OID of the MEP that has detected the fault. Binding objects: (1) dot1agCfmMlIndex (2) dot1agCfmMaIndex (3) dot1agCfmMepIdentifier (4)dot1agCfmMepHighestPrDefect	
<b>CFM Extension</b>	swCFMExtAISOccurred / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.86.100.0.1	A notification is generated when local MEP enters AIS status Binding objects: (1).dot1agCfmMlIndex (2). dot1agCfmMaIndex (3). dot1agCfmMepIdentifier	
	swCFMExtAIScleared / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.86.100.0.2	A notification is generated when local MEP exits AIS status.	

		Binding objects: (1).dot1agCfmMdIndex (2). dot1agCfmMaIndex (3). dot1agCfmMepIdentifier	
	swCFMExtLockOccurred / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.86.100.0.3	A notification is generated when local MEP enters lock status Binding objects: (1).dot1agCfmMdIndex (2). dot1agCfmMaIndex (3). dot1agCfmMepIdentifier	
	swCFMExtLockCleared / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.86.100.0.4	A notification is generated when local MEP exits lock status. Binding objects: (1).dot1agCfmMdIndex (2). dot1agCfmMaIndex (3). dot1agCfmMepIdentifier	
<b>Power</b>	swL2DyingGaspPowerLost / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.11.102.1.5.2.100.1.2.0.7 (DGS-3710-12c)	OAM dying gasp event occurred on device when the power lost. Binding objects: (1). swL2DyingGaspMac	
<b>Firmware Updates</b>	agentFirmwareUpgrade / 1.3.6.1.4.1.171.12.1.7.2.0.7	This trap is sent when upgrade firmware via SNMP is finished. Binding objects: (1). swMultimageVersion	

## Appendix D - RADIUS Attributes Assignment

The RADIUS Attributes Assignment on the Switch is used in the following modules: 802.1X (Port-based and Host-based), Web-based Access Control, and MAC-based Access Control.

The description that follows explains the following RADIUS Attributes Assignment types:

1. Ingress/Egress Bandwidth
2. 802.1p Default Priority
3. VLAN

To assign **Ingress/Egress bandwidth by RADIUS Server**, the proper parameters should be configured on the RADIUS Server. The tables below show the parameters for bandwidth.

The parameters of the Vendor-Specific attributes are:

Vendor-Specific Attribute	Description	Value	Usage
Vendor-ID	Defines the vendor.	171 (DLINK)	Required
Vendor-Type	Defines the attribute.	2 (for ingress bandwidth) 3 (for egress bandwidth)	Required
Attribute-Specific Field	Used to assign the bandwidth of a port.	Unit (Kbits)	Required

If the user has configured the bandwidth attribute of the RADIUS server (for example, ingress bandwidth 1000Kbps) and the 802.1X authentication is successful, the device will assign the bandwidth (according to the RADIUS server) to the port. However, if the user does not configure the bandwidth attribute and authenticates successfully, the device will not assign any bandwidth to the port. If the bandwidth attribute is configured on the RADIUS server with a value of "0", the effective bandwidth will be set to "no\_limited", and if the bandwidth is configured to be less than "0" or greater than the maximum supported value, the bandwidth will be ignored.

To assign **802.1p default priority by RADIUS Server**, the proper parameters should be configured on the RADIUS Server. The tables below show the parameters for 802.1p default priority.

The parameters of the Vendor-Specific attributes are:

Vendor-Specific Attribute	Description	Value	Usage
Vendor-ID	Defines the vendor.	171 (DLINK)	Required
Vendor-Type	Defines the attribute.	4	Required
Attribute-Specific Field	Used to assign the 802.1p default priority of the port.	0-7	Required

If the user has configured the 802.1p priority attribute of the RADIUS server (for example, priority 7) and the 802.1X, or MAC based authentication is successful, the device will assign the 802.1p default priority (according to the RADIUS server) to the port. However, if the user does not configure the priority attribute and authenticates successfully, the device will not assign a priority to this port. If the priority attribute is configured on the RADIUS server is a value out of range (>7), it will not be set to the device.

To assign **VLAN by RADIUS Server**, the proper parameters should be configured on the RADIUS Server. To use VLAN assignment, RFC3580 defines the following tunnel attributes in RADIUS packets.

The table below shows the parameters for a VLAN:

RADIUS Tunnel Attribute	Description	Value	Usage
Tunnel-Type	This attribute indicates the tunneling protocol(s) to be used (in the case of a tunnel initiator) or the tunneling protocol in use (in the case of a tunnel terminator).	13 (VLAN)	Required
Tunnel-Medium-Type	This attribute indicates the transport medium being used.	6 (802)	Required
Tunnel-Private-Group-ID	This attribute indicates group ID for a particular tunneled session.	A string (VID)	Required

If the user has configured the VLAN attribute of the RADIUS server (for example, VID 3) and the 802.1X, or MAC based Access Control authentication is successful, the port will be added to VLAN 3. However, if the user does not configure the VLAN attributes, when the port is not a guest VLAN member, it will be kept in its current authentication VLAN, and when the port is a guest VLAN member, it will be assigned to its original VLAN.