



# **DWR-980**

Wireless AC1200 4G LTE Router with VDSL2 Support, Gigabit Ethernet Ports, and 2 FXS Ports

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Call Logging	
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Firewall	
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# CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

### **Contents and Audience**

This manual describes the router DWR-980 and explains how to configure and operate it.

This manual is intended for users familiar with basic networking concepts, who create an in-home local area network, and system administrators, who install and configure networks in offices.

## Conventions

Example	Description
text	The body text of the manual.
Before You Begin	A reference to a chapter or section of this manual.
"Quick Installation Guide"	A reference to a document.
Change	A name of a menu, menu item, control (field, checkbox, drop-down list, button, etc.).
192.168.0.1	Data that you should enter in the specified field.
Information	An important note.

### Document Structure

*Chapter 1* describes the purpose and structure of the document.

*Chapter 2* gives an overview of the router's hardware and software features, describes its appearance and the package contents.

*Chapter 3* explains how to install the router DWR-980 and configure a PC in order to access its web-based interface.

Chapter 4 describes all pages of the web-based interface in detail.

Chapter 5 includes safety instructions and tips for networking.

*Chapter 6* introduces abbreviations and acronyms used in this manual.

## **General Information**

The DWR-980 device is a wireless dual band gigabit router supporting 3G/LTE with a built-in switch. It provides a fast and simple way to create a wireless and wired network at home or in an office.

The router is equipped with a built-in LTE modem which provides 3G/4G mobile connection with fast downlink speeds of up to 150Mbps and uplink speeds of up to 50Mbps.<sup>1</sup>

Also you are able to connect the wireless router DWR-980 to a VDSL line or to a private Ethernet line and use a high-speed Internet connection to successfully fulfill a wide range of professional tasks. The built-in 4-port switch enables you to connect Ethernet-enabled computers, game consoles, and other devices to your network.

Using the DWR-980 device, you are able to quickly create a high-speed wireless network at home or in your office, which lets computers and mobile devices access the Internet virtually anywhere (within the operational range of your wireless network). Simultaneous activity of 2.4GHz band and 5GHz band allows performing a wide range of tasks. The router can operate as a base station for connecting wireless devices of the standards 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n, and 802.11ac (at the wireless connection rate up to 1167Mbps<sup>2</sup>).

The router supports multiple functions for the wireless interface: several security standards (WEP, WPA/WPA2), MAC address filtering, WPS, WMM.

In addition, the device is equipped with a button for switching the Wi-Fi network off/on. If needed, for example, when you leave home, you can easily switch the router's WLAN by pressing the button, and devices connected to the LAN ports of the router will stay online.

Support of guest Wi-Fi network allows you to create a separate wireless network with individual security settings and maximum rate limitation. Devices connected to the guest network will be able to access the Internet, but will be isolated from the devices and resources of the router's LAN.

The device is equipped with two FXS ports which allow connection of analog phones for calls via Internet.

The router is equipped with a USB port for connecting a USB storage device, which will be used as a network drive, or a printer.

The wireless router DWR-980 includes a built-in firewall. The advanced security functions minimize threats of hacker attacks, prevent unwanted intrusions to your network, and block access to unwanted websites for users of your LAN.

In addition, the router supports IPsec and allows to create secure VPN tunnels.

Built-in Yandex.DNS service protects against malicious and fraudulent web sites and helps to block access to adult content on children's devices.

You can configure the settings of the wireless router DWR-980 via the user-friendly web-based interface (the interface is available in two languages – in Russian and in English).

<sup>1</sup> Data rates are theoretical. Data transfer rate depends on network capacity and signal strength.

<sup>2</sup> Up to 300Mbps for 2.4GHz and up to 867Mbps for 5GHz.

The fast and easy configuration wizard allows you to specify all needed parameters in several simple steps.

Also DWR-980 supports configuration and management via mobile application for Android smartphones.

You can simply update the firmware: the router itself finds approved firmware on D-Link update server and notifies when ready to install it.

# Specifications\*

Hardware	
Processor	· RTL8685PB (1GHz)
RAM	· 128MB, DDR2, built in processor
Flash	· 128 MБ, Serial NAND
Built-in modem	· BroadMobi BM806U-E1
Interfaces	<ul> <li>Slot for SIM card (mini-SIM)</li> <li>10/100/1000BASE-T WAN port</li> <li>4 10/100/1000BASE-T LAN ports</li> <li>1 RJ-11 DSL port</li> <li>2 RJ-11 FXS ports</li> <li>USB 2.0 port</li> </ul>
LEDs	<ul> <li>POWER</li> <li>INTERNET</li> <li>WAN</li> <li>LAN</li> <li>5GHz</li> <li>2.4GHz</li> <li>VOICE</li> <li>DSL</li> <li>SMS</li> <li>3G/LTE</li> <li>SIGNAL STRENGTH</li> </ul>
Buttons	<ul> <li>POWER switch to power on/power off</li> <li>RESET button to restore factory default settings</li> <li>WPS button to set up wireless connection</li> <li>WIFI ON/OFF button to enable/disable wireless network</li> </ul>
Antenna	<ul> <li>Two detachable LTE/3G antennas (3dBi gain)</li> <li>Two internal Wi-Fi antennas for 2.4GHz band (4dBi gain)</li> <li>Two internal Wi-Fi antennas for 5GHz band (4dBi gain)</li> </ul>
МІМО	· 2x2
Power connector	Power input connector (DC)

<sup>\*</sup> The device features are subject to change without notice. For the latest versions of the firmware and relevant documentation, visit <u>www.dlink.ru</u>.

Software	
WAN connection types	<ul> <li>LTE</li> <li>PPPoE / IPv6 PPPoE / PPPoE Dual Stack / PPPoA</li> <li>Static IP / Dynamic IP / IPoA</li> <li>Static IPv6 / Dynamic IPv6</li> <li>PPPoE + Static IP (PPPoE Dual Access)</li> <li>PPPoE + Dynamic IP (PPPoE Dual Access)</li> <li>PPTP/L2TP + Static IP</li> <li>PPTP/L2TP + Dynamic IP</li> <li>Bridge</li> </ul>
Network functions	<ul> <li>Support of IEEE 802.1X for Internet connection</li> <li>DHCP server/relay</li> <li>Stateful/Stateless mode for IPv6 address assignment, IPv6 prefix delegation</li> <li>DNS relay</li> <li>Dynamic DNS</li> <li>Static IP routing</li> <li>Static IPv6 routing</li> <li>IGMP Proxy</li> <li>RIP</li> <li>Support of UPnP IGD</li> <li>Support of VLAN</li> <li>WAN ping respond</li> <li>Support of RTSP</li> <li>WAN failover</li> <li>LAN/WAN conversion</li> </ul>
Firewall functions	<ul> <li>Network Address Translation (NAT)</li> <li>Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI)</li> <li>IP filter</li> <li>IPv6 filter</li> <li>MAC filter</li> <li>URL filter</li> <li>URL filter</li> <li>DMZ</li> <li>Prevention of ARP and DDoS attacks</li> <li>Virtual servers</li> <li>Built-in Yandex.DNS web content filtering service</li> <li>IPsec/PPTP/L2TP/PPPoE pass-through</li> </ul>
QoS	IPsec tunnels     Interface grouping     VLAN priority (802.1p)
USB interface functions	USB storage     File browser     Print server     Access to storage via accounts     Built-in Samba/FTP/DLNA server     Built-in Transmission torrent client; uploading/downloading files from/to USB     storage
Management	<ul> <li>Local and remote access to settings through TELNET/WEB (HTTP/HTTPS)</li> <li>Bilingual web-based interface for configuration and management (Russian/English)</li> <li>Support of mobile application for Android smartphones</li> <li>Notification on connection problems and auto redirect to settings</li> <li>Firmware update via web-based interface</li> <li>Automatic notification on new firmware version</li> <li>Saving/restoring configuration to/from file</li> <li>Support of logging to remote host/connected USB storage</li> <li>Automatic synchronization of system time with NTP server and manual time/date setup</li> <li>Ping utility</li> <li>Traceroute utility</li> <li>TR-069 client</li> </ul>

LTE Module Parameters		
LTE connection rate <sup>3</sup>	Downlink: up to 150Mbps     Uplink: up to 50Mbps	
Supported frequencies⁴	<ul> <li>Power Class 3</li> <li>LTE B1/2/3/5/7/8/20/38/40</li> <li>UMTS B1/2/3/5/8 (2100/1900/1800/850/900MHz)</li> <li>GSM/GPRS 850/900/1800/1900MHz</li> </ul>	
Functions	<ul> <li>Auto connection to available type of supported network (4G/3G/2G)</li> <li>Auto configuration of connection upon plugging in SIM card</li> <li>Enabling/disabling PIN code check, changing PIN code</li> <li>Sending/receiving/reading/removing SMS messages</li> <li>Support of USSD requests (<i>For DWR-980 with the built-in modem FW version M1.4.4_E1.0.3_A1.1.8. See the data on the modem FW version in the webbased interface of the router, on the "LTE Modem" page.</i>)</li> </ul>	

DSL Parameters	
VDSL/ADSL Standards	<ul> <li>VDSL2: ITU G.993.2, support of 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 12a, 12b, 17a, 30a, 35b</li> <li>ADSL: Multi-mode, ANSI T1.413 Issue 2, ITU-T G.992.1 (G.dmt) Annex A, ITU-T G.992.2 (G.lite) Annex A, ITU-T G.994.1 (G.hs)</li> <li>ADSL2: ITU-T G.992.3 (G.dmt.bis) Annex A/L/M, ITU-T G.992.4 (G.lite.bis) Annex A</li> <li>ADSL2+: ITU-T G.992.5 Annex A/L/M</li> </ul>
ATM/PPP Protocols	<ul> <li>Bridged and routed Ethernet encapsulation</li> <li>VC-based or LLC-based multiplexing</li> <li>ATM Forum UNI3.1/4.0 PVC (up to 8 PVCs)</li> <li>ATM Adaptation Layer Type 5 (AAL5)</li> <li>ITU-T I.610 OAM F4/F5 loopback</li> <li>ATM QoS</li> <li>PPP over ATM (RFC 2364)</li> <li>PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE)</li> <li>Keep-alive for PPP connections</li> </ul>

<sup>3</sup> Data rates are theoretical. Data transfer rate depends on network capacity and signal strength.

<sup>4</sup> Supported frequency bands are dependent on regional variants.

Wireless Module Parameters		
Standards	<ul> <li>IEEE 802.11a/n/ac</li> <li>IEEE 802.11b/g/n</li> </ul>	
Frequency range	<ul> <li>2400 ~ 2483.5MHz</li> <li>5150 ~ 5250MHz</li> <li>5725 ~ 5850MHz</li> </ul>	
Wireless connection security	<ul> <li>WEP</li> <li>WPA/WPA2 (Personal/Enterprise)</li> <li>MAC filter</li> <li>WPS (PBC/PIN)</li> </ul>	
Advanced functions	<ul> <li>WMM (Wi-Fi QoS)</li> <li>Information on connected Wi-Fi clients</li> <li>Advanced settings</li> <li>Guest Wi-Fi / support of MBSSID</li> <li>Limitation of wireless network rate</li> <li>Periodic scan of channels, automatic switch to least loaded channel</li> <li>Autonegotiation of channel bandwidth in accordance with environment conditions (20/40 Coexistence)</li> </ul>	
Wireless connection rate	<ul> <li>IEEE 802.11a: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54Mbps</li> <li>IEEE 802.11b: 1, 2, 5.5, and 11Mbps</li> <li>IEEE 802.11g: 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, and 54Mbps</li> <li>IEEE 802.11n (2.4GHz/5GHz): from 6.5 to 300Mbps (from MCS0 to MCS15)</li> <li>IEEE 802.11ac (5GHz): from 6.5 to 867Mbps (from MCS0 to MSC9)</li> </ul>	
<b>Transmitter output power</b> The maximum value of the transmitter output power depends upon the radio frequency regulations applied in your country	<ul> <li>802.11a</li> <li>16dBm at 6Mbps</li> <li>802.11b</li> <li>15dBm at 1Mbps</li> <li>802.11g</li> <li>15dBm at 6Mbps</li> <li>802.11n</li> <li>14dBm at MCS0</li> <li>802.11ac</li> <li>14dBm at MCS0</li> </ul>	
Receiver sensitivity	<ul> <li>802.11a         <ul> <li>-82dBm at 6Mbps</li> <li>802.11b             <li>-80dBm at 1Mbps</li> <li>802.11g             <li>-82dBm at 6Mbps</li> <li>802.11n             <li>-82dBm at MCS0</li> <li>802.11ac             <li>-76dBm at MCS0</li> </li></li></li></li></ul> </li> </ul>	
Modulation schemes	<ul> <li>802.11a: BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM with OFDM</li> <li>802.11b: DQPSK, DBPSK, DSSS, and CCK</li> <li>802.11g: BPSK, QPSK, 16QAM, 64 QAM with OFDM</li> <li>802.11n: BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM with OFDM</li> <li>802.11ac: BPSK, QPSK, 16 QAM, 64 QAM, 256 QAM with OFDM</li> </ul>	

Phone	
General SIP Features	<ul> <li>Individual account per port</li> <li>Invite with Challenge</li> <li>Register by IP address or domain name of SIP server</li> <li>Backup proxy support</li> <li>Support of DHCP option 120</li> <li>RFC3986 SIP URI format support</li> <li>Outbound proxy support</li> <li>STUN client</li> <li>NAT public IP address</li> <li>NAT keep-alive</li> <li>Session timer (re-invite/update)</li> <li>Call types: voice/modem/fax</li> <li>User programmable Dial Plan</li> <li>Manual peer table (for P2P calls)</li> <li>E.164 Numbering, ENUM support</li> </ul>
Call Features	<ul> <li>Direct IP-to-IP call without SIP proxy (P2P)</li> <li>Call hold/retrieve</li> <li>Call awaiting</li> <li>Forwarding (unconditional, busy, no answer)</li> <li>Do Not Disturb</li> <li>Anonymous call blocking</li> <li>Speed/abbreviated dialing</li> <li>PIN code before dialing</li> <li>Phone book</li> <li>Hotline</li> <li>Vertical service codes</li> <li>CLIR</li> <li>Intercom (internal calls without SIP server)</li> <li>Filtering SIP packets by IP address/domain name (white/black list)</li> <li>Alarm clock</li> <li>Logging and recording calls</li> <li>Sending text messages to VoIP gateways/IP phones</li> </ul>
Voice Features	<ul> <li>Codecs: G.711 a/µ-law, G.729A, G.726, G.722, G.723.1, GSMFR, ILBC, SPEEX</li> <li>DTMF detection and generation</li> <li>In-band DTMF, out-of-band DTMF (RFC2833, SIP-INFO)</li> <li>Comfort Noise Generation (CNG)</li> <li>Voice Activity Detection (VAD)</li> <li>Dynamic Jitter Buffer</li> <li>Echo Cancellation (LEC/NLP)</li> <li>Call progress tone generation (FXS)</li> <li>DTMF/PULSE dial support</li> <li>Caller ID detection and generation</li> <li>T.30 FAX bypass to G.711, T.38 Real Time FAX Relay, V.152</li> <li>Adjustable Flash Time</li> <li>Advanced call transfer</li> <li>Volume control (speaker/microphone)</li> </ul>

Physical Parameters	
Dimensions (L x W x H)	· 220 x 67 x 195 mm (8.7 x 2.6 x 7.7 in)
Weight	· 465 g (1 lb)

Operating Environment	
Power	· Output: 12V DC, 2.5A
Temperature	<ul> <li>Operating: from 5 to 40 °C</li> <li>Storage: from -20 to 70 °C</li> </ul>
Humidity	<ul> <li>Operating: from 10% to 90% (non-condensing)</li> <li>Storage: from 5% to 95% (non-condensing)</li> </ul>

# **Product Appearance**

## **Front Panel**



LED	Mode	Description		
		Poor signal strength.	attl	
		Fair signal strength.	atti	
	Solid green	Good signal strength.	attl	
SIGNAL STRENGTH		Very good signal strength.	attl	
		Excellent signal strength.	attl	
	Blinking green	No SIM card or failed to register in a mobile operator's network.		
	No light	LTE WAN connection is not created or is off.		
	Solid green	LTE network registration is successfully done		
	Solid yellow	3G network registration is successfully done.		
3G/LTE	Solid red	Searching for a network.		
	No light	No registration in a network.		
0110	Solid green	An unread message (or messages).		
5145	No light	No unread messages.		
	Solid green	DSL has been synchronized.		
DSL	Blinking green	Detecting a carrier signal and synchronizing D	OSL.	
	No light	No carrier signal.		

LED	Mode	Description
	Solid green	Line 1 is registered on the SIP server.
	Slow blinking green	Attempting to register line 1 on the SIP server.
	Fast blinking green	The receiver is off-hook, line 1 is registered on the SIP server.
VOICE	Solid red	Line 2 is registered on the SIP server.
	Slow blinking red	Attempting to register line 2 on the SIP server.
	Fast blinking red	The receiver is off-hook, line 2 is registered on the SIP server.
	No light	A line is not registered on the SIP server.
	Solid green	The router's WLAN of the relevant band is on.
2.4GHz	Fast blinking green	Data transfer through the Wi-Fi network of the relevant band.
5GHz	Blinking green	Attempting to add a wireless device via the WPS function.
	No light	The router's WLAN of the relevant band is off.
	Solid green	The cable is connected to a LAN port.
LAN	Blinking green	Data transfer though one or several LAN ports.
	No light	The cable is not connected to a LAN port.
	Solid green	The cable is connected to the WAN port.
WAN	Blinking green	Data transfer though the WAN port.
	No light	The cable is not connected to the WAN port.
INTERNET	Solid red	There are no WAN connections created or the default WAN connection is off.
	Solid green	The default WAN connection is on.
	Solid green	The router is powered on.
POWER	Blinking green	The firmware is being updated.
	No light	The router is powered off.

## Left Side Panel



Figure 2. Left side panel view.

Name	Description
	A button to quickly add wireless devices to the router's WLAN (the WPS function).
WPS	To use the WPS function: with the device turned on, press the button, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The <b>2.4GHz</b> and <b>5GHz</b> LEDs will start blinking.
WIFI ON/OFF	A button to enable/disable wireless network. To disable the router's wireless network: with the device turned on, press the button, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The <b>2.4GHz</b> and <b>5GHz</b> LEDs should turn off.

A slot for SIM card (mini-SIM) is also located on the left side panel of the router.

# **Back Panel**



Figure 3. Back panel view.

Port	Description
RESET	A button to restore the factory default settings. To restore the factory defaults, push the button (with the device turned on), hold it for 10 seconds, and then release the button.
12V DC IN	Power connector.
POWER	A switch to turn the router on/off.
WAN	A port to connect to a private Ethernet line (it is recommended to use the cable included in the delivery package).
LAN 1-4	4 Ethernet ports to connect Ethernet devices. One port can be used to connect to a private Ethernet line instead of the <b>WAN</b> port.
USB	A port for connecting a USB device (storage, printer).
FXS 1-2	2 FXS ports to connect analog phones.
DSL	A DSL port to connect the router to the telephone line.

The device is also equipped with two external detachable LTE/3G antennas and four internal Wi-Fi antennas.

# **Delivery Package**

The following should be included:

- Router DWR-980
- Power adapter DC 12V/2.5A
- Ethernet cable
- Two detachable LTE/3G antennas
- RJ-11 telephone cable
- "Quick Installation Guide" (brochure).

The "*User Manual*" and "*Quick Installation Guide*" documents are available on D-Link website (see <u>www.dlink.ru</u>).



# CHAPTER 3. INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

# Before You Begin

Please, read this manual prior to installing the device. Make sure that you have all the necessary information and equipment.

#### **Operating System**

Configuration of the wireless dual band gigabit VoIP router with 3G/LTE support DWR-980 (hereinafter referred to as "the router") is performed via the built-in web-based interface. The web-based interface is available from any operating system that supports a web browser.

#### Web Browser

The following web browsers are recommended:

- Apple Safari 8 and later
- Google Chrome 48 and later
- Microsoft Internet Explorer 10 and later
- Microsoft Edge 20.10240 and later
- Mozilla Firefox 44 and later
- Opera 35 and later.

For successful operation, JavaScript should be enabled on the web browser. Make sure that JavaScript has not been disabled by other software (such as virus protection or web user security packages) running on your computer.

#### Wired or Wireless NIC (Ethernet or Wi-Fi Adapter)

Any computer that uses the router should be equipped with an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter (NIC). If your computer is not equipped with such a device, install an Ethernet or Wi-Fi adapter prior to using the router.

#### Wireless Connection

Wireless workstations from your network should be equipped with a wireless 802.11a, b, g, n, or ac NIC (Wi-Fi adapter). In addition, you should specify the values of SSID, channel number and security settings defined in the web-based interface of the router for all these wireless workstations.

#### VoIP

On order to use VoIP over SIP, you need to connect an analog phone to an FXS port of the router. Then access the web-based interface of the router, and you will be able to configure all needed settings.

#### SIM Card

To connect to the Internet via mobile operators' networks, you should use an active SIM card. Then you will be able to configure a connection to the Internet.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>5</sup> Contact your operator to get information on the service coverage and fees.

# Connecting to PC

### **PC with Ethernet Adapter**

- 1. Connect an Ethernet cable between any of LAN ports located on the back panel of the router and the Ethernet port of your PC.
- 2. *To connect via built-in modem*: insert a SIM card into the slot on the left side panel of the router with the gold contacts facing towards the front of the device and gently push until it clicks.

If you need to connect a SIM card or change it to another one when the router is powered on, power off the router, insert or change the SIM card, and power on the router.

- 3. *To connect the router to a DSL line*: connect a phone cable between the phone jack and the DSL port of the router.
- 4. *To connect the router to an Ethernet line:* connect an Ethernet cable between the **WAN** port of the router and the Ethernet line.
- 5. Connect another phone cable between an FXS port of the router and the phone.
- 6. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
- 7. Turn on the router by moving the **POWER** switch on its back panel to the ON (I) position.

Then make sure that your PC is configured to obtain an IP address automatically (as DHCP client).

## **Obtaining IP Address Automatically (OS Windows 7)**

- 1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel** window.
- 2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)

	Control Panel  All Control	Panel Items 🕨	✓ Search Control Panel	م
Adjust	your computer's settings		View by: Large icons 🔻	
		-	~~~···	*
P	Indexing Options	Internet Options	Ceyboard	
	Location and Other Sensors	🕜 Mouse	Network and Sharing Center	
	Notification Area Icons	Arental Controls	Performance Information and Tools	
M	Personalization	Phone and Modem	Power Options	
	Programs and Features	Recovery	Region and Language	
	RemoteApp and Desktop Connections	Sound	Speech Recognition	=
۲	Sync Center	System	Taskbar and Start Menu	-
	Troubleshooting	User Accounts	Windows CardSpace	
躙	Windows Defender	Windows Firewall	Windows Update	•

Figure 4. The Control Panel window.

3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.

🗸 🗢 😨 🕨 Control Panel 🛛	<ul> <li>Network and Internet</li> <li>Network and Sharing Center</li> <li>Search Control Panel</li> </ul>
Control Panel Home	View your basic network information and set up connections
Manage wireless networks	See full ma
Change adapter settings	C1 Internet
Change advanced sharing settings	(This computer)
-	View your active networks Connect to a networks.
	Change your networking settings
	🙀 Set up a new connection or network
	Set up a wireless, broadband, dial-up, ad hoc, or VPN connection; or set up a router or acces point.
	Connect to a network
	Connect or reconnect to a wireless, wired, dial-up, or VPN network connection.
	Choose homegroup and sharing options
	Access files and printers located on other network computers, or change sharing settings.
See also	Troubleshoot problems
HomeGroup	Diagnose and repair network problems, or get troubleshooting information.
Internet Options	
Windows Firewall	

Figure 5. The Network and Sharing Center window.

4. In the opened window, right-click the relevant **Local Area Connection** icon and select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.

<b>OO</b> ,	• 😰	Control Panel      Network an	d Internet 🕨 Network Connec	tions 🕨	✓ 4y Search Network Col	nnecti	ons	<mark>× ا</mark>
Organize	-	Disable this network device	Diagnose this connection	Rename this connection	»		•	0
	LAN							
	0	Disable						
		Diagnose						
	0	Bridge Connections						
		Create Shortcut						
	Θ	Delete						
	8	Rename						
	0	Properties						

Figure 6. The Network Connections window.

5. In the Local Area Connection Properties window, on the Networking tab, select the Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) line. Click the Properties button.

🖳 LAN Properties			
Networking			
Connect using:			
<u>C</u> onfigure			
This connection uses the following items:			
<ul> <li>Client for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>QoS Packet Scheduler</li> <li>File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks</li> <li>Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6)</li> <li>Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)</li> <li>Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)</li> <li>Internet Protocol Version 9 (TCP/IPv4)</li> <li>Internet Protocol Versi</li></ul>			
Install			
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.			
OK Cancel			

Figure 7. The Local Area Connection Properties window.

6. Make sure that the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server** address automatically choices of the radio buttons are selected. Click the **OK** button.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties ?
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	natically if your network supports ask your network administrator
) Obtain an IP address automatical	y i
OUse the following IP address:	
IP address:	· · · ·
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address autom	natically
OUse the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Figure 8. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window.

7. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.

### PC with Wi-Fi Adapter

1. *To connect via built-in modem*: insert a SIM card into the slot on the left side panel of the router with the gold contacts facing towards the front of the device and gently push until it clicks.



If you need to connect a SIM card or change it to another one when the router is powered on, power off the router, insert or change the SIM card, and power on the router.

- 2. *To connect the router to a DSL line*: connect a phone cable between the phone jack and the DSL port of the router.
- 3. *To connect the router to an Ethernet line:* connect an Ethernet cable between the WAN port of the router and the Ethernet line.
- 4. Connect another phone cable between an FXS port of the router and the phone.
- 5. Connect the power cord to the power connector port on the back panel of the router, then plug the power adapter into an electrical outlet or power strip.
- 6. Turn on the router by moving the **POWER** switch on its back panel to the ON (I) position.
- 7. Make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on. As a rule, modern notebooks with built-in wireless NICs are equipped with a button or switch that turns on/off the wireless adapter (refer to your PC documents). If your PC is equipped with a pluggable wireless NIC, install the software provided with your Wi-Fi adapter.

Then make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is configured to obtain an IP address automatically (as DHCP client).

### **Obtaining IP Address Automatically and Connecting** to Wireless Network (OS Windows 7)

- 1. Click the **Start** button and proceed to the **Control Panel** window.
- 2. Select the **Network and Sharing Center** section. (If the Control Panel has the category view (the **Category** value is selected from the **View by** drop-down list in the top right corner of the window), choose the **View network status and tasks** line under the **Network and Internet** section.)



Figure 9. The Control Panel window.

- 3. In the menu located on the left part of the window, select the **Change adapter settings** line.
- 4. In the opened window, right-click the relevant **Wireless Network Connection** icon. Make sure that your Wi-Fi adapter is on, then select the **Properties** line in the menu displayed.
- 5. In the Wireless Network Connection Properties window, on the Networking tab, select the Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) line. Click the Properties button.

6. Make sure that the **Obtain an IP address automatically** and **Obtain DNS server** address automatically choices of the radio buttons are selected. Click the **OK** button.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned autor this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	matically if your network supports ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address automatical	ly i
OUse the following IP address:	
IP address:	· · · · ·
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	· · ·
Default gateway:	
Obtain DNS server address autor	natically
OUSe the following DNS server add	Iresses:
Preferred DNS server:	· · · · · ·
Alternate DNS server:	
Validate settings upon exit	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

Figure 10. The Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window.

- 7. Click the **OK** button in the connection properties window.
- 8. To open the list of available wireless networks, select the icon of the wireless network connection and click the **Connect To** button or left-click the network icon in the notification area located on the right side of the taskbar.



Figure 11. The notification area of the taskbar.

In the opened Wireless Network Connection window, select the wireless network DWR-980 (for operating in the 2.4GHz band) or DWR-980-5G (for operating in the 5GHz band) and click the Connect button.

Not connected	÷7			
Connections are available				
Wi-Fi	^			
wireless router  Connect automatically	nect			
Open Network and Sharing Ce	nter			

Figure 12. The list of available networks.

- 10. In the opened window, enter the network key (see WPS PIN on the barcode label on the back panel of the device) in the **Security key** field and click the **OK** button.
- 11. Wait for about 20-30 seconds. After the connection is established, the network icon will be displayed as the signal level scale.
- If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, note that immediately after changing the wireless default settings of the router you will need to reconfigure the wireless connection using the newly specified settings.

# Connecting to Web-based Interface

When you have configured your computer, you can access the web-based interface and configure needed parameters (create a WAN connection, change the parameters of the wireless network, specify the settings of the firewall, etc.).

For security reasons, DWR-980 with default settings cannot connect to the Internet. To get started, please set your own password used to access the web-based interface and, if needed, configure other settings recommended by your ISP.

Start a web browser (see the *Before You Begin* section, page 19). In the address bar of the web browser, enter the domain name of the router (by default, **dlinkrouter.local**) with a dot at the end and press the **Enter** key. Also you can enter the IP address of the device (by default, **192.168.0.1**).



Figure 13. Connecting to the web-based interface of the DWR-980 device.

If the error "*The page cannot be displayed*" (or "*Unable to display the page*"/"*Could not connect to remote server*") occurs upon connecting to the web-based interface of the router, make sure that you have properly connected the router to your computer.

If the device has not been configured previously or the default settings have been restored, after access to the web-based interface the Initial Configuration Wizard opens (see the *Initial Configuration Wizard* section, page 37).



Figure 14. The page for running the Initial Configuration Wizard.

If you configured the device previously, after access to the web-based interface the login page opens. Enter the username (admin) in the **Username** field and the password you specified in the **Password** field, then click the **LOGIN** button.

Login		
Username		
Password		٩
	LOGIN	CLEAR

Figure 15. The login page.

# Web-based Interface Structure

### **Summary Page**

On the **Summary** page, detailed information on the device state is displayed.

Configuration Summ		mary	
Device Information		LAN Ports	
Model:	DWR-980	LAN1:	Off
Hardware revision:		LAN2:	Off
Firmware version:	3.0.1	LAN3:	Off
Build time: Tu	e Sep 11 2018 4:44:39 PM MSK	LAN4:	그 -
Vendor:	D-Link Russia		
Serial number:	1234567890123	DSI Statua	
Support:	support@dlink.ru	DSL Status	
Phone:	8-800-700-5465	Line status:	Off
Summary:			
Uptime:	00:49:17		
		USB Devices	
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz		i No connected devices	
Status:	On ●	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Broadcasting:	On	LTE Modem	
Additional networks:	0		
Network name (SSID):	DWR-980-91bc		
Security:	WPA2-PSK	VoIP Line 1	
		Line status:	Registration off
Wi-Fi 5 GHz		Phone:	Handset is put down

Figure 16. The summary page.

The **Device Information** section displays the model and hardware version of the router, the firmware version, and other data.

To contact the technical support group (to send an e-mail), left-click the support e-mail address. After clicking the line, the e-mail client window for sending a new letter to the specified address opens.

The **Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz** and **Wi-Fi 5 GHz** sections display data on the state of the device's wireless network, its name and the authentication type, and availability of an additional wireless network in the relevant band.

In the **WAN** section, data on the type and status of the existing WAN connection are displayed.

In the **LAN** section, the IPv4 and IPv6 address of the router and the number of wired and wireless clients of the device are displayed.

The LAN Ports section displays the state of the device's LAN ports.

In the **DSL Status** section, data on the DSL connection state is displayed.

The **USB Devices** section displays the device connected to the USB port of the router.

The **LTE Modem** section displays a name of a built-in LTE modem.

In the **VoIP Line 1** and **VoIP Line 2** sections, data on the status of registration on the SIP proxy server and the phone status are displayed.

The **Yandex.DNS** section displays the Yandex.DNS service state and operation mode. To enable the Yandex.DNS service, move the **Enable** switch to the right. If needed, change the operation mode of the service.

## **Home Page**

The **Home** page displays links to the most frequently used pages with device's settings.



Figure 17. The Home page.

Other settings of the router are available in the menu in the left part of the page.

# **Menu Sections**

To configure the router use the menu in the left part of the page.

In the **Initial Configuration** section you can run the Initial Configuration Wizard. The Wizard allows you to configure the router for operation in the needed mode and specify all parameters necessary for getting started (for the description of the Wizard, see the *Initial Configuration Wizard* section, page 37).

The pages of the **Statistics** section display data on the current state of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Statistics* section, page 62).

The pages of the **Connections Setup** section are designed for configuring basic parameters of the LAN interface of the router and creating a connection to the Internet (for the description of the pages, see the *Connections Setup* section, page 69).

The pages of the **Wi-Fi** section are designed for specifying all needed settings of the router's wireless network (for the description of the pages, see the *Wi-Fi* section, page 130).

The **Print Server** section is designed for configuring the router as a print server (see the *Print Server* section, page 155).

The pages of the **USB Storage** section are designed for operating the connected USB storage (for the description of the pages, see the *USB Storage* section, page 156).

The pages of the **LTE Modem** section are designed for operating the built-in LTE modem (for the description of the pages, see the *LTE Modem* section, page 168).

The pages of the **Advanced** section are designed for configuring additional parameters of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Advanced* section, page 175).

The pages of the **VoIP** section are designed for specifying all settings needed for VoIP (for the description of the pages, see the *VoIP* section, page 201).

The pages of the **Firewall** section are designed for configuring the firewall of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *Firewall* section, page 229).

The pages of the **System** section provide functions for managing the internal system of the router (for the description of the pages, see the *System* section, page 240).

The pages of the **Yandex.DNS** section are designed for configuring the Yandex.DNS web content filtering service (for the description of the pages, see the *Yandex.DNS* section, page 256).

To exit the web-based interface, click the **Logout** line of the menu.

# Notifications

The router's web-based interface displays notifications in the top right part of the page.



Figure 18. The web-based interface notifications.

Click the icon displaying the number of notifications to view the complete list and click the relevant button.
# CHAPTER 4. CONFIGURING VIA WEB-BASED INTERFACE

# Initial Configuration Wizard

To start the Initial Configuration Wizard, go to the **Initial Configuration** section. On the opened page, click the **OK** button and wait until the factory default settings are restored.



Figure 19. Restoring the default settings in the Wizard.

If you perform initial configuration of the router via Wi-Fi connection, please make sure that you are connected to the wireless network of DWR-980 (see the WLAN name (SSID) on the barcode label on the back panel of the device) and click the **NEXT** button.



Figure 20. Checking connection to the wireless network.

Click the **START** button.



Figure 21. Starting the Wizard.

On the opened page, click **YES** in order to leave the current language of the web-based interface or click **NO** to select the other language.



Figure 22. Selecting a language.

You can finish the wizard earlier and go to the menu of the web-based interface. To do this, click the **ADVANCED SETTINGS** button. On the opened page, change the default settings: specify the administrator password in the **Admin password** and **Password confirmation** fields and the name of the wireless network in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands in the **Network name 2.4 GHz** (SSID) and **Network name 5 GHz** (SSID) fields correspondingly. Then click the **APPLY** button.

Defaults	
In order to start up, please change seve	eral default settings.
Admin password*	Q
Password should be between 1 and	d 31 ASCII characters
Password confirmation*	ũ
Network name 2.4 GHz (SSID)*	
DWR-XXX-91bc	
Network name 5 GHz (SSID)*	
DWR-XXX-5G-91bc	
	< ВАСК

Figure 23. Changing the default settings.

To continue the configuration of the router via the Wizard, click the **CONTINUE** button.

### **Selecting Operation Mode**

In order to connect your device to a VDSL or ADSL line, on the **Device mode** page, from the **Connection method** list, select the **VDSL** or **ADSL** value correspondingly. In this mode you can configure a WAN connection, set your own settings for the wireless network in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, configure LAN ports to connect an STB or VoIP phone, and set your own password for access to the web-based interface of the device.

Device mode		
Connection method	•	
Connect the ISP's cable according The Internet will be accesses via VI	to the connection scheme. DSL.	Pione Splitter Line Woden
Work mode Router	£	
	< ВАСК	NEXT >

Figure 24. Selecting an operation mode. The VDSL mode.

In order to connect your device to a private Ethernet line, on the **Device mode** page, from the **Connection method** list, select the **Ethernet (WAN)** value. In this mode you can configure a WAN connection, set your own settings for the wireless network in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, configure LAN ports to connect an STB or VoIP phone, and set your own password for access to the web-based interface of the device. If you want to use one of the LAN ports to connect your device to a private Ethernet line, select the **Ethernet (LAN)** value.

Ethernet (WAN)	-	
an agreement for provision of the Inte Ethernet. WAN port will be used as th	e Internet port.	
Router	Â	

Figure 25. Selecting an operation mode. The Ethernet (WAN) mode.

In order to connect your device to the network of a 3G or LTE operator, on the **Device mode** page, from the **Connection method** list, select the **3G/LTE modem** value. In this mode you can configure a 3G/LTE WAN connection, set your own settings for the wireless network in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, and set your own password for access to the web-based interface of the device.

Device mode	
Connection method	
3G/LTE modem	
① Connect a USB modem with an active SIM card of your mobile operator to the device or install an active SIM card into the relevant slot, if your device is equipped with a built-in 3G/LTE modem.	
< васк	

Figure 26. Selecting an operation mode. The **3G/LTE modem** mode.

In order to connect your device to a wireless ISP (WISP), on the **Device mode** page, from the **Connection method** list, select the **Wi-Fi** value. In this mode you can connect your device to another access point, configure a WAN connection, set your own settings for the wireless network in the 2.4GHz and 5GHz bands, configure LAN ports to connect an STB or VoIP phone, and set your own password for access to the web-based interface of the device.

Device mode		
Connection method		_
Wi-Fi	-	
		SSID_Ext
Work mode	0	
WISP Repeater		
	<b>*</b>	

Figure 27. Selecting an operation mode. The Wi-Fi mode.

When the operation mode is selected, click the **NEXT** button.

## **Creating LTE WAN Connection**

This configuration step is available for the **3G/LTE modem** mode.

1. If the PIN code check is enabled for the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem, enter the PIN code in the **PIN** field and click the **APPLY** button.

ng
de of the SIM card
<i>©</i>
APPLY
<b>C BACK</b> NEXT
80 000

Figure 28. The page for entering the PIN code.

2. Please wait while the router automatically creates a WAN connection for your mobile operator.

LTE mod	lem detecting	
Vendor: Model: Mode: The connec Click "Next"	D-Link DWR-980 LTE ction has been created automatically. " to continue configuration	
	✓ BACK	iext >

Figure 29. The page for creating LTE connection.

3. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to return to the previous page.

If the router failed to create a WAN connection automatically, click the **CONFIGURE MANUALLY** button. On the **Internet connection type** page, configure all needed settings and click the **NEXT** button.

# Wi-Fi Client

This configuration step is available for the **Wi-Fi** mode.

1. On the **Wi-Fi Client** page, click the **WIRELESS NETWORKS** button and select the network to which you want to connect in the opened window. When you select a network, the **Network name (SSID)** and **BSSID** fields are filled in automatically.

If you cannot find the needed network in the list, click the **UPDATE LIST** icon (



2. If a password is needed to connect to the selected network, fill in the relevant field. Click the **Show** icon ( **N**) to display the entered password.

Frequency band 2.4 GHz	✓ WF	work authentication PA2-PSK	-
Network name (SSID)* RD_DL	Ра	ssword PSK*	હ
BSSID 78:32:1b:48:91:aa	() Enc	Password should be between 8 ar	nd 63 ASCII characters
	AE	S	-
WIRELESS NETWORKS			

Figure 30. The page for configuring the Wi-Fi client.

If you connect to a hidden network, select the band where the hidden network operates from the **Frequency band** list and enter the network name in the **Network name (SSID)** field. Then select a needed value from the **Network authentication** list and then, if needed, enter the password in the relevant field.

When the **Open** or **WEP** authentication type is selected, the following settings are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Enable encryption WEP	For <b>Open</b> authentication type only. The checkbox activating WEP encryption. When the checkbox is selected, the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list, the <b>Encryption key WEP as HEX</b> checkbox, and four <b>Encryption key</b> fields are displayed on the page.
Default key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.

Parameter	Description
Encryption key WEP as HEX	Select the checkbox to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.
Encryption key (1-4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered key.

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is selected, the following fields are displayed:

Parameter	Description
Password PSK	A password for WPA encryption. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.
Encryption type	An encryption method: <b>TKIP</b> , <b>AES</b> , or <b>TKIP+AES</b> .

3. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to return to the previous page.

# **Configuring LAN Port as WAN Port**

This configuration step is available for the Ethernet (LAN) mode.

1. On the **Device connection** page, select a free LAN port which will be used as the WAN port.



Figure 31. The page for configuring a LAN port as the WAN port.

2. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to return to the previous page.

# **Creating Wired WAN Connection**

This configuration step is available for the ADSL, VDSL, Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), and Wi-Fi modes.

You should configure your WAN connection in accordance with data provided by your Internet service provider (ISP). Make sure that you have obtained all necessary information prior to configuring your connection. Otherwise contact your ISP.

- 1. On the **Internet connection type** page, from the **Connection type** list, select the connection type used by your ISP and fill in the fields displayed on the page.
- 2. Specify the settings necessary for the connection of the selected type.
- 3. *For the* **VDSL**, *Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN) modes*: If your ISP uses MAC address binding, select the Clone MAC address of your device checkbox.
- 4. For the VDSL, Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN) modes: If the Internet access is provided via a VLAN channel, select the Use VLAN checkbox and fill in the VLAN ID field.
- 5. For the ADSL mode: Specify the VPI and VCI values in the relevant fields.
- 6. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to return to the previous page.

#### Static IPv4 or IPoA Connection

Connection type					
Static IPv4		•			
A connection of this ty	be allows you to use	a fixed IP address	provided by your ISP.		
P address*					
Netmask*					
Gateway IP address	•				
DNS IP address*					
Clone MAC addres	of your device				
n some ISP's network	s, it is required to reg	gister a certain MAC	Caddress in order to	get access to the	Internet.
Use VLAN					
Select the checkbox if	the Internet access i	s provided via a VL	AN channel.		

Figure 32. The page for configuring Static IPv4 WAN connection.

The **IPoA** connection type is available for the **ADSL** mode only.

Fill in the following fields: IP address, Netmask, Gateway IP address, and DNS IP address.

#### Static IPv6 Connection

Connection type	
Static IPv6	-
① A connection of this type allows	rou to use a fixed IP address provided by your ISP.
IP address*	
Prefix*	
Gateway IP address*	
DNS IP address*	
Clone MAC address of your devi	
(i) In some ISP's networks, it is re	ired to register a certain MAC address in order to get access to the Internet.
Use VLAN	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Figure 33. The page for configuring Static IPv6 WAN connection.

Fill in the following fields: IP address, Prefix, Gateway IP address, and DNS IP address.

# PPPoE,PPPoA,IPv6PPPoE,PPPoEDualStack,PPPoE + Dynamic IP (PPPoE Dual Access) Connections

word.
MAC address in order to get access to the Internet.
a VLAN channel.
iin

Figure 34. The page for configuring PPPoE WAN connection.

The **PPPoA** connection type is available for the **ADSL** mode only.

The **PPPoE + Dynamic IP (PPPoE Dual Access)** connection type is available for the **Ethernet (WAN)** and **Ethernet (LAN)** modes only.

In the **Username** field enter the login and in the **Password** field enter the password provided by your ISP. Click the **Show** icon ( $\infty$ ) to display the entered password. If authorization is not required, select the **Without authorization** checkbox.

#### **PPPoE + Static IP (PPPoE Dual Access) Connection**

Connection type	
PPPoE + Static IP (PPPoE Dual Access)	•
• A connection of this type requires a user name no	anuard and a fixed ID address provided by your ISD
A connection of this type requires a user name, part	ssword, and a fixed in address provided by your fsr.
Without authorization	
lisename*	
Osemanie	
Password"	Q.
Service name	
IP address*	
Netmask*	
Gateway IP address*	
DNS IP address*	

Figure 35. The page for configuring PPPoE + Static IP (PPPoE Dual Access) WAN connection.

The **PPPoE + Static IP (PPPoE Dual Access)** connection type is available for the **Ethernet (WAN)** and **Ethernet (LAN)** modes only.

In the **Username** field enter the login and in the **Password** field enter the password provided by your ISP. Click the **Show** icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password. If authorization is not required, select the **Without authorization** checkbox.

Also fill in the following fields: IP address, Netmask, Gateway IP address, and DNS IP address.

#### **PPTP + Dynamic IP or L2TP + Dynamic IP Connection**

Connection type		
PPTP + Dynamic IP	•	
PPTP and L2TP are methods	or implementing virtual private networ	ks.
Without authorization		
Username*		
Password*	Ø	
VPN server address*		
Clone MAC address of your dev	e	
(i) In some ISP's networks, it is re	quired to register a certain MAC addre	ess in order to get access to the Internet.
Use VLAN		
Select the checkbox if the Inte	net access is provided via a VLAN ch	annel.

*Figure 36. The page for configuring PPTP + Dynamic IP WAN connection.* 

The **PPTP + Dynamic IP** or **L2TP + Dynamic IP** connection type is available for the **Ethernet** (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), and Wi-Fi modes only.

In the **Username** field enter the login and in the **Password** field enter the password provided by your ISP. Click the **Show** icon ( $\infty$ ) to display the entered password. If authorization is not required, select the **Without authorization** checkbox.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

PPTP + Static IP or L2TP + Static IP Connection
---

Connection type			
PPTP + Static IP	•		
<ol> <li>PPTP and L2TP are methods for</li> </ol>	or implementing virtual private netwo	orks.	
Without authorization			
Username*			
Password*	Ø		
VPN server address*			
IP address*			
Netmask*			
Gateway IP address*			

Figure 37. The page for configuring PPTP + Static IP WAN connection.

The **PPTP** + **Static IP** or **L2TP** + **Static IP** connection type is available for the **Ethernet** (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), and Wi-Fi modes only.

In the **Username** field enter the login and in the **Password** field enter the password provided by your ISP. Click the **Show** icon ( $\infty$ ) to display the entered password. If authorization is not required, select the **Without authorization** checkbox.

In the **VPN server address** field, enter the IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.

Also fill in the following fields: IP address, Netmask, Gateway IP address, and DNS IP address.

### **Configuring Wireless Network**

- 1. On the **Wireless Network 2.4 GHz** page, in the **Network name** field, specify your own name for the wireless network in the 2.4GHz band or leave the value suggested by the router.
- 2. In the **Password** field, specify your own password for access to the wireless network or leave the value suggested by the router (WPS PIN of the device, see the barcode label).
- 3. You can restore the parameters of the wireless network specified before resetting to factory defaults. To do this, click the **RESTORE** button.

Wireless Network 2.4 GHz	
✓ enable	
Broadcast wireless network 2.4 GHz	
Observe the influence of the influenc	ability to connect to another Wi-Fi network as a client.
Network name*	
<ol> <li>The number of characters should not exceed</li> </ol>	nd 32
Open network	
Password*	8
Password should be between 8 and 63 ASC	CII characters
<b>RESTORE</b> You can restore network name a	and security that was set before applying factory settings.

Figure 38. The page for configuring the wireless network.

4. If you want to create an additional wireless network isolated from your LAN in the 2.4GHz band, select the **Enable guest network** checkbox.

Enable guest network	
Guest Wi-Fi network allows connection to your device a Upon that computers connected to this wireless network network.	nd getting access to the Internet. k will be isolated from the resources of your main local area
This helps to secure your LAN while you provide access to	the Internet for temporary users.
Network name*	
(i) The number of characters should not exceed 32	
C Open network	
Max associated clients*	
Max associated clients*	

Figure 39. The page for configuring the wireless network.

- 5. In the **Network name** field, specify your own name for the guest wireless network or leave the value suggested by the router.
- 6. If you want to create a password for access to the guest wireless network, deselect the **Open network** checkbox and fill in the **Password** field.
- 7. If you want to limit the bandwidth of the guest wireless network, select the **Enable shaping** checkbox and fill in the **Shaping** field.
- 8. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to specify other settings.
- 9. On the **Wireless Network 5 GHz** page, specify needed settings for the wireless network in the 5GHz band and click the **NEXT** button.

# **Configuring LAN Ports for IPTV/VoIP**

This configuration step is available for the ADSL, VDSL, Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), and Wi-Fi modes.

1. On the **IPTV** page, select the **Is an STB connected to the device** checkbox.



Figure 40. The page for selecting a LAN port to connect an IPTV set-top box.

- 2. Select a free LAN port for connecting your set-top box.
- 3. *For the* **VDSL**, *Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), Wi-Fi modes*: If the IPTV service is provided via a VLAN channel, select the **Use VLAN ID** checkbox and fill in the **VLAN ID** field.
- 4. For the ADSL mode: Specify the VPI and VCI values in the relevant fields.
- 5. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to specify other settings.

6. On the VoIP page, select the Is an IP phone connected to the device checkbox.



Figure 41. The page for selecting a LAN port to connect a VoIP phone.

- 7. Select a free LAN port for connecting your IP phone.
- 8. *For the* **VDSL**, *Ethernet (WAN), Ethernet (LAN), Wi-Fi modes*: If the IPTV service is provided via a VLAN channel, select the **Use VLAN ID** checkbox and fill in the **VLAN ID** field.
- 9. For the ADSL mode: Specify the VPI and VCI values in the relevant fields.
- 10. Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to specify other settings.

### **Changing Web-based Interface Password**

On this page, you should change the default administrator password. To do this, enter a new password in the **Admin password** and **Password confirmation** fields. You may set any password except **admin**. Use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and other characters available in the US keyboard layout.<sup>6</sup>

Changing web-based inte	face password	
For security reasons, please cha	nge the password used to access the device's setti	ngs.
Admin password*	Q	
Password should be between 1	and 31 ASCII characters	
Password confirmation*	2	
	<b>&lt; BACK</b> NEXT >	

Figure 42. The page for changing the web-based interface password.

Remember or write down the new password for the administrator account. In case of losing

- the new password, you can access the settings of the router only after restoring the factory
- default settings via the hardware **RESET** button. This procedure wipes out all settings that you have configured for your router.

Click the **NEXT** button to continue or click the **BACK** button to return to the previous page.

On the next page, check all specified settings.

Also you can save a text file with parameters set by the Wizard to your PC. To do this, click the **SAVE CONFIGURATION FILE** button and follow the dialog box appeared.

To finish the Wizard, click the **APPLY** button. The router will apply settings and reboot. Click the **BACK** button to specify other settings.

<sup>6 0-9,</sup> A-Z, a-z, space, !"#\$%&'()\*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^\_`{|}~.

If the Wizard has configured a WAN connection, after clicking the **APPLY** button, the page for checking the Internet availability opens.



Figure 43. Checking the Internet availability.

If the router has been successfully connected to the Internet, click the **FINISH** button.

If problems appeared when connecting to the Internet, click the **CHECK AGAIN** button to recheck the state of the WAN connection.

If problems of connection have not been solved, contact the technical support of your ISP (as a rule, the technical support phone is provided with the agreement) or the D-Link technical support (the phone number is displayed on the **Summary** page).

To specify other settings, click the **ADVANCED SETTINGS** button. After clicking the **ADVANCED SETTINGS** button, the **Home** page opens (see the *Home Page* section, page 34).

# **Connection of Multimedia Devices**

The Multimedia Devices Connection Wizard helps to configure LAN ports or available wireless interfaces of the router for connecting additional devices, for example, an IPTV set-top box or IP phone. Contact your ISP to clarify if you need to configure DWR-980 in order to use these devices. To start the Wizard, on the **Home** page, select the **Connection of Multimedia Devices** section.

Home	Connection of Multimedia Devices	
You can connect an STB or IP phone directly to the router. In order to do this, group a free LAN port with WAN connection and then connect your device to the selected LAN port. If necessary, add a new WAN connection. To create a group that contains more than one WAN connection, go to Advanced/Interface Grouping		
LAN		
LAN4	LAN2 Bridged with No	
Wlan0 Bridged with No	Wan1 Bridged with No	
WAN		
4498		
	APPLY	

Figure 44. The Multimedia Devices Connection Wizard.

In the **WAN** section, click the **Add** icon  $(\bigcirc)$ .

New Connection	×
Name*	
Interface	
r i Mi	•
VLAN ID	
Allowed	
	SAVE

Figure 45. Adding a connection.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Name	A name for the connection for easier identification (you can specify any name).
Interface	<ul> <li>Select the WAN value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port for connection to an Ethernet line.</li> <li>Select the PTM value for connection to a VDSL line or the DSL value for connection to an ADSL line.</li> </ul>
VPI	<i>For the</i> <b>DSL</b> <i>value only.</i> Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.
VCI	<i>For the</i> <b>DSL</b> <i>value only.</i> Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.
Encapsulation	<i>For the</i> <b>DSL</b> <i>value only.</i> Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
	For the <b>DSL</b> value only.
	A class of traffic for this connection.
	UBR
	( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications.
	UBR with PCR
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak cell</b> <b>rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).
	CBR
QoS class	( <i>Constant Bit Rate</i> ): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak cell rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).
	Non Realtime VBR
	( <i>Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate</i> ): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak cell rate</b> , <b>Sustainable cell rate</b> , and <b>Maximum burst size</b> fields are displayed. Specify required values.
	Realtime VBR
	( <i>Real-time Variable Bit Rate</i> ): This service is used for delay- sensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak cell rate</b> , <b>Sustainable cell rate</b> , and <b>Maximum burst size</b> fields are displayed. Specify required values.
VLAN ID	If the service used by your additional equipment is provided via a VLAN channel with a tag (VLAN ID), specify the needed value.

Parameter	Description
Allowed	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection.
	Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.

#### Click the **SAVE** button.

Then in the **LAN** section, from the **Bridged with** drop-down list of the element corresponding to the LAN port or wireless interface to which the additional device is connected, select the created connection. Click the **APPLY** button.

# The selected port or wireless interface cannot use the default connection to access the Internet.

To deselect the port or wireless interface, select the **No** value from the **Bridged with** drop-down list of the element corresponding to the needed LAN port or interface. Then in the **WAN** section, select the connection which will not be used any longer and click the **REMOVE** button. Then click the **APPLY** button.

# **Statistics**

The pages of this section display data on the current state of the router:

- network statistics
- IP addresses leased by the DHCP server
- the routing table
- data on devices connected to the router's network and its web-based interface
- addresses of active multicast groups
- active sessions
- DSL connection status.

#### **Network Statistics**

On the **Statistics / Network Statistics** page, you can view statistics for all connections existing in the system (WAN connections, LAN, WLAN). For each connection the following data are displayed: name and state (when the connection is on, its name is highlighted in green, when the connection is off, its name is highlighted in red), IP address and subnet mask, gateway (if the connection is established), MAC address, and volume of data received and transmitted (with increase of the volume the units of measurement are changed automatically: byte, Kbyte, Mbyte, Gbyte).

<b>〈</b> Configuration	Network Sta	atistics		
Network Statistic	CS			
Name	IP - Gateway	Rx/Tx	Rx/Tx errors	Duration
LAN	IPv4: 192.168.0.1/24 - 192.168.0.1 IPv6: fd01::1/64	3.53 Mbyte / 7.86 Mbyte	0/0	-
Dynamic_IPv4_60	IPv4: 192.168.161.222/24 - 192.168.161.1	3.90 Mbyte / 39.64 Kbyte	0 / 0	1 h., 29 min
Dynamic_IPv4_37		-	-	-
Dynamic_IPV4_1		-	-	-
WIFI_2.4GHZ		1.51 Kbyte / -	0 / 0	-
WIFI_5GHZ		- / -	0 / 0	-

Figure 46. The Statistics / Network Statistics page.

To view data on a connection, click the line corresponding to this connection.

# DHCP

The **Statistics / DHCP** page displays the information on computers that have been identified by hostnames and MAC addresses and have got IP addresses from the DHCP server of the device, as well as the IP address expiration periods (the lease time).

K Network Statistics	DH	łCP	
DHCP			
Hostname	IP address	MAC	Expires
android-3c39b96a4aabe085	192.168.0.3	80:01:84:16:0A:79	21h 52m 15s

Figure 47. The Statistics / DHCP page.

# **Routing Table**

The **Statistics / Routing Table** page displays the information on routes. The table contains destination IP addresses, gateways, subnet masks, and other data.

< DHCP	Routing Table					
Routing Tabl	e					
Interface	Destination	Gateway	Subnet mask	Flags	Metric	
LAN	192.168.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	
LAN	fd01::/64	::		U	256	
LAN	fd00::/8	::		U	256	

Figure 48. The Statistics / Routing Table page.

# Clients

On the **Statistics / Clients** page, you can view the list of devices connected to the local network of the router.

<b>〈</b> Routing Table		Clien	ts	
Clients				
Hostname	IP address	Flags	MAC	Interface
-	192.168.0.2	reachable	90:2B:34:A5:A8:FB	LAN

Figure 49. The Statistics / Clients page.

For each device the following data are displayed: the IP address, the MAC address, and the network interface to which the device is connected.

# **Multicast Groups**

The **Statistics / Multicast Groups** page displays addresses of active multicast groups (including IPTV channels and groups for transferring service information) to which the device is subscribed, and the interface through which the device is subscribed.

Port Statistics	N	Aulticast Groups		
IPv4		IPv6		
IP address	Interface	IP address	Interface	
239.255.255.250	LAN			

Figure 50. The Statistics / Multicast Groups page.

# **Clients and Session**

On the **Statistics / Clients and Session** page, you can view information on current sessions in the router's network. For each session the following data are displayed: the protocol for network packet transmission, the source IP address and port, and the destination IP address and port.

K Multicast (	Groups	Clients	and Session	l	
Clients a	nd Session			REFRES	ян
Protocol	Source IP address	Source port	Destination IP address	Destination port	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36844	1
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36827	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36838	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36853	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36815	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36854	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36849	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36830	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36837	
ТСР	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36816	
тср	192.168.0.1	80	192.168.0.2	36822	-

Figure 51. The Statistics / Clients and Session page.

To view the latest data on current sessions in the router's network, click the **REFRESH** button.

### **DSL Status**

The information shown on the **Statistics / DSL Status** page can be used for troubleshooting and diagnosing connection problems.

In the **DSL status** and **Line** sections you can view data on your DSL line: the line state, data transfer rate (downstream/upstream traffic), physical parameters of the line (SNR, output power). The **Framing** section displays information on transmitted DSL frames.

Clients and Session	DSL Status			
DSL Status Line status:			Off ●	
Line				
Parameter	Up	Down		
Rate	-	-		
Attainable rate	-	-		
SNR Margin	-	-		
Attenuation	-	-		
Output power	-	-		
Framing				
Parameter		Up	Down	
K (number of bytes in DMT frame)		-	-	
R (number of check bytes in RS code word)		-	-	
S (RS code word size in DMT frame)		-	-	
D (interleaver depth)		-	-	

Figure 52. The Statistics / DSL Status page.

# **Connections Setup**

In this menu you can configure basic parameters of the router's local area network and configure connection to the Internet (a WAN connection).

### WAN

On the **Connections Setup / WAN** page, you can create and edit connections used by the router.

By default, Ethernet, VDSL, and ADSL connections of the **Dynamic IPv4** type are configured in the system. They are assigned to the WAN and DSL ports of the router correspondingly. You can edit these connections or delete them.

Please reboot the router after creating, editing, or removing an ADSL WAN connection.

Configuration	WA	١N	
<ul> <li>Default Gateway IPv4</li> <li>Dynamic_IPv4_60</li> <li>Dynamic_IPv4_37</li> <li>Dynamic_IPV4_1</li> </ul>		IGMP (i) On the IGMP pag settings.	ge you can allow the router to use IGMP and configure its
Connections List			reconnect 🕂 🗍
Name	Connection type	Interface	Status
Dynamic_IPv4_60	Dynamic IPv4	WAN	Connected
Dynamic_IPv4_37	Dynamic IPv4	PTM	Cable disconnected
Dynamic_IPV4_1	Dynamic IPv4	ATM 8/35	Cable disconnected

Figure 53. The Connections Setup / WAN page.

To create a new connection, click the ADD (+) button in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, specify relevant parameters.

To edit an existing connection, in the **Connections List** section, left-click the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, change the parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To disconnect a connection and establish it again, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **RECONNECT** button.

On the **Basic** tab, mandatory settings of a WAN connection are displayed. To view all available settings of the needed WAN connection, go to the **All Settings** tab.

To remove a connection, in the Connections List section, select the checkbox located to the left

of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Also you can remove a connection on the editing page.

To allow multicast traffic (e.g. streaming video) for a connection, click the **IGMP** link (for the description of the page, see the *IGMP* section, page 192).

To use one of existing WAN connections as the default IPv4 or IPv6 connection, in the **Default gateway** section, select the choice of the radio button which corresponds to this connection.

#### Creating Dynamic IPv4, Static IPv4, or IPoA WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Dynamic IPv4, Static IPv4 or IPoA type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Static IPv4	•
nterface	
PTM	-
<b>— — — — —</b>	
Enable connection	
Enable connection  Connection name*	

Figure 54. The page for creating a new **Static IPv4** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
	For the Dynamic IPv4 and Static IPv4 types only.
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.
	In order to create an Ethernet WAN connection, select the <b>WAN</b> value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port.
	In order to create a VDSL WAN connection, select the <b>PTM</b> value.
	In order to create an ADSL WAN connection, select the value corresponding to the existing interface or the <b>Add new ATM PVC</b> value for creating a new interface at the physical layer.
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

#### The **Ethernet** section is displayed for Ethernet WAN connections.

MAC ac	ddress
00:80	:c8:00:80:ff
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (00:13:46:62:2F:4C)
MTU	

Figure 55. The page for creating a new Static IPv4 connection. The Ethernet section.

Parameter	Description		
Ethernet			
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.		
MAC address	To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> address of your NIC switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing.		
	To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).		
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.		
The **PTM** section is displayed for VDSL WAN connections.

E II	VI
MAC ac	Idress
00:90	:12:12:16:14
	Clone MAC address of your NIC
	(10.07.20.01.40.00)

Figure 56. The page for creating a new **Static IPv4** connection. The **PTM** section.

Parameter	Description
	РТМ
MAC address	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing. To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).

# The **ATM** section is displayed for ADSL WAN connections.

VPL (0-255)*	
Field is mandatony	
Field is manuatory	
VCI (32 - 65535)*	
Field is mandatory	
Encapsulation	
LLC	•
QoS class	
LIBR	

Figure 57. The page for creating a new **Static IPv4** connection. The **ATM** section.

Parameter	Description
	ATM
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.
VCI	Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.
Encapsulation Mode	Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.
QoS	A class of traffic for this connection. <b>UBR</b> ( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications. <b>UBR with PCR</b>
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak Cell Rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### CBR

(*Constant Bit Rate*): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate** field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

### Non Realtime VBR

(*Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

## **Realtime VBR**

(*Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service is used for delaysensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values. The Authorization via 802.1x Protocol section is displayed for the Dynamic IPv4 and Static IPv4 types.

Authentication method	
EAP-MD5	
Login	

Figure 58. The page for creating a new **Static IPv4** connection. The **Authorization via 802.1x Protocol** section.

Parameter	Description
	Authorization via 802.1x Protocol
Enable authorization via 802.1x protocol	Move the switch to the right to allow authorization in the ISP's network via the 802.1x protocol.
Authentication method	Select a needed authentication method from the drop-down list.
Login	Enter the username provided by your ISP.
Password	Enter the password provided by your ISP. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.

IPv4		
IP address*		
Netmask*		
Gateway IP address*		
Primary DNS server*		
Secondary DNS server		

Figure 59. The page for creating a new Static IPv4 connection. The IPv4 section.

Parameter	Description
	IPv4
	For Static IPv4 and IPoA types
IP Address	Enter an IP address for this WAN connection.
Netmask	Enter a subnet mask for this WAN connection.
Gateway IP address	Enter an IP address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
	For <b>Dynamic IPv4</b> type
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Move the switch to the right to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. Upon that the <b>Primary DNS server</b> and <b>Secondary DNS server</b> fields are not available for editing.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. Optional.
Host name	A name of the router specified by your ISP. Optional.



Figure 60. The page for creating a new Static IPv4 connection. The Miscellaneous section.

Parameter	Description
	Miscellaneous
NAT	If the switch is moved to the right, the network address translation function is enabled. Do not disable the function unless your ISP requires this.
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.
RIP	Move the switch to the right to allow using RIP for this connection.
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.

The VLAN section is displayed for the Dynamic IPv4 and Static IPv4 types.

VLAN Use VLAN	
VLAN ID	A
VLAN priority	A

Figure 61. The page for creating a new Static IPv4 connection. The VLAN section.

Parameter	Description
	VLAN
Use VLAN	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to use tagged VLAN connections.
VLAN ID	An identifier for the VLAN. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.
VLAN priority	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

# Creating Dynamic IPv6 or Static IPv6 WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Dynamic IPv6 or Static IPv6 type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Static IPvo	-
Interface	
PTM	•
-	
Enable connection	
Connection name*	

Figure 62. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned. In order to create an Ethernet WAN connection, select the <b>WAN</b> value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port. In order to create a VDSL WAN connection, select the <b>PTM</b> value. In order to create an ADSL WAN connection, select the value corresponding to the existing interface or the <b>Add new ATM PVC</b> value for creating a new interface at the physical layer.
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

# The **Ethernet** section is displayed for Ethernet WAN connections.

MAC ac	ddress
00:80	:c8:00:80:ff
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (00:13:46:62:2F:4C)
MTU	

Figure 63. The page for creating a new Static IPv6 connection. The Ethernet section.

Parameter	Description	
Ethernet		
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.	
MAC address	To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> address of your NIC switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing.	
	To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).	
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.	

The **PTM** section is displayed for VDSL WAN connections.

E II	VI
MAC ac	Idress
00:90	:12:12:16:14
	Clone MAC address of your NIC
	(10.07.20.01.40.00)

Figure 64. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **PTM** section.

Parameter	Description	
PTM		
MAC address	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing. To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).	

# The **ATM** section is displayed for ADSL WAN connections.

VPL (0-255)*	
Field is mandatony	
Field is manuatory	
VCI (32 - 65535)*	
Field is mandatory	
Encapsulation	
LLC	•
QoS class	
LIBR	

Figure 65. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **ATM** section.

Parameter	Description	
ATM		
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.	
VCI	Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.	
Encapsulation Mode	Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.	
QoS	A class of traffic for this connection. <b>UBR</b> ( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications. <b>UBR with PCR</b>	
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak Cell Rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).	

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### CBR

(*Constant Bit Rate*): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate** field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

### Non Realtime VBR

(*Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

## **Realtime VBR**

(*Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service is used for delaysensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

IPv6	
IPv6 Address*	
Prefix*	
Gateway IPv6 address*	
Primary IPv6 DNS server*	
Secondary IPv6 DNS serve	r

Figure 66. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **IPv6** section.

Parameter	Description	
IPv6		
For <b>Static IPv6</b> type		
IPv6 address	Enter an IPv6 address for this WAN connection.	
Prefix	The length of the subnet prefix. The value $64$ is used usually.	
Gateway IPv6 address	Enter an IPv6 address of the gateway used by this WAN connection.	
Primary IPv6 DNS server/Secondary IPv6 DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.	
For <b>Dynamic IPv6</b> type		
Get IPv6	Select a method for IPv6 address assignment from the drop-down list or leave the <b>Automatically</b> value.	
Gateway by SLAAC	Move the switch to the right to automatically assign the IPv6 gateway address with help of SLAAC ( <i>Stateless Address Autoconfiguration</i> ).	
Gateway IPv6 address	The address of the IPv6 gateway. The field is available for editing, if the <b>Gateway by SLAAC</b> switch is moved to the left.	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Move the switch to the right to configure automatic assignment of IPv6 DNS server addresses. Upon that the <b>Primary IPv6 DNS</b> server and <b>Secondary IPv6 DNS server</b> fields are not available for editing.	

Parameter	Description
Primary IPv6 DNS server/Secondary IPv6 DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.
	Miscellaneous Firewall RIP Ping

Figure 67. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description	
Miscellaneous		
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.	
RIP	Move the switch to the right to allow using RIP for this connection.	
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.	

VLAN Use VLAN	
VLAN ID	
VLAN priority	

Figure 68. The page for creating a new **Static IPv6** connection. The **VLAN** section.

Parameter	Description
	VLAN
Use VLAN	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to use tagged VLAN connections.
VLAN ID	An identifier for the VLAN. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.
VLAN priority	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

# Creating PPPoE or PPPoA WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPPoE or PPPoA type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

PPP	οE	•
Interfa	ce	
РТМ		•
	Enable connection	
-		
Connec	tion name*	

Figure 69. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Interface	<ul> <li>For the PPPoE type only.</li> <li>A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned.</li> <li>In order to create an Ethernet WAN connection, select the WAN value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port.</li> <li>In order to create a VDSL WAN connection, select the PTM value.</li> <li>In order to create an ADSL WAN connection, select the value corresponding to the existing interface or the Add new ATM PVC value for creating a new interface at the physical layer.</li> </ul>
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

# The **Ethernet** section is displayed for Ethernet WAN connections.

	Idress
00:80	:c8:00:80:ff
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (00:13:46:62:2F:4C)
MTU	

Figure 70. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
	Ethernet
MAC address	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing. To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.

The **PTM** section is displayed for VDSL WAN connections.

PTN	Ν
MAC ad	ldress
00:90	:12:12:16:14
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (1C:87:2C:61:4D:DB)

Figure 71. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **PTM** section.

PTM A MAC address assigned to the interface. This paramet	
A MAC address assigned to the interface. This paramet	
MAC addressMAC addressMAC addressBut methodMAC addressmandatory if your ISP usesMAC address binding. In the field, the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (o computer that is being used to configure the router at the mon 	er is enter g the f the nent) <b>VAC</b> ch is <b>ULT</b> tch is

The **ATM** section is displayed for ADSL WAN connections.

VPI (0-255)*	
Field is mandatory	
VCI (32 - 65535) <b>*</b>	
Field is mandatory	
Encapsulation	
LLC	•
QoS class	
LIBR	•

Figure 72. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **ATM** section.

Parameter	Description
	ATM
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.
VCI	Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.
Encapsulation Mode	Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.
QoS	A class of traffic for this connection. <b>UBR</b> ( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications. <b>UBR with PCR</b>
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak Cell Rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### CBR

(*Constant Bit Rate*): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate** field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

### Non Realtime VBR

(*Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

## **Realtime VBR**

(*Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service is used for delaysensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

PPP	
Without authorization	
lisemame*	
Osemanie	
Password*	Ø
Service name	
MTU* 1492	
AUTO	*
AUTO Keep Alive LCP interval* 30	•
AUTO Keep Alive LCP interval* 30	•
AUTO Keep Alive LCP Interval* 30	•
AUTO Keep Alive LCP interval* 30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand	•
AUTO Keep Alive LCP interval* 30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand	•
AUTO Keep Alive LCP interval* 30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (sec) 0	•
AUTO  Keep Alive LCP interval* 30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (sec) 0	•
AUTO  Keep Alive  LCP interval*  30  LCP fails*  3  Dial on demand  Maximum idle time (sec) 0  Static IP address	•
AUTO  Keep Alive  LCP interval*  30  LCP fails*  3  Dial on demand  Maximum idle time (sec)  0  Static IP address  PPP IP extension	•

Figure 73. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description	
PPP		
Without authorization	Move the switch to the right if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.	
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.	
Password	A password to access the Internet. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.	
Service name	<i>For the <b>PPPoE</b> type only.</i> The name of the PPPoE authentication server.	
ΜΤυ	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.	
Authentication protocol	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the <b>AUTO</b> value.	

Parameter	Description
Keep Alive	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>LCP interval</b> and <b>LCP fails</b> fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the <b>Maximum idle time</b> field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this option needs to be enabled. If it is required, move the switch to the right.
PPP debug	Move the switch to the right if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.



Figure 74. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
NAT	If the switch is moved to the right, the network address translation function is enabled. Do not disable the function unless your ISP requires this.
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.
RIP	Move the switch to the right to allow using RIP for this connection.
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.

## The VLAN section is displayed for the **PPPoE** type.

VLAN Use VLAN	
VLAN ID	A
VLAN priority	T

Figure 75. The page for creating a new **PPPoE** connection. The **VLAN** section.

Parameter	Description
VLAN	
Use VLAN	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to use tagged VLAN connections.
VLAN ID	An identifier for the VLAN. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.
VLAN priority	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

When the connection of PPPoE type is created, after clicking the button, the window for additional configuration of the connection opens.

If you want to use this WAN connection to access the Internet, select the **to the Internet** choice of the radio button. Then select the existing connection which will be used to access the PPTP/L2TP server or select the **create a new connection** choice of the radio button.

Click the **OK** button.

# Creating PPTP or L2TP WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPTP or L2TP type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

PPTP	-
En	able connection
Connection	name*

Figure 76. The page for creating a new **PPTP** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

Username*	
Password*	Ø
VPN server address*	
MTU* 1456	
Authentication protocol	
AUTO	
Encryption protocol	
No encryption	
LCP interval*	
30	
30 LCP fails* 3	
30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand	
30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (in seconds)	
30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (in seconds) 0	
30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (in seconds) 0 Extra options	
30 LCP fails* 3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (in seconds) 0 Extra options Static IP address	

Figure 77. The page for creating a new **PPTP** connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description
PPP	
Without authorization	Move the switch to the right if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.
Password	A password to access the Internet. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.
VPN server address	The IP or URL address of the PPTP or L2TP authentication server.
MTU	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.
Authentication protocol	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the <b>AUTO</b> value.

Parameter	Description
Encryption protocol	<ul> <li>Select a method of MPPE encryption.</li> <li>No encryption: MPPE encryption is not applied.</li> <li>MPPE 40/128 bit: MPPE encryption with a 40-bit or 128-bit key is applied.</li> <li>MPPE 40 bit: MPPE encryption with a 40-bit key is applied.</li> <li>MPPE 128 bit: MPPE encryption with a 128-bit key is applied.</li> <li>MPPE encryption can be applied only if the MS-CHAP, MS-CHAPV2, or AUTO value is selected from the Authentication protocol drop-down list.</li> </ul>
Keep Alive	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>LCP interval</b> and <b>LCP fails</b> fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the <b>Maximum idle time</b> field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
Extra options	Advanced options of the pppd daemon which need to be specified for this connection. <i>Optional</i> .
Static IP Address	Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP debug	Move the switch to the right if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.
Enable MPPC	<ul> <li>(Microsoft Point-to-Point Compression)</li> <li>For the <b>PPTP</b> type only.</li> <li>Move the switch to the right if it is necessary to use the data compression function in order to configure the connection.</li> <li>Move the switch to the left to disable the function.</li> </ul>

Miscellaneous	
NAT	
Firewall	
RIP	
Ping	

Figure 78. The page for creating a new **PPTP** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
NAT	If the switch is moved to the right, the network address translation function is enabled. Do not disable the function unless your ISP requires this.
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.
RIP	Move the switch to the right to allow using RIP for this connection.
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

After clicking the button, the window for additional configuration of the connection opens.

If you want to use this WAN connection to access the Internet, select the **to the Internet** choice of the radio button. Then select the existing connection which will be used to access the PPTP/L2TP server or select the **create a new connection** choice of the radio button.

Click the **OK** button.

# Creating PPPoE IPv6 or PPPoE Dual Stack WAN Connection

To create a connection of the PPPoE IPv6 or PPPoE Dual Stack type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

nterface		
РТМ		-
🔲 Enable o	onnection	
onnection name*		
onneedon nume		

Figure 79. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned. In order to create an Ethernet WAN connection, select the <b>WAN</b> value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port. In order to create a VDSL WAN connection, select the <b>PTM</b> value. In order to create an ADSL WAN connection, select the value corresponding to the existing interface or the <b>Add new ATM PVC</b> value for creating a new interface at the physical layer.
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

# The **Ethernet** section is displayed for Ethernet WAN connections.

	Idress
00:80	:c8:00:80:ff
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (00:13:46:62:2F:4C)
MTU	

Figure 80. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description
	Ethernet
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement.
MAC address	To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> address of your NIC switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing.
	To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.

The **PTM** section is displayed for VDSL WAN connections.

PII	Л
MAC ac	ldress
00:90	:12:12:16:14
	Clone MAC address of your NIC
	(1C:87:2C:61:4D:DB)

Figure 81. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **PTM** section.

Parameter	Description
	РТМ
	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the
MAC address	computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing.
	To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).

# The **ATM** section is displayed for ADSL WAN connections.

VPI (0-255)*	
Field is mandatory	
VCI (32 - 65535)*	
Field is mandatory	
Encapsulation	
LLC	•
QoS class	
UBR	•

Figure 82. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **ATM** section.

Parameter	Description
	ATM
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.
VCI	Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.
Encapsulation Mode	Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.
QoS	A class of traffic for this connection. <b>UBR</b> ( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications. <b>UBR with PCR</b>
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak Cell Rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### CBR

(*Constant Bit Rate*): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate** field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

### Non Realtime VBR

(*Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

## **Realtime VBR**

(*Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service is used for delaysensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

PPP	
Without authorization	
Username*	
Password*	Ø
Service name	
мтu* 1492	
Authentication protocol AUTO Keep Alive ICP interval*	•
30	
ICP faile*	
3	
Dial on demand	
3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (sec) 0	6
3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (sec) 0 Static IP address	Â
3 Dial on demand Maximum idle time (sec) 0 Static IP address PPP IP extension	A

Figure 83. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **PPP** section.

Parameter	Description	
PPP		
Without authorization	Move the switch to the right if you don't need to enter a username and password to access the Internet.	
Username	A username (login) to access the Internet.	
Password	A password to access the Internet. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.	
Service name	The name of the PPPoE authentication server.	
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.	
Authentication protocol	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list or leave the <b>AUTO</b> value.	

Parameter	Description
Keep Alive	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to keep you connected to your ISP even when the connection has been inactive for a specified period of time. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>LCP interval</b> and <b>LCP fails</b> fields are available. Specify the required values.
Dial on demand	Move the switch to the right if you want the router to establish connection to the Internet on demand. In the <b>Maximum idle time</b> field, specify a period of inactivity (in seconds) after which the connection should be terminated.
Static IP Address	<i>For the</i> <b>PPPoE Dual Stack</b> <i>type only.</i> Fill in the field if you want to use a static IP address to access the Internet.
PPP IP extension	This option is used by some ISPs. Contact your ISP to clarify if this option needs to be enabled. If it is required, move the switch to the right.
PPP debug	Move the switch to the right if you want to log all data on PPP connection debugging.

IP	
Get IPv6 Automatically	•
Gateway by SLAAC	
Gateway IPv6 address	â
Obtain DNS server addresses automation	cally
Primary IPv6 DNS server	â

Figure 84. The page for creating a new **PPPoE Pv6** connection. The **IP** section.

Parameter	Description	
IP		
Get IPv6	Select a method for IPv6 address assignment from the drop-down list or leave the <b>Automatically</b> value.	
Gateway by SLAAC	Move the switch to the right to automatically assign the IPv6 gateway address with help of SLAAC ( <i>Stateless Address Autoconfiguration</i> ).	
Gateway IPv6 address	The address of the IPv6 gateway. The field is available for editing, if the <b>Gateway by SLAAC</b> switch is moved to the left.	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Move the switch to the right to configure automatic assignment of IPv6 DNS server addresses. Upon that the <b>Primary IPv6 DNS</b> server and <b>Secondary IPv6 DNS server</b> fields are not available for editing.	
Primary IPv6 DNS server/Secondary IPv6 DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary IPv6 DNS servers in the relevant fields.	


Figure 85. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description	
Miscellaneous		
NAT	<i>For the</i> <b>PPPoE Dual Stack</b> <i>type only.</i> If the switch is moved to the right, the network address translation function is enabled. Do not disable the function unless your ISP requires this.	
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.	
RIP	Move the switch to the right to allow using RIP for this connection.	
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.	

VLAN Use VLAN	
VLAN ID	A
VLAN priority	A

Figure 86. The page for creating a new **PPPoE IPv6** connection. The **VLAN** section.

Parameter	Description	
VLAN		
Use VLAN	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to use tagged VLAN connections.	
VLAN ID	An identifier for the VLAN. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.	
VLAN priority	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.	

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

### Creating Bridge WAN Connection

To create a connection of the Bridge type, click the **ADD** button (+) on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

Dhuge	•
Interface	
PTM	-
connection name*	

Figure 87. The page for creating a new **Bridge** connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Interface	A physical interface to which the new connection will be assigned. In order to create an Ethernet WAN connection, select the <b>WAN</b> value or the value corresponding to the LAN port specified as the WAN port. In order to create a VDSL WAN connection, select the <b>PTM</b> value. In order to create an ADSL WAN connection, select the value corresponding to the existing interface or the <b>Add new ATM PVC</b> value for creating a new interface at the physical layer.
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

### The **Ethernet** section is displayed for Ethernet WAN connections.

	Idress
00:80	:c8:00:80:ff
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (00:13:46:62:2F:4C)
MTU	

Figure 88. The page for creating a new **Bridge** connection. The **Ethernet** section.

Parameter	Description	
Ethernet		
MAC address	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing. To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).	
МТО	The maximum size of units transmitted by the interface.	

The **PTM** section is displayed for VDSL WAN connections.

PII	Л
MAC ad	Idress
00:90	:12:12:16:14
	Clone MAC address of your NIC (1C:87:2C:61:4D:DB)

Figure 89. The page for creating a new **Bridge** connection. The **PTM** section.

Parameter	Description
	РТМ
MAC address	A MAC address assigned to the interface. This parameter is mandatory if your ISP uses MAC address binding. In the field, enter the MAC address registered by your ISP upon concluding the agreement. To set the MAC address of the network interface card (of the computer that is being used to configure the router at the moment) as the MAC address of the WAN interface, move the <b>Clone MAC</b> <b>address of your NIC</b> switch to the right. When the switch is moved to the right, the field is unavailable for editing. To set the router's MAC address, click the <b>RESTORE DEFAULT</b> <b>MAC ADDRESS</b> button (the button is available when the switch is moved to the right).

The **ATM** section is displayed for ADSL WAN connections.

VPI (0-255)*	
Field is mandatory	
VCI (32 - 65535) <b>*</b>	
Field is mandatory	
Encapsulation	
LLC	•
QoS class	
LIBR	•

Figure 90. The page for creating a new **Bridge** connection. The **ATM** section.

Parameter	Description
	ATM
VPI	Virtual Path Identifier. The valid range is from 0 to 255.
VCI	Virtual Circuit Identifier. The valid range is from 32 to 65535.
Encapsulation Mode	Select <b>LLC</b> or <b>VCMUX</b> from the drop-down list.
QoS	A class of traffic for this connection. <b>UBR</b> ( <i>Unspecified Bit Rate</i> ): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. It is appropriate to use the UBR service for text/data/image transfer applications, as well as messaging, distribution, retrieval, and remote terminal applications. <b>UBR with PCR</b>
	(Unspecified Bit Rate with Peak Cell Rate): The UBR service is used for applications that allow various delays and losses of packets. The Peak Cell Rate is a determining factor in how often cells are sent in an effort to minimize lag or jitter caused by traffic inconsistencies. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the <b>Peak Cell Rate</b> field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

#### Parameter

#### Description

#### CBR

(*Constant Bit Rate*): This service is used for applications that require a constant data rate. It is mostly used for transferring uncompressed audio and video, e.g. videoconferencing, interactive audio (telephony), audio/video distribution (television, distance education, e-shops), and retrieval (video-on demand, audio libraries). When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate** field is displayed. Specify a required value (in cells per second).

#### Non Realtime VBR

(*Non-Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service can be used for transferring data that have critical response-time requirements, e.g. air ticket booking, bank transactions, and process monitoring. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

#### **Realtime VBR**

(*Real-time Variable Bit Rate*): This service is used for delaysensitive applications such as real time video. The Rt-VBR provides higher network flexibility than the CBR service. When you select this value from the drop-down list, the **Peak Cell Rate**, **Sustainable Cell Rate**, and **Maximum Burst Size** fields are displayed. Specify required values.

VLAN Use VLAN	
VLAN ID	A
VLAN priority	

Figure 91. The page for creating a new **Bridge** connection. The **VLAN** section.

Parameter	Description
VLAN	
Use VLAN	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to use tagged VLAN connections.
VLAN ID	An identifier for the VLAN. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.
VLAN priority	A priority tag for the type of traffic transmitted. The field is displayed when the <b>Use VLAN</b> switch is moved to the right.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

## Creating LTE WAN Connection

If the PIN code check is enabled for the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem, then prior to creating an LTE WAN connection, go to the **LTE Modem** menu and enter the PIN code on the page displayed (see the *LTE Modem* section, page 168). Then go to the **Connections Setup** /

**WAN** page and click the **ADD** button (+) in the **Connections List** section. On the opened page, go to the **All Settings** tab. Then select the relevant value from the **Connection Type** drop-down list and specify the needed values.

LTE		•
Enable connection	n	
Connection name*		

Figure 92. The page for creating a new *LTE* connection. Selecting a connection type.

Parameter	Description
Enable connection	Move the switch to the right to enable the connection. Move the switch to the left to disable the connection.
Connection name	A name for the connection for easier identification.

Auto	•
Without authorization	
Authentication protocol	
	f

Figure 93. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **LTE Modem** section.

Parameter	Description	
LTE Modem		
Mode	The value of the field specifies the type of the network to which the router connects. Leave the <b>Auto</b> value to let the router connect automatically to an available type of network, or select a needed value from the drop-down list.	
APN	An access point name.	
Without authorization	Move the switch to the right if your operator does not require authorization.	
Authentication protocol	Select a required authentication method from the drop-down list.	
Username	A username (login) to connect to the network of the operator.	
Password	A password to connect to the network of the operator. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.	

	omatically
Primary DNS server	
Secondary DNS server	ß
Vendor ID	

Figure 94. The page for creating a new LTE connection. The IPv4 section.

Parameter	Description
IPv4	
Obtain DNS server addresses automatically	Move the switch to the right to configure automatic assignment of DNS server addresses. Upon that the <b>Primary DNS server</b> and <b>Secondary DNS server</b> fields are not available for editing.
Primary DNS server/ Secondary DNS server	Enter addresses of the primary and secondary DNS servers in the relevant fields.
Vendor ID	The identifier of your ISP. Optional.
Hostname	A name of the router specified by your ISP. Optional.

Health Check	
Enable	
Address	
8.8.8.8	6
The maximum number of attempts	
10	

Figure 95. The page for creating a new LTE connection. The Health Check section.

Parameter	Description	
Health Check		
Enable	The Health Check function allows the router to constantly check the LTE connection status by checking availability of a remote host. Move the switch to the right to enable the function. Move the switch to the left to disable the function.	
Address	An IP address that the router will check for availability.	
The maximum number of attempts	A number of messages that were sent to check the status of a remote host and left unanswered. By default, the value <b>10</b> is specified. If a remote host does not answer the specified number of messages, the <b>Connecting</b> value will be displayed in the <b>Status</b> field on the <b>Connections Setup / WAN</b> page.	



Figure 96. The page for creating a new **LTE** connection. The **Miscellaneous** section.

Parameter	Description
Miscellaneous	
NAT	If the switch is moved to the right, the network address translation function is enabled. Do not disable the function unless your ISP requires this.
Firewall	If the switch is moved to the right, protection against external connections for the LAN devices is enabled (for example, against attempts to get information about the LAN devices or to hack a device from the LAN). For security reasons, it is recommended not to disable this function.
Ping	If the switch is moved to the right, the router responds to ping requests from the external network through this connection. For security reasons, it is recommended to disable this function.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

## LAN

To configure the router's local interface, go to the **Connections Setup / LAN** page.

### IPv4

Go to the **IPv4** tab to change IPv4 address, configure the built-in DHCP server, or specify MAC address and IP address pairs.

P address*	
192.168.0.1	
Subnet mask*	
255.255.255.0	

Figure 97. Configuring the local interface. The **IPv4** tab. The **Local IP Address** section.

Parameter	Description
Local IP Address	
IP address	The IP address of the router in the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: <b>192.168.0.1</b> .
Subnet mask	The mask of the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: <b>255.255.0</b> .
Device domain name	The name of the device attached to its IP address in the local subnet.

Dynai		
Mode of d	namic IP address assignment	
DHCP	server	•
Start IP*		
192.168	.0.100	
End IP*		
192.168	.0.200	
Lease tim	(in minutes)*	
1440		

Figure 98. Configuring the local interface. The **IPv4** tab. The **Dynamic IP Addresses** section.

Parameter	Description			
Dynamic IP Addresses				
Mode of dynamic IP address assignment	An operating mode of the router's DHCP server. <b>Disable</b> : the router's DHCP server is disabled, clients' IP addresses are assigned manually. <b>DHCP server</b> : the router assigns IP addresses to clients automatically in accordance with the specified parameters. When this value is selected, the <b>Start IP</b> , <b>End IP</b> , <b>Lease time</b> fields and the <b>DNS relay</b> switch are displayed on the tab. <b>DHCP relay</b> : an external DHCP server is used to assign IP addresses to clients. When this value is selected, the <b>External</b> <b>DHCP server IP</b> and <b>Option 82 Remote ID</b> fields are displayed on the tab.			
Start IP	The start IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.			
End IP	The end IP address of the address pool used by the DHCP server to distribute IP addresses to clients.			
Lease time	The lifetime of IP addresses leased by the DHCP server. At the end of this period the leased IP address is revoked and can be distributed to another device, unless the previous device has confirmed the need to keep the address.			
DNS relay	Move the switch to the right so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address of the router as the DNS server address. Move the switch to the left so that the devices connected to the router obtain the address transmitted by the ISP or specified on the <b>Advanced / DNS</b> page as the DNS server address.			

Parameter	Description
	The IP address of the external DHCP server which assigns IP addresses to the router's clients. To specify several IP addresses, click the <b>ADD</b> button, and in the
External DHCP server IP	line displayed, enter an IP address.
	To remove the IP address, click the <b>Delete</b> icon $(\times)$ in the line of the address.
Ontion 92 Pomoto ID	The value of the Remote ID field of DHCP option 82 in accordance with RFC3046.
Option 62 Remote ID	Do not fill in the field unless your ISP or the administrator of the external DHCP server provided this value.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

In the **Static IP Addresses** section, you can specify MAC address and IPv4 address pairs (set a fixed IPv4 address in the local area network for a device with a certain MAC address). The router assigns IPv4 addresses in accordance with the specified pairs only when the DHCP server is enabled (in the **Dynamic IP Addresses** section, the **DHCP server** value is selected from the **Mode of dynamic IP address assignment** drop-down list).



#### Figure 99. The section for creating MAC-IPv4 pairs.

To create a MAC-IPv4 pair, click the **ADD** button (+). In the opened window, in the **IP address** field, enter an IPv4 address which will be assigned to the device from the LAN, then in the **MAC address** field, enter the MAC address of this device. In the **Hostname** field, specify a network name of the device for easier identification (*optional*). Click the **APPLY** button.

In order to view MAC addresses of the devices connected to the router at the moment, click the **CLIENTS LIST** button. In the opened window, select the needed device and click the **OK** button. To view the latest list of the connected devices, click the **REFRESH** button.

To edit the settings for the existing MAC-IPv4 pair, left-click the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a MAC-IPv4 pair, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Then click the **APPLY** button. Also you can remove a MAC-IPv4 pair in the editing window.

### IPv6

Go to the **IPv6** tab to change IPv6 address of the router and configure IPv6 addresses assignment settings.

Local IPv6 Address	
Mode of local IPv6 address assignment <b>Prefix delegation</b>	•
IPv6 address	
fd01::1	
Prefix	
64	

Figure 100. Configuring the local interface. The IPv6 tab. The Local IPv6 Address section.

Parameter	Description			
Local IPv6 Address				
Mode of local IPv6 address assignment	Select the needed value from the drop-down list. <b>Static</b> : an IPv6 address and a prefix are specified manually. <b>Prefix delegation</b> : the router requests a prefix to configure an IPv6 address from a delegating router.			
IPv6 address	The IPv6 address of the router in the local subnet. By default, the following value is specified: <b>fd01::1</b> . The field is available for editing if the <b>Static</b> value is selected from the <b>Mode of local IPv6</b> address assignment drop-down list.			
Prefix	The length of the prefix subnet. By default, the value <b>64</b> is specified. The field is available for editing if the <b>Static</b> value is selected from the <b>Mode of local IPv6 address assignment</b> drop-down list.			

Mode of dynamic IPv6 add	ress assignmer	t	
Stateful			•
Start IPv6*			
fd01::2			
End IPv6*			
fd01::ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff			

Figure 101. Configuring the local interface. The IPv6 tab. The Dynamic IPv6 Addresses section.

Parameter	Description			
Dynamic IPv6 Addresses				
Mode of dynamic IPv6 address assignment	Select the needed value from the drop-down list. <b>Disable</b> : clients' IPv6 addresses are assigned manually. <b>Stateful</b> : the built-in DHCPv6 server of the router allocates addresses from the range specified in the <b>Start IPv6</b> and <b>End IPv6</b>			
	fields. <b>Stateless</b> : clients themselves configure IPv6 addresses using the prefix.			
Start IPv6	The start IPv6 address of the address pool used by the DHCPv6 server to distribute addresses to clients.			
End IPv6	The end IPv6 address of the address pool used by the DHCPv6 server to distribute addresses to clients.			
Lease time	The lifetime of IPv6 addresses provided to clients. The field is available for editing if the <b>Static</b> value is selected from the <b>Mode</b> of local IPv6 address assignment list in the Local IPv6 Address section.			

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

In the **Static IP Addresses** section, you can specify MAC address and IPv6 address pairs (set a fixed IPv6 address in the local area network for a device with a certain MAC address). The router assigns IPv6 addresses in accordance with the specified pairs only when the **Stateful** value is selected from the **Mode of dynamic IPv6 address assignment** drop-down list in the **Dynamic IPv6 Addresses** section.

Static IP Addresses	CLIENTS LIST	+
In order to assign an IP address to a MAC address, select a device from the list of connected clients or add a new device		

#### Figure 102. The section for creating MAC-IPv6 pairs.

To create a MAC-IPv6 pair, click the **ADD** button (+). In the opened window, in the **IP address** field, enter an IPv6 address which will be assigned to the device from the LAN, then in the **MAC address** field, enter the MAC address of this device. In the **Hostname** field, specify a network name of the device for easier identification (*optional*). Click the **APPLY** button.

In order to view MAC addresses of the devices connected to the router at the moment, click the **CLIENTS LIST** button. In the opened window, select the needed device and click the **OK** button. To view the latest list of the connected devices, click the **REFRESH** button.

To edit the settings for the existing MAC-IPv6 pair, left-click the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a MAC-IPv6 pair, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table

and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{10}$ ). Then click the **APPLY** button. Also you can remove a MAC-IPv6 pair in the editing window.

## **WAN Reservation**

On the **Connections Setup / WAN Reservation** page, you can enable the WAN backup function, which provides you with uninterrupted access to the Internet. When your main connection breaks down, the router activates the backup connection; and when the main channel is recovered, the router switches to it and disconnects the reserve one.

Configuration	WAN Reservation	
Cookle		
Basis connection	Charle internal (in source de)	
Dynamic_IPv4	<ul> <li>The contract of the contract of t</li></ul>	
Backup connection	Timeout check (in seconds)*	
LTE	▼ 3	
Test host (IP)*	Number of inspections of active connection*	
8.8.8.8	1	
	Number of inspections of inactive connection*	
	1	
APPLY		

Figure 103. The Connections Setup / WAN Reservation page.

To activate the backup function, create the main and the reserve WAN connections. After that go to the **Connections Setup / WAN Reservation** page, move the **Enable** switch to the right, and specify the needed values in the fields displayed on the page.

Parameter	Description
Basic connection	From the drop-down list, select a WAN connection which will be used as the main one.
Backup connection	From the drop-down list, select a WAN connection which will be used as the reserve one.
Test host	An IP address that the router will check for availability via ICMP ping mechanism.
Check interval	A time period (in seconds) between attempts to check the status of the main connection. By default, the value <b>10</b> is specified.
Timeout check	A time period (in seconds) for an attempt to check the status of the main connection. At the end of this period the router's internal system makes a decision to enable/disable the reserve channel. By default, the value <b>3</b> is specified.

Parameter	Description
Number of inspections of active connection	A number of requests that will be sent in order to analyze the status of the main connection when the connection is active (the router uses the main connection as a default gateway).
Number of inspections of inactive connection	A number of requests that will be sent in order to analyze the status of the main connection when the connection is inactive (the router uses the reserve connection as a default gateway).

When all needed settings are configured, click the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{APPLY}}$  button.

# Wi-Fi

In this menu you can specify all needed settings for your wireless network.

## **Basic Settings**

In the **Wi-Fi** / **Basic settings** section, you can change basic parameters for the wireless interface of the router and configure the basic and additional wireless networks. To configure the 2.4GHz band or 5GHz band, go to the relevant tab.

Configuration	Basic Settings	
2.4 GHz	5 GHz	
General Settings	Wi-Fi Network	
Enable Wireless	Network name (SSID)* DWR-XXX-a2cd	
RUSSIAN FEDERATION	The number of characters should not exceed 32	
Wireless mode	Hide SSID	
Select channel automatically	Wireless network name (SSID) will not appear in the list of available wireless networks with customers. Go to a hidden network, you can connect to manually specify the SSID of the access point	
Enable additional channels	Max associated clients* 0	
① Attention! The device automatically selects a channel from the list available channels depending on your country. Make sure that your win devices support channels above 12	t of Enable shaping	
Channel	Broadcast wireless network	
auto (channel 1)	Allows you to enable/disable broadcast of this SSID without disconnecting the wireless module of the router. Can be used with the mode "Wi-Fi Client"	
Scanning period (in seconds)	Clients isolation	
60	Block traffic between devices connected to the access point	
	Security Settings	
	Network authentication	
	WPA2-PSK -	
	Password PSK*	
	Password should be between 8 and 63 ASCII characters	
	Encryption type*	
	Group key update interval (in seconds)* 3600	
APPLY ADD WI-FI NETWORK		

Figure 104. Basic settings of the wireless LAN in the 2.4GHz band.

Parameter	Description			
Enable Wireless	To enable Wi-Fi connection, move the switch to the right. To disable Wi-Fi connection, move the switch to the left.			
Country	The country you are in. Select a value from the drop-down list.			
Wireless mode	Operating mode of the wireless network of the router. This parameter defines standards of the devices that will be able to use your wireless network. Select a value from the drop-down list.			
Select channel automatically	Move the switch to the right to let the router itself choose the channel with the least interference.			
Enable additional channels	If the switch is moved to the left, the device automatically selects one of available standard channels. To use additional channels (the 12th and 13th – in the 2.4 GHz band, the 100th and higher – in the 5 GHz band), move the switch to the right.			
Channel	The wireless channel number. Left-click to open the window for selecting a channel (the action is available, when the <b>Select channel automatically</b> switch is moved to the left).			
Enable periodic scanning	Move the switch to the right to let the router search for a free channel in certain periods of time. When the switch is moved to the right, the <b>Scanning period</b> field is available for editing.			
Scanning period	Specify a period of time (in seconds) after which the router rescans channels.			

In the **General Settings** section, the following parameters are available:

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To edit the settings of the basic wireless network, in the **Wi-Fi Network** section, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

Also you can create an additional wireless network. To do this, click the **ADD WI-FI NETWORK** button. On the opened page, specify the relevant parameters.

✔ Basic Settings	Add Wi-Fi Network	
Wi-Fi Network	Security Settings	
Network name (SSID)* DWR-XXX-c0c0.2	Network authentication WPA2-PSK	-
The number of characters should not exceed 32	Password PSK*	
Hide SSID		Ø
Wireless network name (SSID) will not appear in the list of av- wireless networks with customers. Go to a hidden network, you ca manually specify the SSID of the access point	raliable (i) Password should be between 8 and 63 ASCII characters an connect to Encryption type* AES	•
Max associated clients*	Group key update interval (in seconds)*	
Enable shaping     Broadcast wireless network     Allows you to enable/disable broadcast of this SSID without d the wireless module of the router. Can be used with the mode "Wi-	lisconnecting -Fi Client"	
Clients isolation  Block traffic between devices connected to the access point		
Enable guest network		
① Enable the guest network in order to isolate Wi-Fi clients from network	n the LAN	
APPLY		

Figure 105. Creating a wireless network.

Parameter	Description		
Wi-Fi Network			
Network name (SSID)	A name for the wireless network. The name can consist of digits and Latin characters.		
Hide SSID	If the switch is moved to the right, other users cannot see your Wi-Finetwork. It is recommended not to hide the network in order to simplify initial configuration of the wireless network.		
BSSID	The unique identifier for this wireless network. You cannot change the value of this parameter, it is determined in the device's interna settings. The field is displayed in the settings of the existing wireles network.		
Max associated clients	The maximum number of devices connected to the wireless network. When the value <b>0</b> is specified, the device does not limit the number of connected clients.		
Enable shaping	Move the switch to the right to limit the maximum bandwidth of th wireless network. In the <b>Shaping</b> field displayed, specify th maximum value of speed (Kbit/s). Move the switch to the left not to limit the maximum bandwidth.		
Broadcast wireless network	If the switch is moved to the left, devices cannot connect to the wireless network. Upon that the router can connect to another access point as a wireless client.		
Clients isolation	Move the switch to the right to forbid wireless clients of this wireless network to communicate to each other.		
Enable guest network	This function is available for the additional network. Move the switch to the right if you want the devices connected to the additional network to be isolated from the devices and resources of the router's LAN.		

In the **Security Settings** section, you can change security settings of the wireless network.

By default, the **WPA2-PSK** network authentication type of both bands of the wireless network is specified. WPS PIN from the barcode label is used as the network key.

Network authentication	
Open	
Open	
WEP	
WPA-PSK	
WPA2-PSK	
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed	
WPA	
WPA2	
WPA/WPA2 mixed	

Figure 106. Network authentication types supported by the router.

The router supports the following authentication types:

Authentication type	Description			
Open	Open authentication (with WEP encryption for wireless network modes not supporting 802.11n or 802.11ac devices).			
WEP	Authentication with a shared key with WEP encryption. This authentication type is not available when a mode supporting 802.11n or 802.11ac devices is selected from the <b>Wireless mode</b> drop-down list on the <b>Wi-Fi / Basic Settings</b> page.			
WPA	WPA-based authentication using a RADIUS server.			
WPA-PSK	WPA-based authentication using a PSK.			
WPA2	WPA2-based authentication using a RADIUS server.			
WPA2-PSK	WPA2-based authentication using a PSK.			
WPA/WPA2 mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the <b>WPA</b> authentication type and devices using the <b>WPA2</b> authentication type can connect to the wireless network.			
WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed	A mixed type of authentication. When this value is selected, devices using the <b>WPA-PSK</b> authentication type and devices using the <b>WPA2-PSK</b> authentication type can connect to the wireless network.			

The WPA, WPA2, and WPA/WPA2 mixed authentication types require a RADIUS server.

When the **Open** or **WEP** value is selected, the following settings are displayed on the page (unavailable for the wireless network operating modes which support the standard 802.11n or 802.11ac):

Network authentication	
Open	
Enable encryption WEP	
Default key ID	
3	
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.	
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.	
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.  Encryption key 1*	Q
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.  Encryption key 1*	Ø
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.  Encryption key 1*  Encryption key 2*	ख ख
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters. Encryption key 1* Encryption key 2*	ख ख
Length of WEP key should be 5 or 13 characters.  Encryption key 1*  Encryption key 2*  Encryption key 3*	ୟ ସ ସ

Figure 107. The **Open** value is selected from the **Network authentication** drop-down list.

Parameter	Description	
Enable encryption WEP	<i>For Open authentication type only.</i> To activate WEP encryption, move the switch to the right. Upon that the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list, the <b>Encryption key WEP as HEX</b> switch, and four <b>Encryption key</b> fields are displayed on the page.	
Default key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.	
Encryption key WEP as HEX	Move the switch to the right to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.	
Encryption key (1-4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields. Click the <b>Show</b> icon (()) to display the entered key.	

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** value is selected, the following fields are displayed on the page:

Group key update interval (in seconds)*			
AES			
Encryption type*			
Dassword should be between 8 and 63 ASCII characters			
	ø		
Password PSK*			
WPA2-PSK			
Network authentication			

Figure 108. The WPA2-PSK value is selected from the Network authentication drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Password PSK	A password for WPA encryption. The password can contain digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and other characters available in the US keyboard layout. <sup>7</sup> Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.
Encryption type	An encryption method: <b>TKIP</b> , <b>AES</b> , or <b>TKIP+AES</b> .
Group key update interval	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value <b>0</b> is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.

<sup>7 0-9,</sup> A-Z, a-z, space, !"#\$%&'()\*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^\_`{|}~.

When the **WPA**, **WPA2**, or **WPA/WPA2 mixed** value is selected, the following settings are displayed on the page:

Network authentication	
WPA2	
WPA2 Pre-authentica	ation
IP address RADIUS server*	
192.168.0.254	
RADIUS server port*	
1812	
RADIUS encryption key*	
dlink	
Encryption type*	
AES	
Group key update interval (in seconds	s)*
3600	

Figure 109. The WPA2 value is selected from the Network authentication drop-down list.

Parameter	Description				
WPA2 Pre-authentication	Move the switch to the right to activate preliminary authentication (displayed only for the <b>WPA2</b> and <b>WPA/WPA2</b> mixed authentication types).				
IP address RADIUS server	The IP address of the RADIUS server.				
RADIUS server port	A port of the RADIUS server.				
RADIUS encryption key	The password which the router uses for communication with the RADIUS server (the value of this parameter is specified in the RADIUS server settings).				
Encryption type	An encryption method: <b>TKIP</b> , <b>AES</b> , or <b>TKIP+AES</b> .				
Group key update interval	The time period (in seconds), at the end of which a new key for WPA encryption is generated. When the value <b>0</b> is specified for this field, the key is not renewed.				

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To edit the basic or additional wireless network, left-click the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove the additional network, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Then click the **APPLY** button.

# **Client Management**

On the **Wi-Fi** / **Client Management** page, you can view the list of wireless clients connected to the router.

Configuration	(	Client Management		
List of Wi-Fi Clients	e router		REFRESH	DISCONNECT
Hostname	MAC address	Network name (SSID)	Signal level	Online
android-d827df676426	84:11:9E:1B:E9:F0	) DWR-XXX-d8ac	<b>?</b> 86%	0 min

Figure 110. The page for managing the wireless clients.

If you want to disconnect a wireless device from your WLAN, select the checkbox in the line containing the MAC address of this device and click the **DISCONNECT** button.

To view the latest data on the devices connected to the WLAN, click the **REFRESH** button.

To view the latest data on a connected device, left-click the line containing the MAC address of this device.

## **WPS**

On the Wi-Fi / WPS page, you can enable the function for configuration of the WLAN and select a method for connection to the WLAN.

The WPS function helps to configure the protected wireless network automatically. Devices connecting to the wireless network via the WPS function must support the WPS function.

The WPS function allows adding devices only to the basic wireless network of the router.

Before using the function you need to configure one of the following authentication types:

- Open with no encryption, WPA2-PSK or WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed with the
- AES encryption method. When other security settings are specified, controls of the WPS page on the tab of the relevant band are not available.

Configuration	WPS	E
2.4GHz	5G	Hz
WPS Control	Information	
DISABLE WPS	WPS state:	Configured
ESTABLISH CONNECTION	Default PIN code:	12345670
	Network name (SSID):	DWR-XXX-c0c0
	Network authentication:	WPA2-PSK
	Encryption:	AES
	Password PSK:	12345670
	UPDATE RE	SET TO UNCONFIGURED

Figure 111. The page for configuring the WPS function.

To activate the WPS function, on the tab of the relevant band, click the **ENABLE WPS** button.

Parameter	Description			
WPS state	<ul> <li>The state of the WPS function:</li> <li>Configured (all needed settings are specified; these settings will be used upon establishing the wireless connection)</li> <li>Unconfigured (after activating the WPS function, the SSID and the encryption key will be configured automatically, the network authentication type will be changed to WPA2-PSK).</li> </ul>			
Default PIN code	The PIN code of the router. This parameter is used when connecting the router to a registrar to set the parameters of the WPS function.			
Network name (SSID)	The name of the router's wireless network.			
Network authentication	The network authentication type specified for the wireless network.			
Encryption	The encryption type specified for the wireless network.			
Password PSK	The encryption password specified for the wireless network.			
UPDATE	Click the button to update the data on the page.			
RESET TO UNCONFIGURED	Click the button to reset the parameters of the WPS function.			

When the WPS function is enabled, the **Information** section is available on the page.

## Using WPS Function via Web-based Interface

To connect to the basic wireless network via the PIN method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:

- 1. Click the **ENABLE WPS** button.
- 2. In the **WPS Control** section, click the **ESTABLISH CONNECTION** button.
- 3. In the opened window, select the **PIN** value from the **WPS method** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the PIN method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 5. Click the relevant button in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 6. Right after that, enter the PIN code specified on the cover of the wireless device or in its software in the **PIN code** field.
- 7. Click the **CONNECT** button in the web-based interface of the router.

To connect to the basic wireless network via the PBC method of the WPS function, follow the next steps:

- 1. Click the **ENABLE WPS** button.
- 2. In the **WPS Control** section, click the **ESTABLISH CONNECTION** button.
- 3. In the opened window, select the **PBC** value from the **WPS method** drop-down list.
- 4. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 5. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 6. Right after that, click the **CONNECT** button in the web-based interface of the router.

## Using WPS Function without Web-based Interface

You can use the WPS function without accessing the web-based interface of the router. To do this, you need to configure the following router's settings:

- 1. Specify relevant security settings for the wireless network of the router.
- 2. Click the **ENABLE WPS** button.
- 3. Save the settings and close the web-based interface (click the **Logout** line of the menu).

Later you will be able to add wireless devices to the WLAN by pressing the **WPS** button of the router.

- 1. Select the PBC method in the software of the wireless device that you want to connect to the router's WLAN.
- 2. Click the relevant button in the software or press the WPS button on the cover of the wireless device that you want to connect to the WLAN.
- 3. Press the **WPS** button of the router, hold it for 2 seconds, and release. The **2.4GHz** and **5GHz** LEDs will start blinking.

## WMM

On the Wi-Fi / WMM page, you can enable the Wi-Fi Multimedia function.

The WMM function implements the QoS features for Wi-Fi networks. It helps to improve the quality of data transfer over Wi-Fi networks by prioritizing different types of traffic.

Select the needed action from the drop-down list in the **Work mode** section to configure the WMM function:

- **Auto**: the settings of the WMM function are configured automatically (the value is specified by default).
- **Manual**: the settings of the WMM function are configured manually. When this value is selected, the **Access Point** and **Station** sections are displayed on the page.
- **Disabled**: the WMM function is disabled.

🕻 Con	figuration		WMM							٤	3			
Wi-I	Fi Multin	nedia												
The n	nechanism	for improvin	ng Wi-Fi netv	vork perfor	mance. I	t is recom	mend	led for user	s not to chan	ge the specif	ied values			
Work r	mode													
Man	lual						•							
Acc	ess Poir	nt						Static	n					
ACC	633 1 01	n						Otalic	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,					
AC	AIFSN	CWMin	CWMax	TXOP	ACM	ACK		AC	AIFSN	CWMin	CWMax	TXOP	ACM	
ВК	7	15	1023	0	off	off		BK	7	15	1023	0	off	
BE	3	15	63	0	off	off		BE	3	15	1023	0	off	
VI	1	7	15	3008	off	off		VI	2	7	15	3008	off	
VO	1	3	7	1504	off	off		VO	2	3	7	1504	off	

Figure 112. The page for configuring the WMM function.

All needed settings for the WMM function are specified in the device's system. Changing parameters manually may negatively affect your WLAN!

The WMM function allows assigning priorities for four Access Categories (AC):

- **BK** (*Background*), low priority traffic (print jobs, file downloads, etc.).
- **BE** (*Best Effort*), traffic from legacy devices or devices/applications that do not support QoS.
- **VI** (*Video*).
- **VO** (*Voice*).

Parameters of the Access Categories are defined for both the router itself (in the **Access Point** section) and wireless devices connected to it (in the **Station** section).

To edit the parameters of an Access Category, left-click the relevant line. In the opened window, change the needed parameters.

Edit Access Effort	Point: Bes	<sup>it</sup> ×
AIFSN*		
3		•
CWMin		
15		•
CWMax		
63		-
TXOP*		
0		
ACM		
АСК		
	SAVE	CLOSE

Figure 113. The window for changing parameters of the WMM function.

Parameter	Description
AIFSN	<i>Arbitrary Inter-Frame Space Number</i> . This parameter influences time delays for the relevant Access Category. The lower the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
CWMin/CWMax	<i>Contention Window Minimum/Contention Window Maximum.</i> Both fields influence time delays for the relevant Access Category. The <b>CWMax</b> field value should not be lower, than the <b>CWMin</b> field value. The lower the difference between the <b>CWMax</b> field value and the <b>CWMin</b> field value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
ТХОР	<i>Transmission Opportunity</i> . The higher the value, the higher is the Access Category priority.
АСМ	<i>Admission Control Mandatory.</i> If the switch is moved to the right, the device cannot use the relevant Access Category.
Parameter	Description
-----------	--
ACK	<ul><li>Acknowledgment. Answering response requests while transmitting. Displayed only in the Access Point section.</li><li>If the switch is moved to the left, the router answers requests.</li><li>If the switch is moved to the right, the router does not answer</li></ul>
	requests.

Click the **SAVE** button.

# Client

On the **Wi-Fi** / **Client** page, you can configure the router as a client to connect to a wireless access point or to a WISP.

≮ WAN	Client		
Enable			
Broadcast wireless network 2.4	GHz		
Broadcast wireless network 5 G	Hz		
Connecting to network Select network from list	•		
APPLY			
Wireless Networks			UPDATE LIST
Network name (SSID)	Security settings	Channel	Frequence
🥱 DIR-815-4411	[WPA2-PSK] [AES]	13	2.4 GHz

Figure 114. The page for configuring the client mode.

To configure the router as a client, move the **Enable** switch to the right. Upon that the following fields are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Broadcast wireless network 2.4 GHz / Broadcast wireless network 5 GHz	If the switch is moved to the left, devices cannot connect to the router's WLAN. Upon that the router can connect to another access point as a wireless client.
Connecting to network	A method for connecting to another access point.

In the **Wireless Networks** section, the list of available wireless networks is displayed. To view the latest data on available wireless networks, click the **UPDATE LIST** button.

To connect to a wireless network from the list, select the needed network. Move the **Network options** switch to the right to view more detailed information on the network to which the router connects. If a password is required, enter it in the relevant field. Click the **CONNECT** button.

To connect to a hidden network, select the **Connect to hidden network** value from the **Connecting to network** drop-down list. Select the band where the hidden network operates from the **Frequency band** list and enter the network name in the **Network name (SSID)** field. If needed, fill in the **BSSID** field. Then select the needed type of authentication from the **Network authentication** drop-down list.

When the **Open** or **WEP** authentication type is selected, the following settings are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Enable encryption WEP	<i>For Open authentication type only.</i> To activate WEP encryption, move the switch to the right. Upon that the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list, the <b>Encryption key WEP as HEX</b> switch, and four <b>Encryption key</b> fields are displayed on the page.
Default key ID	The number of the key (from first to fourth) which will be used for WEP encryption.
Encryption key WEP as HEX	Move the switch to the right to set a hexadecimal number as a key for encryption.
Encryption key (1-4)	Keys for WEP encryption. The router uses the key selected from the <b>Default key ID</b> drop-down list. It is required to specify all the fields. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered key.

When the **WPA-PSK**, **WPA2-PSK**, or **WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK mixed** authentication type is selected, the following fields are displayed:

Parameter	Description
Password PSK	A password for WPA encryption. Click the <b>Show</b> icon $(\bigotimes)$ to display the entered key.
Encryption type	An encryption method: <b>TKIP</b> , <b>AES</b> , or <b>TKIP+AES</b> .

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

When connecting to a wireless access point, the wireless channel of DWR-980 will switch to the channel of the access point to which you have connected.

In addition, the **Connection Information** section in which you can view the connection status and the network basic parameters is displayed.

If you want to connect to the WISP network, after configuring the device as a client, you need to create a WAN connection with relevant parameters for the **WLAN** interface.

# Additional

On page of the **Wi-Fi / Additional** section, you can define additional parameters for the WLAN of the router. To configure the 2.4GHz band or 5GHz band, go to the relevant tab.

Changing parameters presented on this page may negatively affect your WLAN!

MAC Filter	Additional	
2.4GHz	5GHz	
Bandwidth 20/40MHz	■ Beacon period (in milliseconds)*	
Current bandwidth: 40 MHz     Autonegotiation 20/40 (Coexistence)	RTS threshold (in bytes)* 2347	
TX power (in percent) 100	Frag threshold (in bytes)* <b>2346</b> ▼	
B/G protection Auto	DTIM period (in beacon frames)* 1	
Short GI Enable	Station Keep Alive (in seconds)* 0	
Drop multicast     Adaptivity mode		

Figure 115. Additional settings of the WLAN.

The following fields are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
	The channel bandwidth for 802.11n standard in the 2.4GHz band (the <b>2.4GHz</b> tab).
	<b>20MHz</b> : 802.11n clients operate at 20MHz channels.
Bandwidth	<b>20/40MHz</b> : 802.11n clients operate at 20MHz or 40MHz channels.
	The channel bandwidth for 802.11n and 802.11ac standards in 5GHz band (the <b>5GHz</b> tab).
	<b>20MHz</b> : 802.11n and 802.11ac clients operate at 20MHz channels.
	20/40MHz: 802.11n and 802.11ac clients operate at 20MHz or
	40MHz channels.
	<b>20/40/80MHz</b> : 802.11ac clients operate at 20MHz, 40MHz, or 80MHz channels.
	Available on the <b>2.4GHz</b> tab.
Autonegotiation 20/40 (Coexistence)	Move the switch to the right to let the router to automatically choose the most suitable channel bandwidth (20MHz or 40MHz) for the connected devices (this setting can substantially lower the data transfer rate of your wireless network).
TX Power	The transmit power (in percentage terms) of the router.
	Available on the <b>2.4GHz</b> tab.
	The 802.11b and 802.11g protection function is used to minimize collisions between devices of your wireless network.
	Select a value from the drop-down list.
B/G protection	<b>Auto</b> : The protection function is enabled and disabled automatically depending on the state of the network (this value is recommended if your wireless local area network consists of both 802.11b and 802.11g devices).
	Always On: The protection function is always enabled (this setting
	can substantially lower the efficiency of your wireless network).
	Always Off: The protection function is always disabled.
	Guard interval (in nanoseconds). This parameter defines the interval between symbols transmitted when the router is communicating to wireless devices.
Short GI	<b>Enable</b> : the router uses the 400 ns short guard interval. Only for the wireless network operating modes which support 802.11n and 802.11ac standards (see the value of the <b>Wireless mode</b> drop-down list on the <b>Wi-Fi / Basic Settings</b> page).
	<b>Disable</b> : the router uses the 800 ns standard guard interval.

Parameter	Description	
Drop multicast	Move the switch to the right to disable multicasting for the router's WLAN. Move the switch to the left to enable multicasting from the WAN connection selected on the <b>Advanced / IGMP</b> page.	
Adaptivity mode	Move the switch to the right to prevent your wireless network from interfering with radars and other mobile or stationary radio systems Such a setting can slow down the router's WLAN.	
Beacon Period	The time interval (in milliseconds) between packets sent to synchronize the wireless network.	
RTS threshold	The minimum size (in bytes) of a packet for which an RTS frame is transmitted.	
Frag threshold	The maximum size (in bytes) of a non-fragmented packet. Larger packets are fragmented (divided).	
DTIM period	The number of beacon frames between sending DTIM messages (messages notifying on broadcast or multicast transmission).	
Station Keep Alive	The time interval (in seconds) between keep alive checks of wireless devices from your WLAN. When the value <b>0</b> is specified, the checking is disabled.	

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

### **MAC Filter**

On the **Wi-Fi / MAC Filter** page, you can define a set of MAC addresses of devices which will be allowed to access the WLAN, or define MAC addresses of devices which will not be allowed to access the WLAN.

It is recommended to configure the Wi-Fi MAC filter through a wired connection to DWR-980.

Configuration	MAC Filter	
2.4 GHz DWR-XXX-c0c0 ① off	5 GHz DWR-XXX-5G-c0c0 ர் ா	
No rules created for MAC filter Here you can add a rule		ADD

Figure 116. The page for configuring the MAC filter for the wireless network.

By default, the Wi-Fi MAC filter is disabled.

To configure the MAC filter, first you need to create rules (specify MAC addresses of devices for which the specified filtering modes will be applied). To do this, click the **ADD** button (+).

Add Rule	×
Frequency band	•
SSID DWR-XXX-c0c0	•
(i) MAC filters for this network are disabled	
MAC address*	
Hostname	
Enable	
	SAVE

Figure 117. The window for adding a rule for the MAC filter.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Frequency band	From the drop-down list, select a band of the wireless network.
SSID	A wireless network to which the rule will be applied. Select the needed value from the drop-down list.
MAC address	In the field, enter the MAC address to which the selected filtering mode will be applied.
Hostname	The name of the device for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Enable	If the switch is moved to the right, the rule is active. Move the switch to the left to disable the rule.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit the parameters of the existing rule, in the **Filters** section, left-click the needed rule. In the opened window, change the settings and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove the rule from the page, in the Filters section, select the checkbox located to the left of

the relevant rule and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\blacksquare}$ ).

After creating the rules you need to configure the filtering modes.

To open the basic or additional wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on this page and to close the wireless network for all other devices, in the section corresponding to the band (**2.4 GHz** or **5 GHz**), left-click the line of the wireless network. In the opened window, move the **Enable MAC filter** switch to the right. Upon that the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list will be displayed. Select the **Allow** value from the drop-down list and click the **SAVE** button.

To close the wireless network for the devices which MAC addresses are specified on this page, select the **Deny** value from the **MAC filter restrict mode** drop-down list and click the **SAVE** button.

# **Print Server**

On the **Print Server** page, you can configure the router as a print server. Being configured in this way, the router will allow your LAN users to share the printer connected to the USB port of the router.

To connect a printer to the router, power off both devices. Connect the printer to the USB port of the router, power on the printer, then power on the router.

<b>K</b> Roaming	Print Server	
Print Server You can configure the router as a print server. Being configure this way, the router will allow your LAN users to share the prin connected to the USB port of the router. ENABLE	d in ter In order to operate the print server, you should also configure the client PC. For more information on how to configure the print server please refer to the FAQ section at www.dlink.ru.	

Figure 118. The Print Server page.

To configure the router as a print server, click the **ENABLE** button. Upon that the **Status of printer** field is displayed on the page.

If you don't want to use the router as a print server, click the **DISABLE** button.

# USB Storage

This menu is designed to operate USB storages. Here you can do the following:

- view data on the connected USB storage
- create accounts for users to allow access to the content of the USB storage
- enable the built-in Samba server of the router
- enable the built-in FTP server of the router
- view content of the connected USB storage
- enable the built-in DLNA server of the router
- configure the built-in Transmission torrent client and manage distributing and downloading processes.

#### Information

On the **USB Storage / Information** page, you can view data on the USB storage connected to the router.

Configuration	Information	
usb1_1		
Total size:	7632 Mbyte	
Free:	4471 Mbyte	
Filesystem:	FAT16/32	
	UNMOUNT	
	UNMOUNT ALL STORAGES	

Figure 119. The USB Storage / Information page.

The following data are presented on the page: the name, total and free space of the storage, and the type of its file system (supported file systems: FAT16/32, NTFS, and ext2/3).

If the USB storage is divided into volumes, a section for every volume (partition) of the USB storage is displayed on the page.

To safely disconnect the USB storage or a volume of the USB storage, click the **UNMOUNT** button in the relevant section and wait for several seconds.

To disconnect all volumes of the USB storage, click the UNMOUNT ALL STORAGES button.

#### **USB Users**

On the **USB Storage / USB Users** page, you can create user accounts to provide access to data on the USB storage connected to the router.

Information	USB Users	
	(+)	
	There are no users	
	You can add first user	
	ADD	

Figure 120. The USB Storage / USB users page.

To create a new user account, click the **ADD** button (+).

Add User	×
Login*	
Password*	Ø
Read only	
	SAVE

Figure 121. The window for adding a user.

In the opened window, in the **Login** field, specify a username, and in the **Password** field – the password for the account. Use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and other characters available in the US keyboard layout.<sup>8</sup>

# You cannot create accounts with the following usernames: admin, support, user, nobody.

For ext2, ext3, or FAT storages or storage partitions, it is possible to create users with limited rights. Move the **Read only** switch to the right not to let the user create, change, or delete files.

#### Click the **SAVE** button.

To change the password of an account, select the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, enter a new value in the **Password** field, and then click the **SAVE** button.

To remove an account, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ).

<sup>8 0-9,</sup> A-Z, a-z, space, !"#\$%&'()\*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^\_`{|}~.

#### Samba

On the **USB Storage / Samba** page, you can enable the built-in Samba server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

K USB Users Sa	amba	
Samba On this page you can enable the built-in Samba server of the router to Enable Samba server	p provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN	
Configuring a Samba Server	Directories +	
Anonymous login	Name Path	
① If anonymous login is disabled, to access the USB storage content will need to create users		
Work group		
WORKGROUP		
Short description		
D-LINK SERVER		
NetBIOS		
D-LINK		
APPLY		

Figure 122. The USB Storage / Samba page.

To enable the Samba server, move the Enable Samba server switch to the right.

The **Anonymous login** switch (by default, the switch is moved to the right) allows anonymous access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN.

If you want to provide authorized access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, move the switch to the left. After applying the parameters on this page, go to the **USB Storage / USB Users** page and create needed accounts.

In the **Work group** field, leave the value specified by default (**WORKGROUP**) or specify a new name of a workgroup which participants will have access to the content of the USB storage.

In the **Short description** field, you can specify an additional description for the USB storage. This value will be displayed in some operating systems. Use digits and/or Latin characters.

In the **NetBIOS** field, specify a name of the USB storage which will be displayed for users of your LAN. Use digits and/or Latin characters.

To allow access only to a certain folder of the USB storage, click the **ADD** (+) button in the **Directories** section.

Add directory	×
Path*	٩
Name*	
	SAVE

Figure 123. Specifying a folder.

In the opened window, locate a folder containing files. To do this, click the **Search** icon ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ) in the **Path** field. Then go to the needed folder and click the **SELECT** button.

In the **Name** field, specify a name of the selected folder which will be displayed for users of your LAN. Use digits and/or Latin characters.

Click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a folder from the list in the **Directories** section, select the checkbox located to the left

of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ).

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To disable the built-in Samba server of the router, move the **Enable Samba server** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

#### FTP

On the **USB Storage / FTP** page, you can enable the built-in FTP server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

🕻 Samba	FTP	
() On this page you can enable the built-in FTP server of the router to p	provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN	
() For correct display of containing Cyrillic letters file names, please us	e UTF-8 encoding on the FTP client	
Enable FTP server		
Configuring FTP Server		
Anonymous login		
() If anonymous login is disabled, to access the USB storage content wa create users	il need to	
When anonymous access is used, all users connected via the FTP ser read-only access rights.	ver have	
Port		
21		
Directory	0	
Блания у		
APL		

Figure 124. The USB Storage / FTP page.

To enable the FTP server, move the **Enable FTP server** switch to the right.

Move the **Anonymous login** switch to the right to allow anonymous access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN. If you want to provide authorized access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, move the switch to the left. After applying the parameters on this page, go to the **USB Storage / USB Users** page and create needed accounts.

If needed, change the router's port used by the FTP server in the **Port** field (by default, the standard port **21** is specified).

To allow access only to a certain folder of the USB storage for users of your LAN, locate a folder containing files. To do this, click the **Search** icon ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ) in the **Directory** field. Then go to the needed folder and click the **SELECT** button.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To allow access to all the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN again, remove the value specified in the **Directory** field and click the **APPLY** button.

To disable the built-in FTP server of the router, move the **Enable FTP server** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

#### Filebrowser

On the **USB Storage / Filebrowser** page, you can view the content of your USB storage connected to the router and remove separate folders and files from the USB storage.

Infor	mation	Filebrowser		۵
Filel	prowser			
$\uparrow$	usb1_2 EXT2/3/4			:
0	audio 16.06.2017 15:57			:
0	<b>video</b> 15.06.2017 17:25			:
C	format.odt 29.08.2011 18:18		26.10 KB	:

#### Figure 125. The USB Storage / Filebrowser page.

To view the content of the USB storage, click the icon of the storage or storage partition. The list of folders and files will be displayed on the page.

To go to a folder, click the line corresponding to this folder.

To refresh the folder contents, click the **Actions** icon ( ) in the line corresponding to this folder and select the **Refresh** value.

To remove a folder or file, click the **Actions** icon ( :) in the line corresponding to this folder or file and select the **Delete** value.

#### DLNA

On the **USB Storage / DLNA** page, you can enable the built-in DLNA server of the router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN.

The built-in media server allows DLNA certified devices of your LAN to play multimedia content of the USB storage. Multimedia content can be played only when a USB storage is connected to the router.

✔ Filebrowser	DLNA	
DLNA On the DLNA page, you can enable the built-in DLNA server of th The built-in media server allows DLNA certified devices of your L played only when a USB storage is connected to the router. To enable the service, you must specify at least one Media Folder	e router to provide access to the USB storage for users of your LAN. AN to play multimedia content of the USB storage. Multimedia conte r.	nt can be
Main Settings Enable Update interval* 900	Media Folders +	
DLNA server name* D-Link DLNA Server		
APPLY		

Figure 126. The USB Storage / DLNA page.

To enable the DLNA server, move the **Enable** switch to the right.

In the **Update interval** field, specify the time period (in seconds), at the end of which the media server updates the file list of the USB storage, or leave the value specified by default (900).

In the **DLNA server name** field, specify a name of the DLNA server which will be displayed for users of your LAN or leave the value specified by default (**D-Link DLNA Server**). Use digits and/or Latin characters.

To allow access to the content of the USB storage for users of your LAN, click the **ADD** (+) button in the **Media Folders** section.

Specify media folder	×
Path*	م
Type*	
All	•
	SAVE

Figure 127. Specifying a media folder.

In the opened window, locate a folder containing files. To do this, click the **Search** icon ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ) in the **Path** field. Then go to the needed folder and click the **SELECT** button.

For each folder you can define the type of files which will be available for users of your LAN. To do this, select the needed type of files from the **Type** drop-down list. To share all files of a folder, select the **All** value from the **Type** drop-down list.

Click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a folder from the list in the Media Folders section, select the checkbox located to the

left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** ( $\overline{\square}$ ) button.

After specifying all needed settings on the **USB Storage / DLNA** page, click the **APPLY** button.

To disable the built-in DLNA server of the router, move the **Enable** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

## **Torrent Client**

On the **USB Storage / Torrent Client** page, you can configure all needed settings for the built-in Transmission client.

✔ DLNA Tor	rent Client 🖸
Transmission Using the web-based interface of the built-in Transmission torrent connected to the router.	client you can manage the process of downloading files to the USB storage
Main Settings Port* 52666	Authorization Enable
Path* /usb1_1	2
torrents  Enable download queue	
Download queue size 1 Peer limit* 4	
<ul> <li>The recommended maximum number of peers is 4. A higher value can re in unstable performance.</li> <li>Web interface port*</li> </ul>	sult
9091 Web interface page: http://192.168.0.1:9091	
SAVE	

Figure 128. The USB Storage / Torrent Client page.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
Transmission		
Enable	Move the switch to the right to activate the Transmission client.	
Main Settings		
Port	The router's port which will be used by the Transmission client.	
Path	Locate data of the Transmission client. To do this, click the <b>Search</b> icon ( <b>Q</b> ), select the needed value, and click the <b>SELECT</b> button.	
Directory	The folder on the USB storage where data of the Transmission client will be stored.	

Parameter	Description	
Enable download queue	Move the switch to the right if you want to limit the number of simultaneous downloads. Upon that the <b>Download queue size</b> field will be displayed. Move the switch to the left not to limit the number of simultaneous	
	downloads.	
Download queue size	The maximum number of simultaneous downloads. By default, the value <b>1</b> is specified.	
Peer limit	The maximum number of the service users from which you can download files.	
Web interface port	The port on which the web-based interface of the Transmission client is available.	
Authorization		
Enable	Move the switch to the right if you want the Transmission client to request for username and password when accessing its web-based interface. Then fill in the <b>Username</b> and <b>Password</b> fields.	
Username	The username to access the web-based interface of the Transmission client.	
Password	The password to access the web-based interface of the Transmission client.	

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

In the **Web-interface page** field, the address of the web-based interface of the Transmission client is displayed. To access the web-based interface of the Transmission client, click the link.

Transmission Web In ×		
← → C 🗋 192.168.0.1:9091/transmissio	on/web/	☆ =
For quick access, place your bookmarks here on	the bookmarks bar. Import bookmarks now	
🖆 🥥   🕑 💷   💓 🚺		٢
Show All  All  Filter 0 Trans	nsfers	∽ 0 kB/s ∧ 0 kB/s
	Upload Torrent Files         Please select a torrent file to upload:         Choose Files       No file chosen         Or enter a URL:         Free space : 5.29 GB.         ✓ Start when added         Cancel       Upload	

Figure 129. The web-based interface of the Transmission torrent client.

Using the web-based interface of the built-in Transmission torrent client you can manage the process of downloading files to the USB storage connected to the router.

The following buttons are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
Dpen Torrent	Click the button to add a new torrent file (a metadata file according to which the Transmission client downloads files) to the download queue. In the dialog box appeared, select a file stored on your PC and click the <b>Upload</b> button.
Remove Selected Torrents	Select the torrent file which you want to remove from the download queue and click the button.
Start Selected Torrents	Select the torrent file corresponding to the download which should be restarted and click the button.

Parameter	Description
Start All Torrents	Click the button to restart all downloads. If you limited the maximum number of simultaneous downloads, the Transmission client starts processing of the specified number of torrent files; after completing download of the first one, the client proceeds to the next file in the queue.
Pause Selected Torrents	Select the torrent file corresponding to the download which should be stopped and click the button.
Pause All Torrents	Click the button to stop all downloads.
Toggle Inspector	Select a torrent file and click the button to view its data.

# LTE Modem

This menu is designed to operate the built-in LTE modem.

If the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem is not disabled, the relevant notification will be displayed in the top right corner of the page.

Notification To unlock the SIM card, please enter the PIN	
✓ ENTER	

Figure 130. The notification on the PIN code check.

Click the **ENTER** button. When the **LTE Modem / PIN** page opens, enter the PIN code in the **Authorization** section. Click the **Show** icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered code. Then click the **APPLY** button.

< Summary PIN		PIN	⊠ <mark>1</mark>
Information Status PIN code request	Device is locked Yes	Authorization PIN code* The number of remaining attempts: unknown APPLY	٩

Figure 131. Entering the PIN code.

## **Basic Settings**

On the **LTE Modem / Basic Settings** page, you can view data on the built-in modem and enable/disable the function for automatic creation of LTE WAN connection.

Configuration	Basic Settings	
Settings	Information	
Automatic creation of connection	Vendor	D-Link
	Model	DWR
	Revision	M1.4.4_E1.0.3_A1.1.8
	IMSI	250996556309617
	IMEI	355470090362407
	Signal level	<b>1</b>    61%
	Operator name	Beeline
	Mode	LTE

Figure 132. The LTE Modem / Basic Settings page.

If the **Automatic creation of connection** switch is moved to the right and the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem is disabled, then an active WAN connection with the operator's settings will be automatically created when powering on the router. The connection will be displayed on the **Connections Setup / WAN** page.

If you don't want to use this function, move the **Automatic creation of connection** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

The **Information** section displays detailed information on the built-in modem, a type of the network to which the modem is connected, the signal level, and other data.

#### PIN

On the **LTE Modem / PIN** page, you can change the PIN code of the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem, disable or enable the check of the PIN code.

The current state of the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem is displayed in the **Status** field. If the PIN code is entered incorrectly or the PIN code is not entered when the PIN code check is enabled, the **Device is locked** value is displayed in the **Status** field. If the PIN code is entered correctly or the PIN check is disabled, the **Device is unlocked** value is displayed in the **Status** field.

If the PIN code check for the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem is not disabled, the **Yes** value is displayed in the **PIN code request** field. If the PIN check is disabled, the **No** value is displayed in the **PIN code request** field.

Basic Settings	PIN	
Information Status Device is unlocked	Changing PIN Code	
PIN code request Yes	PIN code*	
PIN Code Request	New PIN code confirmation*	
	SAVE	

Figure 133. The LTE Modem / PIN page.

To disable the PIN code check, in the **PIN Code Request** section, enter the current PIN code in the **PIN code** field and click the **DISABLE** button (the button is displayed if the PIN code check is enabled).

To enable the PIN code check, in the **PIN Code Request** section, enter the PIN code used before disabling the check in the **PIN code** field and click the **ENABLE** button (the button is displayed if the PIN code check is disabled).

To change the PIN code, in the **Changing PIN Code** section, enter the current code in the **PIN code** field, then enter a new code in the **New PIN code** and **New PIN code confirmation** fields and click the **SAVE** button.

If upon one of the operations described above you have entered an incorrect value in the **PIN code** field three times (the number of remaining attempts is displayed on the page), the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem is blocked.

Basic Settings	PIN
Information	Authorization
Status Device is locked	PUK code*
PIN code request Yes	
	New PIN code*
	New PIN code confirmation*
	The number of remaining attempts: unknown

Figure 134. The LTE Modem / PIN page. The PUK code request.

For further use of the card, in the **Authorization** section, enter the PUK code in the relevant field, and then specify a new PIN code for your SIM card in the **New PIN code** and **New PIN code confirmation** field. Click the **APPLY** button.

#### USSD

On the LTE Modem / USSD page, you can send a USSD command.<sup>9</sup>

USSD (*Unstructured Supplementary Service Data*) is a technology which provides real-time message exchange between a subscriber and a mobile operator's special application. USSD commands are often used to check the SIM card balance, receive data on the rate plan or service packets, etc.

< SMS	USSD	
USSD		
You can send a USSD request		
Number*		
Response		
SEND		

Figure 135. The LTE Modem / USSD page.

In the **Number** field, enter a USSD command and click the **SEND** button. After a while, the results will be displayed in the **Response** field.

<sup>9</sup> Contact your operator to get information on USSD commands and their functions.

#### SMS

When a new text message is received, the relevant notification will be displayed in the top right corner of the page.

	Notifications
$\sim$	Notification You have unread message(s)!

Figure 136. The notification on a new text message.

Click the **CHECK** button. After clicking the button, the **LTE Modem / SMS** page opens.

On the **LTE Modem / SMS** page, you can create and send a text message, view data on a number of messages and the memory state of the SIM card inserted into the built-in modem, and also view the history of sent and received messages stored in the memory of the SIM card.

		SMS			2
SMS		SI	MS Memory		
You can send a text message		Inco	oming:		2
Number	×	Out	going:		0
		Tota	al:		2
	ADD	Use	d memory:		6/10
Message*					
Enter your message					
Entered characters: 0					
SEND					
send Message History					
SEND Message History Message filter					
SEND Message History Message filter Outgoing		•			
SEND Message History Message filter Outgoing Outgoing		•		REFRESH	
SEND Message History Message filter Outgoing Outgoing Outgoing messages		•		REFRESH	

Figure 137. The LTE Modem / SMS page.

In the **SMS** section, you can create and send a text message. In the **Number** field, enter the recipient's phone number. If you need to send the text message to several recipients, click the **ADD** button, and in the line displayed, enter a phone number. Enter the text of the message in the **Message** field and click the **SEND** button.

If for some reason a text message was not sent, it is automatically saved in the **Message History** section. To send the message, go to the **Message History** section, select the **Drafts** value from the **Message filter** drop-down list, and click the **CONTINUE** button in the line corresponding to the message.

In the **SMS Memory** section, you can view data on the number of messages and the state of the SIM card memory.

In the **Message History** section, you can read outgoing and incoming messages and remove messages from the memory of the SIM card.

To view all outgoing and incoming messages, select the relevant value from the **Message filter** drop-down list.

To view the latest data on sent and received messages, click the **REFRESH** button.

To reply to an incoming message, click the **REPLY** button in the line corresponding to the message.

To forward an incoming message, click the **FORWARD** button in the line corresponding to the message.

To remove a message, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and

click the **DELETE** button ( **III** ).

# Advanced

In this menu you can configure advanced settings of the router:

- define interface groups
- allow the router to connect to a private Ethernet line
- add name servers
- configure a DDNS service
- configure notifications on the reason of the Internet connection failure
- define static routes
- configure TR-069 client
- create rules for remote access to the web-based interface
- enable the UPnP IGD protocol
- edit the VDSL/ADSL connection parameters
- allow the router to use IGMP
- allow the router to use RTSP, enable the SIP ALG, the PPPoE/PPTP/L2TP/IPsec pass through functions for the router
- configure VPN tunnels based on IPsec protocol.

# **Interface Grouping**

On the **Advanced / Interface Grouping** page, you can create groups consisting of interfaces and ports of the router, for example, for distinguishing different types of traffic. Such a function is mostly used in Triple-play networks.

The **DEFAULT** group is created in the router's system. You cannot edit or delete this group.

Configuration	Interface Grouping				
Groups				+	Î
Name	Type of group	LAN ports	WAN interfaces		
DEFAULT	NAT	LAN1, LAN2, LAN3, LAN4, WIFI1, WIFI_5g_1	Dynamic_IPV4_1, Dynamic_IPv4_37, Dynamic_IPv4_60		

Figure 138. The Advanced / Interface Grouping page.

To create a new rule for interface grouping (a group of ports), click the **ADD** button (+).

Interface Grouping	Add Group	
Name* Type of group* NAT	WAN Interfaces	
LAN Ports LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4 WIFI1 WIFL_5g_1		
	APPLY	

Figure 139. The page for adding a new group of ports.

Parameter	Description
Name	A name for the group for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Type of group	<ul> <li>The type of the group.</li> <li><b>NAT</b>. The group of this type is an external connection with address translation. It is mostly used to connect to the Internet.</li> <li><b>Transparent bridge</b>. The group of this type is a transparent connection between the router's port and an external connection. It is mostly used to connect IPTV set-top boxes</li> </ul>
	<b>Local</b> . The group of this type is an internal connection of the router's ports. It is mostly used to join devices from the LAN to an isolated network with no access to the Internet.
LAN Ports	In this section the LAN ports and the WLAN interface of the router are displayed. To add an element to the group, select the relevant checkbox. To remove an element from the group, deselect the relevant checkbox.
WAN Interfaces	Displayed for the <b>NAT</b> and <b>Transparent bridge</b> types only. In this section WAN connections of the router are displayed. To add a connection to the group, select the choice of the radio button which corresponds to this connection.

On the opened page, you can specify the following parameters:

Click the **APPLY** button.

To edit the parameters of a group you created, select the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a group you created, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line of the

table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\square}$ ). Also you can remove a group on the editing page. When you delete a group, ports and interfaces assigned to it are reassigned to the **DEFAULT** group.

# **WAN Remapping**

On the **Advanced / WAN Remapping** page, you can configure the router to connect to a private Ethernet line.

<b>〈</b> Configuration	WAN Remapping	
WAN Remapping		
Your can using any LAN port of the ro To use one of the router's LAN port as To disconnect the LAN port from the p	uter to access the Internet via Ethernet technology. In this case, the WAN port will be used as a LAN port the WAN port, click the icon corresponding to this port and click the <b>Apply</b> button. rivate Ethernet line, click the port icon and click the <b>Apply</b> button.	•
WAN WAN	LAN1 LAN2 LAN3 LAN4	
	APPLY	

Figure 140. The Advanced / WAN Remapping page.

To use one of the router's LAN port as the WAN port, click the icon corresponding to this port and click the **APPLY** button. The port configured as the WAN port is highlighted in teal.

If in the future you need to disconnect the LAN port from the private Ethernet line, click the icon highlighted in teal and click the **APPLY** button.

To use the router's WAN port as a LAN port, click the icon corresponding to this port and click the **APPLY** button. The port configured as a LAN port is not highlighted.

If in the future you need to connect the WAN port to the private Ethernet line, click the icon corresponding to this port and click the **APPLY** button. The WAN port will be highlighted in teal again.

### DNS

DNS servers are used to determine the IP address fron servers manually on this page or configure the router to	the name of a server in Intranets or the Internet. You can specif obtain DNS servers addresses automatically from your ISP upo	y the addresses of DNS n installing a connection
DNS IPv4	DNS IPv6	
Manual	Manual	
Default gateway	Default gateway	
Interface	Interface	
Dynamic_IPv4_60	<u></u>	1
Hosts		+
No hosts created		

On the **Advanced / DNS** page, you can add DNS servers to the system.

Figure 141. The Advanced / DNS page.

DNS servers are used to determine the IP address from the name of a server in Intranets or the Internet (as a rule, they are specified by an ISP or assigned by a network administrator).

You can specify the addresses of DNS servers manually on this page or configure the router to obtain DNS servers addresses automatically from your ISP upon installing a connection.

When you use the built-in DHCP server, the network parameters (including DNS servers) are distributed to clients automatically.

If you want to configure automatic obtainment of DNS servers addresses, move the **Manual** switch to the left (use the **DNS IPv4** section for IPv4 and the **DNS IPv6** section for IPv6). Then move the **Default gateway** switch to the left and from the **Interface** drop-down list select a WAN connection which will be used to obtain addresses of DNS servers automatically. If you want the router to use the default WAN connection to obtain addresses of DNS servers, move the **Default gateway** switch to the right. Then click the **APPLY** button.

To specify a DNS server manually, move the **Manual** switch to the right (use the **DNS IPv4** section for IPv4 and the **DNS IPv6** section for IPv6). In the **Name Servers IPv6** or **Name Servers IPv6** section, click the **ADD SERVER** button, and in the line displayed, enter an IP address of the DNS server. Then click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a DNS server from the page, click the **Delete** icon ( $\times$ ) in the line of the address and then click the **APPLY** button.

If needed, you can add your own address resource record. To do this, click the **ADD** button (+) in the **Hosts** section.

Add Host	×
IP address*	•
Name*	
	SAVE

Figure 142. The window for adding a DNS record.

In the **IP address** field, specify a host from the internal or external network. You can choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant IP address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically). In the **Name** field, specify the domain name to which the specified IP address will correspond. Click the **SAVE** button.

To edit an existing record, in the **Hosts** section, select the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a record, in the Hosts section, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line

in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\square}$ ).

After completing the work with records, click the **APPLY** button.
### DDNS

On the **Advanced / DDNS** page, you can define parameters of the DDNS service, which allows associating a domain name with dynamic IP addresses.

< DNS	DDNS	
	(+)	
	DDNS List	
	No DDNS services created	
	ADD	

Figure 143. The Advanced / DDNS page.

To add a new DDNS service, click the **ADD** button.

6	DDNS	Add
	Username*	
Ø	Password*	t specify a fully qualified domain name. For example, example.com e* NS
	Update period (in minutes)*	

Figure 144. The window for adding a DDNS service.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Hostname	The full domain name registered at your DDNS provider.
DDNS service	Select a DDNS provider from the drop-down list.
Username	The username to authorize for your DDNS provider.
Password	The password to authorize for your DDNS provider. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.
Update period	An interval (in minutes) between sending data on the router's external IP address to the relevant DDNS service.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit parameters of the existing DDNS service, select the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove an existing DDNS service, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ).

# Redirect

On the **Advanced / Redirect** page, you can enable notifications on the reason of the Internet connection failure. Notifications will be displayed in the browser window when a user is attempting to open a web site on the Internet.

Configuration	Redirect	
Common Settings <ul> <li>Enable redirect</li> </ul>	Reasons for Redirect	

Figure 145. The Advanced / Redirect page.

To configure notifications, in the **Common Settings** section, move the **Enable redirect** switch to the right. Then, in the **Reasons for Redirect** section, move the needed switches to the right.

Parameter	Description
	Reasons for Redirect
Physical connection error	Notifications in case of physical connection problems (the ISP's cable is not connected, an additional device needed to access the Internet is not connected).
The device is not configured	Notifications in case when the device works with default settings.
No connection	Notifications in case of problems of the default WAN connection (authorization error, the IPS's server does not respond, etc.).

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To disable notifications, move the **Enable redirect** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

### Routing

On the Advanced / Routing page, you can specify static (fixed) routes.

Redirect	Routing	
	(+)	
	Routing Configuration	
	No route created	
	ADD	

Figure 146. The Advanced / Routing page.

To specify a new route, click the **ADD** button (+).

Add Route	×
Protocol* IPv4	<b>.</b>
Interface* Auto	•
Destination network*	
Destination netmask*	
Gateway*	
Metric	
	SAVE

Figure 147. The window for adding a new route.

Parameter	Description
Protocol	An IP version.
Interface	From the drop-down list, select an interface (connection) through which the device will communicate with the remote network. If you have selected the <b>Auto</b> value, the router itself sets the interface according to the data on the existing dynamic routes.
Destination network	A remote network which can be accessed with help of this route. You can specify an IPv4 or IPv6 address. The format of a host IPv6 address is <b>2001:db8:1234::1</b> , the format of a subnet IPv6 address is <b>2001:db8:1234::/64</b> .
Destination netmask	<i>For IPv4 protocol only.</i> The remote network mask.
Gateway	An IP address through which the destination network can be accessed.
Metric	A metric for the route. The lower the value, the higher is the route priority. <i>Optional</i> .

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit an existing route, select a relevant line of the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove an existing route, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ).

# **TR-069 Client**

On the **Advanced / TR-069 Client** page, you can configure the router for communication with a remote Auto Configuration Server (ACS).

The TR-069 client is used for remote monitoring and management of the device.

Kouting	TR-069	Client	
TR-069 Client Interface Automatic TR-069 client	-	Inform Settings • Enable Interval (sec) 120	
Auto Configuration Server Settings		Connection Request Settings	
URL address		Username	
Username		Password	Ø
Password	8	Request port 8999	
		Request path	

Figure 148. The page for configuring the TR-069 client.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
	TR-069 Client
Interface	The interface which the router uses for communication with the ACS. Leave the <b>Automatic</b> value to let the device select the interface basing on the routing table or select another value if required by your ISP.
Enable TR-069 client	Move the switch to the right to enable the TR-069 client.
	Inform Settings
Enable	Move the switch to the right so the router may send reports (data on the device and network statistics) to the ACS.
Interval	Specify the time period (in seconds) between sending reports.

Parameter	Description
	Auto Configuration Server Settings
URL address	The URL address of the ACS provided by the ISP.
Username	The username to connect to the ACS.
Password	The password to connect to the ACS. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.
	Connection Request Settings
Username	The username used by the ACS to transfer a connection request to the router.
Password	The password used by the ACS.
Request port	The port used by the ACS. By default, the port <b>8999</b> is specified.
Request path	The path used by the ACS.

When you have configured the parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

### **Remote Access**

On the **Advanced / Remote Access** page, you can configure access to the web-based interface of the router. By default, the access from external networks to the router is closed. If you need to allow access to the router from the external network, create relevant rules.



Figure 149. The Advanced / Remote Access page.

To create a new rule, click the **ADD** button (+).

Add Rule	×
Name*	
land	
Interface	
Automatic	•
IP version	
IPv4	•
IP address*	
IP address* Mask*	
IP address* Mask* Public port*	
IP address* Mask* <sup>Public port*</sup> 80	
IP address* Mask* Public port* 80	
IP address* Mask* Public port* 80 Protocol HTTP	•
IP address* Mask* Public port* 80 Protocol HTTP	•

Figure 150. The window for adding a rule for remote management.

Parameter	Description
Name	A name for the rule for easier identification. You can specify any name.
Interface	Select a WAN connection to which this rule will be assigned. When the <b>Automatic</b> value is selected, the router uses the default connection.
IP version	An IP version to which the rule will be applied. Select the relevant value from the drop-down list.
Open access from any external host	Move the switch to the right to allow access to the router for any host. Upon that the <b>IP address</b> and <b>Mask</b> fields are not displayed.
IP address	A host or a subnet to which the rule is applied. You can specify an IPv4 or IPv6 address.
Mask	<i>For the IPv4-based network only.</i> The mask of the subnet.
Public port	<i>For the IPv4-based network only.</i> An external port of the router. You can specify only one port.
Protocol	The protocol available for remote management of the router.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit a rule for remote access, left-click the relevant rule. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a rule for remote access, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the

table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\square}$ ).

## **UPnP IGD**

On the **Advanced / UPnP IGD** page, you can enable the UPnP IGD protocol. The router uses the UPnP IGD protocol for automatic configuration of its parameters for network applications requiring an incoming connection to the router.

Kemote Access			UPnP IGD		
Enable					
IPv4 IGD					
Protocol	IP	Private port	Public port	Description	

Figure 151. The Advanced / UPnP IGD page.

If you want to manually specify all parameters needed for network applications, move the **Enable** switch to the left. Then go to the **Firewall / Virtual Servers** page and specify needed settings. If you want to enable the UPnP IGD protocol in the router, move the **Enable** switch to the right. When the protocol is enabled, the router's parameters configured automatically are displayed on the page:

Parameter	Description
Protocol	A protocol for network packet transmission.
IP	The IP address of a client from the local area network.
Private port	A port of a client's IP address to which traffic is directed from a public port of the router.
Public port	A public port of the router from which traffic is directed to a client's IP address.
Description	Information transmitted by a client's network application.

### xDSL

The **Advanced / xDSL** page includes the set of ADSL and VDSL standards that should be defined by an ISP. Contact your ISP to set proper parameters. Select the relevant options and click the **APPLY** button.



Figure 152. The Advanced / xDSL page.

#### IGMP

On the Advanced / IGMP page, you can allow the router to use IGMP.

IGMP is used for managing multicast traffic (transferring data to a group of destinations). This protocol allows using network resources for some applications, e.g., for streaming video, more efficiently.

Configuration	IGMP	
IGMP		
Internet Group Management Protocol is d	esigned to manage multicast traffic in IP-based networks	
IGMP version		
IGMPv3	-	
Interface*		
WAN	<b>▼</b>	

Figure 153. The Advanced / IGMP page.

The following elements are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
Enable	Move the switch to the right to enable IGMP.
IGMP version	Select a version of IGMP from the drop-down list.
Interface	From the drop-down list, select a connection of the Dynamic IPv4 or Static IPv4 type for which you need to allow multicast traffic (e.g. streaming video).

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

# ALG/Passthrough

On the **Advanced / ALG/Passthrough** page, you can allow the router to use RTSP, enable the SIP ALG and PPPoE/PPTP/L2TP/IPsec pass through functions.

SIP is used for creating, modifying, and terminating communication sessions. This protocol allows telephone calls via the Internet.

RTSP is used for real-time streaming multimedia data delivery. This protocol allows some applications to receive streaming audio/video from the Internet.

The PPPoE pass through function allows PPPoE clients of computers from your LAN to connect to the Internet through connections of the router.

The PPTP pass through, L2TP pass through and IPsec pass through functions allow VPN PPTP, L2TP and IPsec traffic to pass through the router so that clients from your LAN can establish relevant connections with remote networks.



Figure 154. The Advanced / ALG/Passthrough page.

The following elements are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
SIP	Move the switch to the right to enable SIP. Such a setting allows using the SIP ALG function. This function allows VoIP traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router. <sup>10</sup>
RTSP	Move the switch to the right to enable RTSP. Such a setting allows managing media stream: fast forward streaming audio/video, pause and start it.
PPPoE pass through	Move the switch to the right to enable the PPPoE pass through function.
IPsec pass through	Move the switch to the right to enable the IPsec pass through function.
L2TP pass through	Move the switch to the right to enable the L2TP pass through function.
PPTP pass through	Move the switch to the right to enable the PPTP pass through function.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

<sup>10</sup> On the Connections Setup / WAN page, create a WAN connection, move the SIP switch to the right on the Advanced / ALG/Passthrough page, connect an Ethernet cable between a LAN port of the router and the IP phone. Specify SIP parameters on the IP phone and configure it to obtain an IP address automatically (as DHCP client).

#### **IPsec**

On the **Advanced / IPsec** page, you can configure VPN tunnels based on IPsec protocol. IPsec is a protocol suite for securing IP communications.

Configuration		IPsec					
Enable							
Tunnels						+	
Remote host	Encryption algorithm		Hashing algorithm		Interface		
Status							
Domoto host	Source / Destination	Packets (Rx/Tx)	Rx/Tx	Time (in seconds)		State	

Figure 155. The Advanced / IPsec page.

To allow IPsec tunnels, move the **Enable** switch to the right. Upon that the **Tunnels** and **Status** sections are displayed on the page.

In the **Status** section, the current state of an existing tunnel is displayed.

To create a new tunnel, click the **ADD** button (+) in the **Tunnels** section.

Setting for both devices which establish the tunnel should be the same.

< IPsec IPsec/Adding  $\square$ **General Settings** Dynamic IPsec Exchange mode Base Remote host\* () DPD - Dead Peer Detection Enable DPD Local identifier Address DPD delay, sec\* 5 Identifier value\* The maximum number of failures DPD\* 3 Pre-shared key\* Ø TCP MSS Manual -Interface Automatic TCP MSS Value\* 1300 NAT Traversal Disabled Allow traffic between tunneled networks

*Figure 156. The page for adding an IPsec tunnel. The General Settings* section. You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
	General Settings
Dynamic IPsec	Move the switch to the right to allow a remote host with any public IP address to connect to the router via IPsec protocol. Such a setting can be specified for one tunnel only. Connection requests via this tunnel can be sent by a remote host only.
Remote host	A remote subnet VPN gateway IP address. The field is available if the <b>Dynamic IPsec</b> switch is moved to the left.
Local identifier	<ul> <li>Select an identification method for the local host (router) from the drop-down list:</li> <li>Address: The local host is identified by its IP address.</li> <li>FQDN: The local host is identified by its domain name. The value is unavailable if the Main value is selected from the Exchange mode list.</li> </ul>

Parameter	Description
Identifier value	Specify the local host identifier.
Pre-shared key	A key for mutual authentication of the parties.
Interface	Select a WAN connection through which the tunnel will pass. When the <b>Automatic</b> value is selected, the router uses the default WAN connection.
NAT Traversal	<ul> <li>The NAT Traversal function allows VPN traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router.</li> <li>Select the <b>Disabled</b> value to disable the function.</li> <li>Select the <b>Enabled</b> value to enable the function if it is supported by a remote host.</li> <li>Select the <b>Force</b> value to make the function be always on, even if it is not supported by a remote host.</li> </ul>
Exchange mode	<ul> <li>Select the mode of negotiation from the drop-down list:</li> <li>Main: The mode provides the most secure communication between the parties in the course of negotiation of the authentication procedures.</li> <li>Base: The draft negotiation mode with preliminary authentication of a host.</li> <li>Aggressive: The mode provides faster operation as it skips several stages of negotiation of the authentication procedures.</li> </ul>
Enable DPD	Move the switch to the right to enable using DPD protocol for this tunnel. Such a setting allows to check the status of a remote host: if encrypted packets exchange between the router and the remote host breaks down, the router starts sending DPD messages to the remote host. If the switch is moved to to the left, the <b>DPD delay</b> and <b>The maximum number of failures DPD</b> fields are not available for editing.
DPD delay	A time period (in seconds) between attempts to check the status of a remote host. By default, the value <b>5</b> is specified.
The maximum number of failures DPD	A number of DPD messages that were sent to check the status of a remote host and left unanswered. By default, the value <b>3</b> is specified. If a remote host does not answer the specified number of messages, the router breaks down the tunnel connection, removes the encryption keys, and tries to activate the connection.

Parameter	Description
	<i>Maximum Segment Size of a TCP packet.</i> This parameter influences the size of a TCP packet which will be sent from a remote host to the router.
TCP MSS	If the <b>Manual</b> value is selected, you can specify the parameter in the <b>TCP MSS Value</b> field.
	If the <b>Path MTU discovery</b> value is selected, the parameter will be configured automatically.
TCP MSS Value	The maximum size (in bytes) of a non-fragmented packet. The field is available for editing when the <b>Manual</b> value is selected from the <b>TCP MSS</b> drop-down list.
Allow traffic between tunneled networks	Move the switch to the right to allow data exchange between subnets with which IPsec tunnels have been created.

The First Phase	The Second Phase	
First phase encryption algorithm	Second phase encryption algorithm	
DES	✓ DES	•
Hashing algorithm	Authentication algorithm	
MD5	✓ HMAC-MD5	•
First phase DHgroup type	Enable PFS	
modp768	•	
	Second phase PFSgroup type	
IKE-SA lifetime*	modp768	•
28800		
	IPsec-SA lifetime*	
	3600	

Figure 157. The page for adding an IPsec tunnel. The First Phase / The Second Phase sections.

Parameter	Description	
The First Phase		
First phase encryption algorithm	Select encryption algorithm from the drop-down list.	
Hashing algorithm	Select hashing algorithm from the drop-down list.	
First phase DHgroup type	A Diffie-Hellman key group for Phase 1. Select a value from the drop- down list.	
IKE-SA lifetime	The lifetime of IKE-SA keys in seconds. After the specified period is required to renegotiate the keys. The value specified in this fie should exceed the value specified in the <b>IPsec-SA lifetime</b> fiel Specify <b>0</b> if you don't want to limit the lifetime of the keys.	
	The Second Phase	
Second phase encryption algorithm	Select encryption algorithm from the drop-down list.	
Authentication algorithm	Select authentication algorithm from the drop-down list.	
Enable PFS	Move the switch to the right to enable the PFS option ( <i>Perfect Forward Secrecy</i> ). If the switch is moved to the right, a new encryption key exchange will be used for Phase 2. This option increases the security level of data transfer.	
Second phase PFSgroup type	A Diffie-Hellman key group for Phase 2. Select a value from the drop- down list. The field is available if the <b>Enable PFS</b> switch is moved to the right.	

Parameter	Description
IPsec-SA lifetime	The lifetime of IPsec-SA keys in seconds. After the specified period it is required to renegotiate the keys. Specify <b>0</b> if you don't want to limit the lifetime of the keys.

If you need to specify IP addresses of local and remote subnets for creating a tunnel, click the **ADD** button (+) in the **Tunneled Networks** section.



*Figure 158. The page for adding an IPsec tunnel. The window for adding a tunneled network.* In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Local network	A local subnet IP address and mask.
Remote subnet	A remote subnet IP address and mask.

To edit fields in the **Tunneled Networks** section, select the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a subnet, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click

the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Also you can remove a subnet in the editing window.

After configuring all needed settings for the IPsec tunnel, click the **APPLY** button.

To edit the parameters of an existing tunnel, in the **Tunnels** section, select the relevant tunnel in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove an existing tunnel, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table

and click the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{10}$ ). Also you can remove a tunnel on the editing page.

To disable VPN tunnels based on IPsec protocol, move the **Enable** switch to the left.

## VoIP

In this menu you can configure all parameters essential for VoIP via SIP and specify all needed settings for the phone connected to the router.

## **Basic Settings**

On the VoIP / Basic Settings page, you can configure all needed settings for VoIP via SIP.

Configuration	VoIP Basic Settings	
SIP Proxy	SIP Outbound Proxy	SIP Domain
Address	Address	Use domain to register
Port* 5060	Port 5060	SIP domain name
Misc	SIP Backup	
Bound interface name	Backup SIP proxy address	
Enable DHCP option 120	Allow call without registration	
5060	Backup route	
9000		
Local RTP port (maximum) 9015		

Figure 159. The VoIP / Basic Settings page.

Parameter	Description		
	SIP Proxy		
Address	An IP or URL address of the SIP proxy server.		
Port	A port of the SIP proxy server. Unless another setting is given by your ISP, it is recommended to leave the default value ( <b>5060</b> ).		
SIP Outbound Proxy			
Address	An IP or URL address of the SIP outbound proxy server.		

Parameter	Description	
Port	A port of the SIP outbound proxy server. Unless another setting is given by your ISP, it is recommended to leave the default value (5060).	
	SIP Domain	
Use domain to register	Move the switch to the right if your ISP requires to specify a domain name upon registration on the SIP proxy server. Then fill in the <b>SIP domain name</b> field.	
SIP domain name	When this field is filled in, the router registers on the SIP proxy server using the specified domain name. When the field is blank, the router uses the IP address assigned to it.	
	Misc	
Bound interface name	From the drop-down list, select an interface (the local interface or an IPv4 WAN connection) which will be used for VoIP.	
Enable DHCP option 120	Move the switch to the right to allow using DHCP option 120. When the option is enabled, the <b>Address</b> field in the <b>SIP Proxy</b> section and the <b>Backup SIP proxy address</b> field in the <b>SIP Backup</b> section are filled in automatically.	
Local SIP port	The router's port used for exchanging data with the SIP server. Unless another setting is given by your ISP, it is recommended to leave the default value ( <b>5060</b> ).	
Local RTP port (minimum/maximum)	A range of ports for voice traffic receipt/transfer via RTP. Unless another setting is given by your ISP, it is recommended to leave the default value (9000 and 9015).	
SIP Backup		
Backup SIP proxy address	An IP address of the backup SIP proxy server. The router uses the backup SIP proxy server in case of no response from the main SIP proxy server.	
Allow call without registration	Move the switch to the right to allow calls without registration on the main SIP proxy server.	
Backup route	An IP address to which calls will be forwarded if the main or backup SIP proxy servers are unavailable.	

IF LINES			
Line 1		Line 2	
Registration		Registration	
Username		Username	
SIP ID / Number		SIP ID / Number	
Password	Ø	Password	Ø

Figure 160. The VoIP / Basic Settings page. The SIP Lines section.

Parameter	Description		
	SIP Lines		
Line 1, Line 2			
Registration	Move the switch to the right to register the line on the SIP proxy server.		
Username	A username for this line. For most SIP proxy servers the username coincides with the phone number.		
SIP ID / Number	A number for this line. The called party sees the specified value as the caller number.		
Password	A user password for this line. Click the <b>Show</b> icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered password.		

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button ().

## Advanced

On the VoIP / Advanced settings page, you can specify additional settings for VoIP via SIP.

Configuration	Advanced Settings VolP	
Common Settings DTMF relay setting InBand   Enable Internal calls  Support PRACK	CallerID Before the first call Detection mode FSK ETSI	RTP Redundancy Codec None Payload type 121
Construction Replace # with %23	NAT Traversal Mode Disabled	Jitter Buffer Delay (in milliseconds) 40
Registration Registration expire timeout (in seconds)* 60 Registration retry interval (in seconds)*	Network Settings RTP DSCP EF •	Maximal delay (in milliseconds) 130 Factor 7 (recommended)
300 Session expires (in seconds)* 0 Session update method UPDATE •	EF • NAT • Support rport	Timeout settings Dial delay time (in seconds) 5 Validing for first digit (in seconds)* 30
Flash Settings Flash type Transfer •	NAT keep alive NAT support interval (in seconds) 60	RTCP
Content-Type for flash button audio / telephone-event		Send RTCP XR Sending interval (in seconds)* 10

Figure 161. The VoIP / Advanced page.

Parameter	Description	
Common Settings		
	From the drop-down list, select a mode for DTMF signal transmission.	
DTMF relay setting	• <b>InBand</b> : transmission with voice data.	
	• <b>RFC2833</b> : transmission in accordance with RFC2833.	
	• <b>SIPInfo</b> : transmission in the relevant SIP messages.	

Parameter	Description
Payload type	Select a data type from the drop-down list. The list is displayed if the <b>RFC2833</b> value is selected from the <b>DTMF relay setting</b> drop-down list.
Enable internal calls	Move the switch to the right to allow calls from the phones connected to the FXS ports to pass through the router without the SIP server.
Support PRACK	Move the switch to the right to enable the PRACK method ( <i>Provisional Response ACKnowledgement</i> ). The PRACK method provides reliable transmission of packets with provisional responses to an initiating request upon setting a session in accordance with RFC3262.
Replace # with %23	RFC3261 doesn't support # (pound) for a phone number. If a phone number has the character, move the switch to the right to replace the character # with the special sequence %23.
Locale selection	Select your country from the drop-down list. By default, the value <b>RU</b> (Russia) is specified. This setting defines the parameters of the phone signals traditional for the specific country.
	CallerID
Before the first call	Move the switch to the right to deliver a phone number to the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router before the first phone ring when receiving an incoming call.
Detection mode	From the drop-down list, select an operation mode of the automatic caller identification function for the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router. To disable the automatic caller identification function for the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router, select the <b>Do not use</b> value from the drop-down list.
RTP Redundancy	
Codec	The RTP Redundancy function allows restoring a part of lost RTP packets while transmitting audio data. From the drop-down list, select a codec to which the function should be applied. To disable the function, select the <b>None</b> value from the drop-down list.
Payload type	Payload data type.

Parameter	Description
	Registration
Registration expire timeout	A time period (in seconds) after which the router changes the registration status in case of no response from the SIP proxy server.
Registration retry interval	A time period (in seconds) after which the registration will be repeated.
Session expires	A time period (in seconds) between attempts to check the status of the voice session.
Session update method	The voice session update method. Contact your ISP to clarify which value needs to be selected.
	NAT Traversal
Mode	The NAT Traversal function allows VoIP traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router. Select the <b>Disabled</b> value to disable the function. Select the <b>STUN</b> value to enable the STUN client ( <i>Session Traversal Utilities for NAT</i> ). The STUN client sends requests to a STUN server. On the basis of the received replies, the client allows VoIP traffic to pass through the NAT-enabled router. When this value is selected, the <b>Server address</b> , <b>Port</b> and <b>Binding period</b> fields are available for editing. Select the <b>NAT Public IP</b> value to manually specify a public ("white") IP address of an upper-level router which exchanges service messages with the SIP proxy server. When this value is selected, the <b>Public address</b> and <b>Port</b> fields are available for editing.
Server address	An IP or URL address of a STUN server to which a connection is established.
Public address	A public ("white") IP address of an upper-level router which exchanges service messages with the SIP proxy server.
Port	If the <b>STUN</b> value is selected from the <b>Mode</b> drop-down list, a port of a STUN server to which a connection is established is displayed. By default, the port <b>3478</b> is specified. If the <b>NAT Public IP</b> value is selected from the <b>Mode</b> drop-down list, a port of an upper-level router which exchanges service messages with the SIP proxy server is displayed. By default, the port <b>5060</b> is specified.
Binding period	The time interval between service messages. Specify a needed value.

Parameter	Description	
Jitter Buffer		
Delay / Maximal delay	The Jitter Buffer parameter improves the quality of voice transmission: received voice packets are specially delayed, which allows their reproducing in the order they were sent from the transmitting side. Specify the minimal and maximal packets waiting period (in milliseconds) in the relevant fields.	
Factor	This parameter enhances efficiency of jitter buffer operation. When the minimal value is selected, the delay value will tend to be lower. Select the relevant value from the drop-down list.	
	Flash Settings	
Flash type	<ul> <li>The FLASH action type.</li> <li>Transfer: switching between calls.</li> <li>RFC2833: sending a service message in the RTP flow in accordance with RFC2833. The value is available if the RFC2833 or SIPInfo value is selected from the DTMF relay setting drop-down list.</li> <li>SIPInfo: sending a service SIP message. The value is available if the SIPInfo value is selected from the DTMF relay setting drop-down list.</li> </ul>	
Content-Type for flash button	If the <b>SIPInfo</b> value is selected from the <b>Flash type</b> drop-down list, you can select the type of data transferred in SIP INFO messages upon pressing the <b>FLASH</b> key.	
	Network Settings	
RTP DSCP / SIP DSCP	<i>Differentiated Services Codepoint.</i> From the relevant drop-down list, select tags for voice and signaling traffic.	
Timeout settings		
Dial delay time	The delay time before the next digit is dialed (from 3 to 9 seconds). When this time expires, the router regards that the dialing is completed and sends the request to the server. Select a needed value from the drop-down list.	
Waiting for first digit	The delay time before the first digit is dialed (in seconds). Specify a needed value.	

Parameter	Description	
	NAT	
Support rport	Move the switch to the right to enable the Symmetric Response Routing function in accordance with RFC3581. This function allows sending responses to a request to the port and IP address from which the request was received via the NAT-enabled router. The SIP proxy server must support the function.	
NAT keep alive	Move the switch to the right to allow the router to support the state of automatically forwarded ports by periodic exchange of service messages. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>NAT support</b> <b>interval</b> field is available for editing.	
NAT support interval	The time interval between service messages. Specify a needed value.	
RTCP		
Send RTCP	<i>Real-Time Transport Control Protocol.</i> Move the switch to the right to allow sending RTCP packets. RTCP packets exchange allows receiving statistics on RTP packets delivery.	
Send RTCP XR	Move the switch to the right to allow sending RTCP packets of the XR ( <i>Extended Report</i> ) type. Packets of this type allows more service information to be sent.	
Sending interval	Specify the time period (in seconds) between sending packets.	

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button ().

## **SIP Lines**

On the VoIP / SIP Lines page, you can specify incoming/outgoing call settings for the SIP line.

Configuration	SIP Lines		
Line 1		Line 2	
General Registration	DND DND	Forwarding Forwarding Off	•
Username SIP ID / Number	DND on schedule Time period(HH:MM-HH:MM) 00:00-00:00	Call forwarding number The forwarding delay (in seconds) 18	6
Password PIN code to dial	Flash Settings Flash time (in milliseconds) 1000 Flash time minimum (in milliseconds)	Hotline Enable hotline	
Advanced Call waiting Anonymous call blocking Anonymous calling	<ul> <li>Extended flash</li> <li>Attended transfer</li> <li>Alert transfer</li> </ul>	Number Connect after (seconds) 0	6
Enable pound key			

Figure 162. The VoIP / SIP Lines page. The Line 1 tab.

On the relevant tab (Line 1 or Line 2), you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description	
General		
Registration	Move the switch to the right to register the line on the SIP proxy server.	
Username	A username for this line. For most SIP proxy servers the username coincides with the phone number.	
SIP ID / Number	A number for this line. The called party sees the specified value as the caller number.	
Password	A user password for this line.	

Parameter	Description
PIN code to dial	Fill in the field to allow the user of the phone to make calls only after dialing the PIN code.
	DND
DND	<i>Do Not Disturb</i> . Move the switch to the right to reject all incoming calls (the busy tone will be heard).
DND on schedule	Move the switch to the right to reject all incoming calls in a certain time of day. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>Time period</b> field is available. Specify the needed period as <b>HH:MM-HH:MM</b> , where <b>HH:MM</b> is time in 24-hour format.
	Forwarding
Forwarding	From the drop-down list, select a forwarding mode for the current line. Leave the <b>Off</b> value if forwarding is not needed.
Call forwarding number	A number to which the router redirects calls in accordance with the mode selected from the <b>Forwarding</b> list.
Forwarding delay	A time period (in seconds) after which the router redirects calls to the number specified in the <b>Call forwarding number</b> field. The field is available for editing if the <b>If no answer</b> value is selected from the <b>Forwarding</b> list.
	Advanced
Call waiting	Move the switch to the right to accept incoming calls when the line is busy. To switch between calls, press the <b>FLASH</b> key on the phone.
Anonymous call blocking	Move the switch to the right to reject calls when the calling party conceals its number.
Anonymous calling	Move the switch to the right to conceal your number from the called party.
Enable pound key	Move the switch to the right to speed up dialing with pressing # (the pound key) immediately after dialing numbers.
	Flash Settings
Flash time / Flash time minimum	The maximum and minimum value for flash time (the user hangs up the receiver and lifts it again) which the router will regard as pressing the <b>FLASH</b> key.

Parameter	Description	
	Move the switch to the right to use combination of the <b>FLASH</b> key and number keys of the phone in order to organize three-party calls or transfer calls. Use of <b>FLASH</b> key	
	<ul> <li>The function is enabled. The phone connected to this line has an incoming call in the standby mode and an outgoing call in the talk mode. It's needed to press the FLASH key, hear the dial tone, and then press:</li> </ul>	
	• the number key <b>0</b> in order to end the first call and continue the second call,	
Extended flash	• the number key 1 in order to end the second call and continue the first call,	
	• the number key 2 in order to put the second call on hold and continue the first call,	
	• the number key <b>3</b> to have a three-party call with the first and second speakers.	
	• The function is not enabled. The phone connected to this line has an incoming call in the standby mode and an outgoing call in the talk mode. It's needed:	
	• to press the <b>FLASH</b> key in order to put the second call on hold and continue the first call,	
	• to hang up the receiver in order to end both calls and connect the first and second speakers to each other.	
Attended transfer	Move the switch to the right if you want to transfer calls when a called party's receiver is lifted.	
Alert transfer	Move the switch to the right if you want to transfer calls when a dial tone is heard.	
Hotline		
Enable hotline	Move the switch to the right to make the phone connected to this line dial the number specified in the <b>Number</b> field after the receiver is lifted.	
Number	A number dialed by the phone connected to this line after the receiver is lifted. Also you can specify a number in the format <b>phone_number@IP_address</b> for direct IP calls bypassing the SIP proxy server. The field is available for editing if the <b>Enable hotline</b> switch is moved to the right.	

Parameter	Description
Connect after	A time period (in seconds) between lifting up the receiver and dialing the hotline number. The field is available for editing if the <b>Enable hotline</b> switch is moved to the right.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button ().

### **Fax Settings**

On the **VoIP / Fax Settings** page, you can specify settings of data receipt/transfer for the fax machines connected to the FXS ports of the router.

Configuration	Fax Settin	ngs	
T.38  T.38  Finable T.38 support  Support SoftX3000  Port 9008  Fax/Modem determination AUTO_2  Enable custom parameters Custom Parameters T.38  Maximal buffer (in bytes)* 500  Rate management Remote  Maximal rate (in bauds) 14400  ECC signal* 5 ECC data* 2  ECC data* 2  Duplicate number* 0		V.152 Payload type* 102 Codec type G.711uLaw	-

Figure 163. The VoIP / Fax Settings page.

Parameter	Description	
Т.38		
Enable T.38 support	Move the switch to the right to allow support of the T.38 protocol. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>Support SoftX3000</b> switch, the <b>Port</b> field, the <b>Fax/Modem determination</b> drop-down list, and the <b>Enable custom parameters</b> switch are displayed on the page.	

Parameter	Description
Support SoftX3000	Move the switch to the right to let the router support operation with SoftX3000. If the switch is moved to the right, the <b>Port</b> field is unavailable for editing.
Port	The router's port for data transfer via T.38.
Fax/Modem determination	From the drop-down list, select a mode of fax/modem signal detection.
Enable custom parameters	Move the switch to the right to specify additional parameters for T.38. Upon that the <b>Custom parameters T.38</b> section is displayed on the page.
Custom parameters T.38	
Maximal buffer	The maximum buffer size for data received by the router.
Rate management	From the drop-down list, select a method for facsimile data transfer rate management: <b>Local</b> or <b>Remote</b> .
Maximal rate	From the drop-down list, select the maximum rate for facsimile data receipt/transfer.
Error correction mode	Move the switch to the right to enable the error correction mode. When the switch is moved to the right, the <b>ECC signal</b> and <b>ECC data</b> fields are available for editing.
Enable spoofing	Move the switch to the right to let the router simulate facsimile data receipt/transfer in case of delays.
Duplicate number	Specify number of packet duplications.
V.152	
Enable V.152 support	Move the switch to the right to allow support of the V.152 recommendation. Upon that the <b>Payload type</b> field and the <b>Codec type</b> drop-down list are displayed on the page.
Payload type	Payload data type in accordance with RFC2833.
Codec type	From the drop-down list, select a codec for data transfer in accordance with V.152.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

## **Audio Settings**

On the **VoIP / Audio settings** page, you can configure audio parameters, volume and voice codecs.

Configuration	udio Settings
Line 1	Line 2
Audio Settings You can configure audio parameters, volume and voice codecs	
CNG CNG Amp* 70 VAD VAD VAD Amp* 70 LEC NLP	Echo Tail 2  iLBC mode mode20ms  SPEEX bitrate (Kbit/c) 8
Volume Settings  (i) The possible field values from -32 to 31 (dB) Speaker* 0	Microphone* O

Figure 164. The VoIP / Audio Settings page. The Common settings and Volume Settings sections. The Line 1 tab.

Parameter	Description		
	Common settings		
CNG	<i>Comfort Noise Generation.</i> Move the switch to the right to enable the function.		
CNG Amp	Signal amplitude threshold to start comfort noise generation. Specify a value from <b>0</b> to <b>200</b> . If <b>0</b> is specified, the threshold is not set.		
VAD	<i>Voice Activity Detection.</i> Move the switch to the right to enable the function.		
VAD Amp	Signal amplitude threshold to start silence compression. Specify a value from <b>0</b> to <b>200</b> .		

On the relevant tab (the Line 1 or Line 2), you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
LEC	<i>Line Echo Cancellation.</i> Move the switch to the right to enable the function.		
NLP	Nonlinear Processing. Move the switch to the right to enable the function.		
Echo Tail	Maximum echo tail length (in milliseconds). Select the needed value from the drop-down list.		
iLBC mode	<ul> <li>Internet Low Bitrate Codec.</li> <li>The value of the field specifies the operation mode of the codec.</li> <li>Select the needed value from the drop-down list.</li> <li>mode 20ms – the speech signal transfer rate is 15.20Kbps for 20ms frames.</li> <li>mode 30ms – the speech signal transfer rate is 13.33Kbps for 30ms frames.</li> </ul>		
SPEEX bitrate	A speech signal compression codec for VoIP traffic transmission. Select the needed value from the drop-down list.		
Volume Settings			
Speaker	Specify the earphone volume for the phone connected to the FXS port of the router.		
Microphone	Specify the microphone sensitivity for the phone connected to the FXS port of the router.		
Codecs Settings			
-----------------	-------	----------	-------------------------
Codec	State	Priority	Period of packetization
G.711uLaw	On	1	20
G.711ALaw	On	2	20
G.729a	On	3	20
G.723.1	On	4	30
G.726-16	On	5	20
G.726-24	Off	6	20
G.726-32	On	7	20
G.726-40	Off	8	20
G.722	On	9	20
GSMFR	Off	10	20
ILBC	Off	11	20
SPEEX	Off	12	20

#### In the **Codecs Settings** section, you can configure work of voice codecs in use.

Figure 165. The VolP / Audio Settings page. The Codecs Settings section.

To change parameters of a codec, left-click the relevant line in the table.

G.711uLaw	×
Enable codec	
Priority	
1	-
Period of packetization	
20	•
20	
	SAVE

Figure 166. The window for changing the codec parameters.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Enable codec	To enable the codec, move the switch to the right. To disable the codec, move the switch to the left.
Priority	Priority of the codec upon setting a voice session. Select the needed value from the drop-down list.
Period of packetization	Quantity of milliseconds transmitted in one packet. Select the needed value from the drop-down list.

#### Click the **SAVE** button.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

## **Routing Call**

On the **VoIP / Routing Call** page, you can fill in the phone book for a devices connected to the FXS ports of the router. To do this, go to the relevant tab (the **Line 1** or **Line 2**).

Configuration	Call R	outing	
	Line 1	Line 2	
Speed Dial		Abbreviated Dial	- 1
Кеу	Number	Source number Destination number	
0 1 2		Dialplan Settings	
3 4 5		Misc	
6		PIN code to dial	
7			
8			
9			

Figure 167. The VolP / Routing Call page. The Line 1 tab.

In the **Speed Dial** section, you can assign phone numbers to the digital keys of the phone set connected to this line. To do this, left-click the line corresponding to the key of the phone set. In the opened window, enter the needed number in the **Number** field and click the **SAVE** button. Also you can specify a number in the format **phone\_number@IP\_address** for direct IP calls bypassing the SIP proxy server.

To change or delete the number assigned to the digital key, left-click the line corresponding to the key of the phone set, in the opened window, edit or remove the value of the **Number** field and click the **SAVE** button.

To use a number specified in the **Speed Dial** section, press # (the pound key) on the phone set, then press the relevant digital key.

In the Abbreviated Dial section, you can assign short numbers (as a rule, such numbers consist of

two or three digits) to frequently used phone numbers. To do this, click the **ADD** button (+). In the opened window, enter a short number in the **Source number** field, then enter the actual phone number in the **Destination number** field. Click the **SAVE** button. Also in the **Destination number** field you can specify a number in the format **phone\_number@IP\_address** for direct IP calls bypassing the SIP proxy server.

To change a short or actual phone number, select of the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a phone number, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line in the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ).

To use a number specified in the **Abbreviated Dial** section, dial the needed short number on the phone set.

In the **Dialplan Settings** section, you can configure the dial plan for VoIP. To do this, move the **Use dialplan** switch to the right and in the **Dialplan** field displayed, specify the needed rule. You can specify several rules separated by the character | (vertical bar). You can use digits (0-9), the characters \* (asterisk) and # (pound), and the following characters:

Parameter	Description
D	Digits and/or the characters * and # within square brackets specify a range of values for a certain position in the number.
X	Any digit, the character * or #.
	Any number of repetitions (including none) of the previous digit or character.
<>	Angle brackets containing digits separated by : (colon) allow to substitute the digit after the colon for the digit before the colon.

In the **Misc** section, fill in the **PIN code to dial** field to allow the user of the phone to make calls only after dialing the PIN code.

When all needed settings are configured, click the **APPLY** button.

# **Call Feature Codes**

On the **VoIP / Call Feature Codes** page, you can allow changing some parameters of the router directly from the phone sets connected to the FXS ports of the router.

Configuration	Call Featu	ire Codes	Ē
Call Feature Codes You can enable the modification of some parameter	s of the router directly	from phones connected to	the FXS ports of the router
Line 1	a far tha line 1	Line 2	nan at anna far all tha andra far tha ling 0
Dialing from Phone ALLOW DENY	You can change the settings at once for all the codes for the line 1 Dialing from Phone		ngs at once for all the codes for the line 2
Sending to Server ALLOW DENY		Sending to Server ALLOW DENY	
Transfer code		Transfer code	
Call Feature Codes			
You can change the settings of each code separatel	ly		
Setup name	VSC	Dialing from Phone	Sending to Server
Disable Call Waiting	#72#	Line 1: Yes Line 2: Yes	Line 1: No Line 2: No
Enable Call Waiting	*72#	Line 1: Yes Line 2: Yes	Line 1: No Line 2: No
Disable Do Not Disturb	#74#	Line 1: Yes Line 2: Yes	Line 1: No Line 2: No
Enable Do Not Disturb	*74#	Line 1: Yes Line 2: Yes	Line 1: No Line 2: No

Figure 168. The VoIP / Call Feature Codes page.

To enable or disable all the codes for the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router, in the Line 1 and/or Line 2 section, in the Dialing from Phone subsection, click the ALLOW or DENY button correspondingly.

To inform or not to inform the SIP server when a user dials the codes on the phones, in the **Sending to Server** subsection, click the **ALLOW** or **DENY** button correspondingly.

To specify a call feature code for transferring a call to another phone, in the Line 1 and/or Line 2

section, enter a code in the **Transfer code** field and click the **APPLY** button (). Use digits (0-9), the characters \* (asterisk) and # (pound).

Also the following call feature codes are available on the page:

Parameter	Description
Disable Call Waiting	Disables the call waiting function.
Enable Call Waiting	Enables the call waiting function.
Disable Do Not Disturb	Disables rejection of incoming calls.
Enable Do Not Disturb	Enables rejection of all incoming calls (the busy tone will be heard).
Enable Call Forwarding No Answer	Enables call forwarding when this line gives no reply.
Disable Call Forwarding No Answer	Disables call forwarding when this line gives no reply.
Enable Call Forwarding On Busy	Enables call forwarding when this line is busy.
Disable Call Forwarding On Busy	Disables call forwarding when this line is busy.
Enable Unconditional forwarding	Enables forwarding for all calls.
Disable Unconditional forwarding	Disables forwarding for all calls.
Disable Hot Line	Disables the hotline.
Enable Hot Line	Enables the hotline.
Enable alarm clock	Enables the alarm clock for the time specified for this line.
Disable alarm clock	Disables the alarm clock.
Save configuration	Enables saving the router's settings to the non-volatile memory.
Reboot device	Enables rebooting the router. All unsaved changes will be lost after the device's reboot.

To change parameters of a code, select the relevant line in the table.

Call Feature Code		
Setup name Enable Call Waiting		
vsc⁺ *72#		
Dialing from Phone		
Line 1		
Line 2		
Sending to Server		
Line 1		
Line 2		
SAVE		

*Figure 169. The* **VoIP** / **Call Feature Codes** page. The window for editing the code parameters. In the opened window, specify the needed parameters:

Parameter	Description		
VSC	The value of the code. If the code ends with * (the asterisk key), further you can enter a value for the function in use (a number for call forwarding or time for the alarm clock). For example, the code for enabling the alarm clock: *55*HHMM#, where HHMM is time in 24-hour format.		
	Dialing from Phone		
Line 1 / Line 2	Move the switch of the relevant line to the right to enable the code for the phone connected to the FXS port of the router. Move the switch of the relevant line to the left to disable the code for this phone.		
	Sending to Server		
Line 1 / Line 2	Move the switch of the relevant line to the right to inform the SIP server when a user dials the code on the phone. Move the switch of the relevant line to the left if the server should not be informed.		

Click the **SAVE** button.

# **Call Logging**

On the **VoIP / Call Logging** page, you can configure the call log parameters, sending the log and conversation records to a USB storage connected to the router and view information on all calls.

Configuration	Call Log	ging	
Contract Con		Conversation recording is carried or codecs: G711A, G711U	ut only with the use of
Internal memory           i) The history will be cleared after reboot device	· ·	Do not use the VAD option of audio with the length of the recordings	settings to avoid problems
Storage for recording conversations USB storage			
Attention! Unmount storage in 'USB storage/Informative removing USB storage     Encrypt audio files	tion' menu before		
Password for encrypting audio files*	Ø		
APPLY			
Call History		CLEA	R ENTRIES CLEAR FILES
Date and time ↑	From To	Duration	File

Figure 170. The VoIP / Call Logging page.

To enable logging of calls, move the **Enable logging** switch to the right. Then specify the needed parameters.

Parameter	Description
Storage for call history	<ul> <li>Select a location for the call log from the drop-down list.</li> <li>USB storage: the call log is stored in the memory of the USB storage connected to the router.</li> <li>Internal memory: the call log is stored in the router's RAM.</li> </ul>
Storage for recording conversations	Select the <b>USB storage</b> value to store conversation records in the memory of the USB storage connected to the router or leave the <b>Don't save</b> value if conversation records needn't be stored.
Encrypt audio files	Move the switch to the right to activate the DES ( <i>Data Encryption Standard</i> ) encryption algorithm in the CBC ( <i>Cipher Block Chaining</i> ) mode. The switch is displayed if the <b>USB storage</b> value is selected from the <b>Storage for recording conversations</b> drop-down list.

Parameter	Description
Password for encrypting audio files	Enter a password which will be used for conversation records encryption. Use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and other characters. <sup>11</sup> Click the <b>Show</b> icon (()) to display the entered password. The field is displayed if the <b>Encrypt audio files</b> switch is moved to the right. Contact the D-Link technical support to get the utility for conversation records decryption (the e-mail address and the phone number are displayed on the <b>Summary</b> page)
	number are displayed on the <b>Summary</b> page).

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

In the **Call History** section, the detailed information on all calls are displayed: date and time, call duration, and a caller or called party number.

To sort the log records, in the **Call History** section, left-click the name of a column and click the

**Sort** icon (  $\uparrow$  (ascending),  $\checkmark$  (descending)) displayed.

To remove the call log, click the **CLEAR ENTRIES** button. The call log is also removed when the device is rebooted or powered off.

To remove conversation records saved on the USB storage, click the **CLEAR FILES** button.

<sup>11</sup> Space,  $\#\%()^{+,-./:} <=>?@[]^{\{\}}~.$ 

# **Text Messages**

On the **VoIP / Text Messages** page, you can send text messages to other VoIP devices and also view the message history.

Configuration	Text Messages
Receiving messages Allow receiving messages for line 1 Allow receiving messages for line 2 APPLY	Sending messages   Line   Line 1   Destination*   Message*   Enter your message   Characters left: 512   On the maximum number of characters in Cyrillic is 256. Not all subscriber curs support the specified message length   One maximum number of characters in Cyrillic is 256. Not all subscriber curs support the specified message length
Message History Date and time ↑ Fro	CLEAR ENTRIES

Figure 171. The VoIP / Text Messages page.

In the **Receiving messages** section, you can allow receiving messages. Move the **Allow receiving messages for line 1** switch to the right to allow receiving messages for a phone connected to the **FXS 1** port of the router. Move the **Allow receiving messages for line 2** switch to the right to allow receiving messages for a phone connected to the **FXS 2** port of the router.

In the **Sending messages** section, you can create and send a text message. From the **Line** drop-down list, select a relevant line. In the **Destination** field, enter the recipient's phone number. Also you can specify a number in the format **phone\_number@IP\_address** for direct message transfer by IP or in the format **phone\_number@domain\_name** for P2P (*Peer-to-Peer*) transfer bypassing the SIP proxy server. Enter the text of the message in the **Message** field and click the **SEND** button.

In the **Message History** section, you can read outgoing and incoming messages, and also sort the message history and remove it.

To sort the message history, in the Message History section, left-click the name of a column and

click the **Sort** icon (  $\uparrow$  (ascending),  $\checkmark$  (descending)) displayed.

To remove the message history, click the **CLEAR ENTRIES** button. The message history is also removed when the device is rebooted or powered off.

# Security

On the **VoIP / Security** page, you can configure filtering rules for incoming calls of the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router.

Configuration	VoIP Security	
Convrite		
Security		
You can configure filtering rules for incoming call	s of the phone connected to the FXS port of the router	
Filtering Policy		
O White List		
O Black List		
Filtering is turned off		
White List	Black List	
The maximum number of rules: 10	The maximum number of rules: 10	
ADD RULE	ADD RULE	

Figure 172. The VoIP / Security page.

In the **Filtering policy** section, select the needed choice of the radio button.

- White list: the router accepts incoming calls (INVITE packets) only from IP addresses or domains specified in the White list section;
- **Black list**: the router accepts incoming calls (INVITE packets) from any IP addresses or domains except for those specified in the **Black list** section;
- Filtering is turned off: filtering by IP addresses or domain names is not performed.

To add an IP address or domain name, click the **ADD RULE** button in the **White list** or **Black list** section correspondingly. In the line displayed, specify the needed value.

To remove an IP address or domain name from the white or black list, click the **Delete** icon  $(\times)$  in the relevant line.

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

# **Alarm Clock**

On the **VoIP / Alarm Clock** page, you can configure the phones connected to the FXS ports of the router as alarm clocks.

Configuration	Alarm	Clock	
Alarm Clock You can configure the phones connected to the FXS ports of t router as alarm clocks	the	Time 12:40	
When the router is powered off or rebooted, the system time is rese clock of the device will be configured after connecting to the Inter net. If y	t to the defau γou have set	It value. If you have set automatic synchronization for the system time, the in the system time manually, you need to set the time and date again.	ternal
Line 1		Line 2	
Enable alarm clock		D Enable alarm clock	
Hours		Hours	
12	A	12	
Minutes		Minutes	
0	A	0	
Ring time (in seconds)		Ring time (in seconds)	
			0

Figure 173. The VoIP / Alarm Clock page.

In the Line 1 and/or Line 2 section, move the **Enable** switch to the right. Then specify the time at which the phone should ring in the **Hour** and **Minutes** fields. In the **Ring time** field, specify the signal duration. Then click the **APPLY** button.

When the router is powered off or rebooted, the system time is reset to the default value. If you have set automatic synchronization for the system time, the internal clock of the device will be configured after connecting to the Internet. If you have set the system time manually, you need to set the time and date again.

# **Firewall**

In this menu you can configure the firewall of the router:

- add rules for IP filtering
- create virtual servers
- define a DMZ
- configure the MAC filter
- specify restrictions on access to certain web sites.

### **IP Filter**

On the **Firewall / IP Filter** page, you can create new rules for filtering IP packets and edit or remove existing rules.

< IPsec	IP Filter	۵	2
	(+)		
	Filters		
	No rules created for IP filter		
	ADD		

Figure 174. The Firewall / IP Filter page.

To create a new rule, click the **ADD** button (+).

lilter/Creating
Source IP Address
Vou can specify a range of IP addresses, a single IP address, or a subnet IP address (for example, 10.10.10.10/24 for IPv4 or 2001-04bit:853-38643-1319-622-03270-7532/04 for IPv6)
Set as
Range or single IP address
Start IPv4 address
End IPv4 address
•
Ports
If IP (i) You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma (for example, 80,90), or a range of ports separated by a colon (for example, 80:90)
Destination port
Set source port manually
•
•

Figure 175. The page for adding a rule for IP filtering.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
General Settings			
Enable rule	Move the switch to the right to enable the rule. Move the switch to the left to disable the rule.		
Name	A name for the rule for easier identification. You can specify any name.		
Action	<ul> <li>Select an action for the rule.</li> <li>Allow: Allows packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule.</li> <li>Deny: Denies packet transmission in accordance with the criteria specified by the rule.</li> </ul>		

Parameter	Description
Protocol	A protocol for network packet transmission. Select a value from the drop-down list.
IP version	An IP version to which the rule will be applied. Select the relevant value from the drop-down list.
Source IP Address	
Set as	Select the needed value from the drop-down list.
	The source host start IPv4 or IPv6 address.
Start IPv4 address /	If it is necessary to specify a single address, leave the End IPv4 address / End IPv6 address field blank.
Start IPv6 address	You can choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant IPv4 or IPv6 address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
End IPv4 address / End IPv6 address	The source host end IPv4 or IPv6 address.
Subnet IPv4 address / Subnet IPv6 address	The source subnet IPv4 or IPv6 address. The field is displayed when the <b>Subnet</b> value is selected from the <b>Set as</b> drop-down list.
Destination IP Address	
Set as	Select the needed value from the drop-down list.
	The destination host start IPv4 or IPv6 address.
Start IPv4 address /	If it is necessary to specify a single address, leave the <b>End IPv4</b> address / End IPv6 address field blank.
Start IPv6 address	You can choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant IPv4 or IPv6 address from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
End IPv4 address / End IPv6 address	The destination host end IPv4 or IPv6 address.
Subnet IPv4 address / Subnet IPv6 address	The destination subnet IPv4 or IPv6 address. The field is displayed when the <b>Subnet</b> value is selected from the <b>Set as</b> drop-down list.
	Ports
Destination port	A port of the destination IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.

Parameter	Description
Set source port manually	Move the switch to the right to specify a port of the source IP address manually. Upon that the <b>Source port</b> field is displayed.
Source port	A port of the source IP address. You can specify one port, several ports separated by a comma, or a range of ports separated by a colon.

#### Click the **APPLY** button.

To edit a rule for IP filtering, select the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a rule, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line of the table and click

the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\square}$ ). Also you can remove a rule on the editing page.

# **Virtual Servers**

On the **Firewall / Virtual Servers** page, you can create virtual servers for redirecting incoming Internet traffic to a specified IP address in the local area network.

IP Filter	Virtual Servers	
	(+)	
	Virtual Servers	
	No virtual server exists	
	ADD	

Figure 176. The Firewall / Virtual Servers page.

To create a new virtual server, click the **ADD** button (+).

General Settings	Private Network Settings
Name*	Private IP*
Template Custom	✓ Private port (start)*
Interface <all></all>	<ul> <li>Private port (end)</li> </ul>
Protocol TCP	•
FUDIIC INELWORK SELLINGS	
Remote IP	The following ports are used in remote access settings and other rules for virtual servers: "8999" You cannot use them for the current rule.
Remote IP	The following ports are used in remote access settings and other rules for virtual servers: "8999" You cannot use them for the current rule.
Remote IP Remote IP Public port (start)*	The following ports are used in remote access settings and other rules for virtual servers: "8999" You cannot use them for the current rule.
Public Network Settings Remote IP Al Public port (start)* Public port (end)	The following ports are used in remote access settings and other rules for virtual servers: "8999" You cannot use them for the current rule.

Figure 177. The page for adding a virtual server.

You can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description		
General Settings			
Name	A name for the virtual server for easier identification. You can specify any name.		
Template	Select a virtual server template from the drop-down list, or select <b>Custom</b> to specify all parameters of the new virtual server manually.		
Interface	A WAN connection to which this virtual server will be assigned.		
Protocol	A protocol that will be used by the new virtual server. Select a value from the drop-down list.		

Parameter	Description		
NAT Loopback	Move the switch to the right in order to let the users of the router's LAN access the local server using the external IP address of the router or its DDNS name (if a DDNS service is configured). Users from the external network access the router using the same address (or DDNS name).		
Public Network Settings			
Remote IP	<ul> <li>Enter the IP address of the server from the external network.</li> <li>To add one more IP address, click the ADD REMOTE IP button and enter the address in the displayed line.</li> <li>To remove the IP address, click the Delete icon (*) in the line of the address.</li> </ul>		
Public port (begin)/ Public port (end)	A port of the router from which traffic is directed to the IP address specified in the <b>Private IP</b> field in the <b>Private Network Settings</b> section. Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the <b>Public port</b> (begin) field and leave the <b>Public port (end)</b> field blank.		
Private Network Settings			
Private IP	The IP address of the server from the local area network. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).		
Private port (start)/ Private port (end)	A port of the IP address specified in the <b>Private IP</b> field to which traffic is directed from the <b>Public port</b> . Specify the start and the end value for the port range. If you need to specify one port, enter the needed value in the <b>Private port (start)</b> field and leave the <b>Private port (end)</b> field blank.		

Click the **APPLY** button.

To edit the parameters of an existing server, select the relevant line in the table. On the opened page, change the needed parameters and click the **APPLY** button.

To remove a server, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line of the table and click

the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Also you can remove a server on the editing page.

### DMZ

A DMZ is a host or network segment located "between" internal (local) and external (global) networks. In the router, the DMZ implements the capability to transfer a request coming to a port of the router from the external network to a specified host of the internal network.

On the Firewall / DMZ page, you can specify the IP address of the DMZ host.

🗶 Конфигурация	DMZ	2
~ .		
Включить Включить NAT Loopback		
IP-annec	Α	
ПРИМЕНИТЬ		

Figure 178. The Firewall / DMZ page.

To enable the DMZ, move the **Enable** switch to the right.

Enter the IP address of a host from your network in the **IP address** field. To choose a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment, select the relevant value from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).

Move the **Enable NAT Loopback** switch to the right in order to let the users of the router's LAN access the DMZ host using the external IP address of the router or its DDNS name (if a DDNS service is configured). Users from the external network access the router using the same address (or DDNS name).

#### Click the **APPLY** button.

Note that when the DMZ is enabled, all traffic coming to a port of the WAN interface of the router is directed to the same port of the specified IP address. Also note that virtual servers have higher priority than the DMZ host. In other words, if there has been created a virtual server that directs traffic from external port 80 to a port of the device from the router's local network, then entering http://router\_WAN\_IP in the address bar, users of the external network are directed to the specified port and IP address configured for the virtual server, but not to port 80 of the device with the IP address specified on the Firewall / DMZ page.

To disable the DMZ, move the **Enable** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

## **MAC Filter**

On the **Firewall / MAC Filter** page, you can configure MAC-address-based filtering for computers of the router's LAN.

<	DMZ	MAC Filter	
	Default mode		
	Allow	<b>•</b>	
	List of exceptions		+
	No rules created for MAC filter		

Figure 179. The Firewall / MAC Filter page.

Select the needed action from the drop-down list in the **Default mode** section to configure filtering for all devices of the router's network:

- **Allow**: Allows access to the router's network and to the Internet for devices (the value is specified by default);
- **Deny**: Blocks access to the router's network for devices.

You can use the **Deny** mode only if an active rule which allows access to the device's network is created on the page.

To create a rule (specify a MAC address of a device for which the specified filtering mode will be applied), click the **ADD** button (+).

Add Rule	×
Enable rule	
Allow	•
MAC address*	
Hostname	
	SAVE

Figure 180. The window for adding a rule for the MAC filter.

Parameter	Description
Enable rule	Move the switch to the right to enable the rule. Move the switch to the left to disable the rule.
Action	<ul> <li>Select an action for the rule.</li> <li>Deny: Blocks access to the Internet for the device with the specified MAC address even if the default mode allows access for all devices.</li> <li>Allow: Allows access to the router's network and to the Internet for the device with the specified MAC address even if the default mode denies access for all devices.</li> </ul>
MAC address	The MAC address of a device from the router's LAN. You can enter the MAC address of a device connected to the router's LAN at the moment. To do this, select the relevant device from the drop-down list (the field will be filled in automatically).
Hostname	The name of the device for easier identification. You can specify any name.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit a rule, select the relevant line in the table. In the opened window, change the needed parameters and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a rule, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant line of the table and click the **DELETE** button ( $\boxed{10}$ ). Also you can remove a rule in the editing window.

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### **URL** Filter

On the Firewall / URL Filter page, you can specify restrictions on access to certain web sites.

Configuration	URL Filter
URL Filter You can specify restrictions on access to certain web sites.	
General Settings	Filters
Enable Type Block listed URLs	<ul> <li>You can add, edit and delete addresses here.</li> <li>For example, to add the web site dlink.ru, you can enter "dlink.ru" or "www.dlink.ru" in the input field.</li> <li>The URL filter blocks HTTP traffic. In order to block traffic transmitted over other protocols, please use IP filters (go to the page Firewall/IP Filter)</li> </ul>
	ADD

Figure 181. The Firewall / URL Filter page.

To enable the URL filter, in the **General Settings** section, move the **Enable** switch to the right, then select the needed mode from the **Type** drop-down list:

- **Block listed URLs**: when this value is selected, the router blocks access to all addresses specified in the **Filters** section;
- **Block all URLs except listed**: when this value is selected, the router allows access to addresses specified in the **Filters** section and blocks access to all other web sites.

Click the **APPLY** button.

To specify URL addresses to which the selected filtering mode will be applied, in the **Filters** section, click the **ADD** button and enter a relevant address in the displayed line. Then click the **APPLY** button.

To remove an address from the list of URL addresses, click the **Delete** icon  $(\times)$  in the line of the relevant URL address. Then click the **APPLY** button.

# System

In this menu you can do the following:

- change the password used to access the router's settings
- restore the factory default settings
- create a backup of the router's configuration
- restore the router's configuration from a previously saved file
- save the current settings to the non-volatile memory
- reboot the router
- change the web-based interface language
- update the firmware of the router
- configure automatic notification on new firmware version
- view the system log; configure sending the system log to a remote host
- check availability of a host on the Internet through the web-based interface of the router
- trace the route to a host
- allow or forbid access to the router via TELNET
- configure automatic synchronization of the system time or manually configure the date and time for the router.

# Configuration

On the **System / Configuration** page, you can change the password for the administrator account used to access the web-based interface of the router and to access the device settings via TELNET, restore the factory defaults, backup the current configuration, restore the router's configuration from a previously created file, save the changed settings to the non-volatile memory, reboot the device, or change the web-based interface language.

Contract	Configuration	
User	Reset factory default settings	
Login admin	Backup Save current configuration to a file	
New password	Restore Load previously saved configuration to the device	
Password should be between 1 and 31 ASCII characters	Save Save current settings	
Password confirmation	Reboot Reboot device	
SAVE	Idle time (in minutes)* 5	
Language English -		

Figure 182. The System / Configuration page.

In order to change the password for the administrator account, in the **User** section, enter a new password in the **New password** and **Password confirmation** fields. Use digits, Latin letters (uppercase and/or lowercase), and other characters available in the US keyboard layout.<sup>12</sup> Click the **Show** icon ( $\bigotimes$ ) to display the entered values. Then click the **SAVE** button.

Remember or write down the new password for the administrator account. In case of losing the new password, you can access the settings of the router only after restoring the factory default settings via the hardware **RESET** button. This procedure wipes out all settings that

you have configured for your router.

To change the web-based interface language, select the needed value from the **Language** dropdown list.

<sup>12 0-9,</sup> A-Z, a-z, space, !"#\$%&'()\*+,-./:;<=>?@[\]^\_`{|}~.

The following buttons are also available on the page:

Control	Description
Factory	Click the button to restore the factory default settings. Also you can restore the factory defaults via the hardware <b>RESET</b> button (see the <i>Left Side Panel</i> section, page 16).
Backup	Click the button to save the configuration (all settings of the router) to your PC. The configuration backup will be stored in the download location of your web browser.
Restore	Click the button and follow the dialog box appeared to select a previously saved configuration file (all settings of the router) located on your PC and upload it.
Save	Click the button to save settings to the non-volatile memory. The router saves changed settings automatically. If changed settings have not been saved automatically, a notification is displayed in the top right part of the page.
Reboot	Click the button to reboot the device. All unsaved changes will be lost after the device's reboot.

In the **Idle time** field specify a period of inactivity (in minutes) after which the router completes the session of the interface. By default, the value **5** is specified. Then click the **SAVE** button.

## **Firmware Update**

On the **System / Firmware Update** page, you can update the firmware of the router and configure the automatic check for updates of the router's firmware.

Update the firmware only when the router is connected to your PC via a wired connection.

Configuration	Firmware Update	
Local Update ① Current firmware version: 3.0.1 CHOOSE FILE File is not selected UPDATE FIRMWARE	Remote Update         Remote server URL         fwupdate.dlink.ru            • Check for updates automatically            • Firmware update file is absent on remote server         CHECK FOR UPDATES            APPLY SETTINGS	

Figure 183. The System / Firmware Update page.

The current version of the router's firmware is displayed in the **Current firmware version** field.

By default, the automatic check for the router's firmware updates is enabled. If a firmware update is available, a notification will be displayed in the top right corner of the page.

To disable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote Update** section, move the **Check for updates automatically** switch to the left and click the **APPLY SETTINGS** button.

To enable the automatic check for firmware updates, in the **Remote Update** section, move the **Check for updates automatically** switch to the right and click the **APPLY SETTINGS** button. By default, in the **Remote server URL** field, the D-Link update server address (**fwupdate.dlink.ru**) is specified.

You can update the firmware of the router locally (from the hard drive of your PC) or remotely (from the update server).

### Local Update



Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware update is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router locally, follow the next steps:

- 1. Download a new version of the firmware from <u>www.dlink.ru</u>.
- 2. Click the CHOOSE FILE button in the Local Update section on the System / Firmware Update page to locate the new firmware file.
- 3. Click the **UPDATE FIRMWARE** button.
- 4. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
- 5. Log into the web-based interface using the login (admin) and the current password.

If after updating the firmware the router doesn't work correctly, please restore the factory default settings. To do this, click the **Factory** button on the **System / Configuration** page. Wait until the router is rebooted.

### Remote Update



Attention! Do not turn off the router before the firmware update is completed. This may cause the device breakdown.

To update the firmware of the router remotely, follow the next steps:

- 1. On the **System / Firmware Update** page, in the **Remote Update** section, click the **CHECK FOR UPDATES** button to check if a newer firmware version exists.
- 2. Click the **UPDATE FIRMWARE** button (the button is displayed if a newer version of the firmware is available).
- 3. Wait until the router is rebooted (about one and a half or two minutes).
- 4. Log into the web-based interface using the login (admin) and the current password.

If after updating the firmware the router doesn't work correctly, please restore the factory default settings. To do this, click the **Factory** button on the **System / Configuration** page. Wait until the router is rebooted.

## Log

On the **System / Log** page, you can set the system log options and configure sending the system log to a remote host.

✔ Firmware Update	og 🖸
Log	Settings
Vou can set the system log options	
Type Remote and local	Level Informational messages -
Server*	Port* 514
Record to USB You can configure sending the system log to a USB storage connected to the router	USB Storage Transcend 8GB UNMOUNT UNMOUNT Unmount the USB storage device before removing
Save log to a USB storage Path* /usb1_1 Q	File name (without extension)*
The maximum size of one file (in kilobytes)* O	Number of files to keep
info_rotate_size     AP	PLY

Figure 184. The System / Log page. The Settings tab.

To enable logging of the system events, go to the **Settings** tab and move the **Enable** switch to the right. Then specify the needed parameters.

Parameter	Description		
Logging			
Туре	<ul> <li>Select a type of logging from the drop-down list.</li> <li>Local: the system log is stored in the router's memory. When this value is selected, the Server and Port fields are not displayed.</li> <li>Remote: the system log is sent to the remote host specified in the Server field.</li> </ul>		
	• <b>Remote and local</b> : the system log is stored in the router's memory and sent to the remote host specified in the <b>Server</b> field.		
Level	Select a type of messages and alerts/notifications to be logged.		
Server	The IP or URL address of the host from the local or global network, to which the system log will be sent.		
Port	A port of the host specified in the <b>Server</b> field. By default, the value <b>514</b> is specified.		
	Record to USB		
USB Storage	If a USB storage is connected to the router, its name is displayed in the field.		
Save log to a USB storage	Move the switch to the right so that the device could send the system log to the USB storage connected to it. Upon that the <b>Path</b> , <b>The</b> <b>maximum size of one file</b> , <b>File name</b> , and <b>Number of files</b> <b>to keep</b> fields are displayed.		
Path	Click the <b>Search</b> icon ( $\mathbf{Q}$ ) located to the right of the field in order to locate the folder where system log files will be stored.		
The maximum size of one file	The maximum size (in kilobytes) of one system log file.		
File name	A name for system log files.		
Number of files to keep	The maximum number of files allowed to be recorded on the USB storage. When this number is exceeded, the file containing the oldest data will be deleted. The field is available for editing if the value specified in the <b>The maximum size of one file</b> field is greater than zero.		

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To disable logging of the system events, move the **Enable** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

To view the system log, go to the **Log** tab.

Configuration	Log		
Log	S	ettings	
		REFRESH	EXPORT

Figure 185. The System / Log page. The Log tab.

To view the latest system events, click the **REFRESH** button.

To save the system log to your PC, click the **EXPORT** button. The file will be stored in the download location of your web browser.

# Ping

On the **System / Ping** page, you can check availability of a host from the local or global network via the Ping utility.

The Ping utility sends echo requests to a specified host and receives echo replies.

< Log	Ping	
Host*	Count of packets* 3 IPv6 MORE SETTINGS	
	START CLEAR	

Figure 186. The System / Ping page.

To check availability of a host, enter the IP address or name of this host in the **Host** field and specify a number of requests that will be sent in order to check its availability in the **Count of packets** field. If availability check should be performed with IPv6, move the **IPv6** switch to the right.

To specify additional settings, click the **MORE SETTINGS** button.

	×
Packet size (in bytes)*	
56	
(i) Specifies the number of data bytes to be sent.	
Time to wait for a response (in seconds)*	
3	

Figure 187. The **System / Ping** page. The additional settings window.

In the opened window, in the **Packet size** field, specify the volume of data sent in a request. In the **Time to wait for a response** field, specify the response waiting period in seconds. To restore the default field values, click the **DEFAULT SETTINGS** button.

After specifying the additional parameters, click the **OK** button.

To run the check, click the **START** button. After a while, the results will be displayed on the page.

To remove the check result from the page, click the **CLEAR** button.

## Traceroute

On the **System / Traceroute** page, you can determine the route of data transfer to a host via the traceroute utility.

< Ping	Traceroute	
Host*	IPv6 MORE SETTINGS	
	START CLEAR	

Figure 188. The System / Traceroute page.

To determine the route, enter the name or IP address of a host in the **Host** field. If the route should be determined using IPv6, move the **IPv6** switch to the right.

To specify additional settings, click the **MORE SETTINGS** button.

(i) 7/	e maximui	n numbi	er of hops		
Numbe	er of probe	s <b>*</b>			
2	. or probe				
0 -					
0 7	e number	of probe	packets to a	hop	
Wait ti	ne (in seco	nds)*			
3					

Figure 189. The System / Traceroute page. The additional settings window.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
Maximum TTL value	Specify the TTL ( <i>Time to live</i> ) parameter value. The default value is <b>30</b> .
Number of probes	The number of attempts to hit an intermediate host.
Wait time	A period of waiting for an intermediate host response.

To restore the default field values, click the **DEFAULT SETTINGS** button.

After specifying the additional parameters, click the **OK** button.

To run the check, click the **START** button. After a while, the results will be displayed on the page.

To remove the check result from the page, click the **CLEAR** button.
### Telnet

On the **System / Telnet** page, you can enable or disable access to the device settings via TELNET from your LAN. By default, access is disabled.

Traceroute	Telnet	
Enable Telnet		
Port* 23		
APPLY		

Figure 190. The System / Telnet page.

To enable access via TELNET, move the **Enable Telnet** switch to the right. In the **Port** field, enter the number of the router's port through which access will be allowed (by default, the port **23** is specified). Then click the **APPLY** button.

To disable access via TELNET again, move the **Enable Telnet** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

### System Time

On the **System / System Time** page, you can manually set the time and date of the router or configure automatic synchronization of the system time with a time server on the Internet.

< Telnet	Syster	n Time E	3
System time You can set up automatic synchronization the s	system time with a time s	server on the Internet.	
Enable NTP		NTP Settings	
System date:	25.10.2018	Daylight saving time	
System time:	14:23	Get NTP server addresses using DHCP Run as a server for the local network	
NTP Servers			
pool.ntp.org	×	Change time zone	
	ADD SERVER	GMT+03:00 Baghdad Kuwait, Riyadh Moscow, St. Petersburg, Volgograd Nairobi Tehran Bahrain, Turkey, Iraq, Iran, Qatar, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia	
APPLY DETERMINE TIMEZONE			

Figure 191. The System / System Time page.

To set the system time manually, follow the next steps:

- 1. Move the **Enable NTP** switch to the left.
- 2. In the **Time Settings** section, specify needed values. To specify the time set up your PC or portable device, click the **SET LOCAL TIME** button.
- 3. Click the **APPLY** button. The **System date** and **System time** fields will be filled in automatically.

To enable automatic synchronization with a time server, follow the next steps:

- 1. Move the **Enable NTP** switch to the right.
- 2. Specify the needed NTP server or leave the value specified by default in the **NTP Servers** section. If you need to specify several servers, click the **ADD SERVER** button.
- 3. Select your time zone from the **Timezone** drop-down list in the **NTP Settings** section. To set the time zone in accordance with the settings of your operating system or portable device, click the **DETERMINE TIMEZONE** button.
- 4. Click the **APPLY** button. The **System date** and **System time** fields will be filled in automatically.

To enable automatic adjustment for daylight saving time of the router, move the **Daylight saving time** switch to the right in the **NTP Settings** section and click the **APPLY** button.

In some cases NTP servers addresses are provided by your ISP. In this case, you need to move the **Get NTP server addresses using DHCP** switch in the **NTP Settings** section to the right and click the **APPLY** button. Contact your ISP to clarify if this setting needs to be enabled. If the **Get NTP server addresses using DHCP** switch is moved to the right, the **NTP Servers** section is not displayed.

To allow connected devices to use the IP address of the router in the local subnet as a time server, move the **Run as a server for the local network** switch to the right and click the **APPLY** button.



When the router is powered off or rebooted, the system time is reset to the default value. If you have set automatic synchronization for the system time, the internal clock of the device will be configured after connecting to the Internet. If you have set the system time manually, you need to set the time and date again (see above).

## Yandex.DNS

This menu is designed to configure the Yandex.DNS service.

Yandex.DNS is a web content filtering service which provides the DNS server, protects a computer against malicious web sites, and blocks access to adult web sites.

### Settings

On the **Yandex.DNS / Settings** page, you can enable the Yandex.DNS service and configure its operating mode.

System Time	Settings	
<b>Y</b> andex	Yandex.DNS Fast DNS service from Yandex with additional security features. About Yandex.DNS	
Enable		
Default Mode	onnected in the selected mode	
<ul> <li>Protection off</li> <li>Safe</li> </ul>		
O Child		
For the devices in the sa computers.	ife mode, there will be blocked websites which try to steal your passwords, e.g., for social networks, and websites which can infect your	
For the devices in the ch	vild mode, there also will be blocked websites containing adult media. It is recommended to enable this mode for devices used by childre	ın.
	APPLY	

Figure 192. The Yandex.DNS / Settings page.

To get detailed information on the service, click the **About Yandex.DNS** link.

To enable the Yandex.DNS service, move the **Enable** switch to the right.

When the service is enabled, the **Default Mode** section is displayed on the page. Select the needed choice of the radio button to configure filtering for all devices of the router's network:

- **Protection off**: when this value is selected, the service provides the DNS server with no restrictions on access to unsafe web sites;
- **Safe**: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites;
- **Child**: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites and blocks access to adult content.

Also the selected filtering mode will be applied to all devices newly connected to the router's network.

After specifying all needed parameters, click the **APPLY** button.

To disable the Yandex.DNS service, move the **Enable** switch to the left and click the **APPLY** button.

#### **Devices and Rules**

On the **Yandex.DNS / Devices and Rules** page, you can specify a filtering mode for each device separately.

<b>〈</b> Configuration	Devices and Ru	ıles			
Known Clients					
IP address	MAC address	Name	Rule		
fd01::213:46ff:fe62:2f4c fe80::213:46ff:fe62:2f4c 192.168.0.2	00:13:46:62:2F:4C	-	Default (Safe) 🛛		
Rules				+	
IP address	MAC address	Name	Mode		

Figure 193. The Yandex.DNS / Devices and Rules page.

In the **Known Clients** section, the devices connected to the local network of the router at the moment and their relevant filtering mode are displayed.

To create<sup>13</sup> a new filtering rule for a device, click the **ADD** button (+) in the **Rules** section, or left-click the name of the filtering mode in the line of the device for which a rule should be created in the **Known Clients** section.

<sup>13</sup> When a new rule for filtering is created, a MAC address and IP address pair is displayed on the **Connections Setup / LAN** page. The created pair will be deleted with the relevant rule.

Create Rule	×
MAC address*	
IP address*	
	ADD
Name	
O Protection off	
Safe	
O Child	
	SAVE

Figure 194. Adding a new rule for the Yandex.DNS service.

In the opened window, you can specify the following parameters:

Parameter	Description
MAC address	The MAC address of a device from the router's LAN.
IP address	The IP address of a device from the router's LAN. To assign several fixed IP addresses to a device with a certain MAC address, click the <b>ADD</b> button, and in the line displayed, enter an IP address. A device of your LAN can have one IPv4 address and several IPv6 addresses. To remove the IP address, click the <b>Delete</b> icon ( <b>*</b> ) in the line of
	the address.
Name	Enter a name for the rule for easier identification. Optional.
Mode	<ul> <li>Select an operating mode of the Yandex.DNS service for this rule.</li> <li>Protection off: when this value is selected, the service provides the DNS server with no restrictions on access to unsafe web sites.</li> <li>Safe: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites.</li> <li>Child: when this value is selected, the service blocks access to malicious and fraudulent web sites and blocks access to adult content.</li> </ul>

After specifying the needed parameters, click the **SAVE** button.

To edit a rule for filtering, select a relevant line of the table, in the opened window, change the needed values and click the **SAVE** button.

To remove a rule for filtering, select the checkbox located to the left of the relevant rule and click

the **DELETE** button ( $\overline{\square}$ ). Also you can remove a rule in the editing window.

After completing the work with rules, click the **APPLY** button.

# CHAPTER 5. OPERATION GUIDELINES

## Safety Rules and Conditions

Please carefully read this section before installation and connection of the device. Make sure that the power adapter and cables are not damaged. The device should be used only as intended in accordance with the documents.

The device is intended for use in dry, clean, dust-free, and well ventilated areas with normal humidity away from strong heat sources. Do not use the device outdoors or in the areas with high humidity. Do not place foreign objects on the device. Do not obstruct the ventilation openings of the device. The environmental temperature near the device and the temperature inside the device's cover should be within the range from 0 °C to +40 °C.

Only use the power adapter supplied with the device. Do not plug in the adapter, if its case or cable are damaged. Plug the adapter only into working electrical outlets with parameters indicated on the adapter.

Do not open the cover of the device! Unplug the device before dusting and cleaning. Use a damp cloth to clean the device. Do not use liquid/aerosol cleaners or magnetic/static cleaning devices. Prevent moisture getting into the device or the power adapter.

The service life of the device is 2 years.

## Wireless Installation Considerations

The DWR-980 device lets you access your network using a wireless connection from virtually anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind, however, that the number, thickness and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through, may limit the range. Typical ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF noise in your home or office. To maximize your wireless range, follow the guidelines below.

- 1. Keep the number of walls and ceilings between the DWR-980 device and other network devices to a minimum each wall or ceiling can reduce your wireless network range by 3-90 feet (1-30 meters).
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. Place your devices so that the signal travels straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Building materials make a difference. A solid metal door or aluminum studs may have a negative effect on your wireless range. Try to position your router, access points, and computers so that the signal passes through drywalls or open doorways. Materials and objects such as glass, steel, metal, walls with insulation, water (fish tanks), mirrors, file cabinets, brick, and concrete will degrade your wireless signal.
- 4. Keep your router away (at least 3-6 feet or 1-2 meters) from electrical devices or appliances that generate RF noise.
- 5. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones or X-10 equipment (wireless devices such as ceiling fans, lights, and home security systems), your wireless connection may degrade dramatically or drop completely. Make sure your 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless devices as possible. Note, that the base transmits a signal even if the phone in not in use.

# CHAPTER 6. ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

3G	Third Generation
AC	Access Category
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
BSSID	Basic Service Set Identifier
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name System
DDoS	Distributed Denial of Service
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
DTIM	Delivery Traffic Indication Message
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
IGD	Internet Gateway Device
IGD IGMP	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol
IGD IGMP IMEI	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP L2TP	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP L2TP LAN	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Local Area Network
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP L2TP LAN LCP	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Local Area Network Link Control Protocol
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP L2TP LAN LCP LTE	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Local Area Network Link Control Protocol Long Term Evolution
IGD IGMP IMEI IMSI IP IPsec ISP L2TP LAN LCP LTE MAC	Internet Gateway Device Internet Group Management Protocol International Mobile Equipment Identity International Mobile Subscriber Identity Internet Protocol Internet Protocol Security Internet Service Provider Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Local Area Network Link Control Protocol Long Term Evolution Media Access Control

NAT	Network Address Translation
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing
PBC	Push Button Configuration
PIN	Personal Identification Number
PPPoE	Point-to-point protocol over Ethernet
РРТР	Point-to-point tunneling protocol
PSK	Pre-shared key
PUK	PIN Unlock Key
QoS	Quality of Service
RADIUS	Remote Authentication in Dial-In User Service
RIP	Routing Information Protocol
RTS	Request To Send
RTSP	Real Time Streaming Protocol
SIP	Session Initiation Protocol
SIM	Subscriber Identification Module
SMB	Server Message Block
SSID	Service Set Identifier
ТКІР	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UPnP	Universal Plug and Play
URL	Uniform Resource Locator
USB	Universal Serial Bus
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WAN	Wide Area Network
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
Wi-Fi	Wireless Fidelity

WLAN	Wireless Local Area Network
WMM	Wi-Fi Multimedia
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access
WPS	Wi-Fi Protected Setup