

# REALTEK

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## Quick Guide for wpa\_supplicant Wi-Fi P2P test

Date: 2018/08/27

Version: 1.0

### (1) Release note

| Document Version | Note             |
|------------------|------------------|
| V1.0             | 1. First release |

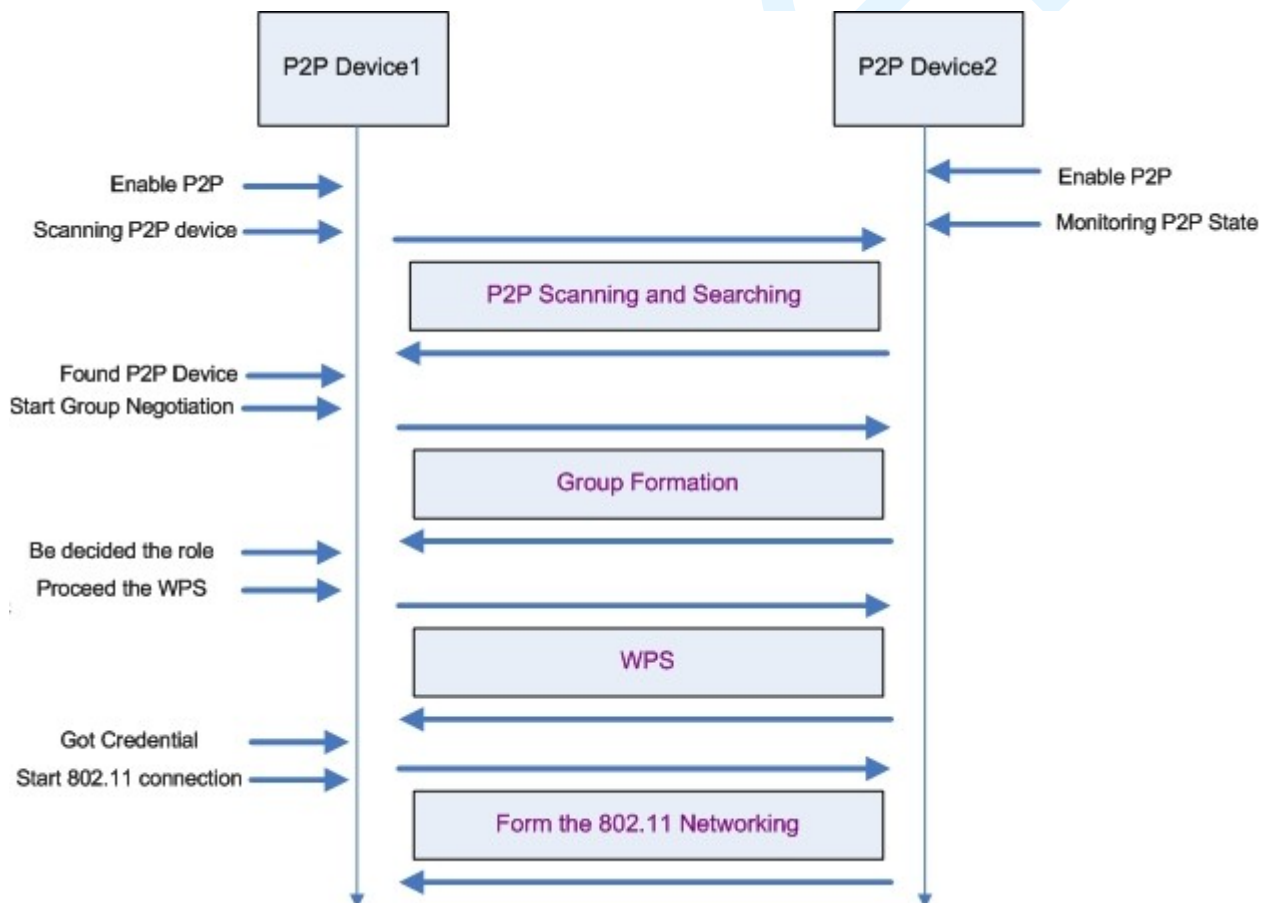
## (2) P2P description:

Wi-Fi Direct ( P2P ) is a technology developed by Wi-Fi Alliance. It is a solution for Wi-Fi device-to-device connectivity. And it is also backward compatible with existing Wi-Fi Certified devices.

In usual, there are 3 stages in the Wi-Fi Direct scenario.

1. “Device Discovery”
2. “Group Formation” + “Provisioning” (WPS)
3. “Device connection” (DHCP)

The following picture will provide the overall concept for Wi-Fi Direct functionality and it will also contain these 3 stages described above.



**Figure1: Wi-Fi Direct Overview**

The figure1 describes the basic Wi-Fi Direct scenario and this document will use this figure to do connection test.

## 1. Enable P2P

In this case, there are two Wi-Fi devices which both support the Wi-Fi Direct functionality. We can use start wpa\_supplicant to enable the Wi-Fi Direct function of Realtek Wi-Fi driver (enable P2P).

If use driver version 5.8 or later and it supports “rtw\_sel\_p2p\_iface” when insmod, you need to use this parameter to select p2p interface when driver define “CONFIG\_CONCURRENT\_MODE”.

**Ex:** #> insmod 8821cu.ko rtw\_sel\_p2p\_iface=0

(This example select interface 0 to be p2p interface, otherwise default use interface 1 to be p2p interface)

## 2. Scanning P2P Device

After enabling the P2P functionality of the Wi-Fi driver, the P2P device1 got to find out how many other P2P devices exist in the environment. We can do the this via wpa\_supplicant command.

**Ex:** #> wpa\_cli p2p\_find

**Ex:** #> wpa\_cli p2p\_listen

## 3. Start Group Negotiation + Provisioning

In the Wi-Fi Direct scenario, one of the P2P devices will become a group owner (almost the same as the SoftAP) and the other P2P device will become an 802.11 client to connect to that group owner. The stage3 “Start Group Negotiation” is the procedure to determine which P2P device should be the group owner/client.

After confirming the role for both P2P Device1 and P2P Device2, the P2P device the wpa\_supplicant in the background and use the PIN CODE or PBC to perform the WPS procedure.

“go\_intent” is a value from 0 ~ 15. This value will provide the degree information to want to be the group owner. “intent=15” means this Wi-Fi driver must be the group owner. The default intent value is 1.

“pbc” is wps config method. It can be “pbc” or “pin”

**Ex:** #> wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e pbc go\_intent=7

## 4. DHCP

The Wi-Fi Direct Specification required that the P2P device which becomes the group owner should

also provide the DHCP server application in their system. The DHCP server should be launched and be ready to provide the IP address to the DHCP client. The specification also required that the P2P device which becomes the P2P client should launch the DHCP client application to acquire the IP address from the P2P group owner after the wpa\_supplicant established the 802.11 connection with AP successfully.

### (3) Support version:

- cfg80211 only

### (4) How to start wpa\_supplicant:

- Please reference another document under document folder. (wpa\_cli\_with\_wpa\_supplicant.pdf)

### (5) P2P commands

Note: Can reference “README-P2P” file under wpa\_supplicant folder

#### Device Discovery

| Command                         | Description   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| p2p_find [timeout in seconds]   | Enables discovery – start sending probe request frames                            |
| p2p_stop_find                   | Stops discovery, or whatever you are doing (listen mode, connection process etc.) |
| p2p_listen [timeout in seconds] | Enable listen mode  |

#### Device Discovery : Discovered Peers List

| Command                       | Description  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| p2p_peers [discovered]        | Shows list of discovered peers (with ‘discovered’ – shows only fully discovered peers) |
| p2p_peer <P2P Device Address> | Show detailed information about discovered peers                                       |
| p2p_flush                     | Flush p2p_state, and clears the discovered peer list                                   |

#### Group Formation

| Command | Description |
|---------|-------------|
|---------|-------------|

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>p2p_connect</b> <peer device address> <pbcc/pin> [GO_intent=<0-15>]<br>[auth/join] | GO_intent – initiate connection to another device (using entered group intent)<br>Auth – WPS authorize incoming connection<br>Join – connect to an existing GO<br>No input – initiate connection using default GO intent |
| <b>p2p_group_add</b> [freq=<freq in MHz>]   | Become an autonomous GO<br>freq=<freq in MHz> can be used to force the GO to be started on a specific frequency.   |
| <b>p2p_group_remove</b>   | Remove device from group, return to device mode if acting as GO or autonomous GO   |

## Group Formation : GO WPS authorizations

| Command                            | Description          |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| <b>wps_pbc</b>                     | Start WPS PBC method |
| <b>wps_pin</b> <any/address> <PIN> | Start WPS PIN method |

## Others

| Command   | Description  |
|---|--|
| <b>p2p_prov_disc</b> <peer device address> <display/keypad/pbc> [join/auto] | Send P2P provision discovery request to the specified peer.      |
| <b>p2p_invite</b>   | Invite a peer to join a group or to reinvite a persistent group. |

## (6) P2P Use case

### Case 1 : Connect in pbc (Push button Control)

#### Case 1-1 : DUT #1 & DUT #2 use p2p\_find to find out each other

| Step # | DUT #1   | DUT #2                              | Comments  |
|--------|--|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1      | p2p_find 30  | p2p_find 30                         | Find p2p device   |
| 2      | p2p_peers  | p2p_peers                           | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS   |
| 3      | p2p_connect <DUT#2_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc<br>go_intent=7 |                                     | go_intent=7 means that there a same chance for both<br>EVMs to become GO<br><br>go_intent= 15 means that EVM will become GO<br>go_intent= 0 means that EVM will become Client |
| 4      |  | p2p_connect <DUT#1_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc |   |

## DUT\_1\_case\_1-1

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 status**

wpa\_state=DISCONNECTED

p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_find 30**

OK

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_peers**

00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e pbc go\_intent=7**

OK

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 status**

bssid=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

ssid=DIRECT-Cc

id=2

mode=station

pairwise\_cipher=CCMP

group\_cipher=CCMP

key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK

wpa\_state=COMPLETED

ip\_address=192.168.42.33

p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

## DUT\_2\_case\_1-1

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 status**

wpa\_state=DISCONNECTED

p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_find 30**

OK

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_peers**

00:e0:4c:02:80:45

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:45 pbc**

OK

**[root]# ./wpa\_cli status**

bssid=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

ssid=DIRECT-Cc

id=1

mode=P2P GO

pairwise\_cipher=CCMP

group\_cipher=CCMP

key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK

wpa\_state=COMPLETED

ip\_address=192.168.42.1

p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

### Case 1-2 : DUT #2 listen only DUT #1 use p2p\_find to find out DUT #2

| Step # | DUT #1                              | DUT #2                              | Comments  |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| 1      | p2p_find 30                         | p2p_listen 60                       | Find p2p device   |
| 2      | p2p_peers                           |                                     | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS   |
| 3      | p2p_connect <DUT#2_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc |                                     | go_intent=7 means that there a same chance for both<br>EVMs to become GO<br>go_intent= 15 means that EVM will become GO<br>go_intent= 0 means that EVM will become Client |
| 4      |                                     | p2p_connect <DUT#1_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc |   |



## DUT\_1\_case\_1-2

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers
```

00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e pbc
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 status
```

bssid=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

ssid=DIRECT-5e

id=2

mode=station

pairwise\_cipher=CCMP

group\_cipher=CCMP

key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK

wpa\_state=COMPLETED

ip\_address=192.168.42.33

p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:45

## DUT\_2\_case\_1-2

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_listen 60
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:45 pbc
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli status
```

bssid=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

ssid=DIRECT-5e

id=1

mode=P2P GO

pairwise\_cipher=CCMP

group\_cipher=CCMP

key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK

wpa\_state=COMPLETED

ip\_address=192.168.42.1

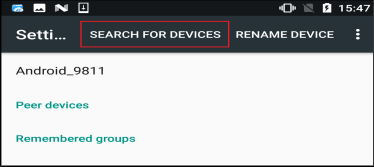
p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

address=00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

### Case 1-3 : DUT #2 is Android device and use UI to connect P2P

| Step # | DUT #1                                 | DUT #2 (Android device)        | Comments  |
|--------|--|--------------------------------|---|
|        |  | Enter Wi-Fi Direct or P2P page |   |
| 1      | p2p_find 30                            | Push "SEARCH FOR DEVICES"      | Find p2p device   |
| 2      | p2p_peers                              |                                | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS   |
| 3      | p2p_connect<br><DUT#2_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc |                                |   |
| 4      |  | Push "ACCEPT"                  |   |
|        |  |                                | <b>Note: When DUT#1 is GO. It maybe need to start a DHCP server to assign a IP to Android device. (Some Android device no IP will trigger disconnect)</b> |

DUT\_1 case 1-3



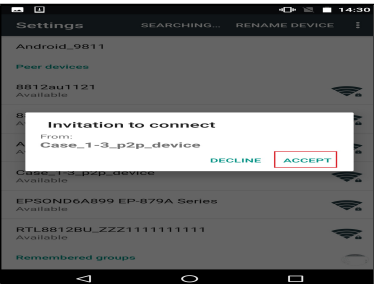
address=00:e0:4c:05:50:c1

[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 set device\_name Case\_1-3\_p2p\_device

OK

[root]# ./wpa\_cli -i wlan0 p2p\_find 30

OK



e0:4c:02:80:6e pbc



mode=P2P GO

pairwise\_cipher=CCMP

group\_cipher=CCMP

key\_mgmt=WPA2-PSK

wpa\_state=COMPLETED

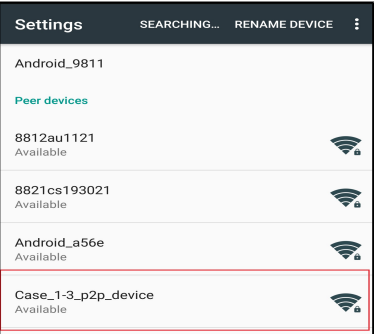
p2p\_device\_address=00:e0:4c:05:50:c1

address=00:e0:4c:05:50:c1

DUT\_2\_case\_1-3

1.

2.



3.

4.

## Case 2 : Connect in pbc (Push button Control) where DUT #1 is defined as the Auto Group Owner

| Step # | DUT #1        | DUT #2                                   | Comments                          |
|--------|---------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 1      | p2p_find 30   | p2p_find 30                              |                                   |
| 2      | p2p_peers     | p2p_peers                                | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS |
| 3      | p2p_group_add |  | Define DUT #1 as GO               |
| 4      | wps_pbc       |  |                                   |
| 5      |               | p2p_connect <DUT#1_MAC_ADDRESS> pbc join |                                   |

### DUT\_1\_case\_2

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers
```

00:e0:4c:02:80:6e

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_group_add
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 wps_pbc
```

### DUT\_2\_case\_2

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_listen 60
```

OK

```
[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:45 pbc join
```

OK

## Case 3 : Connect in Pin (PIN Number) where DUT #1 is defined as the Auto Group Owner

| Step # | DUT #1        | DUT #2  | Comments   |
|--------|---------------|---|--|
| 1      | p2p_find 30   | p2p_find 30   |  |
| 2      | p2p_peers     | p2p_peers   | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS                        |
| 3      | p2p_group_add |   | Define DUT #1 as GO                                      |
| 4      | wps_pin any   |   | verify the <DUT#1_PIN_CODE>, will appear on the terminal |
| 5      |               | p2p_connect <DUT#1_MAC_ADDRESS> <DUT#1_PIN_CODE> join |  |

| DUT_1_case_3  | DUT_2_case_3   |
|---|--|
| <pre>[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30 OK  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_group_add OK  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 wps_pin any 3760533</pre> | <pre>[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30 OK  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers 00:e0:4c:02:80:45  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:45 3760533 join OK</pre> |

## Case 4 : Connection using PIN code

| Step # | DUT #1                                      | DUT #2  | Comments   |
|--------|---|---|--|
| 1      | p2p_find 30                                 | p2p_find 30   |  |
| 2      | p2p_peers                                   | p2p_peers   | verify p2p candidates MAC ADDRESS                        |
| 3      | p2p_connect <DUT#2_MAC_ADDRESS><br>pin auth |   | verify the <DUT#1_PIN_CODE>, will appear on the terminal |
| 4      |   | p2p_connect <DUT#1_MAC_ADDRESS><br><DUT#1_PIN_CODE> |  |

| DUT_1_case_4   | DUT_2_case_4   |
|--|--|
| <pre>[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30 OK  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:6e pin auth 53617170</pre> | <pre>[root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_find 30 OK  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_peers 00:e0:4c:02:80:45  [root]# ./wpa_cli -i wlan0 p2p_connect 00:e0:4c:02:80:45 53617170 OK</pre> |